#### Underground Physics at CUP

Eunju Jeon Center for Underground Physics, IBS Sept 26, 2023

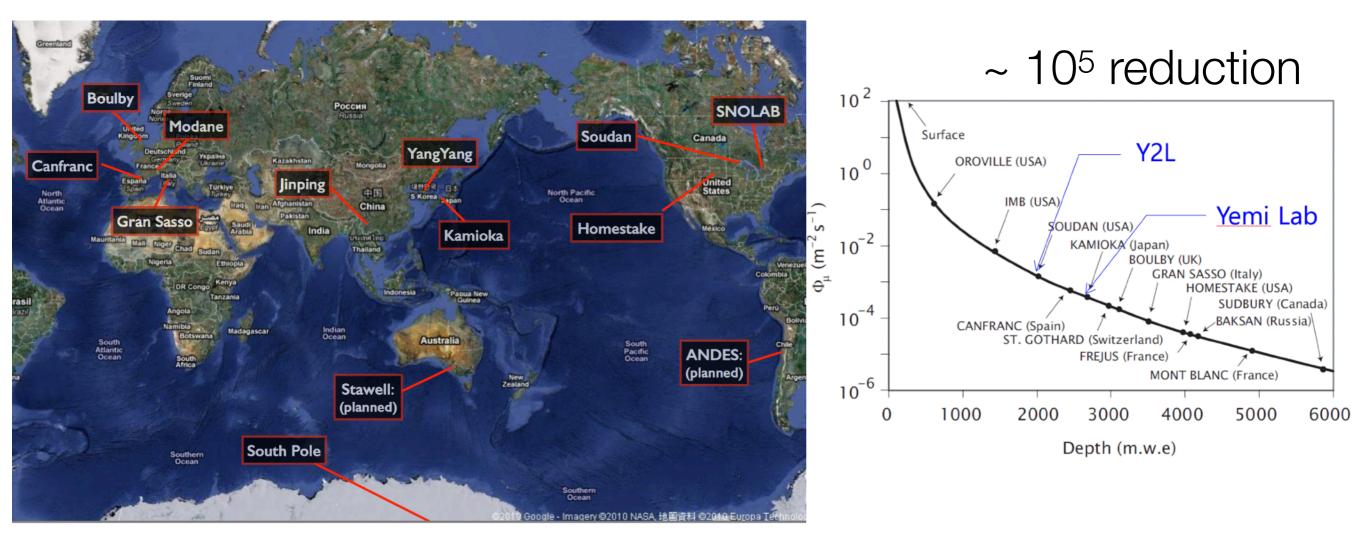
# Why deep underground laboratory for rare event searches?

- Dark matter and neutrinoless double beta which we are interested in are
  occurring with very low probability
- Requirements to achieve the best signal-to-background ratio
  - Low backgrounds
    - Underground, shielding against external radiation, low radioactive material, good radiopurity
  - Low energy threshold, good energy resolution

