



Introduction: NOvA

NuXTract 2023 – CERN

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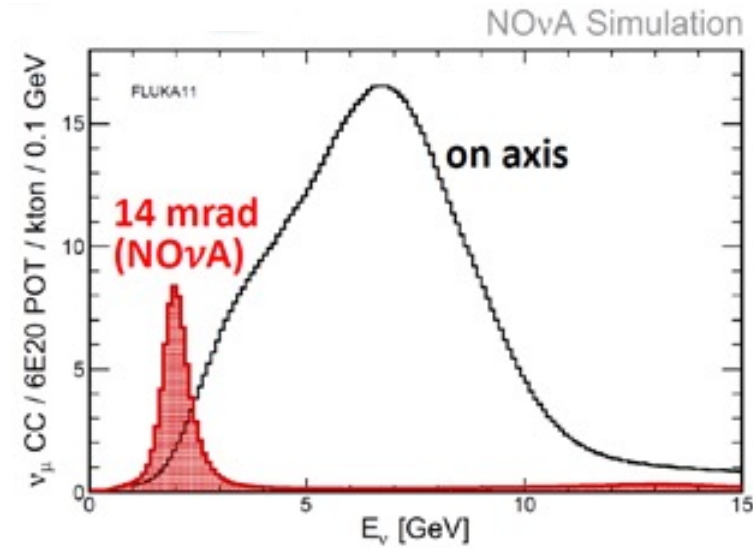
What is NOvA (w.r.t. Cross Sections)

Accelerator neutrino experiment

NuMI beam at Fermilab

$E \approx 1.9$ GeV (off-axis narrow band beam)

