

Theory opportunities at future colliders

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Future Colliders for Early-Career Researchers - CERN - 27 September 2023

Theory wishlist

- Dark matter candidate
- Explanation of flavor hierarchy
- Explanation of matter-antimatter asymmetry
- Solution to strong CP problem (axion)
- Explanation of fine-tuning problems

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More modest expectations

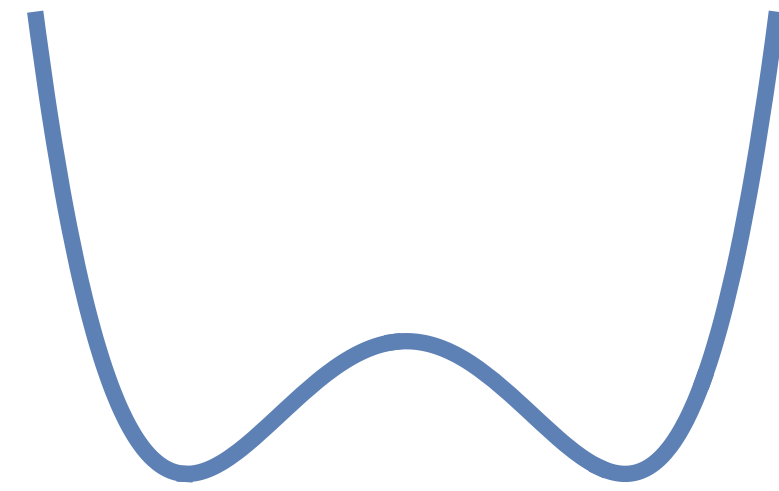
“No-lose theorem” - guaranteed deliverables

Unbiased exploration potential

Focus on EW+Higgs

Higgs physics

What we know



$$V = -\mu^2 |\phi|^2 + \lambda |\phi|^4$$

Higgs physics

What we **actually** know



$$V = -\mu^2 |\phi|^2 + \lambda |\phi|^4$$

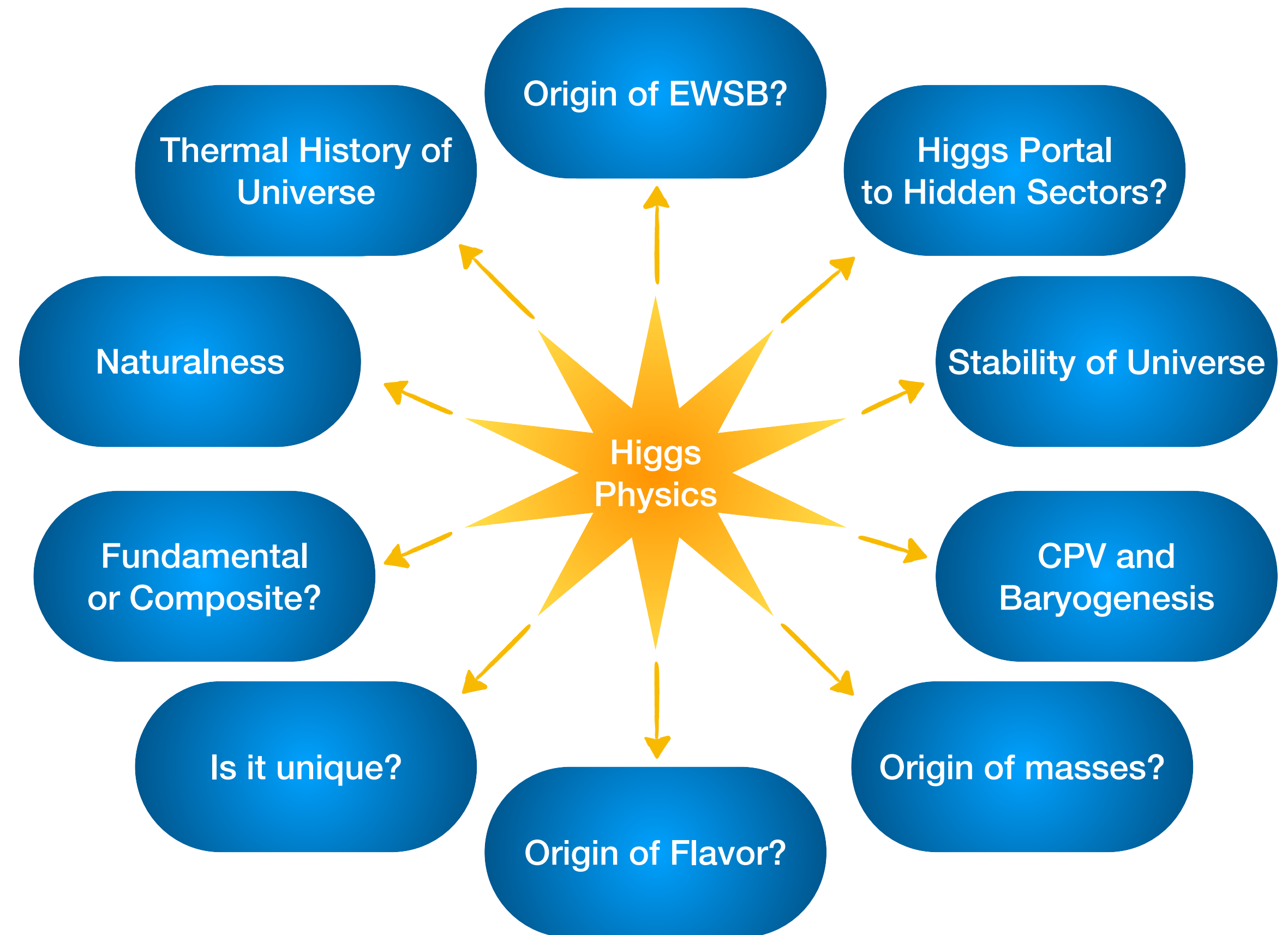
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What we actually know



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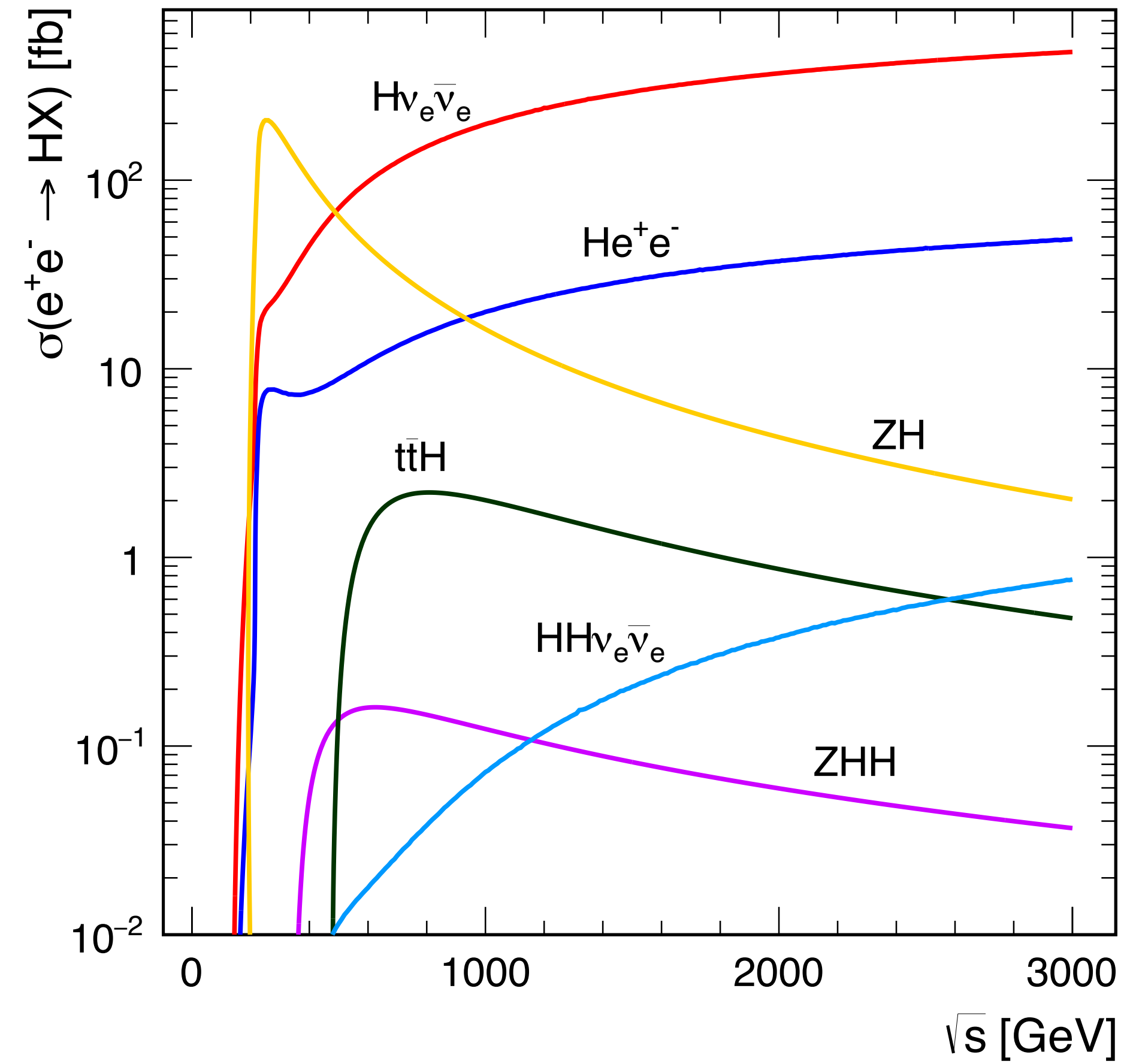
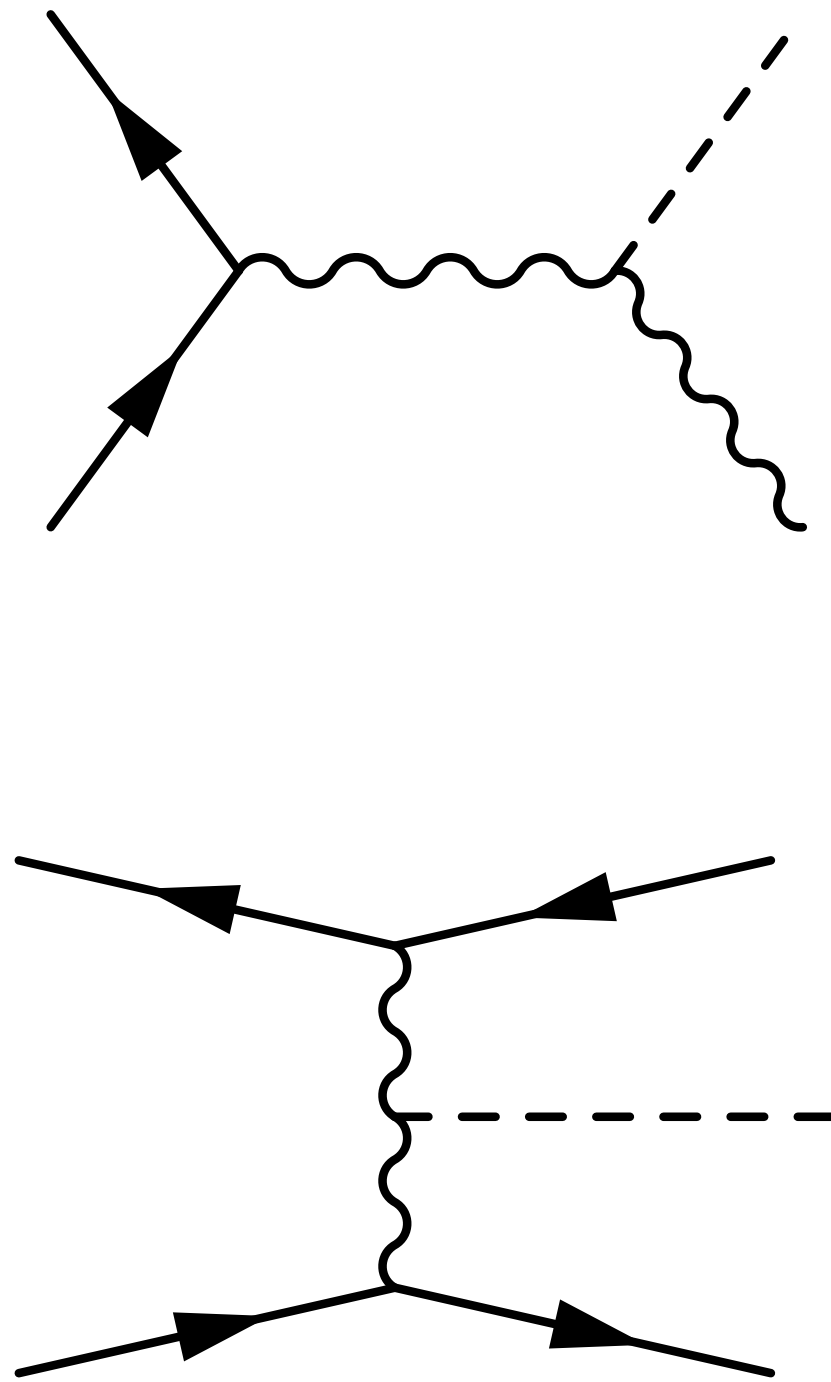
Good reasons to believe that the Higgs is related to BSM physics



[Dawson et al. ([2209.07510](#))]

