

Digital Twins: Introduction and Use Cases

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NASA Apollo 13



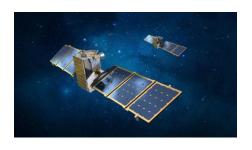








Digital Twin Industries





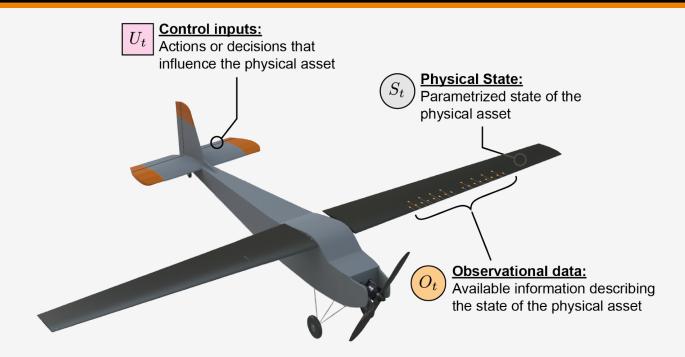




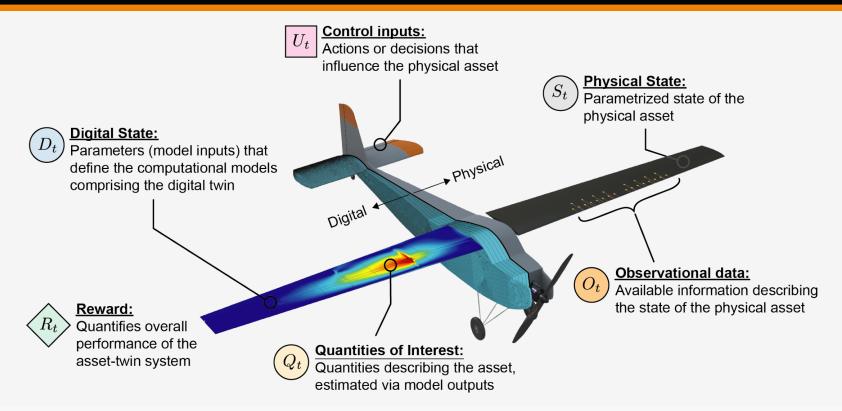


A digital twin is a virtual representation of an object or system helping in decision-making and prediction. It takes in real-time data and keeps track of the lifecycle of the object or system.

