



An improved search of the nEDM

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Philipp Schmidt-Wellenburg on behalf of the nEDM collaboration

Baryon Asymmetry of the Universe



SM expectation:

$$\frac{n_B - n_{\bar{B}}}{n_\gamma} \sim 10^{-18}$$

vs.

Observed*:

$$\frac{n_B - n_{\bar{B}}}{n_\gamma} \sim 10^{-10}$$

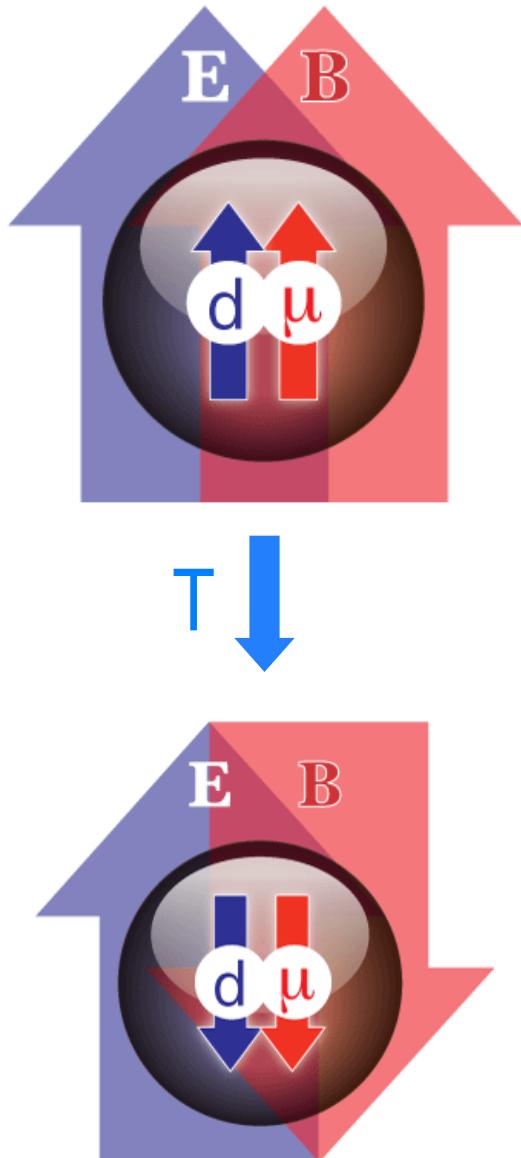
Sakharov criteria

1. *Baryon number violation*
2. *C and CP violation*
3. *Thermal non-equilibrium*



*WMAP

CP violation and EDM



A nonzero particle EDM violates P, T and, assuming CPT conservation, also CP.

- CP violation so far only in weak decays
- Might help explain BAU matter/anti-matter problem
- Excellent probe for physics beyond the Standard Model (complementary to LHC)

Standard Model: CP violation

- QCD vacuum:

$$L_{\text{eff}} = L_{\text{QCD}} + \theta \frac{\alpha_s}{8\pi} \epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} G_{\mu\nu}^a G_{\rho\sigma}^a$$

$$d_n \approx \theta \times 10^{-15} e \cdot \text{cm} \rightarrow \theta \approx 10^{-10}$$

$$\propto \mathbf{E} \cdot \mathbf{B}$$

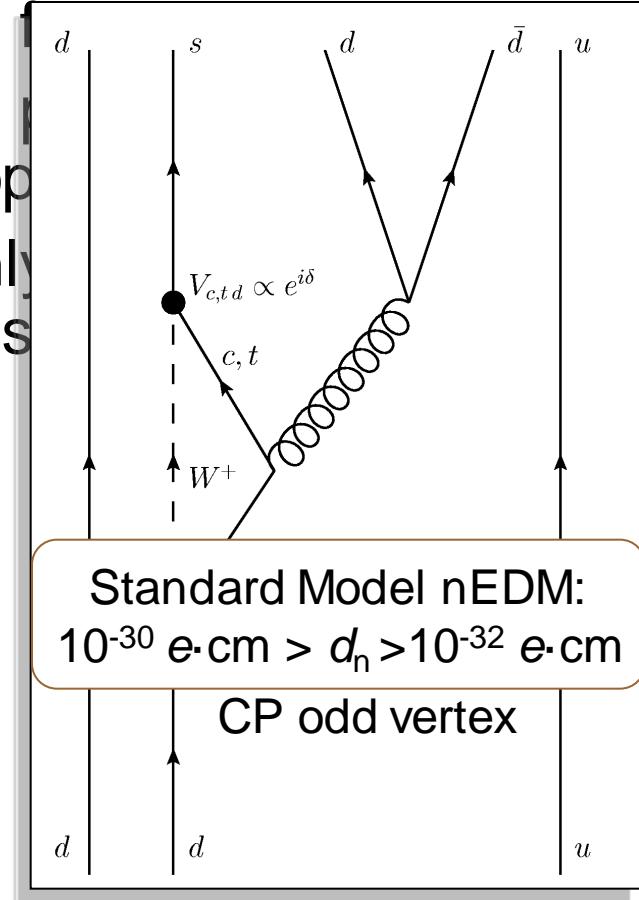
- Phase of CKM matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \\ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} c_1 & -s_1c_3 & -s_1s_3 \\ s_1c_2 & c_1c_2c_3 - s_2s_3e^{i\delta} & c_1c_2s_3 + s_2c_3e^{i\delta} \\ s_1s_2 & c_1s_2c_3 + c_2s_3e^{i\delta} & c_1s_2s_3 - c_2c_3e^{i\delta} \end{pmatrix}$$

