

TI2/8 momenta adjustment - proposal

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Energy matching SPS-LHC

The energy offset of the SPS beams injected into the LHC is fluctuating over time during a run in a band of $dp/p = \pm 2x10^{-4}$.

- Over 24 hours, the range is generally \pm 0.5x10⁻⁴.
- There is more and more evidence that the changes are driven by the SPS, even if small contributions from the LHC cannot be excluded.
- B1 and B2 changes are always correlated.

The offset is adapted periodically by adjusting the **LHC momentum using the hor. orbit correctors**.

• Easiest way...

Since the TI2/8 lines were set up in 2023, the relative momentum has dropped by $\sim -2x10^{-4}$

Energy offset of injected beams, 2023 - from IQC





Small interlude on SPS and LHC momenta



Ingredients to the beam energy

The beam energies of SPS and LHC are defined by:

- The main dipole field,
- The radial position of the orbit (\rightarrow RF frequency) through the momentum compaction factor.

$$\frac{\delta p}{p} = \frac{1}{\alpha} \frac{\Delta R}{R} = \frac{-1}{\alpha} \frac{\Delta f_{RF}}{f_{RF}} \qquad \qquad \alpha_{sps} \approx 5\alpha_{LHC}$$

Due to the **requirement of synchronization** for SPS to LHC transfer the **SPS RF frequency is locked** at extraction to the LHC RF frequency:

$$f_{\rm RFsps} = f_{\rm RFlhc}/2$$



LHC dipole field

The momentum of the LHC was **calibrated using p-Pb beams** taking advantage of the "large" RF frequency difference (difference in speed). We are slightly above 450 GeV:

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Large Hadron Collider momentum calibration and accuracy

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At injection there is **decay of the random b1 errors** (~1 unit = $1E-4 \rightarrow$ closed orbit distortion), but the **systematic b1** (shift of momentum) is expected to be very small.

 Tested at injection during Run 1, with multiple injections spread over time for decay observation (assuming SPS more stable than LHC !!!) – no measurable decay observed.

Fill to fill changes of the dipole field would manifest by a **coherent shift of all tunes** (B1 & B2, H & V) in the same direction.

• Such fills exist, but no correlation with dp/p offsets of injection (2018 OP & RF study).

 $P_{\rm ini} = 450.31 \pm 0.01 (\rm stat) \pm 0.07 (\rm syst) \ {\rm GeV/c}.$

Changes of the LHC dipole field are not "visible" in TI2/8 since the SPS beam is not affected !



SPS dipole field

The momentum of the SPS was **calibrated using p-Pb and In beams** taking advantage of the "large" RF frequency difference (difference in speed). The real SPS momentum is lower than the setting:

Parameter	Value
Proton momentum P (GeV/c)	449.155 ± 0.136
Reference field B (T)	2.0251 ± 0.0002
Central orbit length C (m)	6911.5662 ± 0.0024

Due to those "errors", the SPS momentum LSA setting at FT is 451.15 GeV for LHC cycles.





LHC circumference changes

LHC circumference changes are mainly driven by **periodic tides** and **"slow" circumference changes**.

- Already observed at LEP ! The ring expands in the summer, contracts in the winter.
- Similar amplitudes of tides and slow changes.
- If left uncorrected, **dp/p range ~2x10**-4.

The shift crew / OFB center the beams on the same reference orbit with a f_{RF} trim \rightarrow no dp/p on LHC beam.

• Small effect from BPM calibration issue, dp/p ~2x10⁻⁵.

For tides SPS and LHC should be similar, no impact on SPS beam momentum (LHC correction compensates SPS). For long term changes of the cirfumference, expect SPS & LHC to be completely different:

LHC dp/p $\sim 2x10^{-4} \rightarrow$ SPS dp/p $\sim 4x10^{-5}$





From LEP

The LEP BPM system was slow, but **very accurate and stable** – resolve structures in the periodic circumference changes.



Figure 6: Relative change of the LEP circumference ΔC between 1993 and 1998.

Paper on LEP tides @ PAC99



200

3

2

0

-1 L 100

Correlates with

150

lake level ...

ΔC (mm)

300

Day

1999 LEP run

"Heavy" Rainfall

250

Short summary

We know / are able to monitor some effects that impact the SPS & LHC energies, but none of them explains the steps and structures that we are observing... Missing some information.

But the signature on the side of the TI2/8 lines seems to point to the SPS energy at extraction as an important ingredient.





End of interlude



Steering issue

Since a long time (also previous runs), observation that un-correctable structures appear in the lines. In TI2 it is impossible to remove **horizontal trajectory offsets** in the **collimation (TCDIL) region** (grey box).

• Beam sizes at collimators ~0.4-0.8 mm (nominal emittance).





Momentum offsets and steering

A momentum change in the SPS adds a dispersive trajectory component, which is **simulated** below for a momentum change of $\sim -2x10^{-4}$.

This dispersive component adds to the other trajectory drifts and is difficult to disentangle on a daily basis when relative changes are small.





Momentum offsets and steering (2)

Steering away the dispersive trajectory is not possible due to the distribution of orbit correctors in the line. A residual structure is left over, in particular in the TCDIL region.





Momentum offsets and steering (3)

Striking similarity !





Better steering

The steering could therefore be improved with more consistent settings.

- Adapt the momentum at the level of the SPS FT a bit tricky due to the rounding. But to be followed up.
 Would clearly be the cleanest solution if this is the real source of change.
- Adapt the momentum of TI2/8 at the same time the momentum of the LHC is adjusted.

Adapting the momentum of TI2/8 would make the situation more consistent !

The changes are at the level of 10^{-4} , proposal would be to only **follow the "long term" trends** to maintain the error within say $\pm 0.5 \times 10^{-4}$. Do not expect more than one change / month.

The trims would be small, at the level of 10⁻⁴.



Impact on interlocking

A test of trimming the TI2/8 momenta by $-2x10^{-4}$ was done Monday with probes.

Good results, the structure do indeed disappear. Linear optics works...

Impact on FEI (PC current interlocks):

- Quad tolerances ~ $0.5\% \rightarrow$ no impact.
- COD tolerances ~10 microrad \rightarrow no impact.
- Dipoles tolerances ~few $10^{-4} \rightarrow$ only impact for **RBI.221** (tolerance just below 2x10⁻⁴).
 - Adapting the tolerance of RBI.221 by 30% would provide the required margin.