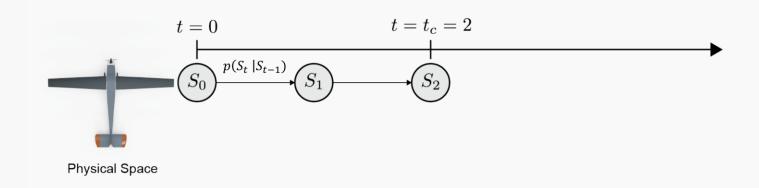




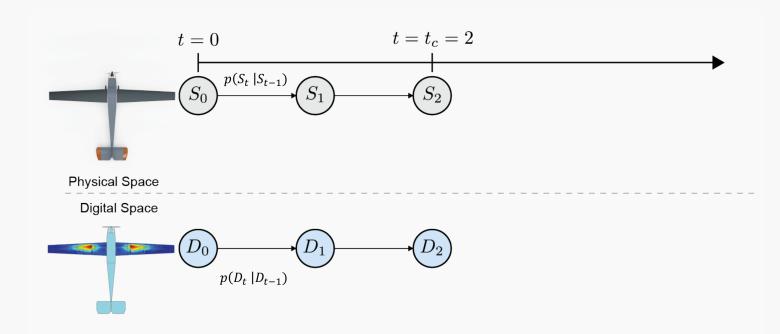




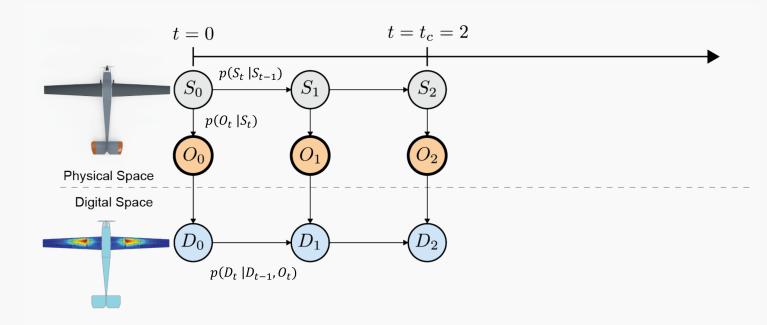




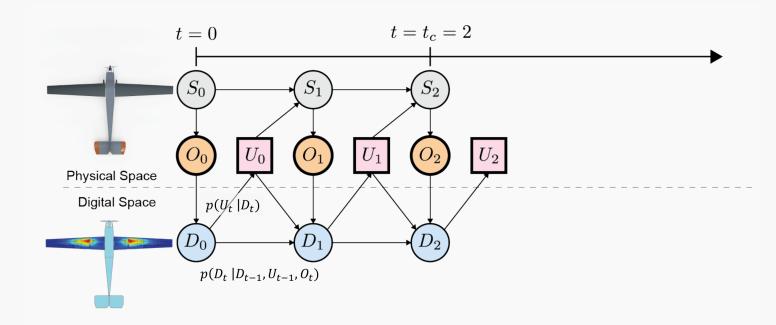




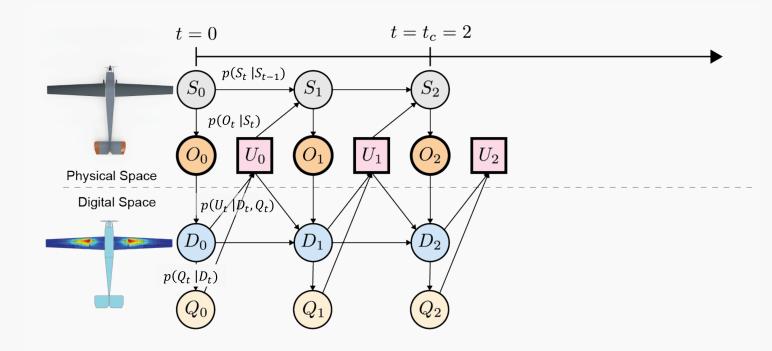




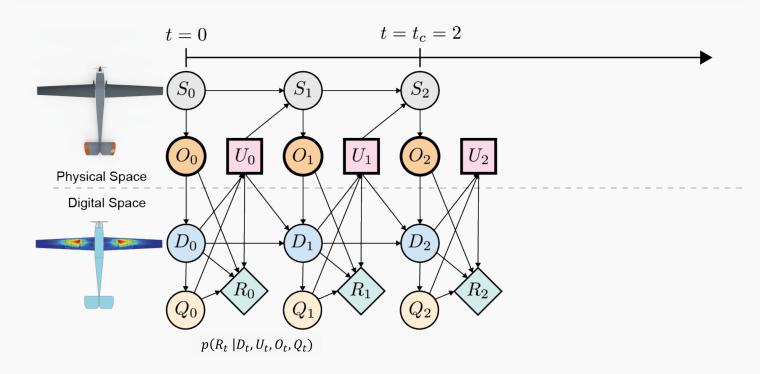




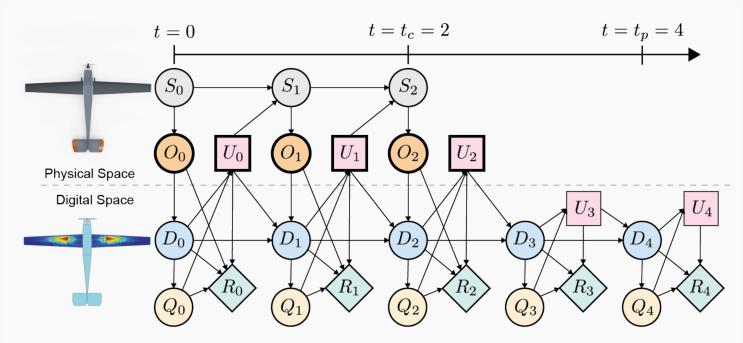












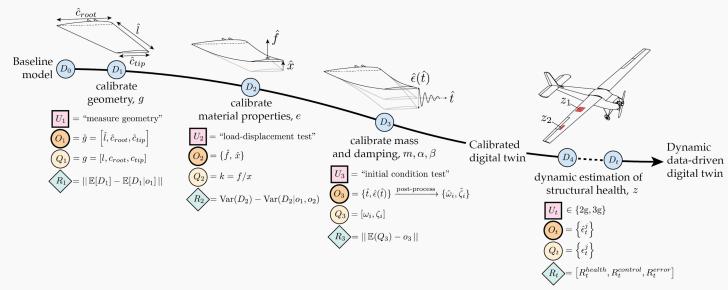
[1] Willcox K. et al., Predictive Digital Twins, CIS Digital Twin Days, 2021

Graph represents joint probability distribution: $p\left(D_0,\dots,D_{t_p},Q_0,\dots,Q_{t_p},R_0,\dots,R_{t_p},U_{t_c+1},\dots,U_{t_p}\ \middle|\ o_0,\dots,o_{t_c},u_0,\dots,u_{t_c}\right)$

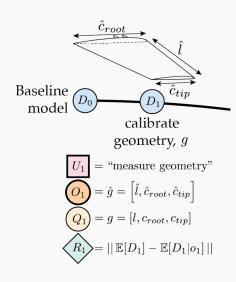
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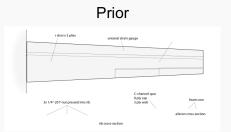