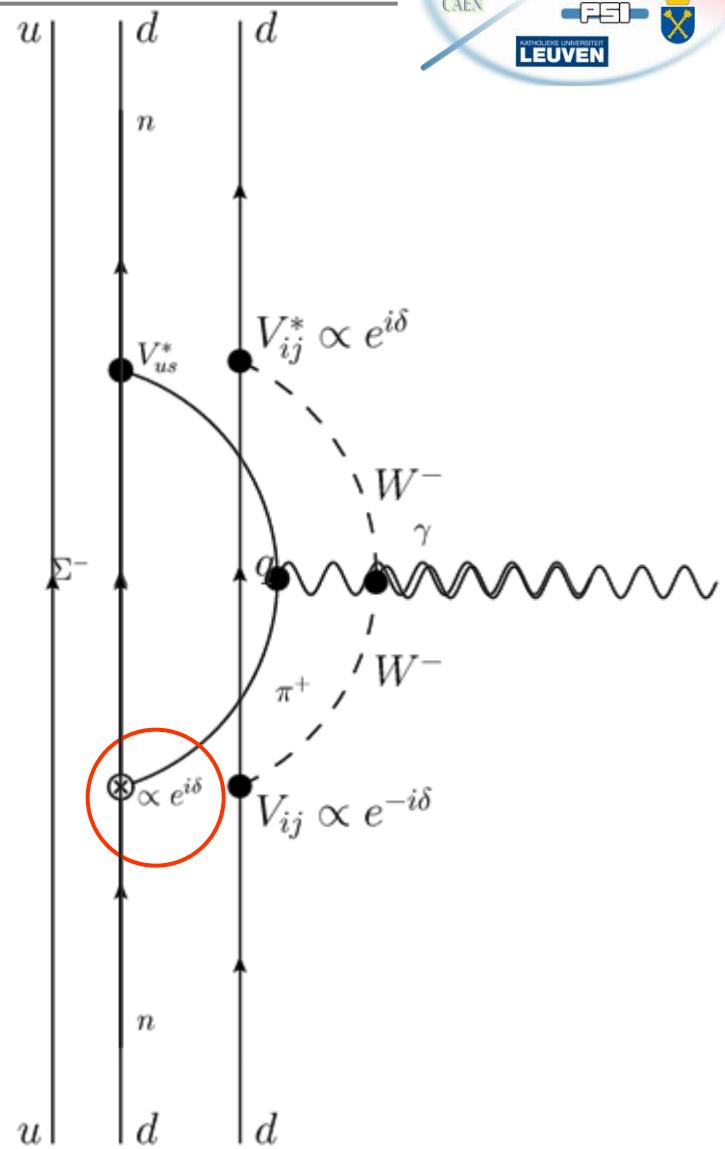
Known from neutral K and B meson decays

nEDM from CKM Matrix

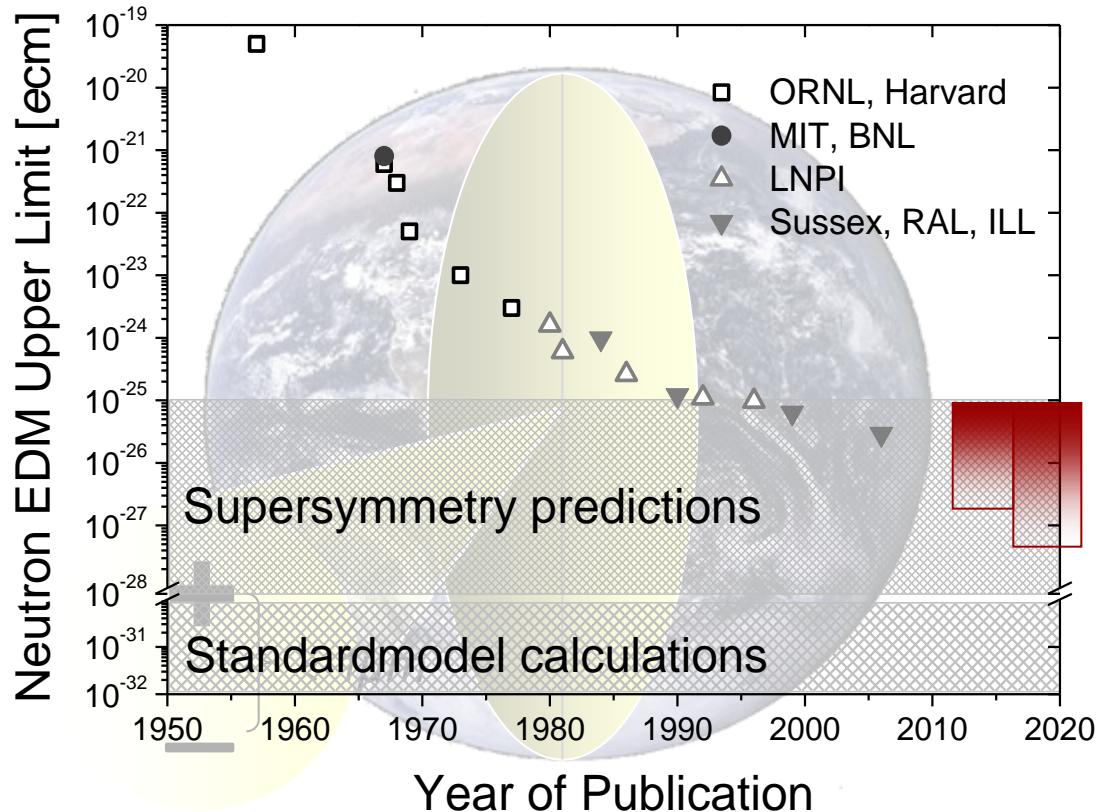
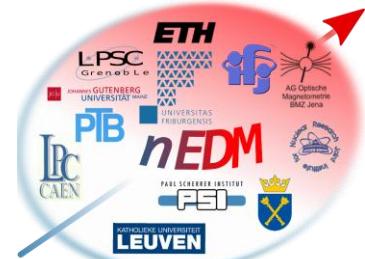
- No tree level contribution
 - No loop contribution
 - No loop contribution
 - Only two loop contribution
- Standard Model



two loop contribution



A brief history of nEDM searches



Aimed at sensitivities at PSI:

Intermediate:

$$d_n < 5 \times 10^{-27} \text{ e cm (95% C.L.)}$$

Finale:

$$d_n < 5 \times 10^{-28} \text{ e cm (95% C.L.)}$$

First

Smith, Purcell, Ramsey
 $d_n < 5 \times 10^{-20} \text{ e cm}$
 PR 108 (1957) 120

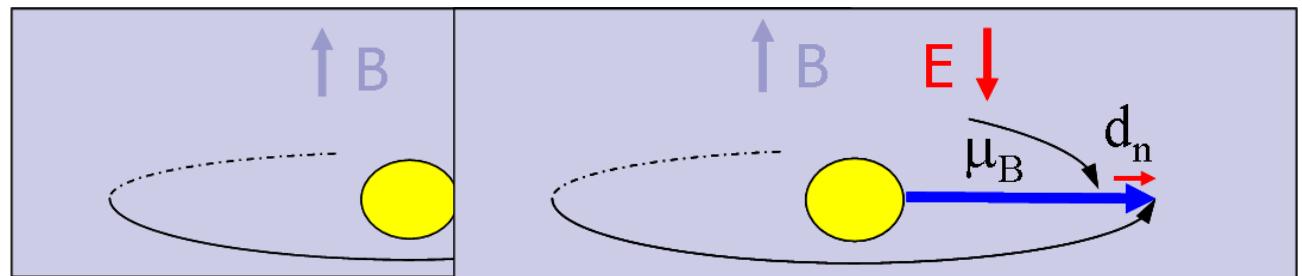
~ 50 years

Last

RAL-Sussex-ILL
 $d_n < 2.9 \times 10^{-26} \text{ e cm}$
 C.A.Baker et al., PRL 97 (2006) 131801

The measurement technique

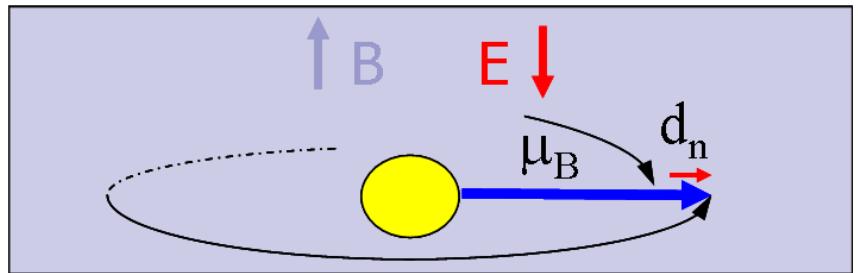
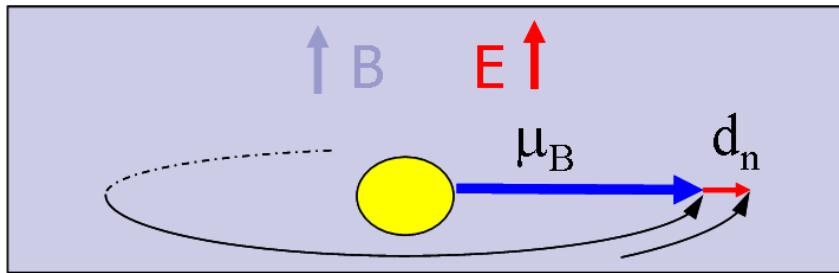
Measure the precession frequencies in a magnetic and electric field:



$$\hbar\omega = 2\mu_n B \hbar\omega_{\text{Zeeman}} + 2d_n E_{\uparrow\uparrow}$$

The measurement technique

Measure the difference of precession frequencies in parallel/anti-parallel fields:



$$\hbar \Delta \omega = 2d_n(E_{\uparrow\uparrow} + E_{\uparrow\downarrow}) + 2\mu_n(B_{\uparrow\uparrow} - B_{\uparrow\downarrow})$$

for $d_n < 10^{-26}$

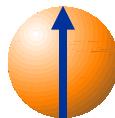


$\Delta\omega/\omega < 2 \times 10^{-9}$

The Ramsey technique

The Ramsey technique of separated oscillating fields

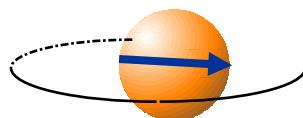
"Spin up"
neutron...