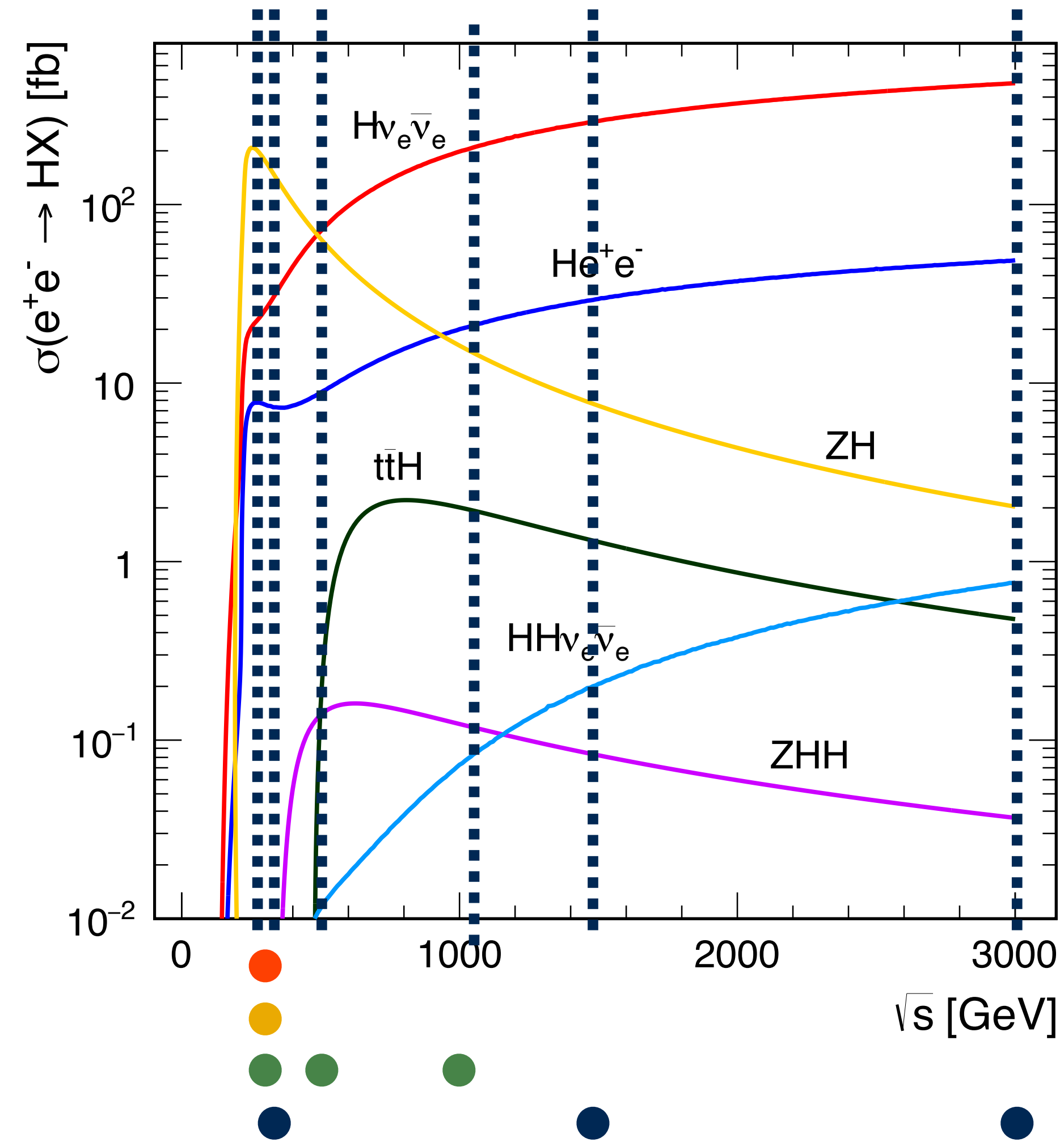
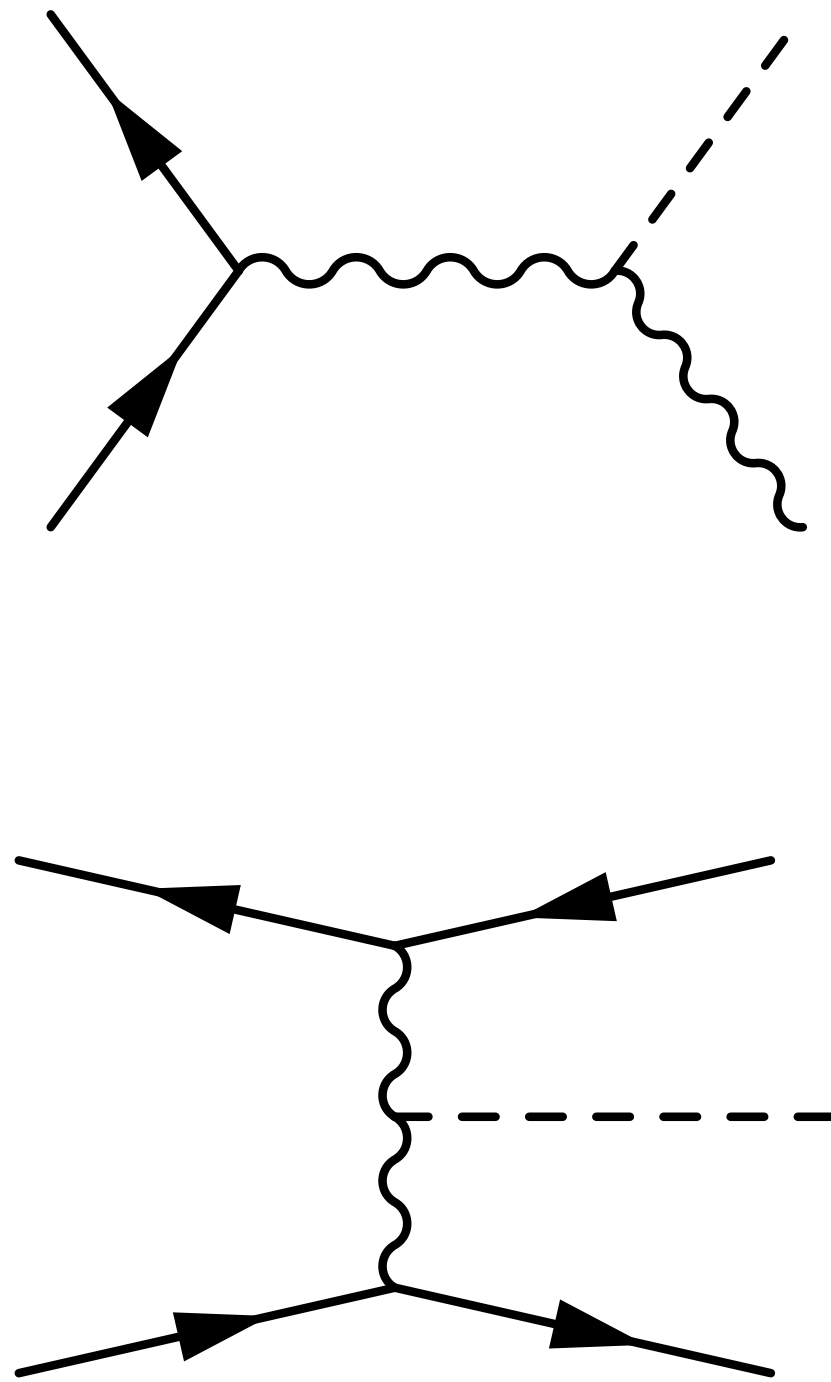
Higgs physics at e+e- colliders

[CLIC ([1608.07537](#))]



Higgs physics at e+e- colliders

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Precision: Higgs

[de Blas et al. (1907.04311)]

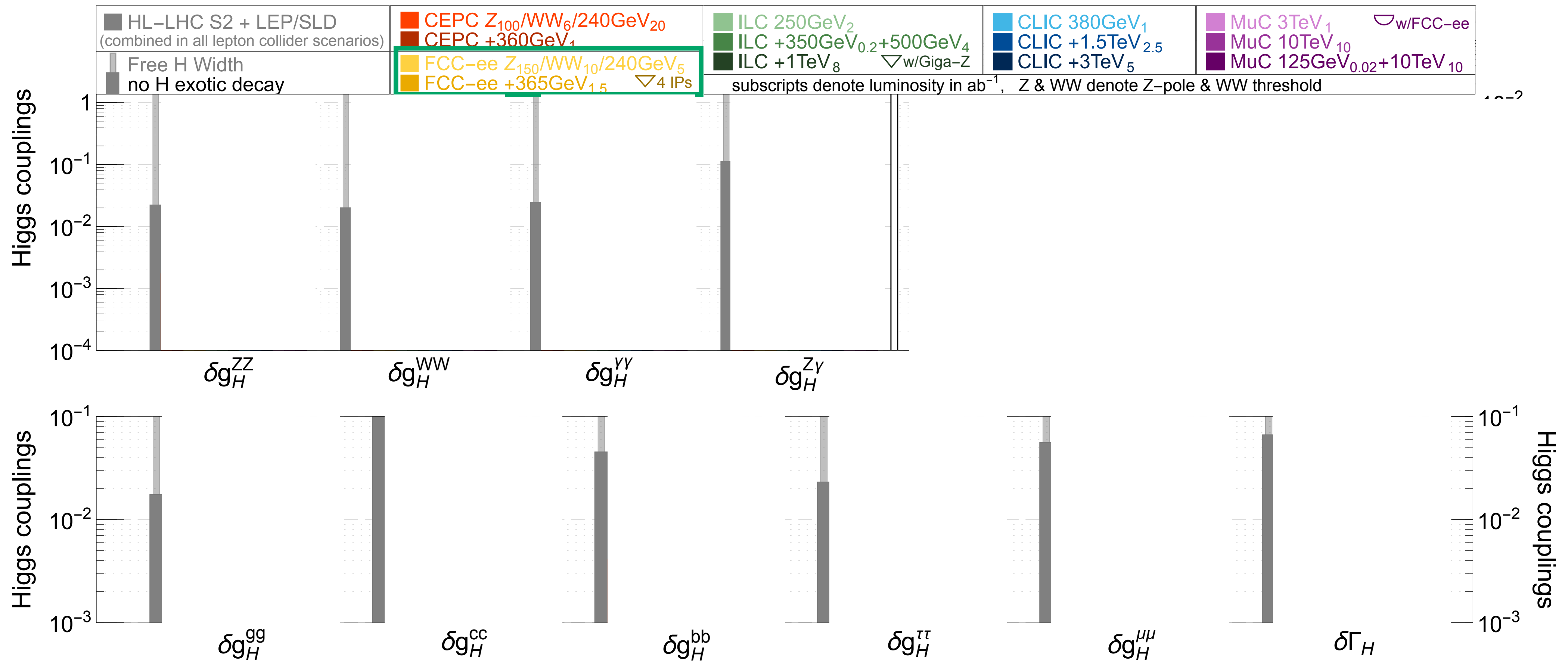
[de Blas et al. (2206.08326)]

$$g_{XY}^{\text{eff}} = (1 + \delta g_X^Y) g_{XY}^{\text{SM}}$$

Circular

Linear

Muon



Higgs width -> sensitivity to exotic decays

Precision: Higgs

[de Blas et al. (1907.04311)]

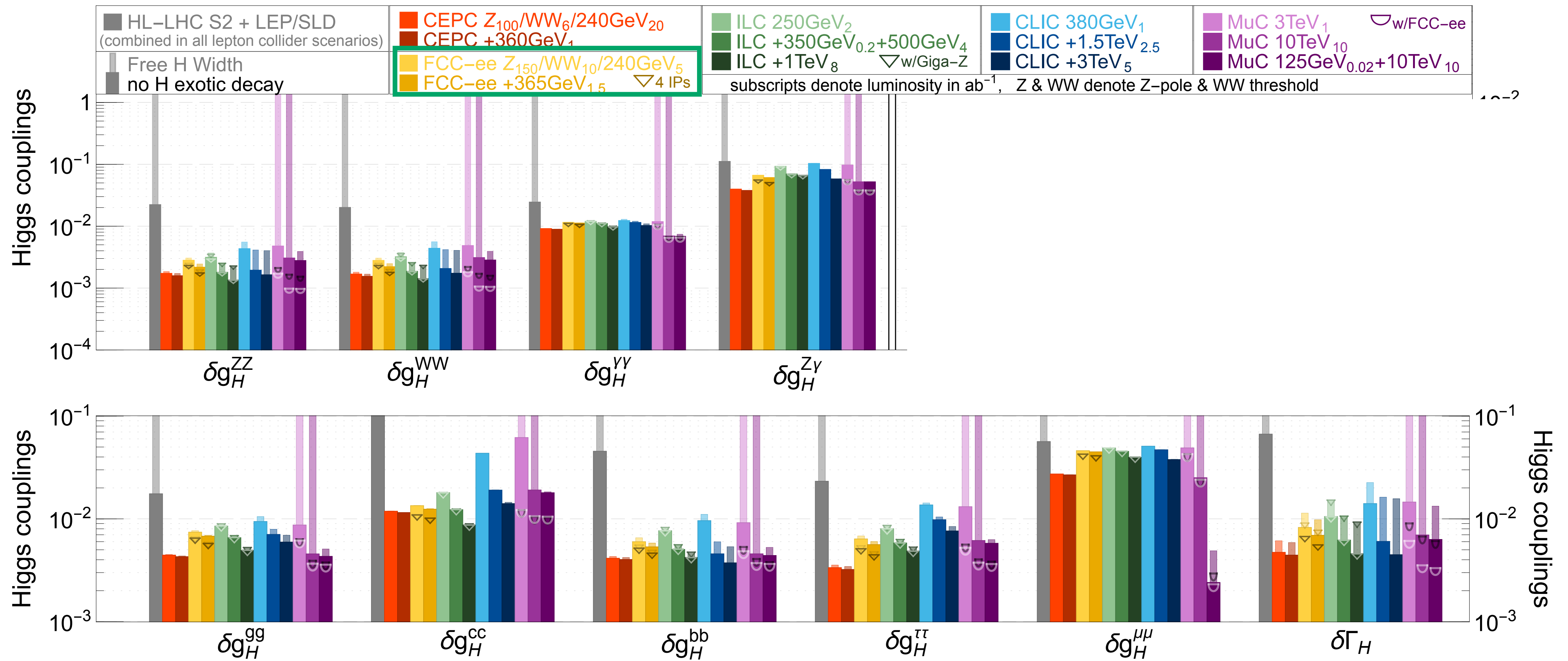
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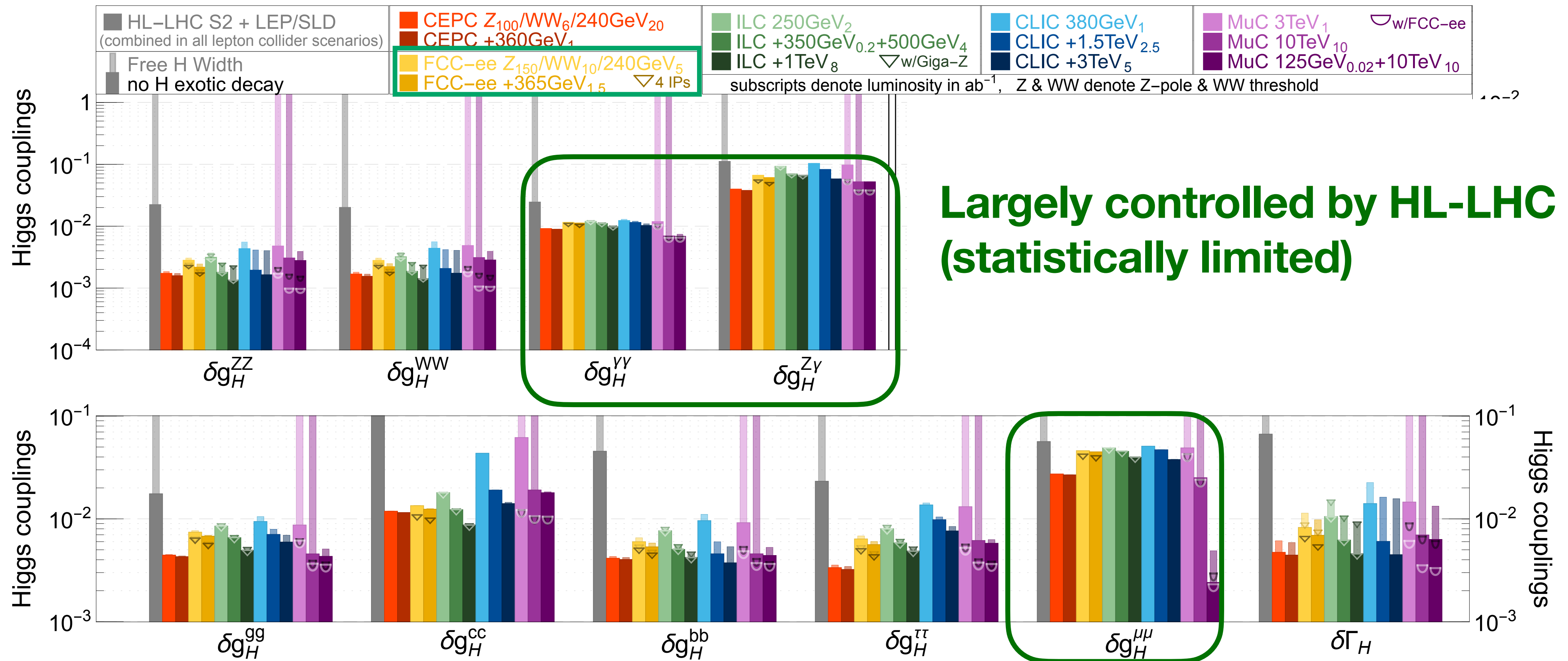
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Largely controlled by HL-LHC (statistically limited)

