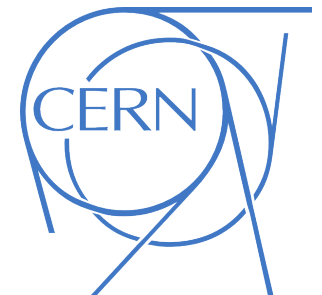

Machine learning based seed filtering in ACTS

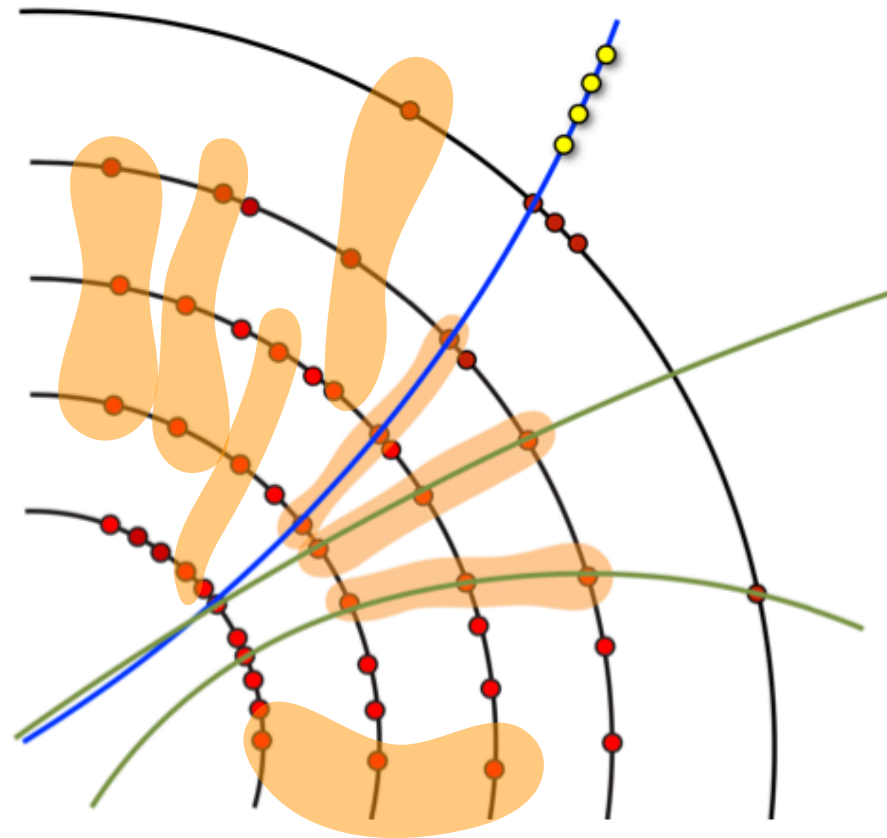


 Corentin Allaire

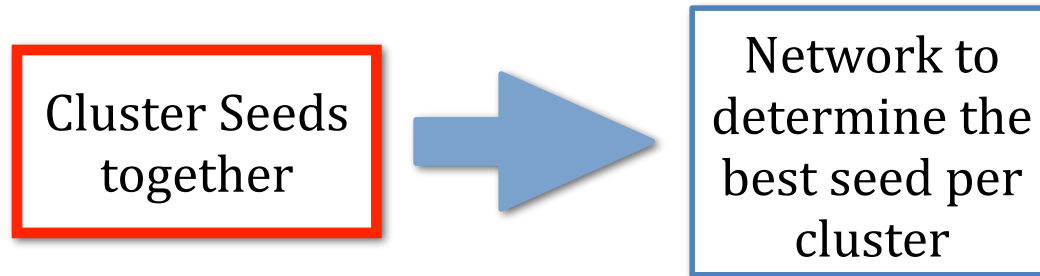


Seed filtering

- ~100k Seed produced by the seeding but ~800 tracks reconstructed at the end
- A lot of seed duplication (and useless seed)
- Each seed is then processed by the CKF => takes a lot of time to execute
- The Ambiguity solver can then remove duplicate / Fake track produced, but the time has already been lost
- Can we evaluate the quality of the seeds before the tracks have been reconstructed?
- Can we use this to speed up the tracking chain?



