

Progress of the High Field Magnet Program For the Next-generation Accelerators



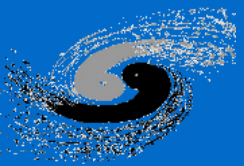
中国科学院
CHINESE ACADEMY OF SCIENCES

Qingjin XU
for the Superconducting Magnet Group,
Accelerator Division, IHEP-CAS
Oct 27 2023



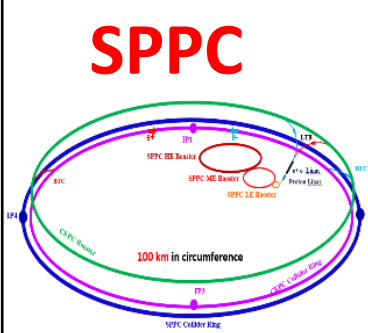


中国科学院高能物理研究所
Institute of High Energy Physics
Chinese Academy of Sciences

HFM annual meeting 2023, CERN, Oct 20- Nov 2 2023

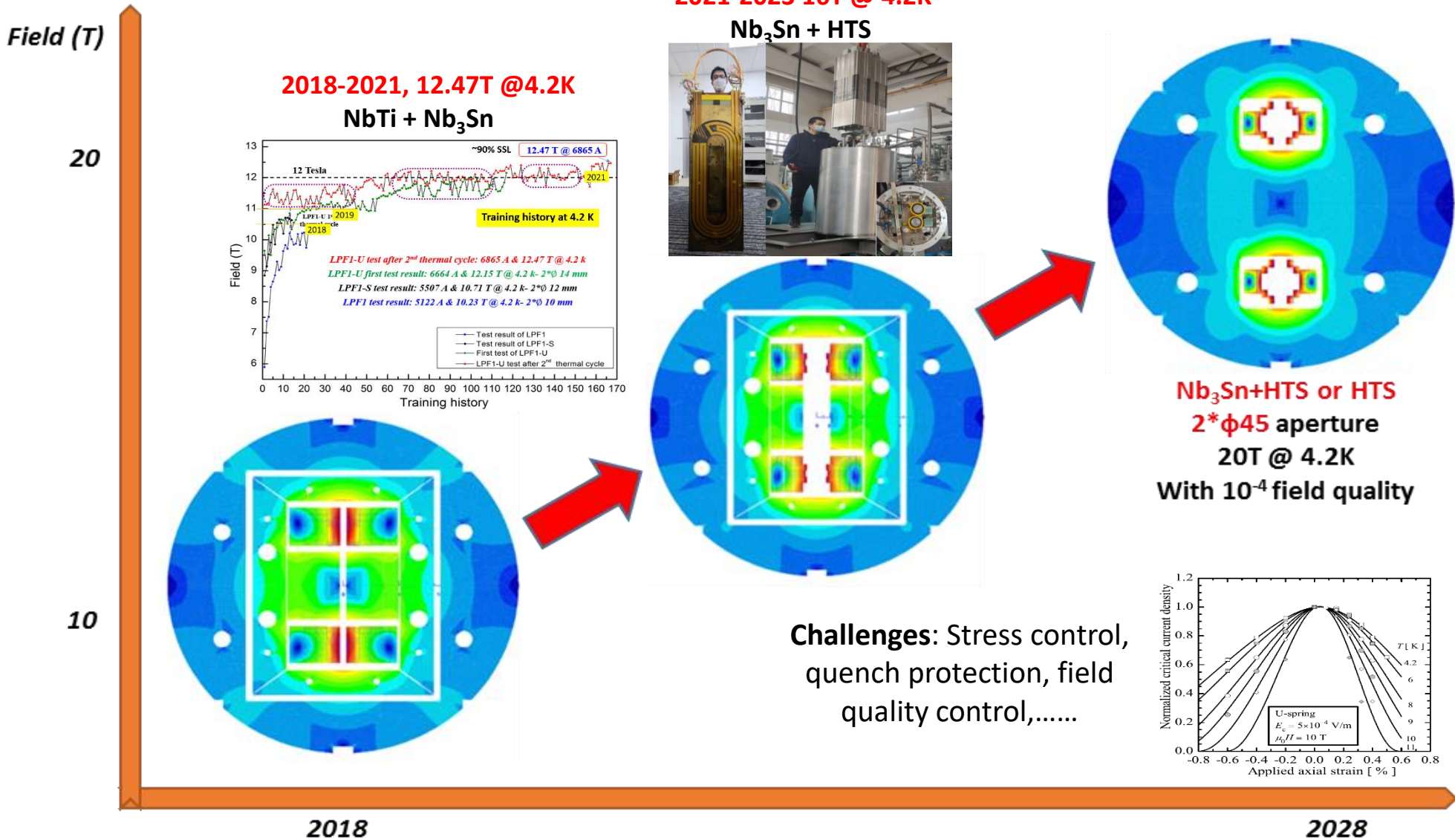


Design Scope for the Next-generation Accelerators

$$E[GeV] = 0.3 \times B[T] \times \rho[m]$$

<h2>High Energy Circular Colliders for next decades</h2>	<p>SPPC</p>  	<p>FCC</p> 
<p>Proposed institution</p>	<p>IHEP-CAS, China</p>	<p>CERN, Europe</p>
<p>Proposed dates</p>	<p>2012</p>	<p>2013</p>
<p>Site of the project</p>	<p>China</p>	<p>Europe</p>
<p>Baseline technology</p>	<p>IBS 20~24 T to reach 125-150 TeV, Nb₃Sn etc as options</p>	<p>Nb₃Sn 16 T to reach 100 TeV</p>
<p>Timeline</p>	<p>Construction at 2040s</p>	<p>Construction at 2050-60s</p>
<p>Cost</p>	<p>*</p>	<p>**</p>

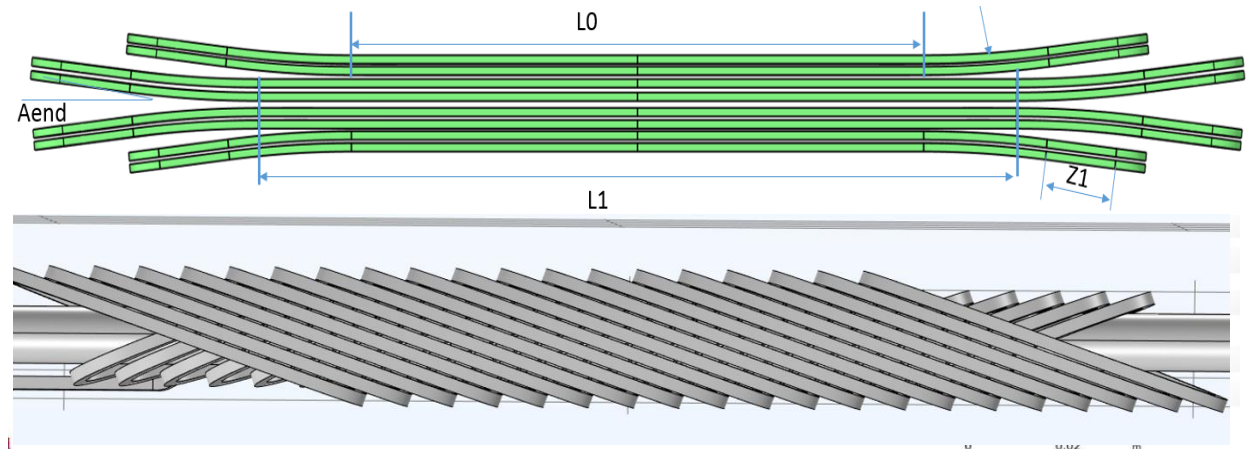
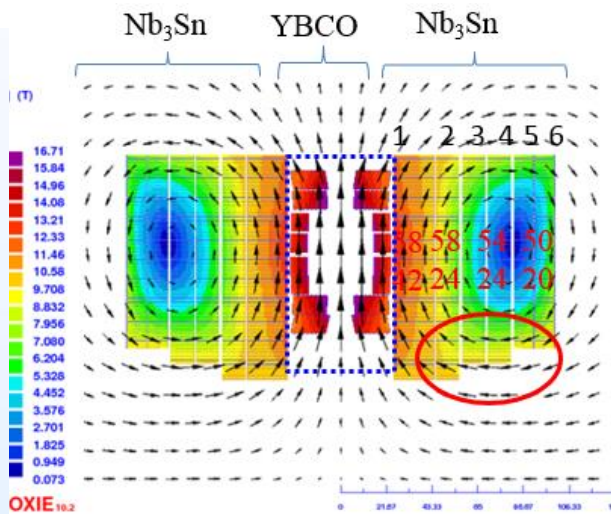
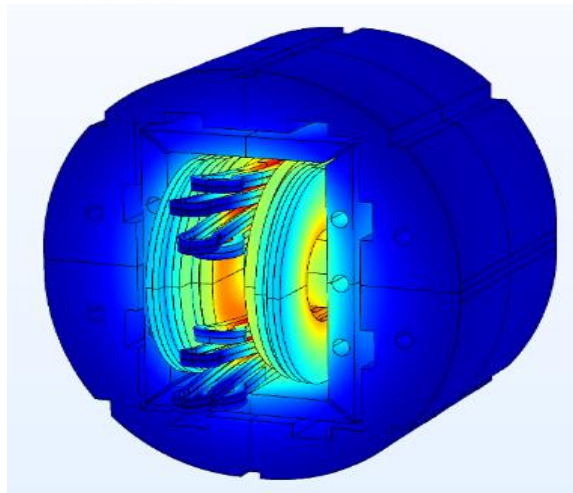
Roadmap of the High Field Magnet R&D at IHEP



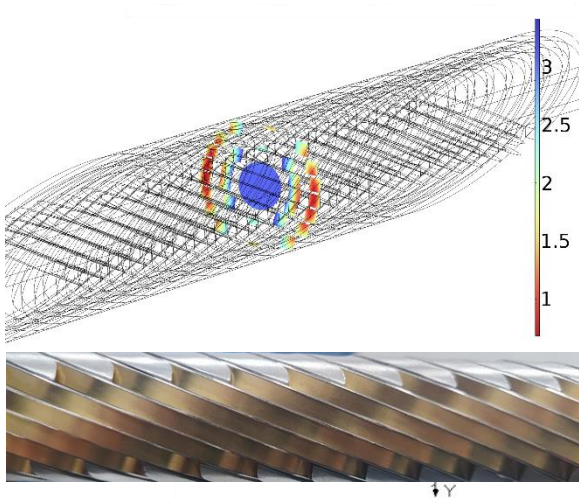
Development of the 16-T Model Dipole LPF3