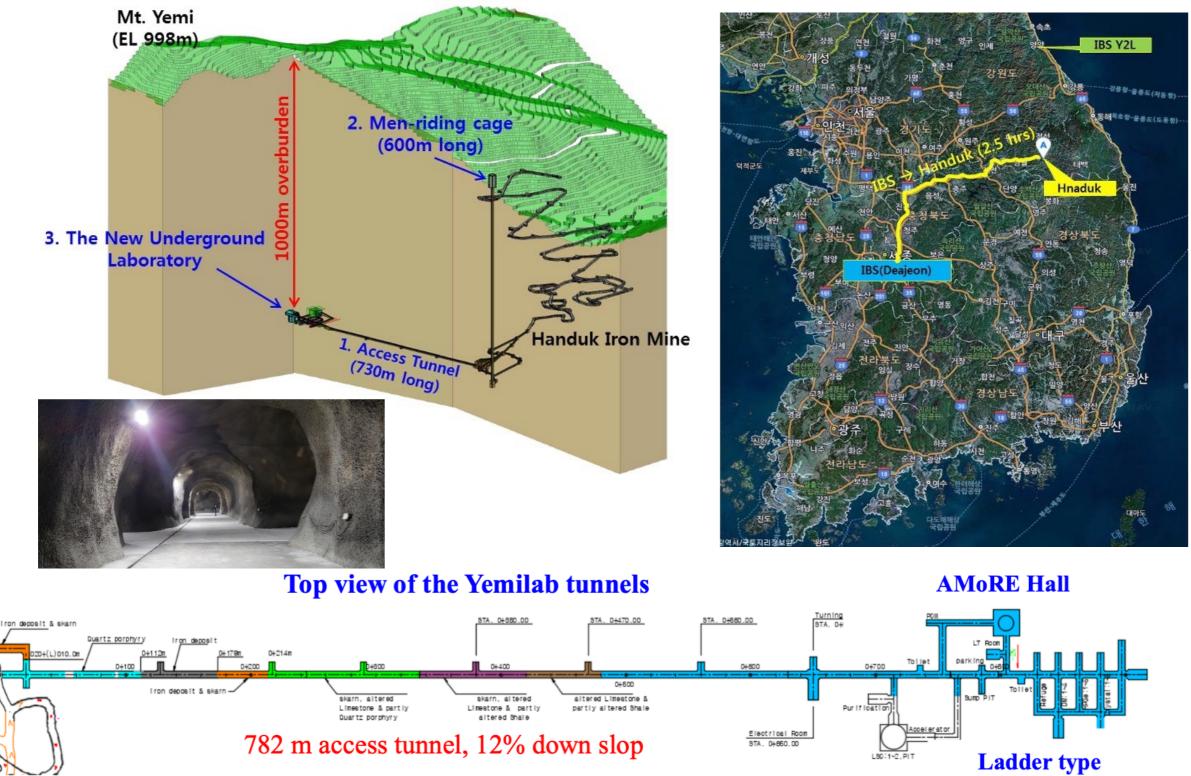
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→ low-temperature detector
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• Topological background discrimination  $\rightarrow$  PSD

