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ORANGE surface geometry progress

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ORANGE: Oak Ridge Advanced Nested Geometry

- Many nuclear engineering codes use "unbounded" surfaces and constructive solid geometry
 - MCNP, KENO, earlier codes: >40 years of history
 - Quadric surface cards, CSG cell cards
 - Neutral particles or no magnetic fields
- 2017: Shift GPU code (part of Exascale Computing Project) uses simple but efficient surface-based reactor model (nested cylinders and arrays)
- 2020: New CPU geometry for Shift
- 2021: Initial GPU port for Celeritas
- 2023: GPU port integrated into Shift



CAK RIDGE National Laboratory

Methods

Results Continuing work





User-to-runtime construction



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Surface transformation and simplification









CSG tree preprocessing: replace with truth (3/5)







CSG tree preprocessing: apply logic (4/5)







CSG tree preprocessing: simplify expression (5/5)







Acceleration: bounding interval hierarchy

- Inputs: volume bounding boxes
- Recursive partitioning scheme
- Tree traversal at initialization and surface crossing
- Low memory requirements
 - Single-precision bounding boxes
 - Tree nodes are ~16B







Methods Results Continuing work





Current ORANGE/VecGeom performance for TestEM3

- VecGeom 1.x navigation on GPU known to be suboptimal
- Results from Summit
 - 7 CPU Power9 cores vs 1 V100 GPU
 - 1T uniform field
 - 1300×10 GeV e⁻ per event $\times 7$ events
 - Speedup relative to CPU VecGeom





Small Modular Reactor problem

- Array of array of "pin cells"
- Water and uranium
- Neutron-only physics
- Shift MC transport code
 - Frontier (AMD MI250x)
 - Summit (Nvidia V100)



SMR on Frontier (AMD MI250)

- Template metaprogramming "multiple dispatch" is faster (and more memory efficient) on AMD for this problem
- ORANGE is 30% slower than "reactor toolkit" geometry
 - RTK is highly specialized and extremely limited
 - Highlights performance/functionality tradeoff







EMPIRE: advanced reactor geometry



Methods Results Continuing work





Optimization

- Comparisons between templated dispatch vs expanded universes
- Deduplication of local logic definitions to reduce memory bandwidth
- Accessing data with <u>ldg</u> to improve caching
- Intersecting quadric surfaces with volume bounding boxes to precalculate "surface segment" BIH for surface intercept acceleration





Detector geometry support

- Convex solids defined, all surfaces but toroid implemented
- Limited conglomerate/partial shapes (no polycone)
- Tracking simultaneously at multiple levels currently required
- Extremely limited safety calculation
 - Vecgeom 1.x safety calculation so expensive it actually *slows down* field propagation
 - Can limited-distance surface intercepts (especially using BIH) be fast enough that we don't need safety during field propagation?
 - Can we replace MSC range limiting with rejection, modification to the true path, ...?
 - Is there an efficient alternative to the Geant4 approximation of skipping MSC if the slowing down range is much less than safety?





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