

# SPARTA: Staging of Plasma Accelerators for Realizing Timely Applications



NorCC workshop 27 Sep 2023 Bergen, Norway (Image of an "active" plasma lens)

### Carl A. Lindstrøm

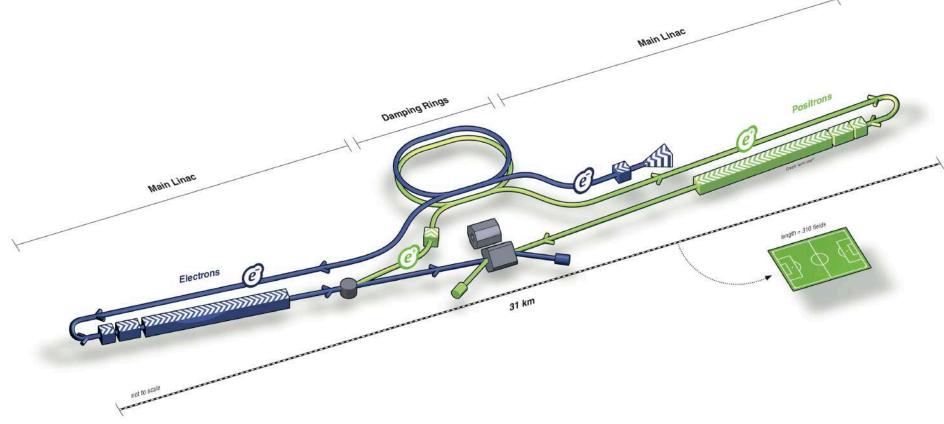
Department of Physics, University of Oslo



### **Problem:** Future high-energy physics = too expensive

- Consensus: build e+-e- collider
- Linear colliders (e.g., ILC) or circular colliders (e.g., FCC)  $\rightarrow \in 10B$  scale

### cost driven by RF accelerating gradient (~100 MV/m)



International Linear Collider



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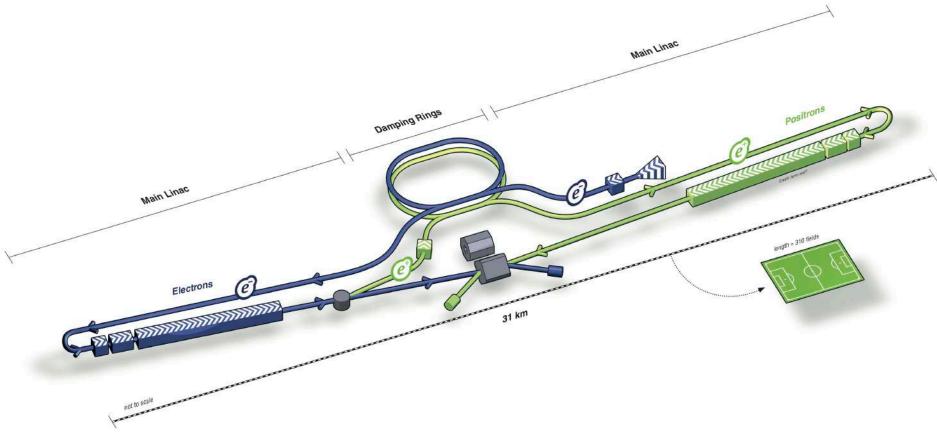
- Consensus: build e+–e<sup>-</sup> collider
- Linear colliders (e.g., ILC) or circular colliders (e.g., FCC)  $\rightarrow \in 10B$  scale
- EU Strategy for Particle Physics 2020<sup>1</sup>:
  - "...intensification of R&D is required."



• e.g. "Development and exploitation of laser/plasma acceleration techniques"

[1] European Strategy for Particle Physics - Accelerator R&D Roadmap (2022)

### cost driven by RF accelerating gradient (~100 MV/m)

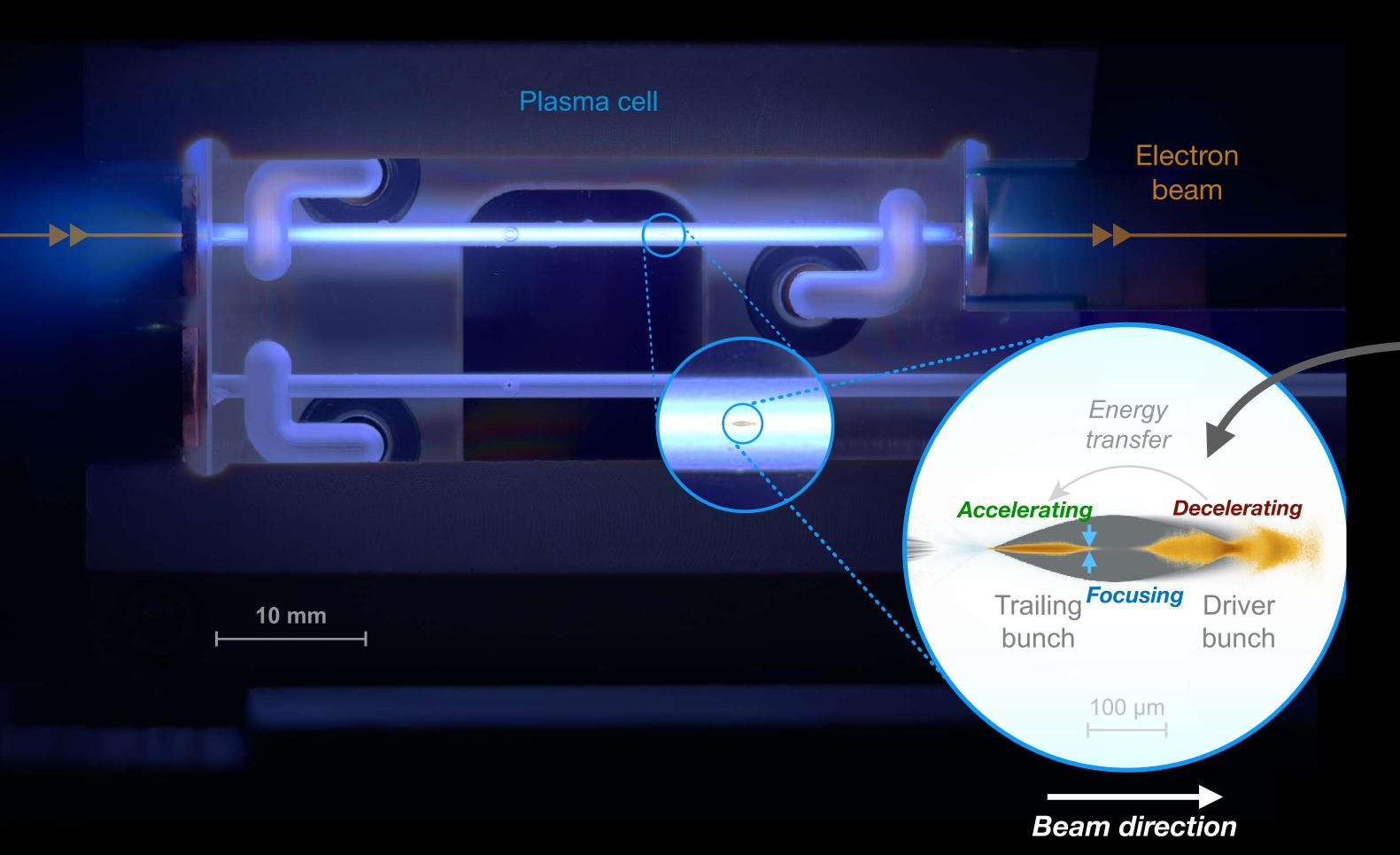


International Linear Collider



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### Solution: Plasma-based particle accelerators Higher gradients (10–1000×, GV/m-scale) $\rightarrow$ shorter/cheaper accelerators



Plasma wakefields: 

> Driven by lasers or particle beams

- Accelerating, focusing
- 10–100 µm-scale (tiny!)





