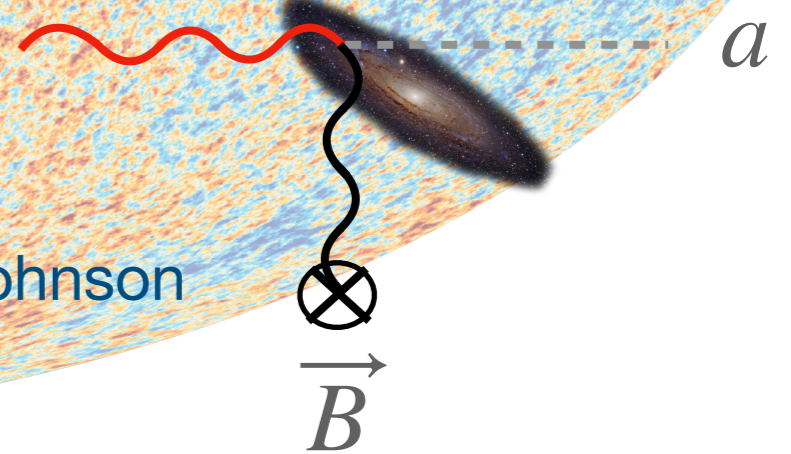


Axion screening of the CMB

Cristina Mondino



γ_{CMB}

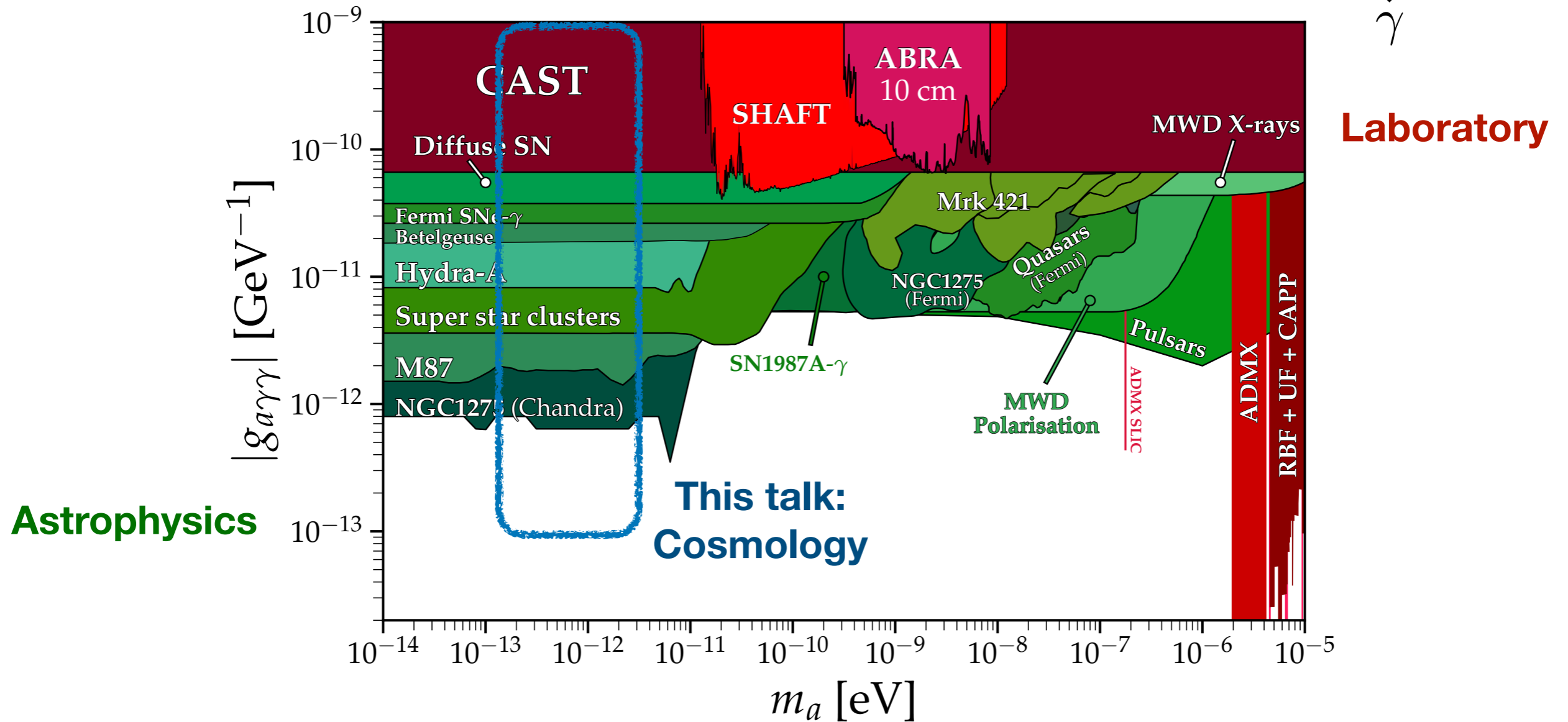
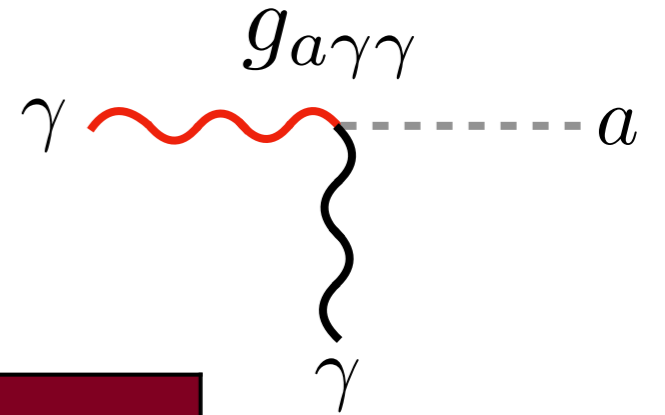


Based on arXiv:2404.xxxx,
with Dalila Pîrvu , Junwu Huang, and Matt Johnson

ALPS 2024, UZ Obergurgl, April 3rd 2024

Axion (Like) Particles

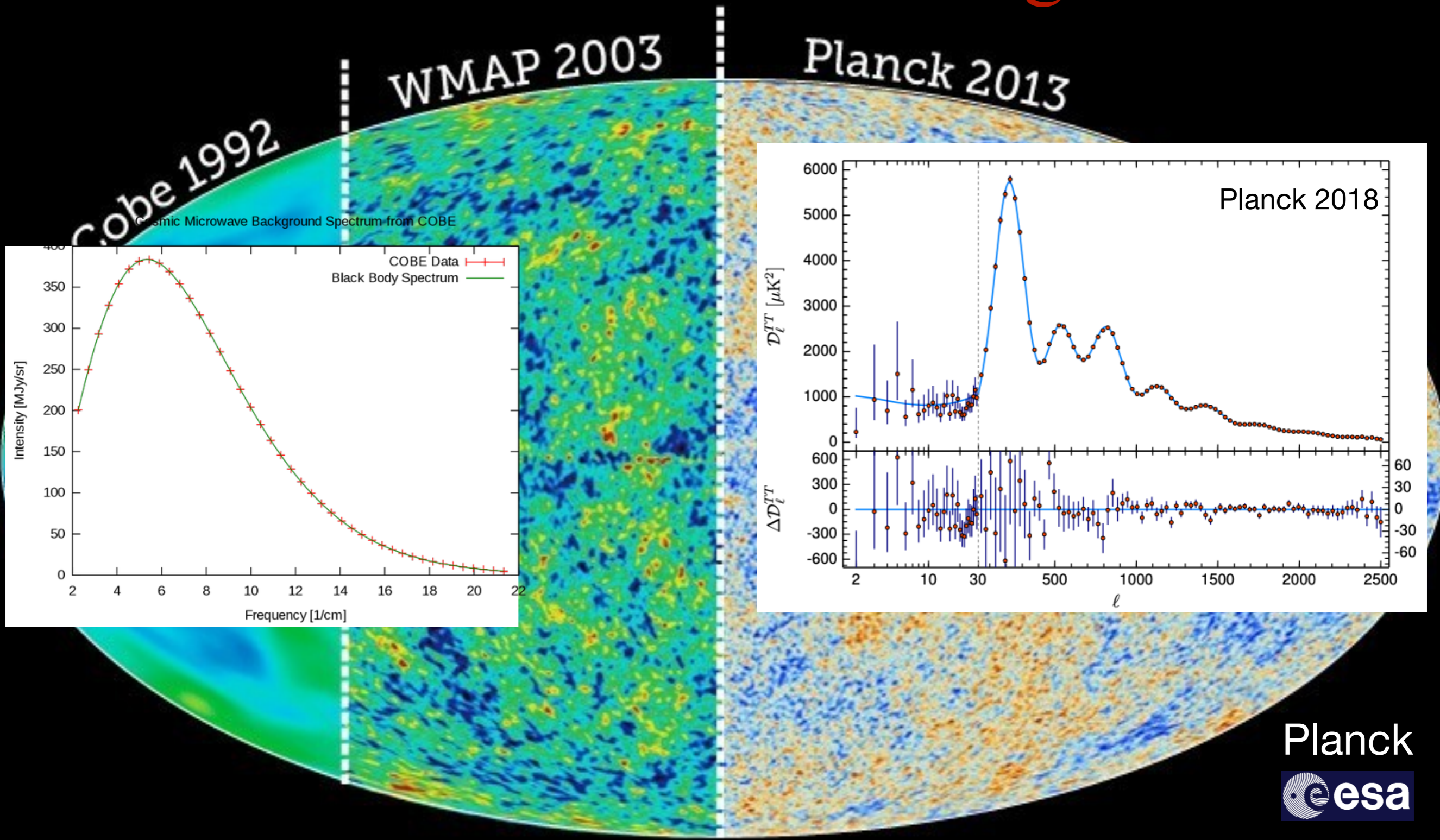
$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\frac{1}{4} g_{a\gamma\gamma} a F^{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}_{\mu\nu}$$



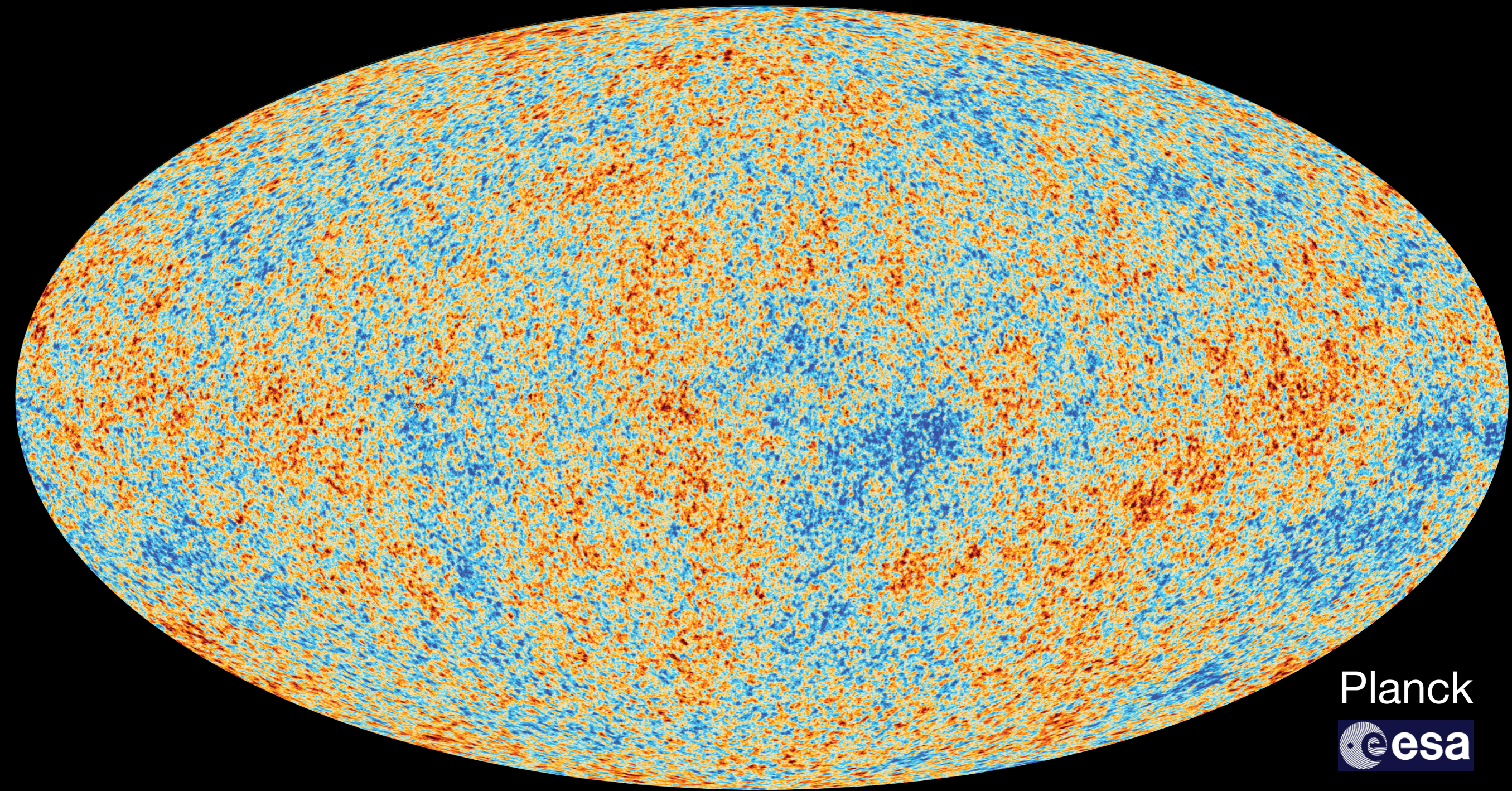
Outline

- CMB secondary anisotropies
- Photon-axion conversion inside halos
- Axion signal (temperature, polarization)
- Sensitivity projections