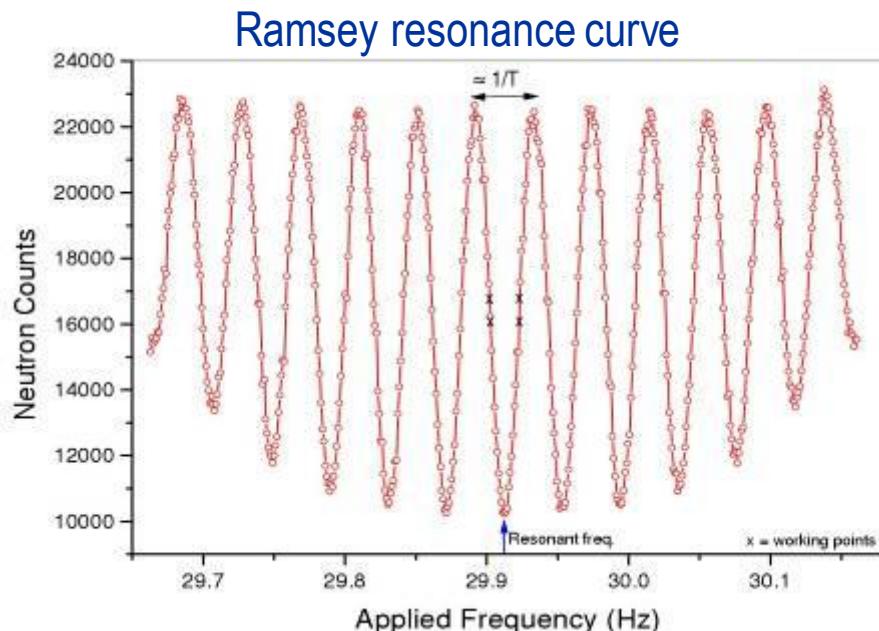
Apply $\pi/2$
spin
flip pulse...



Free
precession
at ω_L



Second $\pi/2$
spin
flip pulse.



Sensitivity: $\sigma(d_n) = \frac{\hbar}{2\alpha ET \sqrt{N}}$

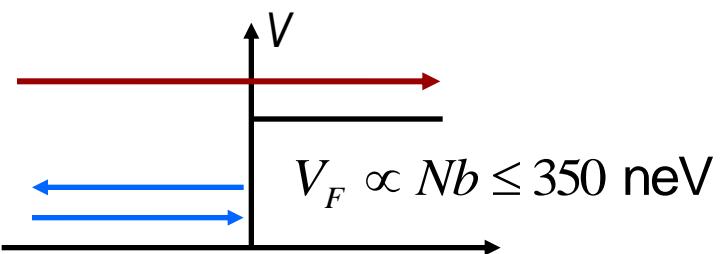
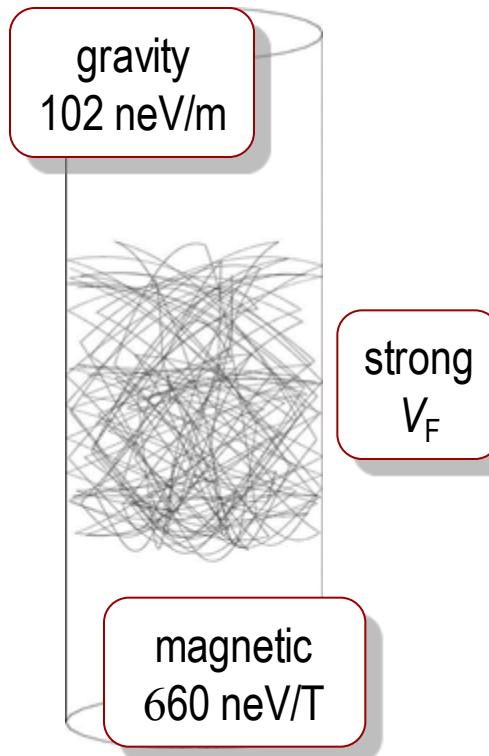
- α Visibility of resonance
- E Electric field strength
- T Time of free precession
- N Number of neutrons

Ultracold neutrons (UCN)

$$\sigma(d_n) \propto \frac{1}{T\sqrt{N}}$$



storable neutrons
(UCN)



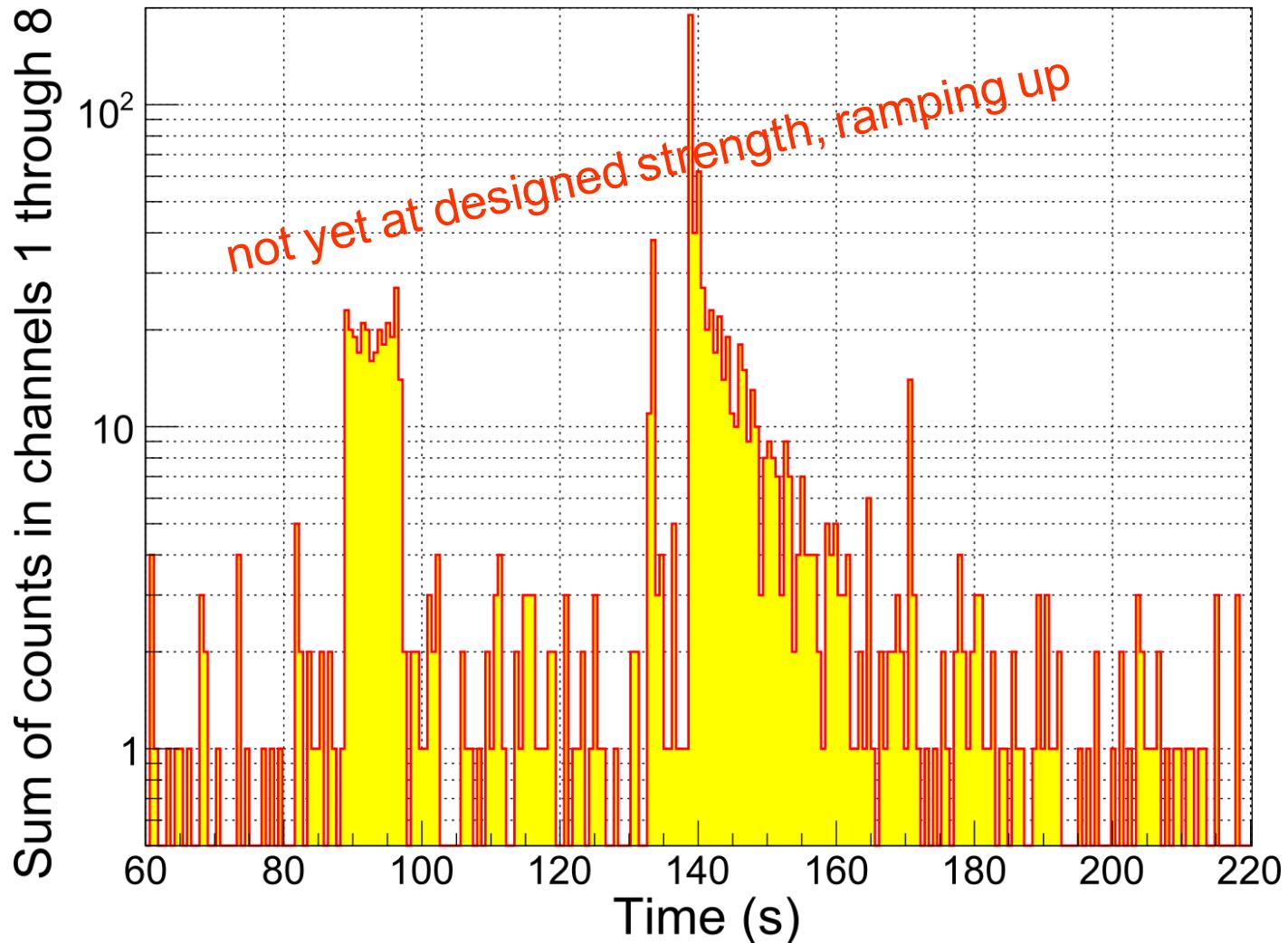
$$350 \text{ neV} \leftrightarrow 8 \text{ m/s} \leftrightarrow 500 \text{ \AA} \leftrightarrow 3 \text{ mK}$$

