# Formal Theory

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"Formal Theory"

What is "Formal Theory"?

Formal as in ..."Theory, that is not useful for any actual physics"?

Theory, which develops a fundamental understanding of Quantum Field Theory and Quantum Gravity, consolidating insights from various areas of theoretical physics and mathematics.

Disclaimer: Often this requires studying idealized systems, that are simpler than real world setups. But we will see many avenues to connect to the latter.

# "Formal Theory"

A (biased<sup>a</sup>) selection of topics with exciting, recent progress:

- 0. Scattering Amplitudes: QFT, Strings, Gravity
   ⇒ Formal Parallel Session at ICHEP organized by Jusinskas, Trnka, Volovich.
- 1. Quantum Gravity constraints on IR physics
- 2. Holography:
  - (a) AdS/CFT precision holography
  - (b) Quantum Information and Quantum Gravity
  - (c) Flat-Space holography: Celestial and Carollian holography
- 3. Generalized symmetries: Non-invertible symmetries

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>25 mins to cover hep-th: 2023 totals: 3834 articles + 3452 cross-lists

0. Scattering Amplitudes

## Scattering Amplitudes: From Formal to Precision Physics

Amplitudes are of direct relevance for current **Collider Physics**: LHC requires % precision predictions: **QCD+ EW**, higher loops and legs.



Current status of amplitudes in QCD:  $2 \rightarrow 2 @ 3L, 2 \rightarrow 3 @ 2L$ 

# Formal Session: Amplitudes Talks at ICHEP

Formal theory tools geared towards QCD-like theories (super-YM, etc) that have fed directly into phenomenologically relevant results:

- **BCFW Recursion Relations** and **Unitarity Methods**, Mathematical tools: Drummond, Parisi
- **Amplituhedron**: for *N* = 4 Super-Yang Mills, but very powerful in producing integrands.
- String Amplitudes: quantum gravity, applications to holography Monteiro, Schlotterer, Brown<sup>2</sup>, Klisch, Lipstein
- **Double Copy:** Color-Kinematics Duality when relating gauge to gravity scattering Brandhuber, Carrasco, Chen, Travaglini.
- Surface-ology: Most recent development: promising Loop integrals for (in principle) any colored theory using curves on fat graphs.

1. Quantum Gravity (QG) Constraints on IR Physics



## Traditionally: Top-down

10d string theory  $T_{10}$  compactified to 4d gives EFT, e.g. SM spectrum + X (where X is usually N = 1 susy, exotics)

$$\mathbb{R}^{1,9} \to \mathbb{R}^{1,3} \times M_6$$

Defines at low energies a UV completable EFT ( $\mathcal{T}_{10}, M_6$ ).

## Modern approach: Bottom-up/Swampland Program

Question 1: Given an EFT, can it be embedded into a consistent theory of QG? Question 2: String Universality? Do all QGs come from string theory?

- **Distance conjecture** "infinite distance in parameter space results in infinite tower of states", i.e. breakdown of EFT.
- Weak Gravity "gravity is weakest force"
- No global symmetries "all global symmetries gauged or broken"

Some recent progress on both questions – albeit in theories with so far little pheno relevance.

String universality: Abelian gauge theories with 16 susies

Example: 8d and 9d abelian gauge theories with 16 susies. Find agreement of top down and bottom up and confirms string universality.



[modified from: Montero: Strings 2024 talk]

Similar arguments, with less stringent results thus far for 8 and 4 supersymmetries.

Status: Sharpening theoretical tools.

## What about no susy?

What is the status of string models with **no supersymmetry**? Start in 10d.



<sup>[</sup>from 2310.06895]

There are 3 non-supersymmetric tachyon-free string theories in 10d.