### Solution: Plasma-based particle accelerators Higher gradients (10–1000×, GV/m-scale) $\rightarrow$ shorter/cheaper accelerators

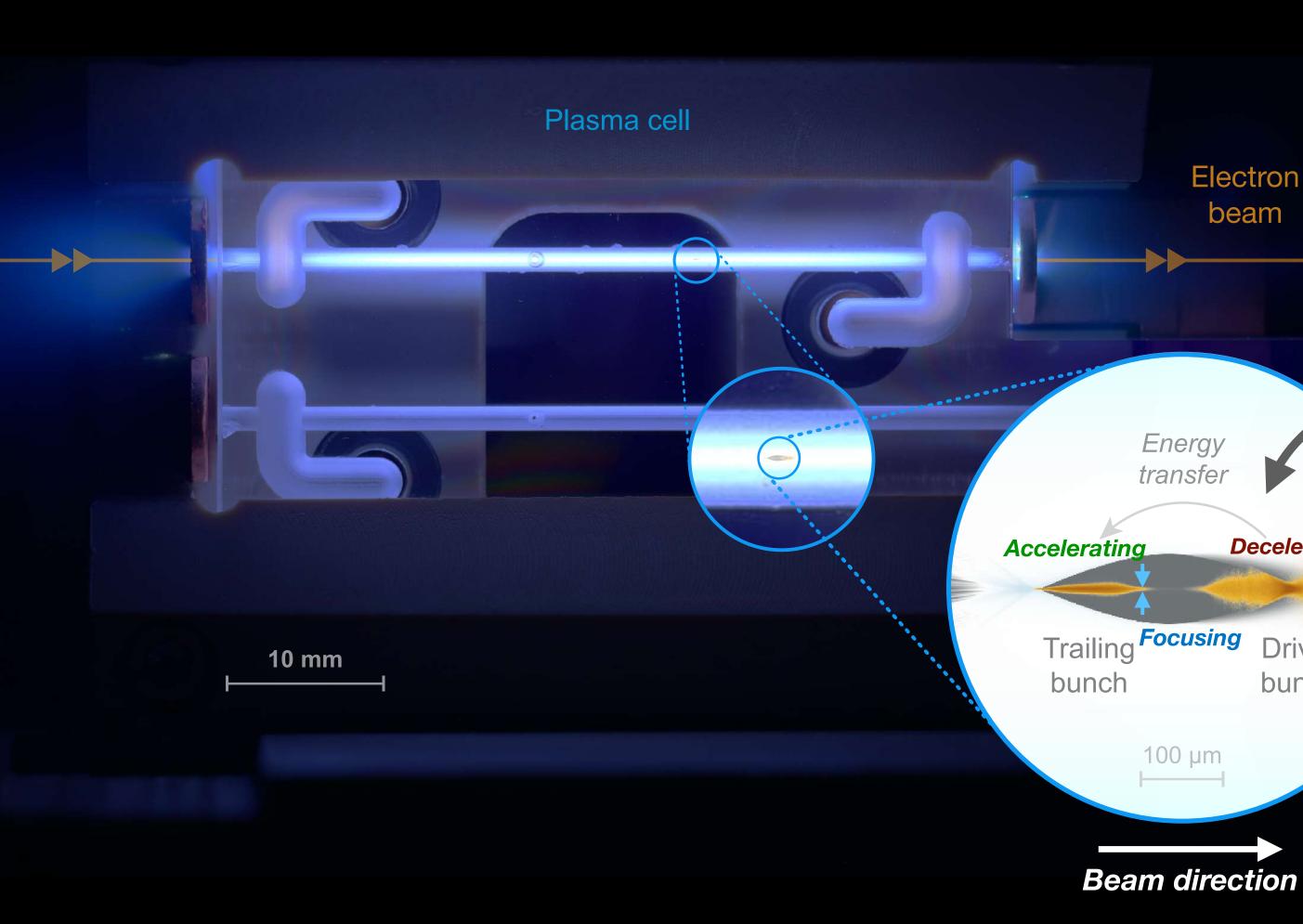
Electron

beam

Decelerating

Driver

bunch



Plasma wakefields: 

- Driven by lasers or particle beams
- Accelerating, focusing
- 10–100 µm-scale (tiny!)
- Recent application: FELs<sup>2,3</sup>
  - Why not HEP?

[2] Wang et al., Nature 595, 516 (2021) [3] Pompili et al., Nature 605, 659 (2022)



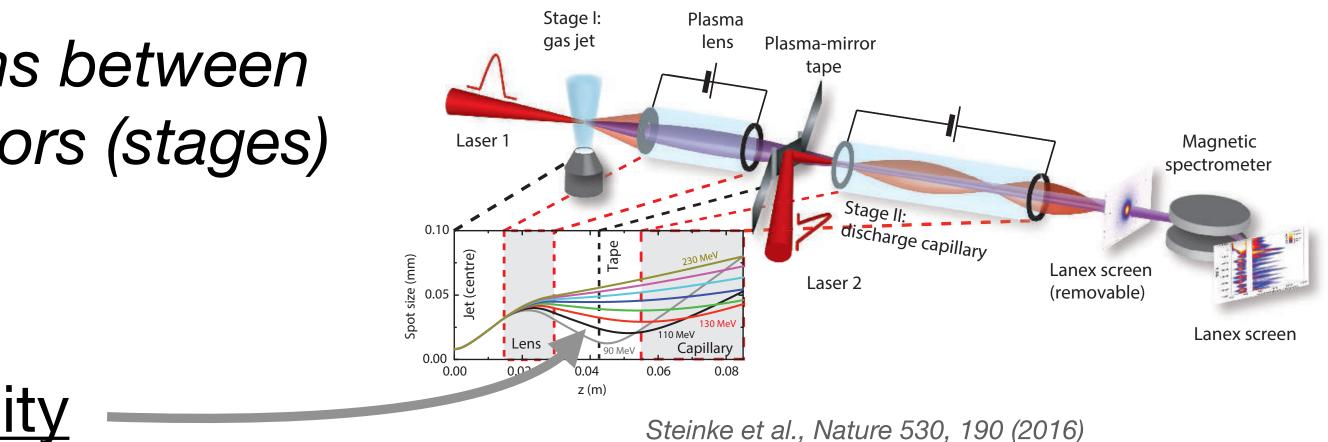




### **Fundamental challenges:** Prompting rethink of plasma accelerators

Staging (high energy unreachable in single stage) and stability

- 1. Staging problem: coupling beams between plasma accelerators (stages)
  - In- and out-coupling of drivers
  - Refocusing beams  $\rightarrow$  <u>chromaticity</u>



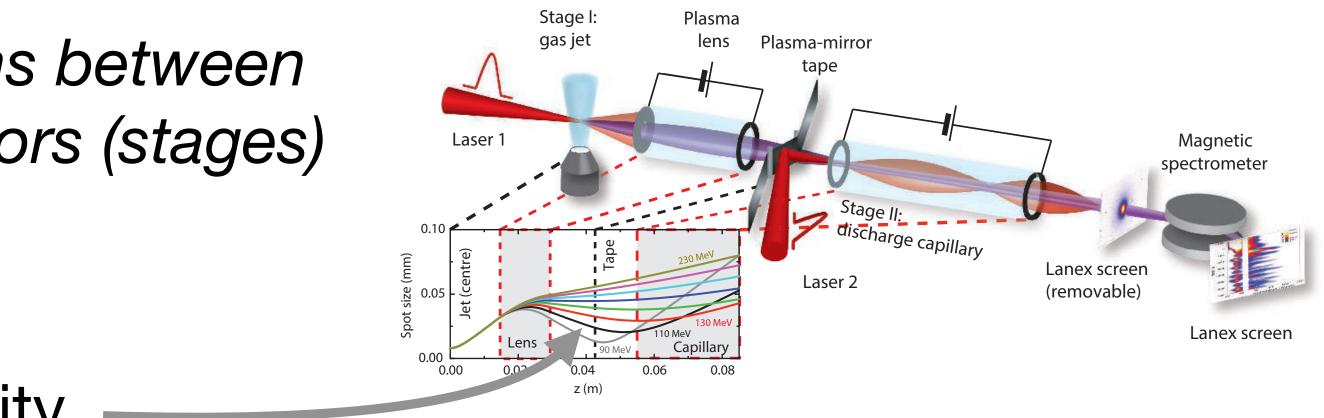




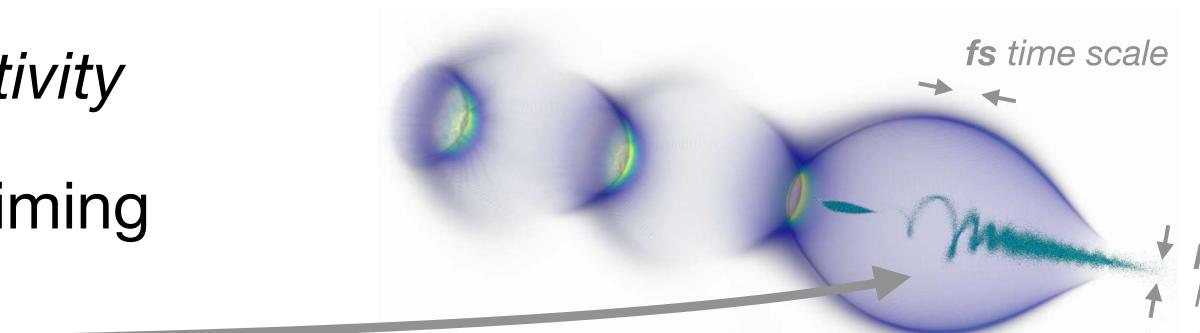
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- **Staging problem**: *coupling beams between* 1. plasma accelerators (stages)
  - In- and out-coupling of drivers
  - Refocusing beams  $\rightarrow$  <u>chromaticity</u>
- 2. Stability problem: extreme sensitivity
  - µm/fs tolerances on alignment/timing
  - Instabilities



