

Advanced examples: eFlash_radiotherapy and radioprotection





AdvaNced Technologies for Human-centrEd Medicine

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eFLASH_radiotherapy

Current authors: J. Pensavalle (University of Pisa, Italy) G. Milluzzo (INFN Catania, Italy), F. Romano (INFN Catania, Italy)

radioprotection

D. Bolst and S. Guatelli (UOW, Australia), J. Magini (PARTREC, NL), G. Parisi (University of Surrey, UK) and F. Romano (INFN Catania, Italy and PARTREC, NL)

Advanced example: eFLASH_radiotherapy

Included in Nov 2022 Geant4 release



- Implementation of the ElectronFLASH LINAC installed at the Centro Pisano for FLASH Radiotherapy CPRF by following the manufacturing specifications provided by Sordina lort Technologies S.p.A
- Used for preclinical studies of the FLASH effect, radiobiological experiments and in-vivo experiments
- Needs to predict the dose distributions (lateral and in depth) for irradiation optimization
- Capability of vary the dose delivered per pulse by changing the field size through variable applicator dimensions for different dose per pulse set-up (diameter 1cm to 10cm)
- Simulation of a water phantom and detectors placed within the phantom to predict dose distributions and scattering





















Advanced example: eFLASH_radiotherapy Collimator implementation for minibeam applications



Advanced example: eFLASH_radiotherapy Collimator implementation for minibeam applications



Different minibeam collimators Gy_{×10}⁻⁴ Gy_{×10}⁻⁴ Gy_{×10}⁻⁴ Cy_{×10}⁻⁴ Cy_{×10}⁻⁴



Gy_{×10^{−4}}

2

Advanced example: eFLASH_radiotherapy Collimator implementation for minibeam applications

Validation with experimental data



Outline

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 \rightarrow experimental_microdosimetry (simulation of detectors for microdosimetry)



- Originally developed for radioprotection studies in space missions (here is the name....)
- In the last years extended to clinical microdosimetric applications (proton and ion therapy)
- Now a general-purpose versatile example for the simulation of several micrododosimeters:
 - Silicon microdosimeters
 - diamond microdosimeters
 - TEPC (in progress)

Default





Silicon microdosimeters

 \rightarrow experimental_microdosimetry (simulation of detectors for microdosimetry)





- In the last years extended to clinical microdosimetric applications (proton and ion therapy)
- Now a general-purpose versatile example for the simulation of several micrododosimeters:
 - Silicon microdosimeters
 - diamond microdosimeters
 - TEPC (in progress)
- Several functionalities available also for a novice User
 - Implementation of simple macro commands for easily changing the different geometrical configurations and parameters
 - Python scripts for microdosimetric spectra and data analysis (first version)
 - Simulation of **double-stage geometries** for particle identification

Diamond microdosimeters



Silicon microdosimeters





Microdosimeters



Semplified diamond microdosimeter developed at the Centre For Medical Radiation Physics, CMRP, University of Wollongong, NSW, Australia IEEE Transactions on Nuclear Science, Vol. 59, pp. 3110-3116, 2012

The microdiamond detector based on the detectors developed by the Research Group of The University of Rome "Tor Vergata". The design



Silicon microdosimeters based on the "Bridge" microdosimeter, developed by the Centre For Medical Radiation physics, University of Wollongong (simplified geometry with only four sensitive volumes and the complete design)



The diamond telescope is based on the detector developed by University of Rome "Tor Vergata".







\rightarrow (simulation of detectors for microdosimetry)

Microdosimetric characterization of nuclear interaction events, and assessment of their effect on the dose-mean lineal energy uncertainty (G. Parisi's PhD thesis)





G. Parisi, G. Schettino and F. Romano, "A systematic study of the contribution of counting statistics to the final lineal energy uncertainty in microdosimetry", PMB 2022

Uncertainty analysis: counting statistics contribution



About $5 \cdot 10^7$ events for $u(\bar{y}_D) < 10\%$ in

proton entrance region

- Strong impact of nuclear interaction events
- Effect of rare events at low "total number of counts

Systematic uncertainty budget assessment (J. Magini's thesis)

5

y · f(y) ε

2

1

4

y-d(y) w

2 -

1

Effect of the sensitive volume thickness



Effect on the microdosimetric spectra

10 µn

16 µm

2 um

100 µm

250 µm

1 mm

- 10 mm

- 200 mm 50 µm 400 um 144 mm (60% dose proximal) 158 mm (80% dose distal) 2.0 -1.5 -1.0 -0.5 100 101 10-2 101 10-1 10-3 10-1 100 10² 1.6 -1.4 -1.2 -1.0 -0.8 -0.6 -0.4 0.2 100 101 10⁰ 10¹ 10² 10³ v [keV/um]

Effect on the microdosimetric means



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Systematic uncertainty budget assessment (J. Magini's thesis)

Effect of the sensitive volume width





Effect on the microdosimetric spectra



Effect on the microdosimetric means



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New developments

eFLASH_radiotherapy

- Messanger commands to modify the geometry and the reproduce the experimental configurations (end of 2023)
- New geometry implementation: reference dosimeters (ionization chamber, SiC detector) (2024)
- Implementation of new collomator for mini-beams and energy deposited distributions (peak and valley)

Radioprotection

 New geometry implementation: mini TEPC (Tissue Equivalent Proportional Counter) and Silicon Carbide microdosimeter (2024)



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Collaboration with INFN divisions in Italy in the framework of a new proposed project (LNL-INFN, LNS-INFN)

Thanks for the attention