#### Deep underground laboratories in the world

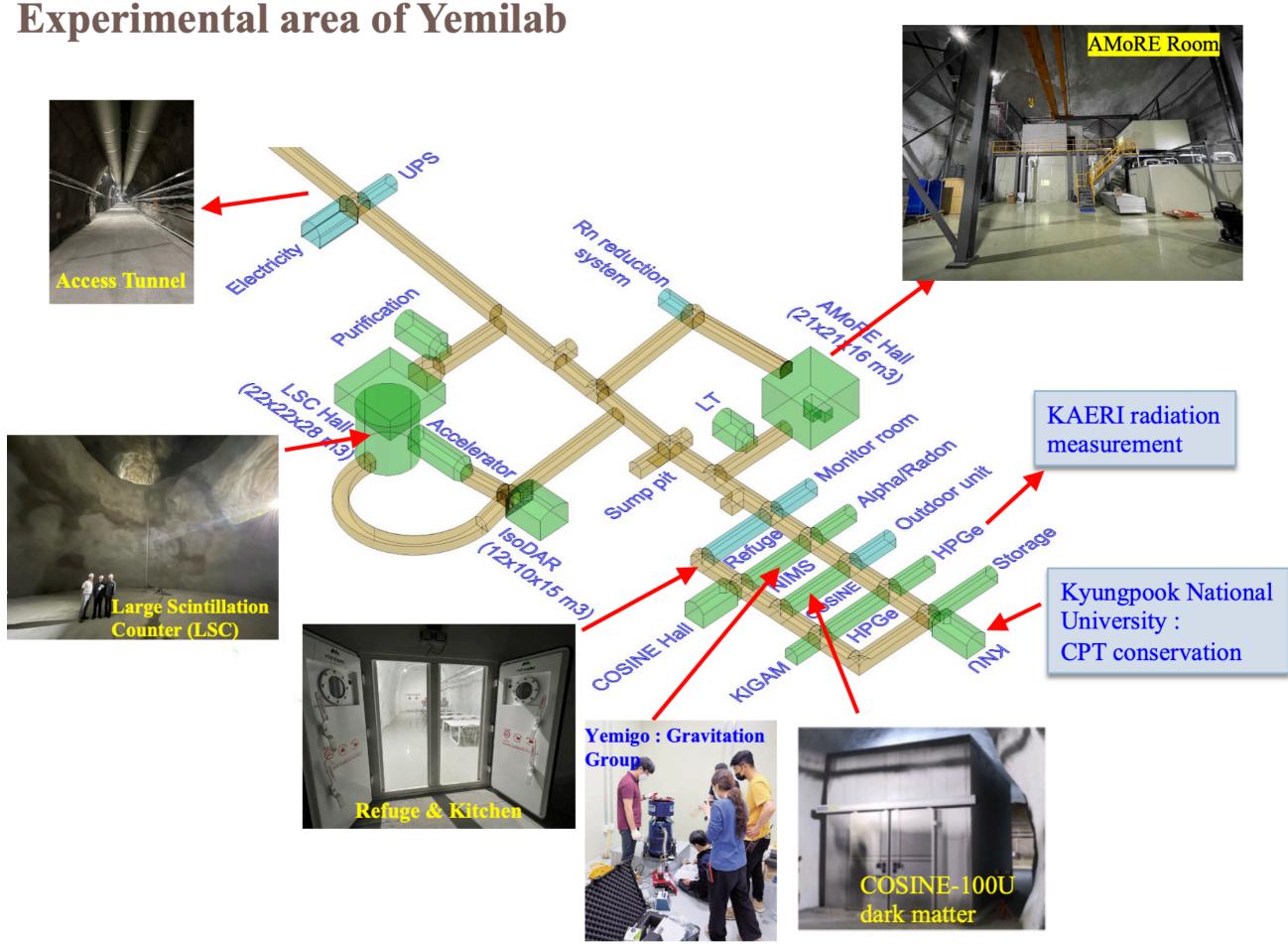


#### Yemilab: a new underground laboratory



experimental area

<sup>4</sup> 



# IBS Supercomputing facility (https://www.ibs.re.kr/rsc/)

- High-performance computing facility is required to support simulations
- 75% of Aleph is allocated to the center for climate physics, and 25% of it can be used for other research centers like us
- Others are general-purpose computing systems and used for research centers

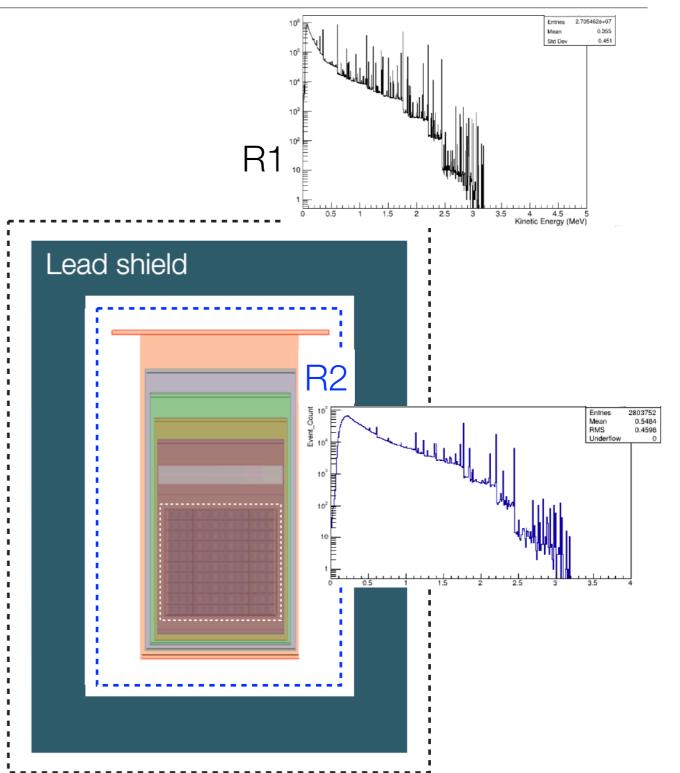
	Aleph		Olaf	Jep	рус	Jepyc- rtx	HQ2	Hqmem	
Process type	CPU		CPU/ GPU	CF GF	יU/ סט	CPU/ GPU	CPU	CPU	
CPU type	Xeon Scalable 6148		Xeon Gold 6230	EPYC 7401		Xeon Gold 6126	Xeon E5-2690	Xeon E5-2650	
Node	472		5	20		1	28	4	
Cores	18,880		520	1920		48	712	80	
core/ node	40		104	96		48	28/24	20	
GPU type			V100	1080Ti		2080Ti			
GPU			40	4	0	8			
gpu/ node			8		2	8			
Memory	89,856 GB		3840 GB	1280 GB		48 GB	2368 GB	1024 GB	
memory/ node	192 GB		768 GB	64 GB		48 GB	64/128 GB	256 GB	
Storage and file system	Aleph storage Olaf storage	Э,			Olaf storage				
					Olaf storage		Aleph	storage	
Parallel file sytem			Туре		lustre		lustre		
			Capacity		2.3 PB		8 PB		
Long-term file storage system			Туре			ectraLogic T950	ibm	ibm TL4500	
			Capacity	/	4 PB		1	10 PB	
					Aleph, Olaf, Jepyc,HQ2		A	Aleph	

