

# **Study of Higgs boson decay to bottom quark pairs with CMS experiment at LHC**

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on behalf of CMS collaboration

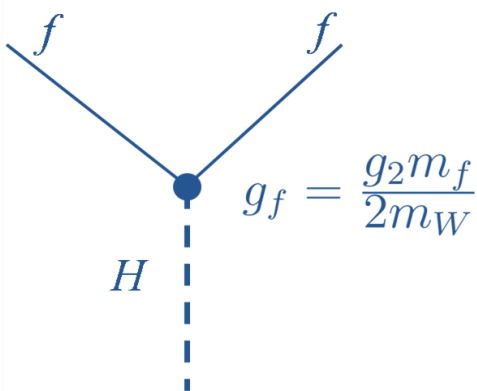
**CHEP-Yerevan-2023**

A.I. Alikhanyan National Science Laboratory, Yerevan, Armenia

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## Motivation:

*Higgs-fermion vertex*

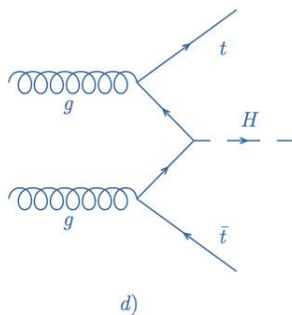
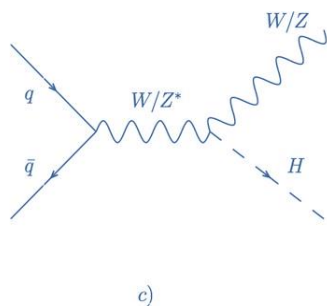
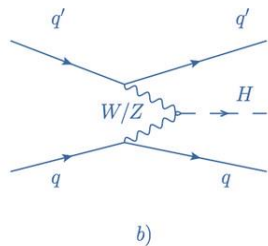
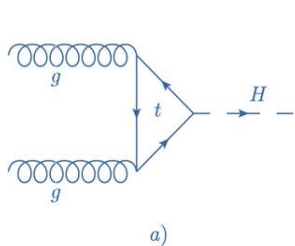


One of the main challenges for LHC Run2 was the Higgs boson observation in 3<sup>rd</sup> generation fermions decay modes.

## $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ features

- BR ~ 58 %
- Direct access to  $H$ - $b$  coupling
- Certain difficulties with event reconstruction and signal extraction

## Higgs boson production at LHC



Sensitivity of  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  search is highly related to “b-tagging” performance which is in constant development.

# $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ : Observation

Main contribution is from **VH**-production mode:  
**WH** or **ZH**, where W/Z are decaying to leptons.



[Phys.Rev.Lett. 121, 121801](#)

## VH(bb)

### Event selection and interpretation (2017)

- ❑ **0-lepton** channel ( $p_T^{miss}$  and  $H_T^{miss}$  triggers)

$p_T^{miss}$  interpreted as  $p_T^Z$

- ❑ **1-lepton** channel (Single e/ $\mu$  triggers)

W-candidate reconstructed from  $p_T^{miss}$  and  $p_l$

- ❑ **2-lepton** channel (Double e/ $\mu$  triggers)

Z-candidate reconstructed from leptons pair

- System of two most b-tagged (DeepCSV) jets interpreted as H-candidate.

- Leptons are required to pass isolation condition.

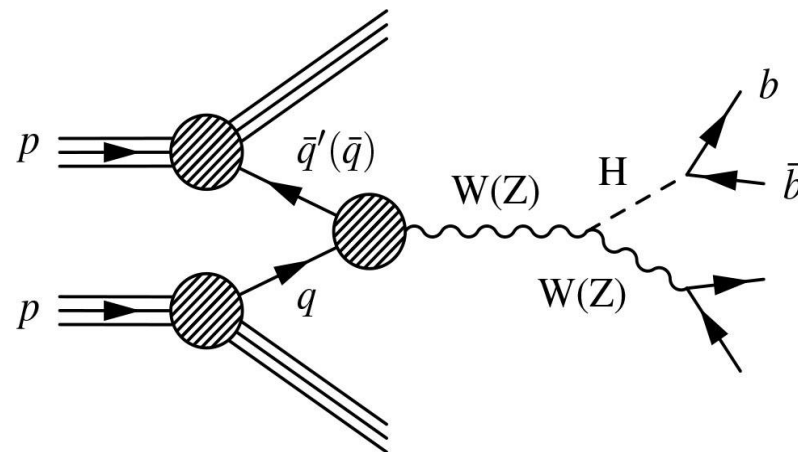
- Jets are required to be within  $|\eta| < 2.5$ , and with  $p_T > 65,35$  (0); 25,25 (1); 20,20 (2) GeV

- Tight/medium b-tagging cuts are applied to higher/lower b-tagged jets, providing 0.1 / 1.0 % missID rate for light-flavour jets and 68/50 % efficiency for b-jets



[2018 JINST 13 P05011](#)

- Additional cuts on  $p_T^{miss}$ ,  $p_T^V$ , jet-multiplicity in different categories are applied to reduce background contribution



Following technique was applied to reduce mass ( $m_{jj}$ ) resolution (from 15% to 10-13%):

- DNN regression and FSR recovery
- In 2-lepton channel  $p_T$ -balance between  $ll$  and  $jj$  systems was required