Creating and evolving a structural digital twin for an unmanned aerial vehicle

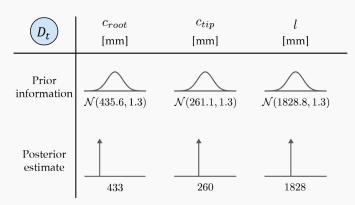




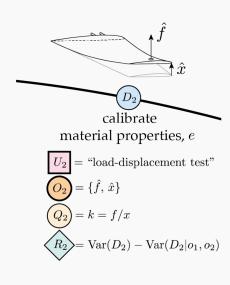


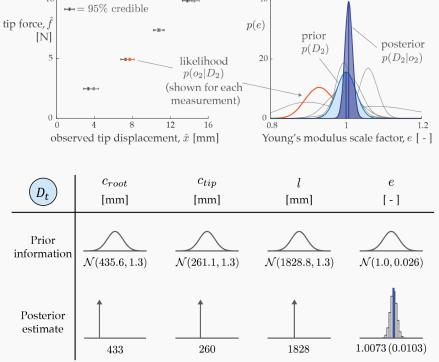




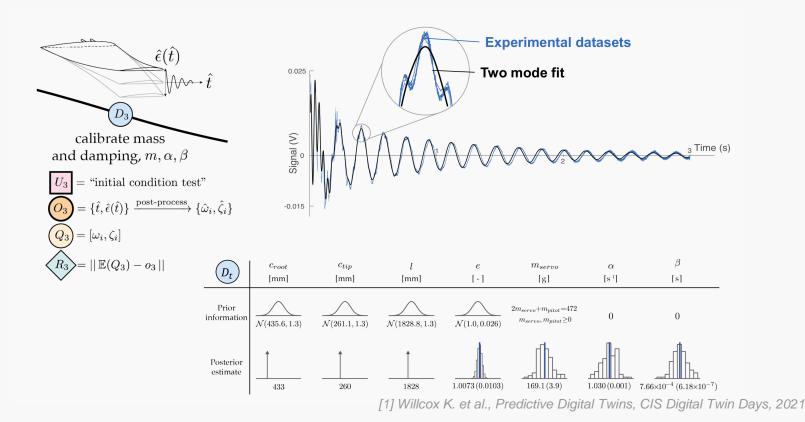




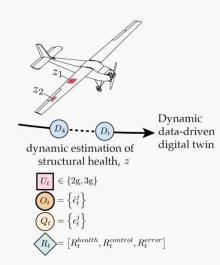








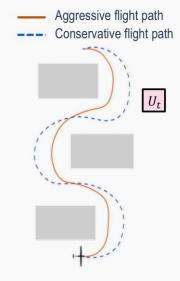




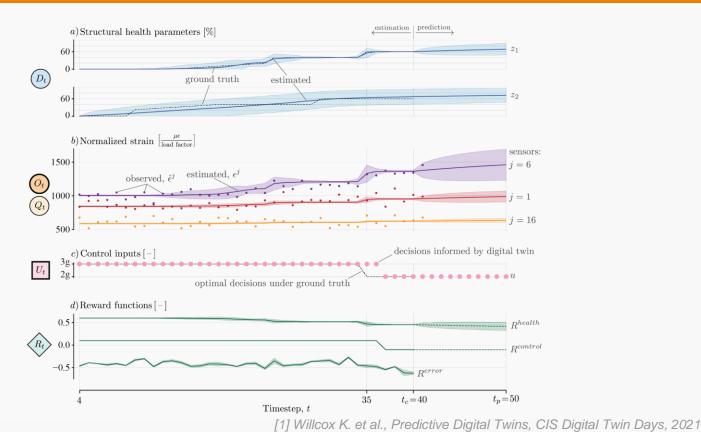
- · Aircraft undergoes in-flight structural health degradation
- 24 wing-mounted sensors Ot provide noisy strain data



- Digital twin is dynamically updated and used to drive mission re-planning
- · Scenarios are simulated in ROS

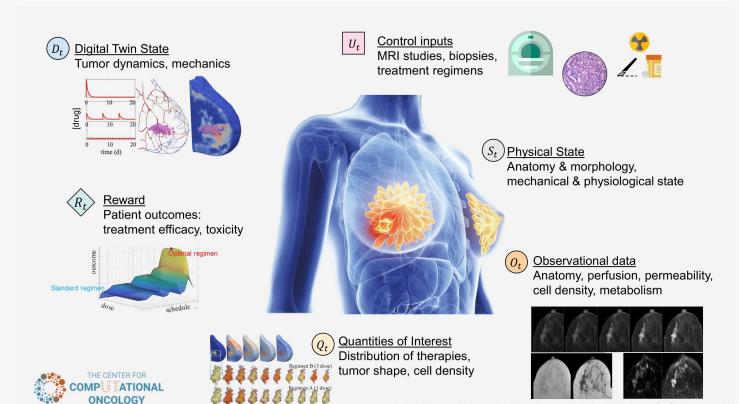






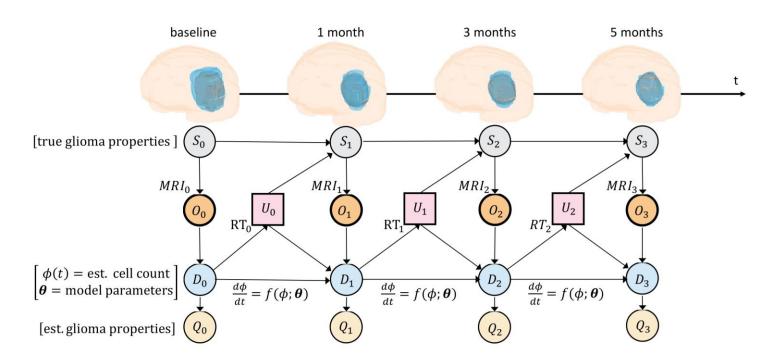


Digital Twin of Patient





Digital Twin of Patient





interTwin overall objective

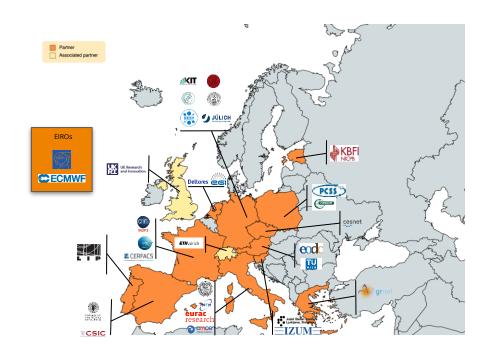
Co-design and implement the prototype of an interdisciplinary Digital Twin Engine.

Digital Twin Engine

- It is an open-source platform based on open standards.
- It offers the capability to integrate with application-specific Digital Twins.
- Its functional specifications and implementation are based on
 - a co-designed interoperability framework
 - conceptual model of a DT for research the DTE blueprint architecture.