Machine learning based Seed filtering

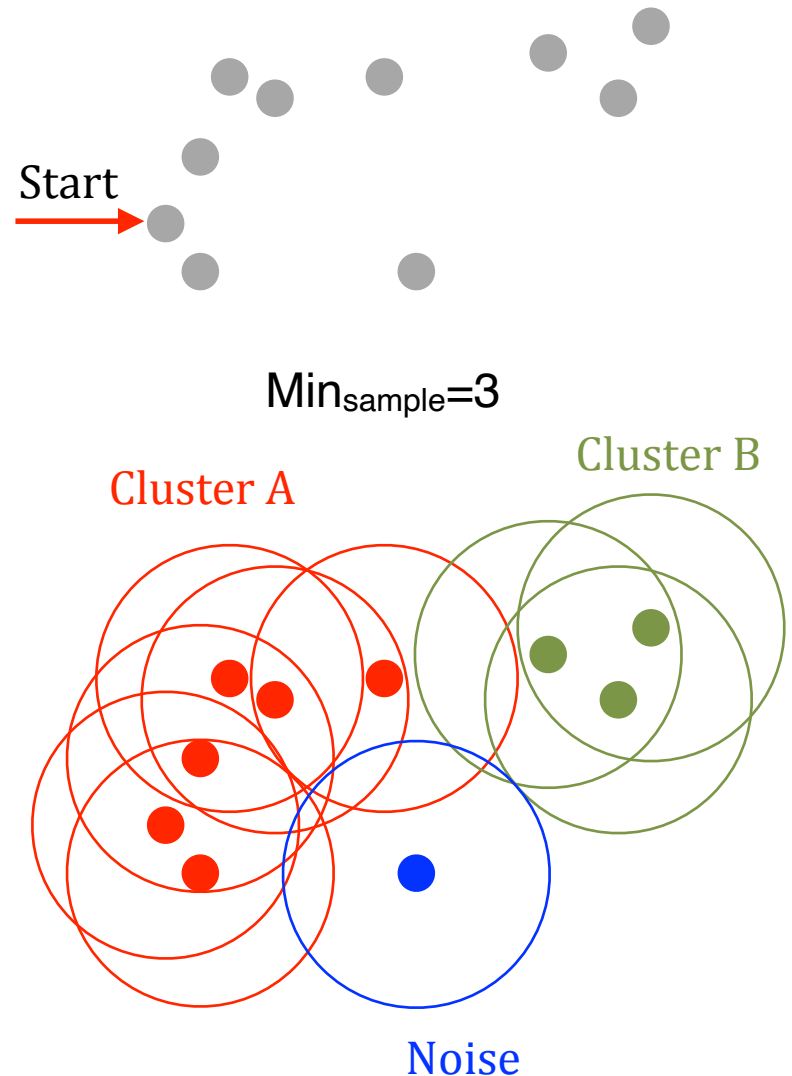


Same approach as the [ML based Ambiguity Solving](#) :

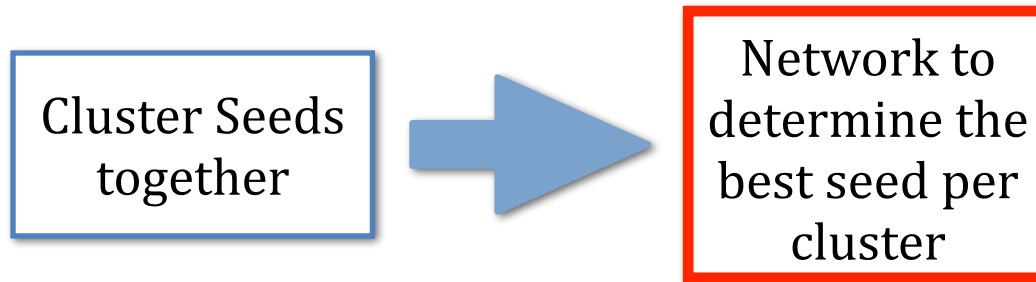
- **Clustering**: cluster seeds together, ideally 1 cluster \sim 1 truth particle
 - Using **DBScan** (a classic clustering algorithm) \rightarrow [mlpack](#) C++ implementation of many ML algorithms, really old (16+ years) still maintained to this day!
 - Cluster in a 4D space using: Phi, Eta, Z0 and Pt
 - Those 4 parameters might need to be scaled depending on the detector here
 $Pt = Pt/10$
 - Clustering can be finetuned to affect efficiency/purity balance