### Steinke et al., Nature 530, 190 (2016)



Particle-in-cell (PIC) simulation. Source: VisualPIC



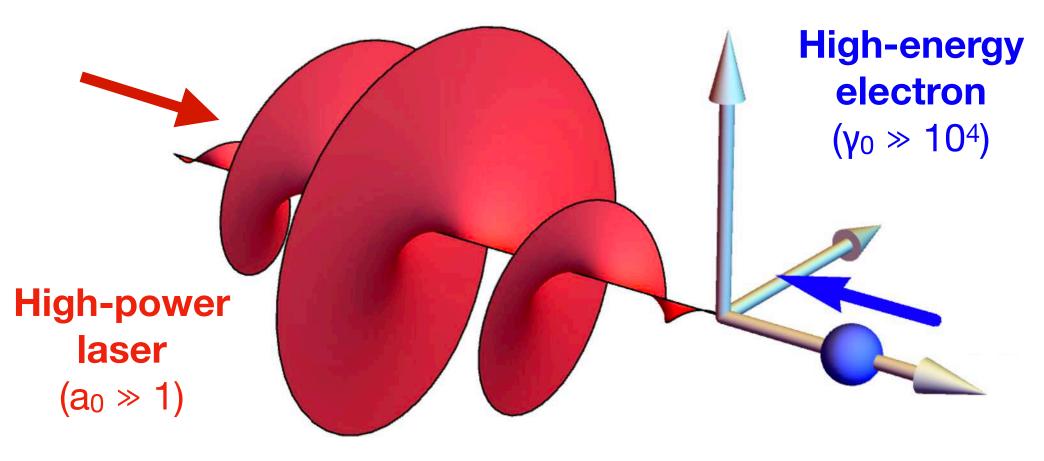




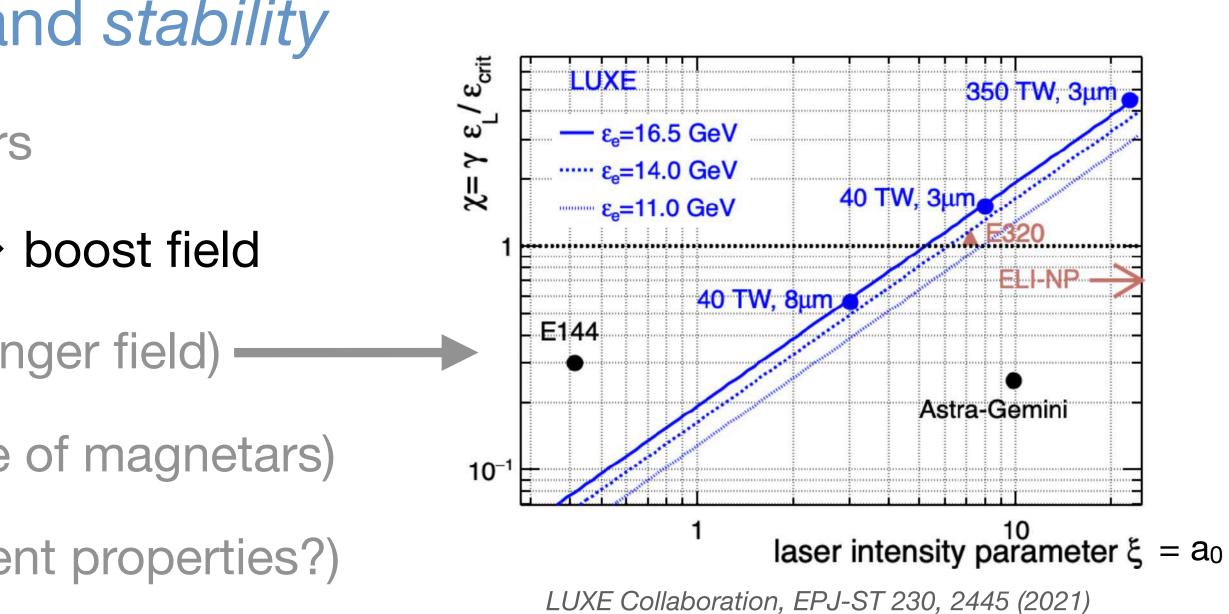
# Near-term application: Strong-field QED

Tech demonstrator for high energy and stability

- Schwinger field: ~10<sup>18</sup> V/m >>> high-power lasers
- Collide high-power laser with high-energy  $e^- \rightarrow$  boost field
- Experiments reached  $\chi \approx 0.3$  (fraction of Schwinger field) -
  - $\chi \approx 10-100 \rightarrow$  lab astrophysics (e.g., surface of magnetars)
  - $\chi \ge 1000 \rightarrow$  no theory! (new physics, emergent properties?)



Blackburn et al., Phys. Plasmas 25, 083108 (2018)

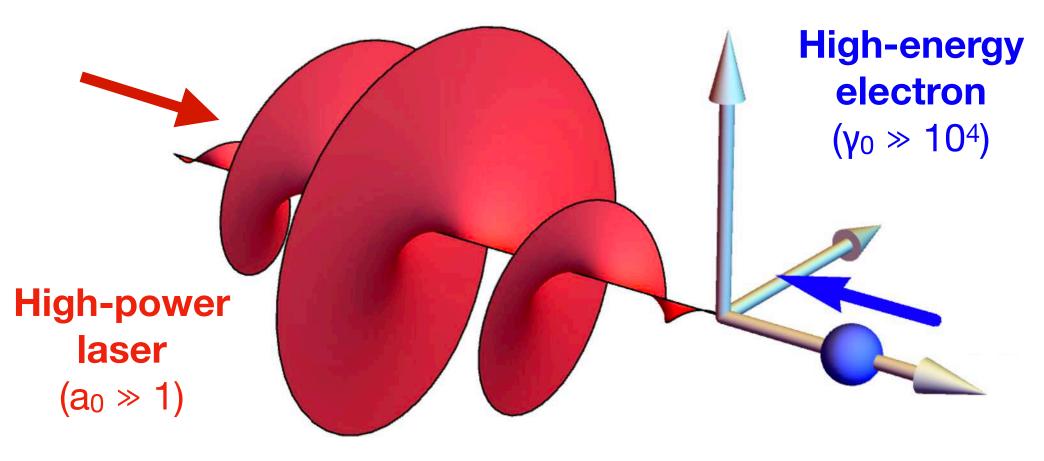


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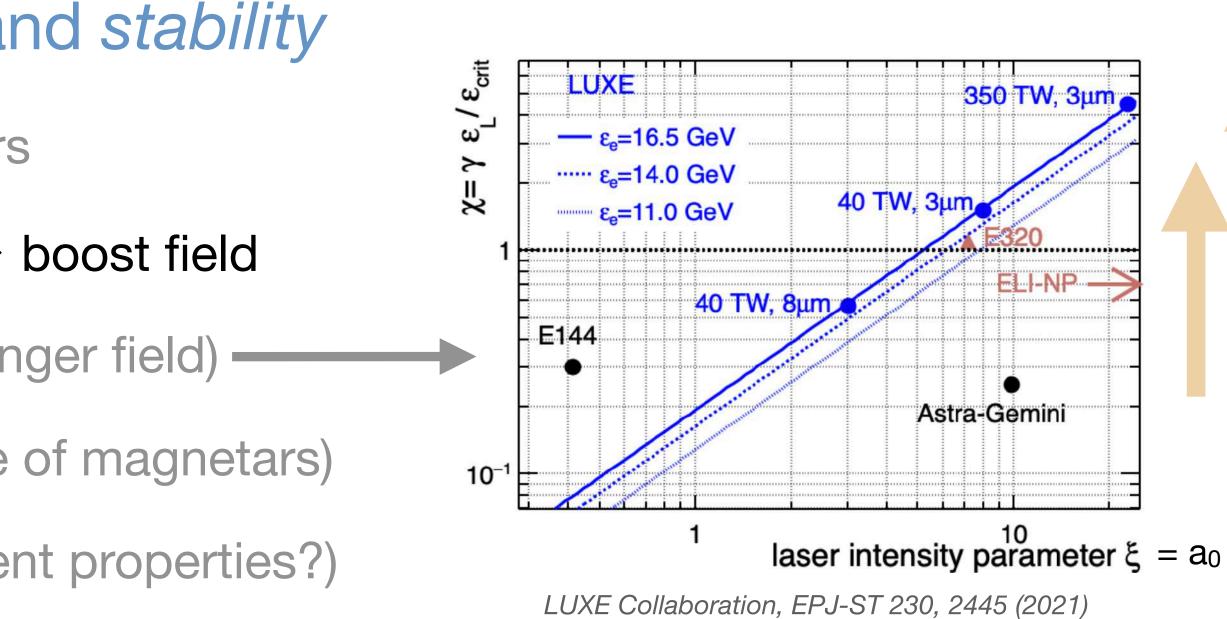
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- Plasma-based SFQED machine → *win-win* 
  - Solve for SFQED research: cheap, high-energy  $e^- \rightarrow$  new experiments ( $\chi \gg 1$ )
  - *for plasma accelerators:* "minimal viable product" for HEP (high energy/stability—low quality/rep. rate)