**DNN classification was applied for signal-background discrimination.**

**Control regions are used to normalize background processes directly from data.**

**DNN score is used in signal regions to extract signal strength.**

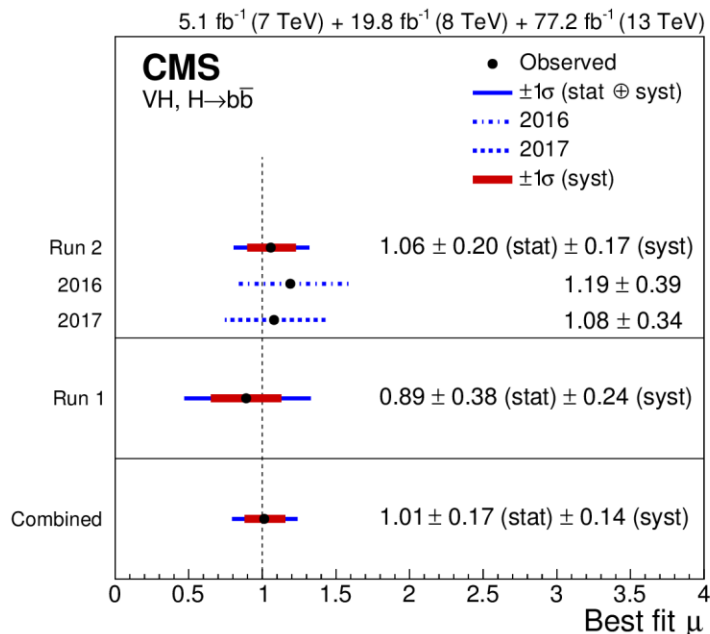
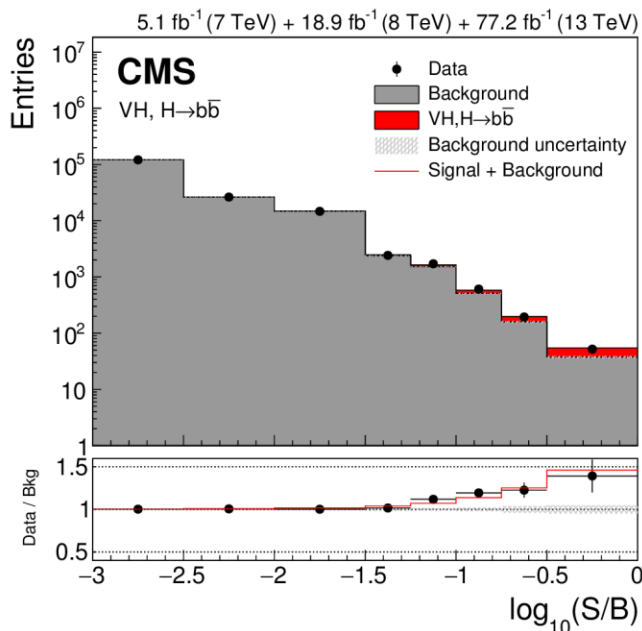


[Phys.Rev.Lett. 121, 121801](https://arxiv.org/abs/1708.07584)

**Validation on VZ (WZ and ZZ) process**






**2017 results:** observed/expected significance = 3.3 / 3.1  $\sigma$ ,  $\mu=1.08 \pm 0.34$

**Combined Run1 and 2016-17 results:** observed/expected significance = 4.8 / 4.9  $\sigma$ ,  $\mu=1.01 \pm 0.22$



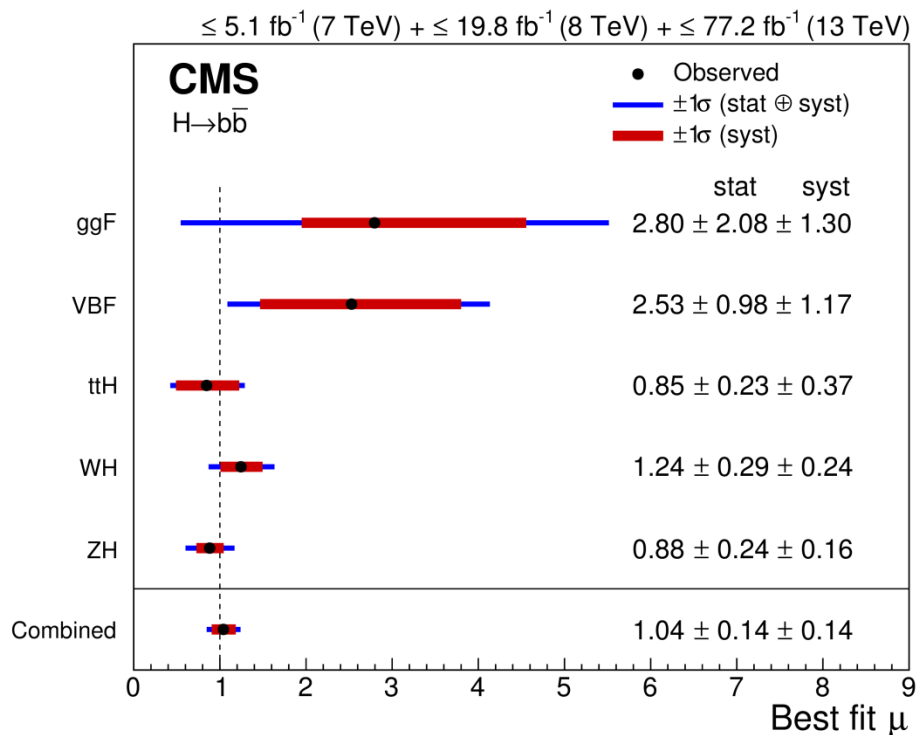
# $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ : Observation

Combination of CMS measurements of the  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  decay including

- VH  [Phys.Rev.Lett. 121, 121801](#)  [Phys.Lett.B 780 \(2018\) 501–532](#)
- gluon fusion  [Phys. Rev. Lett. 120, 071802](#)
- vector boson fusion  [Phys. Rev. D 92 \(2015\) 032008](#)
- associated production with top quarks  [Phys. Rev. Lett. 120, 231801](#)