#### Major concerns in simulating underground physics

 How to estimate ultra-low backgrounds with shielding configuration without consuming a lot of CPU time

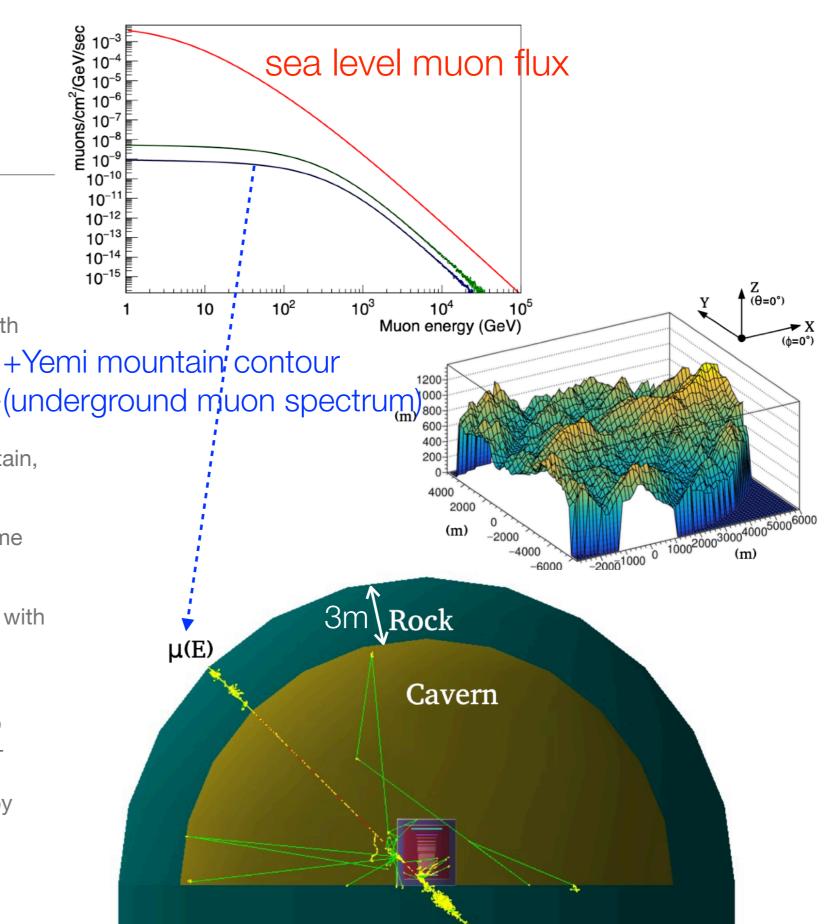
### Gammas from rock

- Underground rock gamma simulation through thick lead shield layers
  - Using two reference gamma spectra outside and inside the lead shield (R1 and R2), the simulation time for ~3 years of gamma events resulting from the decay of <sup>238</sup>U underground rock can **be reduced by ~10<sup>4</sup> times** compared to simulating the <sup>238</sup>U decay from within the rock