### A flow chart

Novel and affordable accelerator technology

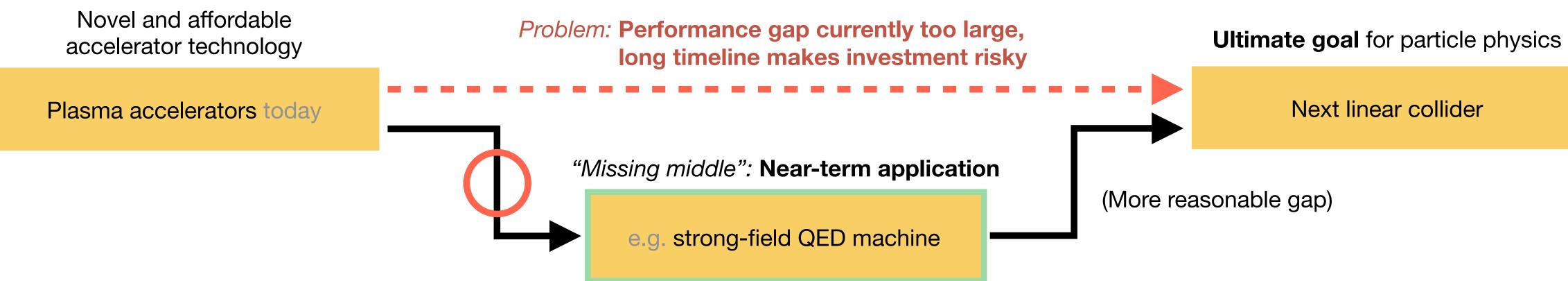
Plasma accelerators today







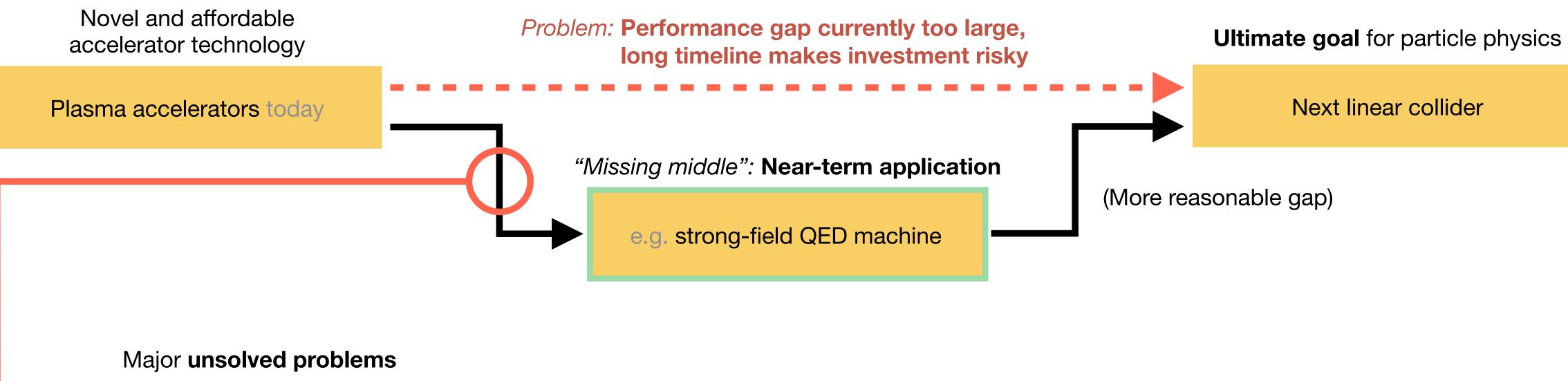
### A flow chart







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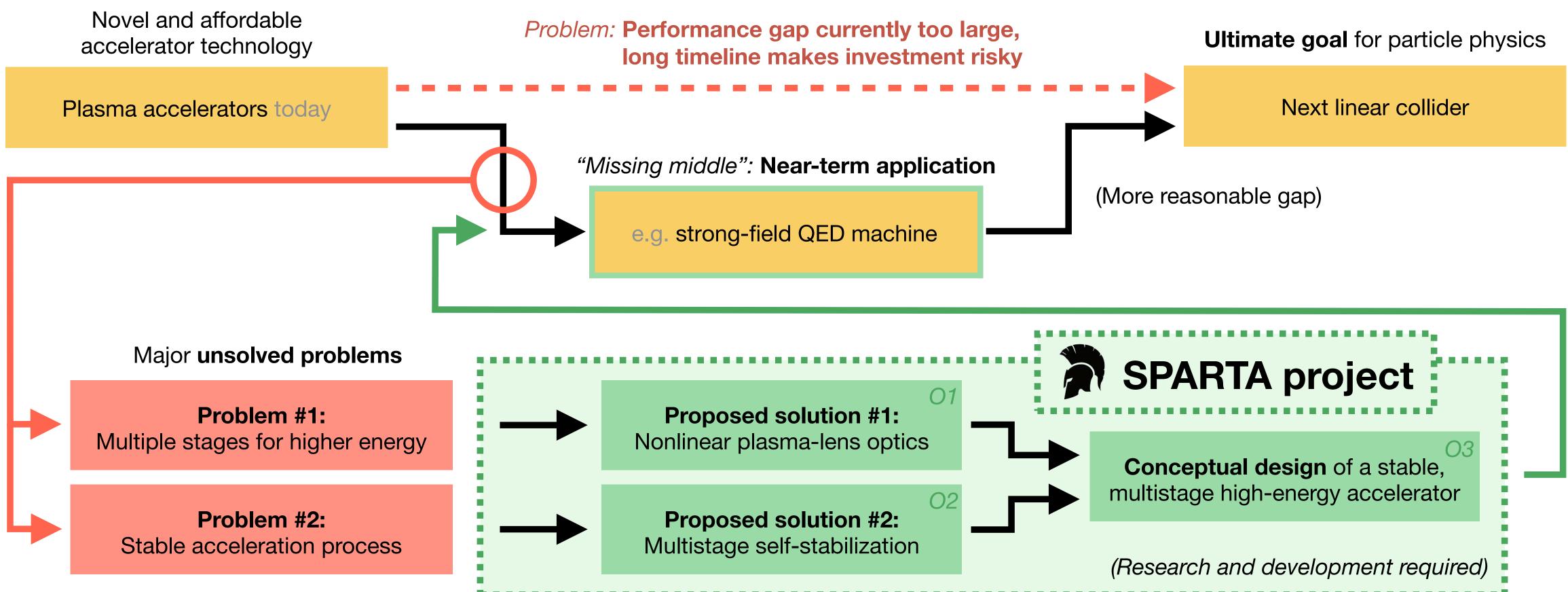
**Problem #1:** Multiple stages for higher energy