Consortium Overview



EGI Foundation as coordinator



Participants, including 1 affiliated entity and 2 associated partners

Consortium at a glance

10 Providers

cloud, HTC , HPC resources and access to Quantum systems

11
Technology providers delivering the

delivering the DTE infrastructure and horizontal capabilities

14 Community representants

from 5 scientific areas; requirements and developing DT applications and thematic modules



Link with Destination Earth

Collaboration with ECMWF

Demonstrators of **data handling across interTwin and DestinE DTs** for the Extremes and Climate in production-type configurations.

Collaboration with DestinE

Development of **common software architecture concepts** that are also **applicable to other major DTs initiatives**.





Online Learning

The DTE shall enable handling **stream of data** larger than 10MB/s

Federated Learning

The DTE shall to able to **transmit/receive data synchronically** (at least **aperiodically**) between different HPC providers

Hyperparameter Optimization
 The DTE shall support HPO frameworks
 (RayTune, etc).

Unified access to infrastructure

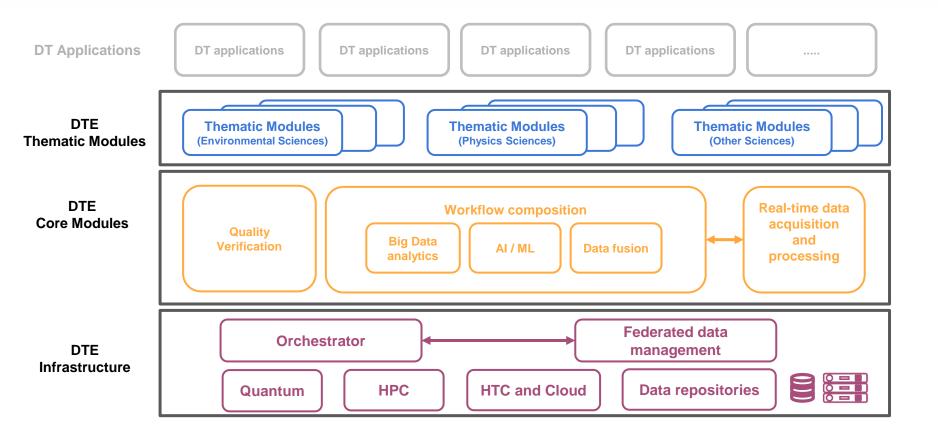
DTE shall enable **homogeneous** security and access policies, resource accounting to HPC, HTC and cloud providers

 Bridge difference in infrastructure needs

The DTE shall be usable by sciences with vast differences in compute/storage needs

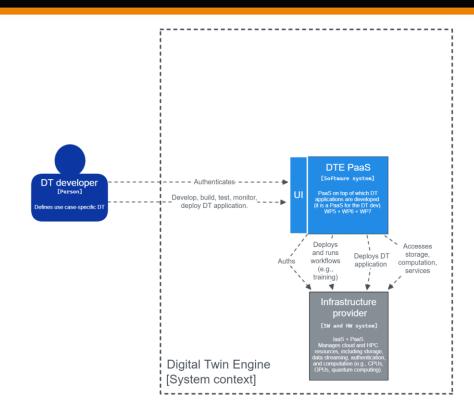


interTwin components



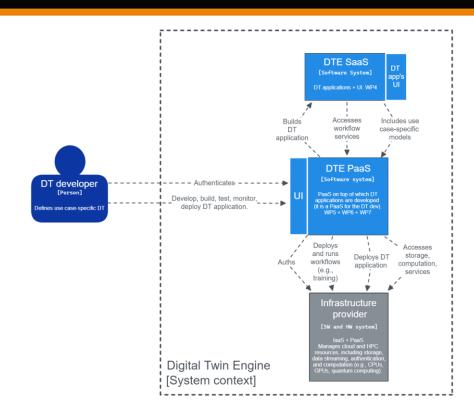


Digital Twin Engine



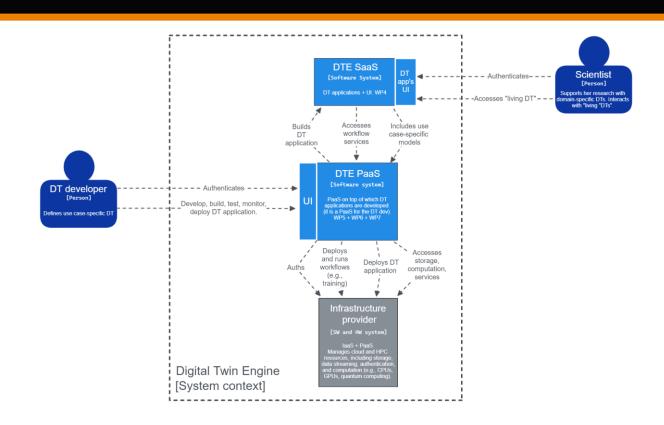


Digital Twin Engine (2)