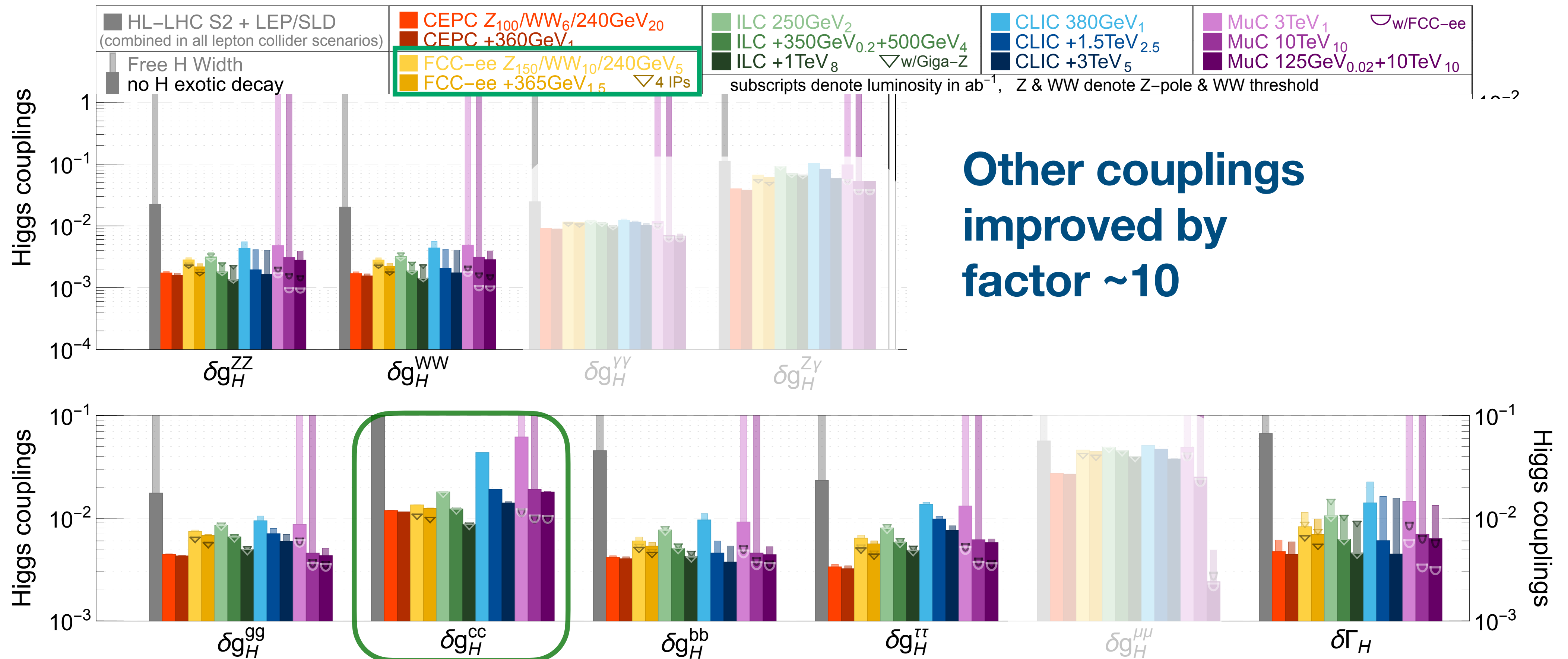
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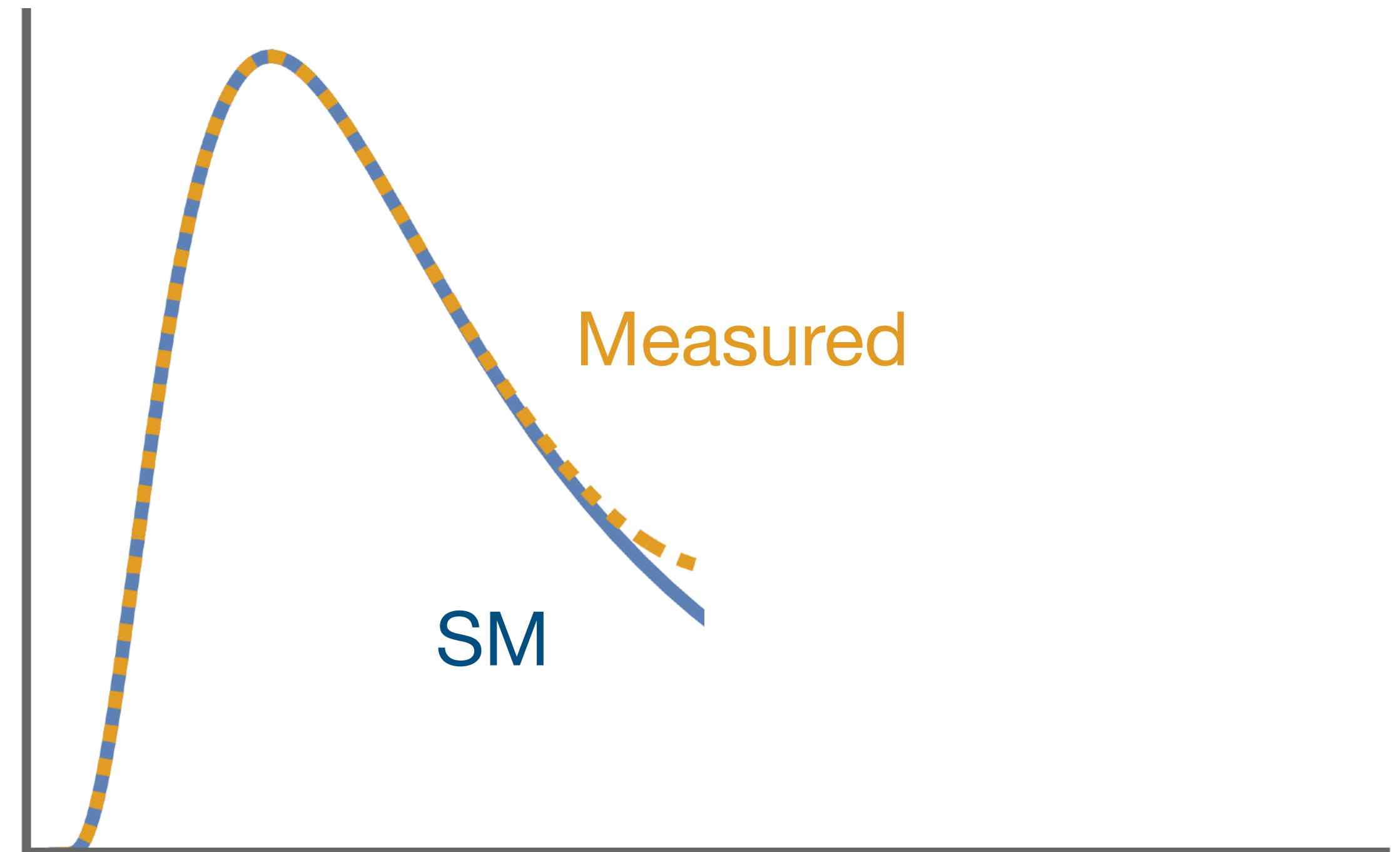
Other couplings improved by factor ~10

Access to 2nd gen quarks

Higgs width -> sensitivity to exotic decays

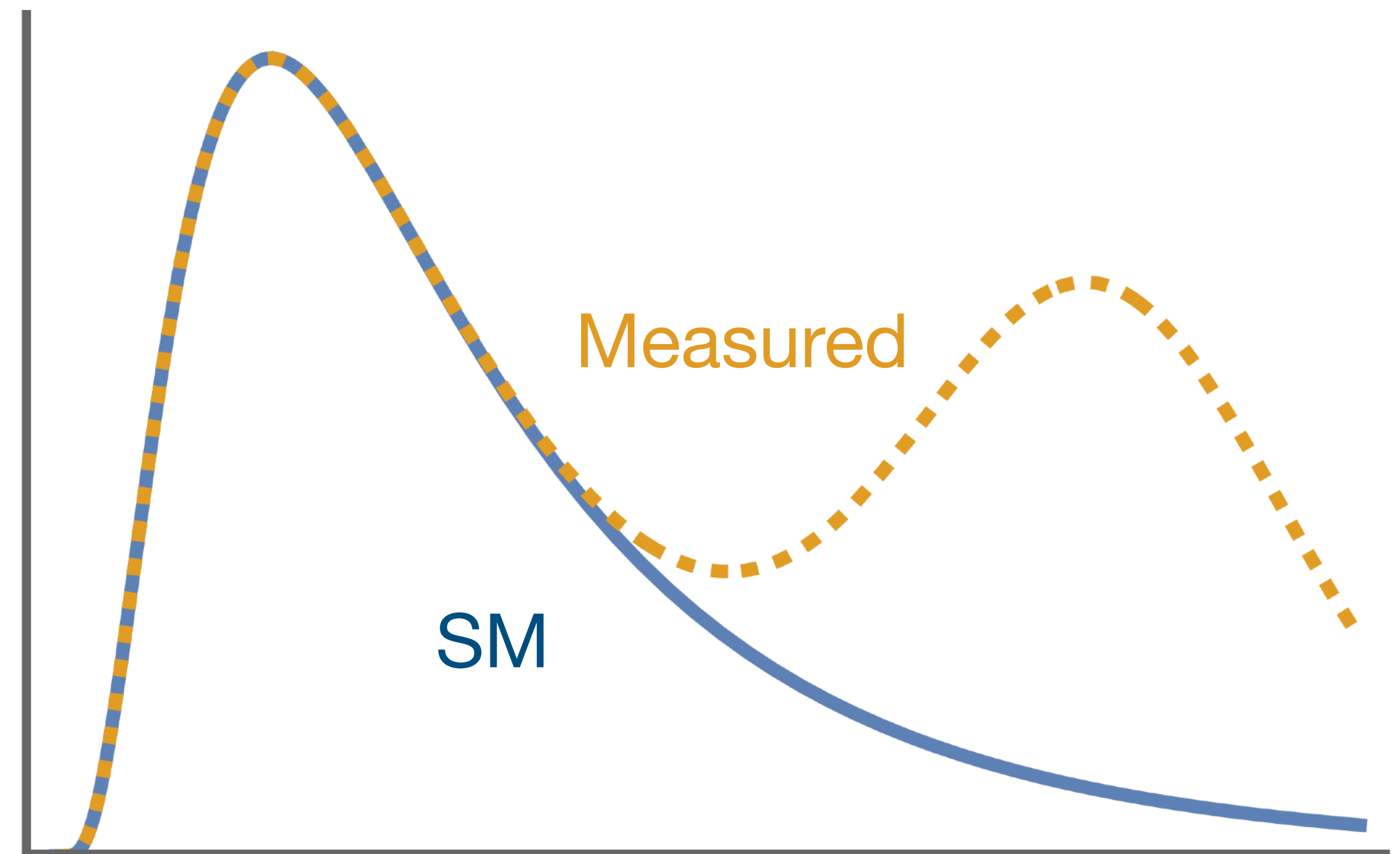
Precision → Exploration

Deviations from SM predictions at low energies could be an indirect hint of new physics at higher energy scales