observed/expected significance = 5.6 / 5.5  $\sigma$

$$\mu = 1.04 \pm 0.20$$



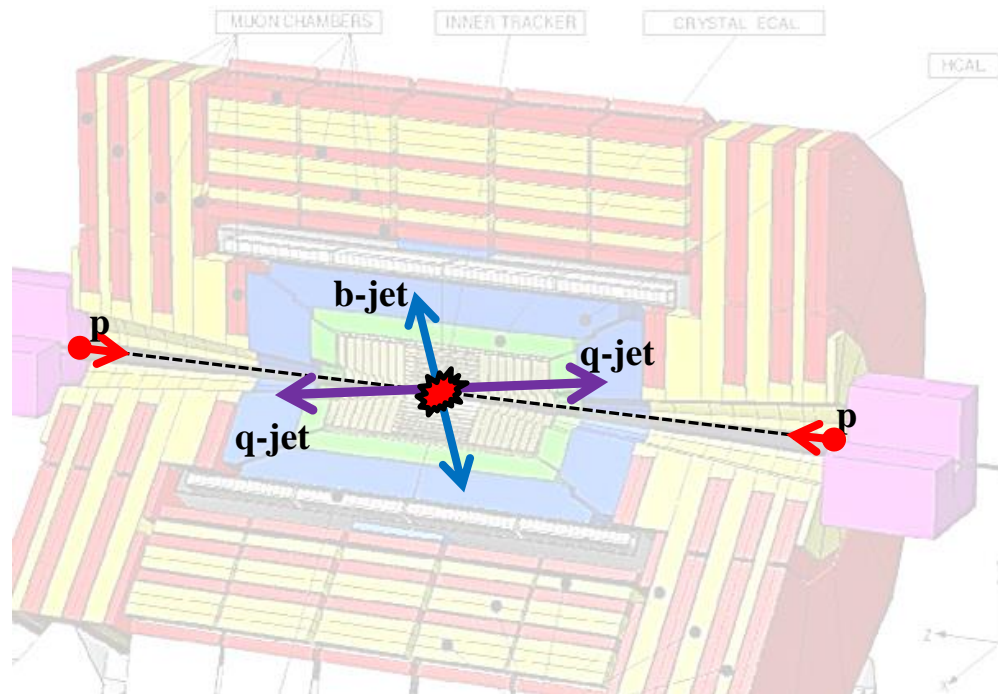
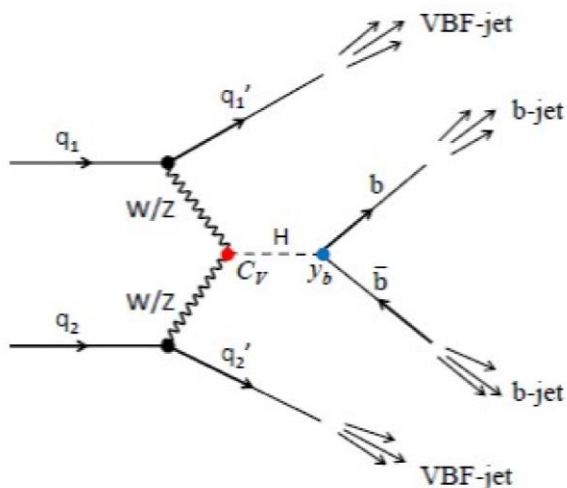
CMS 2016 and 2018 data of pp-collisions at 13 TeV corresponding to  $\sim 91 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  integral luminosity

Two main analysis classes based on two main features of VBF\_Hbb process:

- ❑ **SingleB** relies on **tight** VBF topology and **loose** b-tagging ( $\geq 1$  b-tagged jets)
- ❑ **DoubleB** relies on **loose** VBF topology and **tight** b-tagging ( $\geq 2$  b-tagged jets)



[CMS-PAS-HIG-22-009](#)



Dedicated online triggers (L1 – HLT)

L1: 3Jets (**SingleB** & **DoubleB**)

HLT: 4Jets-LooseBTag-TightVBF (**SingleB**)

4Jets-TightBTag-LooseVBF (**DoubleB**)

**Dominant QCD background**

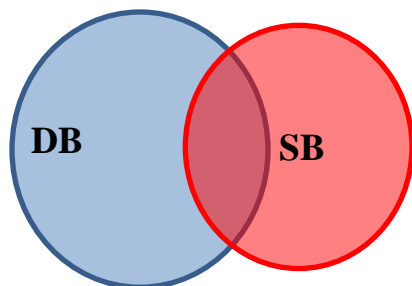
## Event selection and interpretation

- Four  $P_T$  -leading jets with  $p_T > 95, 80, 65, 30$  GeV were considered (2016)
- Four  $P_T$  -leading jets with  $p_T > \underline{110}, \underline{90}, \underline{80}, 30$  GeV were considered (2018)
- jets are within  $|\eta| < 4.7$  and passing *loose* PileUp-condition
- 2 most b-tagged jets with  $|\eta| < 2.4$  and passing DeepJet medium WP were selected as b-jets (b1 & b2).  
Here medium WP cut provides 70-80 % b-jet selection efficiency vs ~1% light-flavour missID rate.



[CMS-DP-2018-058](#)

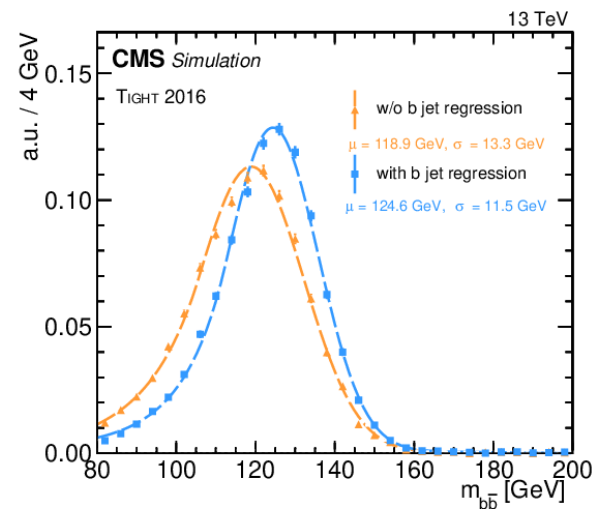
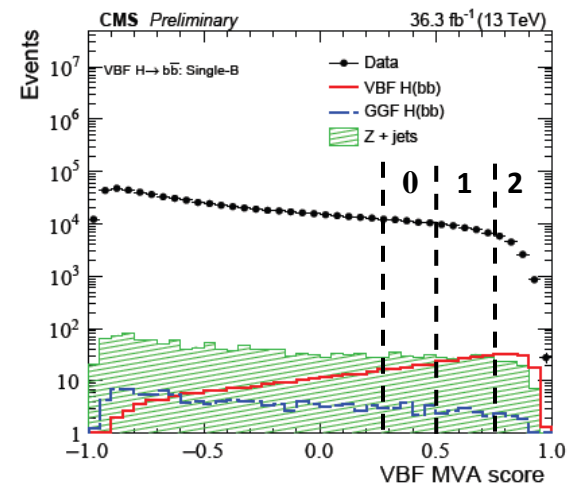
- $\Delta\phi_{bb} < 1.6$  (2.1) in SingleB (DoubleB)
- 2 remaining among 4  $p_T$  -leading jets were selected as q-jets
- $m_{qq} > 500$  (250) GeV,  $\Delta\eta_{qq} > \underline{4.2}$  (2.5) in SingleB (DoubleB) (2016)
- $m_{qq} > 500$  (250) GeV,  $\Delta\eta_{qq} > \underline{3.8}$  (2.5) in SingleB (DoubleB) (2018)
- Isolated lepton veto: **NO**  $e$  with  $p_T > 7$  GeV or  $\mu$  with  $p_T > 5$  GeV



