ArgoNeuT First v-Physics Analysis

(not even preliminary) and an update on MSU/FNAL LAr-electronics

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Collaboration

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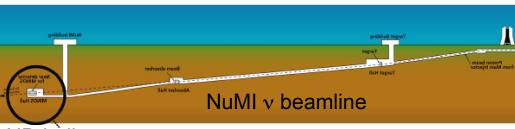
K. Lang, R. Mehdiyev The University of Texas at Austin

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Detector & beamline parameters





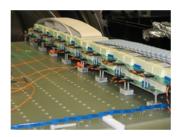
ND hall

ArgoNeuT just upstream of MINOS Near Detector

TPC Insertion into cryostat

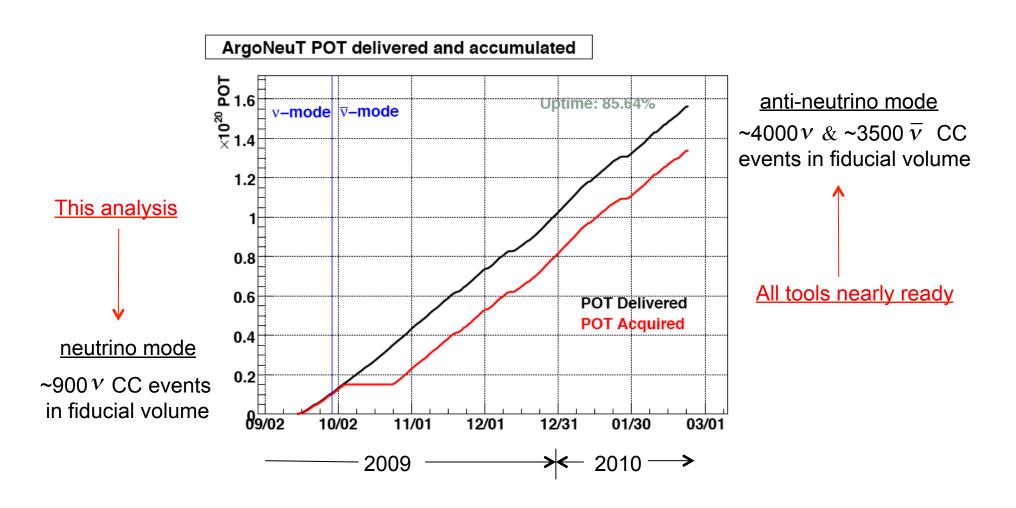


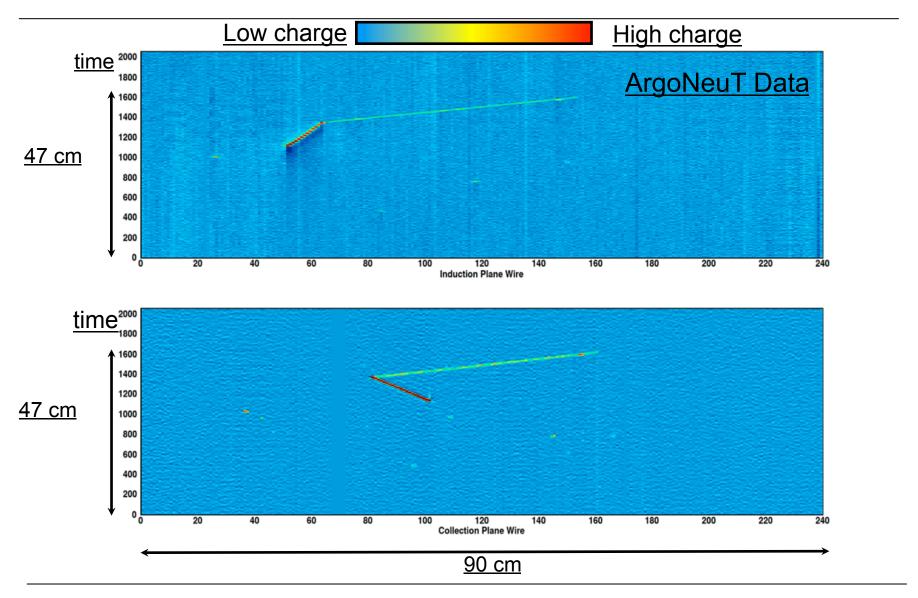
Bias Voltage
Distribution plug-in
Cards w/R&C

