### EPFL

### **FCC-ee Orbit Correction and Polarization**



Swiss Accelerator Research and



Yi Wu, Léon Van Riesen-Haupt, Michael Hofer, Felix Carlier, Tatiana Pieloni, Mike Seidel

Acknowledgements to Desmond Barber, David Sagan, Jorg Wenninger, Werner Herr, Tobias Persson, Christian Carli, Frank Zimmermann

Work supported by the Swiss Accelerator Research and Technology (CHART)

### **Energy calibration in the FCC-ee**

- Four operation center-of-mass energies Z bosons (91 GeV) to top quark pairs (350-365 GeV)
- High precision COM energy calibration
- The current precision targets
  - 4 keV at Z mass and 100 keV at W mass
- Resonant depolarization is the way to
  - achieve this target
    - requires a sufficient transverse spin polarization level



## **Spin polarization**



[\*] Magnet figures from Maxwell's equations for magnets, A. Wolski, https://cds.cern.ch/record/1333874/files/1103.0713.pdf

[\*] Spin polarization theory reference: D. P. Barber, G. Ripken, Sections 2.6.6-2.6.8, Handbook of Accelerator Physics and Engineering, 3rd Edn., World Scientific, Singapore, 2023.

### Lattice

- Based on V22 Z lattice
  - 1856 quadrupoles
- Modified by adding
  - 1 BPM & 1 corrector next to each quad
    928 Ver. corrector + 928 Hor. corrector
  - sextupole knob to control all sextupole strengths proportionally





#### **EPFL Misalignments in arc**

50 seeds with 50µm random misalignment in arc



#### EPFL Misalignments in arc

50 seeds for each misalignment scale



# EPFL Misalignments in arc

50 seeds for each misalignment scale



extreme cases may have large dispersion or chromaticity ⇒ need nonlinear spin tracking later

# EPFL Misalignments in arc & IR



all survived seeds



Arc misalignment level dominates the influence to orbit and polarization

#### EPFL **Misalignments in arc & IR**

standard deviation of  $y_{rms}$  (µm)



Small variance in final orbits, large variance in  $\mathsf{P}_{_{\mathrm{eq}}}$ 

# **BPM** scaling error and resolution

 $u_{read} = (1+0.01)u_{real}$  u=x,y

read error

same 50 initial seeds for each square on the colormap



Scaling error dominates the impact for closed orbit searching

+ 30µm misalign. in arc + 10µm misalign. in IR **BPM** scaling error and resolution



Resolution dominates the impact on orbit

EPFL

Random impact on  $P_{eq}$ 

#### **Closed Orbit Searching Result**

200 seeds each case

Case	Misalignments (µm)		Eailed perceptage (9()
	arc	IR	Falled percentage (%)
1	40	10	13.5
2	40	20	36
3	50	10	19
4	50	20	40

+100µrad arc dipole rolls

+ 1% random BPM scaling error + 1µm random BPM resolution + 5% random BPM missing

14



## **EPFL BPM** misalignments

- + 40µm arc misalignment
- + 10µm IR misalignment
- + 100µrad non IR dipole roll (DPSI)
- + 5% random BPM missing + 1% BPM random scaling errors + 1µm BPM random resolution

BPM not misaligned

BPM misaligned together with quads



## **EPFL BPM** misalignments



Big change in residual orbits, larger variance in polarization





Target: 100 keV systematic error (~2e-4 spin tune shift)



Target: ~2e-4





+ 30µm misalign. in arc + 10µm misalign. in IR

### Conclusion

- Various combinations of machine errors in the lattice have been simulated and tested.
- Orbit and equilibrium polarization are primarily affected by misalignments in arc.
- Closed orbit searching is primarily affected by misalignments in IR.
- Influence of BPM errors has been investigated, among which the BPM misalignments have the most substantial impact
- High polarization at Z energy can be achieved as long as tight alignment can be made.
- Current lattice still falls short of the target for systematic error.

### Outlook

- Add phase matching, dispersion correction and chromaticity correction
- Investigate long range alignment errors
- Quantification of the influence of machine errors to polarization remains to be explored.
- Exploration of the origins of systematic errors and devise strategies to mitigate their effects to meet the energy calibration precision target.

## Thank you!

## Appendix

23

## EPFL Misalignments in arc & IR



Using the seeds that survived in all scenarios

EPFL **BPM** scaling error and resolution

(mµ)

standard deviation of  $y_{rms}$  (µm)



standard deviation of  $P_{eq}$  (%)



## **EPFL BPM** misalignments



Big change in residual orbits