# **Gravitational Waves – FCC connection**

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#### Results from ArXiv:2403.xxxxx

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for the LISA Cosmology Working Group

New branch of the CosWG tool "SGWBinner": ..., GN, <u>*M. Pieroni*</u>, ... et al. **ArXiv:1906.09244, 2009.11845** 

### **Take-home message**

- LISA will precisely reconstruct or bound the Stochastic Grav.Wave Background (SGWB) that several BSM predict
- The reconstruction binds some effective (thermodynamic) parameters of these BSM models

Once you assume a specific BSM model, LISA binds the parameter space (more precisely than what I guessed)

First SGWB measurement in ~2037.
Synergy with FCC



### LISA vs FCC timeline







O(10<sup>4</sup>) resolv. galac. binaries O(10) extragal. BBHs of 10<sup>0</sup>–10<sup>2</sup>  $M_{\odot}$  O(1 - 10) extreme mass-ratio inspirals O(10 - 100) merging BBHs of 10<sup>5</sup>–10<sup>8</sup>  $M_{\odot}$ 



### LISA: resolv. binaries + unresol. binar + como SGWB + noise



Iterative global fit. Computational expensive!!!

### Simplified test: 50.000\$

#### LISA is a signal-dominated experiment



Reconstruct and subtract the astro. events with their waveforms. Only possible for the loud events.

- The leftover contains.
  - The (faint) unresolved binaries
  - The instrumental noise
  - The primordial SGWB
  - (Mismatches in the waveforms, large correlations in the posteriors, ...)

# SGWB from a first-order phase transition (FOPT)

Some BSM models predict that, in the hot universe, some symmetries break via FOPTs

FOPT  $\rightarrow$  Many bubbles in a Hubble volume  $\rightarrow$  Isotropic SGWB





#### Parameters:

- $K(\alpha)$  : approx. max. energy that can be converted in GW radiation
- $\beta/H$  : inverse duration of the phase transition
- $T_*$  : universe temperature when bubbles collide
- $\xi_w$  : bubble wall velocity
- $\kappa_i$  : efficiency factor of each contribution (bubble wall, sound wave, turbulence)

### **SGWB from a FOPT : templates**

#### (for bubble coll.)





Simulations hint to the geometric-param. template

$$\Omega_{\rm GW}^{\rm BPL}(f) = \Omega_b \left(\frac{f}{f_b}\right)^{n_1} \left[\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{f}{f_b}\right)^{a_1}\right]^{\frac{n_2 - n_1}{a_1}}$$
$$n_1 = 2.4 \,, \quad n_2 = -2.4 \,, \quad a_1 = 1/2 \qquad \text{Lewicki+Vaskonen, '23}$$

Param. reconstruction : 2 geom. vs 3 therm. param. DEGENERACY!

### SGWB from a FOPT : parameter reach (for bubble coll.)

SGWB from relativistic bubbles ( $\xi_w \simeq 1$ ;  $\kappa = 1$ )  $\rightarrow$  Broken Pow. Law SGWB



Param. reconstruction : 2 geom. vs 3 therm. param. DEGENERACY!

### SGWB from a FOPT : parameter reach

(for bubble coll.)

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### **SGWB from a FOPT : templates**



Assumptions:

- Data = Noise + Unresolved sources + FOPT SGWB
  - (no leakage from resolved binaries)
- Template for injection = template for reconstruction

(no theor. error in signal predictions) (noise simulator works well)

These assumptions are not showstoppers, but require more expensive and cumbersome tests

Result:

- Excellent constraints on geometric parameters
- Excellent constraints on thermodyn. parameters, but degeneracies

.... this implies interesting constraints on BSM models!!!

# **Model building for SGWB**



Kajantie et al. '96 Karsh,Neuhaus,Patkos '96 Csikor,Fodor,Hietger '98

 $\begin{array}{c} {\rm Gunkel \ et \ al. \ '21} \\ {\rm Wigas, \ Oldengott \ + \ Bielefeld \ '18} \end{array}$ 

- Conceivable in hidden sectors, at high scales, or EW extensions
- For EW extensions, need for a barrier via temp. radiative corrections or/and dynamical fields in the EW sector. New TeV-scale scalars

Some rationales for EW FOPT:

- $\bullet$  New color fields  $\rightarrow$  Large T effects but also Higgs gluon fusion changes
- New dynamical scalar fields  $\rightarrow$  Mixing  $\rightarrow$  Higgs signal strengths
- New fermions  $\rightarrow$  no large T-effects  $\rightarrow$  no large barrier  $\rightarrow$  no 1<sup>st</sup> order
- Very heavy fields  $\rightarrow$  Boltzmann suppressed and small low-energy effects

# Model building for SGWB



But also 2HDM, B-L model, ....

Many models with different pheno!

Figs. from: Konstandin, GN et al.'10 Huber, GN et al.'15 Chala, GN et al.'16

More examples in: LISA CosWG (Caprini, ..., GN et al.)'16 LISA CosWG (Caprini, ..., GN et al.)'20

### LISA – FCC connection program



When running the program, we can be more ambitious than "there is a signal in FCC/LISA"

- What are the constraints on the Lagrangian parameters that we will obtain?
- Will the reconstructions allow us to do decent model selection?

### **Examples from the LISA side**

If a BPL signal  $\log_{10}\Omega_2 = -11.0$ ,  $\log_{10}f_2 = -3.4$  is detected, then what ?



### **Examples from the LISA side**

#### U(1)<sub>B-L</sub> model



# **Conclusions** (personal view)

- LISA mission is adopted. First SGWB measurements in ~2037
- LISA can reconstruct the model's parameter space
- FCC after LISA. Useful to allow some flexibility in energy (or similar) to explore the hints from LISA (or others experiments)

- Does addressing the following questions help strength the FCC science case and check our preparedness?
  - If LISA see a given hint, what to do at the FCC? And if LISA does not?
  - If FCC see hints, can we perform model selection ? How well do we bind the Lagrangian parameters?