**Inclusive SingleB and exclusive DoubleB selections**

# $H \rightarrow b\bar{b} : \text{VBF}$

- **BDT signal-background discrimination**
  - ❑ Binary classification for SingleB
  - ❑ Multiclass classification for DoubleB
- **Zbb category in DoubleB class was used for validation and Z+Jets constrain**
- **Signal and resonant background (Z+Jets) models were extracted from MC (CB + Bernstein pol.)**
- **Data derived QCD model extracted from sideband regions ( $80 < m_{bb} < 104 \text{ GeV}$  and  $140 < m_{bb} < 200 \text{ GeV}$ ). (Exp  $\times$  Pol.)**
- **Additionally DNN regression was applied to improve mass resolution ( $\sim 15 \%$ )** [Comput. Softw. Big Sci. 4 \(2020\) 10](https://arxiv.org/abs/2005.07148)
- **Results were extracted from  $m_{bb}$  distribution**





## Results:

### ☐ Inclusive $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ (VBF+ggF):

Signal significance (observed/expected) = 2.6 / 2.9

$$\mu_{Hb\bar{b}} = 0.99 \pm 0.33 \text{ (stat.)} + 0.33 \text{ (syst.)} - 0.24 \text{ (syst.)}$$

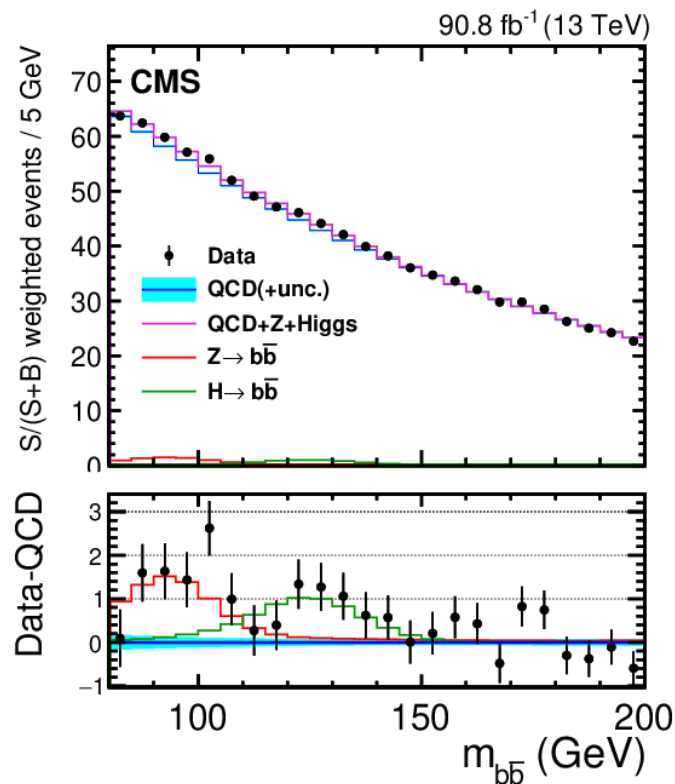
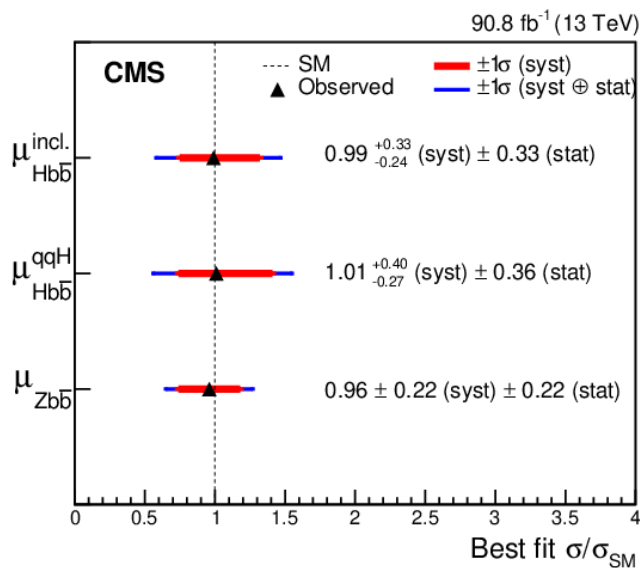
### ☐ Pure VBF (ggF is constrained within SM-expectation):

Signal significance (observed/expected) = 2.4 / 2.7

$$\mu_{Hb\bar{b}} = 1.01 \pm 0.36 \text{ (stat.)} + 0.40 \text{ (syst.)} - 0.27 \text{ (syst.)}$$



[CMS-PAS-HIG-22-009](#)



## Event (pre)selection and interpretation

- Dedicated 6-jet HLTs with b-tag and HT requirements
- $\geq 6$  jets with  $p_T > 40$  GeV and  $H_T > 450$  GeV
- $\geq 2$  medium CSV b-tagged jets, providing  $\sim 1\%$  and  $\sim 10\%$  missID rate for light-flavour and c-jets, and  $\sim 65\%$  efficiency for b-jets

 [2013 JINST 8 P04013](#)