DBScan clustering

- Idea : 1 cluster = 1 truth particle
- Clustering based on data density
- Use 2 parameters :
 - ϵ : Max distance between neighbour
 - $\text{Min}_{\text{sample}}$: Min number of elements per cluster
- More than $\text{Min}_{\text{sample}}$ neighbour \rightarrow Create a cluster
- For each element of the cluster, do the same \rightarrow extend the cluster
- In the Seed Filter :
 - distance in (η, ϕ) ; $\epsilon=0.07$; $\text{Min}_{\text{sample}}=2$



Machine learning based Ambiguity Solving

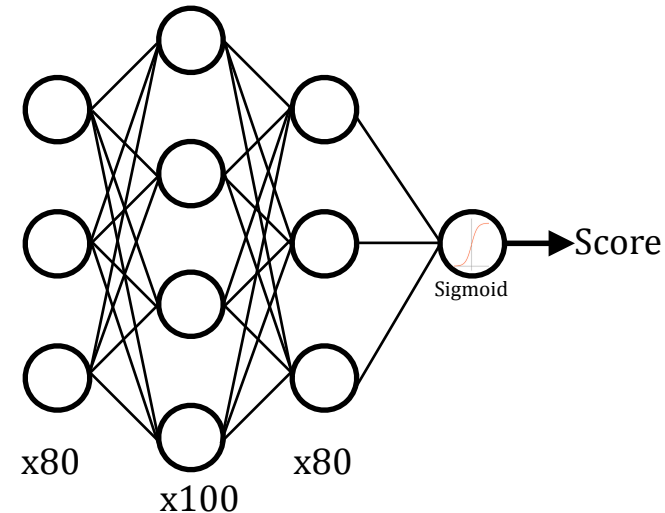


Neural Network: Score each seed, keep the highest score per cluster :

- Four layers NN, used for ranking
- Use 14 seed variables as input
- **One score per seed** ➔ **Select the best one**

Advantages :

- No parameter tuning, only a short training
- Available in Acts vis **Onnxruntime**



Input parameters :

- Pt
- Eta
- Phi
- Z0
- Seed Quality
- Space point 1 (x,y,z)
- Space point 2 (x,y,z)
- Space point 3 (x,y,z)

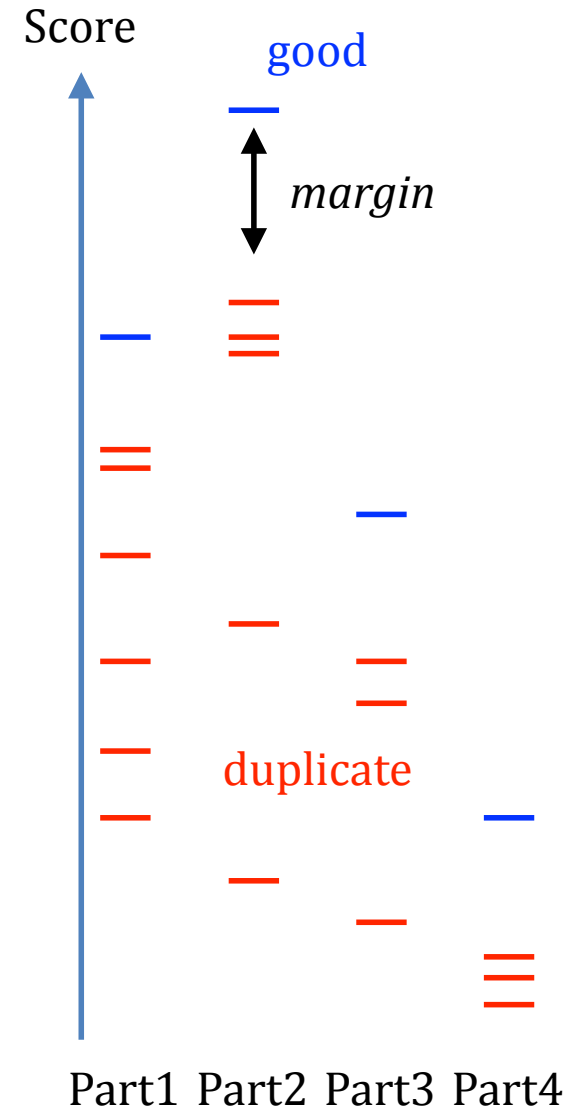
Ranking Neural Network

Goal: one score per seed, highest for the **good** one

- Training without clustering ➡ use **truth** matching instead
- Compute one loss per **truth particle**
- Use a **Margin Ranking Loss** :

