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Searches for ultra-high-energy photons with the Pierre Auger Observatory: Current status and future perspectives



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Tim Fehler¹ on behalf of the Pierre Auger Collaboration² ¹ Center for Particle Physics Siegen, University of Siegen, Germany

Observatorio Pierre Auger, Malargüe, Argentina

UHE photons as messengers of the Universe



- Open question in astrophysics: **Origin** and **nature** of ultra-high-energy (UHE, $E \gtrsim 10^{17} \text{ eV}$) cosmic rays?
 - Problem: Magnetic deflection
- UHE photons (and neutrinos) produced in interactions of cosmic radiation
 - ► Near sources (dense regions): Neutral particles point right back at their sources!
 - ▶ Background fields: CMB \rightarrow GZK effect, . . . ? Photon flux sensitive to cosmic-ray composition
- Other possiblities: BSM processes (SHDM), ...
- Photons themselves can interact with background fields: Effective UHE photon horizon at the order of Mpc (10¹⁸ eV)

M. Risse and P. Homola, Mod. Phys. Lett. A 22, 749-766 (2007)

Detecting UHE photons with air-shower detectors

- > Photons initiate air showers in the atmosphere, just like hadronic cosmic rays
- Information about primary particle is coded in shower development (composition)
 - Depth of shower maximum X_{\max}
 - Muon content N_{μ}
- Central challenge: Distinguishing photon-induced showers from vast background of hadronic showers

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Pierre Auger Observatory

- Largest cosmic-ray observatory in the world
- Located near Malargüe, Argentina
- Energy range: $10^{17} \,\mathrm{eV}$ to $> 10^{20} \,\mathrm{eV}$
- Hybrid detector
- Surface detector array (SD)
 - 1660 water-Cherenkov detectors over 3000 km²
 - Footprint of shower

Fluorescence detector (FD)

- 27 telescopes distributed over 4 sites overlooking SD array
- Longitudinal shower development
- $\blacktriangleright \sim 15\%$ duty cycle
- Auxiliary detector systems (infill arrays, radio antennas, ...)
- Atmospheric monitoring (LIDAR, laser facilities, ...)
- Currently: AugerPrime upgrade
 - Primary mass estimate on shower-by-shower basis

Talk by **V. de Souza** today, 28 Aug, 09:30

Pierre Auger Coll., NIMA 798, 172-213 (2015)



- No UHE photon unambiguously identified so far
- Limits on diffuse integral flux of photons



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"Low"-energy: HeCo + SD 750 m

- Low-energy hybrid extensions of Observatory
- $E \ge 2 \times 10^{17} \, \mathrm{eV}$
- ▶ MVA with three observables (X_{max} , S_b , $N_{stations}$) employing **BDT**
- Photon candidate threshold at 50% signal efficiency
 - $\blacktriangleright~\sim 99.9\%$ background rejection
- **Data period:** 1 June 2010 31 December 2015, exposure: $\sim 2.5 \text{ km}^2 \text{ sr yr}$

0.008

0.007

0.006 0.005 0.004

Entries (

0.001

No candidate events observed

 $S_b = \sum_{i=1}^{N_{\rm stations}} S_i \times \left(\frac{r_i}{1000\,{\rm m}}\right)^b$



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"Medium"-energy: Hybrid



- $\blacktriangleright ~ E \geq 10^{18} \, \mathrm{eV}$
- Observable F_µ as proxy for muon content (air-shower universality)
- \blacktriangleright Combining X_{\max} and F_{μ} with Fisher analysis to single discriminant

- Photon candidate threshold at 50% signal efficiency
- Data period: 1 January 2005 31 December 2017, exposure: ~ 1000 km² sr yr
- 22 candidate events (consistent with background expectation from data)

Pierre Auger Coll., (2024), arXiv:2406.07439 [astro-ph.HE], acc. by PRD

- No UHE photon unambiguously identified so far
- Limits on diffuse integral flux of photons



"High"-energy: SD

- ▶ $E \ge 10^{19} \, \mathrm{eV}$
- Two benchmark observables from SD:
 - Δ Signal risetime
 - $L_{
 m LDF}$ Steepness of lateral distribution of signal

< 20

- Combination to discriminant with Fisher analysis
- Candidate threshold at 50% signal efficiency
- ▶ Data period: 1 January 2004 30 June 2020, exposure: ~ 17 000 km² sr yr
- 16 events pass candidate cut (consistent with background expectation from data)
- Established upper limits already approach most optimistic model of cosmogenic photon flux

Pierre Auger Coll., JCAP 2023, 021 (2023)



- No UHE photon unambiguously identified so far
- Limits on diffuse integral flux of photons



Directional efforts (blind and targeted)

Pierre Auger Coll., ApJ 789, 160 (2014)



Pierre Auger Coll., ApJL 837, L25 (2017)

