

#### Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung

# Workshop summary: Heavy flavour aspects in EFT - semileptonic decays -

Biljana Mitreska TU Dortmund

6th General Meeting of the LHC EFT working group 17.11.2023 1 Outline

### 1 LHC EFT workshop: SL decays

- **2**  $b \rightarrow u$  transitions
- **3**  $b \rightarrow c$  transitions

### 1 LHC EFT WG Area 6: Heavy flavour aspects in EFT 12

- Dedicated meeting on Heavy flavour aspects in EFT in semileptonic decays on 24.04.2023 : Minico
- ► Theory and experimental(LHCb) contributions on  $b \rightarrow u l v$  and  $b \rightarrow c l v$  transitions
- Discussion on current/ongoing measurements and prospects

LHC EFT WG Area 6 meeting: Heavy flavour aspects in EFT ☐ Monday 24 Apr 2023, 1400 → 1800 EuroperZunch 9 (67:20:24 - BE Audionum Meyrin (CEN)) 1 Admir Greijo (Inventue Ben (Crij), Christoph Michael Langenbruch (Heideberg University (CR)), Gregory Max Clezarek (CEN)						
Videoconfere	nce CHC EFT WG Area 6 meeting: Heavy flavour aspects in EFT	🕨 Join 🗸 🗸				
<b>14:00</b> → 14:30	V <sub>L0</sub> determination at LHCb Speaker Michael De Cam (measure proventy (RC) (a) strated	© 30m				
<b>14:40</b> → 15:10	$b \rightarrow u \ell \bar{\nu}_\ell$ in WEFT Speaker: Merl Reboul $\underline{\mathcal{R}}$ Reboult.24442.pdf	© 30m				
<b>15:20</b> → 15:40	Coffee break	() 20m				
15:40 → 16:10	$b \rightarrow cf S_{f}$ at LHCb Speaker: Bigma Mitteska (relationshi Dormata Dormad (Ni) (2) (nc, BF 2022, Mr.	© 30m 🖉 💌				
<b>16:20</b> → 16:50	b → c{ÿℓ distributions from theory Speaker: Dean Robinson (Lawrence Berkelay National Laboratory (LBL)) boutheorypdf	© 30m				

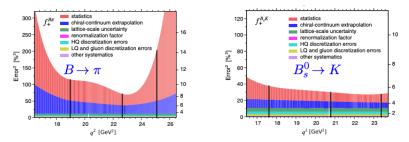
2 Outline

### LHC EFT workshop: SL decays

- **2**  $b \rightarrow u$  transitions
- **3**  $b \rightarrow c$  transitions

### 2 $b \rightarrow u l v$

- V<sub>ub</sub> measurements at LHCb: I talk by Michel de Cian
- Two main ways to measure  $|V_{\mu\nu}|$
- ► **Exclusive**: using  $B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \mu^- v_{\mu}$ , possibly small signal yields
- ▶ Inclusive:  $B^{0/+} \rightarrow X_{\mu}\mu^{+/-}\nu_{\mu}$ , large background contamination
- ▶ Different form factor uncertainties in every  $b \rightarrow u$  transition

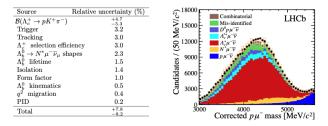


## 2 $V_{ub}$ from $\Lambda_b^0$ at LHCb

h

► 
$$V_{ub}$$
 probed using  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow p\mu^- \bar{v_\mu} (q^2 > 15 GeV^2)$   
 $|V_{ub}| = R_{FF} \frac{B(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow p\mu^- \bar{v_\mu})}{B(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ \mu^- \bar{v_\mu})} |V_{cb}|$ 

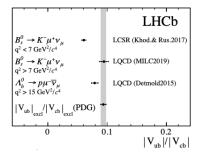
Exclusive |V<sub>cb</sub>| world average used as input, R<sub>FF</sub> from PRD 92(2015)034503]
 Main systematic uncertainties coming from the choice of normalisation channel



▶ Possibility of using non semileptonic decay ( $\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi$ ), depending on external measurements on BFs

### 2 V<sub>ub</sub> from B mesons

► Measure 
$$\frac{V_{ub}}{V_{cb}}$$
 from  $B_s^0 \to K^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu$  with  $B_s^0 \to D_s^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu$  as normalisation



- Two values of  $V_{ub}$  measured depending on the FF predictions: for low  $q^2$  (LCSR) and high  $q^2$  (LQCD)
- Need to perform differential measurements to understand shape better
- ▶ Ongoing work on  $V_{ub}$  with  $B^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 \mu^+ \nu$  and  $B^+ \rightarrow D^0 \mu \nu$ : same final state for signal and normalisation

## 2 V<sub>ub</sub> from B mesons

Determine consistency of exclusive data and quality of V<sub>ub</sub> extraction:
 talk by Méril Reboud

Goodness of fit						
Data set	$\chi^2$	d.o.f.	p value $[%]$	$ V_{ub}  \times 10^3$		
$\bar{B} \to \pi \ell \nu$	27.83	31	62.98	$3.79_{-0.15}^{+0.15}$		
$\bar{B}\to \rho\ell\nu$	5.08	10	88.60	$2.63\substack{+0.25\\-0.22}$		
$\bar{B}\to \omega\ell\nu$	3.19	4	52.66	$2.74^{+0.33}_{-0.28}$		
all data	52.31	47	27.53	$3.50^{+0.13}_{-0.12}$		