16 T Model Dipole LPF3: Nb₃Sn 13 T (Common Coil with 55 mm gap) + HTS 3 T inserts (Block & CCT with Ø20 mm)



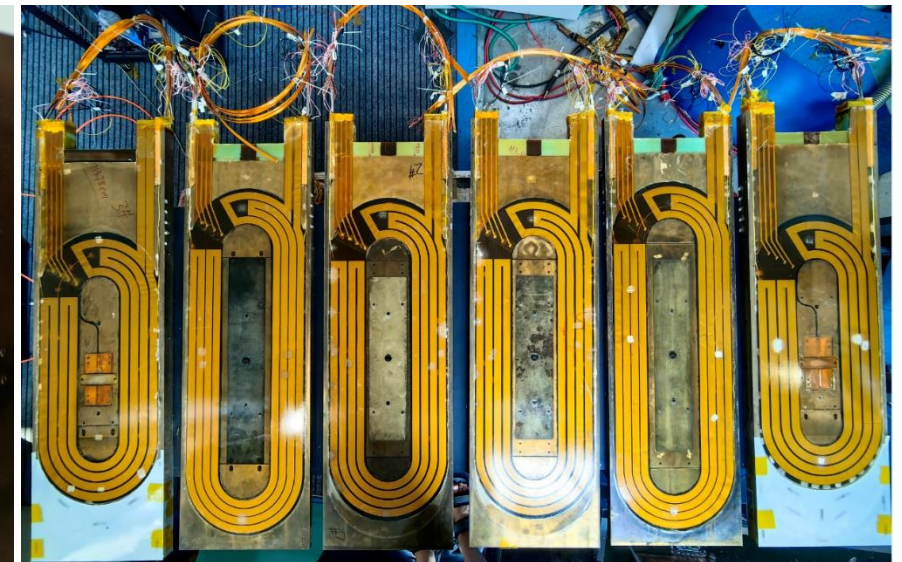
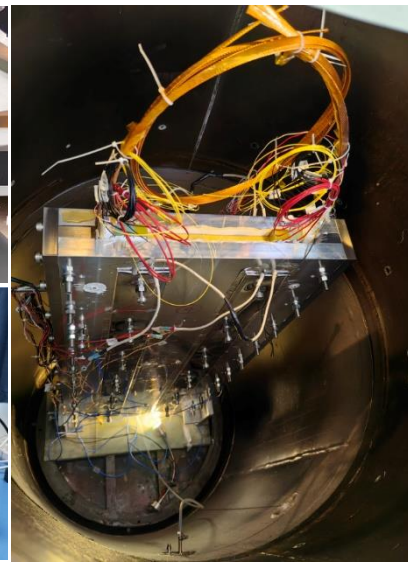
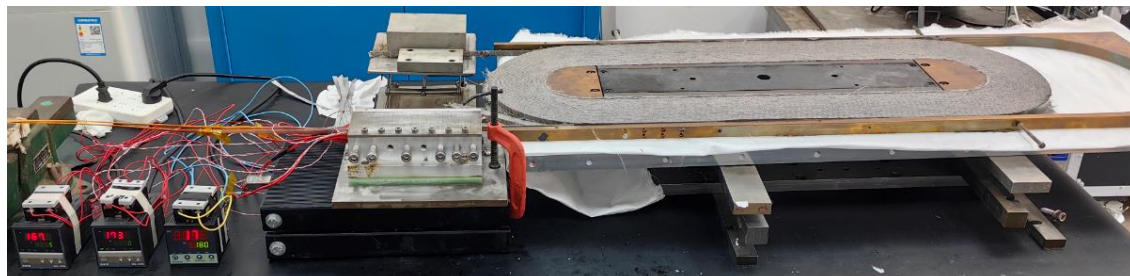
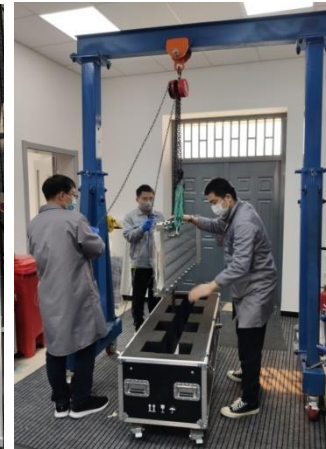
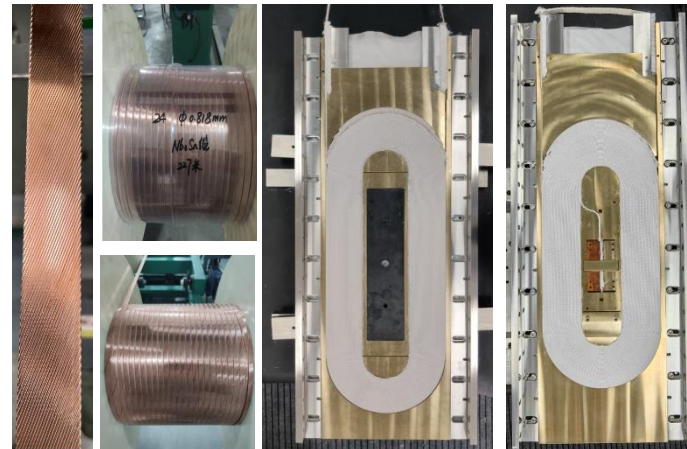
16-T 大孔径高场超导二极磁体 LPF3 (Nb₃Sn-13T+HTS-3T) 电磁设计





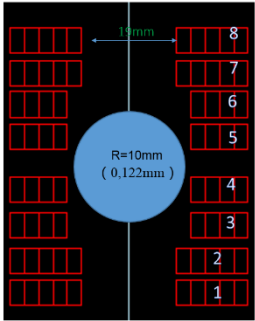
The Nb₃Sn coils for LPF3

Chengtao Wang et al



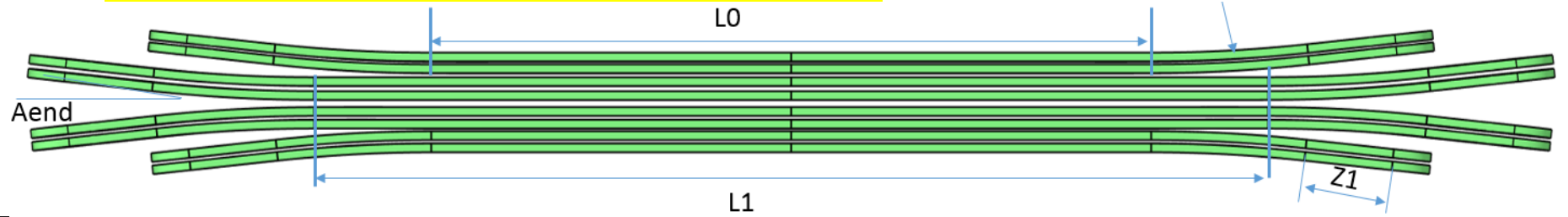


Development of the 16-T Model Dipole LPF3

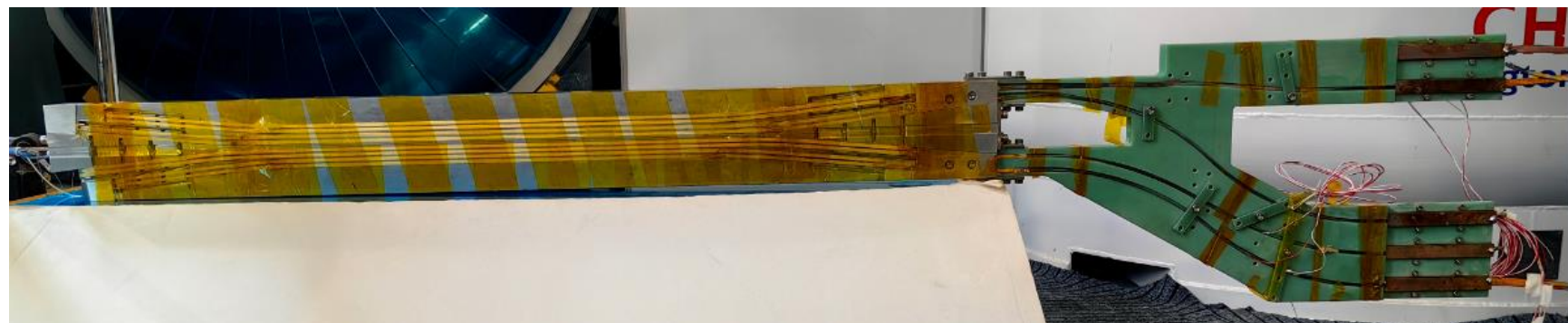
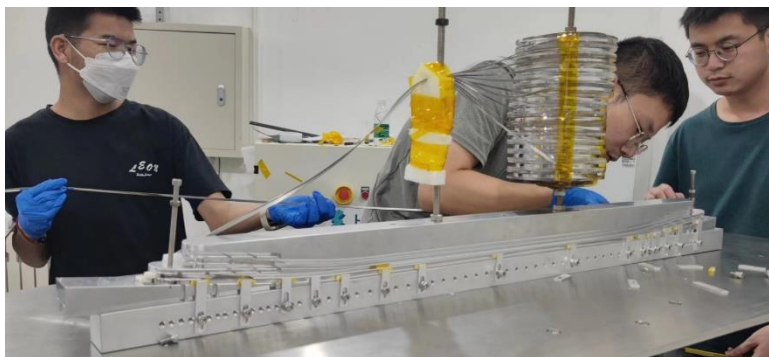
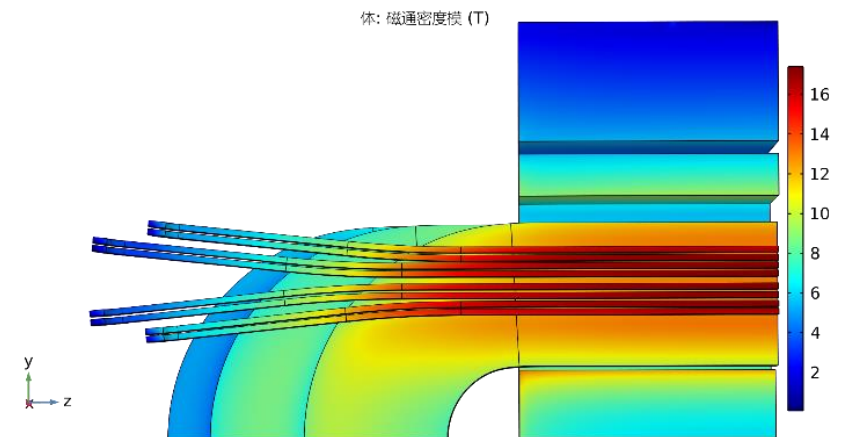
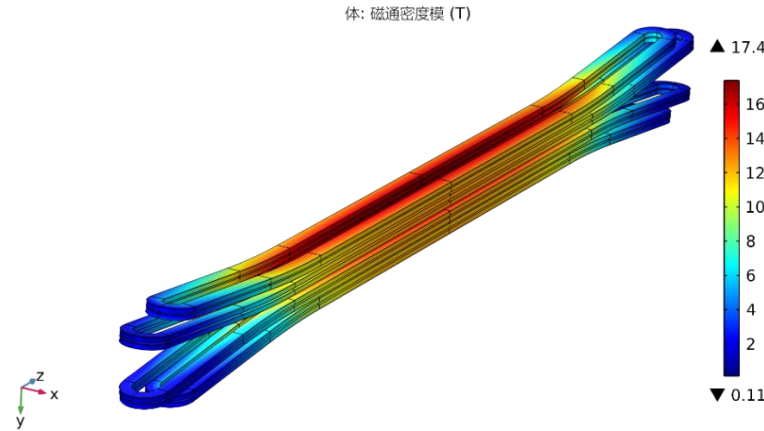


The ReBCO block insert coils for LPF3

Ze Feng et al



Parameters	Values
L0	409.6 mm
L1	540.2 mm
Rhard	800 mm
Aend	6°
R1	9.5 mm
Z1	120 mm

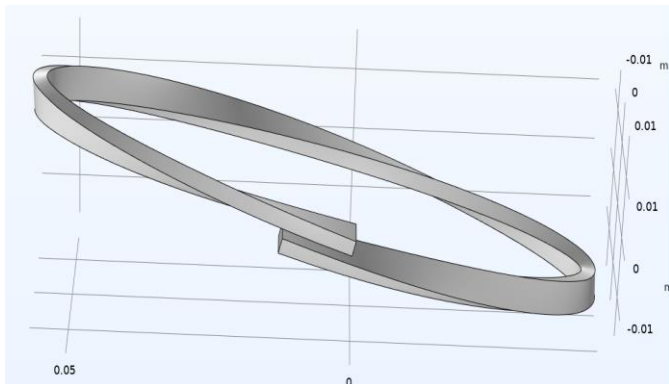


Development of the 16-T Model Dipole LPF3

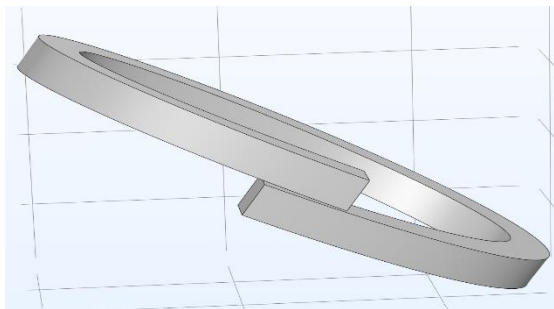


The ReBCO CCT instert coils for LPF3

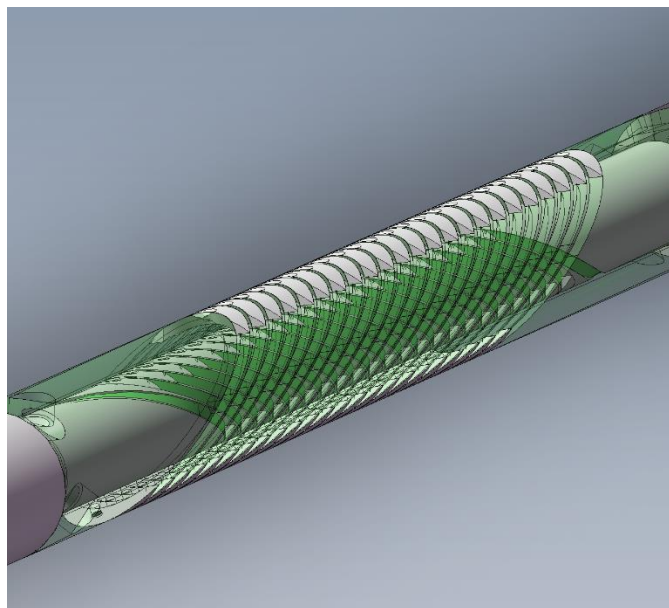
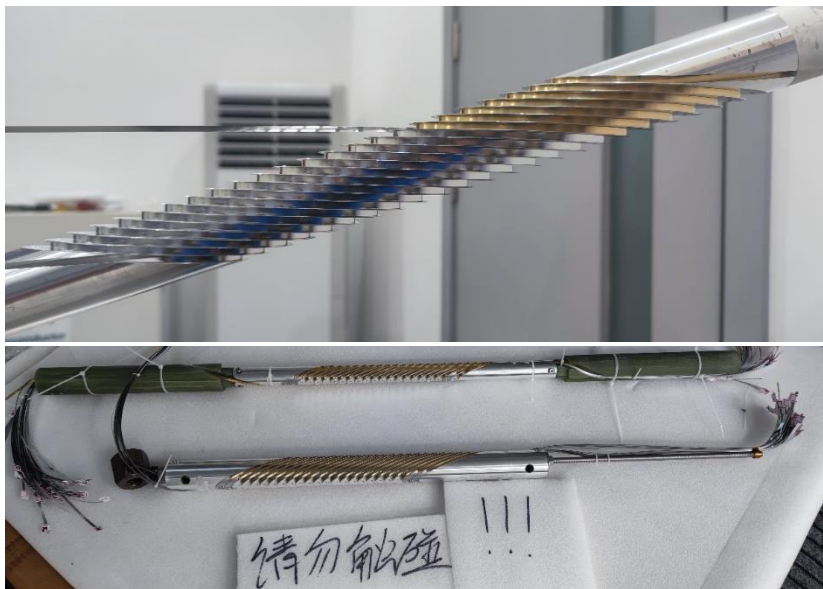
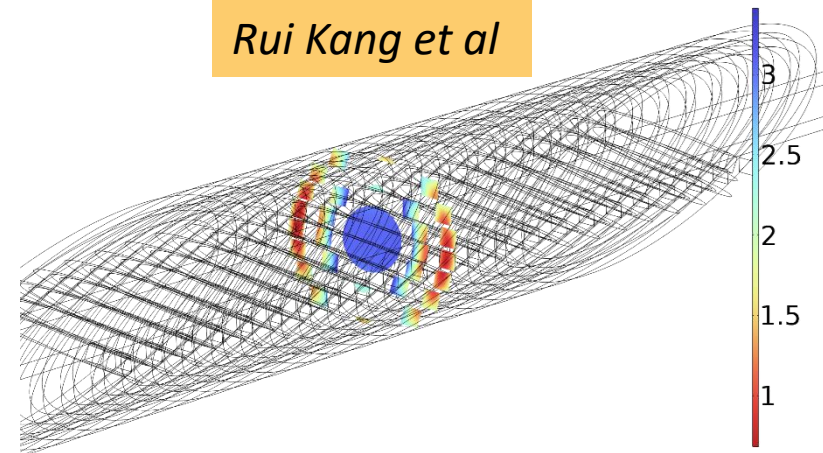
Rui Kang et al



