

Recent results on quarkonia elliptic flow with ALICE

Liuyao Zhang for the ALICE Collaboration

ICNFP2024 (Orthodox Academy of Crete)

XIII International Conference on New Frontiers in Physics 26 Aug - 4 Sep 2024, OAC, Kolymbari, Crete, Greece

FUDAN University

Aug. 29, 2024



Evolution of a heavy ion collision



deconfined strongly-interacting QCD matter with color degrees of freedom

Study the properties and evolution of quark-gluon plasma (QGP):

- Color deconfinement;
- > Parton interactions;
- > Expansion dynamics and hadronization;

Aug. 29, 2024

• • • • • •





particles interact with detectors



Why to study quarkonia?

Quarkonia: bound state of 2 heavy quarks ($c\overline{c}$, bb)

- \checkmark Quarkonia produced in the initial hard partonic scattering with a large Q². $\rightarrow c\overline{c}$ production can be computed via pQCD calculations; \rightarrow evolution of the pair into the physical quarkonium state is non-perturbative;
- \checkmark Experience the entire evolution of the medium;
- ✓ **Dissociated** while going through QGP due to Debye \rightarrow suppression of quarkonia is a signature of QGP;

T. Matsui, H. Satz, PLB178(1986) 416

 \checkmark Regeneration: the large abundance of large c and \bar{c} quarks increases their probability to form charmonia, particularly at LHC energies;

- Andronic et al, Nucl. Phys. A772: 167-199, 2006)
- **R**. Thews et al, Phys. Rev. C63(2001) 054905
- P.Braun-Munzinger, J. Stachel, Phys. Lett. B490 (2000) 196



e screening
$$(\lambda_D \propto \frac{1}{T})$$
.







Why elliptic flow?



- **To probe early time:**
 - The dense nuclear overlap is **ellipsoid** in non-central collisions at the Ο beginning of HIC.
 - **Spatial** anisotropy \rightarrow **momentum** anisotropy Ο (Pressure gradients is largest in shortest direction);
 - Elliptic flow (v_2) is defined by the 2nd coefficient of Fourier expansion. Ο

$$E\frac{d^3N}{d^3p} = \frac{d^2N}{2\pi p_T dp_T dy} \left\{ 1 + 2\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} v_n \cos\left[n(\phi - \Psi_n)\right] \right\}, \quad v_n = \left\langle \cos\left[n(\phi - \Psi_n)\right] \right\rangle$$





How to assess to elliptic flow?

- > event plane method: reconstruct event plane
- > two-particle correlations:

$$\frac{dN^{pairs}}{d\Delta\phi} \propto \left(1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2v_n^2 \cos(n\Delta\phi)\right)$$

> multi-particle correlations (cumulants):

.







Quarkonia v_2 : ideal probe



Ideal probe to explore two factors:

 \checkmark the degree of thermalization of charm;







Quarkonia v_2 :

- \checkmark the initial spatial energy density in the nuclear collision region;



A Large Ion Collider Experiment (ALICE)

Run 2

Inner Tracking System (ITS):

Tracking, vertex reconstruction, multiplicity estimation (pp, p–Pb)

Time Projection Chamber (TPC):

Vertex reconstruction, PID, tracking

Central barrel (/y/ < 0.9): $J/\psi,\psi(nS) \rightarrow e^+e^-$

Distinction between J/ψ prompt (produced at primary vertex) and non-prompt (b-hadron decays)

• e⁺

ve

Aug. 29, 2024

V0 (A and C):

Triggering, centrality estimation background rejection

> Muon arm (2.5 < y < 4.0): Forward tracking and triggering of muons

 $\Upsilon(nS), J/\psi, \psi(nS) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

Int. J. Mod. Phys. A 29, No. 24 (2014) 1430044







$J/\psi v_2$ extraction





IJHEP 10 (2020) 141

Aug. 29, 2024

$$J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^{+} \mu^{-}$$
30-50%
$$\int_{a}^{b} \int_{a}^{b} \int_{a}^{$$