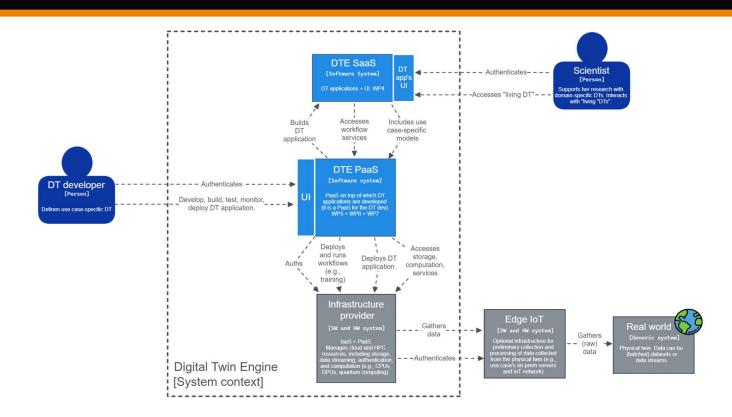


Digital Twin Engine (3)



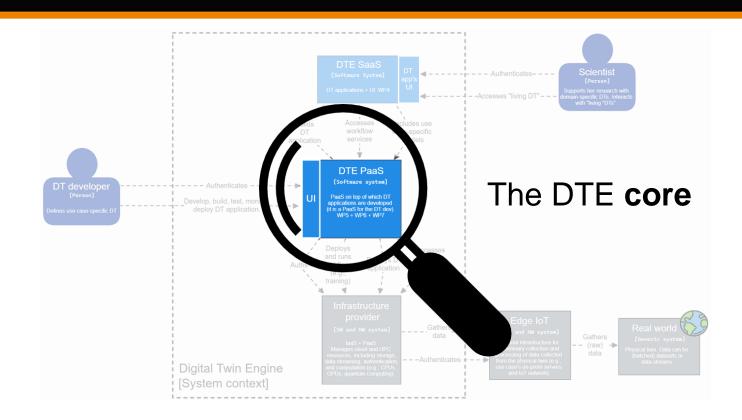


Digital Twin Engine (4)



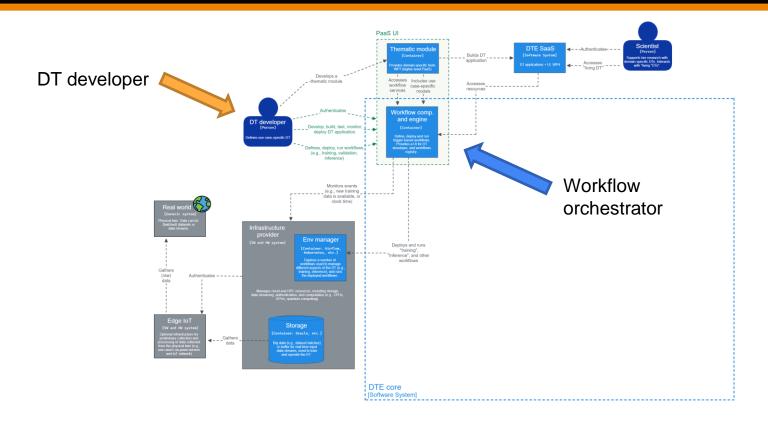


Digital Twin Engine (4)