典型CCT线圈结构示意图

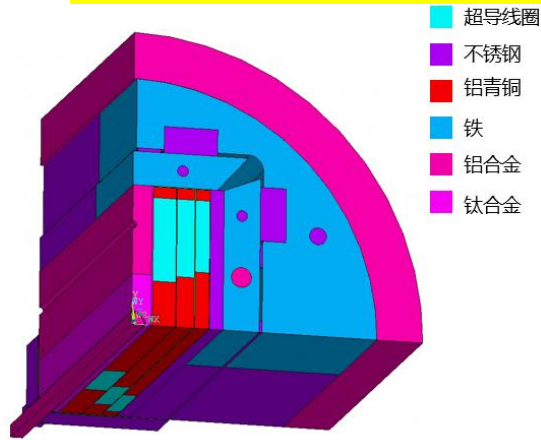


“斜螺旋管”型CCT线圈结构示意图

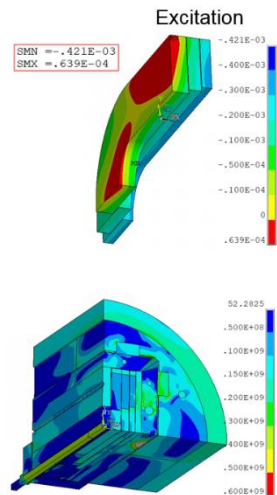
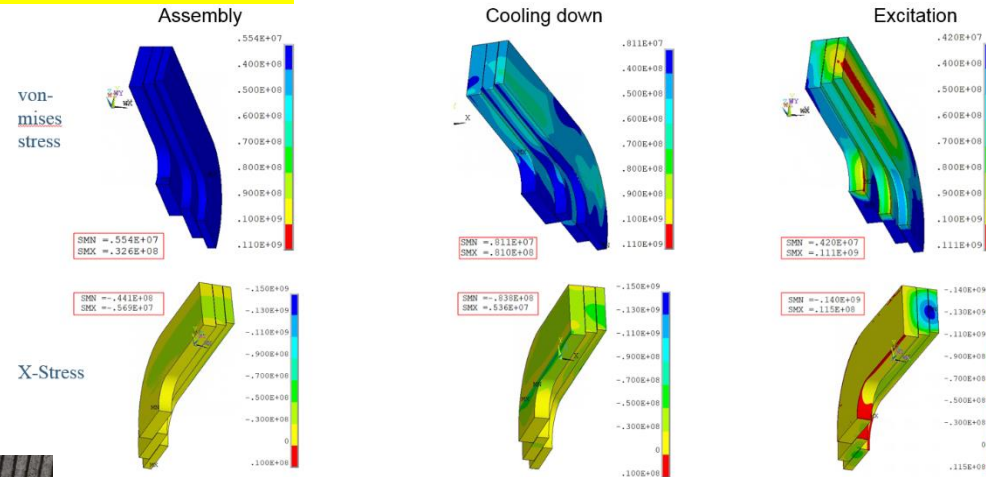




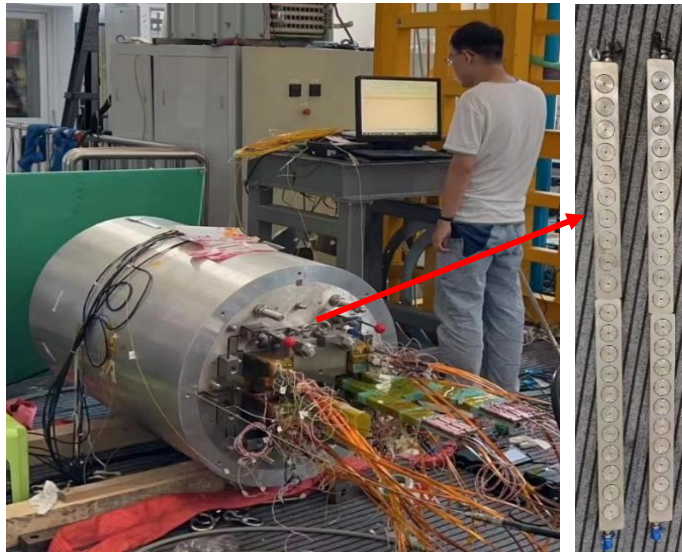
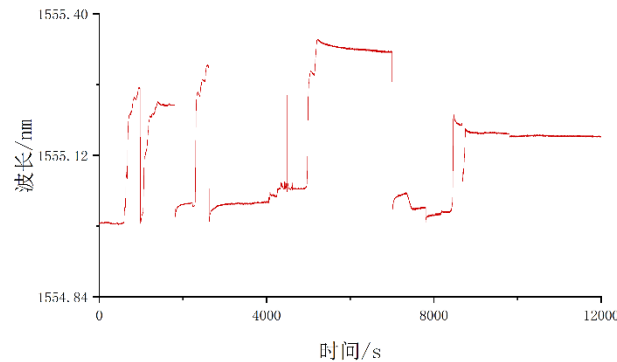
Pre-stress and assembly of LPF3



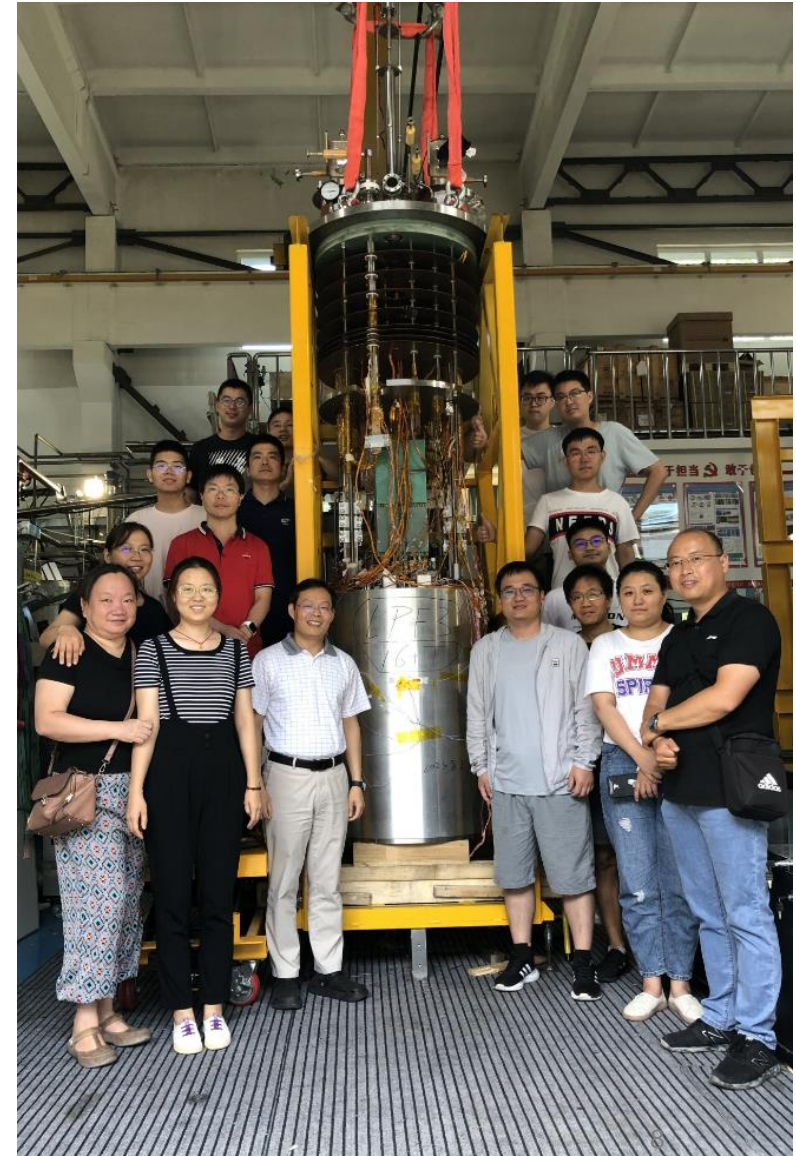
- 超导线圈
- 不锈钢
- 铝青铜
- 铁
- 铝合金
- 钛合金



Stress monitoring during assembly with FBG



Pre-stress applied with commercial hydraulic jack



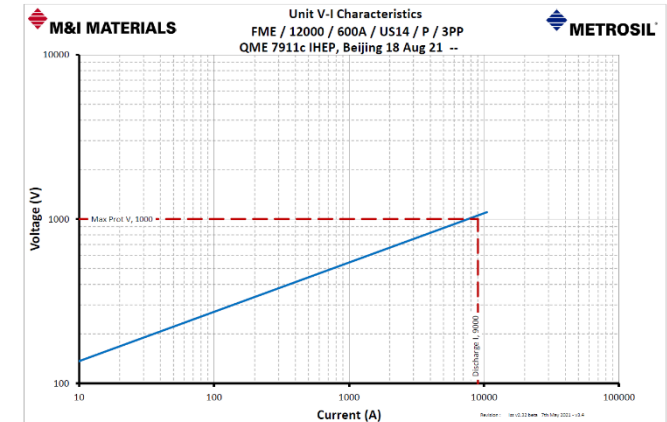
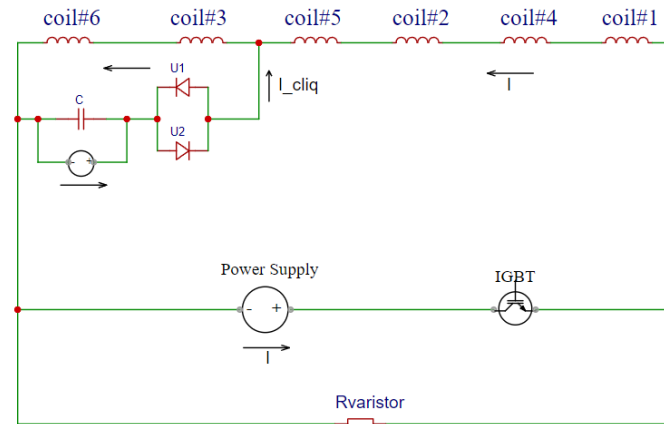
2023.8.29 Assembly completed