Cosmic Microwave Background



Primary CMB anisotropies



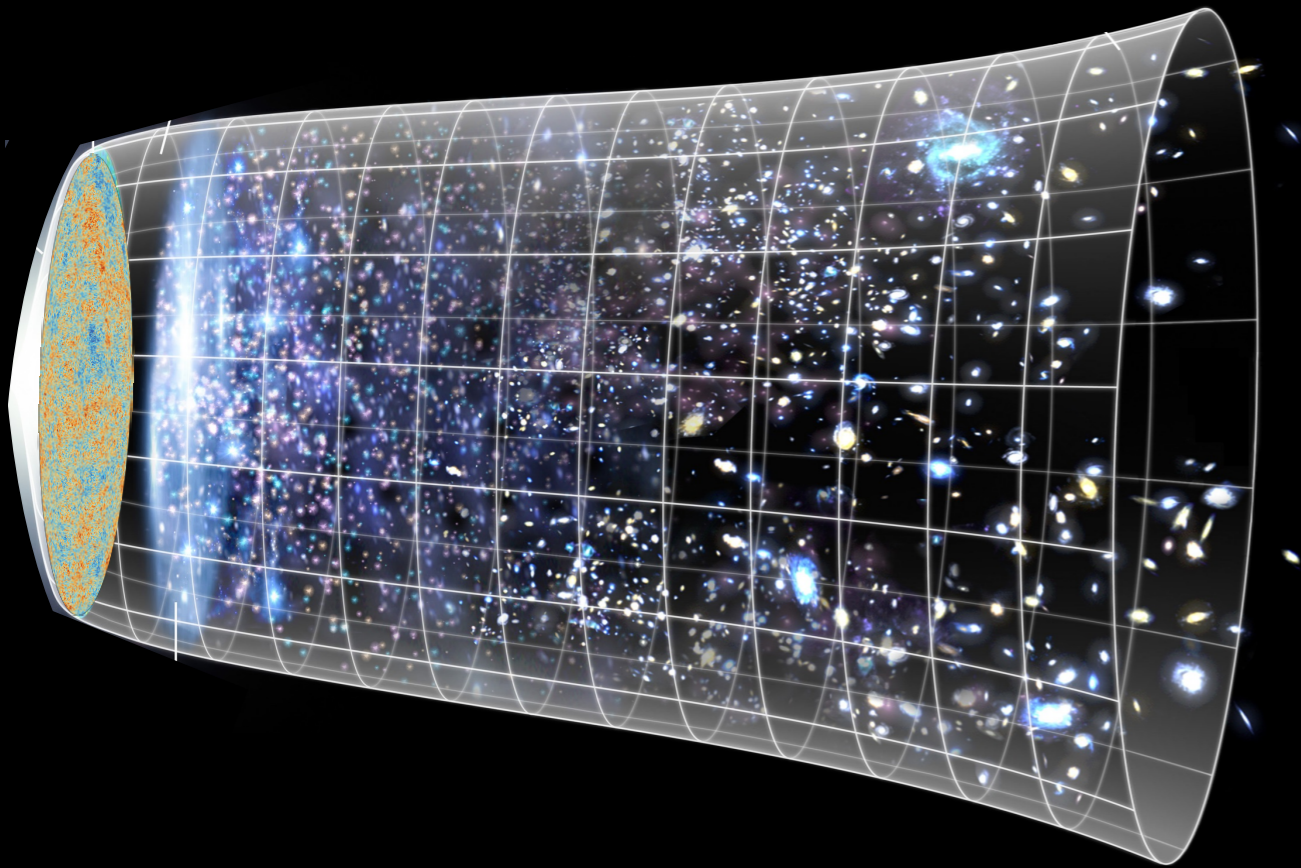
Planck
esa

Secondary CMB anisotropies

Interactions with intervening structure



New anisotropies

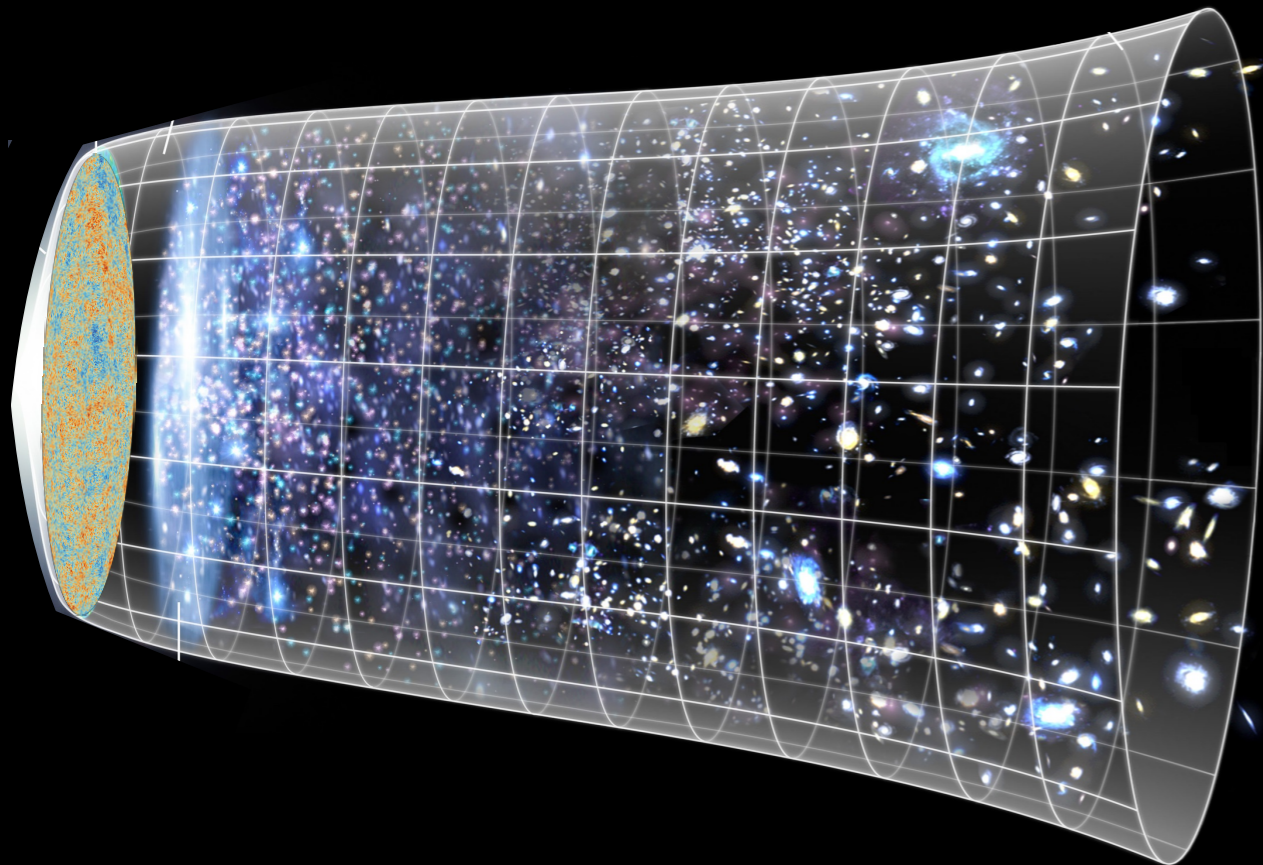


Secondary CMB anisotropies

Interactions with intervening structure

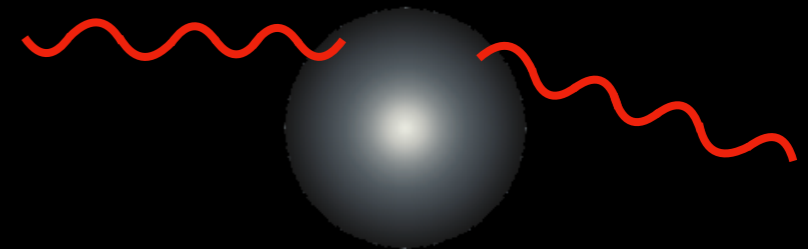


New anisotropies

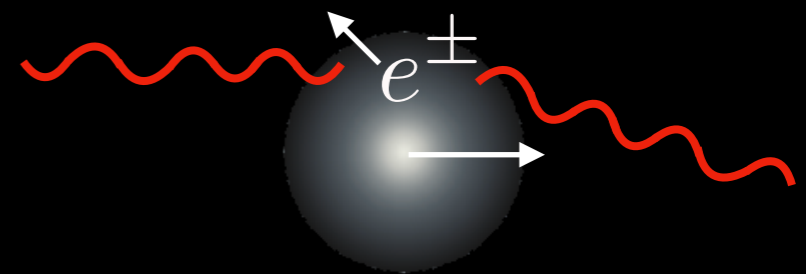


Standard Model effects:

- Lensing



- Screening
- Sunyaev Zel'dovich effects

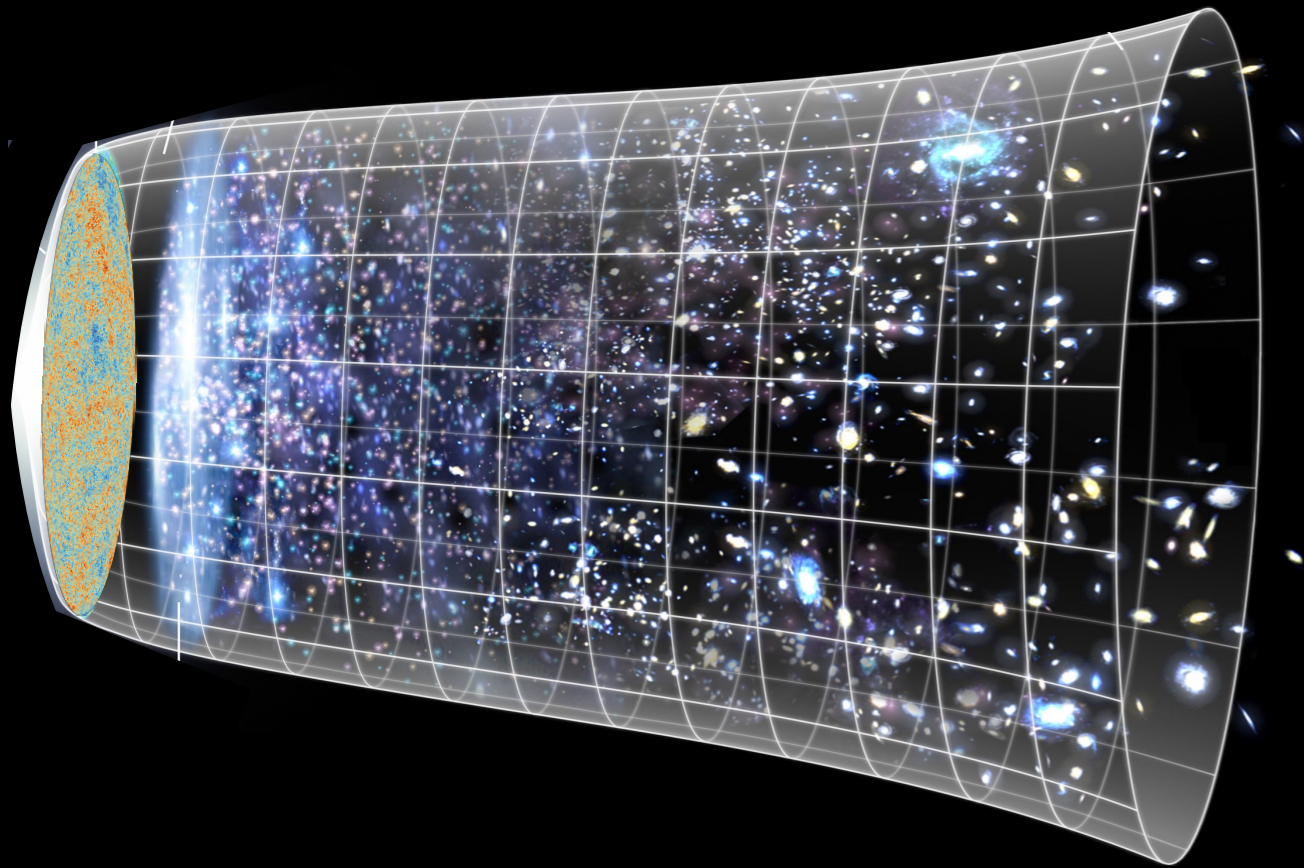


Secondary CMB anisotropies

Interactions with intervening structure



New anisotropies



What about New Physics?

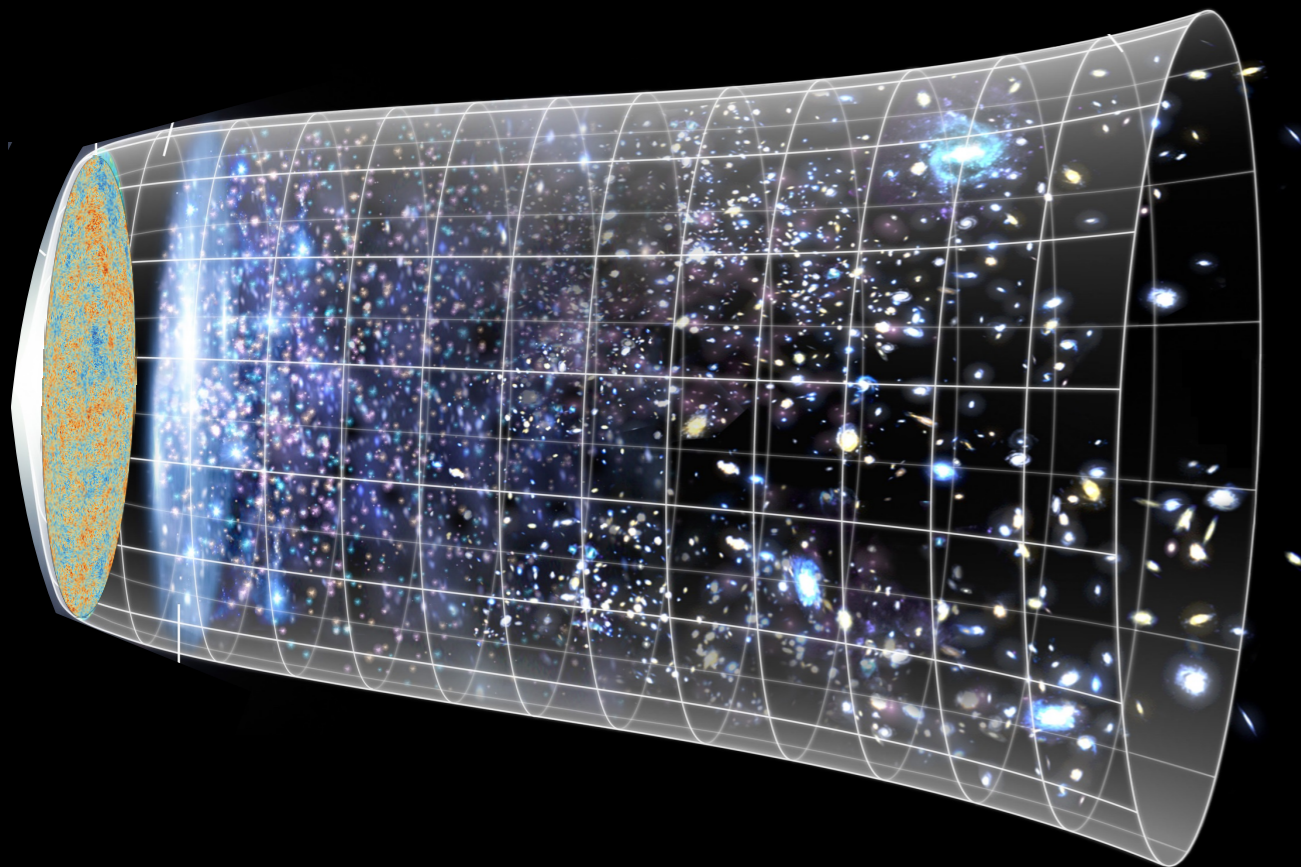


Secondary CMB anisotropies

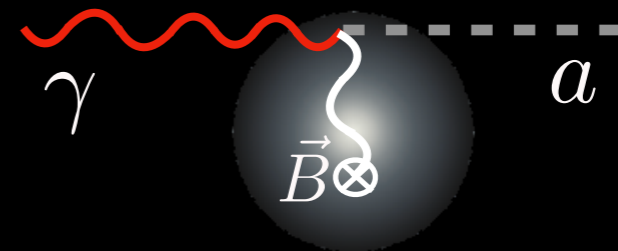
Interactions with intervening structure



New anisotropies



What about New Physics?

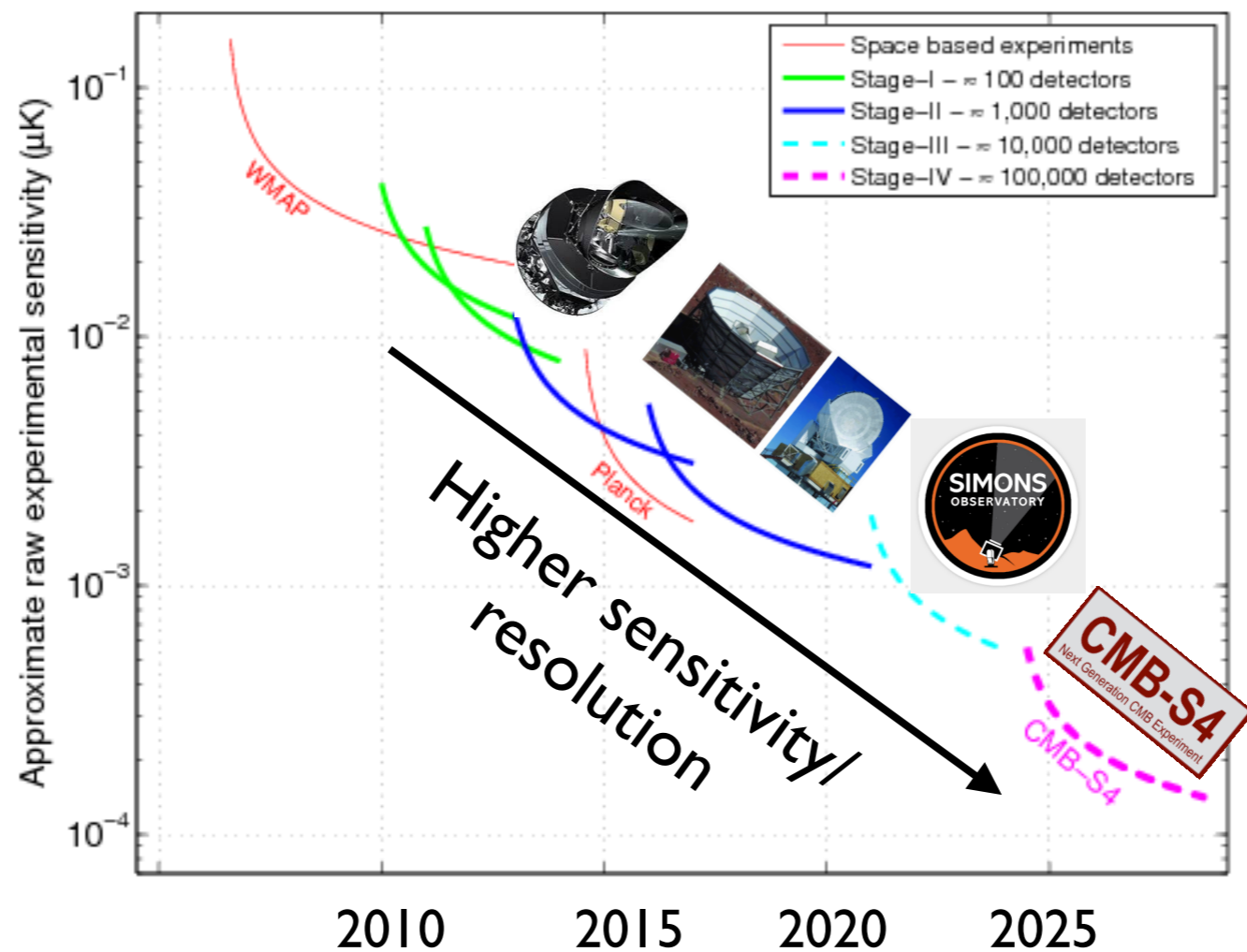


This talk: photon to axion
conversion inside halos

...

Why CMB secondaries?

Future CMB experiments will have **better sensitivity at high resolution**



From Matt Johnson

Why CMB secondaries?

