Facility and science developments at SNOLAB

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Happy

Canada Day!

SNOLAB Objectives

- To promote an International programme of Astroparticle Physics
- To provide a deep experimental laboratory to shield sensitive experiments from penetrating Cosmic Rays (2070m depth)
- To provide a clean laboratory
 - Entire lab at class 2000, or better, to mitigate against background contamination of experiments.
- To provide infrastructure for, and support to, the experiments
- Focus on dark matter, double beta decay, solar & SN experiments requiring depth and cleanliness.
 - Also provide space for prototyping of future experiments.
- Large scale experiments (ktonne, not Mtonne) at present.
- Goal has been to progressively create a significant amount of space for an active programme as early as possible.

SNOLAB Location





2km rock Surface overburden Facility (6000mwe)



The SNOLAB facility

- Operated in the Creighton nickel mine, near Sudbury, Ontario, hosted by Vale Ltd.
- Developed from the existing SNO detector
- Underground campus at 6800' level, 0.27μ/m²/day
- Development funds primarily through CFI as part of a competition to develop international facilities within Canada
- Additional construction funding from NSERC, FedNOR, NOHF for surface facility
- Operational funding through NSERC, CFI, MRI (Ontario)
- Managed as a partnership between four Universities (Carleton, Queen's, Laurentian, Montréal)
 - Alberta soon to join

Facility design philosophy

- Initial underground design concept was single monolithic cavity
- Workshops held with community to determine experiment requirements
- Switched to multiple target cavities
 - Isolate experiments for background and noise control
 - Safety of large cryogenic liquid volumes: connection to raise
- Utility drifts separated from target volumes (à la SNO)
- Entire facility to be maintained as a C2000 clean-room
 - Minimise potential for cross-contamination of experiments from dust introduced into lab
 - Minimise burden on experiments, trained crew for materials
 - Controlled single point access for materials and personnel, including personnel showers and change area

Facility design considerations

- Seismic activity
 - Mining induced seismic activity quasi-random
 - SNO and SNOLAB designed to 4.1 Nuttli, such event seen (after completion of SNO)
 - Maximum event now taken as 4.3 Nuttli
- Design criteria seismic
 - SNO and SNOLAB in the stable hanging wall of norite
 - Exploratory core drilling performed over lab area
 - Detailed analysis of cavity and lab design stress from ITASCA
 - Lab placed outside the lifetime 5% stress boundary from mining activity
 - Orientation to give cavities along line of maximum stress
 - Secondary support: 2m rockbolts, 7/10m cables, mesh and shot-crete
- Background minimisation
 - Norite rock: 1.00 ± 0.13 % K, 1.11±0.13 ppm U and 5.56±0.52 ppm Th
 - Dust suppression required all experimental areas shot-creted and painted to capture dust and contamination

Seismic design criteria



ASPERA Future of underground labs - Zaragoza

June 2011

Facility Services



- 100,000 cfm mine air flow to laboratory, mainly used for cooling of chillers
- 10% make-up air fed in lab 13 air handling units in lab
- Maintains pressure differentials for cleanliness
- 10 air changes/hour nominal; 5 air changes/hour in cavities
- Cooling
 - 1 MW cooling capability from 5 cooled water units delivering 10°C water to the laboratory. 100kW from rock in steady state (42°C base)
 - 20% utilised at present with minimal expt. load

Power distribution

- 3-phase 13.8 kV fed to facility
- Stepped to 3-phase 600V (total 2000 kVA)
- 150kW (++?) Generator planned

Water

- Utility water derived from mine water
- UPW as a general capability for experiments (150l/min 183 k Ω m)
- Waste disposal through mine systems (except sewage STP)