## 10d Non-Supersymmetric Tachyon-Free Strings

$SO(16)^2$ Het (1987)	Sp(16) Sugimoto (1999)	0'B Sagnotti (1995)
$E_8 \times E_8 \operatorname{Het}/(-1)^F$	$IIB + O9^+ + 32 \overline{D9}$	$\operatorname{IIB}/(-1)^F/\Omega$
Heterotic $g, \phi, B$	Closed strings: $\mathcal{N} = 1$ susy	Closed: metric dilaton
No gravitino	Open strings: non-susy	non-susy
$SO(16)^2$ gauge group	Sp(16) gauge group	U(32) gauge group

Recent progress:

- 1. Completeness proven: these are **all** 10d non-susy heterotic theories [Boyle Smith, Lin, Tachikawa ,Zheng, 2023]
- [Basile, Debray, Delgado, Montero, 2023] showed using cobordism theory, all
   local and global anomalies cancel, i.e. not connected to identity:
   Prediction of new extended objects (branes)
- 3. Analysis of moduli stabilization [Sagnoti et al, (2023, 24)]
- 4. New d < 10 non-supersymmetric compactifications [Baykara, Tarazi, Vafa, 2024]

Status: systematic progress exploring non-susy string theories.

# 2. Holography

Why is Holography important? Gauge/gravity and Strong/weak dualities. Provides conceptual and computational window into quantum gravity and strongly-coupled QFTs alike.

2.1. AdS/CFT Precision Holography



Precision (in coupling constants on both sides) lab for quantum gravity and strongly-coupled CFTs alike.

- Conformal group = isometries of AdS.
- Parameters: string coupling  $g_s = \frac{1}{N_c}$  and length  $\frac{R^2}{\alpha'} = \sqrt{\lambda} = \sqrt{g_{YM}^2 N_c}$

- 1. <u>AdS<sub>3</sub>/CFT<sub>2</sub></u>: exact duality proven [Eberhardt, Gaberdiel, Gopakumar] AdS<sub>3</sub> ×  $S^3$  ×  $T^4$  (with 1 unit of NSNS flux) dual to Sym<sup>N</sup>( $T^4$ ) 2d CFT.
- 2.  $AdS_5/CFT_4$ : Example of deriving quantum gravity from QFT: Reconstructing string amplitudes from QFT: Construct string amplitudes in  $AdS_5 \times S^5$  (HARD). E.g. 4-graviton scattering in  $AdS_5 \times S^5$ :



This is an expansion in string-loops, i.e.  $1/N_c$ . Even tree-level in curved spacetimes in very difficult.

**Tree-level:** Virasoro-Shapiro amplitude has an expansion in  $\alpha'$  or 't Hooft coupling  $1/\sqrt{\lambda}$ 

$$A(S,T) = A^{(0)}(S,T) + \frac{A^{(1)}(S,T)}{\sqrt{\lambda}} + \cdots$$

where the flat space amplitude is

$$A^{(0)}(S,T) = \frac{1}{U^2} \int d^2 z |z|^{-2S-2} |1-z|^{-2T-2} = -\frac{\Gamma(-S)\Gamma(-T)\Gamma(-U)}{\Gamma(S+1)\Gamma(T+1)\Gamma(U+1)}$$

Quantizing the string in  $AdS_5 \times S^5$  is notoriously difficult (RR-fluxes). Usually people leave it at supergravity level.

Using insights from

- conformal bootstrap and localization
- integrability
- number-theory

[Alday, Hansen, Silva] constucted (conjecturally) the subleading terms and wrote them in terms of a world-sheet-type integral with insertions:

$$A_4^{AdS}(S,T) \sim \int d^2 z |z|^{-2S} |1-z|^{-2T} W_0(z,\bar{z}) \left(1 + \frac{S^2}{R^2} W_3(z,\bar{z}) + \frac{S^4}{R^4} W_6(z,\bar{z}) + \cdots\right)$$

 $W_n$ 's are single-valued polylogarithms of weight nNew progress on String Field Theory in backgrounds like  $AdS_5 \times S^5$  should soon be able to test this.

Status: AdS/CFT is now a precision lab for strongly-coupled QFTs and quantum gravity. Not real world holographic duals, but many important lessons learned from these correspondences.

#### 2.2. Quantum Information and Quantum Gravity

#### Lessons:

 Ordinary quantum systems, e.g. spin chains, can have emergent gravitational properties.
 SYK /IT: N Majorana formions in 1+1d with random couplings.