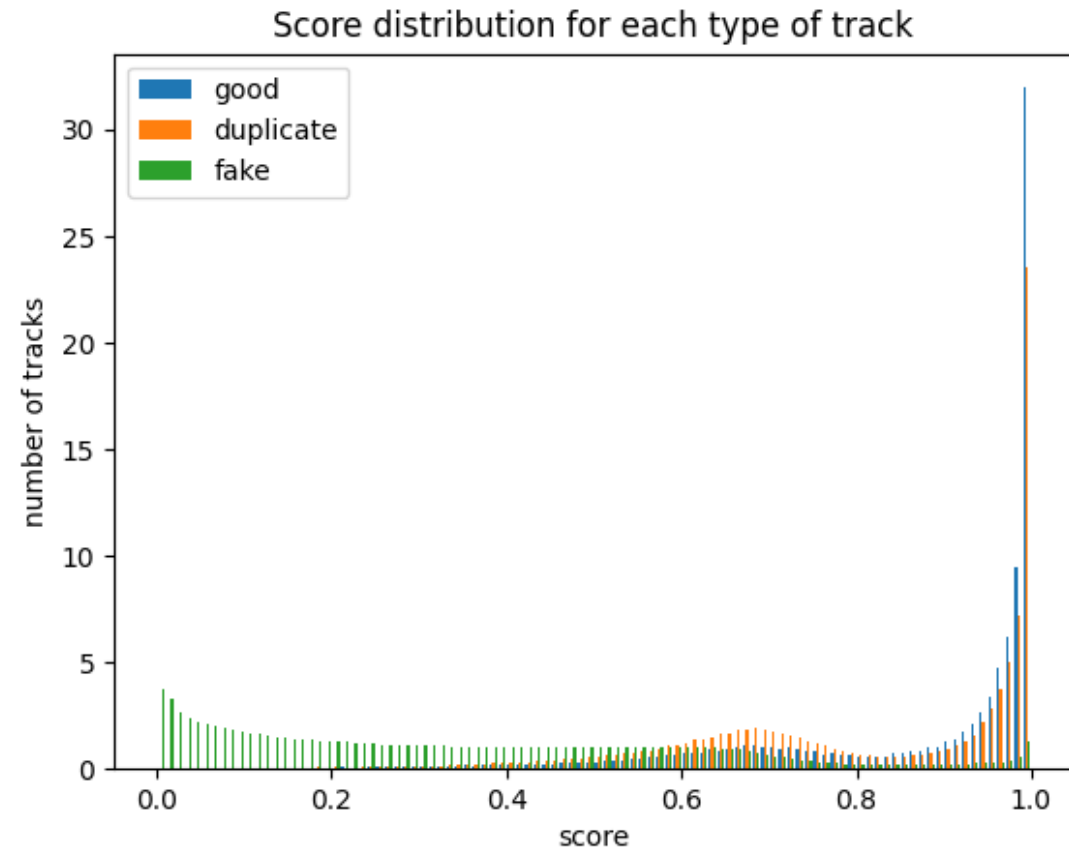
$$loss_{part} = \frac{1}{N_{tracks}} \sum^{tracks} \max(0, x - y + margin)$$

- x: track score; y: **good** track score; margin = 0.05
- If $score_{bad} < (score_{good} - margin)$, then loss = 0
Else, loss = score difference minus the margin
- Try to **separate the good and bad scores** by at least a *margin*