Quench protection of LPF3

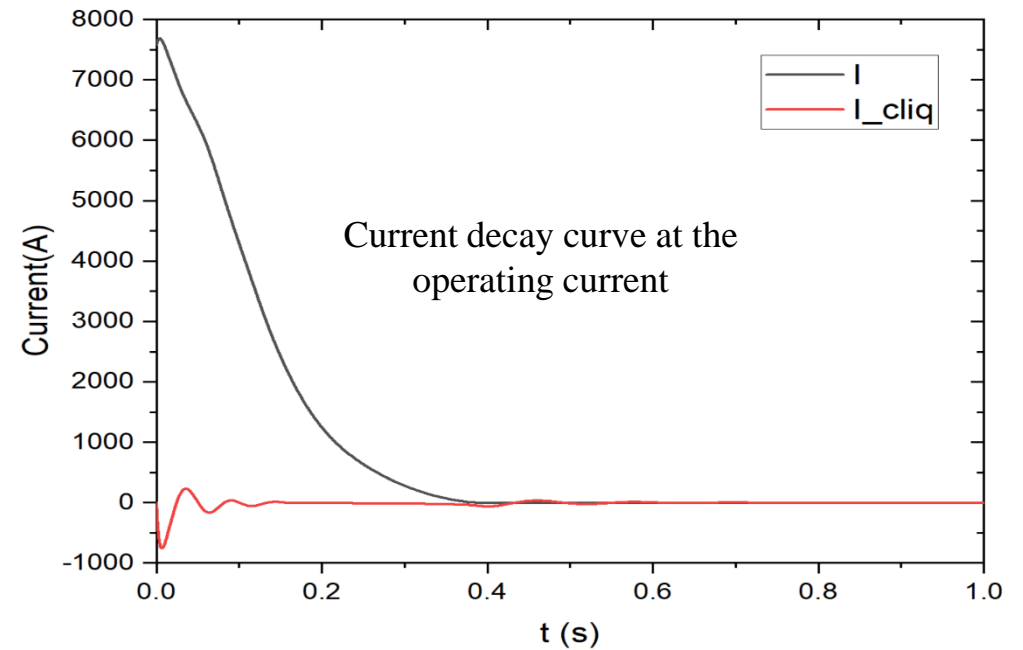
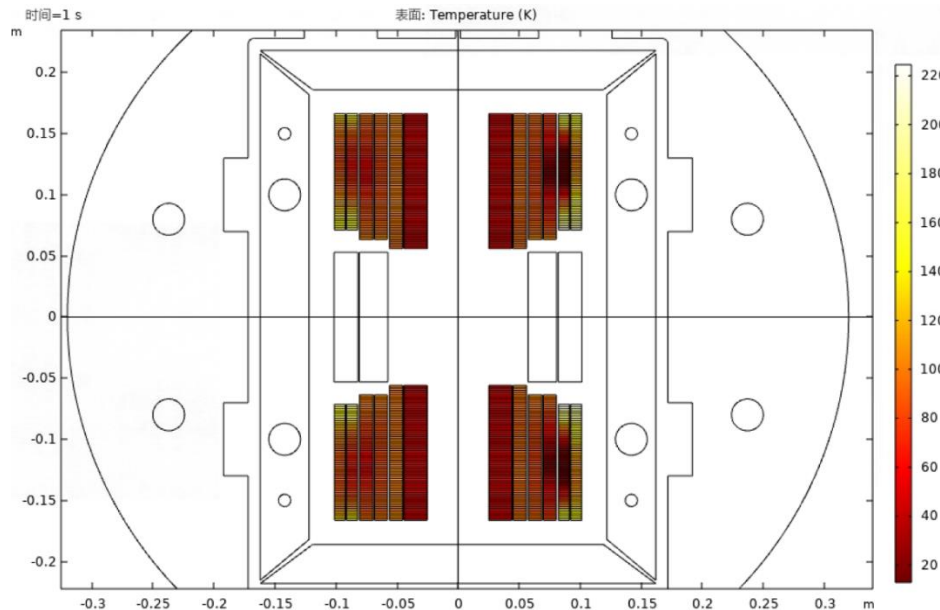
Jinrui Shi et al

- **Varistor plus CLIQ** to protect the **Nb₃Sn** coils. The maximum hot spot is ~ 230 K
- **NI configuration plus dump resistor** to protect the 2 **HTS** insert coils



Feasibility study of applying the no-insulation coil on accelerator magnets

*Rui Kang,
 Hongjun Zhang
 et al*





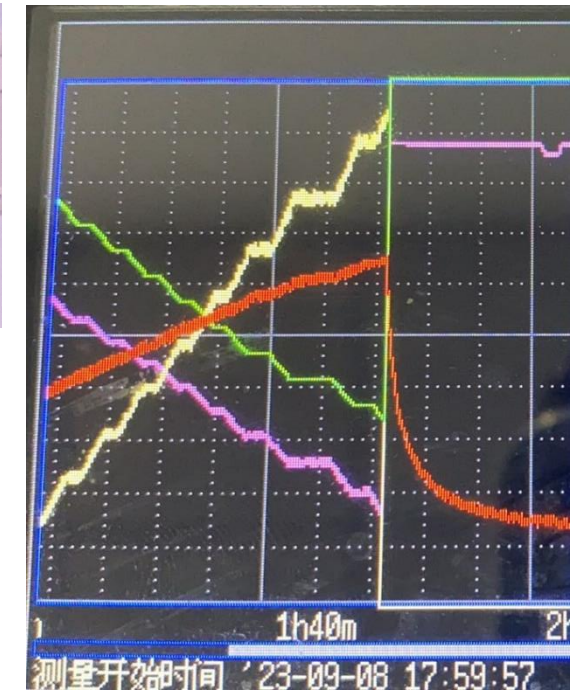
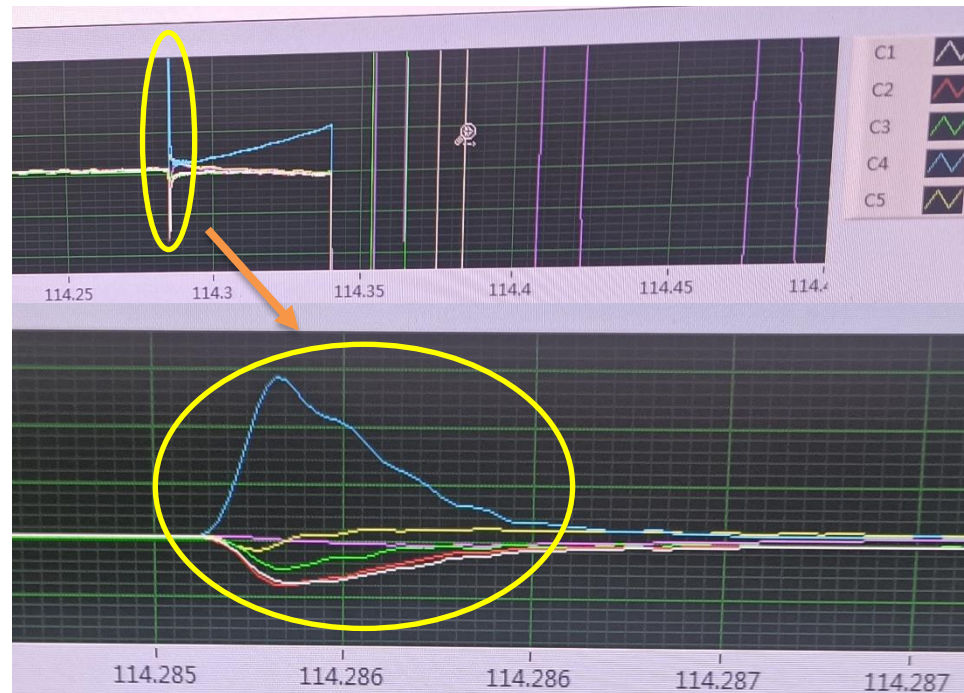
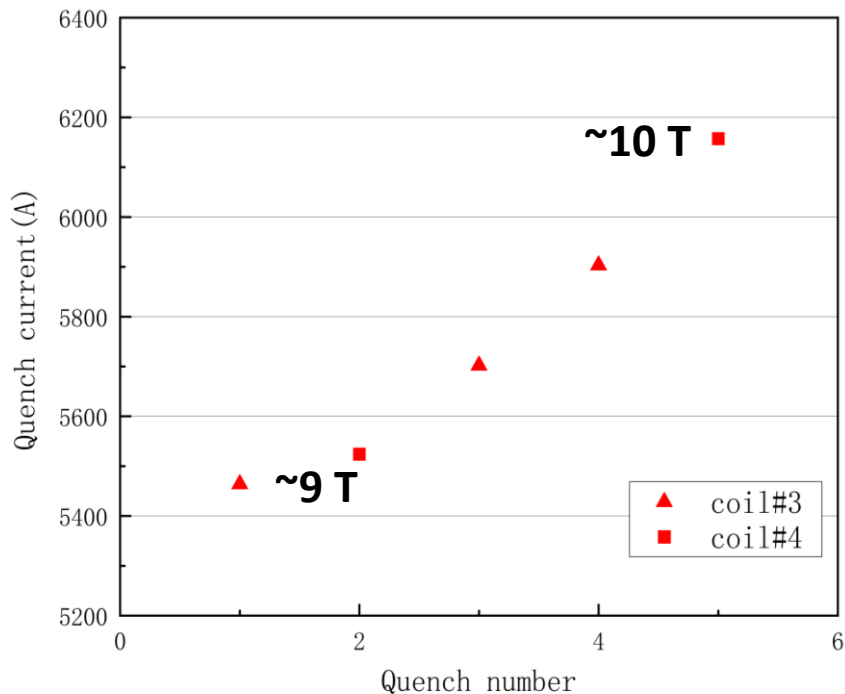
Development of the 16-T Model Dipole LPF3



Preliminary **fresh** test results just last week!

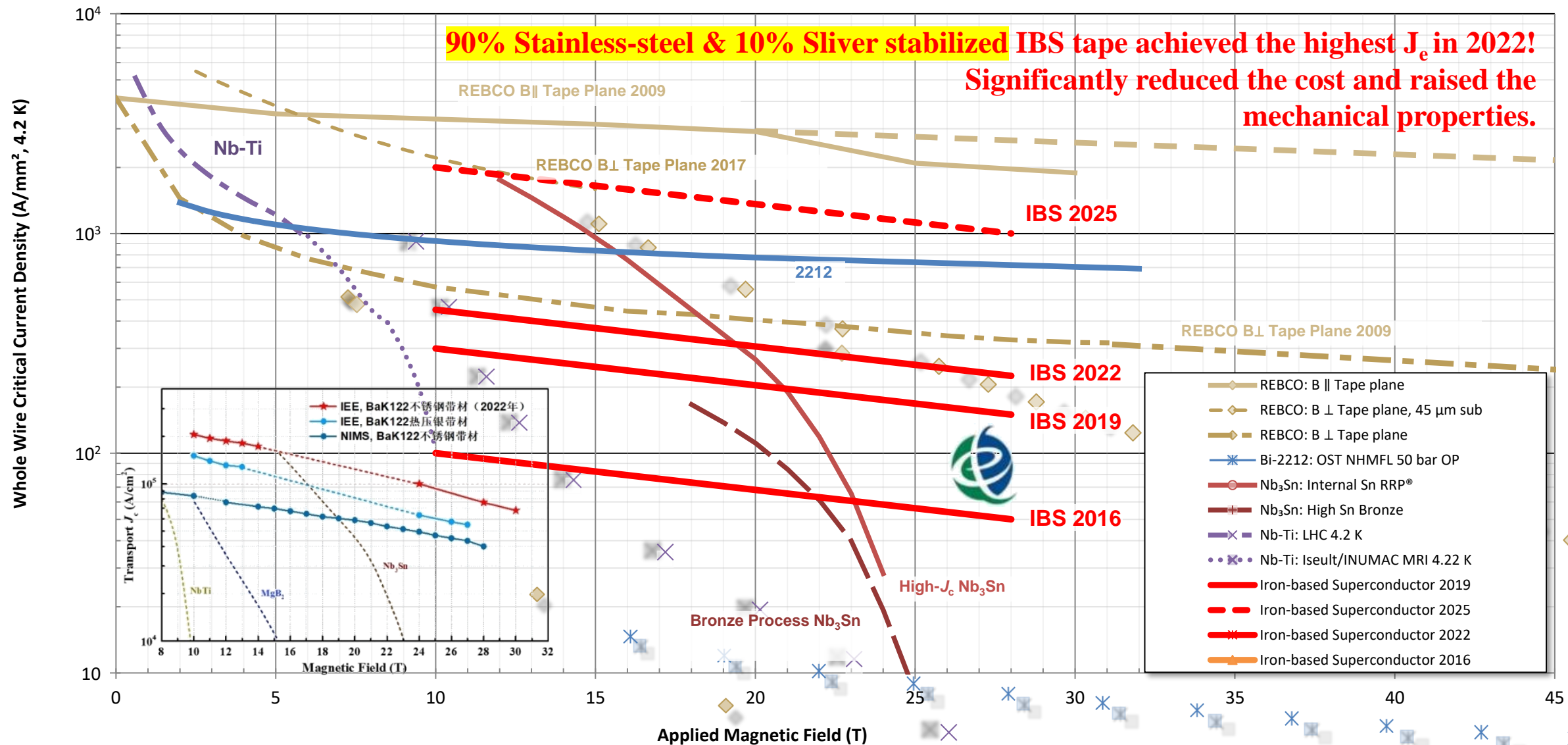
Wei Li et al

- The 1st preliminary test carried out in the week Sep 3-8 2003. The 6 **Nb₃Sn coils** were firstly ramped
- 5 quenches occurred from 9 to 10 T, all caused by **FLUX JUMP**, but with an **encouraging upward trend**
- **Test stopped** due to the **limited size of He recovery gasbag**, > 100 m³ He gas was evaporated during the 5th quench
- HTS CCT insert was ramped independently, **quenched at 90% of the I_{op}** with a **linearly increased voltage curve**, probably indicating a damage of ReBCO conductor during the coil fabrication process