Experiment design considerations

- Transport
 - Cage size: 3.7 m x 1.5 m x 2.6 m, slinging for larger objects
- Seismic mitigation
 - Design criteria now 4.3 Nuttli, following 4.1 event in SNO
 - Forcing function applied to experiment designs maximum velocity 800 mm/s at 5 Hz
- Pressure
 - Air pressure is 25% higher than atmospheric
 - Excursions during ventilation changes and crown blasts (up to 3% seen)
 - managed through baffling and blast doors
 - design pressure for experiments up to 20 psi
- Radon (~130 Bq/m³)
 - No direct radon suppression in air intakes
 - Cover gas used (LN₂ boil-off) on detector systems
 - Ventilation (make-up vs recirculation) minimises radon emission from walls
- H_2S
 - Long term exposure to mine air showed deposition of CuS on SNO electronics
 - Suppression is now installed in the air handling units

Support for Experiments

- Through a staff of ~55, SNOLAB Provides technical and administrative support to SNOLAB experiments (~250 users):
 - design, construction, operations
 - background assay, science support
 - materials transport, cleaning, EH&S, training, procurement
- The Research team members can act as collaborators on experiments, providing operational and scientific support
- Infrastructure support is provided through development of shielding systems, mechanical supports, access, EH&S, etc.
- Services provided as standard to experiments includes life safety, power, ventilation, compressed air, ultra-pure water, liquid nitrogen, IT and networking
- Vale provide materials transport through the shaft, maintain the safety of the infrastructure, regulatory checks, etc.
 - SNOLAB currently has ~50 people underground regularly, 3 dedicated cages
 - Cages integrated into Vale operations effectively (eg SNO D₂O movement)

SNOLAB Overall Status

- Surface Facility (3100 m²)
 - Operational from 2005 Provides offices, conference room, dry, warehousing, IT servers, clean-room labs, detector construction labs, chemical + assay lab
 - 440m² class 1000 clean room for expt setup
- Underground Construction (Cube Hall, Cryopit, Ladder Labs)
 - Phase I excavation complete and outfitting began June 2007.
 - General outfitting in Phase I areas complete 2009, final clean 2010.
 - Phase-II excavation complete June 2008
 - Phase-II integration complete March 2011, final clean completed.
 - SNO cavity, Cube Hall and Ladder Labs hosting and developing experiments.

Experimental Programme

- Relocation / continued operation of DEAP-1 & PICASSO-III (and EXO-gas R&D).
- New experiment deployed: COUPP-4
- Construction support for HALO, SNO+, DEAP-3600, MiniCLEAN
- Current allocations to: PICASSO-III, DEAP-I, SNO+, DEAP-3600, MiniCLEAN, SuperCDMS TF, SuperCDMS, COUPP, HALO.
- Operational funding currently secured to 2013

Surface Facilities





Underground Facilities





Laboratory Space







































Current programme: Dark Matter at SNOLAB



Noble Liquids: DEAP-I, MiniCLEAN, & DEAP-3600

- Single Phase Liquid Argon uses pulse shape discrimination.
- Prototype DEAP-I operational in SNOLAB now, relocated to 'J' Drift. Successful demonstration of PSD and test bench for DEAP/CLEAN design/operations and background assessment.
- Construction for DEAP-3600 and MiniCLEAN underway. Full DEAP-3600 capital funding granted (with SNO+)
- Will measure Spin Independent cross-section.

Superheated Liquid / Bubble chamber: PICASSO, COUPP

- Superheated droplet detectors and bubble chambers. Insensitive to MIPS radioactive background at operating temperature, threshold devices
- PICASSO currently operational in SNOLAB, relocated to Ladder Labs, demonstration of alpha rejection and test bench for scale-up of detector volumes.
- COUPP-4kg deployment completed, 60kg summer this year.
- Will measure Spin Dependent cross-section primarily, COUPP has SI sensitivity
- Solid State: SuperCDMS
 - State of the art Ge crystals with ionisation and phonon readout.
 - Currently operational in Soudan. Next phase will benefit from SNOLAB depth to reach desired sensitivity. Test facility in Ladder Labs under development.
 - Mostly sensitive to Spin Independent cross-section.