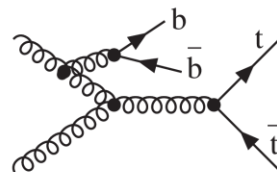
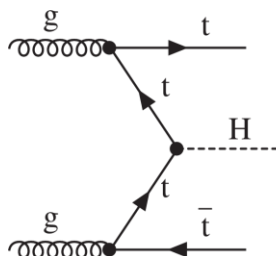
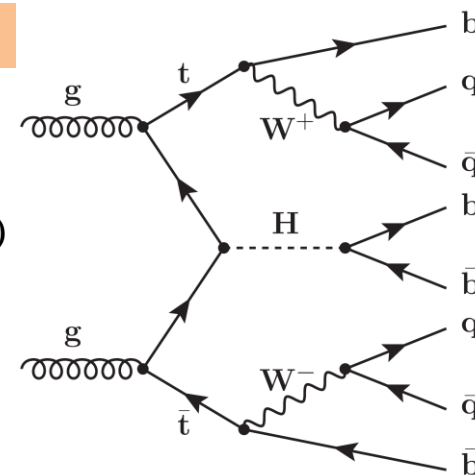
- Lepton veto
- Categorization by jet (7,8,  $\geq 9$ ) and b-jet (3,  $\geq 4$ ) multiplicity
- W-candidates are reconstructed from not b-tagged jets (QGLR  $> 0.5$ )
- Background models:

- ❑ QCD-multijet – extracted from data in control region.  
CR  $\rightarrow$  2 medium b-tagged +  $\geq 1$  loose b-tagged jets  
Validation region  $\rightarrow$  QGLR  $< 0.5$

- ❑ other – MC

- Signal-background discrimination with likelihood technique based on the LO matrix elements using full kinematics:  $t\bar{t}H$  vs  $t\bar{t}+b\bar{b}$

 [JHEP 06 \(2018\) 101](#)



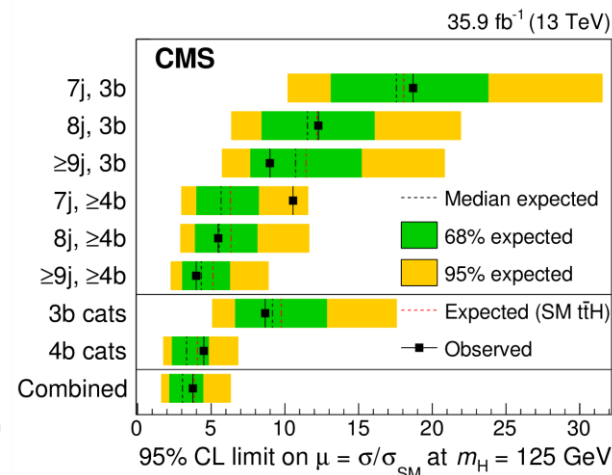
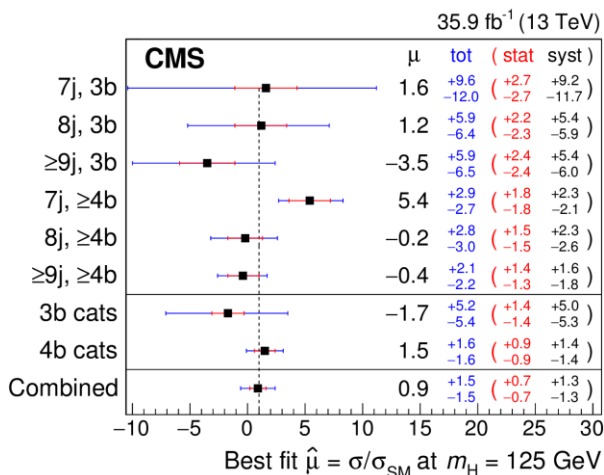
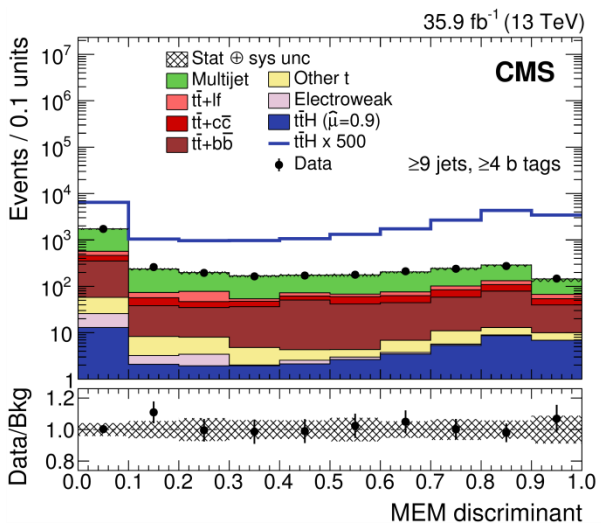
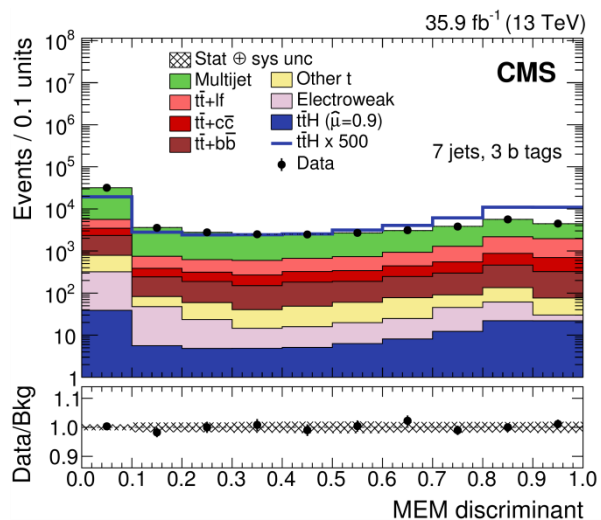
# $H \rightarrow b\bar{b} : t\bar{t}H$ all-jet (2016)