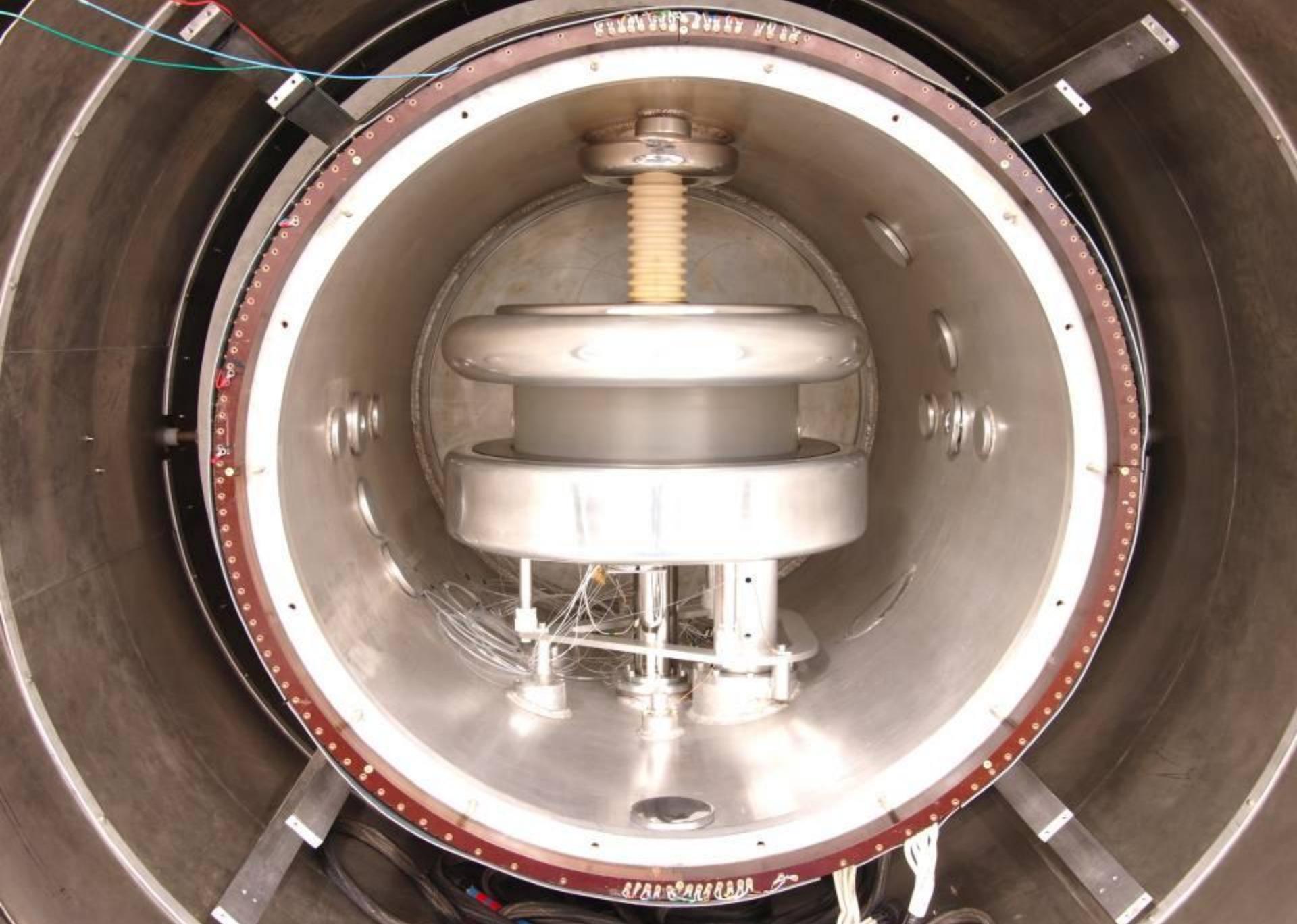
storage properties are
material dependent