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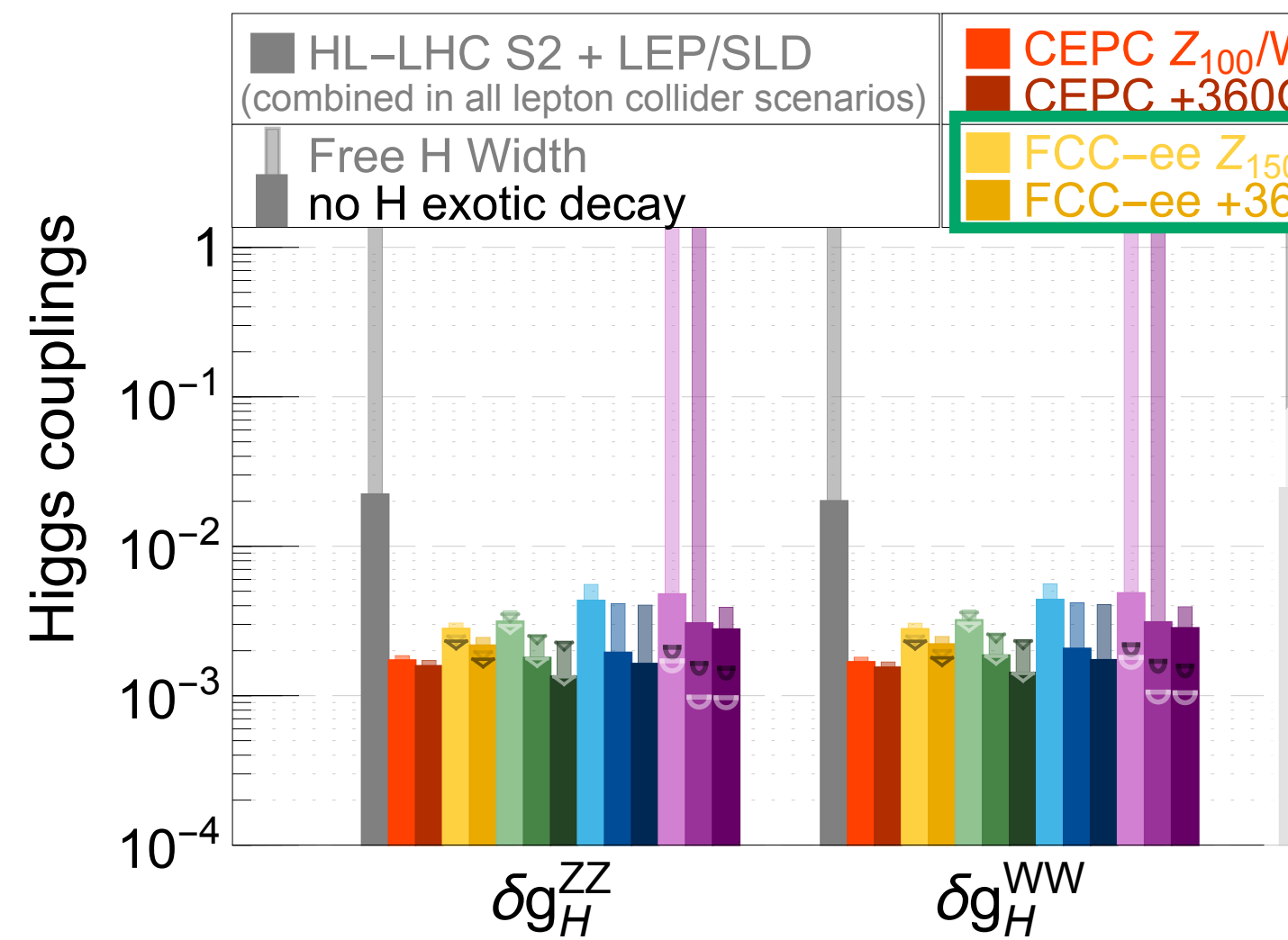
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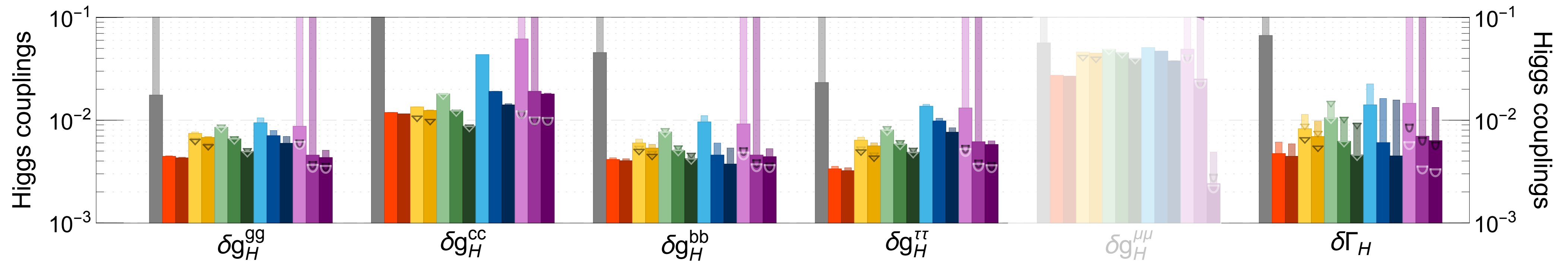
$$g_{XY}^{\text{eff}} = (1 + \delta g_X^Y) g_{XY}^{\text{SM}}$$

(Sub)percent level accuracy needed to test BSM scenarios

[Dawson et al. (1310.8361)]



Model	κ_V	κ_b	κ_γ
Singlet Mixing	$\sim 6\%$	$\sim 6\%$	$\sim 6\%$
2HDM	$\sim 1\%$	$\sim 10\%$	$\sim 1\%$
Decoupling MSSM	$\sim -0.0013\%$	$\sim 1.6\%$	$\sim -0.4\%$
Composite	$\sim -3\%$	$\sim -(3 - 9)\%$	$\sim -9\%$
Top Partner	$\sim -2\%$	$\sim -2\%$	$\sim +1\%$



Access to 2nd gen quarks

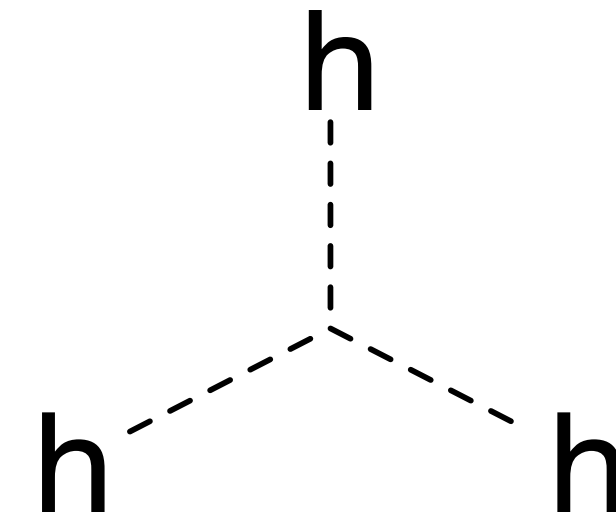
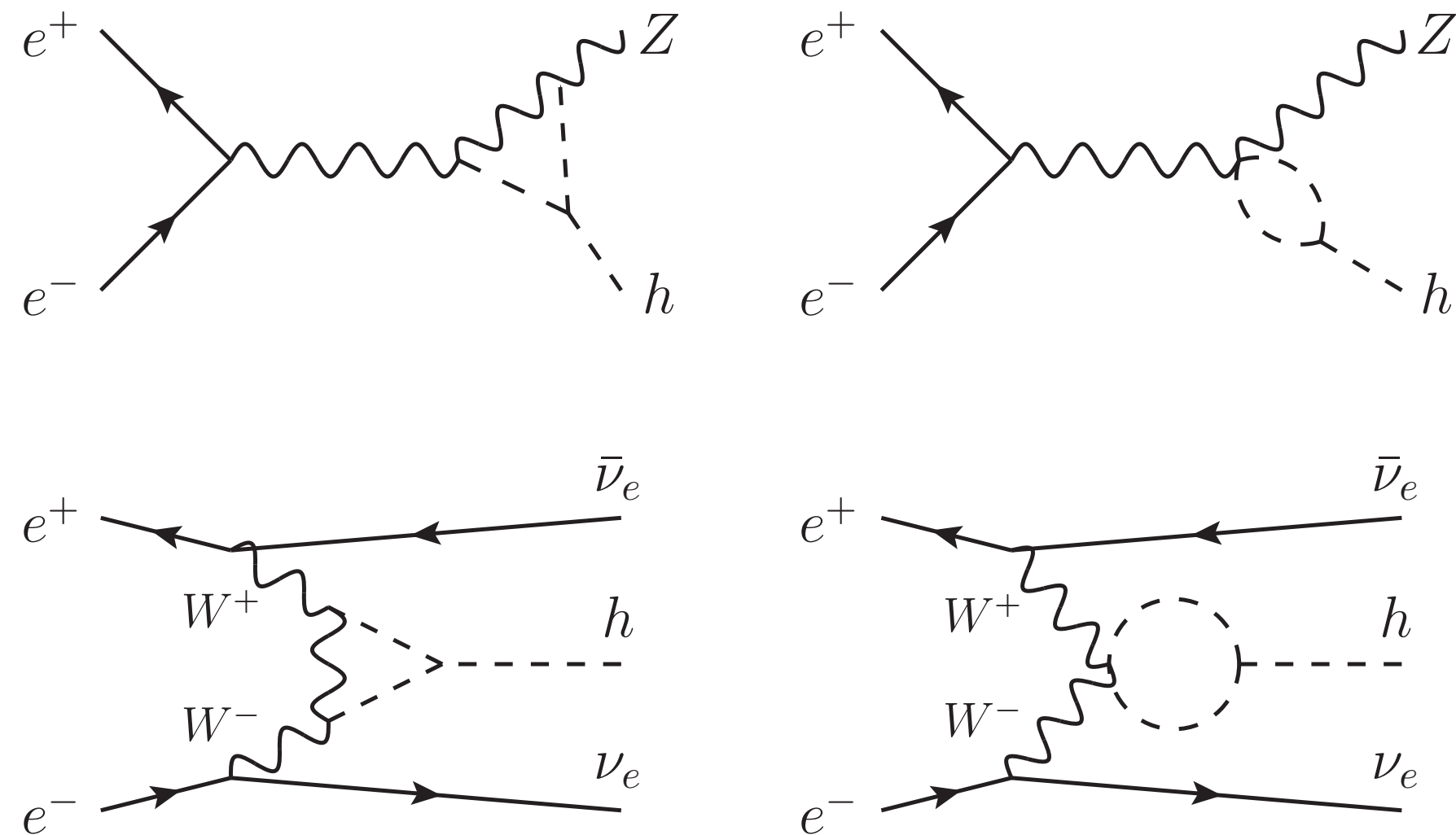
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Higgs width -> sensitivity to exotic decays

Higgs self-coupling

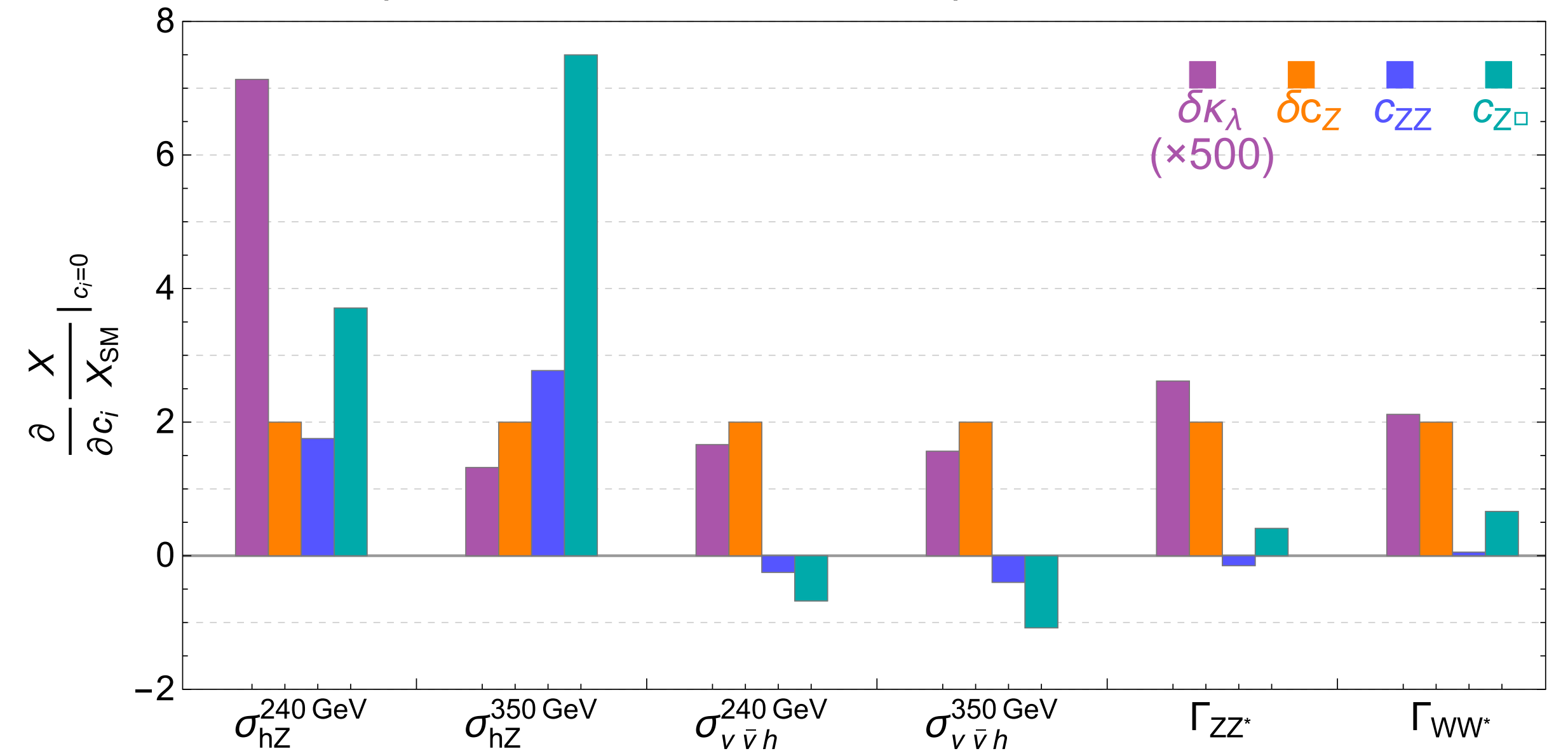
$$V = -\mu^2 |\phi|^2 + \lambda |\phi|^4$$

From single-Higgs



[McCullough ([1312.3322](#))]
 [Di Vita et al. ([1711.03978](#))]

linear dependences of observables to parameters $\delta\kappa_\lambda$, δc_Z , c_{ZZ} , $c_{Z\Box}$