Current

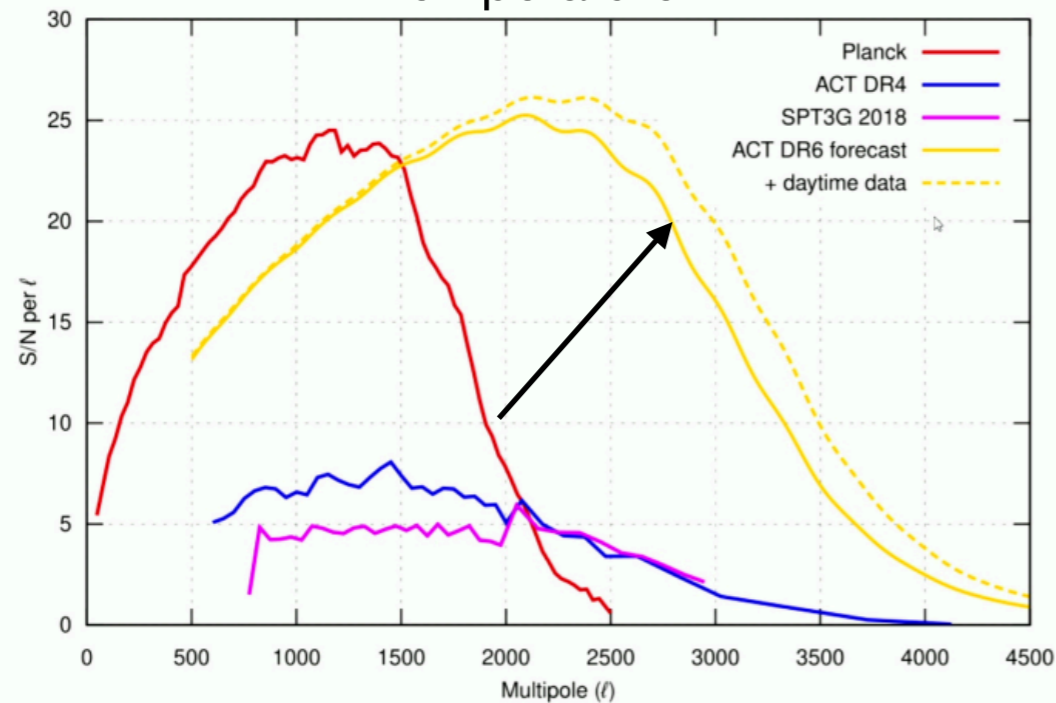
~~Future~~ CMB experiments will have **better sensitivity at high resolution**

ACT DR6 Preliminary
(from Sigurd Naess talk @ PI, Dec. 2023)

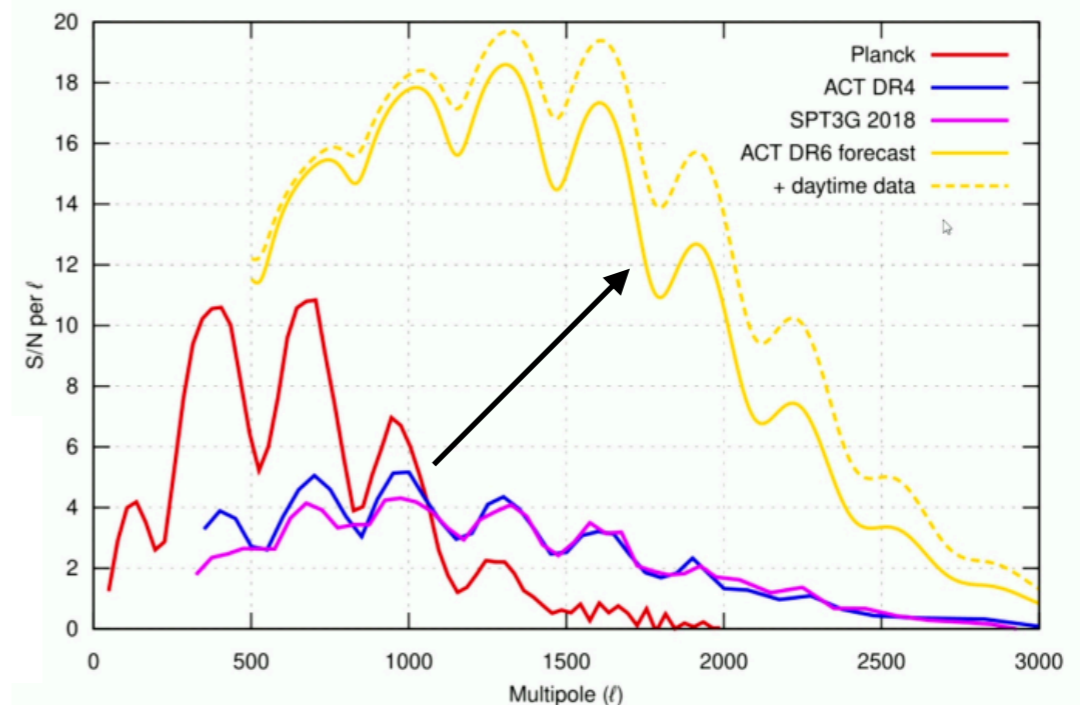
(expected in 2024)

S/N improvement

Temperature



Polarization

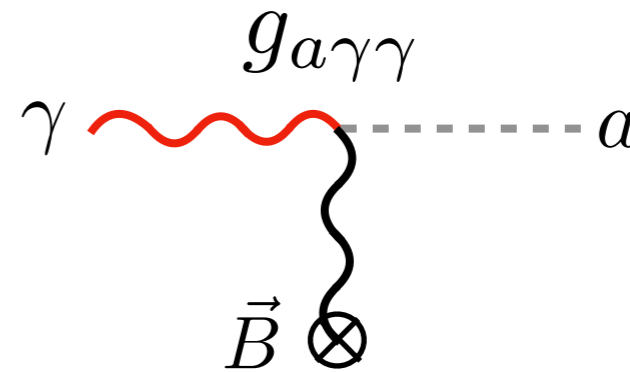


Outline

- CMB secondary anisotropies
- Photon-axion conversion inside halos
- Axion signal (temperature, polarization)
- Sensitivity projections

Photon-axion conversion

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\frac{1}{4} g_{a\gamma\gamma} a F^{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}_{\mu\nu}$$



In an external B field, we can have photon-axion oscillations
(like neutrino oscillations)

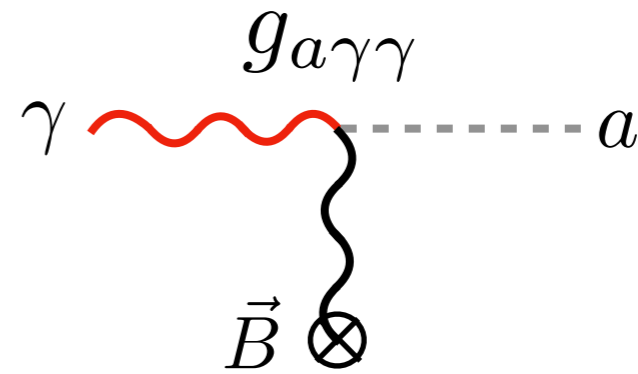
G. Raffelt and L. Stodolsky, 1988

C. Deffayet, D. Harari, J.P. Uzan, and M. Zaldarriaga, 2002

A. Mirizzi, G. Raffelt, and P. D. Serpico, 2005

Resonant conversion

Like for neutrinos,
medium effects can be important!



Photon plasma mass: $\omega_{\text{pl}}^2 = \frac{e^2 n_e}{m_e}$

$$\omega_{\text{pl}} = m_a$$

resonance

$$P_{\gamma \rightarrow a}^{\text{res}} = g_{a\gamma\gamma}^2 B^2 \frac{\pi\omega}{m_a^2} \left| \frac{d \ln \omega_{\text{pl}}^2}{dt} \right|_{t_{\text{res}}}^{-1}$$

↑
Slope of the
number density
profile

S. J. Parke, 1986

A. Mirizzi, J. Redondo, and G. Sigl, 2009

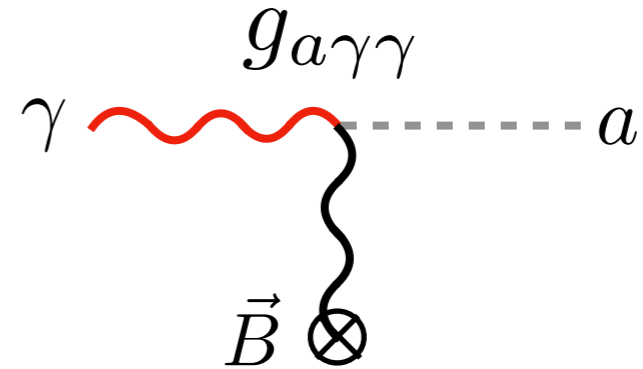
H. Tashiro, J. Silk, and D. J. E. Marsh, 2013

Cristina Mondino

Resonant conversion

This talk:

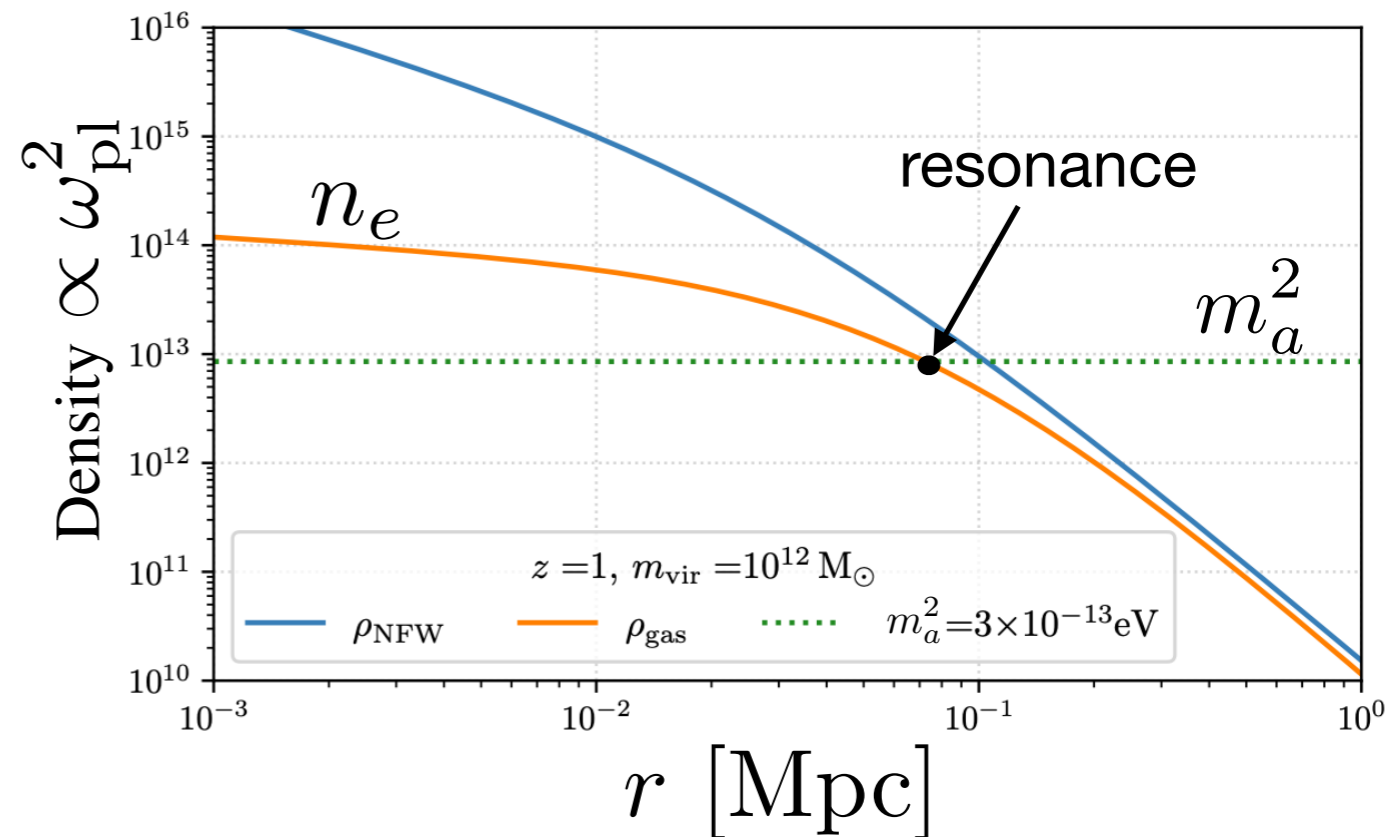
Inside DM halos



Photon plasma mass: $m_{\text{pl}}^2 = \frac{e^2 n_e}{m_e}$

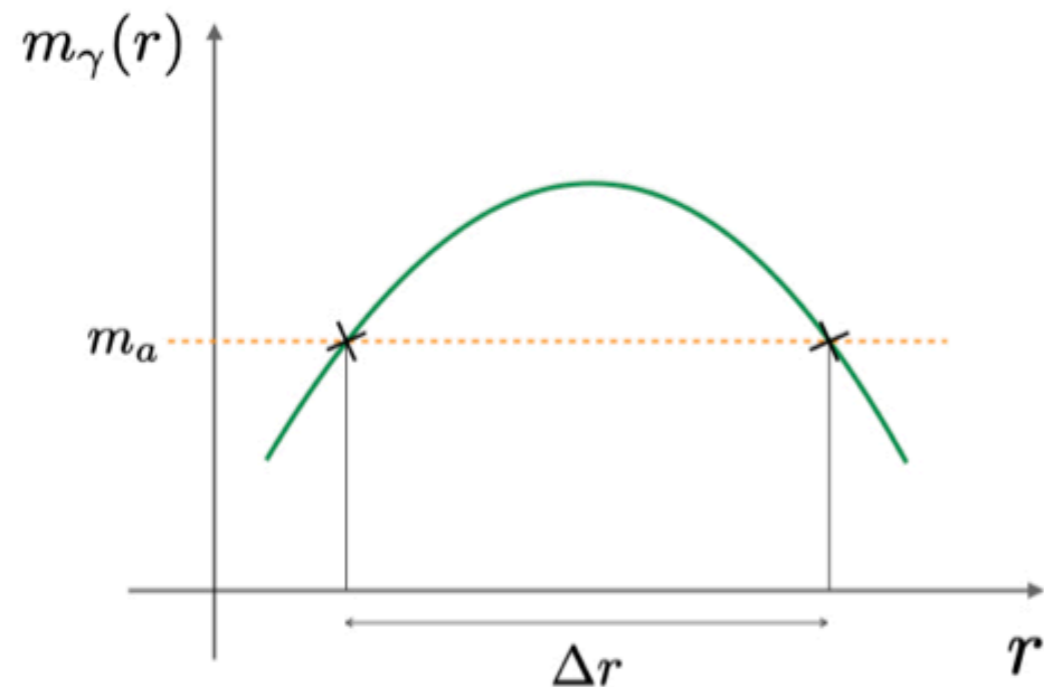
$\omega_{\text{pl}} = m_a$
resonance

$$P_{\gamma \rightarrow a}^{\text{res}} = g_{a\gamma\gamma}^2 B^2 \frac{\pi\omega}{m_a^2} \left| \frac{d \ln \omega_{\text{pl}}^2}{dt} \right|_{t_{\text{res}}}^{-1}$$



Navarro, Frenk, and White, 1996
N. Battaglia, 2016

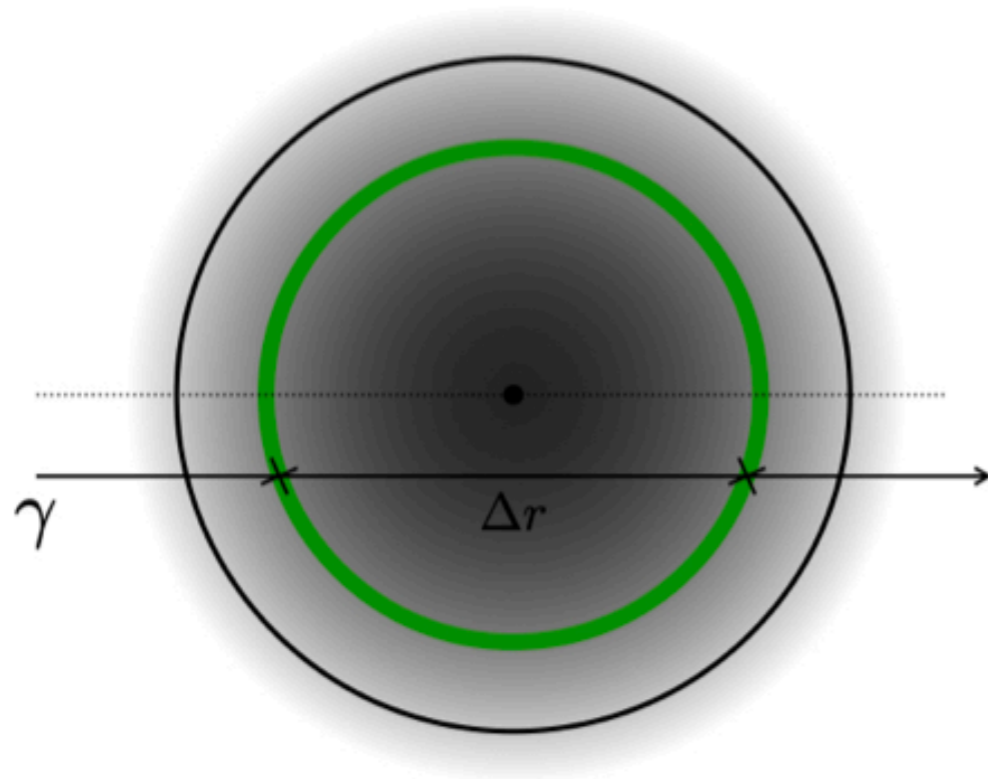
Resonant conversion in halos



$$P_{\gamma \rightarrow a}^{\text{res}} = g_{a\gamma\gamma}^2 B^2 \frac{\pi \omega}{m_a^2} \left| \frac{d \ln \omega_{\text{pl}}^2}{dt} \right|_{t_{\text{res}}}^{-1}$$

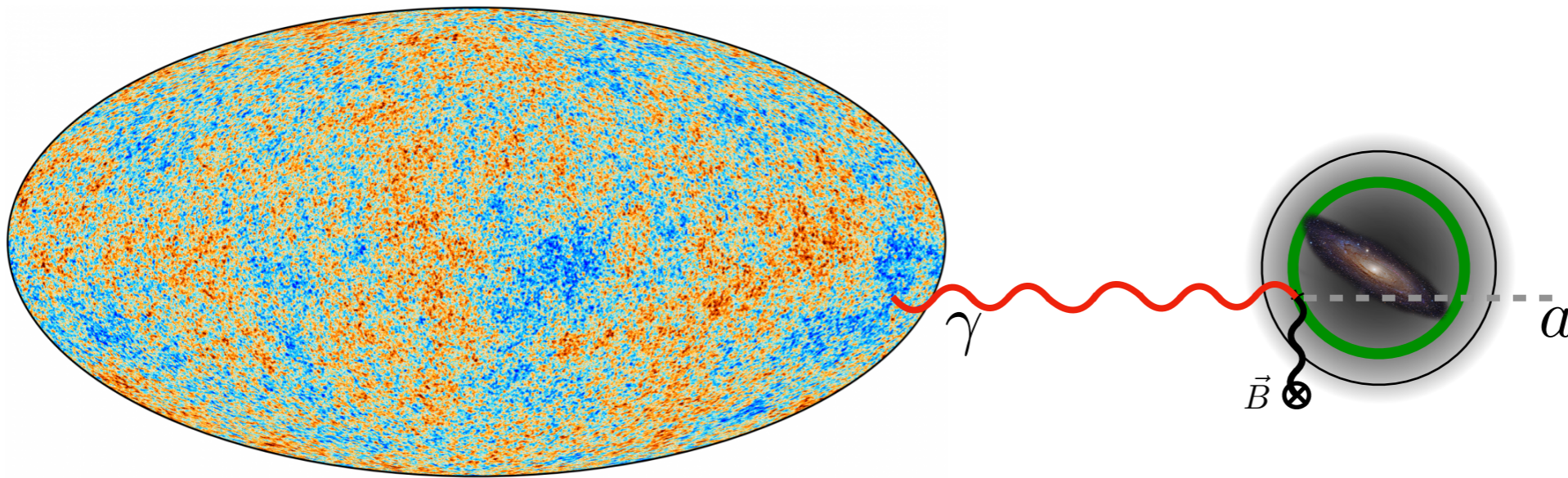
Depends on:

- halo density profile
- frequency of the photon



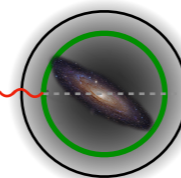
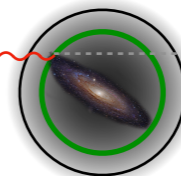
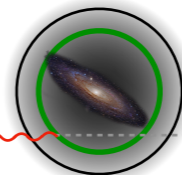
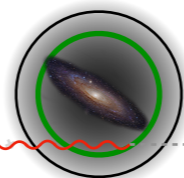
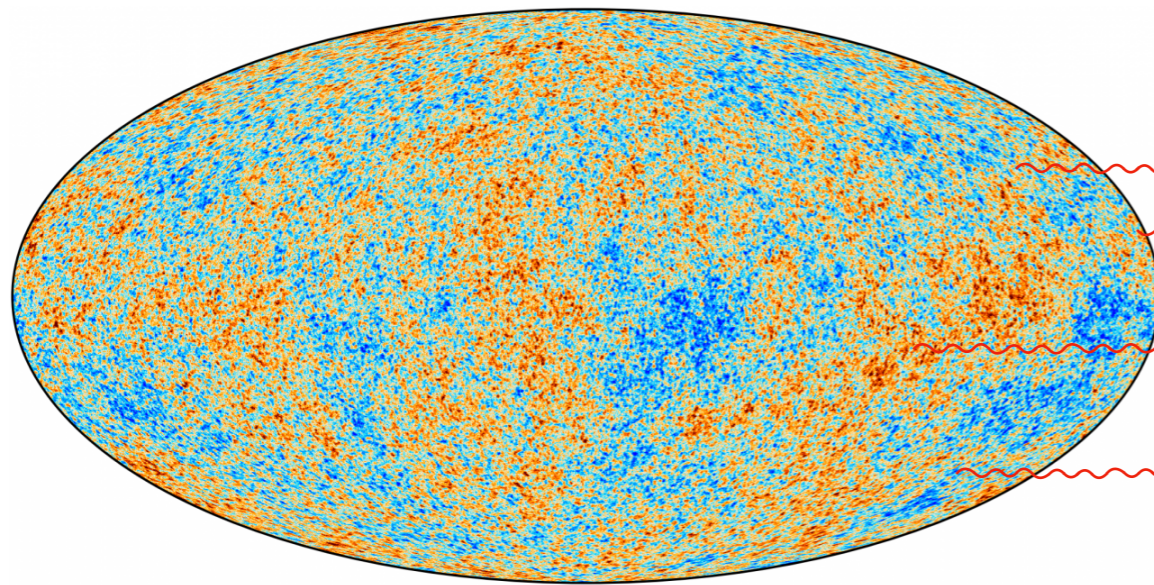
CMB photon disappearance

$$P_{\gamma \rightarrow a}^{\text{res}} = g_{a\gamma\gamma}^2 B^2 \frac{\pi\omega}{m_a^2} \left| \frac{d \ln \omega_{\text{pl}}^2}{dt} \right|_{t_{\text{res}}}^{-1}$$

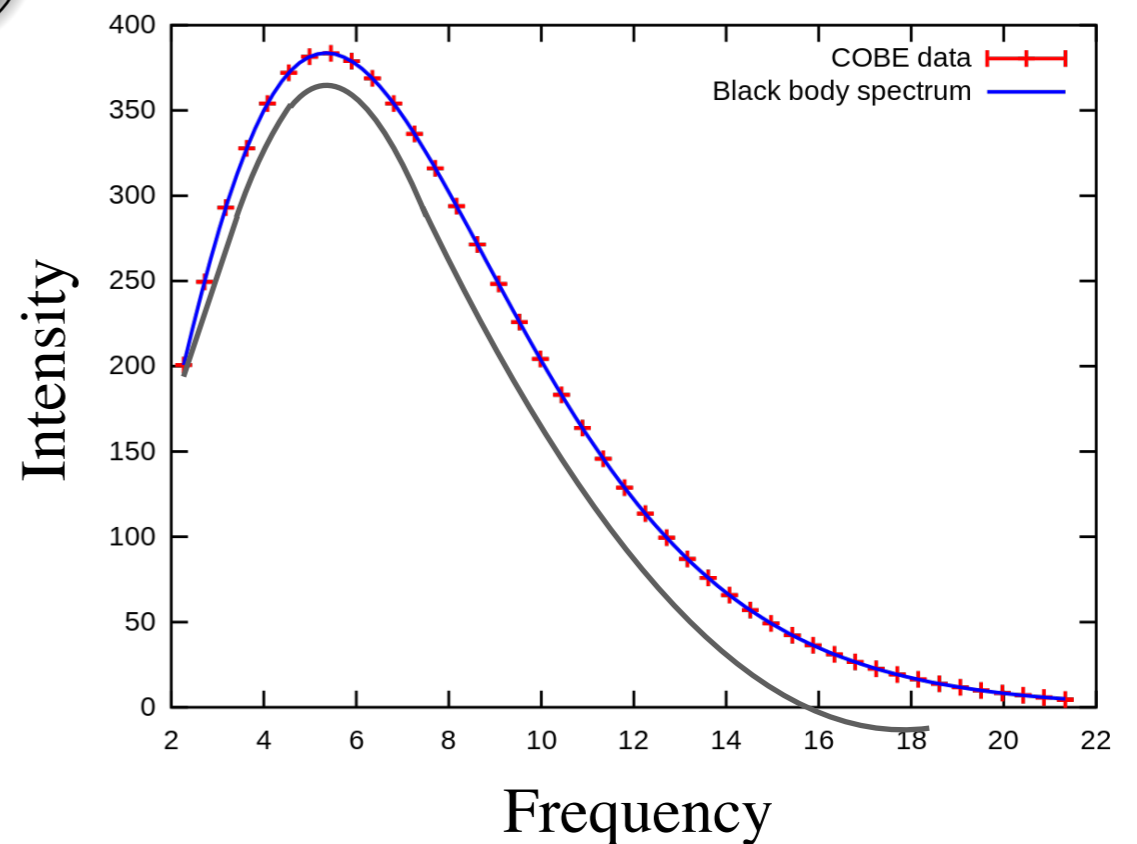


CMB photon disappearance

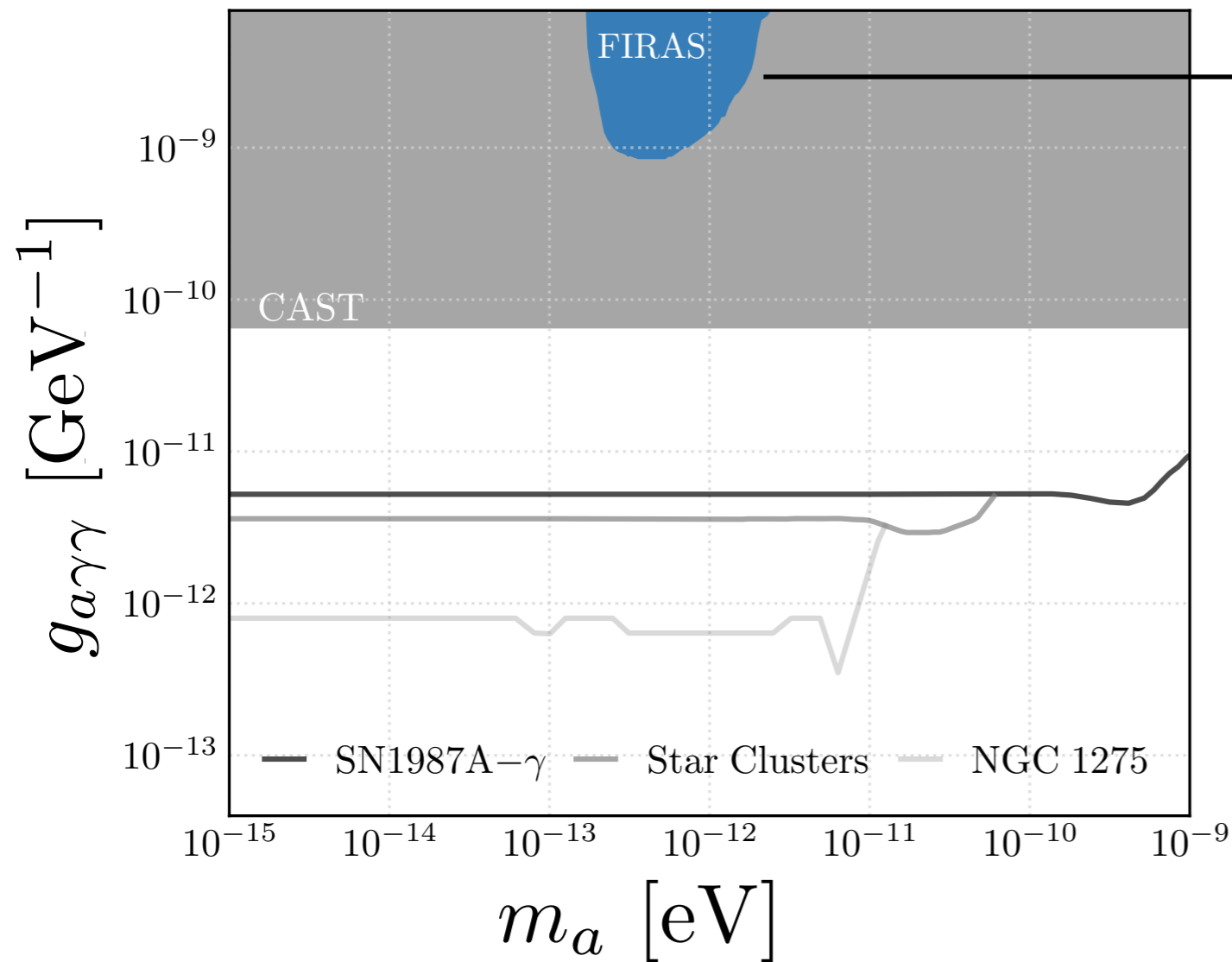
$$P_{\gamma \rightarrow a}^{\text{res}} = g_{a\gamma\gamma}^2 B^2 \frac{\pi\omega}{m_a^2} \left| \frac{d \ln \omega_{\text{pl}}^2}{dt} \right|_{t_{\text{res}}}^{-1}$$