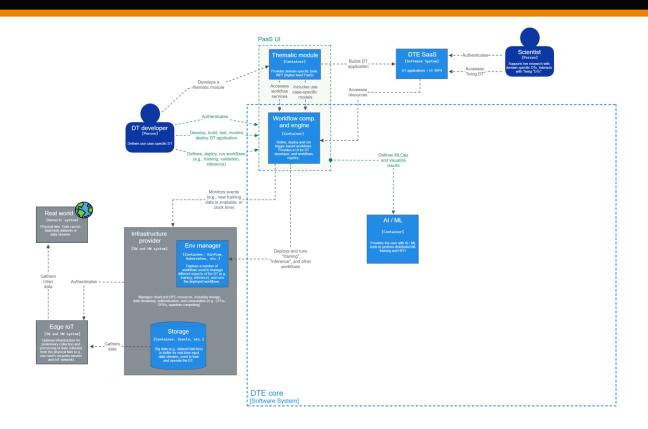


DT workflow composition



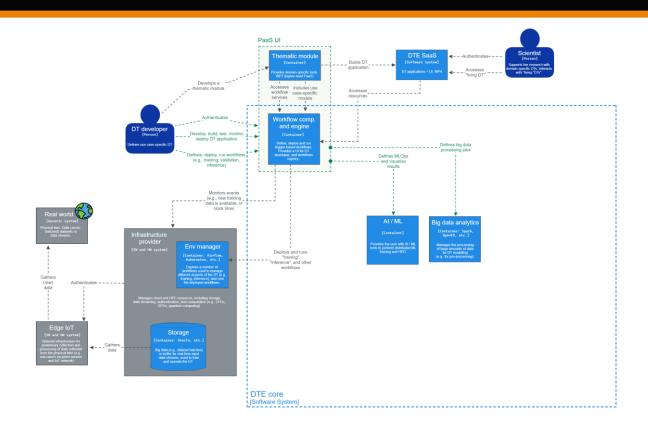


DT workflow composition (2)



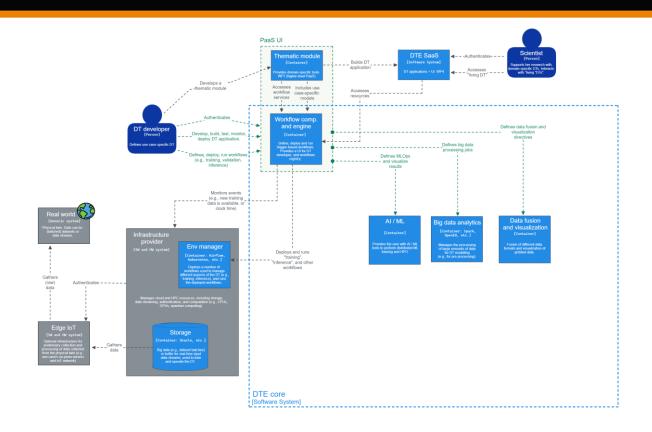


DT workflow composition (3)



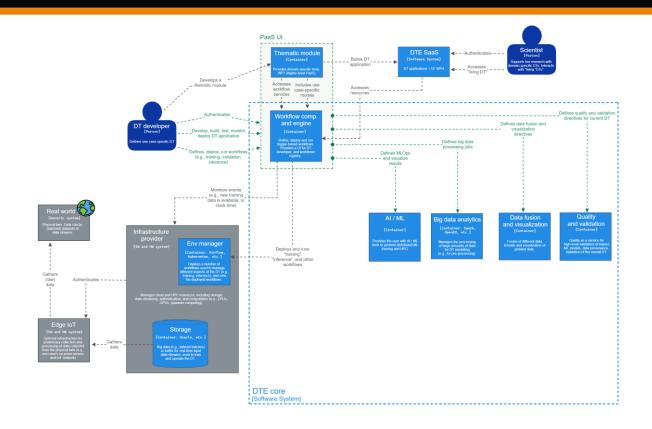


DT workflow composition (4)



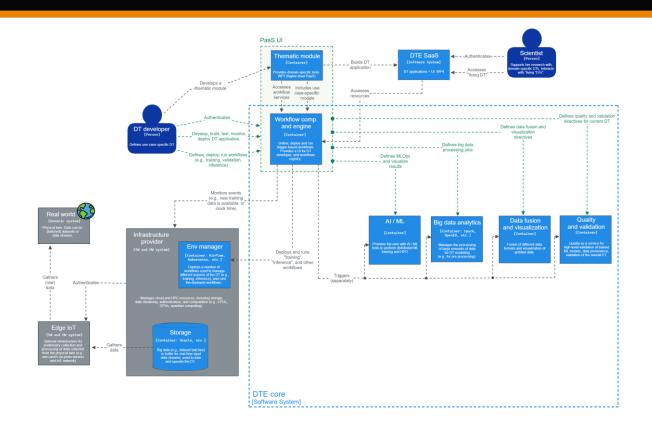


DT workflow composition (5)