Class	N	P	\mathscr{P}_{w}	p	p^*	$f_{\rm UL}^{0.95} [{\rm km}^{-2} {\rm yr}^{-1}]$
msec PSRs	67	0.14	0.57	0.010	0.476	0.043
γ-ray PSRs	75	0.98	0.97	0.007	0.431	0.045
LMXB	87	0.74	0.13	0.014	0.718	0.046
HMXB	48	0.84	0.33	0.040	0.856	0.036
H.E.S.S. PWN	17	0.90	0.92	0.104	0.845	0.038
H.E.S.S. other	16	0.52	0.12	0.042	0.493	0.040
H.E.S.S. UNID	20	0.45	0.79	0.014	0.251	0.045
Microquasars	13	0.48	0.29	0.037	0.391	0.045
Magnetars	16	0.89	0.30	0.115	0.858	0.031
Gal. Center	1	0.59	0.59	0.471	0.471	0.024
LMC	3	0.62	0.52	0.463	0.845	0.030
Cen A	1	0.31	0.31	0.221	0.221	0.031

SD 433 m + UMD N. González, Pierre Auger Coll. PoS(ICRC2023) 444, 238 (2023) HeCo + SD 750 m Pierre Auger Coll., ApJ 933, 125 (2022) Pierre Auger Coll., (2024), arXiv:2406.07439 [astro-ph.HE], acc. by PBD Pierre Auger Coll., JCAP 2023, 021 (2023)

Hybrid SD Tim Fehler (Pierre Auger Collaboration)

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(4)

see also overview: Pierre Auger Coll., Universe 8, 579 (2022)

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Directional efforts (blind and targeted)

Pierre Auger Coll., ApJ 789, 160 (2014)



Pierre Auger Coll., ApJL 837, L25 (2017)

Multimessenger efforts (GW follow-up)

Talk by J. P. Lundquist

on Wed, 04 Sep. 10:00

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① SD 433 m + UMD N. González, Pierre Auger Coll. PoS(ICRC2023) 444, 238 (2023) ② HeCo + SD 750 m Pierre Auger Coll., ApJ 933, 125 (2022) ③ Hybrid Pierre Auger Coll., (2024), arXiv:2406.07439 [astro-ph.HE], acc. by PRD ④ SD Pierre Auger Coll., JCAP 2023, 021 (2023)

see also overview: Pierre Auger Coll., Universe 8, 579 (2022)



Future perspectives



- Constant increase in exposure
- AugerPrime upgrade _

A. Castellina, Pierre Auger Coll. EPJ Web Conf. 210, 06002 (2019), Pierre Auger Coll., (2016), arXiv:1604.03637 [astro-ph]

- Composition sensitivity: Scintillator (SSD) on every station
- Full-scale radio detector (RD)
- Improved electronics/software, additional small PMT (dynamic range), ...
- Running in Phase II until at least 2035
- New analysis approaches: Deep learning, air-shower universality, ...



Talk by **D. Schmidt**

on Tue, 3 Sep, 12:20

- UHE photons are connected to diverse astrophysical processes and can provide unique insights into the Universe (in our "galactic neighborhood")
- No UHE photon unambiguously identified so far
- Pierre Auger Collaboration has established most stringent upper limits on UHE photon flux across more than three orders of magnitude in energy (5 × 10¹⁶ eV to > 10²⁰ eV)
- Major advances with additional equipment (AugerPrime upgrade) and refined analysis techniques expected in the future

Thank you for your attention!



How to identify UHE photon primaries





M. Risse and P. Homola, Mod. Phys. Lett. A 22, 749-766 (2007)

Energy loss length of photons in background fields



M. Risse and P. Homola, Mod. Phys. Lett. A 22, 749-766 (2007)

"Low"-energy: SD 433 m + UMD

- Based on low-energy extension of Observatory
 - 433 m SD infill array
 - Underground Muon Detectors (UMD)
- ▶ $E \ge 5 \times 10^{16} \, \mathrm{eV}$
- Customized photon energy scale for all events
- Key observable M_b (lateral muon density)

$$M_b = \log_{10} \left(\sum_i \frac{\rho_\mu^i}{\rho_\mu^{\rm p}} \times \left(\frac{r_i}{200\,{\rm m}} \right)^b \right)$$

- Candidate threshold at 50% signal efficiency
- Data period: 17 December 2020 31 March 2022, exposure: $\sim 0.6 \text{ km}^2 \text{ sr yr}$
- No candidate events observed

N. González, Pierre Auger Coll. PoS(ICRC2023) 444, 238 (2023)



- General idea: Energy spectrum of secondary particles, angular and lateral distributions depend only on energy of primary and stage of shower development
- Consequence: (Electromagnetic part of) shower development can be described by narrival, strong Eprimary, Xmax, (Nµ)
- General model of signal in SD stations
 M. Ave et al., Astroparticle Physics 87, 23–39 (2017)
 M. Ave et al., Astroparticle Physics 88, 46–59 (2017)
 M. Stadelmaier et al., Phys. Rev. D 110, 023030 (2024)
- Missing quantities can be calculated from the other ones!



T. Stanev, High Energy Cosmic Rays, 3rd ed. (Springer Int. Pub., 2021)

Investigating the outlier in the hybrid search

Pierre Auger Coll., (2024), arXiv:2406.07439 [astro-ph.HE], acc. by PRD



- Proton primary cannot be significantly excluded
- Also have to consider empty bins to estimate significance of this excess