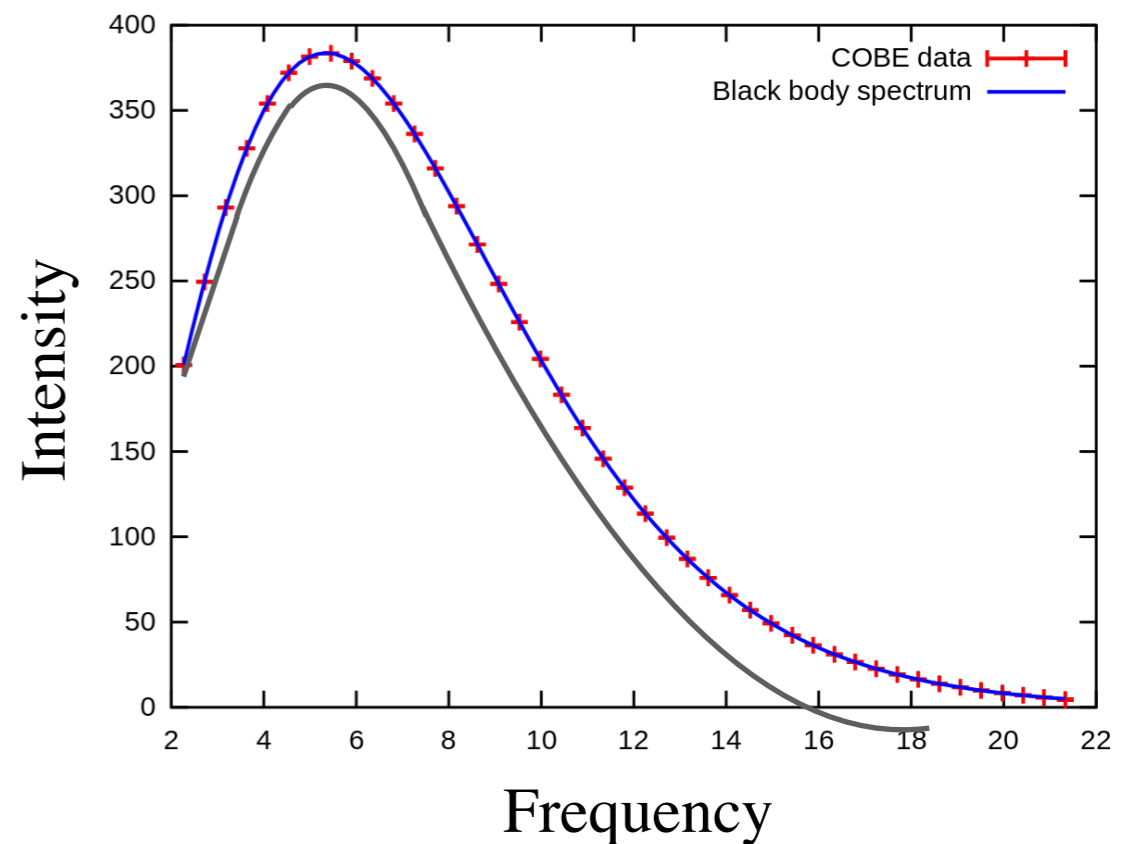
Distortion of the
black body spectrum



CMB photon disappearance

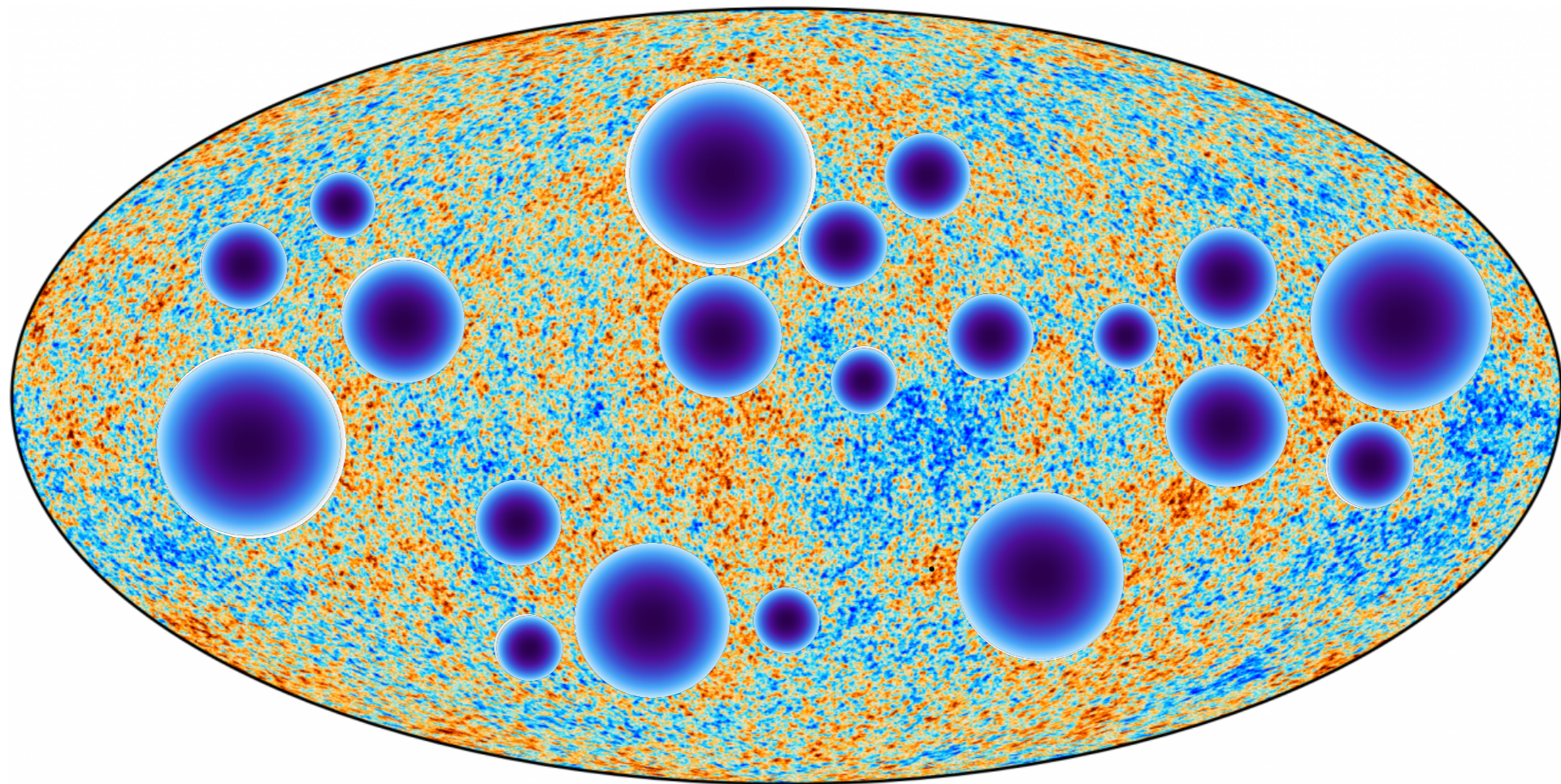


COBE/Firas
constraint from
spectral distortion



Anisotropic screening

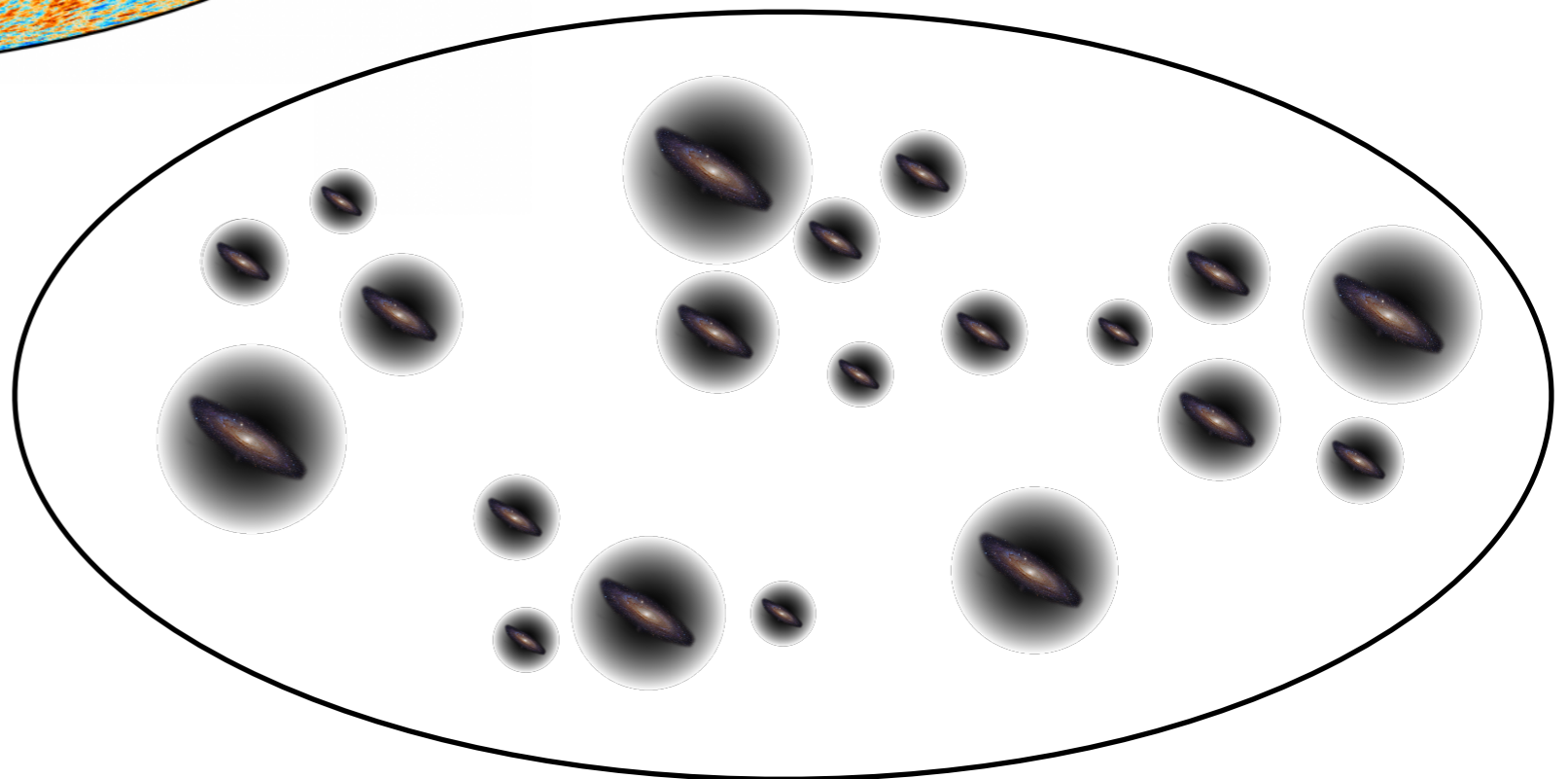
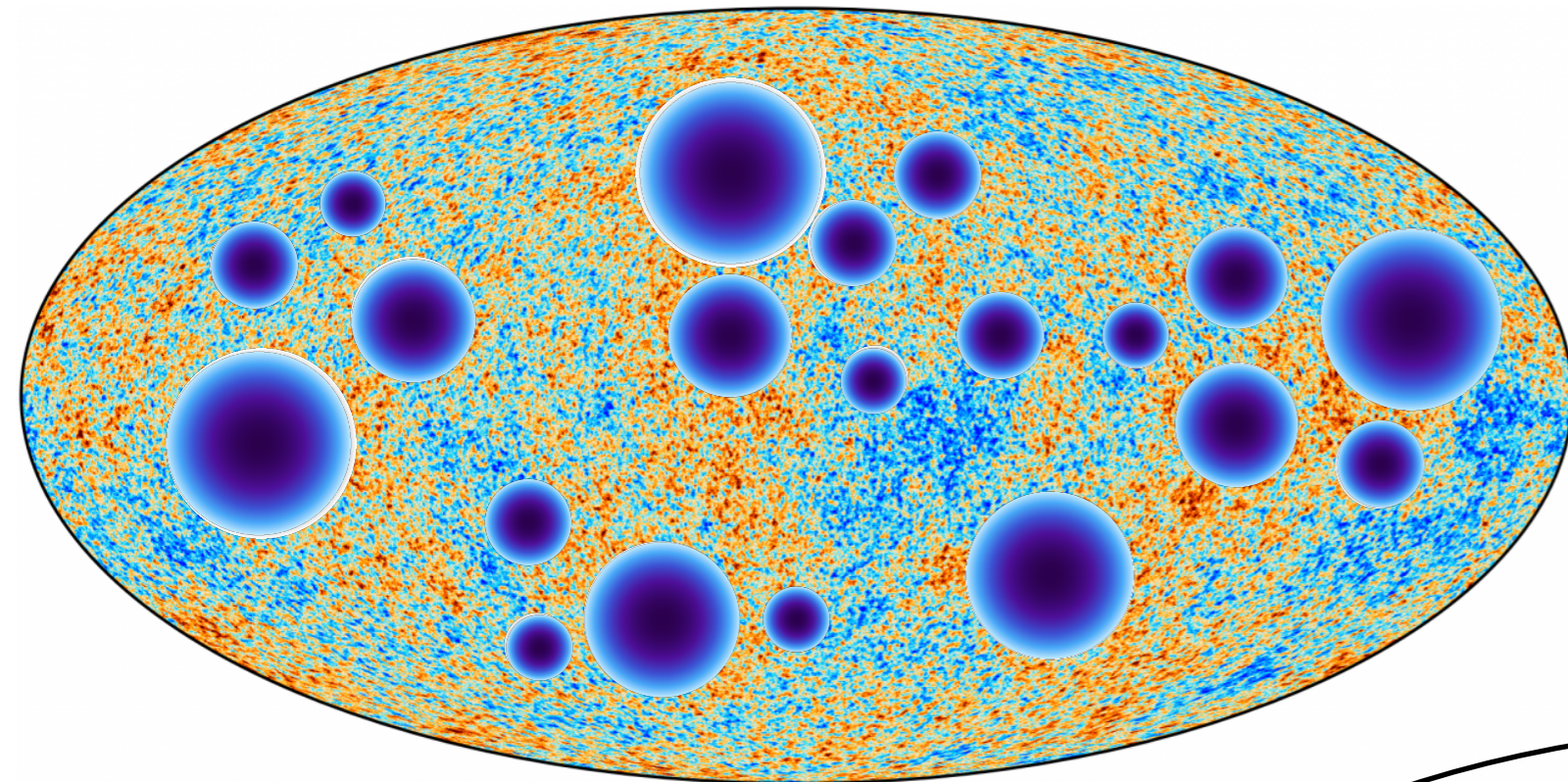
The signal is not isotropic!



Anisotropic screening

The signal is not isotropic!

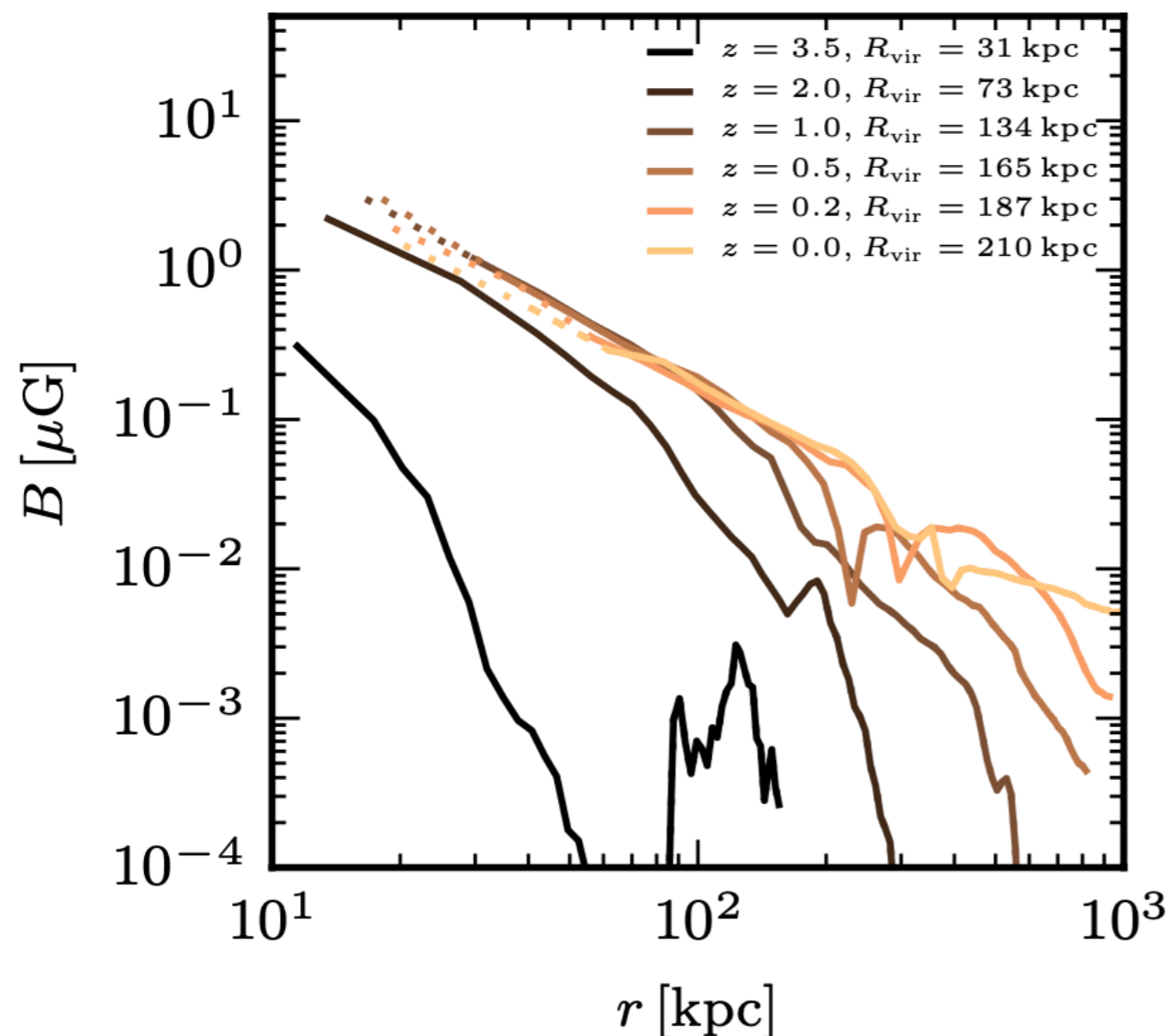
cross-correlation



Halo B field

Auriga: high resolution cosmological magnetohydrodynamical simulations

B field profile



R. Pakmor et al.,

Magnetising the circumgalactic medium of disk galaxies

MNRAS, 498, 3, 3125 (2020), arXiv:1911.11163

$$M_{\text{halo}} = 10^{12} M_{\odot}$$

R. Pakmor et al.,

Magnetic field amplification in cosmological zoom simulations from dwarf galaxies to galaxy groups

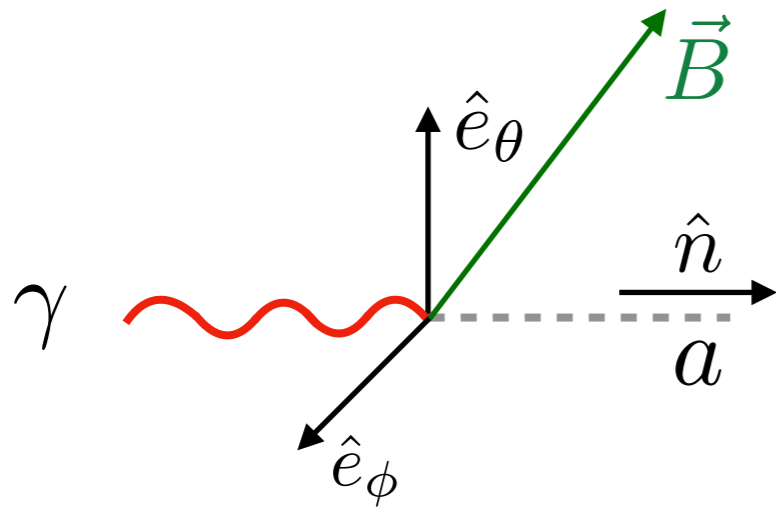
arXiv:2309.13104

$$10^{10} M_{\odot} < M_{\text{halo}} < 10^{13} M_{\odot}$$

Outline

- CMB secondary anisotropies
- Photon-axion conversion inside halos
- Axion signal (temperature, polarization)
- Sensitivity projections

Axion screening



Only $B \perp$ to the line of sight
(angular momentum conservation)

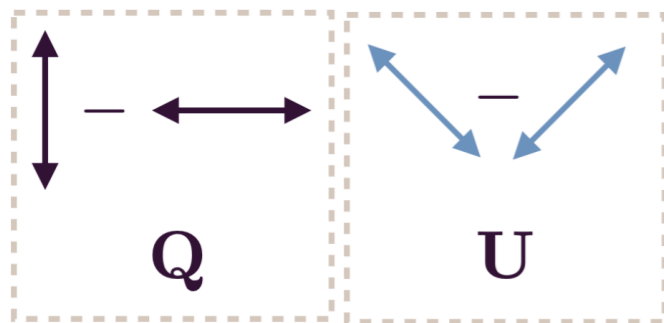
Only $B \parallel$ to the polarization direction
(CP conservation)

$$P_{\gamma \rightarrow a} \propto g_{a\gamma\gamma}^2 B^2$$

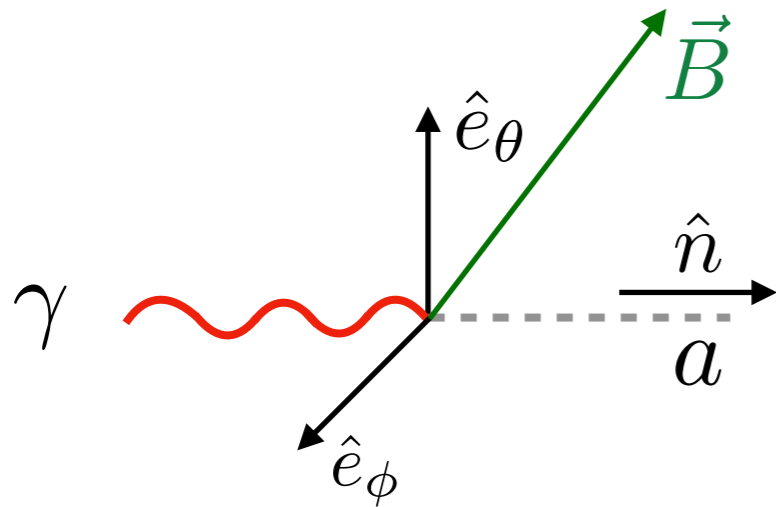
Intensity $I_{\text{axion}} \propto -I_{\text{CMB}} \frac{g_{a\gamma\gamma}^2 (B_\theta^2 + B_\phi^2)}{2 P_{\gamma \rightarrow a}}$

Polarization $Q_{\text{axion}} \propto -I_{\text{CMB}} \frac{g_{a\gamma\gamma}^2 (B_\theta^2 - B_\phi^2)}{2}$

$U_{\text{axion}} \propto -I_{\text{CMB}} g_{a\gamma\gamma}^2 (B_\theta B_\phi)$



Axion screening



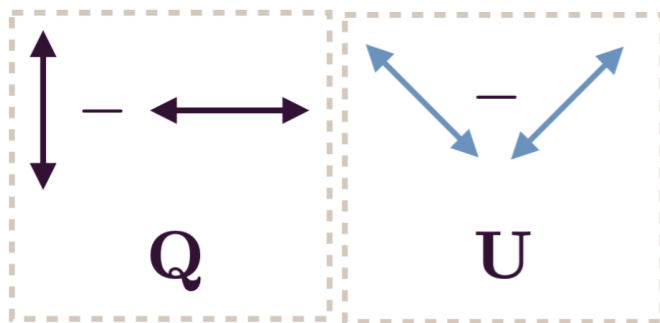
Only $B \perp$ to the line of sight
(angular momentum conservation)

Only $B \parallel$ to the polarization direction
(CP conservation)

$$P_{\gamma \rightarrow a} \propto g_{a\gamma\gamma}^2 B^2$$

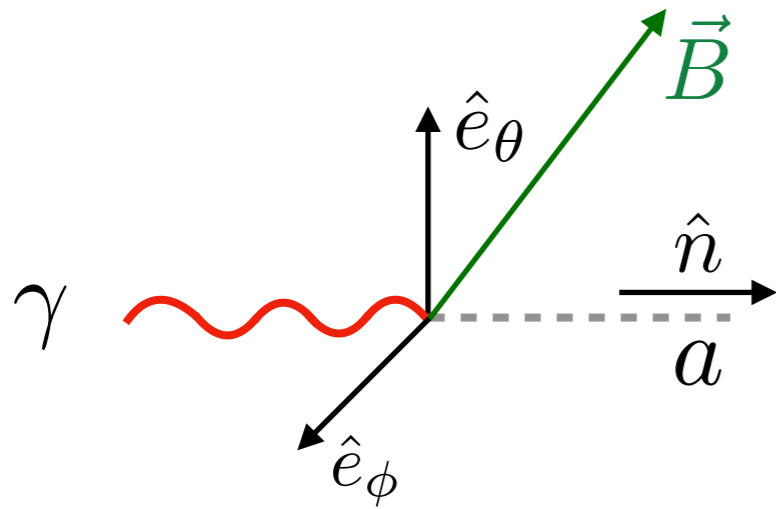
Temperature $T_{\text{axion}} \propto -\bar{T} \frac{g_{a\gamma\gamma}^2 (B_\theta^2 + B_\phi^2)}{2}$