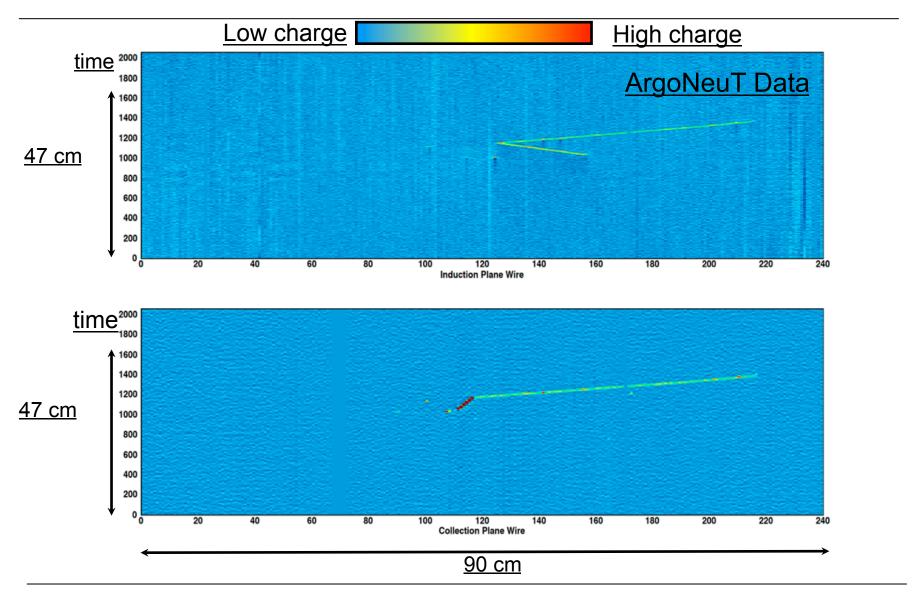


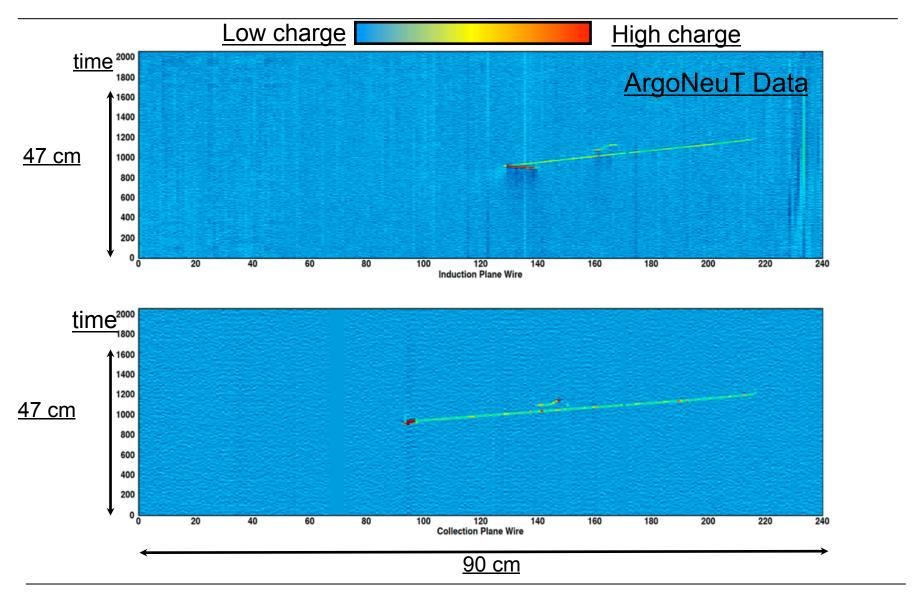
- 1/4-ton TPC, 3 wire planes, 2 readout planes (wires ± 30° wrt vertical)
- 4 mm pitch, 4 mm plane separation, 240 wires/plane
- Cryo-cooler driven purification system, ~ 750 μs e⁻ lifetime (from through muons)
- Bias voltage distribution resistors & decoupling caps in the LAr
- Warm dual jFET preamp "narrow gaussian" filter, 3.5 μs peaking time