**Problem #2:** Stable acceleration process



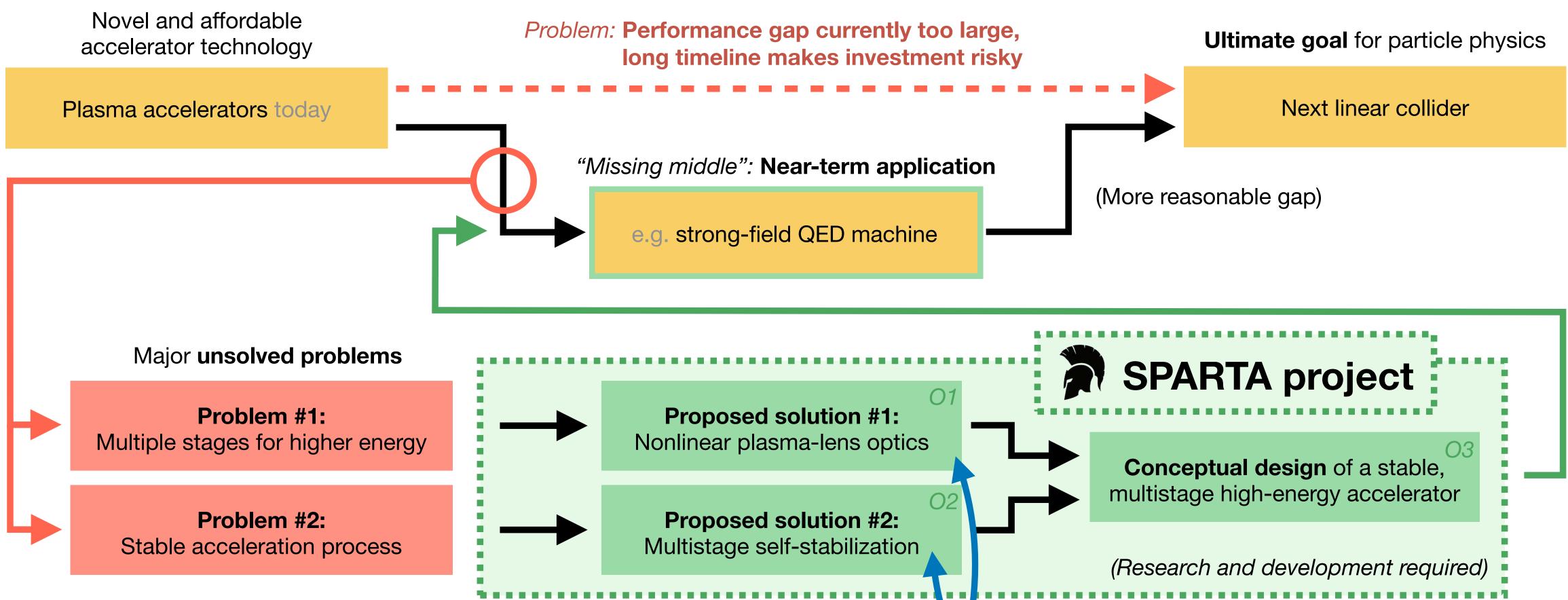


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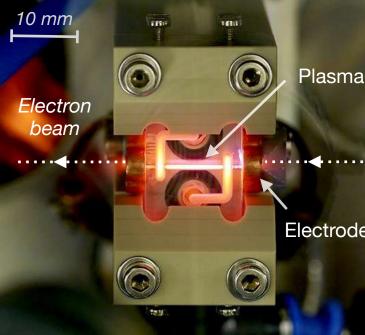
What are these proposed concepts?



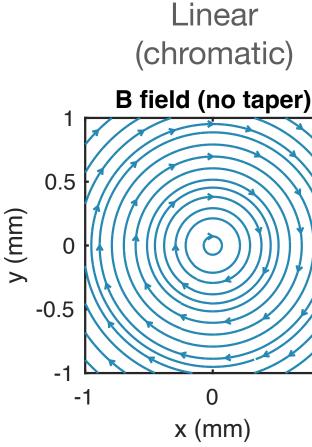
### New concept #1: Nonlinear plasma lenses

A new kind of plasma accelerator – solving staging

- Plasma lens = strong, compact focusing device



"Active" plasma lens = discharge current





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- Idea: Achromatic beamline with nonlinear plasma lenses

→ Beam quality preserved

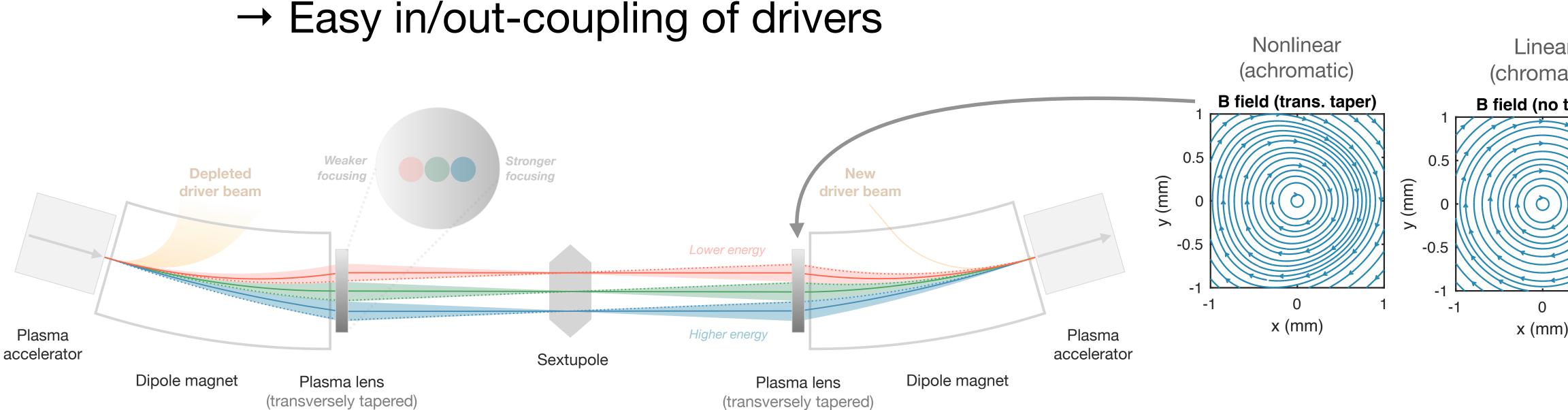
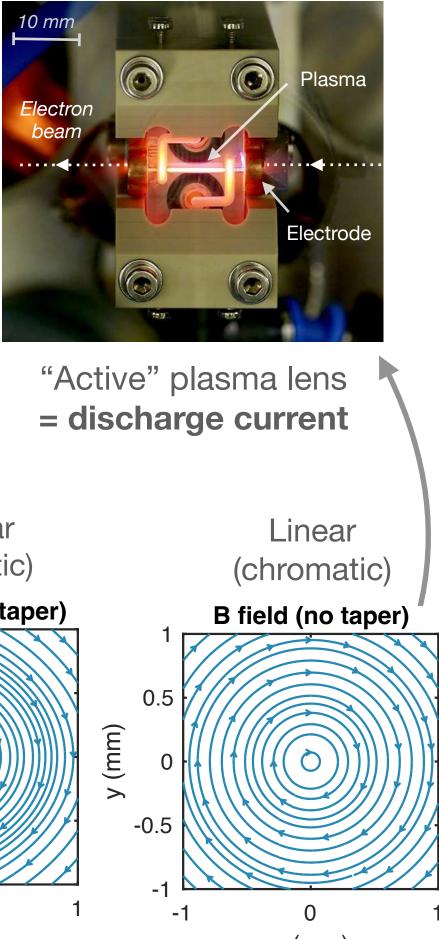


Figure 4. Pronosed ontics using transversely tanered plasma lenses. From Lindstram to be published (2021)



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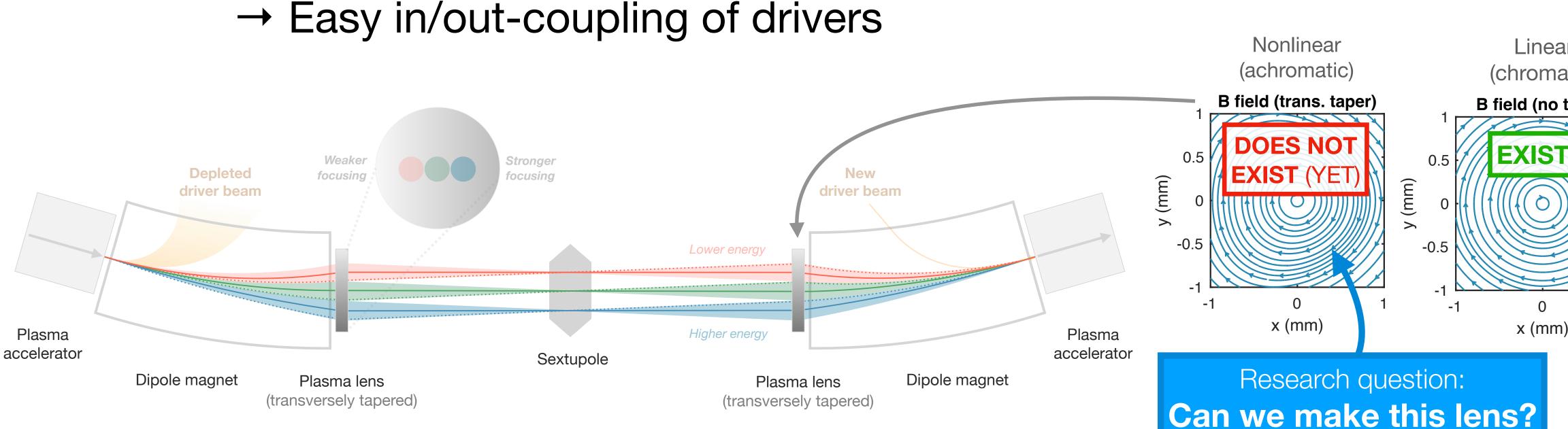
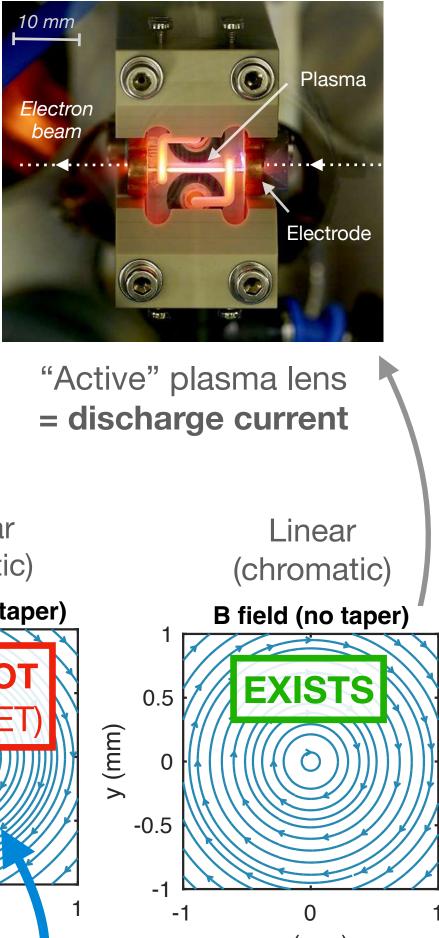