SYK/JT: *N* Majorana fermions in 1+1d with random couplings

$$H_{\text{SYK}} = \sum_{i_1, i_2, \dots, i_q} J_{i_1 i_2 \cdots i_q} \psi_{i_1} \psi_{i_2} \cdots \psi_{i_q}$$

At large *N*, emergent gravity:

 $\Rightarrow \text{Emergent conformal symmetry with } c \approx \frac{N^2}{2}$  $\Rightarrow \text{Entropy is akin to black holes: } S \approx \frac{N^2}{4} \log T.$ 

- 2. Quantum info concepts have become key tools in hep-th:
  - (a) Spacetime emerges from quantum entanglement: ER= EPR, entangled particles are connected by wormholes.
  - (b) Holography: Entanglement entropy = Area (minimal surface)/ $(4G_N)$ .
  - (c) hep-ph/ex applications: measurement of top-quark entanglement



[ATLAS, see Dunford's ICHEP talk]

3. Full quantum gravitational path integral requires sum over all topologies of spacetime. This is well established now in AdS/CFT duality. For the future: relevant for cosmology (inflationary models e.g.).

2.3. Flat Space Holography

**Is there a holographic dual to quantum gravity in flat space?** (or asymptotically flat spacetimes (AFS)).

Two recently developed approaches for gravity in AFS spacetimes:

• Celestial holography:

(d + 2)-dim AFS dual to *d*-dim CFT on celestial sphere at future/past null-infinity  $\mathscr{I}^{\pm}$ "4d gravity is dual to 2d CFT on a celestial sphere  $S^{2}$ "

• Carrollian holography:

(d + 1)-dim AFS dual to *d*-dim Carrollian field theory on  $\mathscr{I}^{\pm}$ 

"4d gravity is dual to a 3d Carrollian<sup>*a*</sup> ( $c \rightarrow 0$ ) field theory at null infinity"





# **Celestial Holography**

- 4d Lorentz group = conformal group on  $S^2 \subset$  null infty  $\mathscr{I} = \mathbb{R} \times S^2$ .
- Symmetries = Bondi-Metzner-Sachs (BMS) symmetries extended to  $w_{1+\infty}$
- Scattering amplitudes in 4d become correlators in 2d celestial CFT (CCFT)!



S-matrix between  $\mathscr{I}^-$  and  $\mathscr{I}^+$  becomes correlator in 2d CCFT:

 $\left\langle p_{n}^{\mathsf{out}} \dots | \mathcal{S} | \dots p_{1}^{\mathsf{in}} \right\rangle \longleftrightarrow \quad \left\langle \mathcal{O}_{\Delta_{1}}^{-} (x_{1}) \dots \mathcal{O}_{\Delta_{n}}^{+} (x_{n}) \right\rangle$ 

# BMS symmetry of CCFT and implies via Ward identities soft graviton theorems

# Gravitational memory effects (permanent displacement of test particles (detectors) due to the passage of gravitational waves), correspond to change of state in CCFT.

Directly related to soft theorems/BMS symmetries.

# Carrollian Holography



d + 1 dimensional AFS gravity dual to *d*dimensional Carrollian field theory living on  $\mathscr{I} \simeq \mathbb{R} \times S^{d-1}$ .

- 1. Carrollian limit  $c \rightarrow 0$  of Poincaré group: lightcones collapse along *t*-axis, so spacetimes events are causally disconnected.
- 2. Symmetries:

BMS algebra is the conformal Carrollian algebra

3. Limit from AdS/CFT:  $c \rightarrow 0$  of relativistic CFTs dual to flat-space local patch of AdS. Many studies of conformal to Carrollian (nonrelativistic) limits. Using AdS results to get flat space results!

Status: Very active area. Many open questions (e.g. what precisely is the CCFT?), great potential to learn about flat space QG, and scattering.