Polarization $Q_{\text{axion}} \propto -\bar{T} \frac{g_{a\gamma\gamma}^2 (B_\theta^2 - B_\phi^2)}{2}$



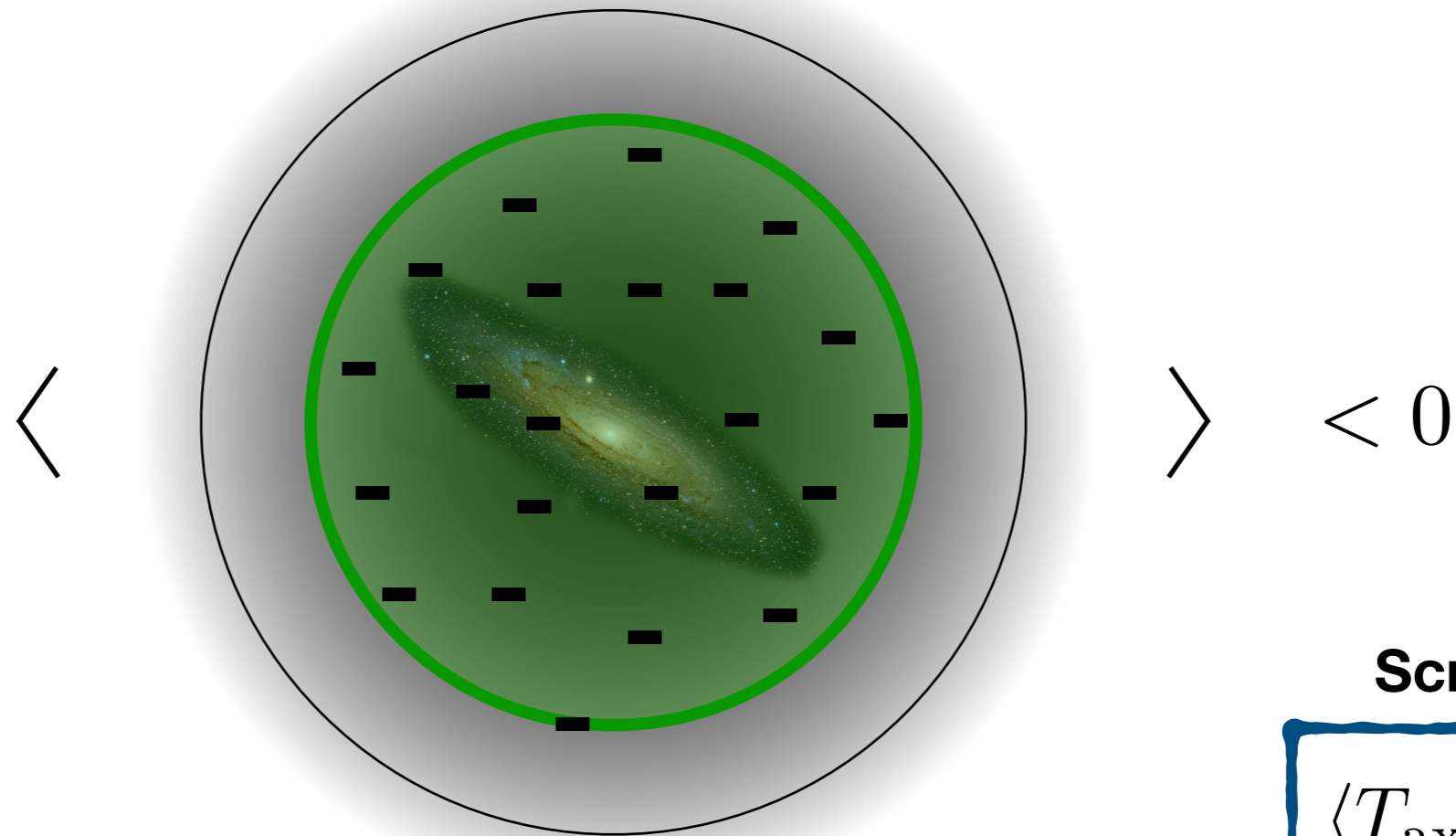
$$U_{\text{axion}} \propto -\bar{T} g_{a\gamma\gamma}^2 (B_\theta B_\phi)$$

One-point function: temperature



Only $B \perp$ to the line of sight
(angular momentum conservation)

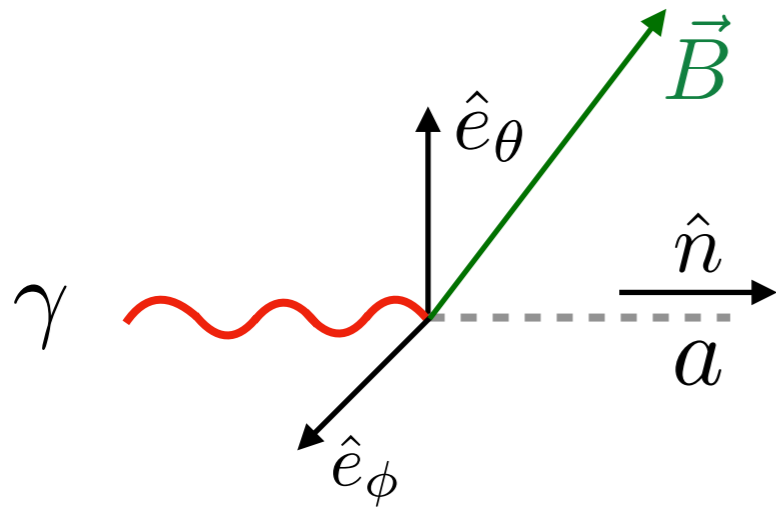
Only $B \parallel$ to the polarization direction
(CP conservation)



Screening

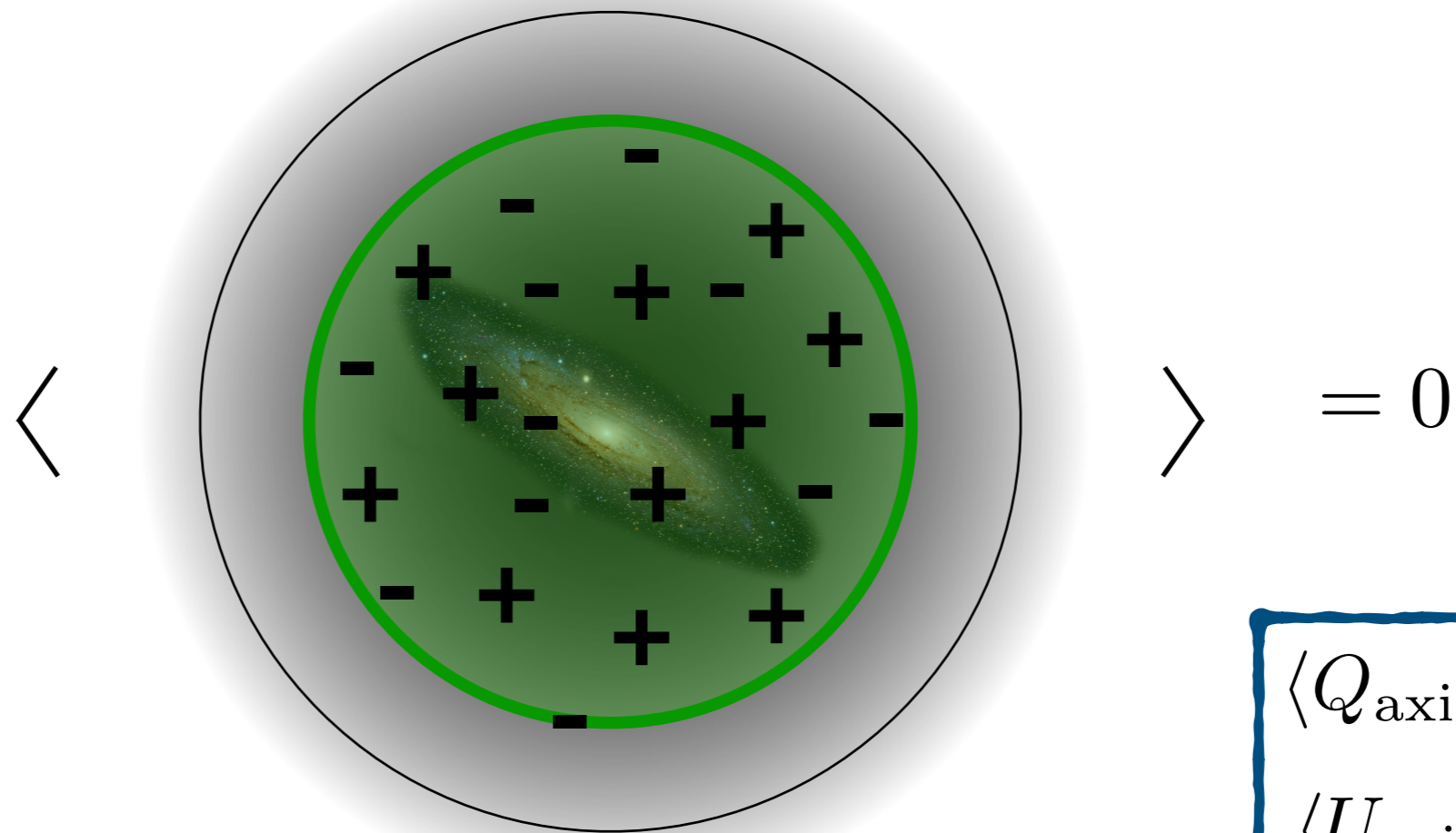
$$\langle T_{\text{axion}} \rangle < 0$$

One-point function: polarization



Only $B \perp$ to the line of sight
(angular momentum conservation)

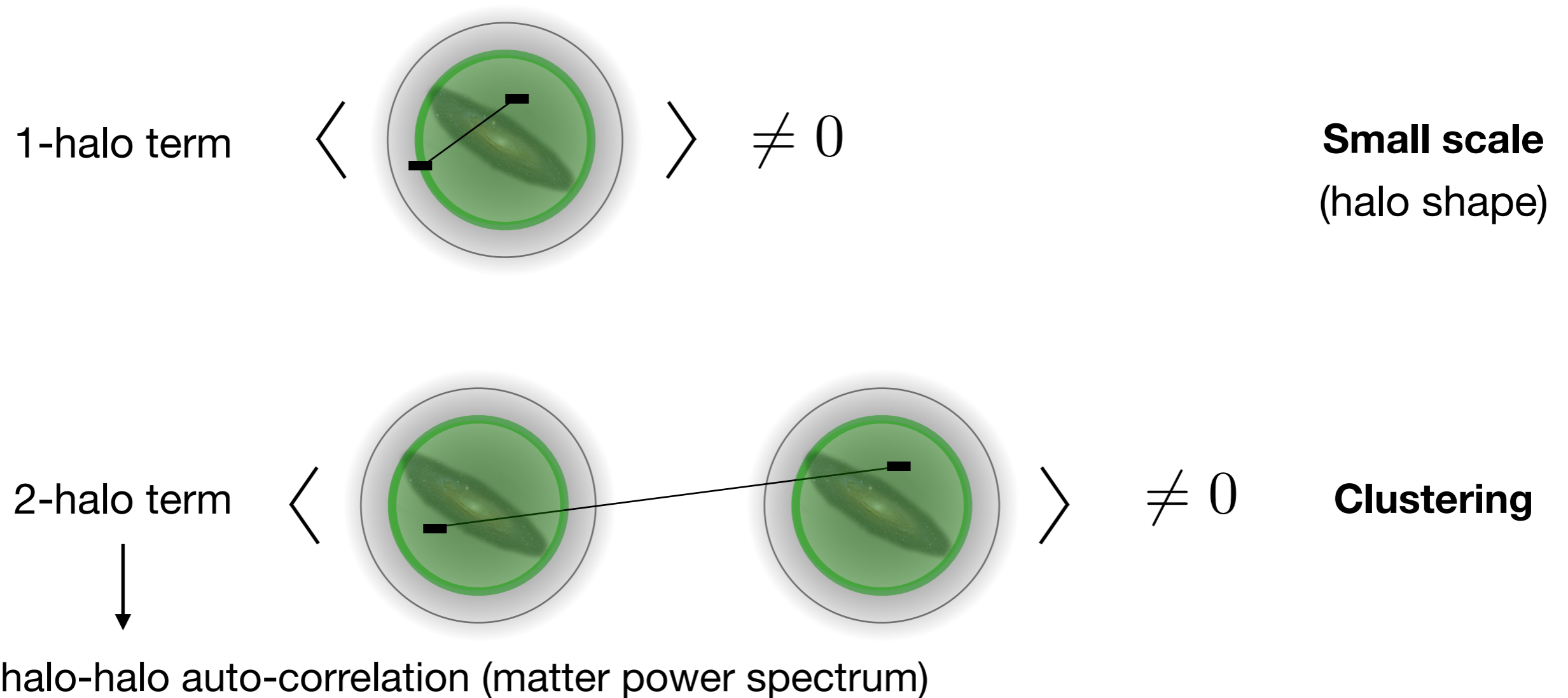
Only $B \parallel$ to the polarization direction
(CP conservation)



$$\langle Q_{\text{axion}} \rangle = 0$$
$$\langle U_{\text{axion}} \rangle = 0$$

Two-point function: temperature

$$\langle T_{\text{axion}}(\hat{n}_1) T_{\text{axion}}(\hat{n}_2) \rangle \propto g_{a\gamma\gamma}^4 B^4 \bar{T}^2$$



Two-point function: polarization

$$\langle Q_{\text{axion}}(\hat{n}_1) Q_{\text{axion}}(\hat{n}_2) \rangle \propto g_{a\gamma\gamma}^4 B^4 \bar{T}^2$$

1-halo term $\langle \text{img} \rangle \propto e^{-|\hat{n}_1 - \hat{n}_2|^2 / (2\sigma_d^2)}$

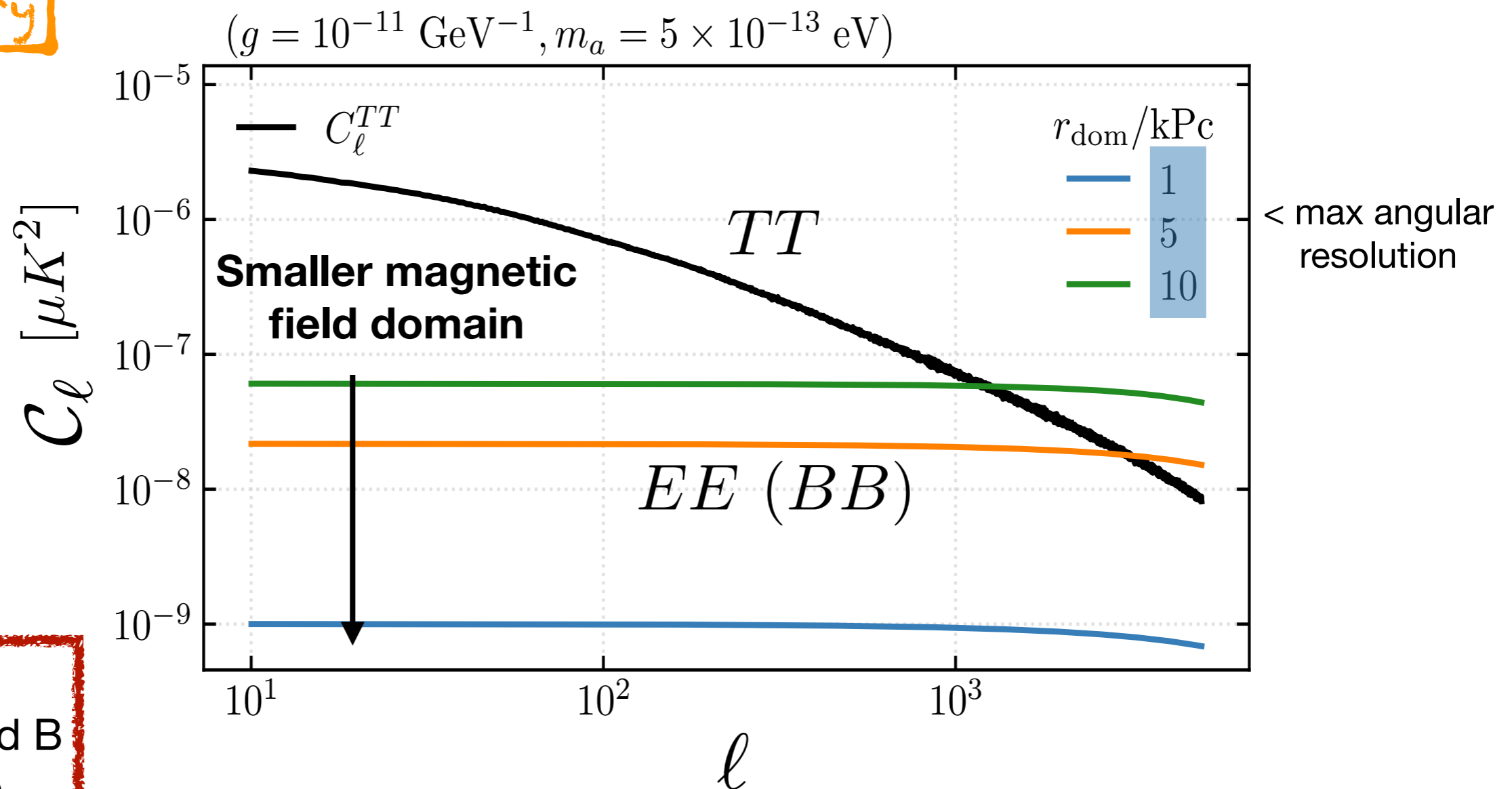
Angular size of the magnetic field coherence domain