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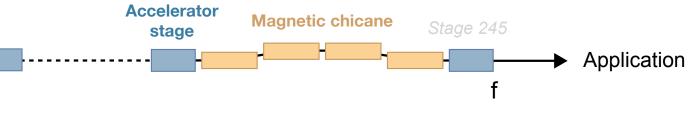


### New concept #2: Self-correction mechanisms

A new kind of plasma accelerator – solving stability

• Achromatic beamline between stages  $\rightarrow$  longitudinal dispersion ( $R_{56}$ )





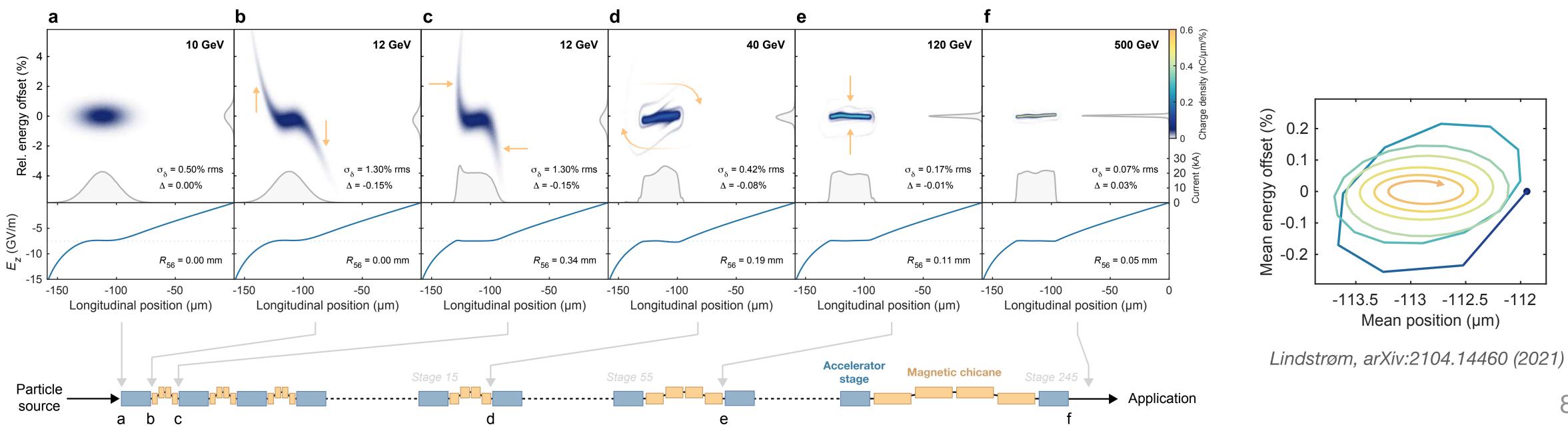


### New concept #2: Self-correction mechanisms

A new kind of plasma accelerator – solving stability

- Achromatic beamline between stages  $\rightarrow$  longitudinal dispersion ( $R_{56}$ )
- Discovery: Simulation shows feedback loop between field and beam → self-stabilization → Damps energy spread and energy offset

 $\rightarrow$  Greatly improves tolerances (e.g., sub-fs  $\rightarrow$  10 fs)



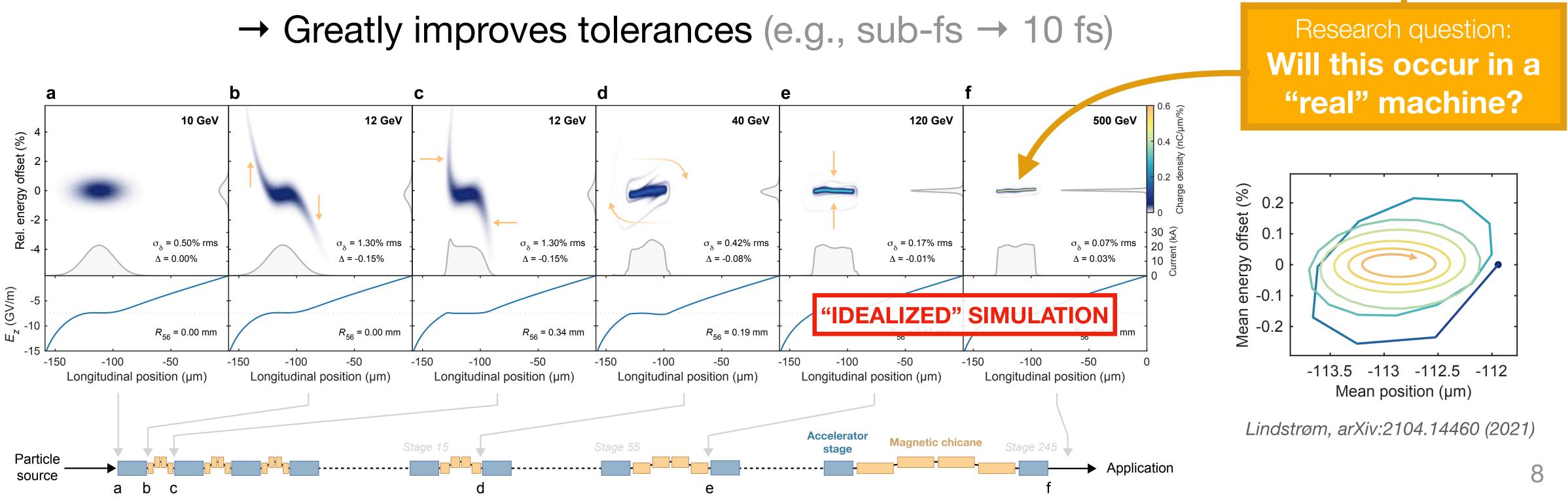




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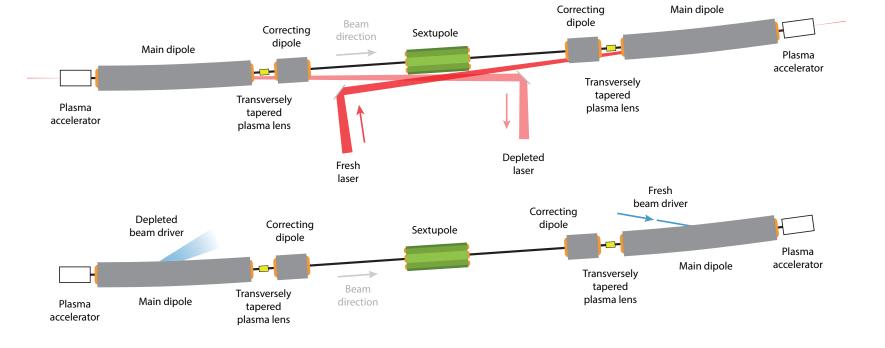
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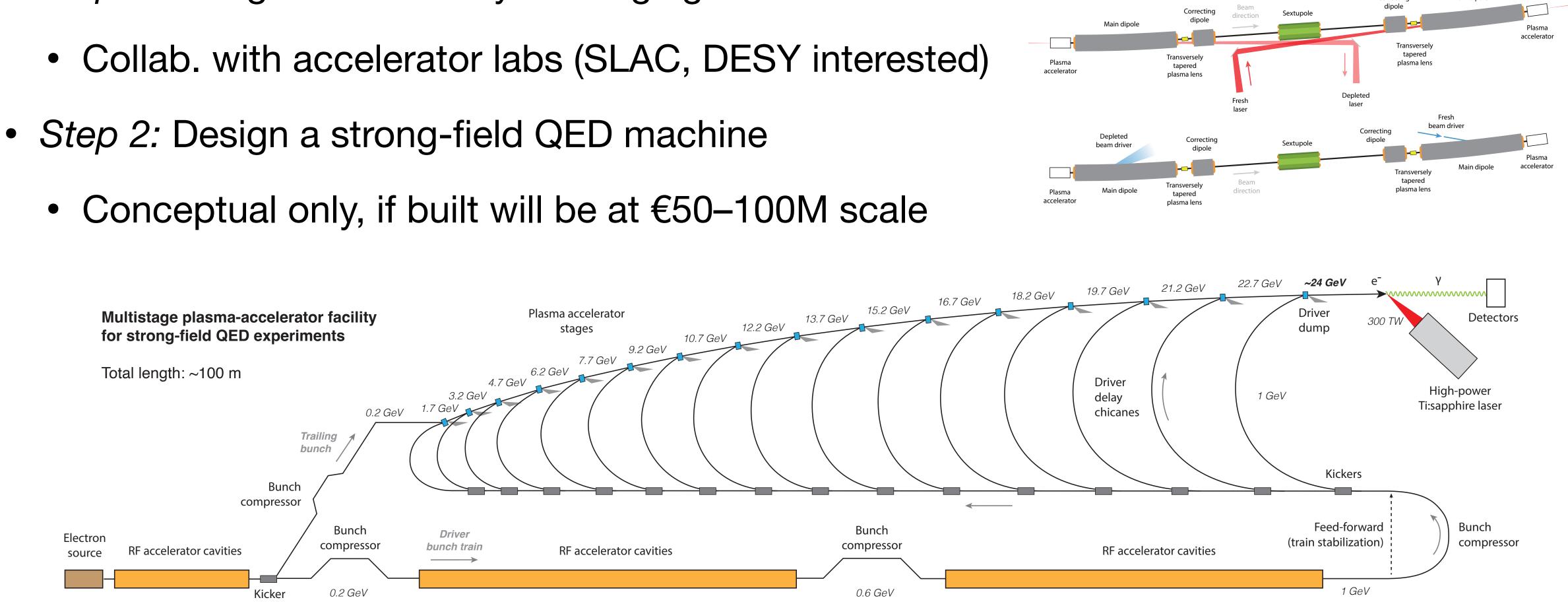