IBS Technology: Status and Outlook



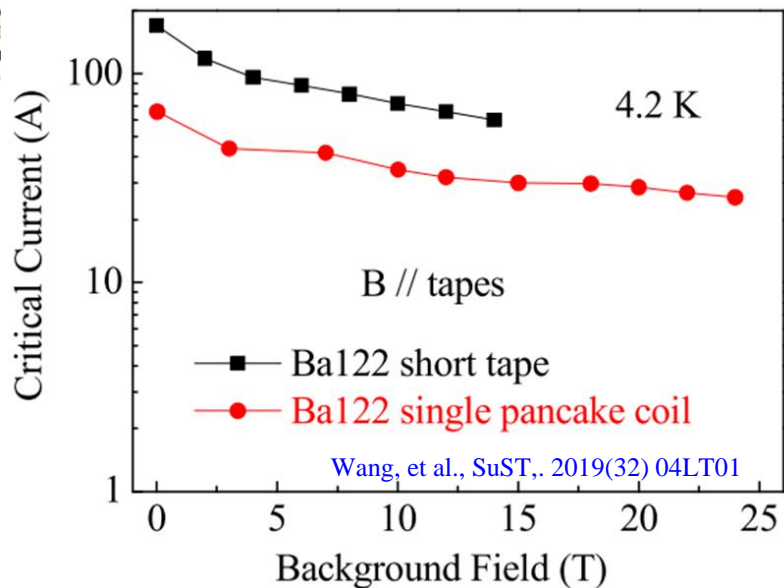


Letter

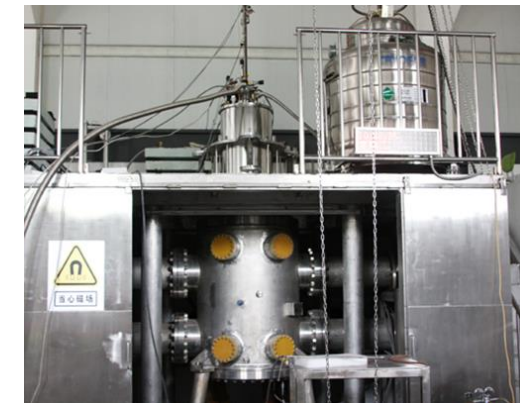
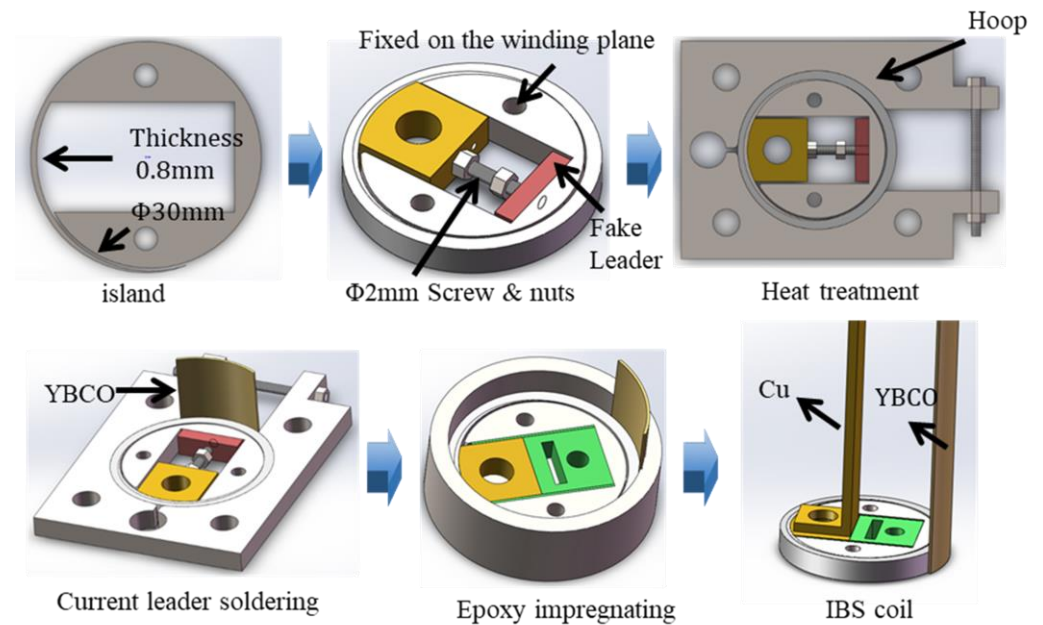
First performance test of a 30mm iron-based superconductor single pancake coil under a 24T background field

Dongliang Wang^{1,2,5}, Zhan Zhang^{3,5}, Xianping Zhang^{1,2}, Donghui Jiang⁴, Chiheng Dong¹, He Huang^{1,2}, Wenge Chen⁴, Qingjin Xu^{3,6} and Yanwei Ma^{1,2,6}

¹ Key Lab Sciences,
² Universit
³ Institute



The 1st IBS single pancake coil at 24 T



□ The I_c of the IBS SPC at 24 T reach 40% of that at 0 T



The 1st IBS racetrack coil with 100-m Long IBS Tapes

❑ Inserted in the dipole magnet and tested at 4.2 K and 10 T

IOP Publishing

Superconductor Science and Technology

Supercond. Sci. Technol. 34 (2021) 035021 (8pp)

<https://doi.org/10.1088/1361-6668/abb11b>

First performance test of the iron-based superconducting racetrack coils at 10 T

Zhan Zhang^{1,2,6}, Dongliang Wang^{3,4,6}, Shaoqing Wei^{1,2}, Yingzhe Wang^{1,2,4}, Chengtao Wang^{1,2}, Zhen Zhang^{1,2,4}, Huanli Yao^{1,2}, Xianping Zhang^{3,4}, Fang Liu⁵, Huajun Liu⁵, Yanwei Ma^{3,4,7}, Qingjin Xu^{1,2,4,7} and Yifang Wang^{1,4}

¹ Institute of High Energy Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, People's Republic of China

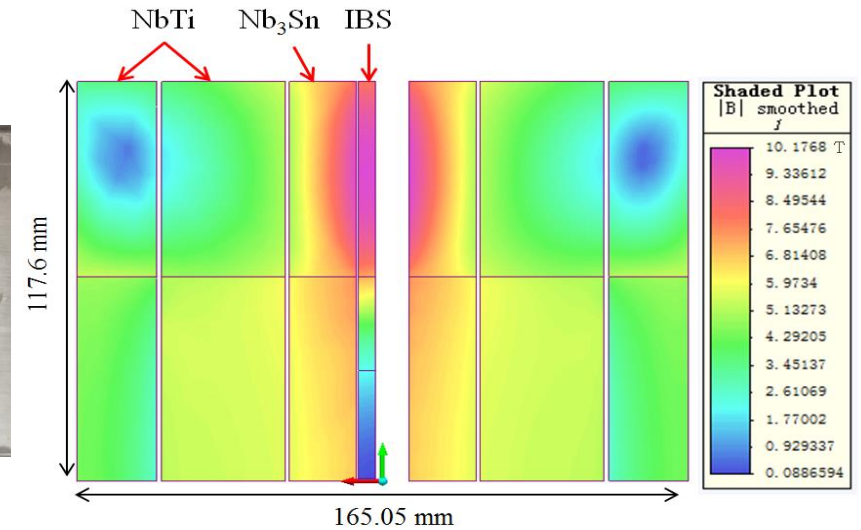
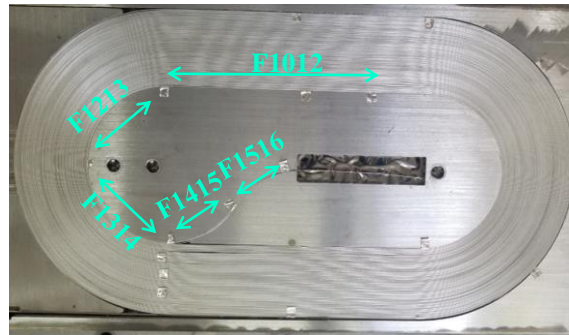
² Key Laboratory of Particle Acceleration Physics & Technology, Institute of High Energy Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, People's Republic of China

³ Key Laboratory of Applied Superconductivity, Institute of Electrical Engineering, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100190, People's Republic of China

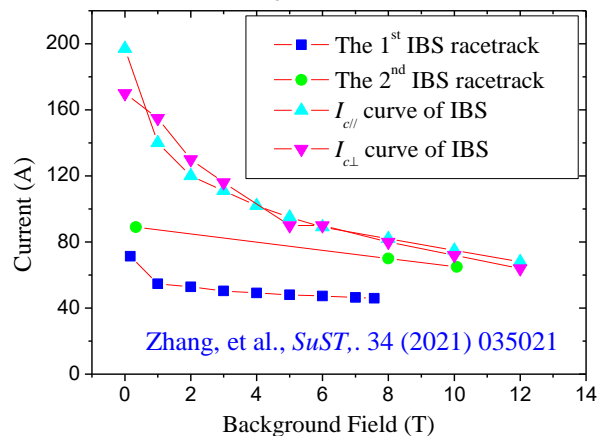
⁴ University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, People's Republic of China

⁵ Institute of Plasma Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Hefei 230031, People's Republic of China

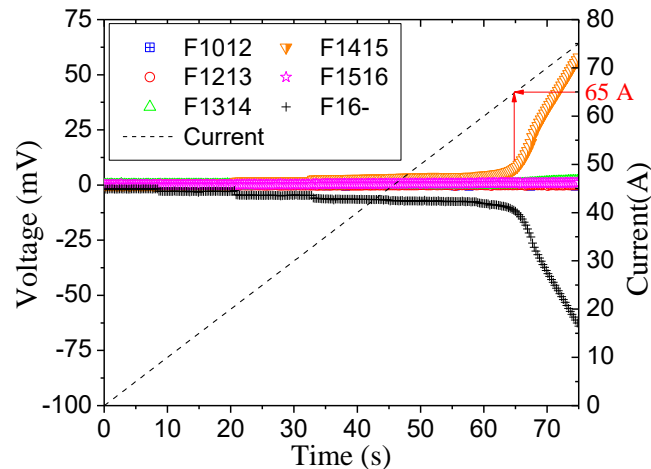
E-mail: ywma@mail.iee.ac.cn and xuqj@ihp.ac.cn



Quench Current w.r.t. Background Field of the IBS Racetracks Coils



Voltage Signals of the 2nd IBS Racetrack Coil Tested @ 10T



- Two racetrack coils have been made using the 100 m length IBS tapes.
- The I_c of the coil reached **86.7%** of that of the short sample at **4.2 K and 10 T**, and **81.25%** of the quench current under 0 T.
- with highest compressive stress of **120 MPa**.



I_c of IBS tapes with different bending diameters

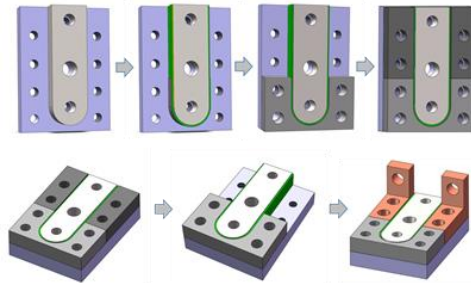
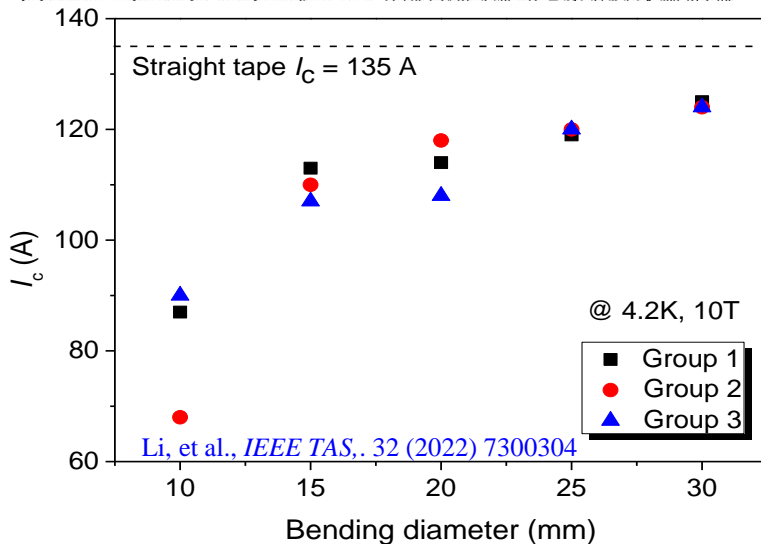
IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON APPLIED SUPERCONDUCTIVITY, VOL. 32, NO. 6, SEPTEMBER 2022

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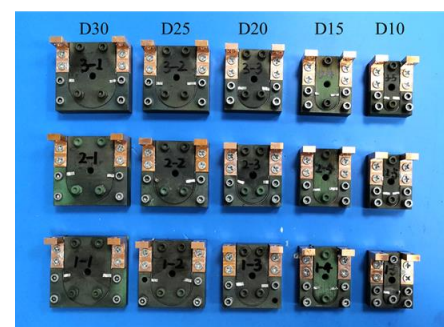
Effect of Bending Before Annealing on Current-Carrying Properties of Iron-Based Superconducting Tapes

Chunyan Li, Rui Kang, Yanchang Zhu, Zhen Zhang, Yingzhe Wang, Chengtao Wang, Jin Zhou, Huanli Yao, Xianping Zhang, Dongliang Wang, Cong Liu, Fang Liu, Yanwei Ma, and Qingjin Xu