E. Fermi, 1946 , Ya. B. Zeldovich
Sov. Phys. JETP 9, 1389 (1959)

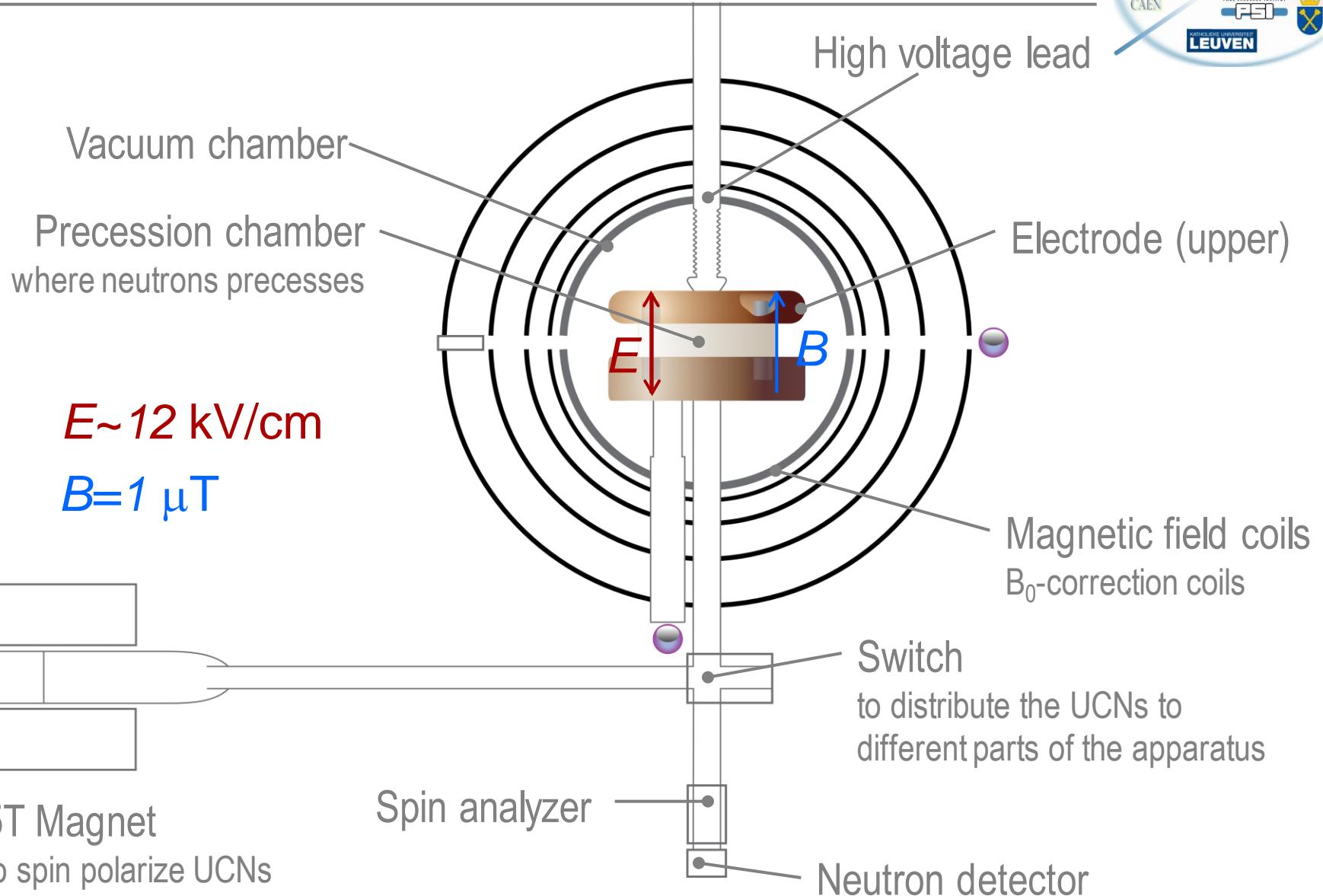
New UCN source @PSI

First test of UCN storage in nEDM at PSI



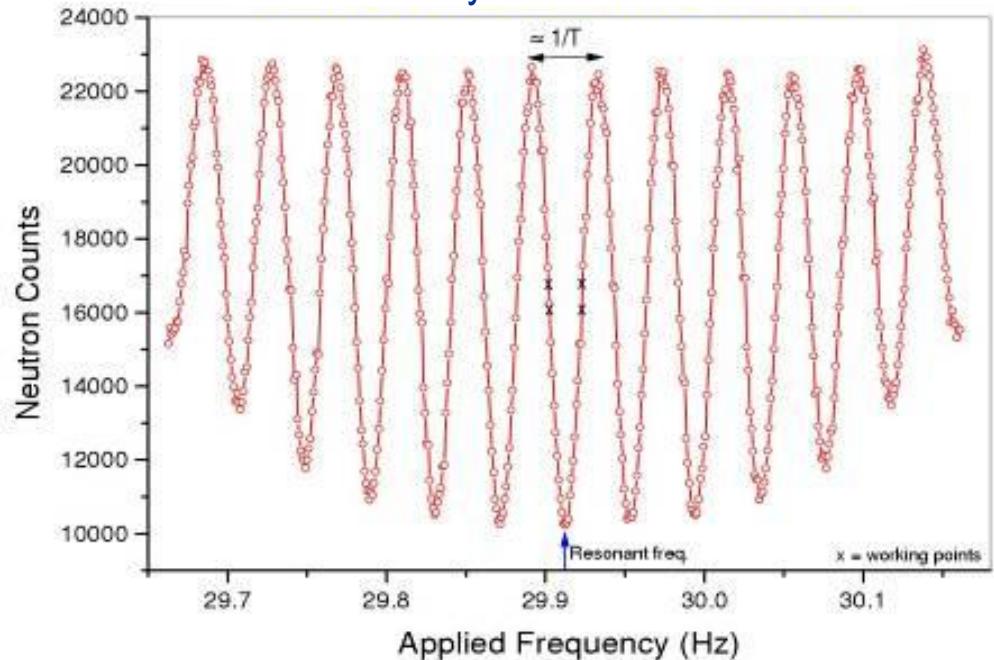


Apparatus

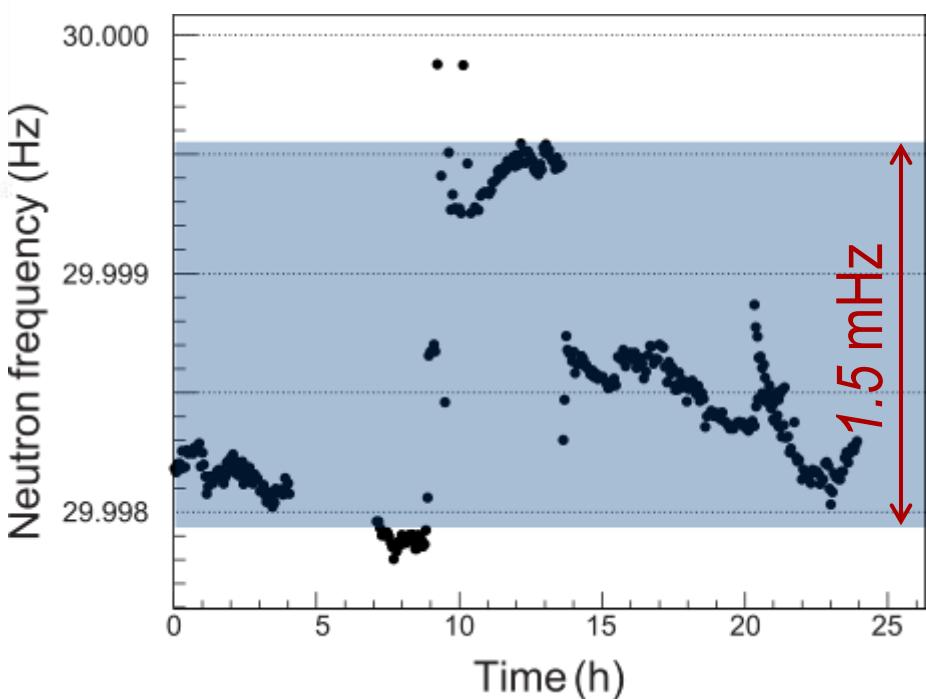


Measuring frequencies with UCN

Ramsey resonance curve



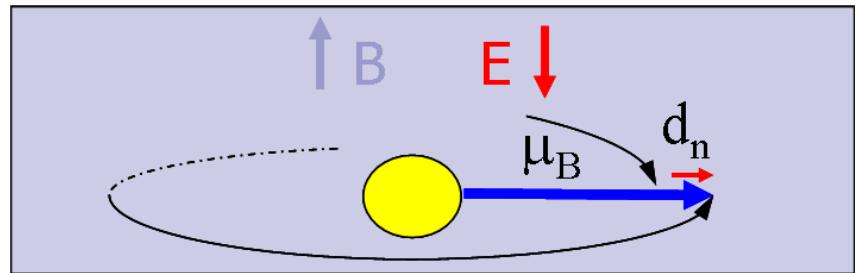
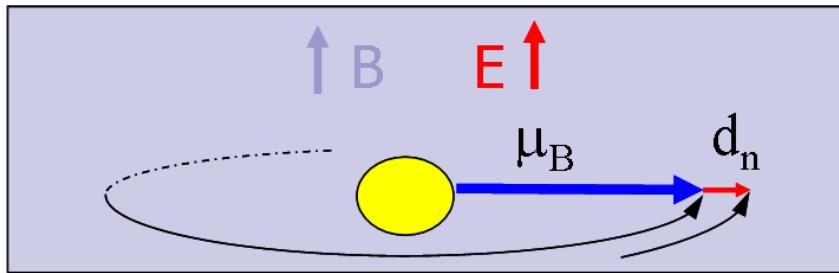
Sensitivity: $\sigma(d_n) = \frac{\hbar}{2\alpha ET \sqrt{N}}$



- changing polarity every ~ 1.5 h
- comparing frequency +/- polarity
- aimed at sensitivity $\Delta\omega$ [60 nHz]

The measurement technique

Measure the difference of precession frequencies in parallel/anti-parallel fields:

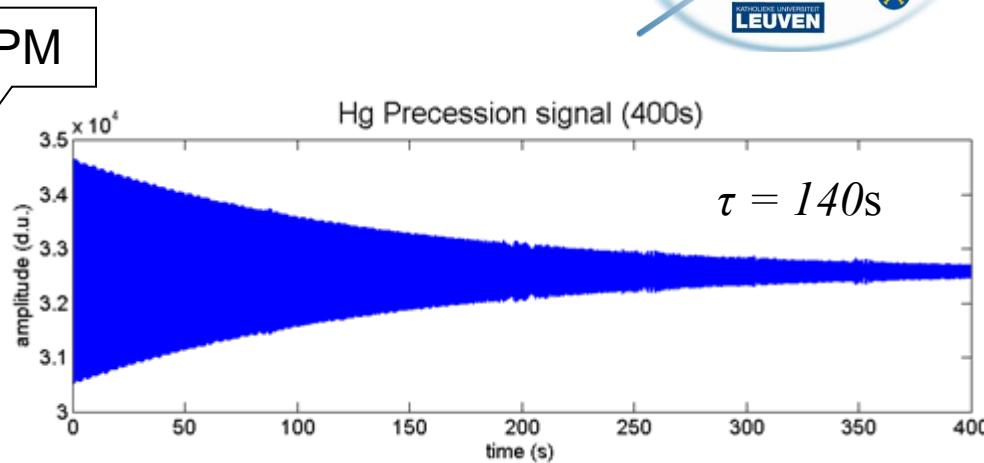
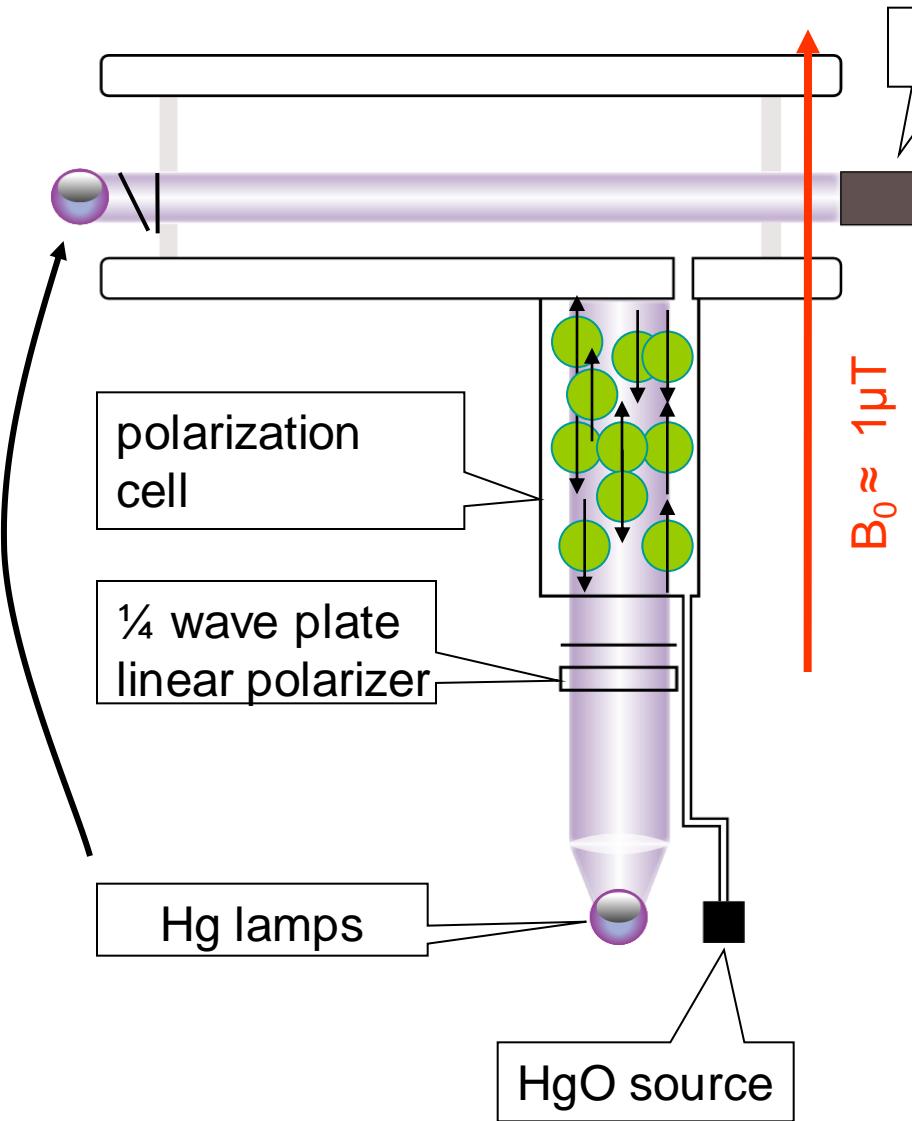


$$\hbar \Delta \omega = 2d_n(E_{\uparrow\uparrow} + E_{\uparrow\downarrow}) + 2\mu_n(B_{\uparrow\uparrow} - B_{\uparrow\downarrow})$$



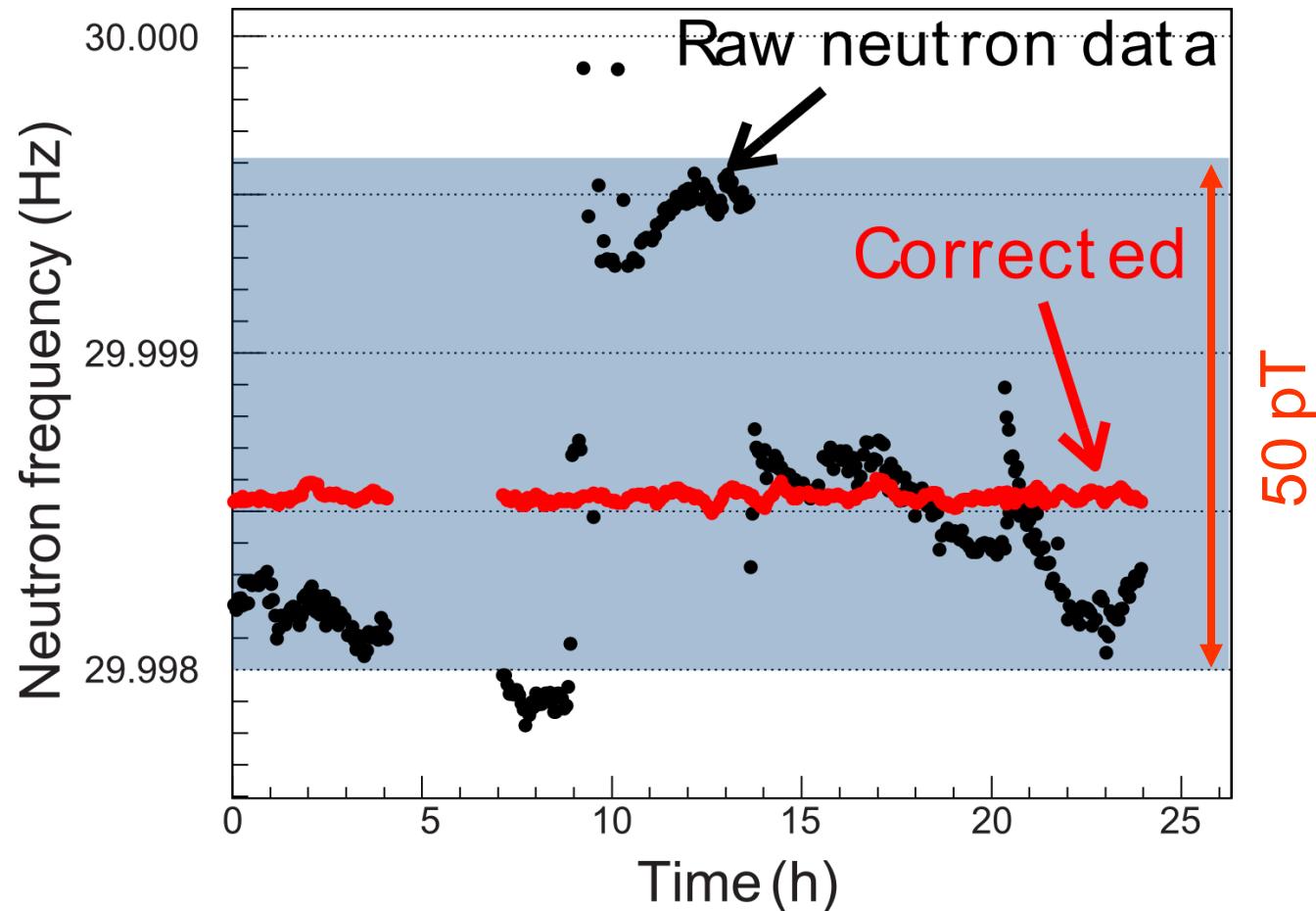
Active Stabilization and insitu field monitoring

Mercury co-magnetometer



- Average magnetic field (volume and cycle)
 - $\sigma(B) \sim 20 - 50$ fT
 - Center of mass different than UCN
 - Important Systematic effects due to magnetic field gradients