- Step 1: Design a test facility for staging
  - Collab. with accelerator labs (SLAC, DESY interested)



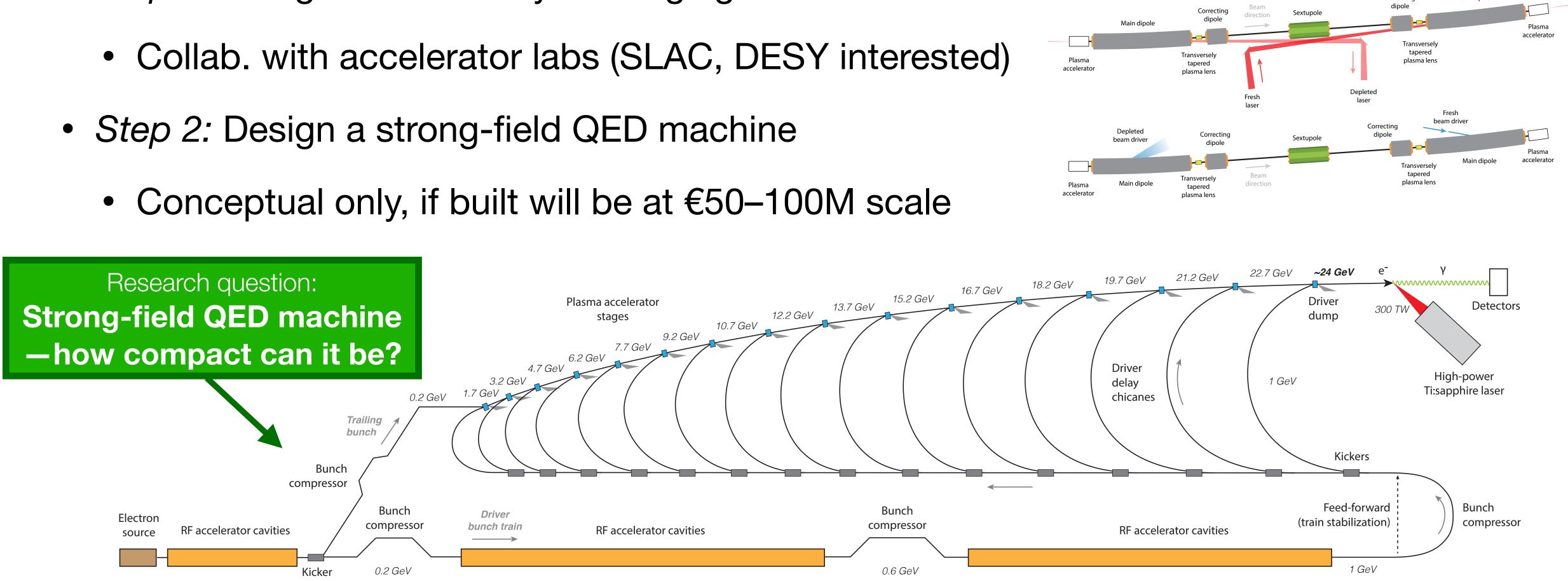


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### The plan Three main objectives

Objective #1: Develop nonlinear plasma lenses

Objective #2: Investigate self-stabilization in plasma accelerate

Objective #3: Conceptual designs of multistage plasma-accele

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
tors	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
lerator facilities	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5



### The plan Three main objectives

Objective #1: **Develop nonlinear plasma lenses** 

Objective #2: Investigate self-stabilization in plasma accelerate

Objective #3: Conceptual designs of multistage plasma-accele

- Team: PI (Carl A. Lindstrøm) + 2 postdocs + 2 PhDs
- **Collaborations:**



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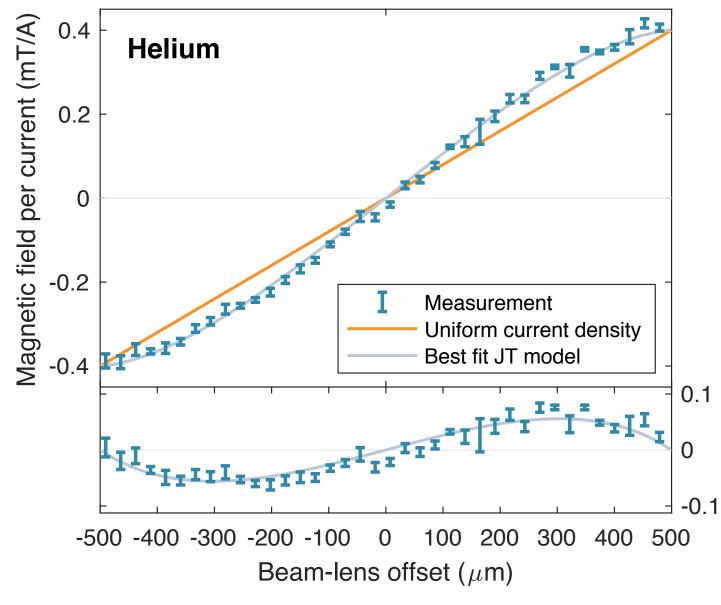
High-performance computing



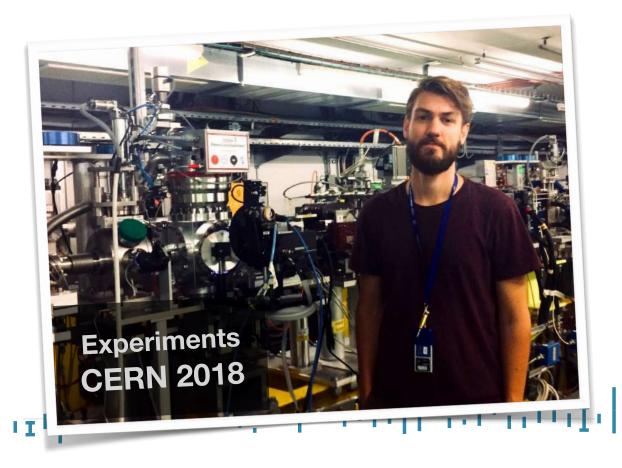
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### "But what will you actually do?" **Example of CERN-related experiments**

- Plan for Objective #1:
  - Identify mechanism for making nonlinear plasma lens.
  - Construct the plasma lens
  - Measure the magnetic field profile.
- Beam-based B-field measurements at the CLEAR facility at CERN.
  - Collaboration with DESY and Oxford University
- Similarly, Objective #2 involves experiments at SLAC.