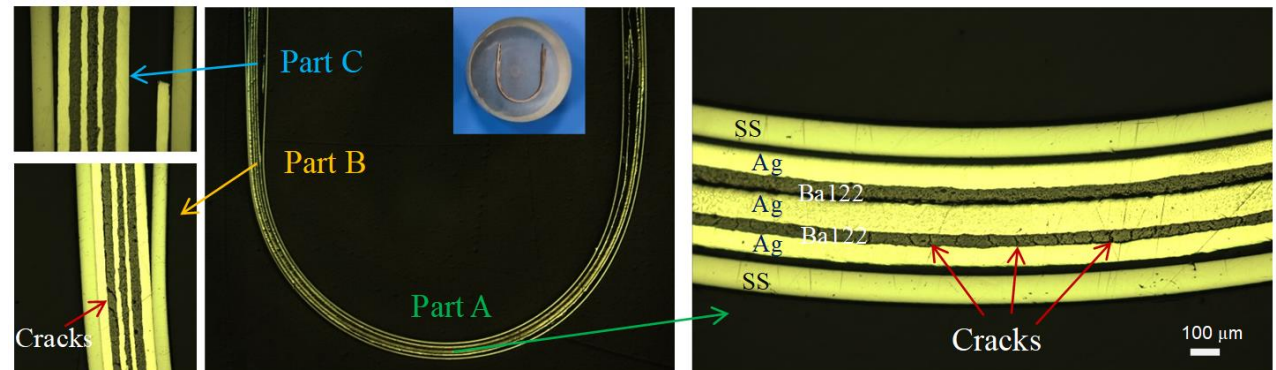
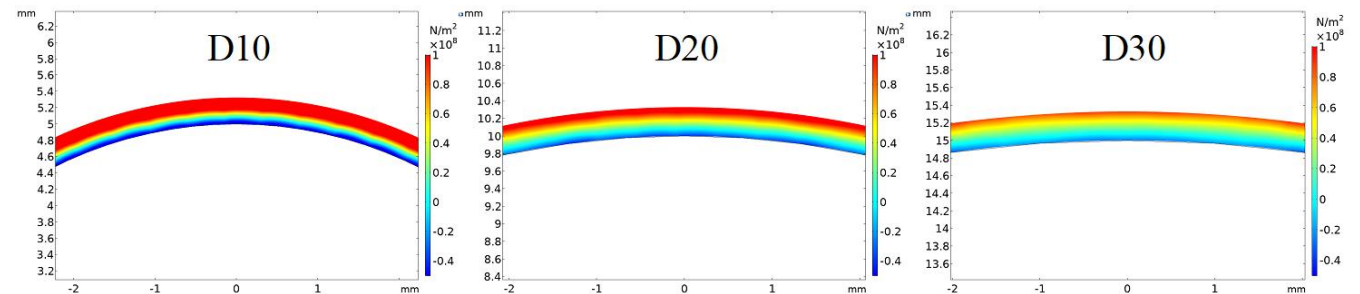
Abstract—The iron-based superconductor (IBS) is a good candidate for high field magnet applications. The bending effect and properties of IBS tapes were systematically investigated in this (IEECAS) [2]. This demonstrates the great potential of IBS tape for large-scale applications. A record critical current density J_c of $1.5 \times 10^5 \text{ A cm}^{-2}$ ($I_c = 427 \text{ A}$) at 4.2 K and 10 T for



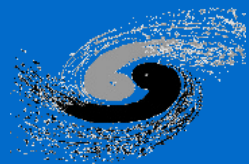
Preparation of bent IBS tape



Tested at 4.2 K and 10 T



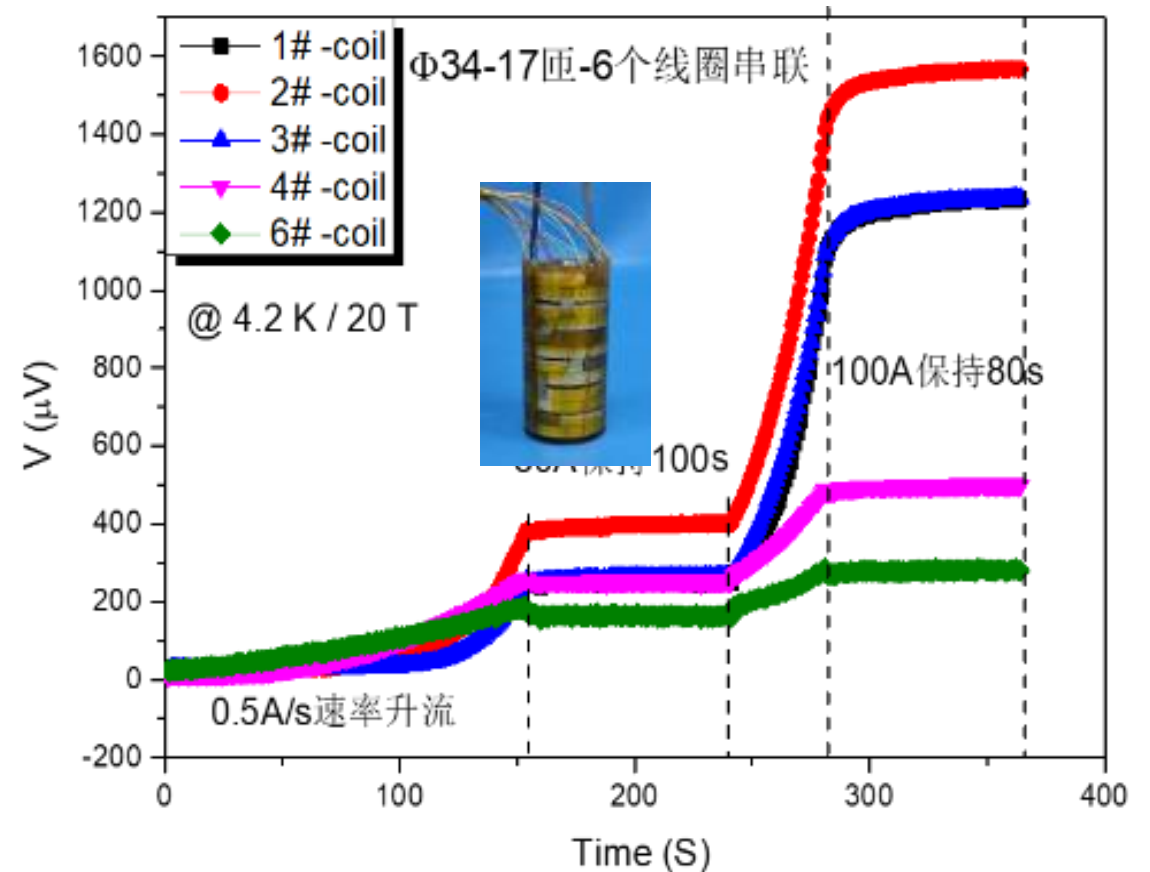
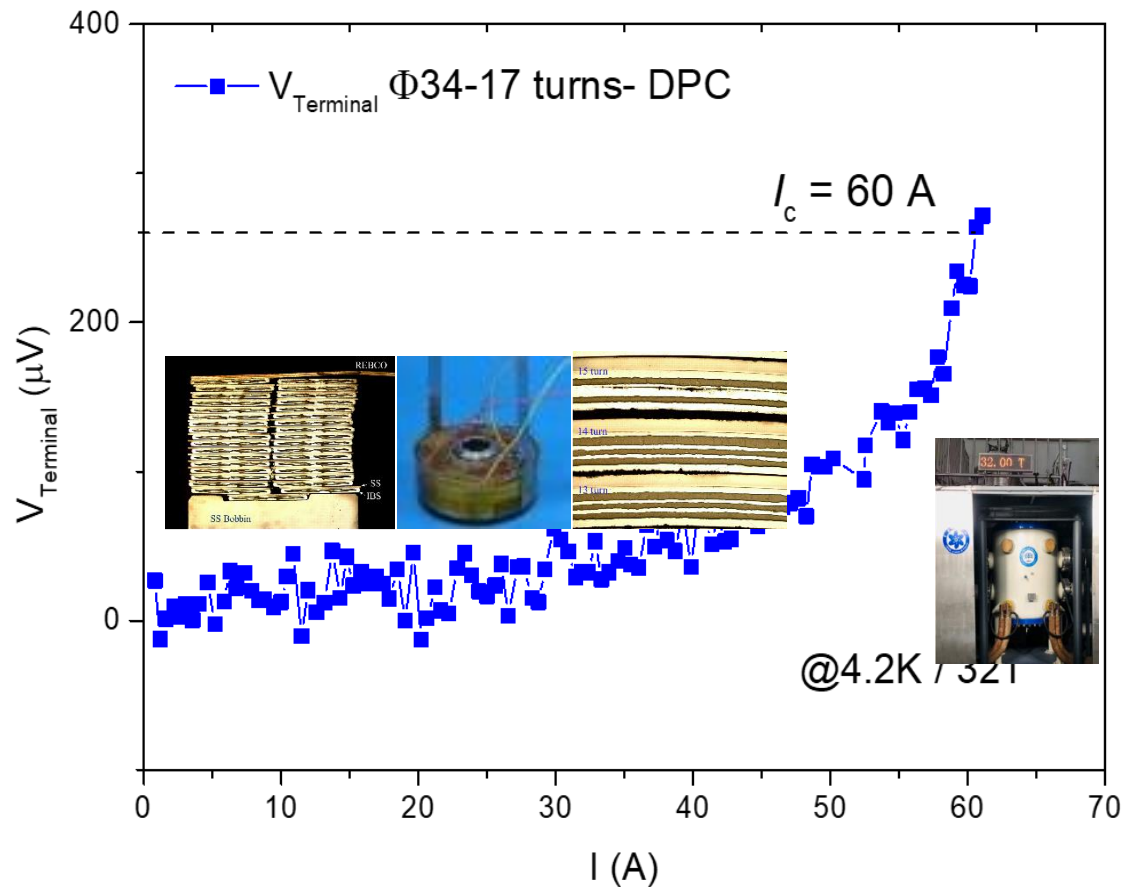
- The attenuation curve of I_c performance with decreasing bending diameters for IBS tapes was obtained.
- Cracks appear regularly in part of the superconducting cores under tensile stress.