ν_μ and $\bar{\nu}_\mu$ beam modes



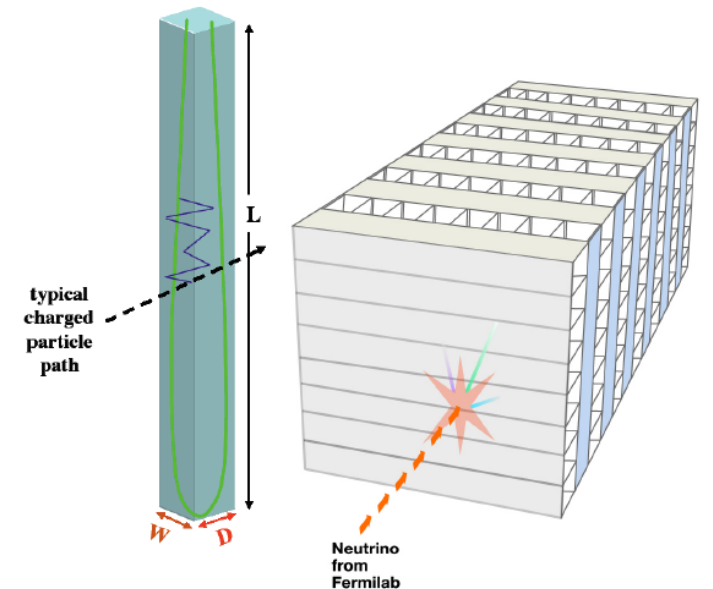
Near Detector

~ 1 km from production target at Fermilab

Active liquid scintillator hydrocarbon target

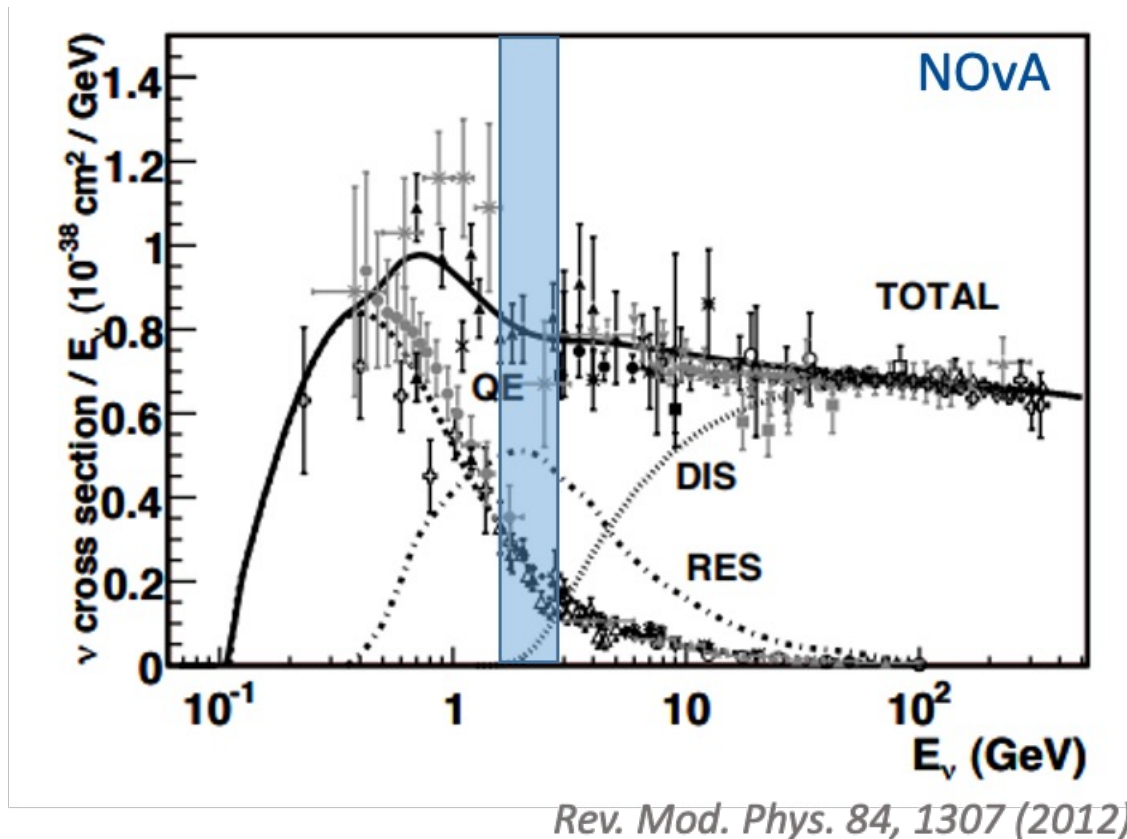
67% C, 11% H with 16% Cl, 3% Ti, 3% O

Tracking calorimeter



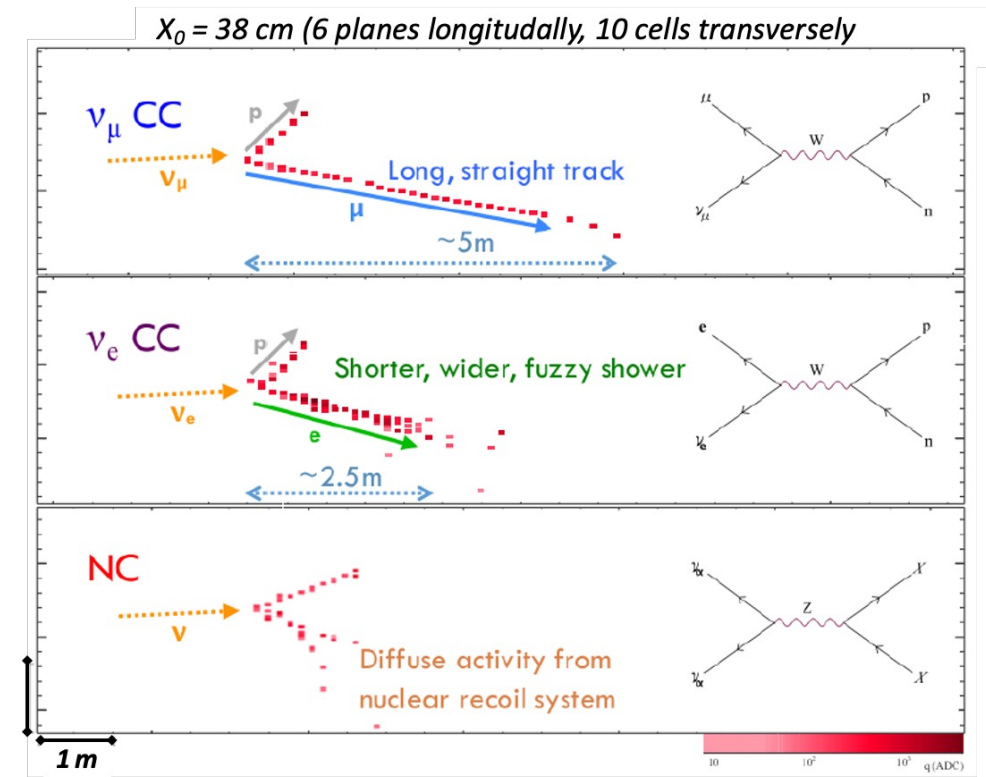
Why NOvA Measures Cross Sections

NOvA interactions probe an interesting energy regime



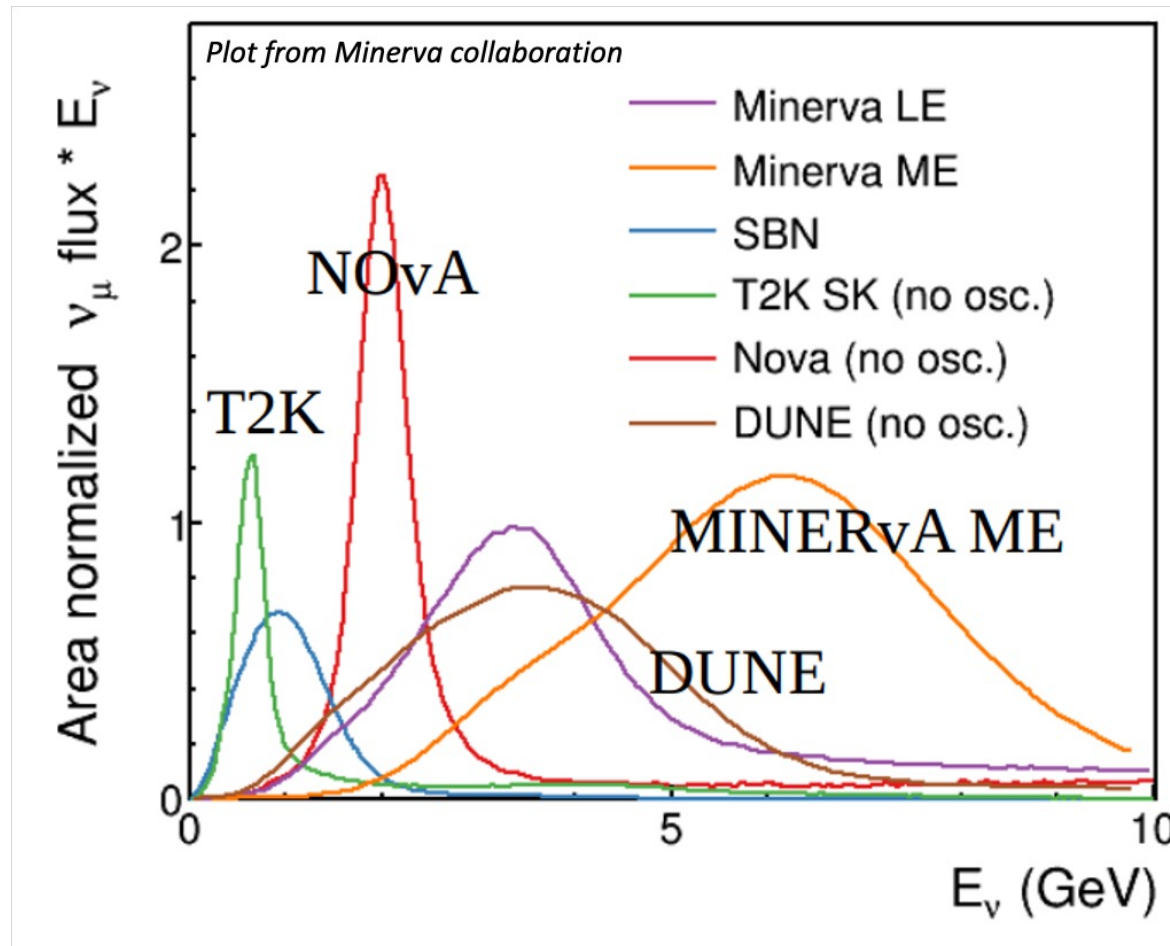
Energy is where resonant production is dominant
and mix of QE, 2p2h, RES, and DIS is important

Tracking calorimeter detects individual particles



Can probe individual particle kinematics
(lepton and hadronic particles)

How is NOvA relevant for DUNE?



NOvA completes the experimental coverage of neutrino energies that are relevant for DUNE

Resonant enhanced region

What you will hear about

How NOvA presents its results

What type of observables we look at

How do we handle uncertainties

How do we present in true values

How do we make comparisons with models