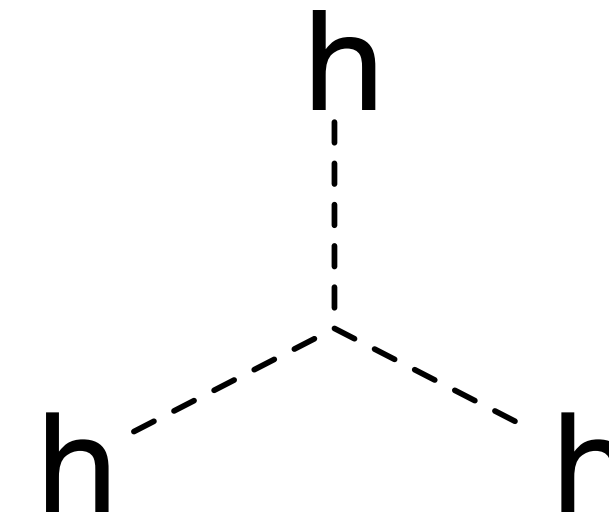


Two runs needed for good sensitivity to κ_λ



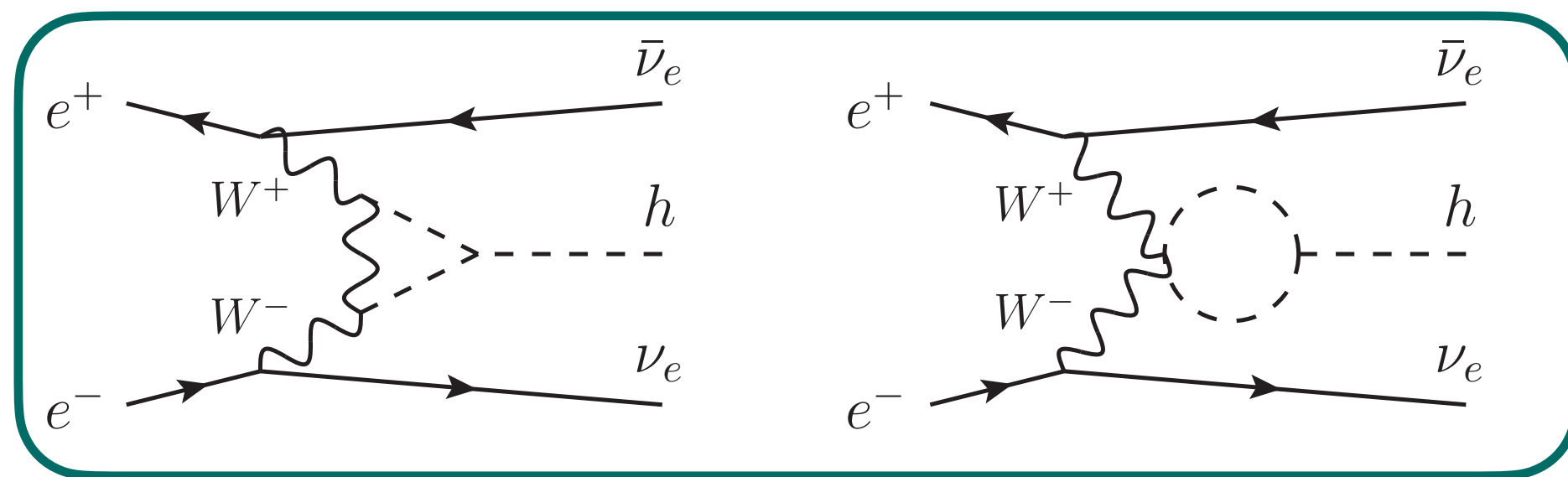
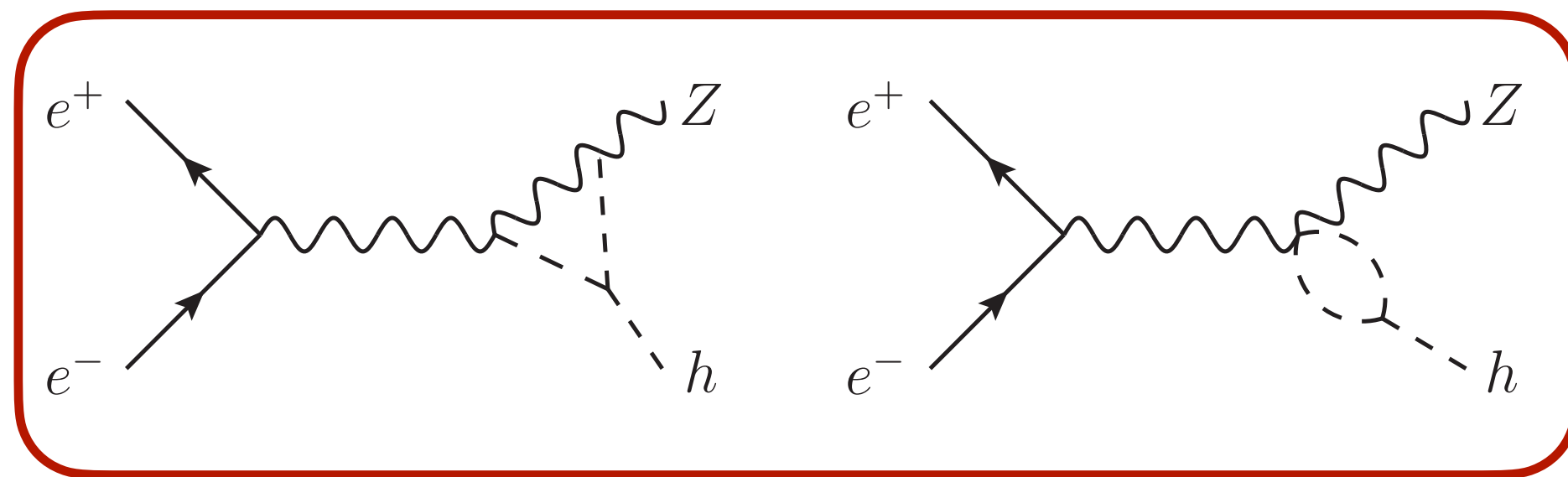
Higgs self-coupling

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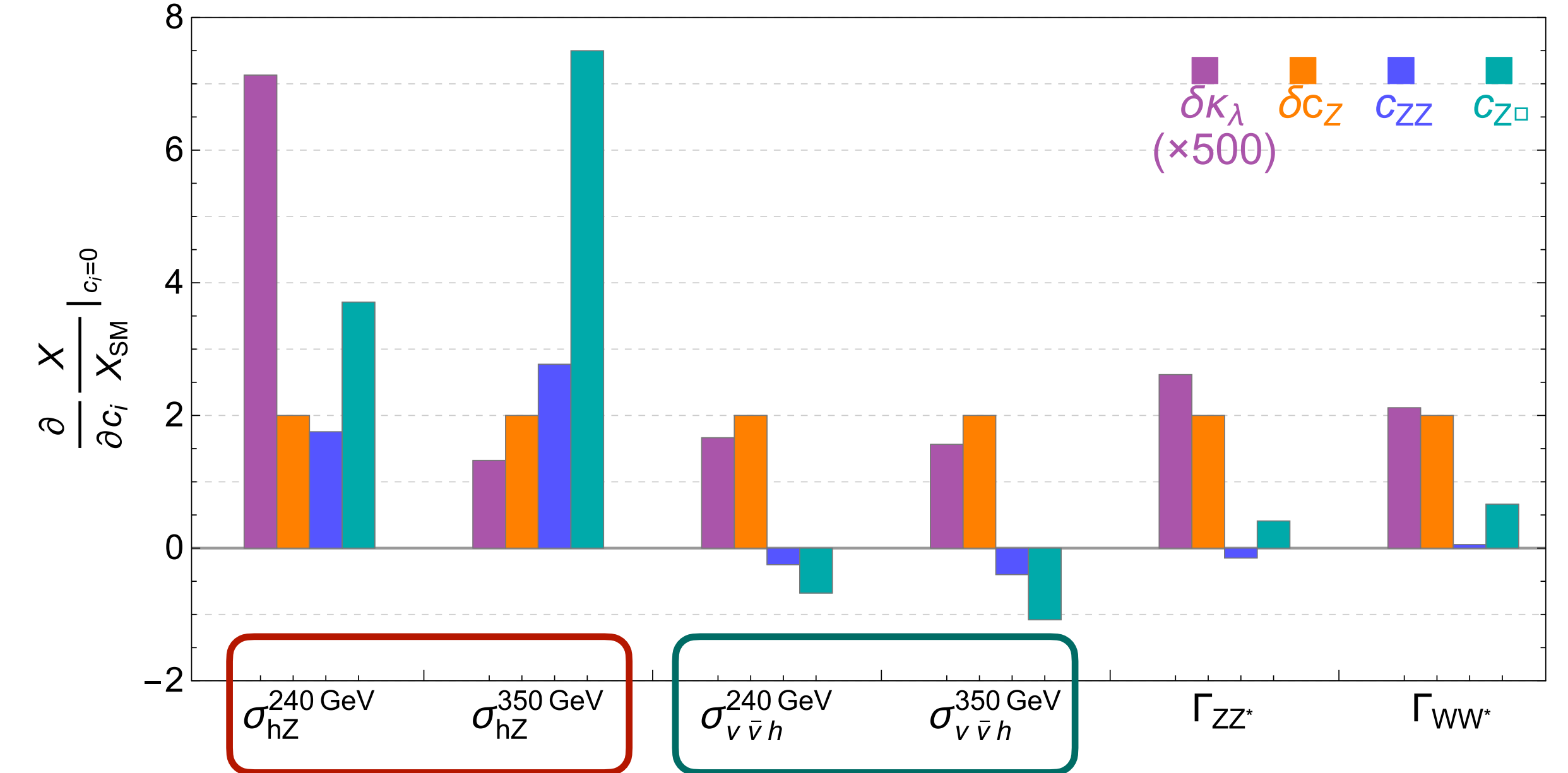


[McCullough (1312.3322)]
 [Di Vita et al. (1711.03978)]

From single-Higgs



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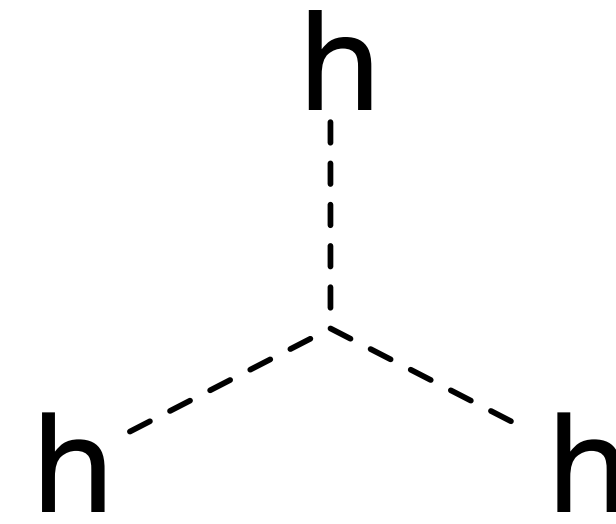


Two runs needed for good sensitivity to κ_λ



Higgs self-coupling II

$$V = -\mu^2 |\phi|^2 + \lambda |\phi|^4$$



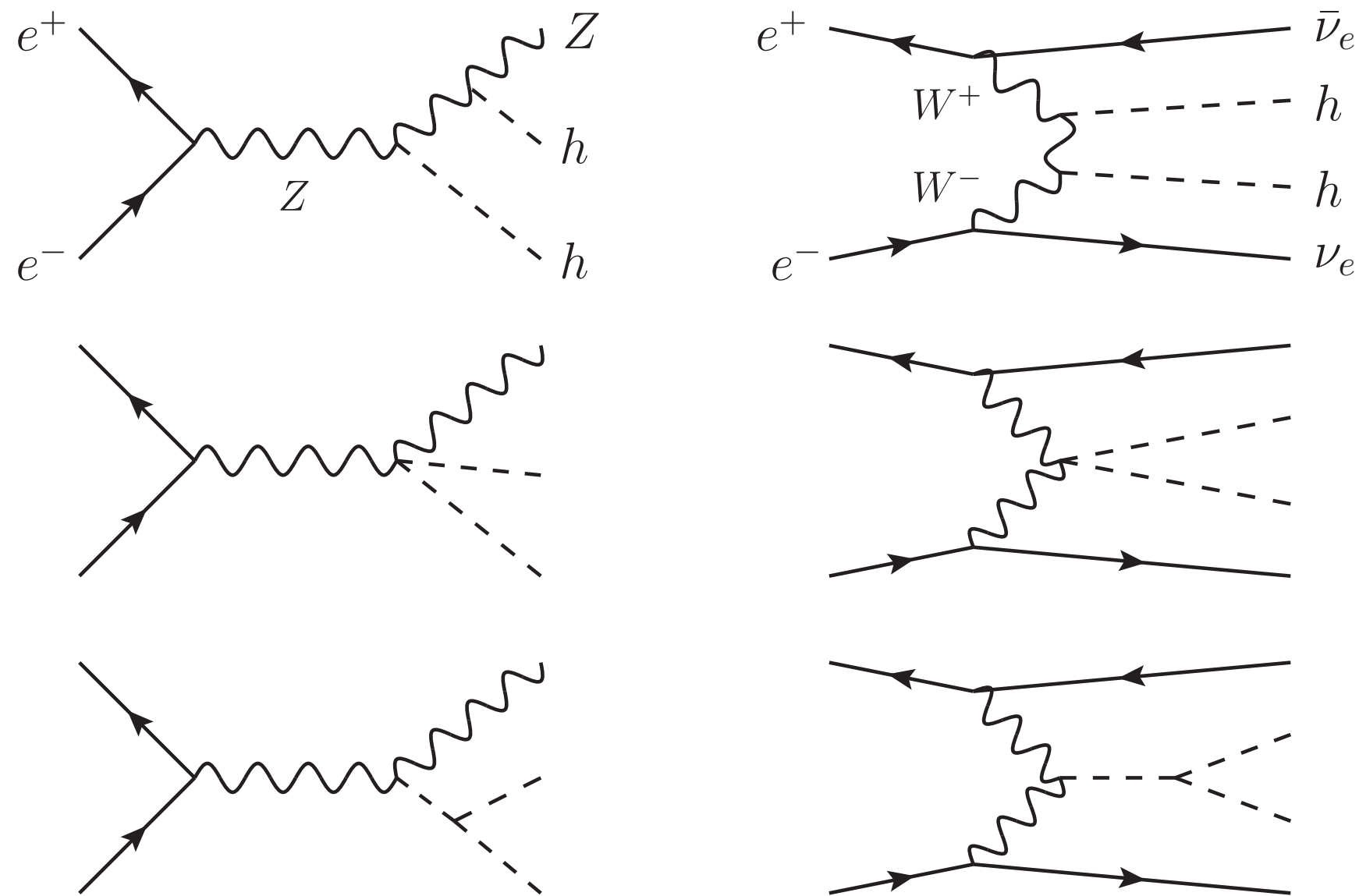
[McCullough ([1312.3322](#))]

[Di Vita et al. ([1711.03978](#))]

[Mangano et al. ([2004.03505](#))]

[AB et al. ([1811.08401](#))]