Corrected measurement

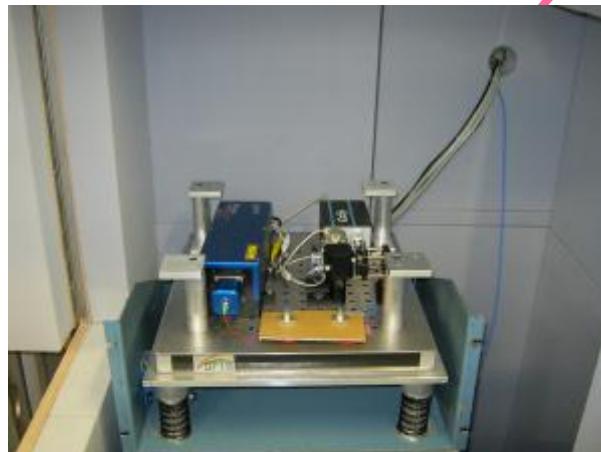
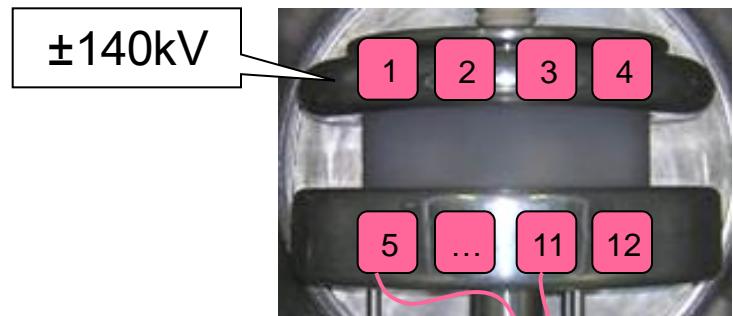


+ 12 Cesium magnetometers for field gradient measurements

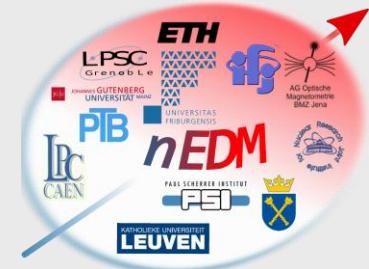
Cesium magnetometers

Monitoring of vertical magnetic gradients

- Two cesium magnetometer arrays
- Stabilized laser
- PID phase locked DAQ



Systematic effects



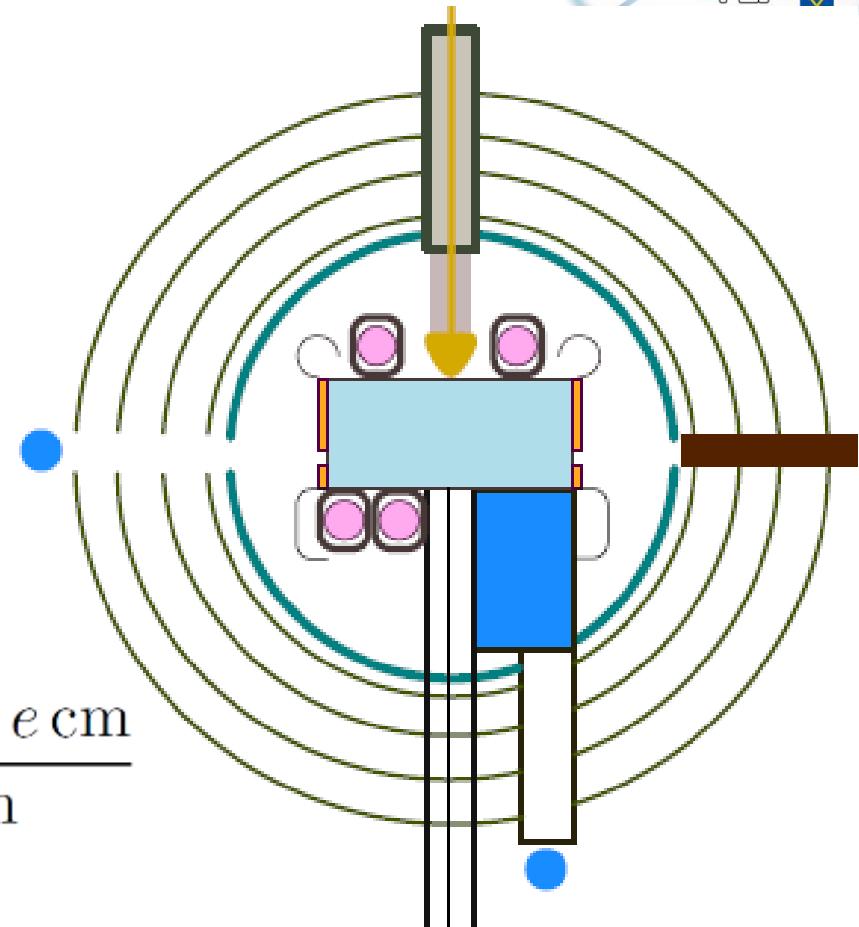
Effect	Shift (see Ref.) [10^{-27} e cm]	σ (see Ref.) [10^{-27} e cm]	σ (at PSI) [10^{-27} e cm]
Door cavity dipole	-5.6	2.00	0.10
Other dipole fields	0.0	6.00	0.40
Quadrupole difference	-1.3	2.00	0.60
$v \times E$ translational	0.0	0.03	0.03
$v \times E$ rotational	0.0	1.00	0.10
Second-order $v \times E$	0.0	0.02	0.02
vHg light shift (geo phase)	3.5	0.80	0.40
vHg light shift (direct)	0.0	0.20	0.20
Uncompensated B drift	0.0	2.40	0.90
Hg atom EDM	-0.4	0.30	0.06
Electric forces	0.0	0.40	0.40
Leakage currents	0.0	0.10	0.10
ac fields	0.0	0.01	0.01
Total	-3.8	7.19	1.37

Uncompensated field drift

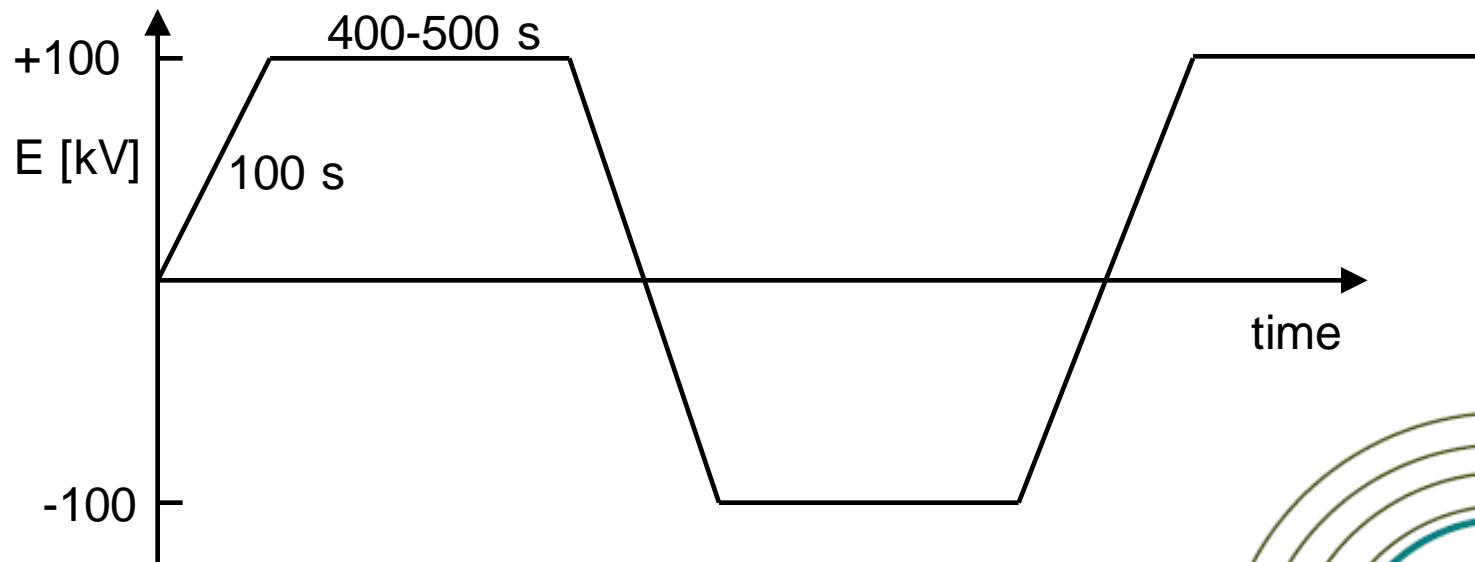
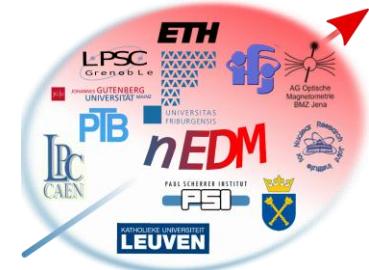
Magnetization through changing polarity