Results are extracted from (matrix element method) MEM distribution



JHEP 06 (2018) 101

## Results

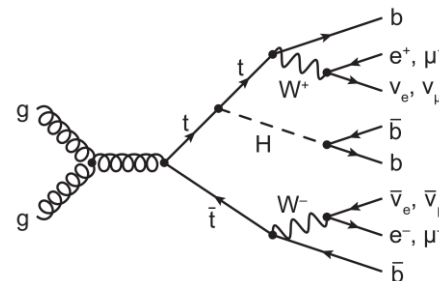
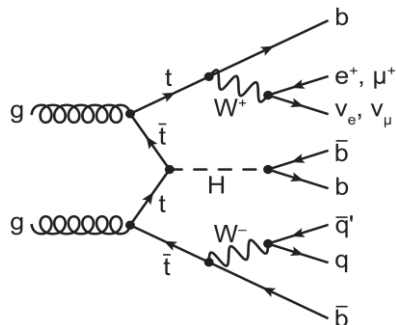


Category	Best fit $\hat{\mu}$ and uncertainty			Observed UL	Expected UL
	$\hat{\mu}$	total	(stat syst)		
7j, 3b	1.6	+9.6 -12.0	(+2.7 +9.2) (-2.7 -11.7)	18.7	17.6 <sup>+6.2</sup> <sub>-4.4</sub>
8j, 3b	1.2	+5.9 -6.4	(+2.2 +5.4) (-2.3 -5.9)	12.3	11.5 <sup>+4.6</sup> <sub>-3.1</sub>
$\geq 9j$ , 3b	-3.5	+5.9 -6.5	(+2.4 +5.4) (-2.4 -6.0)	9.0	10.7 <sup>+4.5</sup> <sub>-3.1</sub>
7j, $\geq 4b$	5.4	+2.9 -2.7	(+1.8 +2.3) (-1.8 -2.1)	10.6	5.7 <sup>+2.6</sup> <sub>-1.7</sub>
8j, $\geq 4b$	-0.2	+2.8 -3.0	(+1.5 +2.3) (-1.5 -2.6)	5.5	5.5 <sup>+2.6</sup> <sub>-1.6</sub>
$\geq 9j$ , $\geq 4b$	-0.4	+2.1 -2.2	(+1.4 +1.6) (-1.3 -1.8)	4.0	4.3 <sup>+1.9</sup> <sub>-1.3</sub>
3b cats					
4b cats					
Combined	0.9	+1.5 -1.5	(+0.7 +1.3) (-0.7 -1.3)	3.8	3.1 <sup>+1.4</sup> <sub>-0.9</sub>

## Two modes: Single-lepton and Double-lepton



JHEP 03 (2019) 026



- Single HLTs
  - One lepton (e/μ) with  $p_T > 30/26$  GeV,  $|\eta| < 2.1$
  - Additional lepton veto
  - $p_T^{miss} > 20$  GeV
  - Jets with  $p_T > 30$  GeV within  $|\eta| < 2.4$
  - $\geq 1$  medium CSVv2 b-tagged jets
- Single lepton or Double lepton HLTs
  - Two opposite charged leptons (e/μ) with  $p_T > 25/15$  GeV,  $|\eta| < 2.4$ ,  $m_{ll} > 20$  GeV, if same flavour  $m_{ll}$ -region 76-106 GeV is rejected
  - Additional lepton veto
  - $p_T^{miss} > 40$  GeV
  - 2  $p_T$ -leading jets with  $p_T > 30$  GeV,  $|\eta| < 2.4$ , other jets  $p_T > 20$  GeV
  - $\geq 2$  medium CSVv2 b-tagged jets

**QCD-multijet background estimated from low  $p_T^{miss}$  region is negligible**

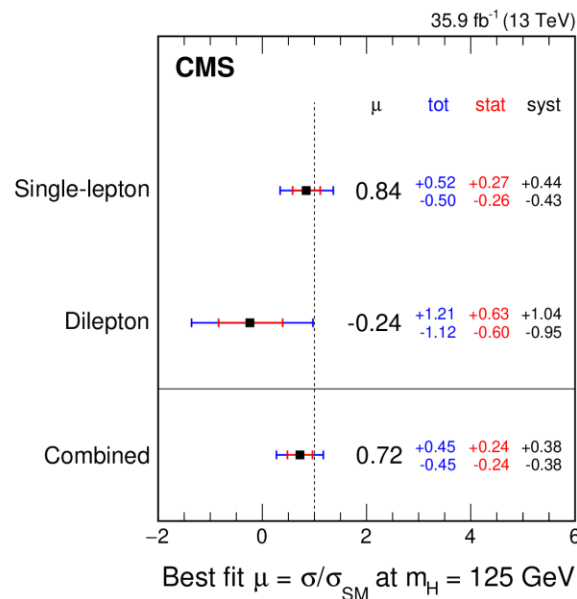
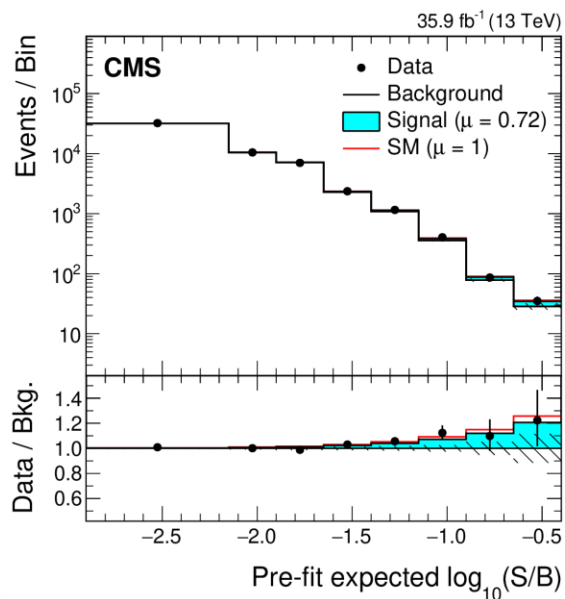
**Signal and background models are extracted from MC**

### Categorization by jet and b-jet multiplicity

- 4 jets,  $\geq 3$  b tags
- 5 jets,  $\geq 3$  b tags
- $\geq 6$  jets,  $\geq 3$  b tags
- 4 jets,  $\geq 3$  b tags
- 5 jets,  $\geq 3$  b tags

- DNN, MEM signal-background discrimination in Single lepton mode:  $t\bar{t}H$  vs  $t\bar{t}$ +jets
- BDT signal-background discrimination in Double lepton mode:  $t\bar{t}H$  vs  $t\bar{t}$ +jets