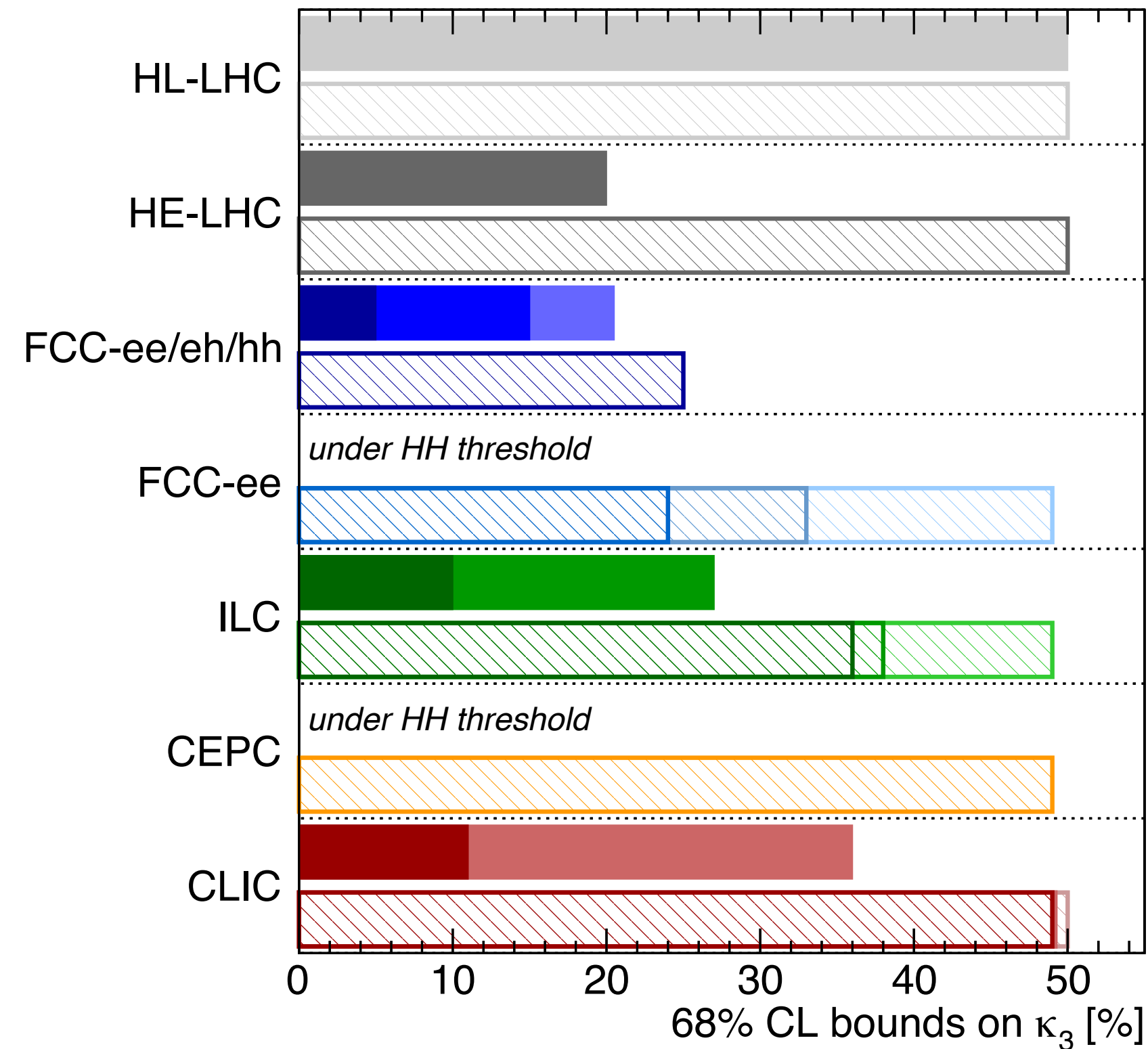
From di-Higgs



Possible for NP to first show up in Higgs self-coupling

[Durieux et al. ([2209.00666](#))]

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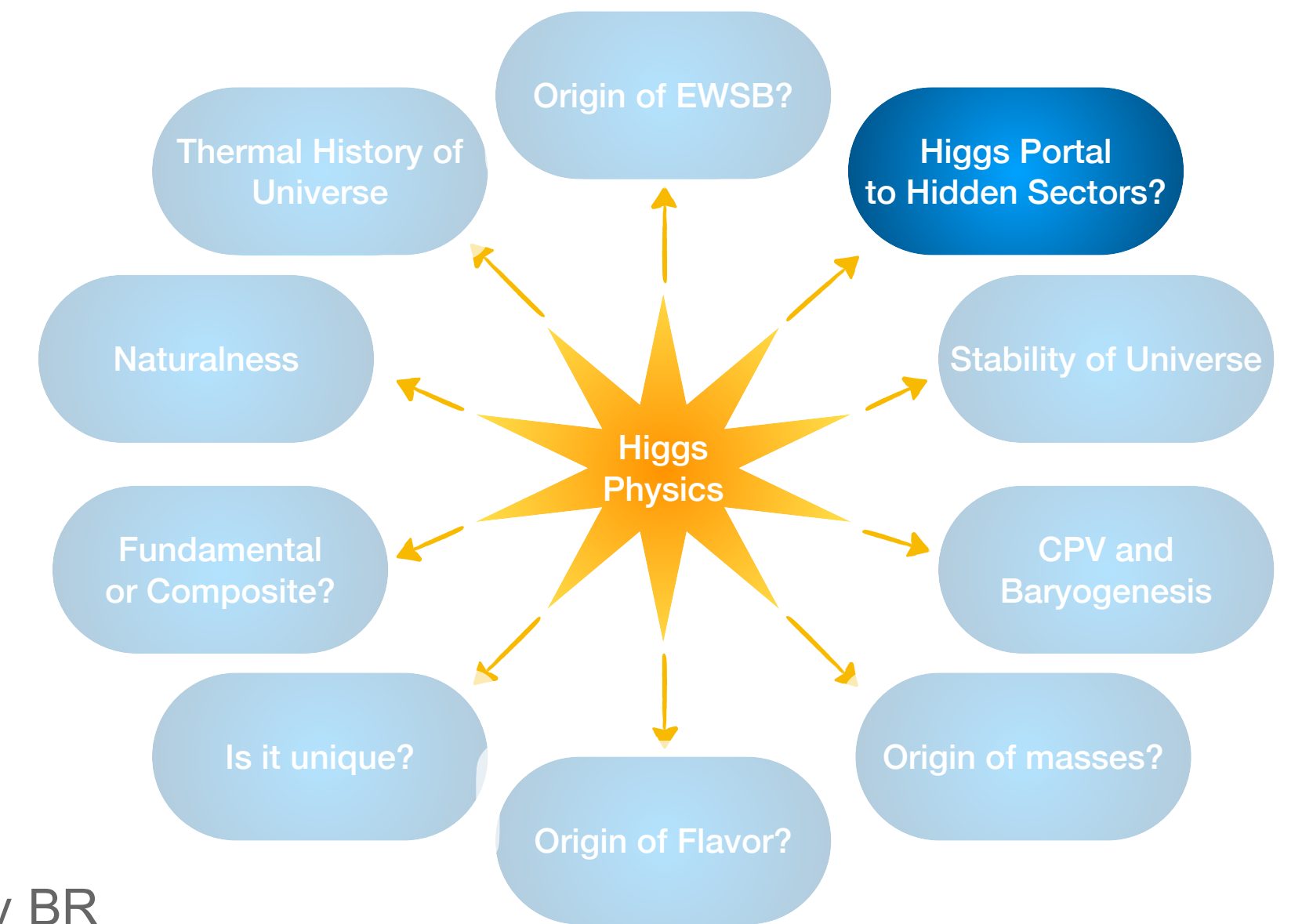
Higgs@FC WG September 2019

di-Higgs	single-Higgs
HL-LHC 50%	HL-LHC 50% (47%)
HE-LHC [10-20%]	HE-LHC 50% (40%)
FCC-ee/eh/hh 5%	FCC-ee/eh/hh 25% (18%)
LE-FCC 15%	LE-FCC n.a.
FCC-eh ₃₅₀₀ -17+24%	FCC-eh ₃₅₀₀ n.a.
	FCC-ee ^{4ip} ₃₆₅ 24% (14%)
	FCC-ee ₃₆₅ 33% (19%)
	FCC-ee ₂₄₀ 49% (19%)
ILC ₁₀₀₀ 10%	ILC ₁₀₀₀ 36% (25%)
ILC ₅₀₀ 27%	ILC ₅₀₀ 38% (27%)
	ILC ₂₅₀ 49% (29%)
	CEPC 49% (17%)
CLIC ₃₀₀₀ -7%+11%	CLIC ₃₀₀₀ 49% (35%)
CLIC ₁₅₀₀ 36%	CLIC ₁₅₀₀ 49% (41%)
	CLIC ₃₈₀ 50% (46%)

All future colliders combined with HL-LHC

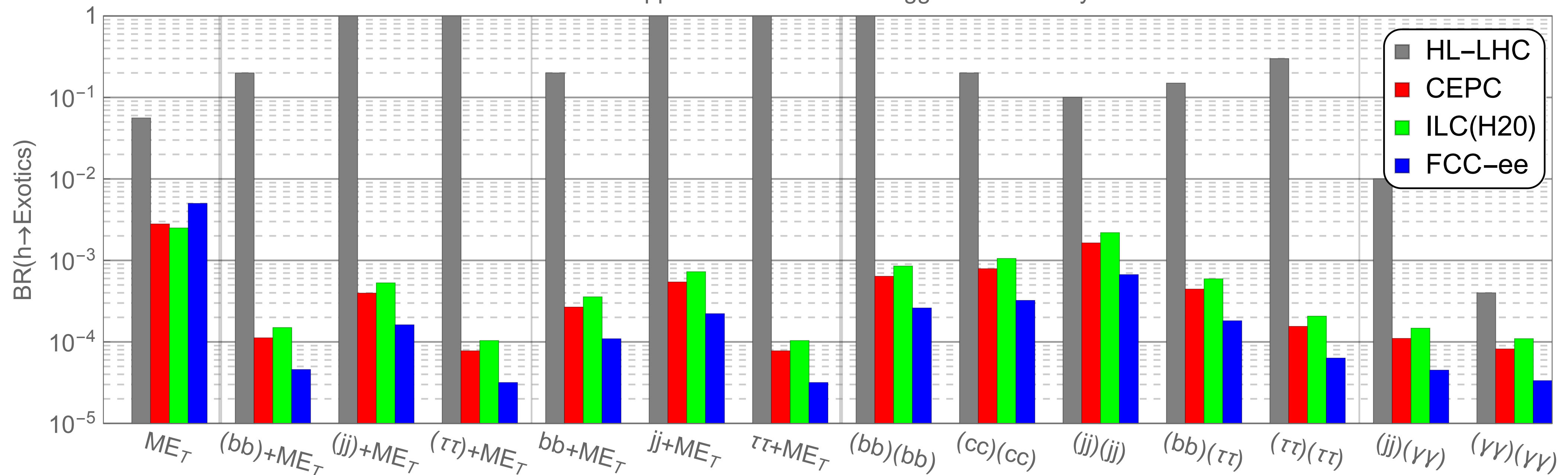
(One-parameter fit)

Exploration: Higgs - exotics

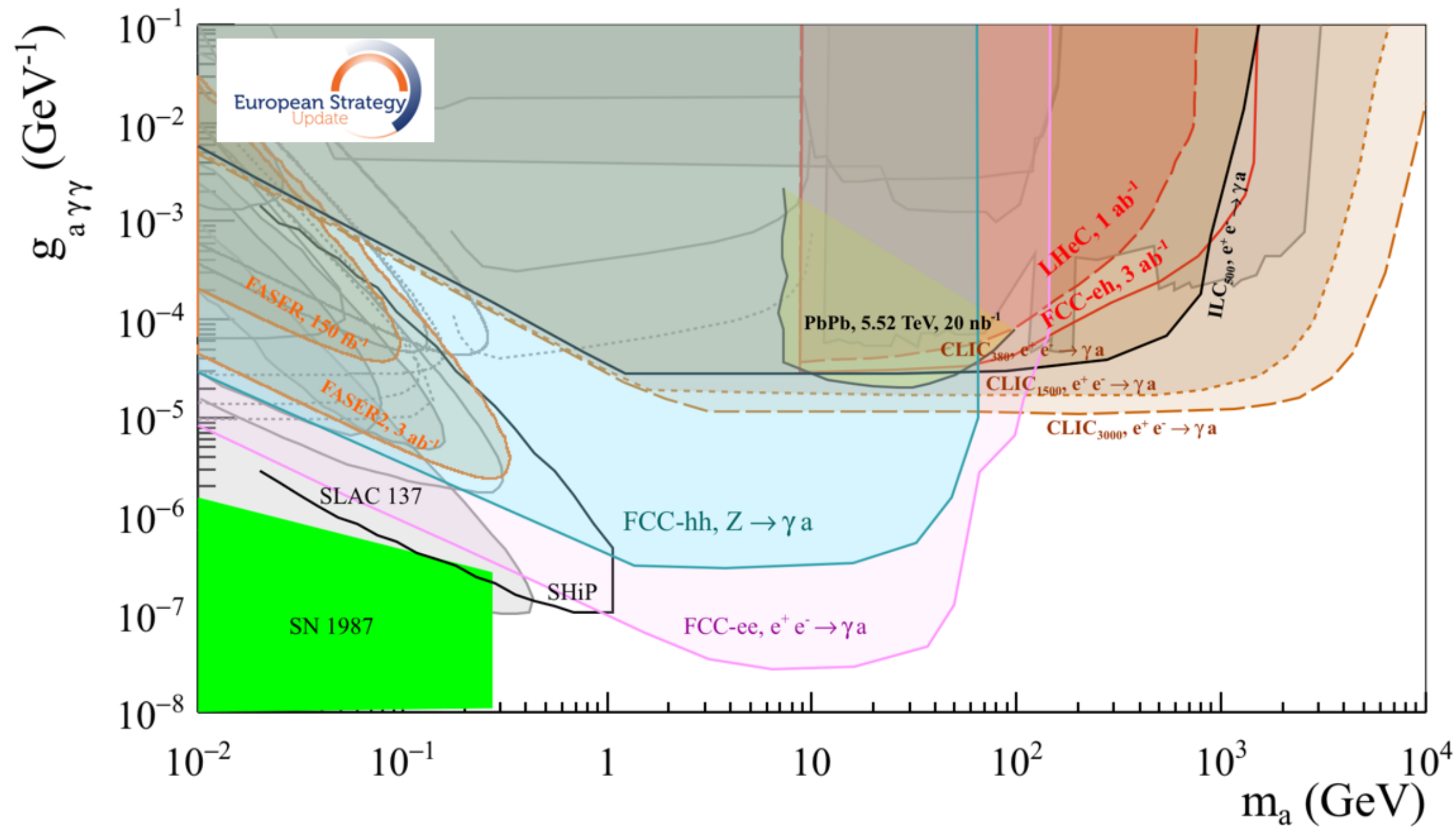


[Liu, Wang, Zhang (1612.09284)]

