

Beam-based optimization (FCC, superKEKB, IOTA)

Motivation: improve accelerator performance in terms of

- Orbit correction
- Beta-beating, dispersion, coupling
- Tune, chromaticity correction
- Tracking, DA optimization/prediction

input

Known errors (simulations)
Known excitations
(measurements)
BPMs readings, BLM, beam
profiles (measurements)
Beam-lifetime (simulations)

Standard Methods:

SVD, MICADO, others
Beam-based alignment
Tracking

AI Methods:

Genetic Algorithms, Particle Swarm,
BO, Reinforcement Learning,
surrogate models, others

output

Definition of corrections (linear/non-linear)
Definition of tolerances (simulations)

Active learning strategies for FCC-ee HEB

- [**Use case**] FCC-ee HEB ;
- [**Motivation**] Parameters optimisation for the FCC-ee High Energy Booster. The goal would be to optimise the lattice, the knobs and the cycling taking into account the interplay between different collective effects;
- [**Expected results**] robust strategies to mitigate several unwanted effects such as TMCI and an optimised cycling for injection, energy ramp-up, top-up and extraction to the collider ring ;
- [**Methods**] Smart parameters scan, Active learning, surrogate models (other methods to be investigated);
- [**Data**] Tracking simulations with collective effects (FCC-eeHEBcase) ;
- [**Input**] Lattice, knobs, beam, RF, errors ;
- [**Output**] Knobs, cycling, stability criteria.