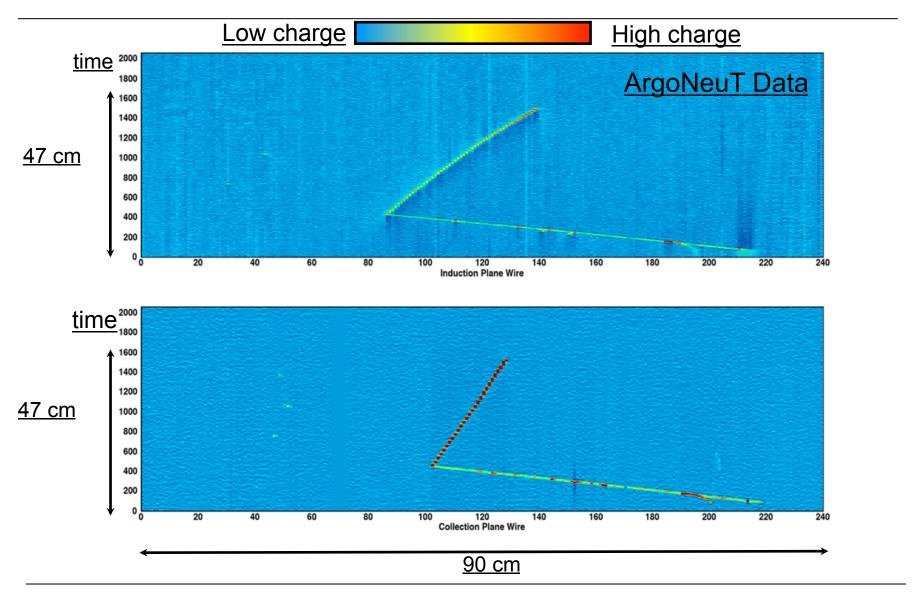
Protons on Target

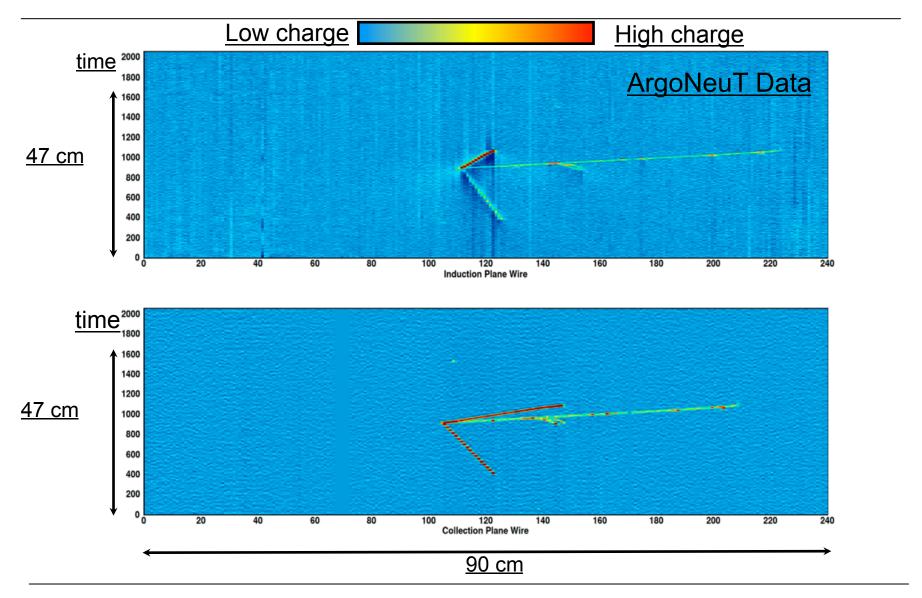


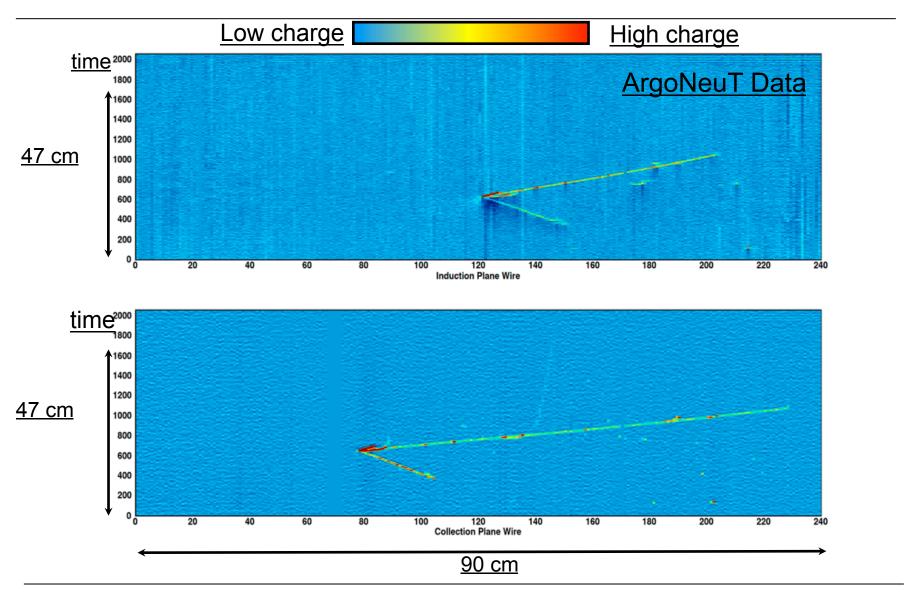


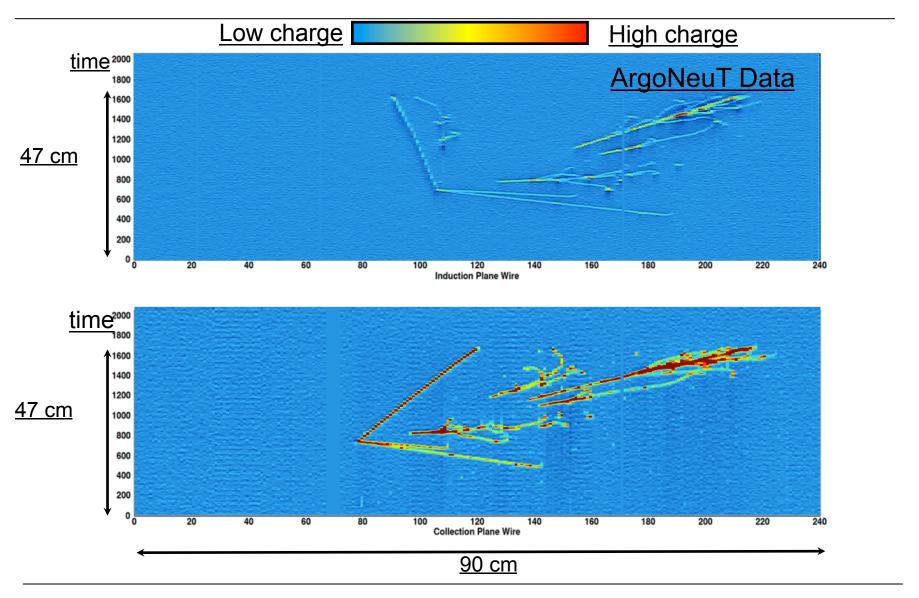












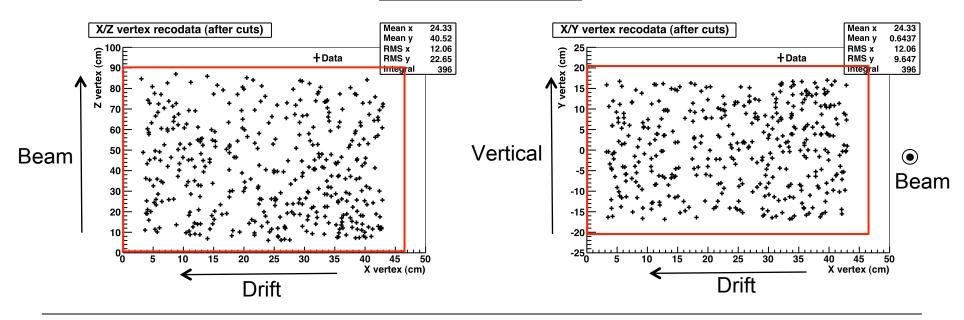
Raw – FFT – Hit/Track/Vertex

- See LArSoft talk (E. Church)
- Unipolar collection plane signals bipolar induction plane signals
- FFT deconvolution of raw data
 - Chose FFT filter parameters for hit finding & best signal to noise
 - Produces unipolar induction signals with reliable ionization
 - Digitizer's baseline shift restored
- Find hits within signal regions above threshold
- Cluster hits and pass to Hough Transform track finder
- Form vertex in 2D and match to form 3D vertex
- Match tracks to form 3D track trajectories
- Apply Kalman filter to obtain initial and final track parameters
- Project tracks to MINOS near detector and match
 - Match with muon reconstruction in MINOS has unexpectedly low efficiency
 - ArgoNeuT needs to do an independent analysis to understand this
 - Efficiency is included in MC simulation but is still very PRELIMINARY

MC simulation of LAr interactions & MINOS

- GENIE (v. 2.6) event generator with NuMI low-energy flux
- Flux for E > 3.0 GeV using latest MINOS estimate;
 Flux for E < 3.0 GeV uses v-beam MC
- Full reconstruction of events matching muon track to MINOS ND
- Fiducial volume cut (z) essential to remove through-going muons

