Type: Poster (from contributed talk)

Modeling $N_{\rm ch}$ distributions and $p_{\rm T}$ spectra in high-energy pp collisions with DNNs - Poster

Wednesday 31 January 2024 17:05 (5 minutes)

During the data-taking campaigns Run 1 and Run 2 of the Large Hadron Collider (LHC), the ALICE collaboration collected a large amount of proton-proton (pp) collisions across a variety of center-of-mass energies (\sqrt{s}). This extensive dataset is well suited to study the energy dependence of particle production. Deep neural networks (DNNs) provide a powerful regression tool to capture underlying multidimensional correlations inherent in the data. In this contribution, DNNs are used to parameterize recent ALICE measurements of charged-particle multiplicity ($N_{\rm ch}$) distributions and transverse momentum ($p_{\rm T}$) spectra. The model architectures are defined and validated using a Bayesian-Optimization hyperparameter search on PYTHIA simulations for a wide \sqrt{s} range and then trained on the ALICE data. An ensemble method is used to predict the observables of interest, extrapolating the measurements towards higher $N_{\rm ch}$ and $p_{\rm T}$ values as well as to unmeasured \sqrt{s} from 0.5 to 100 TeV. We demonstrate that the predicted $p_{\rm T}$ spectra can serve as a reference for future heavy-ion measurements, e.g. the O–O campaign planned in LHC Run 3, where no dedicated pp data-taking at the same \sqrt{s} is currently foreseen.

Would you like to be considered for an oral presentation?

Author: CALMON BEHLING, Maria Alejandra (Goethe University Frankfurt (DE))

Presenter: CALMON BEHLING, Maria Alejandra (Goethe University Frankfurt (DE))

Session Classification: Poster Session

Track Classification: 3 ML for simulation and surrogate model: Application of Machine Learning to

simulation or other cases where it is deemed to replace an existing complex model