- State-of-the-art determinations:
  - Inclusive [HFLAV, PDG, ... '22]
     |V<sub>ub</sub>|= 4.13(12)(13)(18) 10<sup>-3</sup>
  - Exclusive [HFLAV, PDG, ... '20]
     |V<sub>ub</sub>|= 3.70(10)(12) 10<sup>-3</sup>

- Tension present in the inclusive vs exclusive V<sub>ub</sub> extraction
- Floating Wilson coefficients in the fit yields better b → uℓv fit (from Bayesian model comparison)
- Performing full angular analysis with floating New Physics operators will bring more insights
- Discussion between theory and experiment on how to exchange the non-gaussian likelihoods, observables and hadronic inputs from these measurements

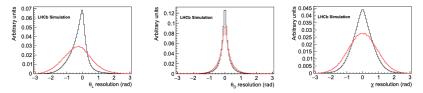
3 Outline

LHC EFT workshop: SL decays

**2**  $b \rightarrow u$  transitions

**3**  $b \rightarrow c$  transitions

- 3  $b \rightarrow c \ell v$ 
  - Overview of differential measurements at LHCb talk by Biljana Mitreska
  - LHCb has an ongoing effort in angular analyses in each channels measuring: angular coefficients, CP observables, Wilson coefficients and form factor parameters (BGL, BLPR, CLN)



- Theory community welcomes the range of differential measurements at LHCb (particularly direct measurement of angular coefficients and Wilson coefficients)
- Need to find a common solution with theorists on publishing the data together with the results  $(B \rightarrow D^* \mu(\tau) v)$

### 3 $b \rightarrow c \ell v$ : comments on using BGL

#### SM fit with BGL

<ul> <li>Belle and BaBar</li> </ul>	Parameters	Stat. uncertainty LHCb Run I
measure 5 BGL	<i>a</i> 0	6.0e-05
parameters	$a_1$	5.0e-03
<ul> <li>Current LHCb</li> </ul>	a <sub>2</sub>	9.0e-02
analysis aims for 9	$b_1$	6.0e-04
BGL parameters	<i>b</i> <sub>2</sub>	1.5e-02
* PRD 100, 052007 (2019)	$c_1$	8.0e-05
<ul> <li>PRD 103, 079901 (2019)</li> </ul>	<i>c</i> <sub>2</sub>	1.2e-03
· CERN-THESIS-2022-105	$d_0$	1.4e-02
	$d_1$	2.5e-01

- Evaluate uncertainty due to series truncation in BGL
- Evaluate if the fitted coefficients saturate unitarity bounds
- When measuring New Physics contributions BGL is preffered over BLPR and CLN (model dependent)

### 3 $b \rightarrow c \ell v$ : discussion on New Physics

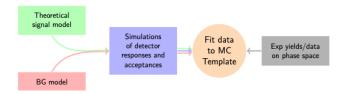
• LFU interpretation in  $b \rightarrow c \ell v$  • talk by Dean Robinson

$$\begin{split} H_{eff} &= \frac{4G_F}{\sqrt{2}} V_{cb} \sum_i C_i O_i \\ &= \frac{4G_F}{\sqrt{2}} V_{cb} [(1+C_{V_{LL}}) O_{C_{V_{LL}}} + C_{V_{RL}} O_{C_{V_{RL}}} \\ &+ C_{V_{LR}} O_{C_{V_{LR}}} + C_{V_{RR}} O_{C_{V_{RR}}} + C_{S_{LL}} O_{C_{S_{LL}}} \\ &+ C_{S_{RL}} O_{C_{S_{RL}}} + C_{S_{LR}} O_{C_{S_{LR}}} + C_{S_{RR}} O_{C_{S_{RR}}} \\ &+ C_{T_{LL}} O_{C_{T_{LL}}} + C_{T_{RR}} O_{C_{T_{RR}}}] + h.c., \end{split}$$

Standard analysis workflow

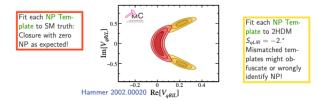
- 5 complex WCs to consider (assuming left-handed neutrino)
- Simplified models with a single heavy mediators

EW doublet $(H_2)$	$S_L$ , $S_R$
W'	VL
Scalar/Vector LQ ( <i>U</i> <sub>1,3</sub> , <i>S</i> <sub>1,3</sub> , <i>R</i> <sub>2</sub> , <i>V</i> <sub>2</sub> )	$V_L$ , $S_R$ , $S_L \pm 4T$



### 3 $b \rightarrow c \ell v$ : discussion on New Physics

#### Mismatch in WC subspace



- SM null test could be limited by possible NP biases
- Suggestion to 'redo' the measurements using NP templates to account the NP model
- Impractical to have 20 dimensional space of NP Wilson coefficients
- Quantify the fit templates biases with a fixed NP model
- To be discussed with theorists which is the optimal model to use

### 3 Summary

- Inclusive vs exclusive determination of V<sub>ub</sub> and V<sub>cb</sub> subject to constraints if New Physics is accounted in the fit
- Clear effect of the choice on the normalisation channel (in systematic uncertainties)
- When fitting for LFU observables estimate biases due to New Physics in the fit templates
- Need to decide on a common solution between theory and experiment on how to publish the data + results of the many analyses in b → clv transitions

Thank you!