3. Non-Invertible Symmetries

## New Structures: Generalized Symmetries

Symmetries are vital – spectrum, interactions, SSB phases, anomalies, etc. Usually: Symmetries = Groups, acting on point-like operators. There are new symmetries in town: Relax acting on points and form group:

Higher form symmetries: [Gaiotto, Kapustin, Seiberg, Willett]
 Example: Line operators charged under 1-form symmetry ("center symmetry Z<sub>N</sub> of SU(N) gauge group").



**Physics:** Confinement = 1-form symmetry preserving phase.

 Non-invertible symmetries: [Kaidi, Ohmori, Zheng][Choi, Cordova, Hsin, Lam, Shao][Bhardwaj, Bottini, SSN, Tiwari] *a*, *b* ∈ S a non-invertible symmetry, have no inverse and compose as follows:

$$a \cdot b = n_{c_1}c_1 + \dots + n_{c_k}c_k, \qquad c_i \in \mathcal{S}, n_{c_i} \in \mathbb{N}$$

#### Higher-form and Non-invertible symmetries are ubiquitous in 4d QFT!

#### Non-Invertible Symmetries in the Ising CFT

Transverse field **Ising model**:  $\mathcal{H} = (\mathbb{C}^2)^L$  with nearest neighbor Hamiltonian

$$H = -\sum_{j} \sigma_{j}^{z} \sigma_{j+1}^{z} - g \sum_{j} \sigma_{j}^{x}.$$

There is a  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  spin flip symmetry  $\eta = \prod_j \sigma_j^x$ .

- g = 0: two ground states,  $|\uparrow^L\rangle$  and  $|\downarrow^L\rangle$ : "ordered phase"
- $g \gg 1$ : ground state preserves the  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ : "disordered phase"
- g = 1: critical Ising CFT at c = 1/2.



#### **Kramers-Wannier duality** N:

 $\sigma_i^x \to \sigma_j^z \sigma_{j+1}^z$  and  $\sigma_j^z \sigma_{j+1}^z \to \sigma_{j+1}^x$ , corresponds to  $g \to g^{-1}$ . At g = 1: symmetry of the critical Ising CFT, which is non-invertible

 $N^2 = 1 + \eta$ 

#### Non-Invertible Symmetries in d = 4

• 4d Kramers-Wannier duality symmetries: [Kaidi, Ohmori, Zheng][Choi, Cordova, Hsin, Lam, Shao]

 $QFT \cong QFT/D \implies$  non-invertible 0-form symmetry

Gauging charge conjugation [Bhardwaj, Bottini, SSN, Tiwari] Example: O(2) gauge theory as U(1)/Z<sub>2</sub><sup>cc</sup>.
# There is a 1-form symmetry: D<sub>α</sub> := e<sup>iα ∫ \*F</sup>.
# Z<sub>2</sub><sup>cc</sup> : D<sub>α</sub> → D<sub>-α</sub>



#### Example: ABJ Anomaly as a Non-Invertible Symmetry

In 4d QED with massless charge 1 Dirac fermion

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{QED}+\Psi} = \frac{1}{4e^2} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} + i\bar{\Psi} \left(\partial_{\mu} - iA_{\mu}\right) \gamma^{\mu} \Psi$$

the axial current  $j_{\mu} = \frac{1}{2} \bar{\Psi} \gamma_5 \gamma_{\mu} \Psi$  is not conserved due to the ABJ anomaly

$$d \star j = \frac{1}{8\pi^2} F \wedge F$$

Define an operator dressed by 3d Topological QFT that has opposite anomaly

$$\mathcal{N}_{\frac{1}{N}}(M_3) = \int [Da] \exp\left(\int_{M_3} \frac{2\pi i}{N} \star j + \frac{iN}{4\pi} ada + \frac{i}{2\pi} adA\right)$$

It is topological, but satisfies non-invertible fusion

$$\mathcal{N}_{\frac{1}{N}} \times \mathcal{N}_{\frac{1}{N}}^{\dagger} = \mathcal{C} =$$
condensation defect for 1-form symmetry

- [Choi, Lam, Shao][Cordova, Ohmori] application to pion decay
- [Cordova, Hong, Koren, Ohmori] Z' with non-invertible chiral symmetry, gives breaking by exponentially small amount, application to neutrino masses

Status: implications so far mostly known, but promising direction.