Current programme: 0vββ at SNOLAB

- SNO+: $^{150}Nd \rightarrow ^{150}Sm + e^- + e^-$
 - Uses existing SNO detector. Heavy water replaced by scintillator loaded with ¹⁵⁰Nd. Modest resolution compensated by high statistical accuracy.
 - Requires engineering for acrylic vessel hold down and purification plant. Technologies already developed.
 - SNO Cavity: repairs to cavity liner and modification of detector support to hold down the Acrylic Vessel for liquid scintillator.
 - SNO Utility Room: Excavation of pit for liquid scintillator purification system.
 - Capital funding received June 2009, turn on fall 2010.
- EXO-gas : ${}^{136}Xe \rightarrow {}^{136}Ba+++e-+e-$
 - Ultimate detector aim = large volume Xe Gas TPC
 - Developing technique to tag Ba daughter. Electron tracking capability.
 - Development work at SNOLAB surface facility

Current programme: Natural neutrino sources

- SNO+ :
 - Will also measure
 - solar neutrino pep line (low E-threshold)
 - geo-neutrinos (study of fission processes in crust)
 - supernovae bursts (as part of SNEWS)
 - reactor neutrinos (integrated flux from Canadian reactors)
- HALO: Dedicated Supernova watch experiment
 - Charged/neutral current interactions in lead
 - Re-use of detectors (NCDs) and material (Pb) from other systems
 - Shielding partial re-use of PICASSO-II water cubes
 - Installation underway, completion by summer 2011
 - Will form part of SNEWS array



Experimental Programme

Experiment	Solar nu	OnuBB	Dark Matter	SuperNovae	Geo nu	Other	Space allocated	Status
SNO+		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark		SNO Cavern	Underway
PICASSO-III			\checkmark				Ladders Labs	Underway
DEAP-1			\checkmark				J'-Drift	Underway
DEAP-3600			\checkmark				Cube Hall	Underway
MiniCLEAN			\checkmark				Cube Hall	Underway
HALO							Halo Stub	Underway
PUPS						Seismicity	Various	Completed
SuperCDMS			\checkmark				Ladder Labs	Request
EXO-gas		\checkmark					Ladder Labs	Request
COUPP			\checkmark				Ladder Labs	Underway
DarkSide			\checkmark				Ladder Labs	Request
COBRA							Ladder Labs	Request

SNOLAB Space Evolution

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SNOLAB Space Evolution

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SNO+ Developments

Protection umbrella constructed underneath SNO+ AV and PSUP for floor repair and anchor point installation



Process system design advanced, inc. EH&S Cavity work approved, underway construction of 'umbrella', hold-down ropes, anchor points, AV cleaning, ...

Excavating a larger space in the SNO+ Utility room to accommodate the liquid scintillator process systems.



Cube Hall - DEAP/miniCLEAN



DEAP-36000 water shielding tank

Ladder Labs - PICASSO



KNOWLEDG

HALO



OR KNOWLEDGI

REUSER POUR TROUVER... L'EXCELLENCE

'J'-Drift: R&D + rapid deployment



COUPP-4 bubble chamber, showing water tank shielding stack, pressure carts, DAQ racks

Relocation of DEAP-I completed. DEAP-I now operational again, backgrounds tests COUPP-4 deployed during summer 2010 from Fermilab - background limited

> DEAP-I in the 'J'-Drift, showing water cube shielding and purifier stack



SNOLAB Facility Status Summary

- SNOLAB facility complete
- All major infrastructure in place



- Facility is now in transition to experimental programme
 - Deployment of support systems for first experiments underway (SNO+, DEAP-3600, MiniCLEAN, HALO)
 - Smaller scale experiments and R&D programmes underway (COUPP-4, DEAP-I, PICASSO-III)
 - Infrastructure requirements for additional systems being developed (COUPP, CDMS)
- SNOLAB is looking forwards to contributing to the world programme of underground science