$$\sigma(d_n) = \frac{\hbar \gamma_n}{2E} \Delta h \delta G$$

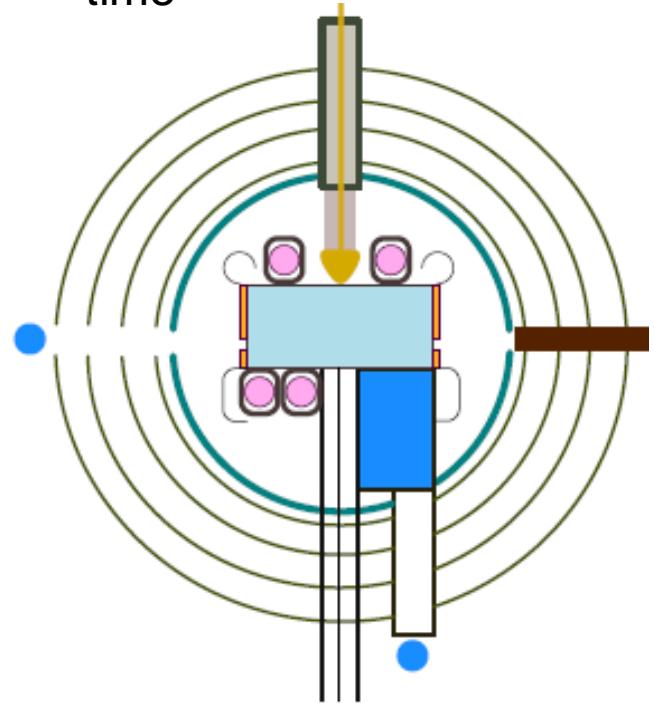
$\xrightarrow{1.8 \times 10^{-27} \text{ e cm}}$
 1 fT/cm



Uncompensated field drift

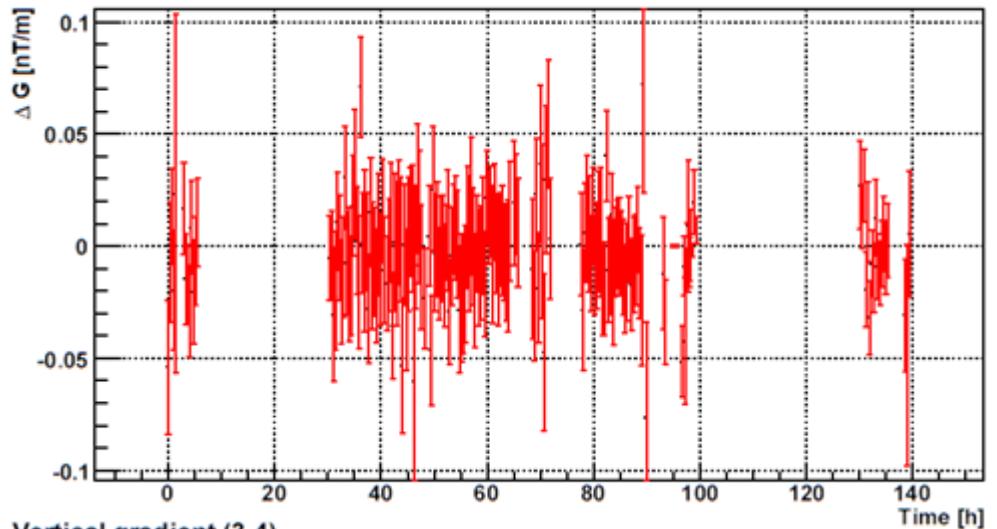


Ramping speed = 1 kV/s
Charging current = 35 nA

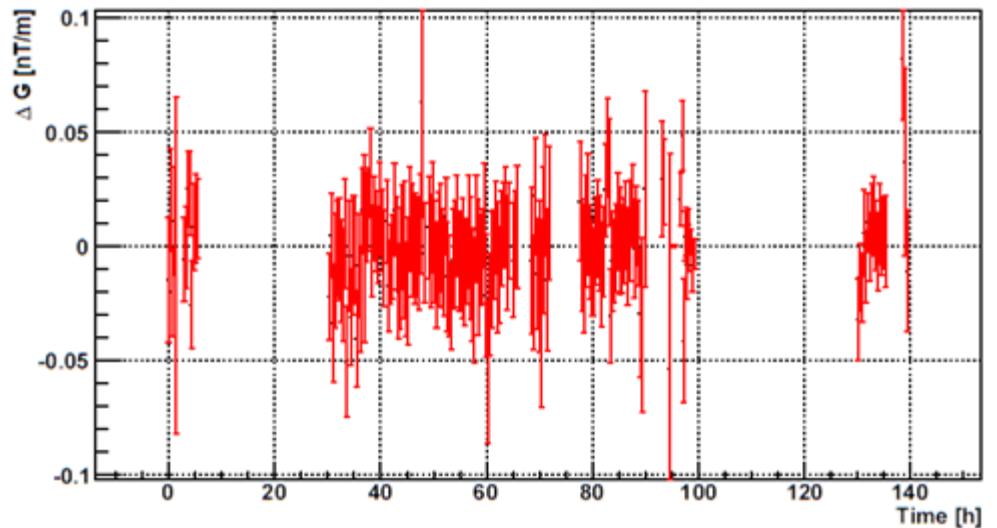


Uncompensated field drift

Vertical gradient (1-2)



Vertical gradient (3-4)



No effect is observed at
the level of 2.8 fT/cm

Translates into

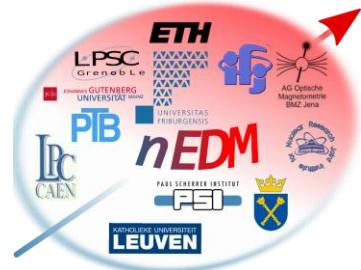
$$d_n^{\text{false}} = (-15 \pm 16) \times 10^{-27} \text{ e}\cdot\text{cm}$$

No effect is observed at
the level of 2.8 fT/cm

Dedicated runs (daytime)

$$\sigma(d_n^{\text{false}}) < 0.9 \times 10^{-27} \text{ e}\cdot\text{cm}$$

Conclusion



- UCN source is ramping up
→ first data this year (50 nights)
- Reduction of main systematic effects

$$d_n = (? \pm 6_{\text{stat}} \pm 4_{\text{sys}}) \times 10^{-27} \text{ e} \cdot \text{cm}$$

- Further improvements on systematic effects
winter shut-down 2011-2012
- 200 nights of data in 2012-2013

$$d_n = (? \pm 2_{\text{stat}} \pm 2_{\text{sys}}) \times 10^{-27} \text{ e} \cdot \text{cm}$$

The Neutron EDM Collaboration



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Thank you

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