2-halo term $\langle \text{img} \text{img} \rangle = 0$

Two-point function: polarization

$$\langle Q_{\text{axion}}(\hat{n}_1) Q_{\text{axion}}(\hat{n}_2) \rangle \propto g_{a\gamma\gamma}^4 B^4 \bar{T}^2$$

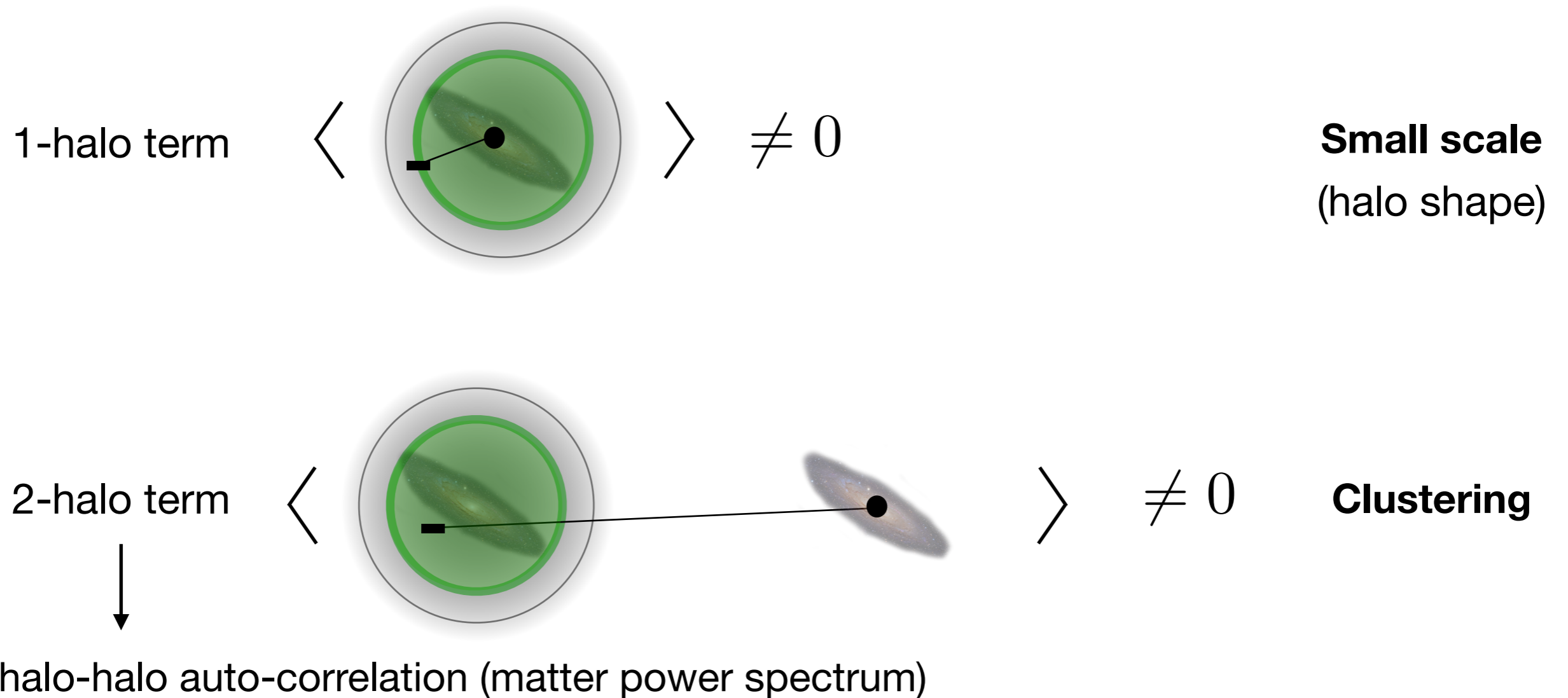
Preliminary



The axion signal for E and B is the same

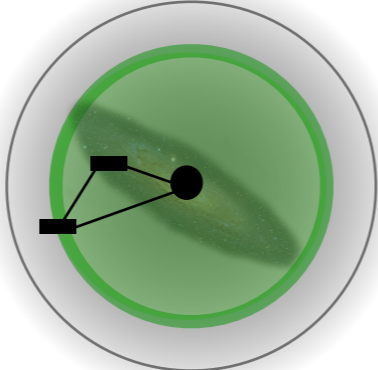
Cross-correlation: temperature

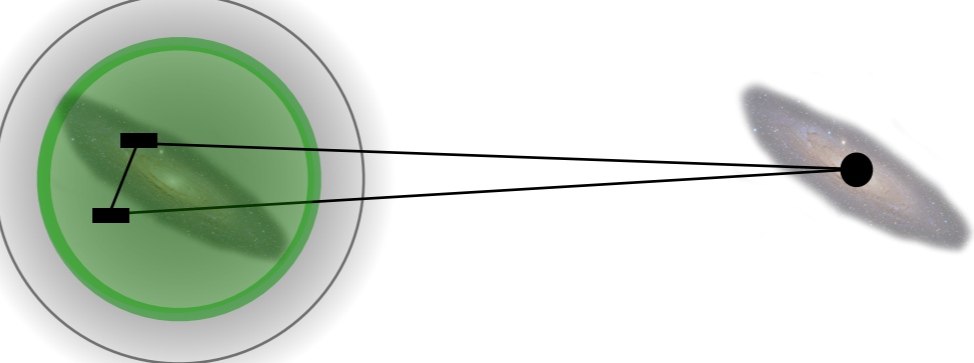
$$\langle T_{\text{axion}}(\hat{n}_1)g(\hat{n}_2) \rangle \propto g_{a\gamma\gamma}^2 B^2 \bar{T}$$



Cross-correlation: polarization

$$\langle Q_{\text{axion}}(\hat{n}_1) Q_{\text{axion}}(\hat{n}_2) g(\hat{n}_3) \rangle \propto g_{a\gamma\gamma}^4 B^4 \bar{T}^2$$

1-halo term \langle  $\rangle \neq 0$

2-halo term \langle  $\rangle \neq 0$

halo-halo auto-correlation (matter power spectrum)

Clustering

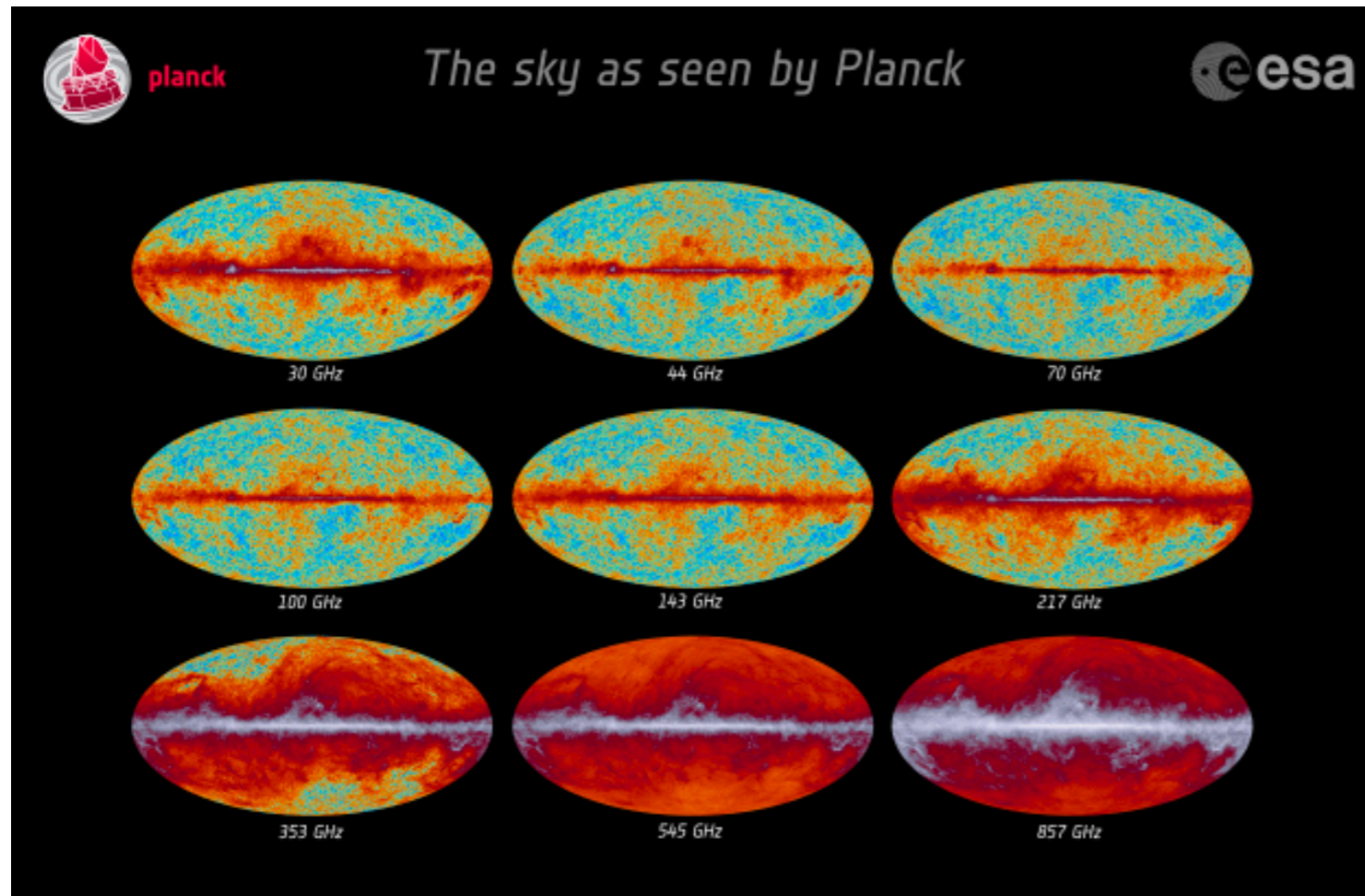
$$\langle BBg \rangle \sim C_l^{BB} C_l^{hh}$$

Outline

- CMB secondary anisotropies
- Photon-axion conversion inside halos
- Axion signal (temperature, polarization)
- Sensitivity projections

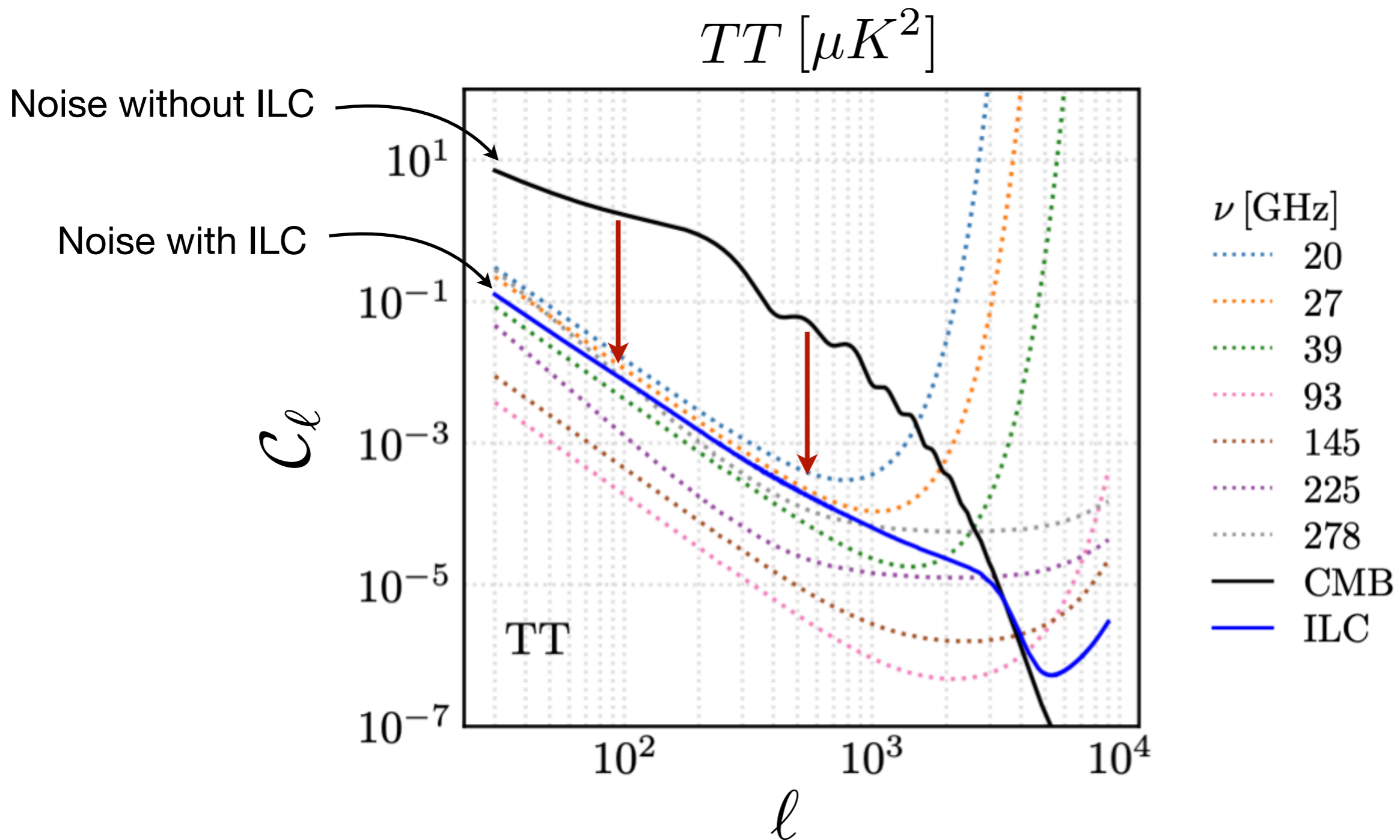
Internal Linear Combination (ILC)

$$T_{\text{axion}}(\hat{n}) = -\frac{1 - e^{-\omega/\bar{T}}}{\omega/\bar{T}} \bar{T} P_{\gamma \rightarrow \omega}(\hat{n}, \omega) \propto \frac{1 - e^{-\omega/\bar{T}}}{\omega/\bar{T}} \omega$$



Weight different maps appropriately to minimize the noise with respect to the **frequency scaling of the signal**