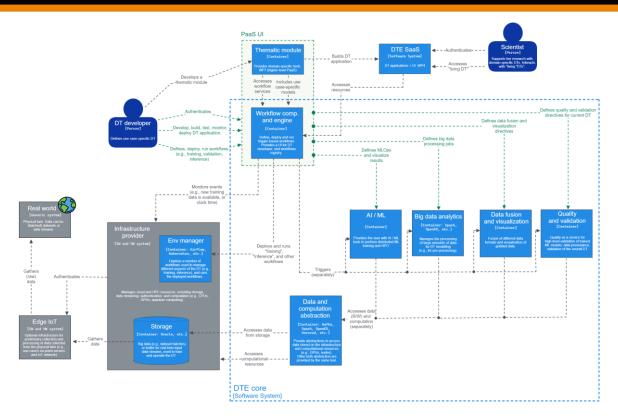


DT workflow composition (6)





DT workflow composition (7)





Earth Observation

Cyclone Classification



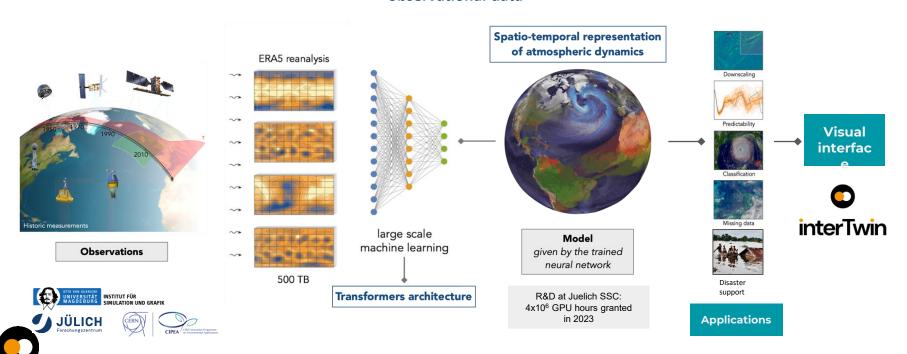
Fire Hazard Map Generation

Early Flood Warnings

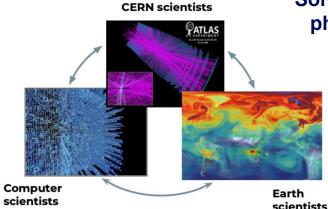


EMP²: Environmental Modelling and prediction platform

First proof-of-concept of a machine-learning based global environmental model trained on terabytes of observational data



Why CERN?



Condense dataset information in a compact representation

better handle the information in downstream applications.

eg. condense the info in a few GB rather than TB



Model complex, nonlinear phenomena and improve current simulations

Access multi-scale dependencies of a given process

Earth science: eg. better understand convection phenomena CERN: eg. particle-jet showers reconstruction

Explore potential of unsupervised learning for scientific applications

Extract new information directly from data eg. learn unknown correlation patterns

Earth science: eg. early detection of extreme events CERN: eg. anomaly detection



Common Goal:

Develop a proof of concept of representation learning for scientific applications based on observations



Radio Astronomy Quantum Field Theory High Energy Physics Gravitational Wave Astronomy •

Thank you!











References

- [1]: Sharma, Angira, Edward Kosasih, Jie Zhang, Alexandra Brintrup, and Anisoara Calinescu. 'Digital Twins: State of the Art Theory and Practice, Challenges, and Open Research Questions'. *Journal of Industrial Information Integration* 30 (1 November 2022): 100383.
 https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jii.2022.100383.
- [2]: [EPFL] Predictive Digital Twins: From Physics-Based Modeling to Scientific Machine Learning, n.d. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZuSx0pYAZ I&ab channel=CenterforIntelligentSystemsCISEPFL