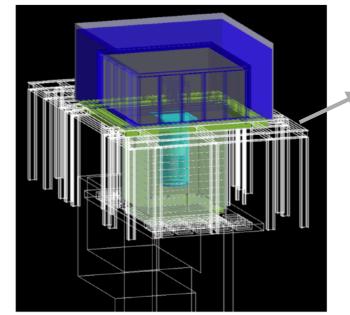
# Muon simulation

- Physics lists (+ v4.9.6.p04)
  - · QGSP\_BERT\_HP
  - G4ThermalNeutrons used for neutrons with energies below 20 MeV
- We calculated the underground muon flux by (underground muon spectrum)<sup>000</sup> parameterizing the average energy loss of a muon traveling a distance X through a mountain, assuming standard rock density
  - $\rightarrow$  This method is efficient and saves CPU time
  - → But, for accurate muon spectrum underground, simulation of muon interaction with rock is needed: we plan to simulate it and compare the results with MUSIC
- We used the underground muon spectrum to simulate muon events passing through a 3mthick rock shell and recorded the resulting primary and secondary particles generated by the interaction with the rock
  - $\rightarrow$  We plan to compare it with FLUKA



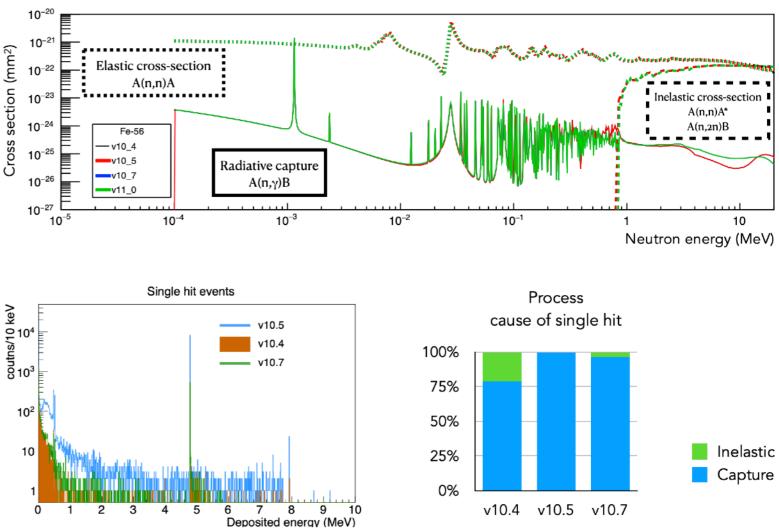
## Neutron simulation

- We simulated underground environmental neutrons and compared results for different genat4 versions
  - v10.4 → 10.5, 10.7, and 11.0
  - G4NDL(+ thermal neutron) data sets were changed
  - G4PARTICLEXS replaced
    G4NEUTRONXS of 10.5
- (n,γ) process was not correctly simulated in v10.5, but seems to be Okay in the higher versions as well as 10.4



 ~33 tons of steel-wise materials were used for a
 detector structure frame

→  $\gamma$ -rays from the thermal neutron capture by the (n, $\gamma$ ) process in steel-wise materials and copper shields contribute backgrounds in ROI



### Summary & Plans

- We have simulated cosmic muons and neutrons/gammas underground in an efficient way that speeds up the simulation time
  - We will compare them with MUSIC/FLUKA
- We are planning a photon simulation for a large scintillation counter of a few kilotons
  - We will be testing GPU-based simulation to increase its speed by using a package of Opticks
- We are also interested in phonon simulation and planning to try applying G4CMP
- We are also interested in lowering the energy threshold below the keV region for rare events search we need Geant4 simulation of low energy backgrounds