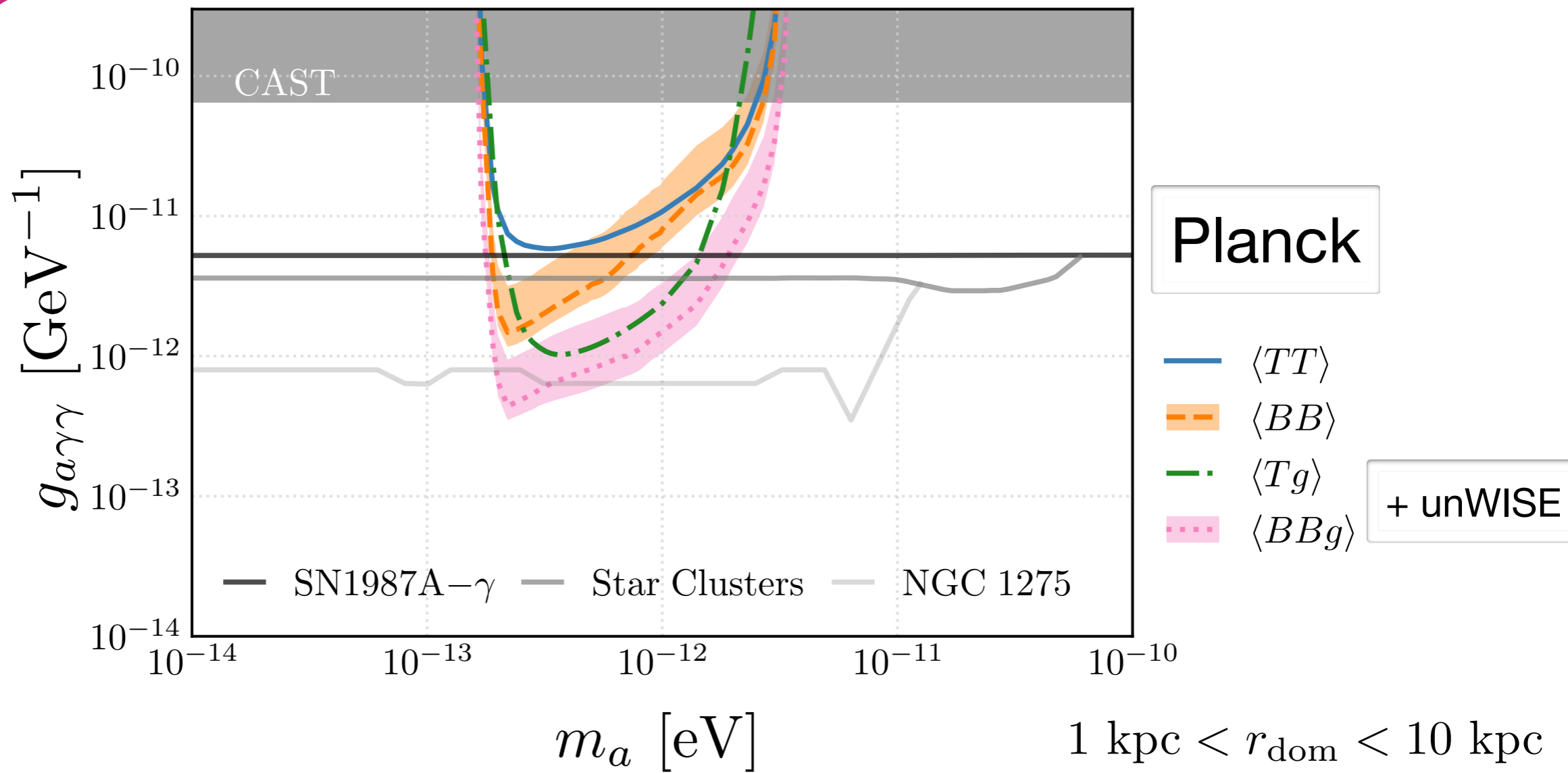
ILC cleaning



We can see a signal if it is above the blue line

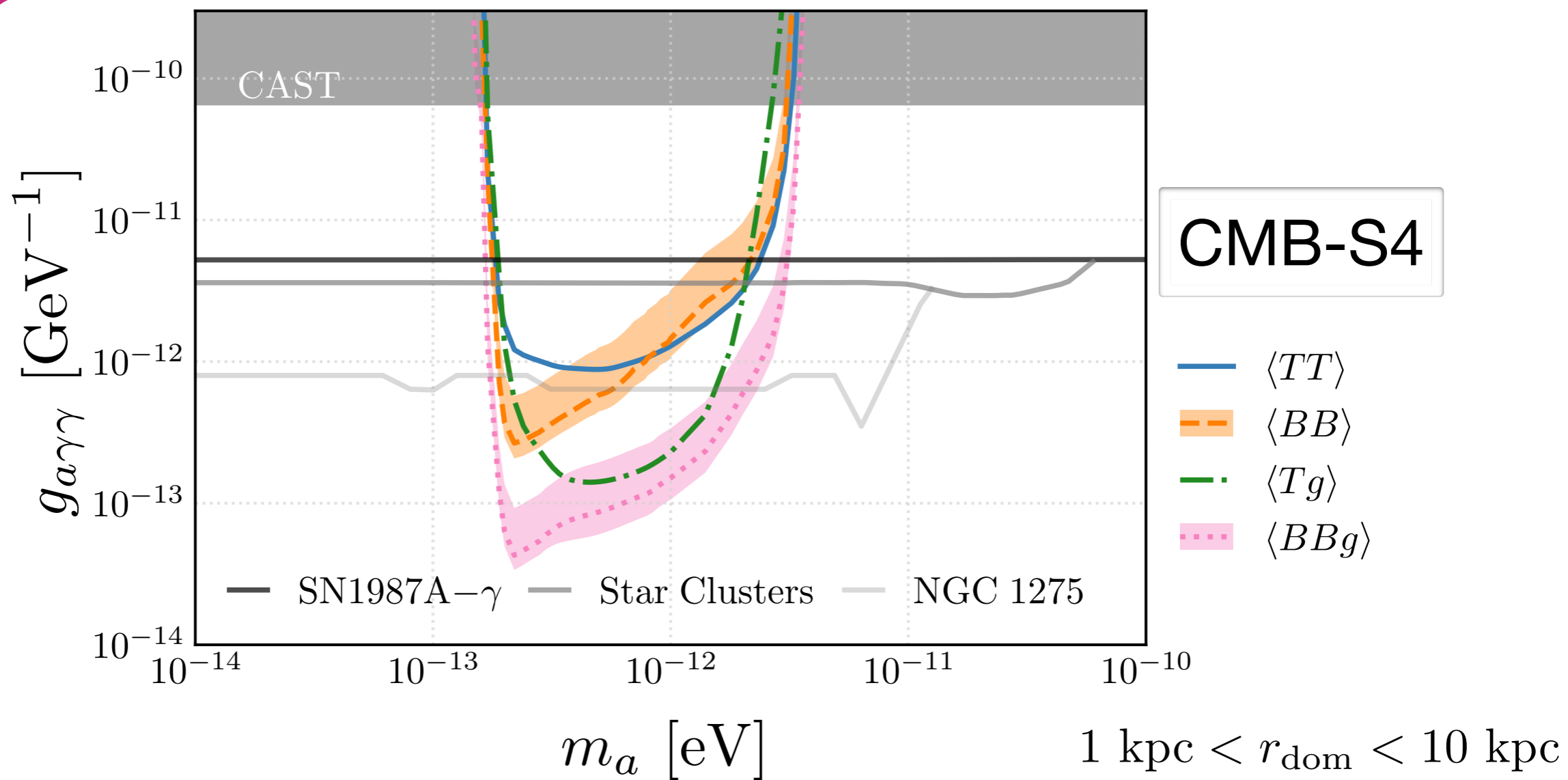
Projections: Planck + unWISE

Preliminary

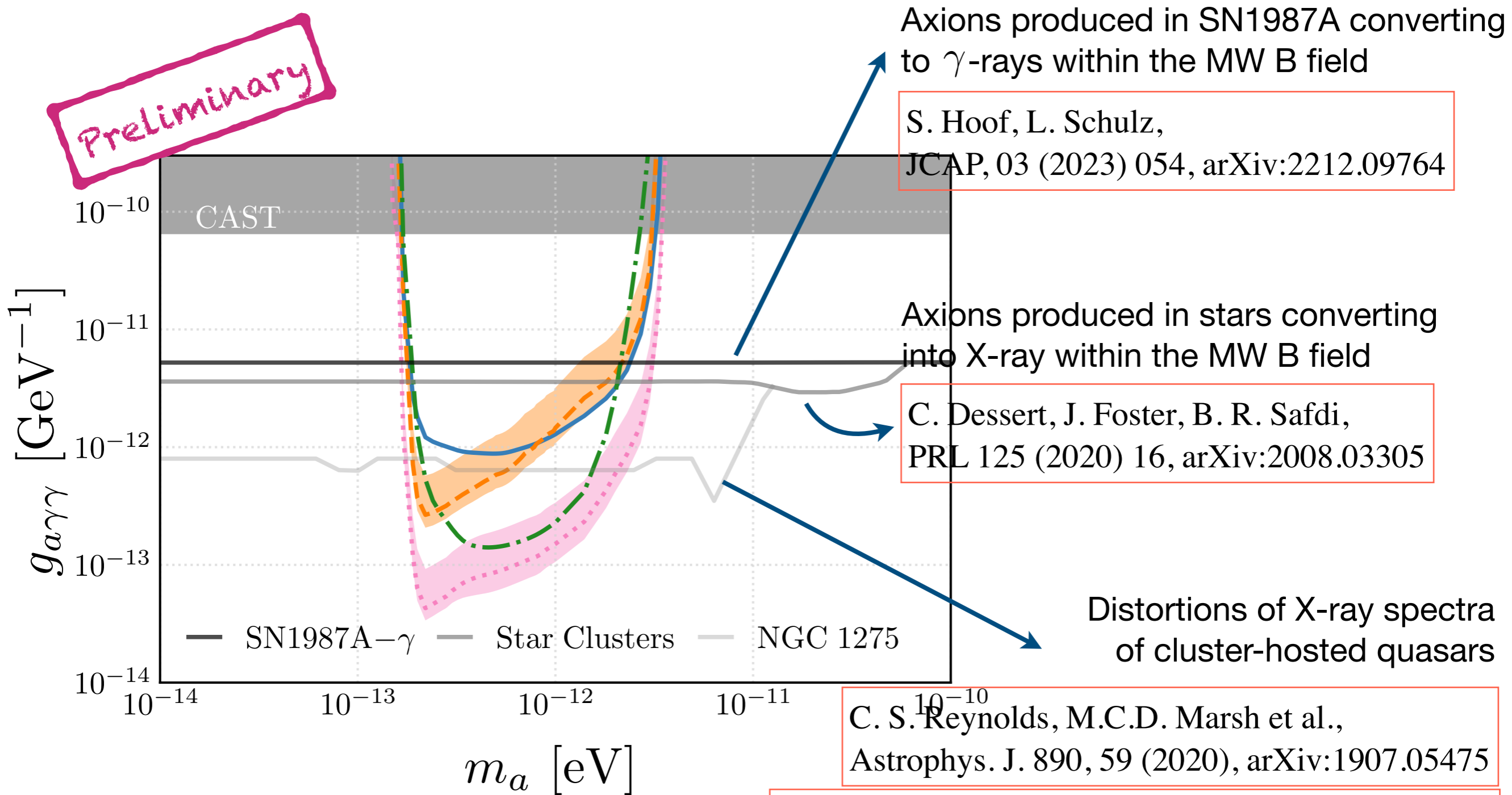


Projections: CMB-S4 + unWISE

Preliminary



Astro bounds



S. Hoof, L. Schulz,
JCAP, 03 (2023) 054, arXiv:2212.09764

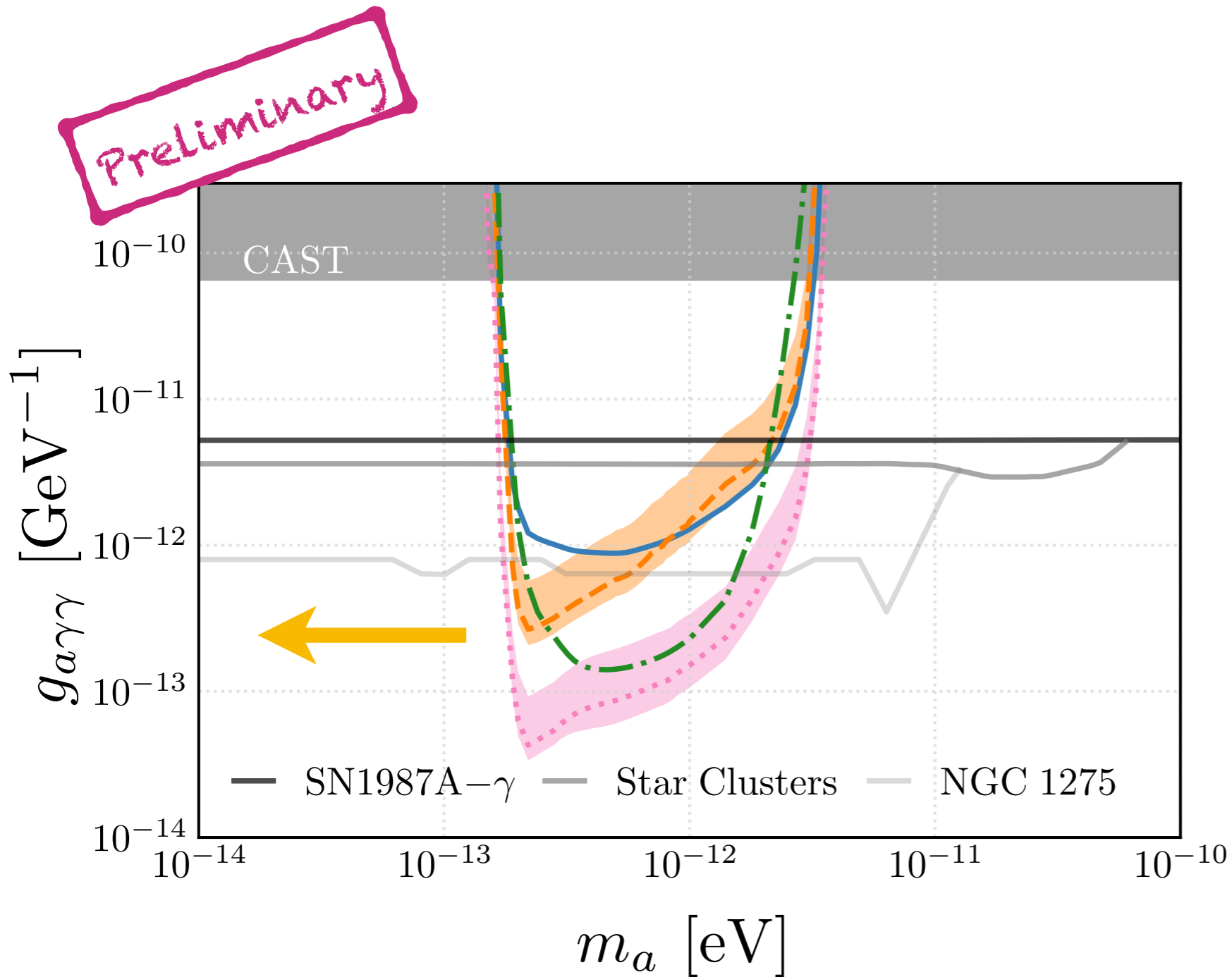
C. Dessert, J. Foster, B. R. Safdi,
PRL 125 (2020) 16, arXiv:2008.03305

C. S. Reynolds, M.C.D. Marsh et al.,
Astrophys. J. 890, 59 (2020), arXiv:1907.05475

M. Libanov, S. Troitsky,
Phys. Lett. B, 802, 135252 (2020), arXiv:1908.03074

Large systematics from B field modeling?

Probing smaller masses?

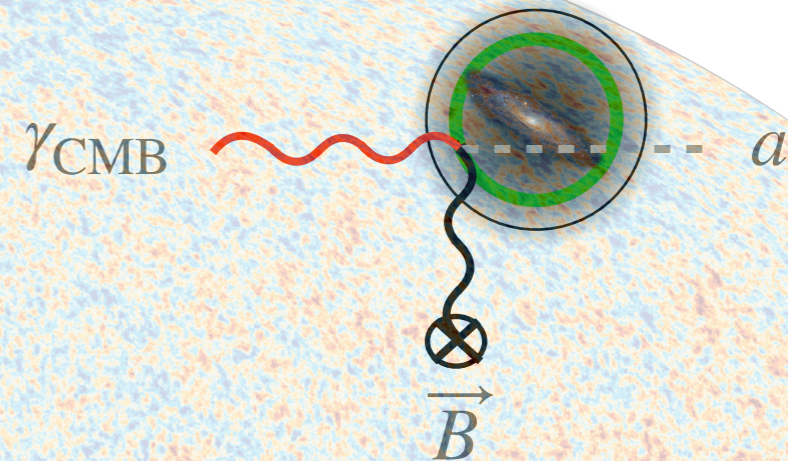
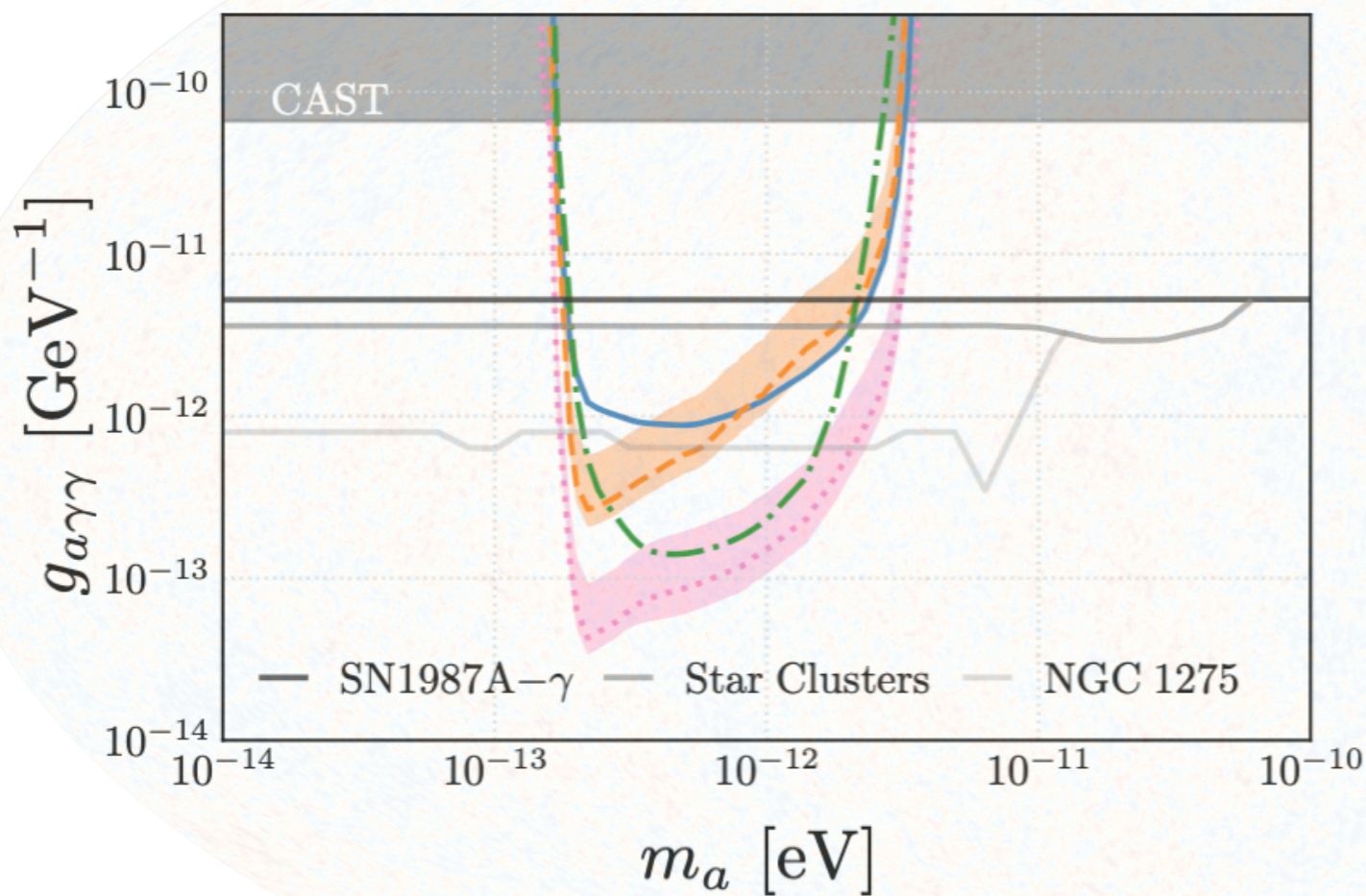


- Resonant conversion outside halos
- Non-resonant conversion

$$P_{\gamma \rightarrow a} \sim \frac{g_{a\gamma\gamma}^2 B^2 \omega^2}{\omega_{\text{pl}}^4}$$

Still anisotropic

Summary



New Physics can induce secondary anisotropies

example from this talk:
axions on the CMB

Next: analysis with
Planck+unWISE, (soon) ACT DR6

+ Sam Goldstein, Colin Hill, Fiona McCarthy

With Dalila Pîrvu , Junwu Huang, and Matt Johnson