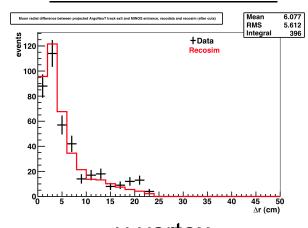
Interaction vertex

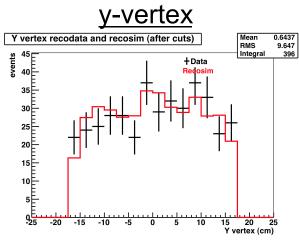


Geometrical aspects of data and MC

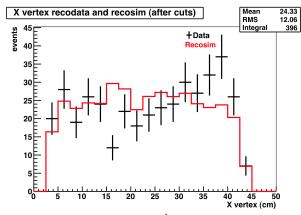
Data in black, MC in red

MINOS match in Δr

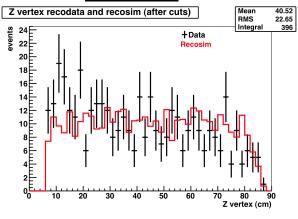




<u>x-vertex</u>

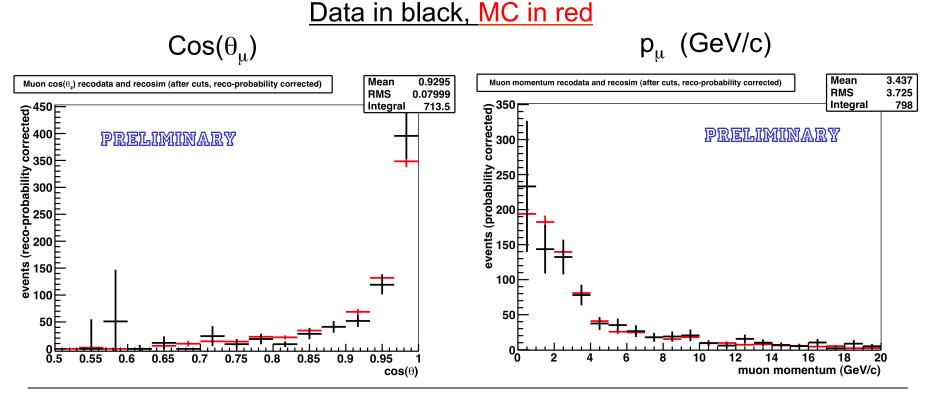


z-vertex



Comparision of v CC-event yields and MC simulation

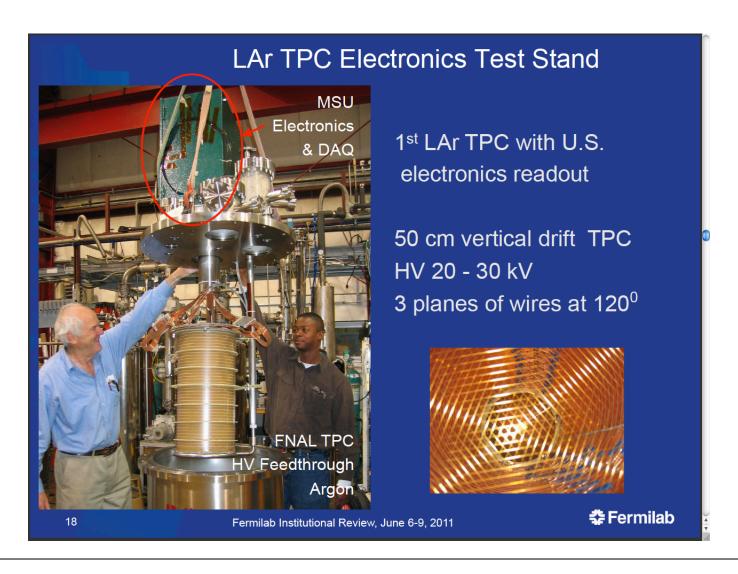
- Weighted event yields are flux integrated and normalized
- Independent scan is consistent but results below are based on automatic LAr event reconstruction