The First IBS Solenoid Coil at 32 T background field

Chunyan Li et al

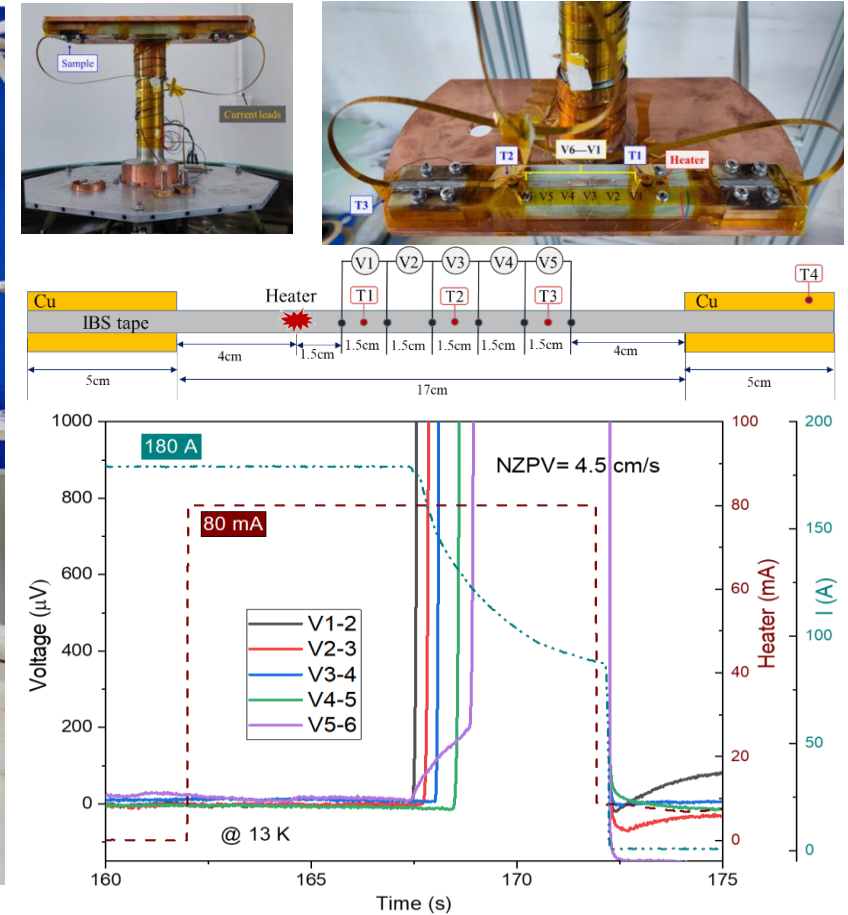
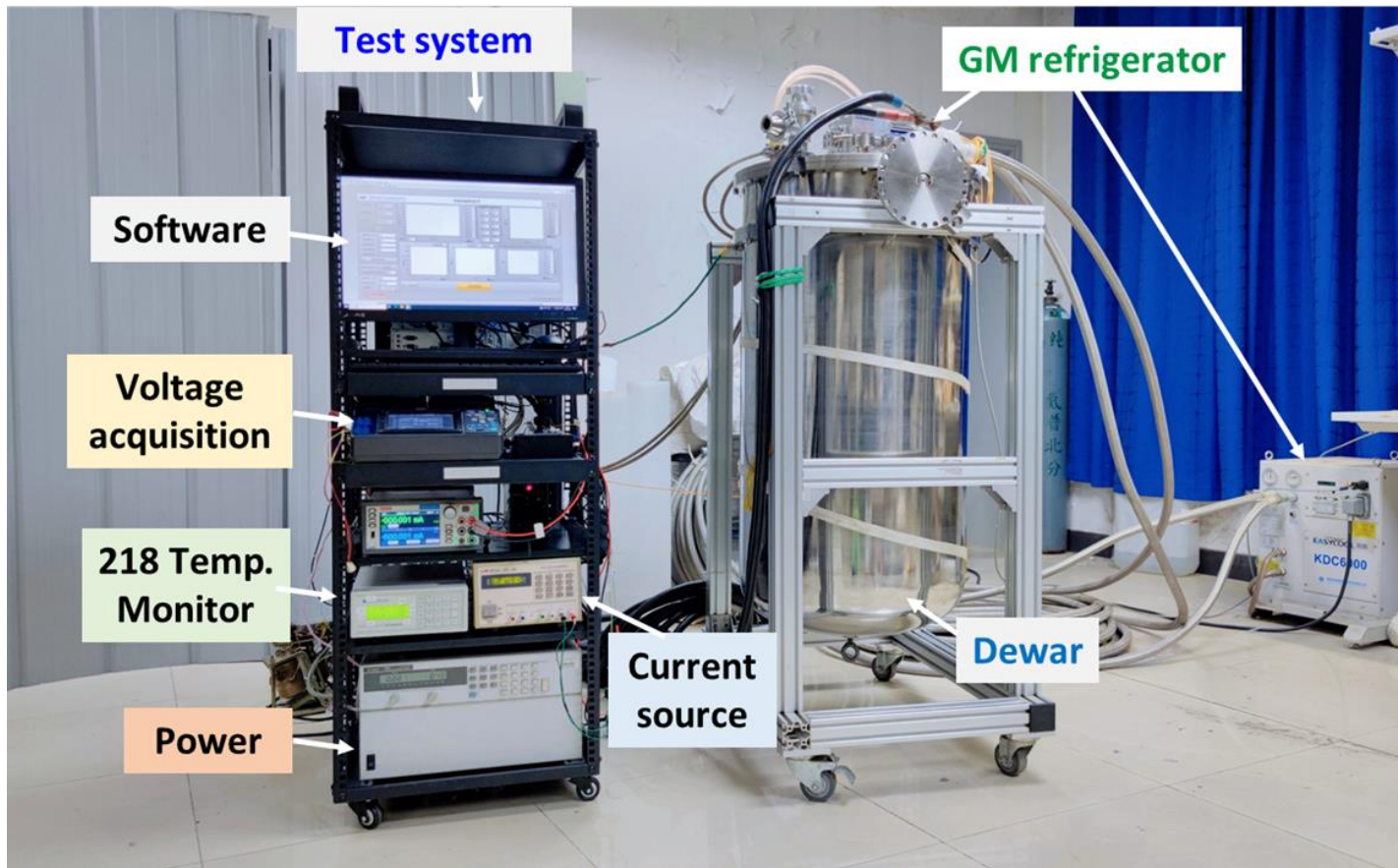
I_c of $\Phi 34\text{mm}$ -17 turns-DPC reached **60 A at 4.2 K and 32 T, world's highest record up to now.**



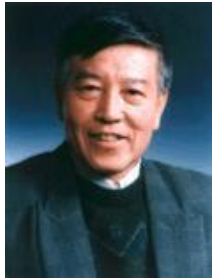


Quench propagation study of the IBS coils

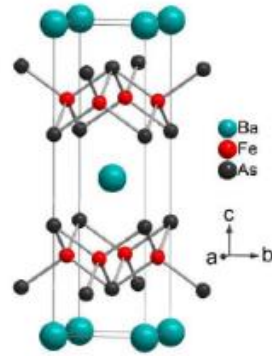
Chunyan Li et al



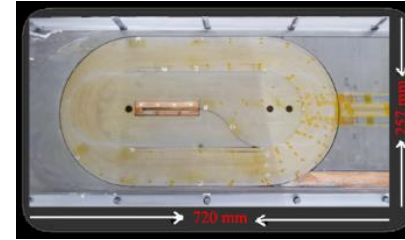
Experimental data shows significant quench propagation in the IBS coils! More testing will be carried out



Z. Zhao
IBS (T_c 55K)



100-m 7-core IBS tape
fabricated
 $J_e = 100 \text{ A/mm}^2$
@ 10 T, 4.2 K



IBS solenoid at **32 T**
Racetrack at 10 T
1.3 kA transposed cable
 $J_e > 450 \text{ A/mm}^2$
@ 10 T, 4.2 K



2008.02

2008.04

2008.09

2016

2018

2020

2022

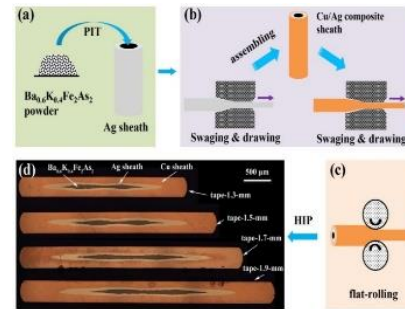
Discovery of IBS

Discovery of
122 phase IBS

IBS solenoid at 24 T
Racetrack at 8 T
 $J_e = 300 \text{ A/mm}^2$
@ 10 T, 4.2 K



H. Hosono
IBS (T_c 26K)



J_e of IBS expected to be similar as ReBCO in 5 years with better mechanical properties and lower cost



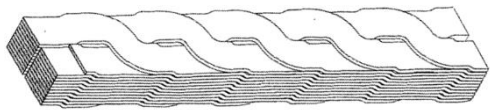
R&D of the HTS transposed cable: X-cable



Development of a Roebel-like Transposed Cable with the **in-plane bending** of HTS tapes

Martin N. Wilson proposed the idea in 1997

In-plane transposed HTS cable



KIT proposed the Roebel cable concept by punching wide tapes to realize transposition in 2006

Punch-assemble transposed HTS cable



IHEP successfully fabricated the first in-plane transposed REBCO cable in 2020

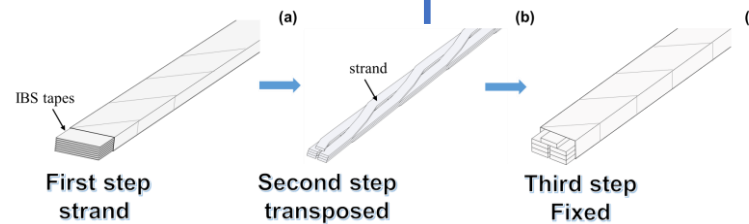
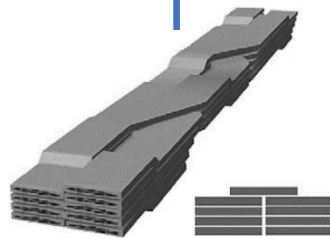
In-plane transposed HTS cable



Juan Wang et al



Siemens developed a transposed cable with in-plane bending Bi-2223 tapes in 2004



IHEP proposed the transposed cable with **in-plane bending of HTS tapes** in 2017

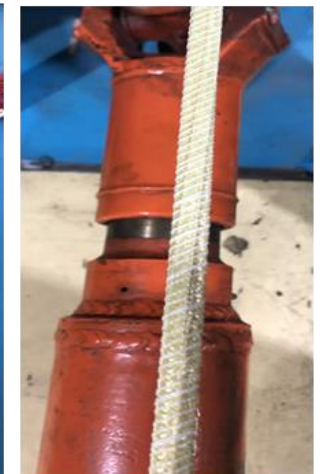
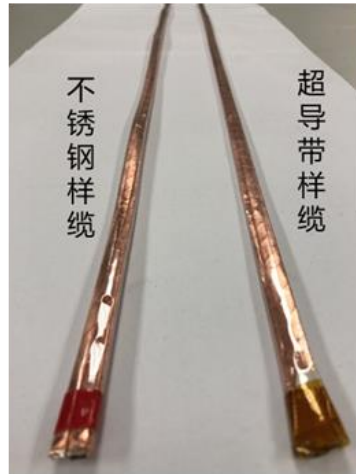
IHEP successfully fabricated the first IBS transposed cable in 2021





Development of a Roebel-like Transposed Cable with the **in-plane bending** of HTS tapes

Juan Wang et al



2020.08

2020.10

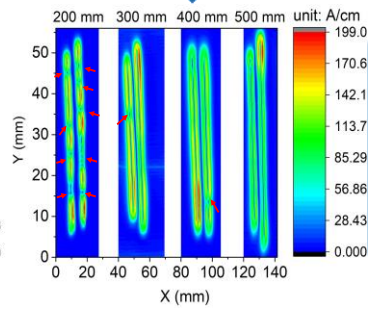
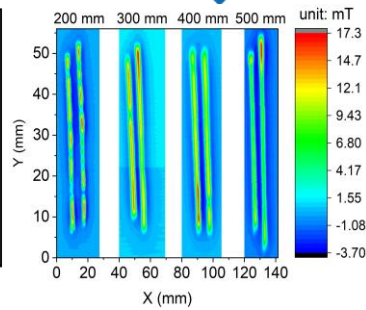
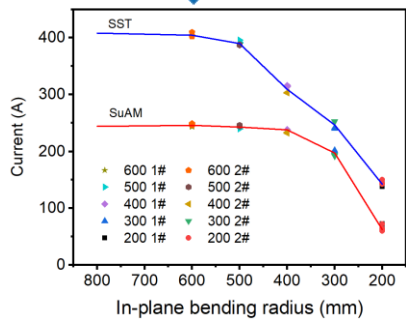
2021.01

2021.04

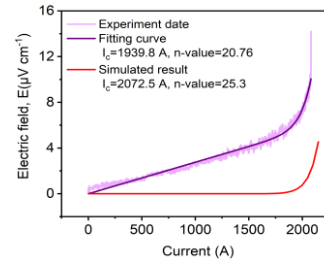
2021.06

2021.08

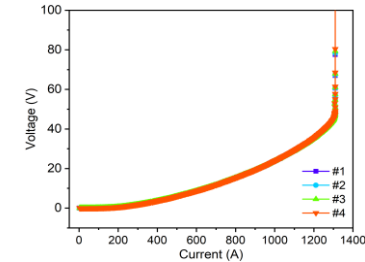
2023.02



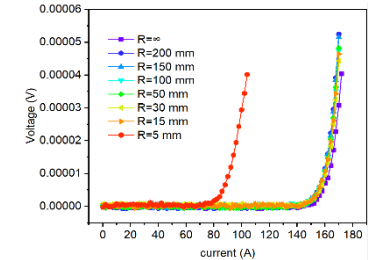
10 m REBCO 换位电缆



5 m IBS 换位电缆



6 m IBS 换位电缆



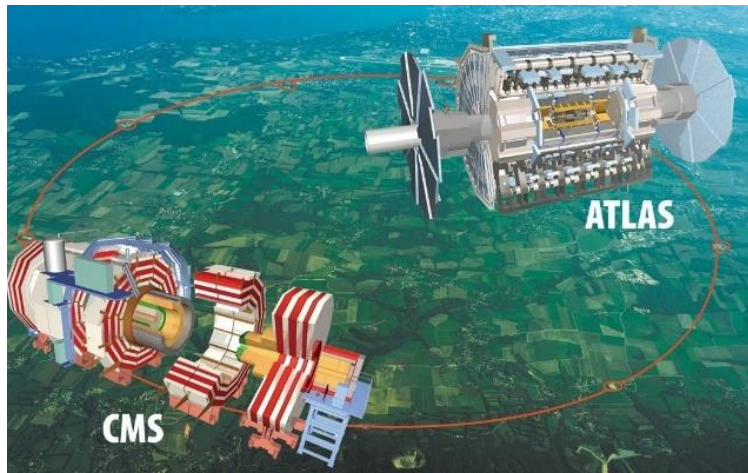
30 m REBCO 换位电缆



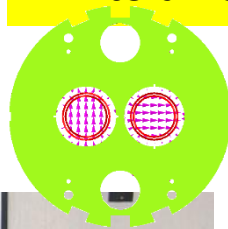
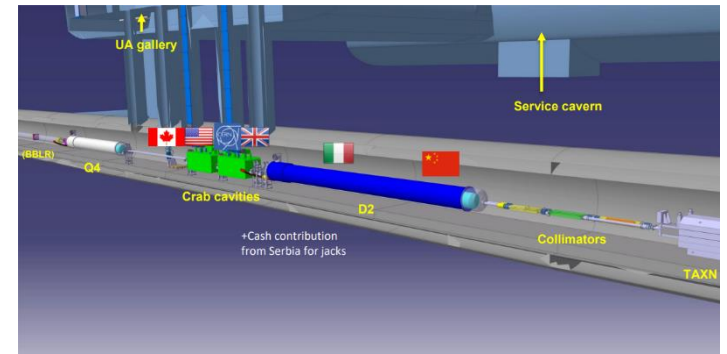
Development of CCT Magnets for HL-LHC