Physical Implications of Non-Invertible Symmetries 1.

They map genuine operators to non-genuine, i.e. endpoints of extended (topological) defects, or: order to disorder operators.

**Example: Ising CFT**  $N^2 = 1 + \eta$ 



**Example: Witten effect.** 4d SO(3) SYM has non-invertible symmetry, maps 't Hooft loop to flux attached 't Hooft loop



#### Physical Implications 2.: Modified Crossing Relations

Non-invertible symmetries lead to modified crossing relations for S-matrices! Example: (1+1)d CFTs have non-invertible symmetries  $\mathcal{L}$  e.g. Ising model. Relevant, integrable deformations can preserve some of  $\mathcal{L}$ .  $\Rightarrow$  IR are gapped vacua.  $\mathcal{L}$  constrains S-matrix of kinks through Ward ids:



[Copetti, Lucia Cordova, Komatsu] showed: crossing incompatible with symmetry/integrability/unitarity. Consistency implies modified crossing

$$S_{dc}^{ab}(\theta) = \sqrt{\frac{d_a d_c}{d_b d_d}} S_{ad}^{bc}(i\pi - \theta), \qquad d_a = \langle \mathcal{L}_a \rangle \tag{1}$$

Modified crossing expected in (3+1)d (e.g. massive fermion-dyon scattering). Status: Modified crossing direct implication of non-invertible symmetries. Compelling if in particular extendable to higher dims.

# Physical Implications 3.: Constraining Phases of Matter

Non-invertible Symmetries lead to new IR phases, and new second order Phase Transitions!

#### Landau paradigm:

A continuous (2nd order) phase transition is a symmetry breaking transition.

Gapped Phases: *G* spontaneously broken (SSB) to subgroup *H*. Phase has |G/H| vacua, which are acted upon by the broken symmetry.

## **Beyond Landau:**

*S* be a non-invertible symmetry, then there are new gapped and gapless phases [Bhardwaj, Bottini, Pajer, SSN][Bhardwaj, Pajer, SSN, Warman]

- Determined gapped (topological) phases, order parameters
- Gapless phase transitions between *S*-symmetric gapped phases:

 $\mathcal{S}$  Gapped Phase  $\leftarrow$  CFT  $\rightarrow$   $\mathcal{S}$  Gapped Phase'

⇒ Categorical Landau Paradigm [Bhardwaj, Bottini, Pajer, SSN]

#### Example: New Phases from Non-Invertible Symmetries

 $\operatorname{Rep}(S_3) = \{1, \sigma, E\}$  with  $\sigma^2 = 1, E^2 = 1 \oplus \sigma \oplus E$  [Bhardwaj, Pajer, SSN, Warman]



Confirmed by lattice models and numerics [Bhardwaj, Bottini, SSN, Tiwari][Chatterjee, Aksoy, Wen]

Status: huge number of predictions, currently discussing how to use "quantum experiments" (using cold atoms) to test these.

# Formal Theory – Status Report

Formal Theory is very much alive and well. Many unexpected, new directions and developments.

- ICHEP Formal Theory session: impressive progress on Scattering Amplitudes – string theory (Monteiro, Schlotterer), QFT/holography (Brown<sup>2</sup>, Carrasco, Drummond, Klisch, Lipstein, Parisi), gravitational waves (Brandhuber, Chen, Travaglini), in particular the latter, having direct phenomenological implications.
- **Holography** continues to be a huge source of new approaches to QFT and QG alike: precision results in AdS/CFT, new flat space holography proposals.
- **Generalized (non-invertible) symmetries** in QFTs and spin systems: revolutionarizes classification of phases. Direct (as in collaborative and computational) relevance for cond-mat.
- **Quantum Gravity constraints on EFT**: the swampland/landscape program is making tremendous progress exploring which EFTs are UV completed within QG/string theory.