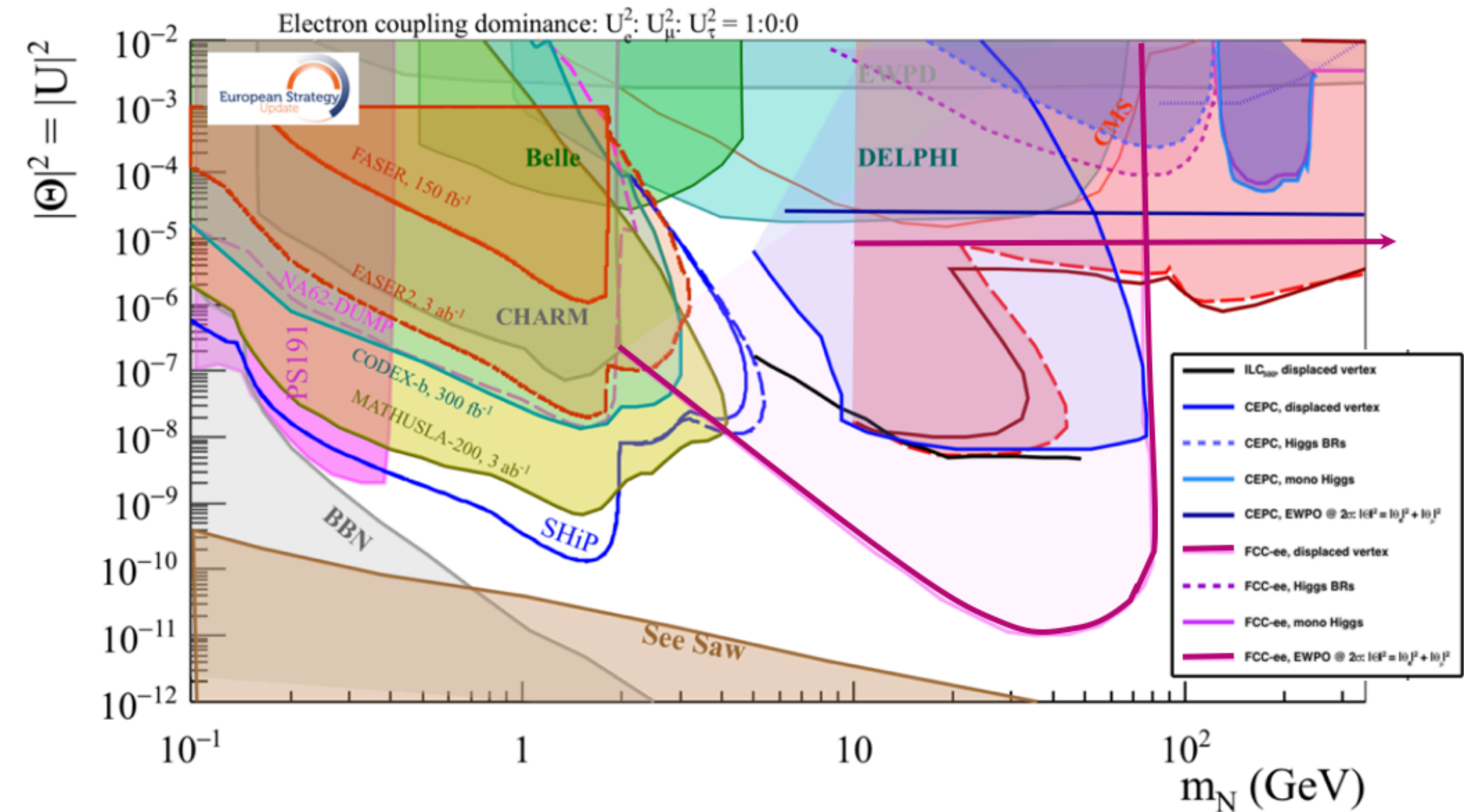
95% C.L. upper limit on selected Higgs Exotic Decay BR



More BSM exploration potential [Bernardi et al. (2203.06520)]



Axion-like particles

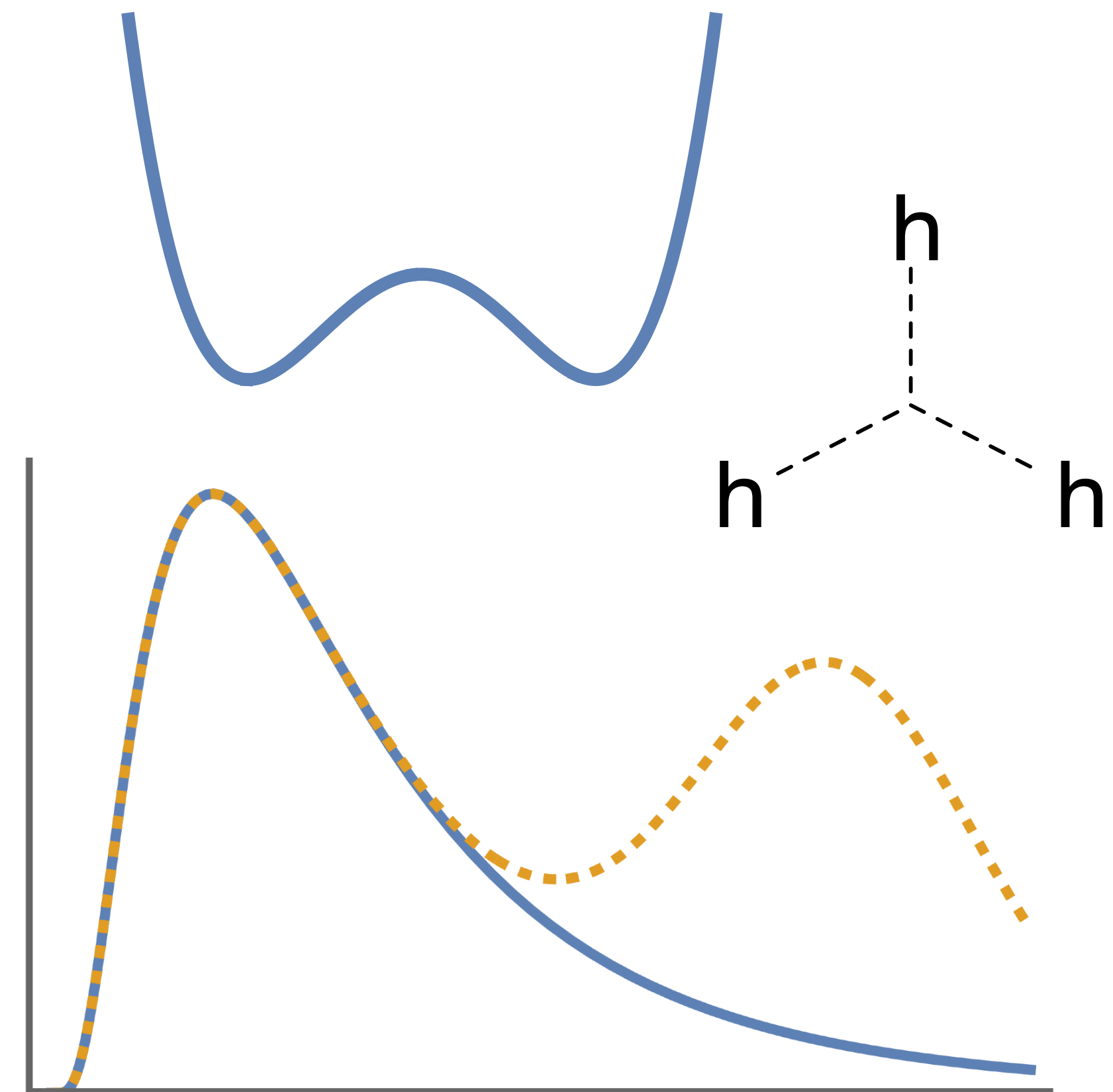


Heavy neutral leptons

Summary

Exciting times ahead if a future collider is built!

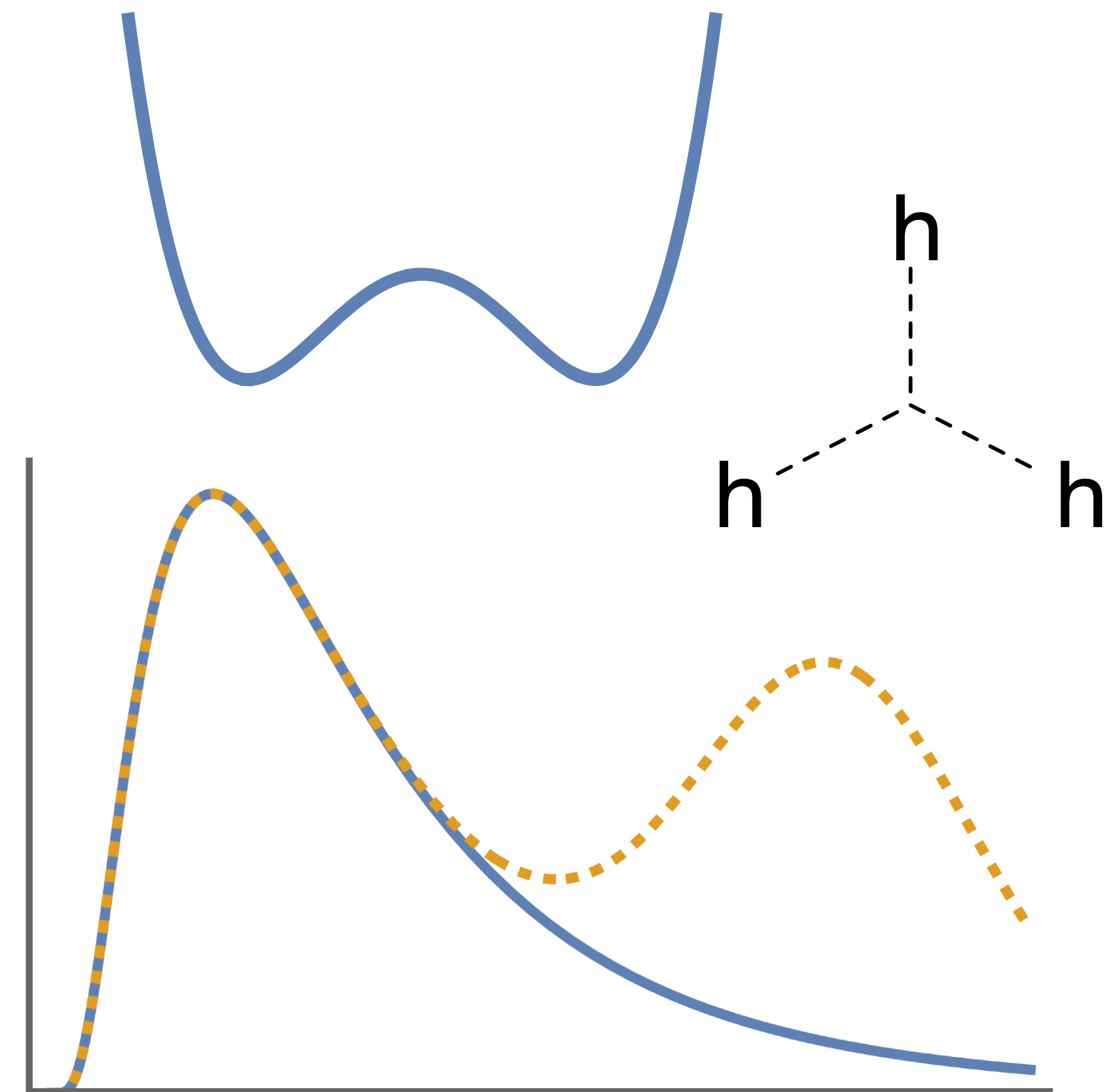
- Guaranteed deliverables:
 - Precision measurements
 - Higgs self-coupling
- Potential direct discoveries



Summary

Exciting times ahead if a future collider is built!

- Guaranteed deliverables:
 - Precision measurements
 - Higgs self-coupling
- Potential direct discoveries



Thank you for your attention!

Backup

References

- HL-LHC [Cepeda et al. ([1902.00134](#))]
 - ILC [Adachi et al. ([2203.07622](#))]
 - CLIC [Robson, Rologg ([1812.01644](#))]
 - FCC [Bernardi et al. ([2203.06520](#))]
 - CEPC [Cheng et al. ([2205.08553](#))]
 - MuC [Forslund, Meade ([2203.09425](#))], [de Blas, Gu, Liu ([2203.04324](#))]
-
- Lepton colliders [de Blas et al. ([1907.04311](#))]
 - Global SMEFT fits at future colliders [de Blas et al. ([2206.08326](#))]
 - HE-LHC [AB et al. ([1811.08401](#))]
 - HepFit [de Blas et al. ([1910.14012](#))]