China provides 13 units CCT twin-aperture dipole magnets for HL-LHC

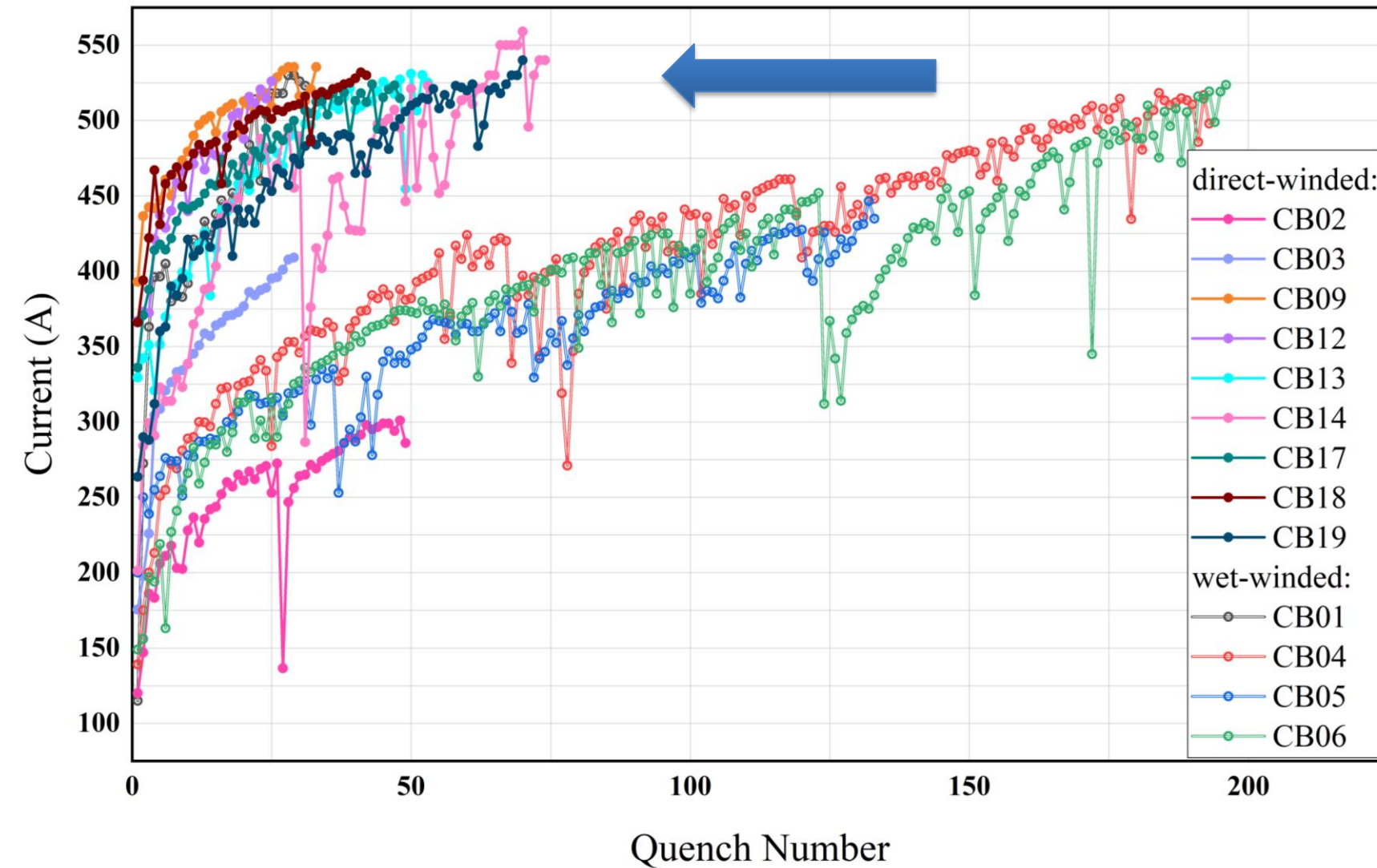


- To be installed in the ATLAS & CMS interaction regions, help to raise the luminosity by 5 times
- The 1st time CCT type magnets applied to an operating accelerator.





Training History of the HL-LHC CCT Coils



Successful design upgrade to solve the "long training problem", significantly reduced the times of quench during training, ensured the project progress "on track".



Training of MCBRD02 & MCBRD03

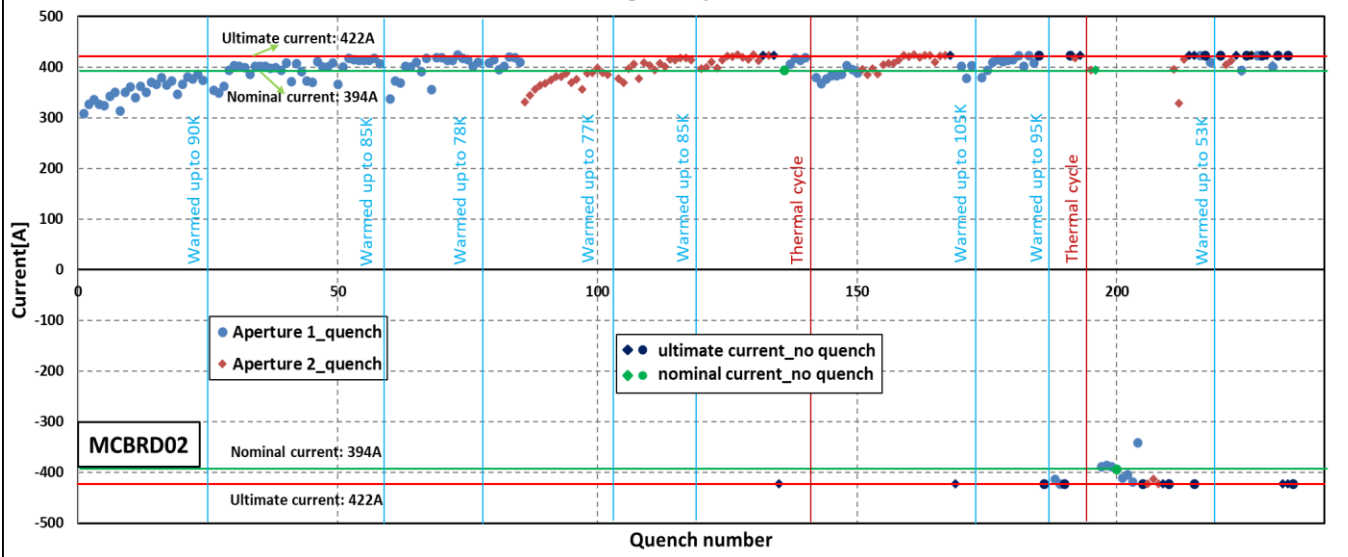


苏州八匹马超导科技有限公司

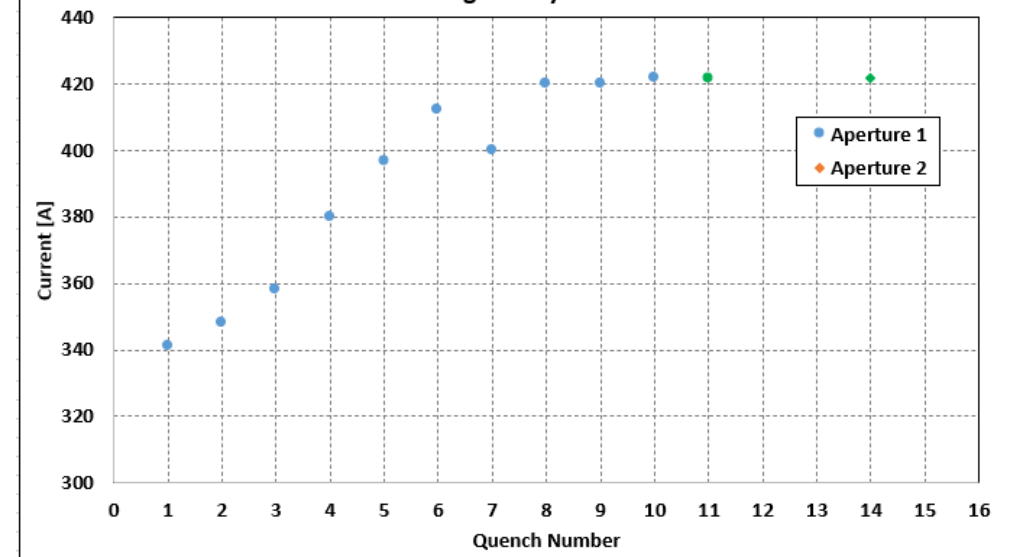


- AP1(CB12, 25 quenches 526A) reached $\pm 422A$ after **11 quenches**.
- AP2(CB09, 33 quenches 530A; after thermal cycle $> 500A$) reached $\pm 422A$ **without any quenches**.

The training history of MCBRD02

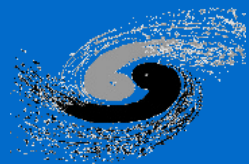


The training history of MCBRD03





Development of CCT Magnets for HL-LHC



- 4 series CCT magnets have been fabricated; all of them reached the ultimate current and passed the field quality test. Components for 2 magnets being shipped to CERN; The 5th series magnet to be assembled in Nov 2023
- Production rate for the rest of series magnets: every 3 month per magnet

	Coil name	Winding method	Location	Coil stand-alone performance (4.2 K)	Magnet performance at 4.2 K
MCBRD01	MCBRD_CB01	Wet wind	CERN	530 A	Both apertures reached ultimate current 422 A, and passed 4-hour stability test
	MCBRD_CB03	Direct wind		410 A (training stopped due to the availability of the test station)	
	MCBRD_CB02	Direct wind	CERN	Failed to reach the design current	
MCBRD02	MCBRD_CB04	Wet wind	CERN	422 A (training stopped due to the availability of the test station)	Both apertures reached ultimate current 422 A, and passed 4*1 hour stability test
	MCBRD_CB06	Wet wind		530 A	
MCBRD03	MCBRD_CB09	Direct wind with new channel size	CERN	530 A	Both apertures reached ultimate current 422 A, and passed stability test
	MCBRD_CB12	Direct wind with new channel size		526 A (25 quenches)	
	MCBRD_CB14	Direct wind with new channel size	BAMA	530 A (30+34 quenches), put in quarantine	
MCBRD04	MCBRD_CB13	Direct wind with new channel size	IMP	530 A (20+33 quenches)	Both apertures reached ultimate current 422 A, and other tests will be implemented in the middle of Oct.
	MCBRD_CB17	Direct wind with new channel size		524 A (47 quenches)	
<i>MCBRD05</i>	MCBRD_CB18	Direct wind with new channel size	IHEP	530 A (43 quenches)	To be assembled in Nov 2023
	MCBRD_CB19	Direct wind with new channel size	IHEP	530 A (63 quenches)	
	MCBRD_CB20	Direct wind with new channel size	IHEP	<i>To be stand-alone tested</i>	
MCBRD_CB10, 11, 15, 16		Shipped to CERN for fabrication			



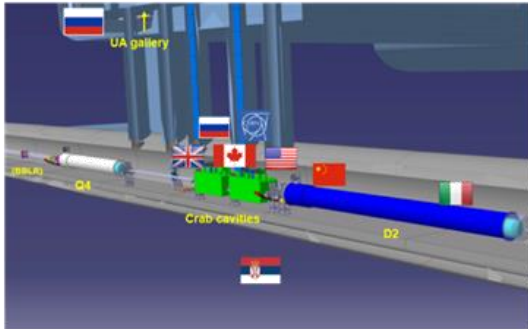
Development of CCT Magnets for HL-LHC



Milestone of the HL-LHC CCT Magnet Project



苏州八匹马超导科技有限公司



Agreement signed btw IHEP and CERN



The CCT magnet from China under test at CERN



Installation to tunnel



2018

2020

2022

2024

2026

2027

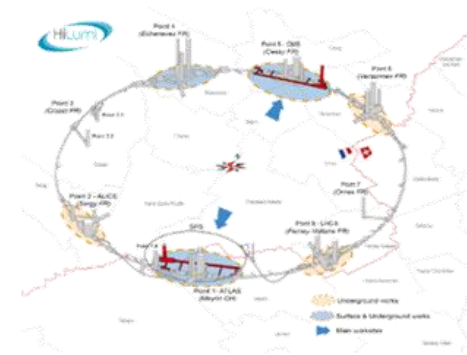
The qualified prototype delivered to CERN



All the 12 series CCT magnets delivered to CERN



HL-LHC commissioning





Summary



- Long-term advanced superconducting magnet R&D for future high-energy accelerators is ongoing at IHEP-CAS
- 10+ T model dipoles being developed at IHEP, reached 12.47 T at 4.2 K in mid 2021. **16 T (Nb₃Sn+HTS) model dipole under test in 2023.** 20 T accelerator magnets expected to be realized in 2020s
- Strong domestic collaboration for the advanced superconductor R&D (HTS & Nb₃Sn): **Stainless-steel-Silver stabilized IBS tape achieved the highest J_e in 2022!** Significantly reduced the cost and raised the mechanical properties
- China & CERN Collaboration on accelerator technology: **development of HL-LHC CCT magnets going well**
- Looking forward to a **world wide synergy on the advanced accelerator magnet R&D in future**

Thanks for your attention