- Low-energy CC-parameters: muon angle and momentum



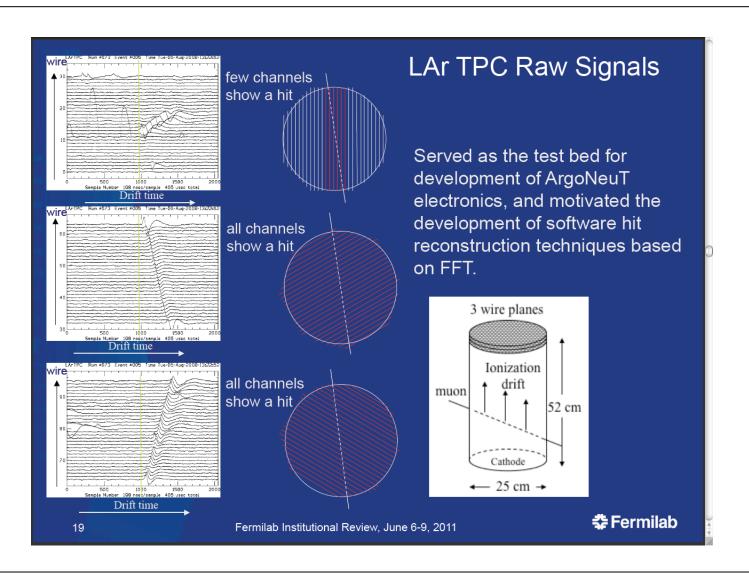
Program for the next year

- Finalize and publish CC neutrino cross sections
- Measure CCQE cross section and investigate nuclear FSI
- Measure π⁰ production and backgrounds to electronneutrino interactions
- Measure electron-neutrino content of the NuMI beam
- All of the above for (reverse horn polarity) neutrino and anti-neutrino interactions (w/~10 times greater statistics).

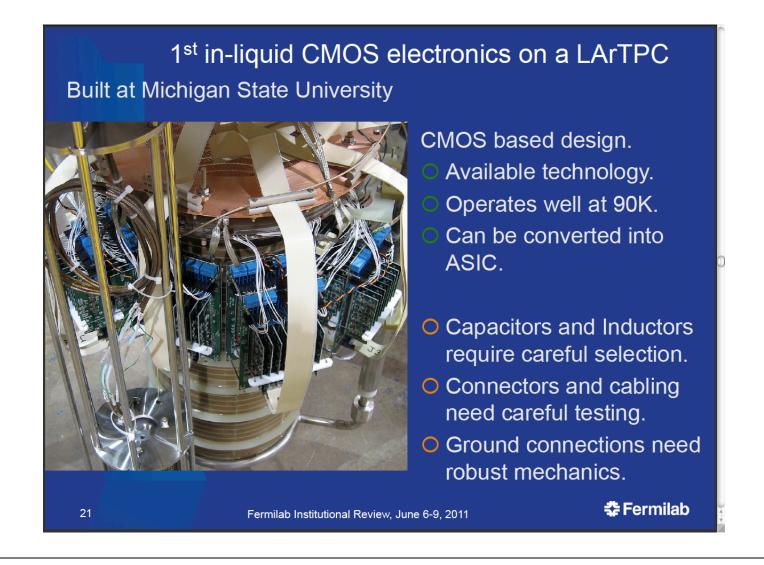
Liquid Argon electronics – MSU/FNAL collaboration