Higgs couplings fits: ESU2020 → Snowmass

- **Snowmass:** Summary of collider scenarios considered in the SMEFT studies



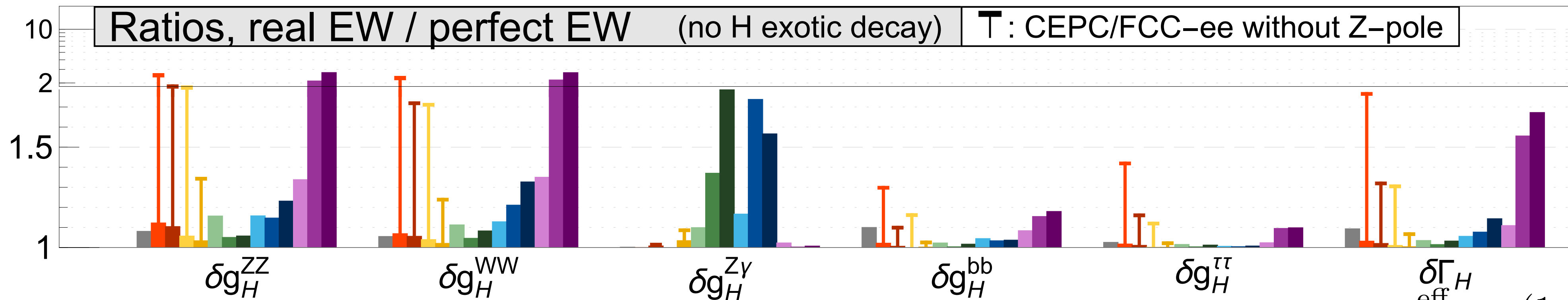
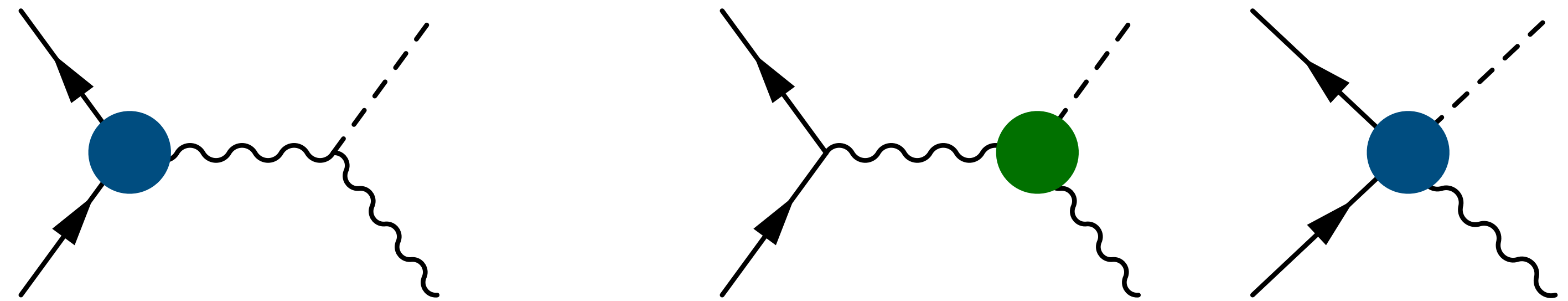
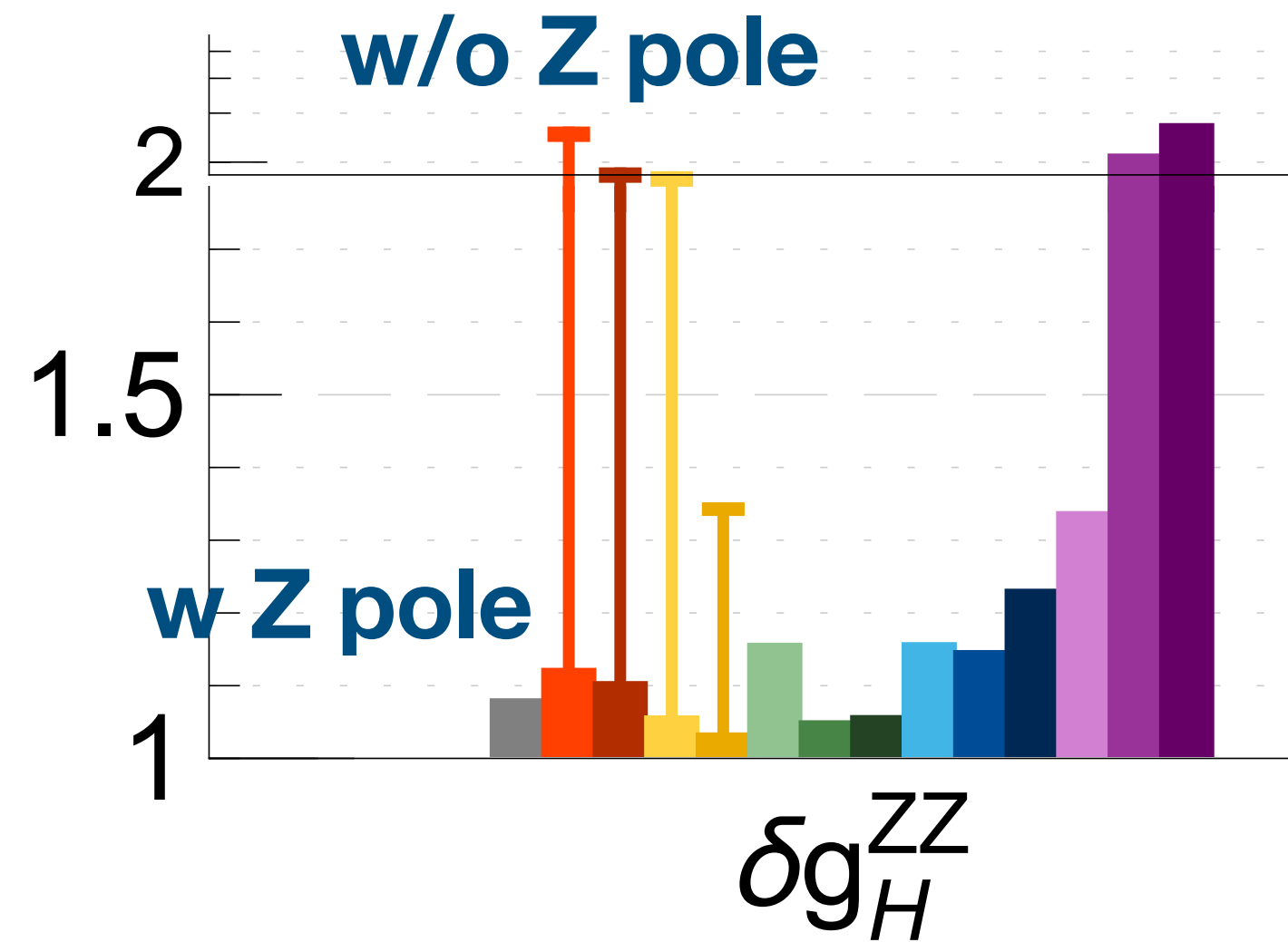
Machine	Pol. (e^-, e^+)	Energy	Luminosity
HL-LHC	Unpolarised	14 TeV	3 ab ⁻¹
ILC	(∓80%, ±30%)	250 GeV	2 ab ⁻¹
		350 GeV	0.2 ab ⁻¹
	(∓80%, ±20%)	500 GeV	4 ab ⁻¹
		1 TeV	8 ab ⁻¹
CLIC	(±80%, 0%)	380 GeV	1 ab ⁻¹
		1.5 TeV	2.5 ab ⁻¹
		3 TeV	5 ab ⁻¹
FCC- <i>ee</i>	Unpolarised	Z-pole	150 ab ⁻¹
		$2m_W$	10 ab ⁻¹
		240 GeV	5 ab ⁻¹
		350 GeV	0.2 ab ⁻¹
CEPC	Unpolarised	365 GeV	1.5 ab ⁻¹
		Z-pole	100 ab ⁻¹
		$2m_W$	6 ab ⁻¹
		240 GeV	20 ab ⁻¹
MuC	Unpolarised	350 GeV	0.2 ab ⁻¹
		360 GeV	1 ab ⁻¹
		125 GeV	0.02 ab ⁻¹
		3 TeV	3 ab ⁻¹
		10 TeV	10 ab ⁻¹



Higgs - EW interplay

[de Blas et al. (1907.04311)]

[de Blas et al. (2206.08326)]



$$g_{XY}^{\text{eff}} = (1 + \delta g_X^Y) g_{XY}^{\text{SM}}$$

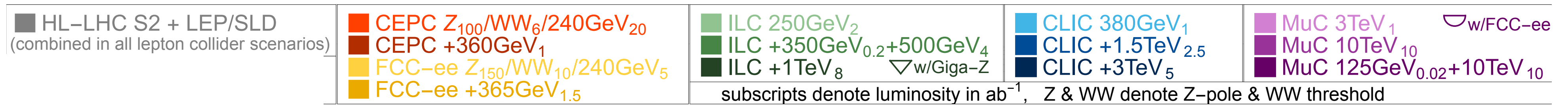
Precision: Electroweak

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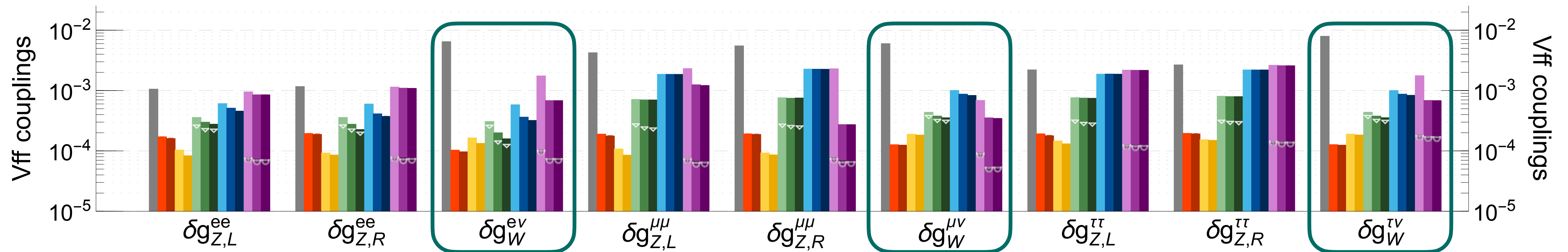
Circular

Linear

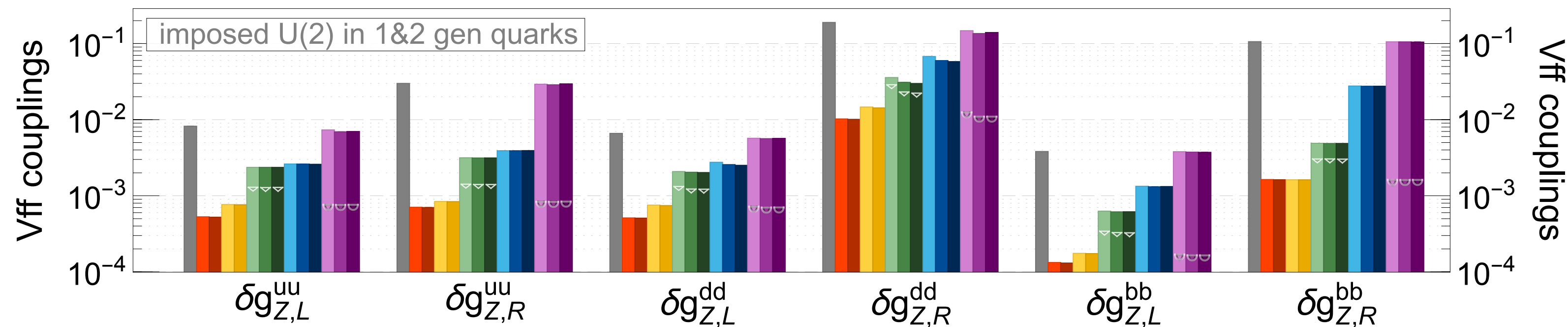
Muon



Leptons



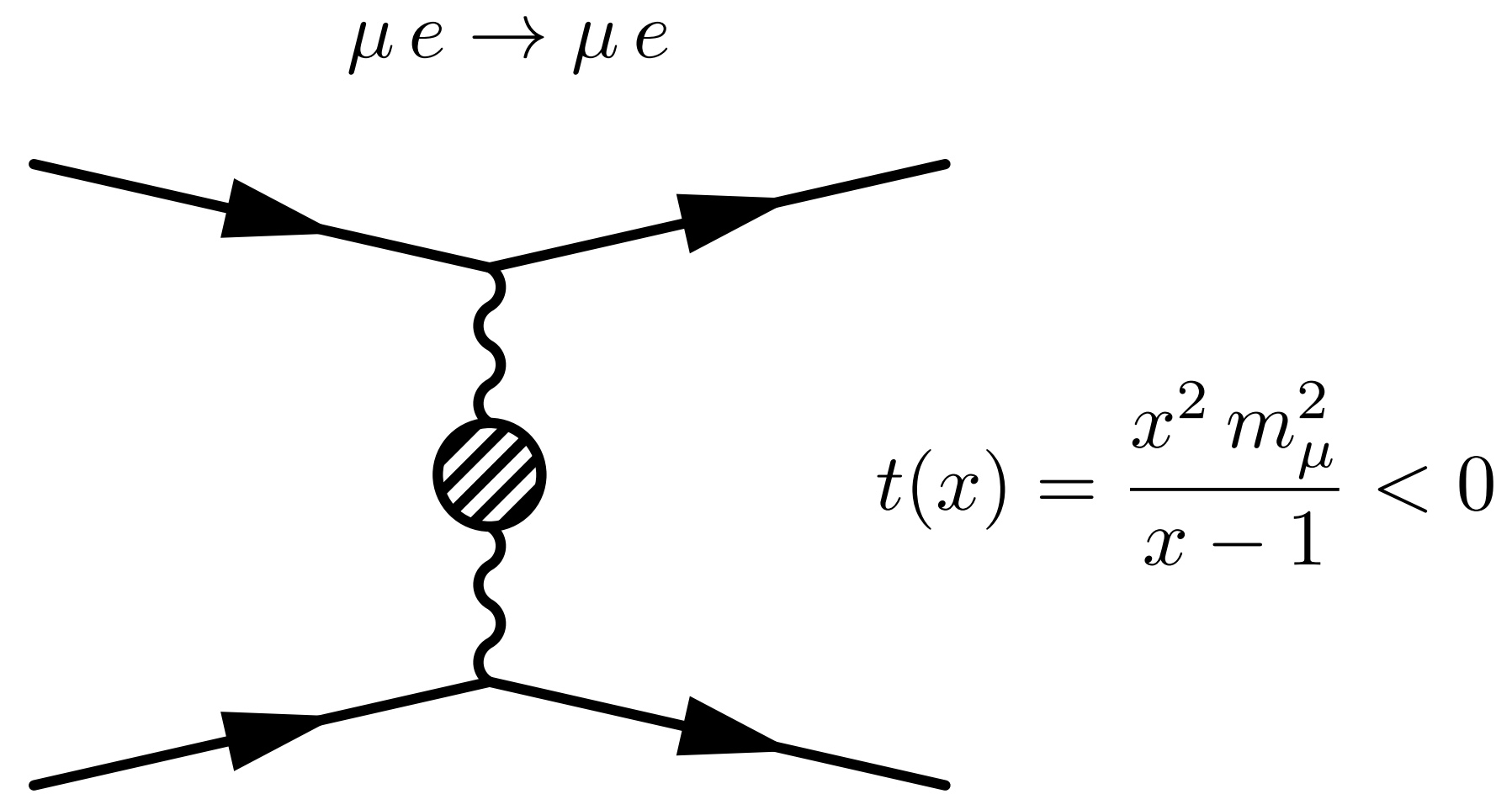
Quarks



MUonE experiment @ CERN

$$a_{\mu}^{\text{HLO}} = \frac{\alpha_0}{\pi} \int_0^1 dx (1-x) \Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}[t(x)]$$

Will shed light on muon g-2 anomaly



[Matteuzzi et al. (MUonE)]