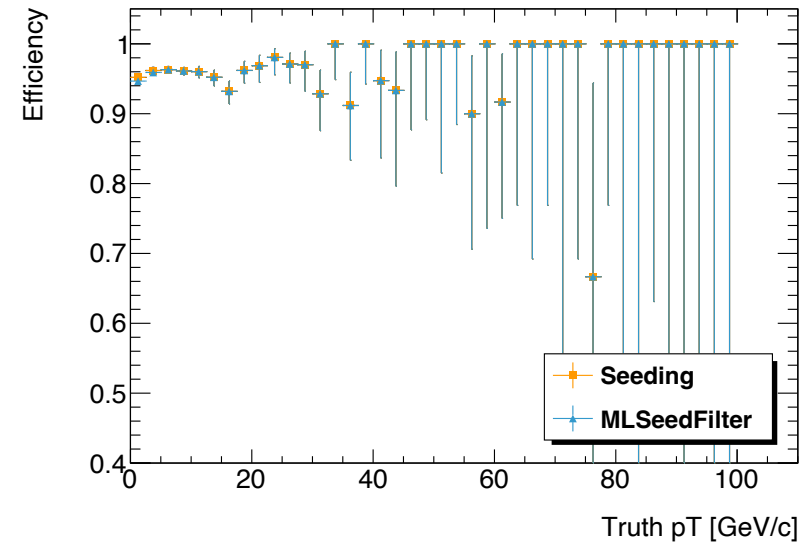
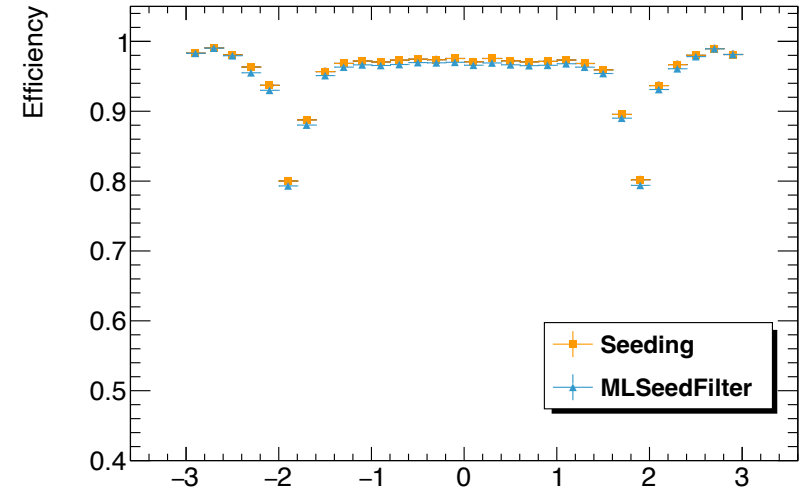
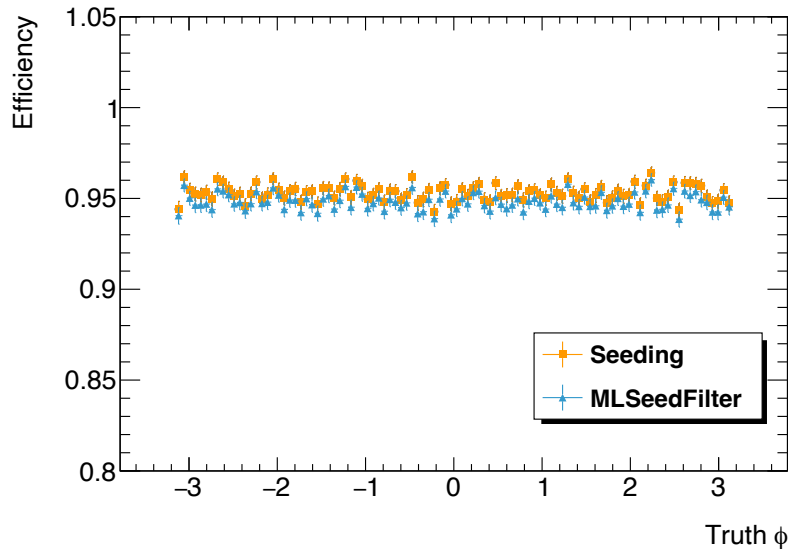
Performances : Score for the seeds

- Scores for **good**, **duplicate** and **fake** seed
- The network is capable of separating the 3
- Really good at finding **fakes**
- Uses 2 different margins for the **duplicates** and **fakes** (0.3 and 0.9)
- In the process of changing the definition of **good** :
 - Now: Closest to the truth
 - Futur: Seed that leads to the best track