96-channels of warm dual-jFET preamp



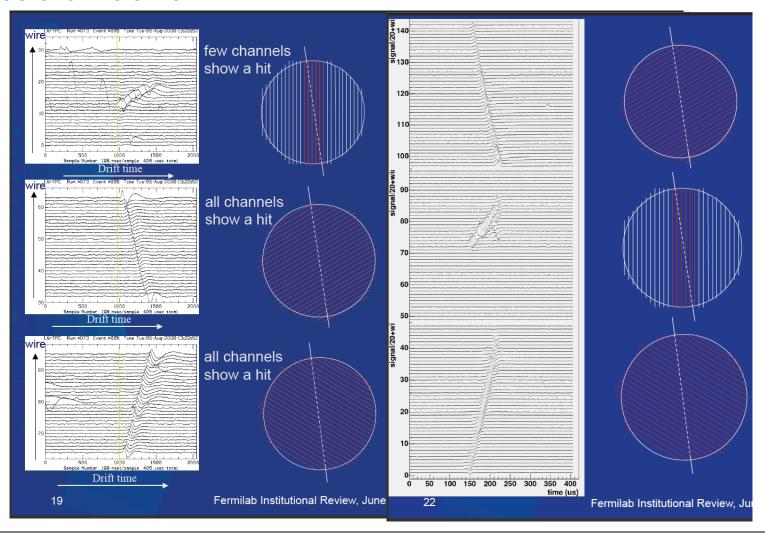
144-channels of cold MOSFET preamp



Qualitative comparison of signal to noise

96 channels warm

144 channels cold



Observations

- MOSFET electronics mounted on a TPC at 90K exhibits a signal (muon tracks) to noise perhaps twice that of warm electronics (more quantitative values soon)
- Initially pumped-down, but just evaporation purging of the gas around the signal output and HV cables. With periodic top-off, operation is continuous over weeks.
- No contamination effects (< 10% signal loss) over a 50 cm drift (electron lifetime >3 ms)
- FNAL/MSU TPC is a viable testbed for cold electronics development. First application is a system test of the (BNL) ASIC preamp for MicroBoone (see talk by V. Radeka).
- Future: tests of a mixed-signal ASIC for a long-baseline experiment.

GLA2011

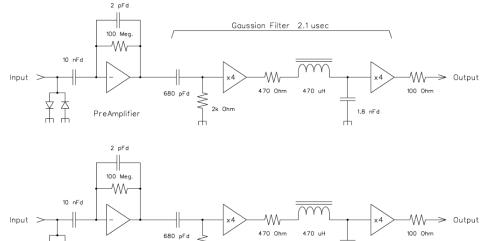
- Thanks to the organizers of the GLA series for the opportunity to present our work, and
- Many thanks for the hospitality shown by the people of Jyväskylä

Backup Slides

Cold MOSFET Preamplifier

D1 - BAV199 Qn - ALD1101SAL R1 - 100M Ohm Qp - ALD1102SAL R2 = 470 Ohm C1 = 1.8 pFd C10 C8 T C9 T C7 R3 = 18.0k Ohm C2 - 10 nFd R4 - 100k Ohm C3 - 22 nFd R5 = 18.0k Ohm C4 = 22 nFd Vcc R6 = 10k Ohm C5 = 100 nFd R7 - 2.0k Ohm C6 - 100 nFd R8 - 100 Ohm C7 - 100 nFd R9 = 100 Ohm C8 = 100 nFd R10 - not used C9 - 100 nFd R11 = 47 Ohm on CMB-16 C10 - 100 nFd R12 = 22 Ohm on CMB-16 Q5B Q5A INPUT OUTPUT -W-> R2 ≷ Vee Rev. 10-AUG-

PreAmp-Filter 2 Channel



2k Ohm

Charge Integrating PreAmp
0.5 mV output per fC
200 usec Fall Time Constant

The Drift Velocity is 1.5 mm/usec in a 500 V/cm field. For a 3 to 5 mm plane spacing the risetime will be 2 to 3.3 usec. For now pick a 2.1 usec peaking time or about 76 kHz.

1.8 nFd

Rev. 10-AUG-10