Results are extracted from discriminants distribution



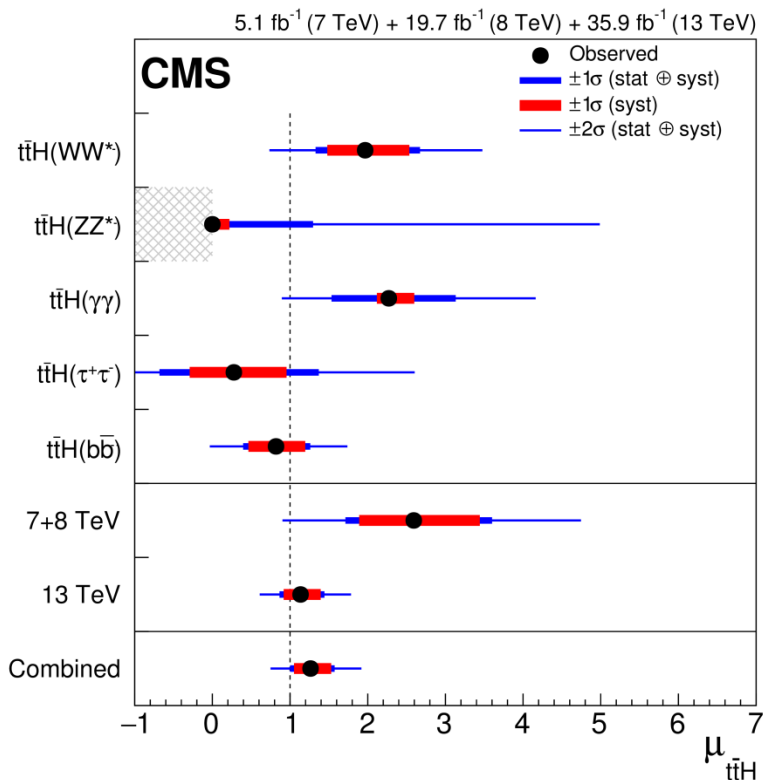
- Observed (expected) UL on the  $t\bar{t}H$  cross section relative to the SM expectations found 1.5 (0.9) at 95% CL
- The best fit value of  $\mu$  is  $0.72 \pm 0.24$  (stat)  $\pm 0.38$  (syst).
- Observed (expected) significance of 1.6 (2.2)  $\sigma$  above the background-only hypothesis.

# $H \rightarrow b\bar{b} : t\bar{t}H$ combined

- Combination of Run1 and 2016 data
- Significant contribution in  $t\bar{t}H$  observation



Phys. Rev. Lett. 120, 231801



**Signal strength:  $\mu_{Hb\bar{b}} = 0.82 (+0.44 - 0.42)$  at 68 % CL**

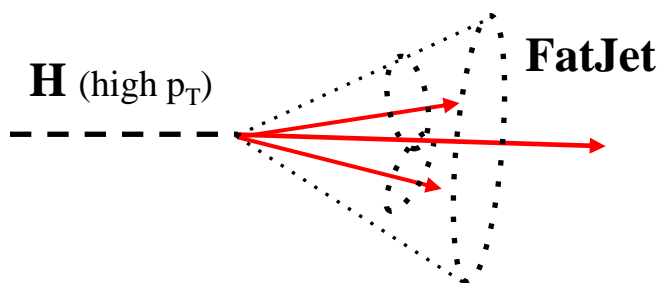
**Signal strength:  $\mu_{t\bar{t}H} = 1.26 (+0.31 - 0.26)$  at 68 % CL**

**( $t\bar{t}H$ ) Observed/expected significance = 5.2/4.2  $\sigma$**

Parameter	Best fit	Uncertainty			
		Stat	Expt	Thbgd	Thsig
$\mu_{t\bar{t}H}^{WW^*}$	1.97 <sup>+0.71</sup> <sub>-0.64</sub> (+0.57) (-0.54)	+0.42 -0.41 (+0.39) (-0.38)	+0.46 -0.42 (+0.36) (-0.34)	+0.21 -0.21 (+0.17) (-0.17)	+0.25 -0.12 (+0.12) (-0.03)
$\mu_{t\bar{t}H}^{ZZ^*}$	0.00 <sup>+1.30</sup> <sub>-0.00</sub> (+2.89) (-0.99)	+1.28 -0.00 (+2.82) (-0.99)	+0.20 -0.00 (+0.51) (-0.00)	+0.04 -0.00 (+0.15) (-0.00)	+0.09 -0.00 (+0.27) (-0.00)
$\mu_{t\bar{t}H}^{\gamma\gamma}$	2.27 <sup>+0.86</sup> <sub>-0.74</sub> (+0.73) (-0.64)	+0.80 -0.72 (+0.71) (-0.64)	+0.15 -0.09 (+0.09) (-0.04)	+0.02 -0.01 (+0.01) (-0.00)	+0.29 -0.13 (+0.13) (-0.05)
$\mu_{t\bar{t}H}^{\tau^+\tau^-}$	0.28 <sup>+1.09</sup> <sub>-0.96</sub> (+1.00) (-0.89)	+0.86 -0.77 (+0.83) (-0.76)	+0.64 -0.53 (+0.54) (-0.47)	+0.10 -0.09 (+0.09) (-0.08)	+0.20 -0.19 (+0.14) (-0.01)
$\mu_{t\bar{t}H}^{b\bar{b}}$	0.82 <sup>+0.44</sup> <sub>-0.42</sub> (+0.44) (-0.42)	+0.23 -0.23 (+0.23) (-0.22)	+0.24 -0.23 (+0.24) (-0.23)	+0.27 -0.27 (+0.26) (-0.27)	+0.11 -0.03 (+0.11) (-0.04)
$\mu_{t\bar{t}H}^{7+8\text{ TeV}}$	2.59 <sup>+1.01</sup> <sub>-0.88</sub> (+0.87) (-0.79)	+0.54 -0.53 (+0.51) (-0.49)	+0.53 -0.49 (+0.48) (-0.44)	+0.55 -0.49 (+0.50) (-0.44)	+0.37 -0.13 (+0.14) (-0.02)
$\mu_{t\bar{t}H}^{13\text{ TeV}}$	1.14 <sup>+0.31</sup> <sub>-0.27</sub> (+0.29) (-0.26)	+0.17 -0.16 (+0.16) (-0.16)	+0.17 -0.17 (+0.17) (-0.16)	+0.13 -0.12 (+0.13) (-0.12)	+0.14 -0.06 (+0.11) (-0.05)
$\mu_{t\bar{t}H}$	1.26 <sup>+0.31</sup> <sub>-0.26</sub> (+0.28) (-0.25)	+0.16 -0.16 (+0.15) (-0.15)	+0.17 -0.15 (+0.16) (-0.15)	+0.14 -0.13 (+0.13) (-0.12)	+0.15 -0.07 (+0.11) (-0.05)