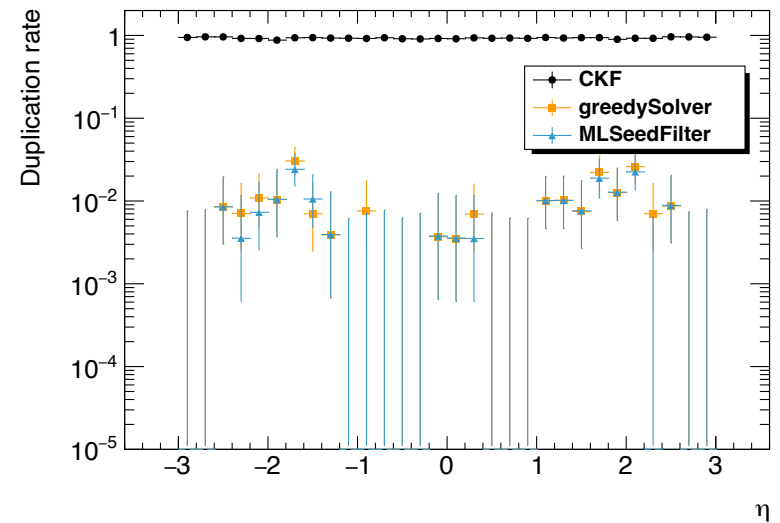
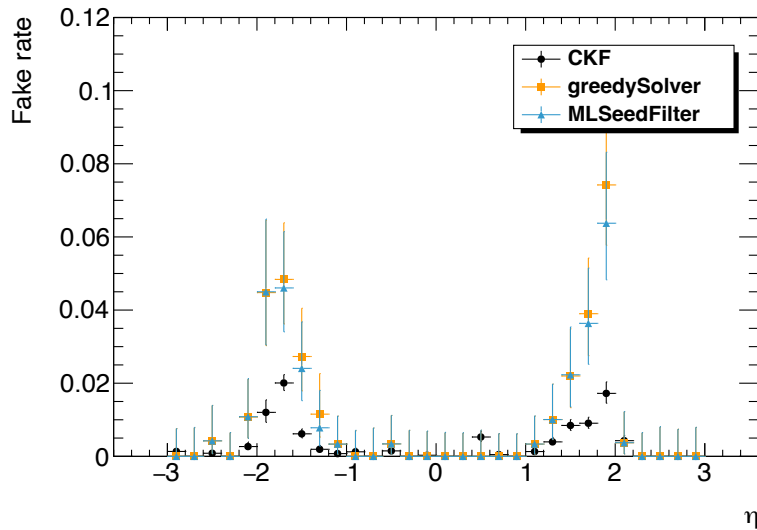
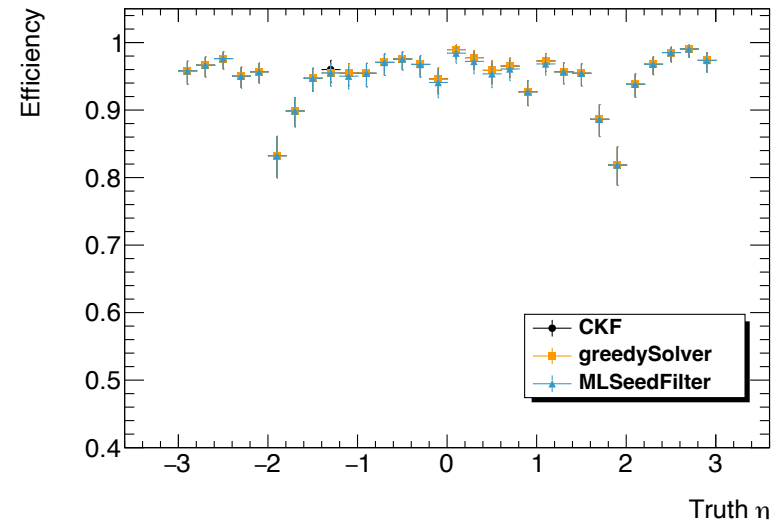
Performances : Seed Efficiency

- Seeding efficiency before and after the ML seed filter
- Loss of $\sim 0.5\%$ efficiency
- Track finding speed-up (x1.5 faster) :
38.6 event/s \rightarrow 26.3 event/s
- Filtering ~ 0.1 event/s



Performances : Solver Efficiency

- Same efficiency with the ML Seed Filter after the Greedy solver
- **Perform constantly** across the entire detector range
- Reduction of the number of tracks per event ($\div 2.6$) at the CKF level: 12185 \blacktriangleright 4587



Summary

- Great improvement -> x1.5 faster at almost no cost in efficiency
- Haven't had the time to optimise it yet
- ML part seems to already perform quite well, but the clustering should be improved

Outlook

- In the process of using the association between seed and track to select the good seeds
- The impact on the reconstructed tracks should be evaluated (track parameters, hits content)

BACKUP