Lindstrøm et al., PRL 121, 194801 (2018)

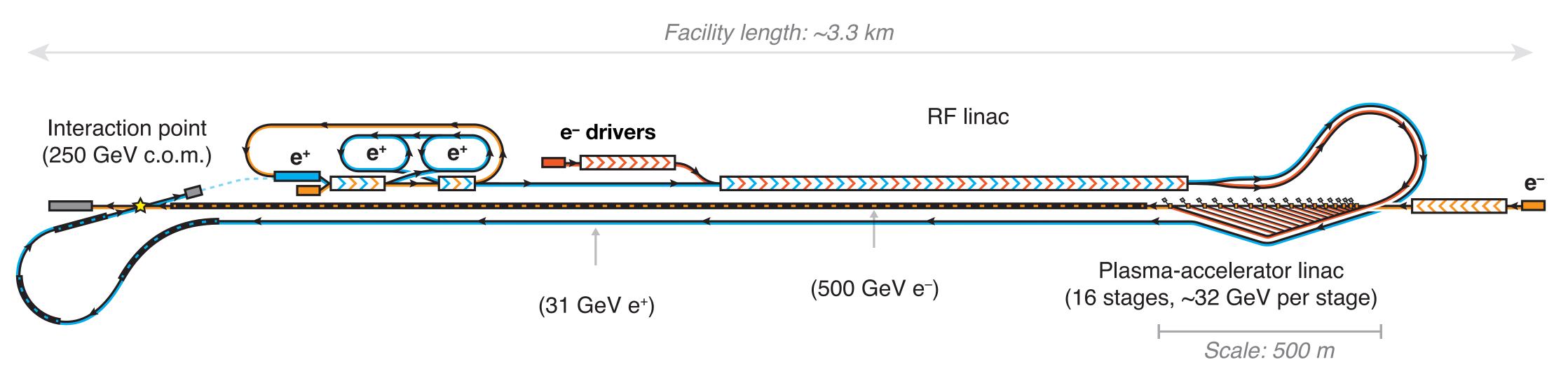






### **Recent impact on HEP**

- "National scale" (~3 km, ~ $\in$ 2.5B)  $\rightarrow$  fits on the campus of ~any national lab



### New idea: plasma–RF hybrid Higgs factory — next step after SFQED machine?

# Asymmetric collider concept $\rightarrow$ avoids positron acceleration in plasma

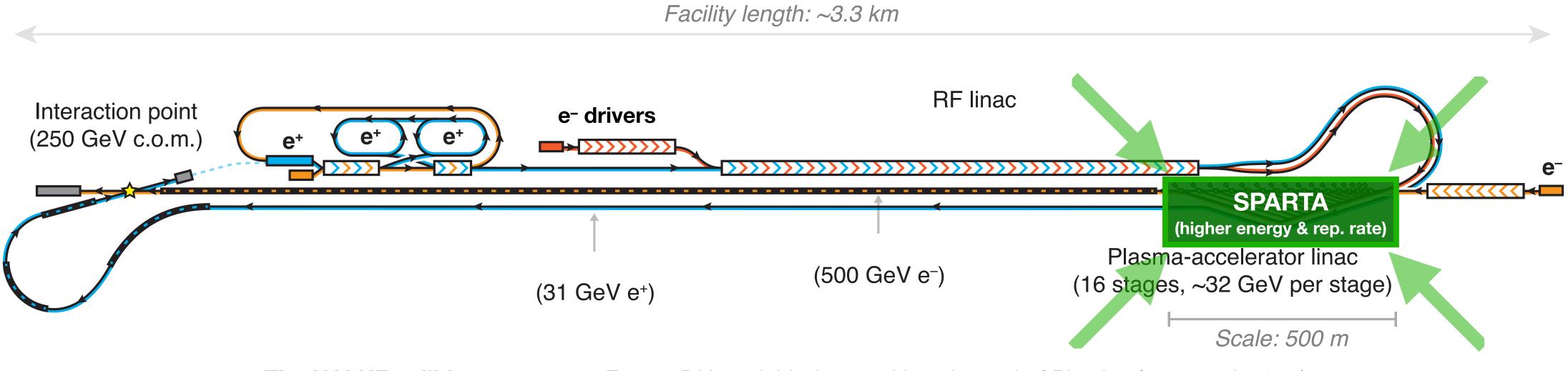
**The HALHF collider concept** — Foster, D'Arcy & Lindstrøm, New Journal of Physics (accepted, 2023)





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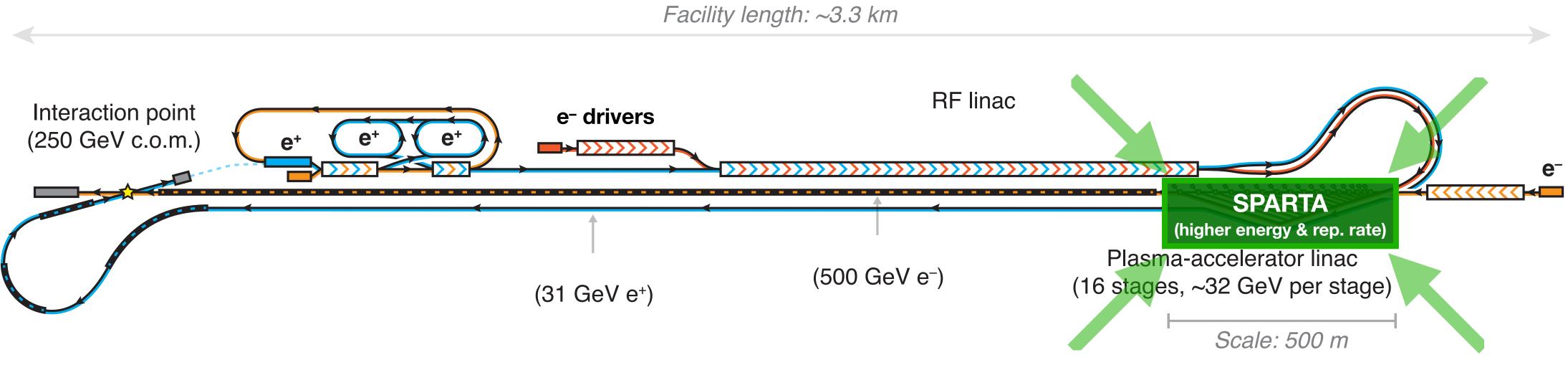
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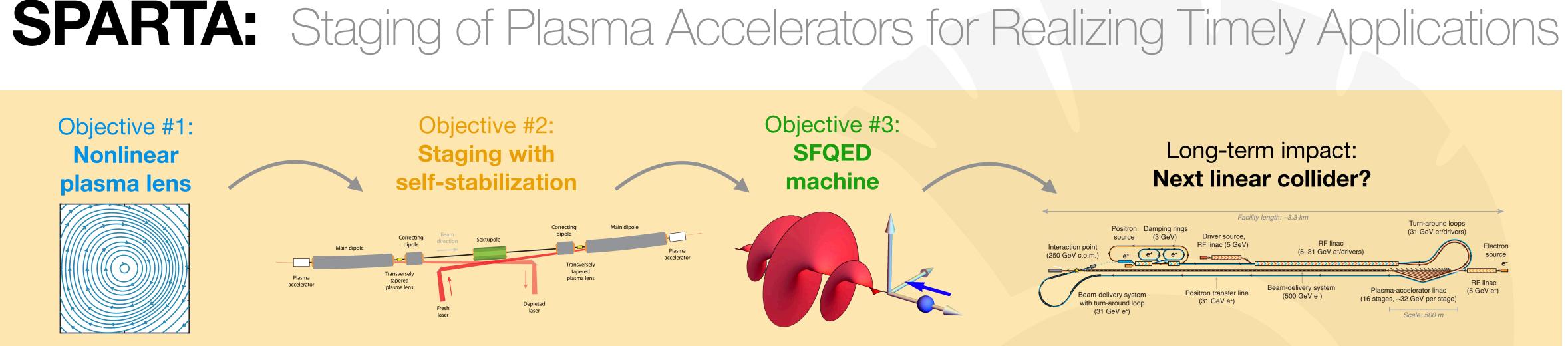
Massive interest from plasma-accelerator and linear-collider community

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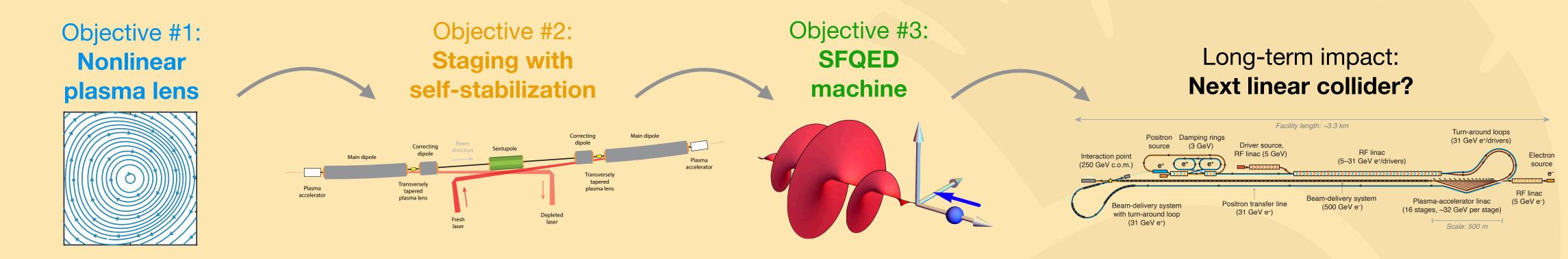




Innovative solution to the cost problems in HEP



### SPARTA: Staging of Plasma Accelerators for Realizing Timely Applications



- Innovative solution to the cost problems in HEP
- Realizing two groundbreaking new concepts:

(1) Nonlinear plasma lenses: solving the staging problem

(2) Self-correction mechanism: solving the stability problem

Goal: blueprints for a strong-field QED machine (a technology demonstrator)  $\bullet$ 





"Plasma Spartans" as generated by MidJourney AI



The SPARTA project

Staging of Plasma Accelerators for Realizing Timely Applications

# Starts 1 Jan 2024 (5 years)

Thank you for listening!