# $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ : ggF boosted

Higgs boson is reconstructed as FatJet (AK08) including products of  $b$  and  $\bar{b}$ :



 [Phys. Rev. Lett. 120, 071802](#)

2016

 [JHEP 12 \(2020\) 085](#)

Full Run2

Deep double b-tagging for boosted double quark Jets:

 [2018 JINST 13 P05011](#)

 [CMS-DP-2018-046](#)

## Event (pre)selection and interpretation

- ❑ Triggers:  $H_T$  ( $|\eta| < 3.0$ ) and FatJet with TrimmMass requirement removing soft radiation contribution in Jet mass calculation
- ❑  $p_T$ -leading FatJet is interpreted as “H-jet”.
- ❑ FatJet  $p_T > 450$  (525, 500) GeV for 2016 (2017,2018),  $|\eta| < 2.5$ , SD-requirement, two-prong structure
- ❑ Lepton veto to reduce EWK background
- ❑  $p_T^{miss}$  veto ( $< 140$ ) and opposite AK4 b-jet veto to reduce  $t\bar{t}$  contribution
- ❑ FatJet deep double b-tagger defines (medium WP cut) signal enriched (DDBT passing) and control (DDBT failing) regions (For  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  signal processes in passing region dominant production mode is ggF (56%), followed by VBF (26%), VH (13%), and ttH (5%).)

$M_{SD}$  47-201 GeV and  $p_T$  450-1200 GeV region is considered

Categories in  $p_T$  and  $M_{SD}$  bins and DDBT passing/failing

# $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ : ggF boosted

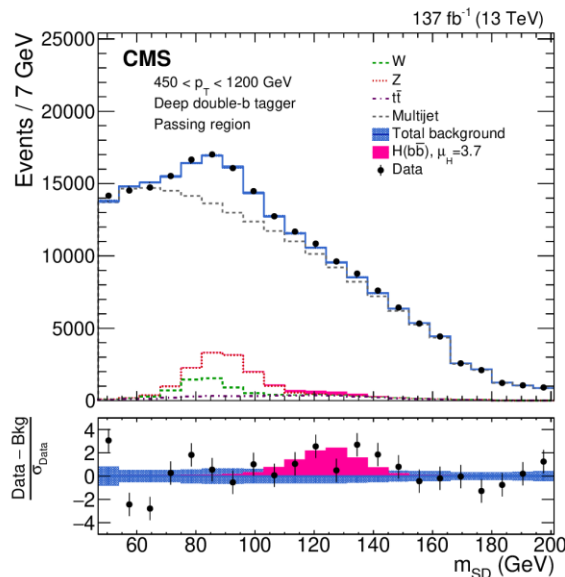
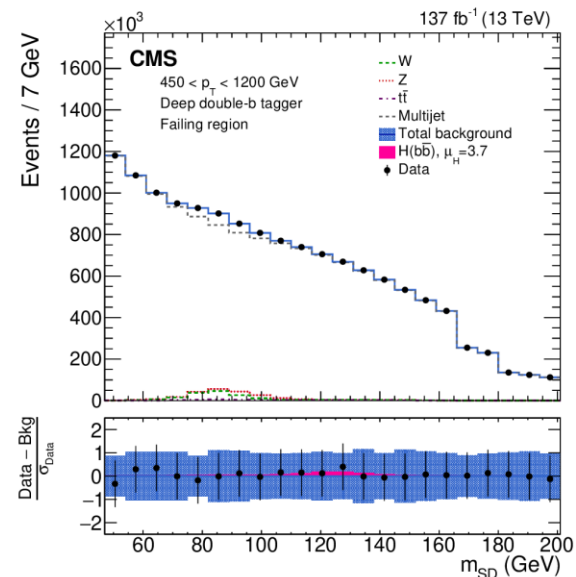
Signal,  $V$ +jets and  $t\bar{t}$  background processes are modeled using simulations.

Dominant background is QCD multijet process, which is estimated in background enriched DDBT failed region together with a “pass-fail ratio” function.

Results are extracted from  $M_{SD}$  distribution by simultaneous binned maximum likelihood fit in the DDBT passing and failing regions of the (six)  $p_T$  categories.

$Z$ +Jets process was used to validate the method. It is measured to be consistent with the SM prediction.

## Combining all $p_T$ categories, Full Run2



Signal strength :  $\mu_H = 3.7$


$\pm 1.2(stat) \pm 0.8(syst) \pm 0.8(theo)$

$\mu_H = 3.7^{+1.6}_{-1.5}$

Observed/expected significance:

$2.5 / 0.7 \sigma$



- Overview of CMS studies on Higgs boson decay to bottom quark pairs is presented
- Observation of  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  decay was reported at  [Phys.Rev.Lett. 121, 121801](#) , which combines the results with Run1 and 2016 data of various production modes. Main contribution gives the VH production mode.
- $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  decay channel gave significant contribution in observation of  $ttH$  production with CMS.
- New results of VBF  $Hbb$  measurement with 2016 and 2018 data of 13 TeV collisions are presented ( $\mu = 0.99^{+0.48}_{-0.41}$  , with observed/expected significance 2.6 / 2.9  $\sigma$ )
- For certain cases boosted-H topology can be very beneficial as it is shown in ggF  $Hbb$  search. Boosted regime gives big advantage for the searches of some really rare processes such like double H production.

Thank You