ICNFP2024 (Orthodox Academy of Crete)



7

Elliptic flow in Pb–Pb collisions

$> J/\psi$:

- ✓ $p_T < 3 \text{ GeV/c:}$ $v_2(\Upsilon(1S)) \le v_2(J/\psi) < v_2(D)$ a mass ordering can be observed.
- ✓ $3 < p_T < 6 \text{ GeV/}c: v_2(J/\psi) < v_2(D) \sim v_2(\pi)$ \rightarrow charm quark thermalization?
- $\checkmark p_T > 6 \text{ GeV/c:} \quad v_2(J/\psi) \sim v_2(D) \sim v_2(\pi)$ similar path-length dependence of the energy loss?
- $\succ \Upsilon(1S)$: v_2 compatible with zero;
 - JHEP 09(2018) 006
 - PLB 813 (2021) 136054
 - **I**JHEP 10(2020)141
 - PRL 126, 162001(2021)
 - **PRL** 123, 192301(2019)

Aug. 29, 2024





ALI-PUB-352028



Elliptic flow in Pb–Pb collisions

- \succ J/ ψv_2 described well by a recombination model which is based on:
 - ✓ charm quark transported through the QGP using Langevin;
 - space-momentum correlations of charm quarks in \checkmark expanding fireball (equilibrium);

Phys. Rev. Lett. **128**, 162301(2022) **I**JHEP 10 (2020) 141







ALI-PUB-500427







Elliptic flow in p-Pb collisions

- $J/\psi v_2$ are measured separately by:
- two particle correlation (J/ ψ -charged); p-Pb:
- Pb–Pb: scalar product;

 $\gg p_T < 3 \text{ GeV}/c$: consistent with zero;

 $\gg p_T > 3 \text{ GeV}/c$: J/ $\psi v_2 > 0$ with similar amplitude as measured in semicentral Pb–Pb collisions;

> Phys. Lett. B 780 (2018) 7-20 **I**JHEP 10 (2020) 141









Elliptic flow in pp collisions

- \triangleright No collective behavior observed for the J/ ψ elliptic flow in high multiplicity pp collisions at the LHC, within uncertainties;
- First J/ ψ elliptic flow measurement in pp collisions at LHC at forward rapidity;









Elliptic flow in Pb–Pb, p–Pb, pp collisions

A clear hierarchy of $J/\psi v_2$ from **Pb–Pb**, **p**–**Pb** to high-multiplicity **pp** collisions can be observed.













A Large Ion Collider Experiment (ALICE)

Run 3: main upgrades of ITS, TPC and MFT





coverage: $|\eta| \le 0.9 \rightarrow |\eta| \le 1.3$

less material

Max rate: $1 \text{kHz} \rightarrow 50 \text{ kHz}$

Continuous readout \rightarrow More statistics

So far in Run 3 compared to Run 1 and 2 : ~ x 800 more pp, ~ x 30 more Pb–Pb min. bias collisions

ICNFF

Aug. 29, 2024







Quarkonia reconstruction in ALICE



ALI-PERF-549844

Aug. 29, 2024







Summary

- \triangleright A clear hierarchy of J/ ψ elliptic flow from Pb–Pb, p–Pb to high-multiplicity pp is observed;
- \triangleright Run 3 data taking ongoing with a huge boost in recorded luminosity Stay tuned;
- ➢ More precise measurements will be possible in pp, and Pb−Pb in Run 3;
- \blacktriangleright J/ ψ elliptic flow in pp collisions in ongoing...;



Aug. 29, 2024







backup







ICNFP2024 (Orthodox Academy of Crete)



16

Hot nuclear matter effect (QGP)

- Suppression due to color-screening
- Enhancement due to (re)generation
- Suppression due to b-quark energy loss







QGP melting



(Re)generation













ITS

	Run 2 (ITS 1)	Run 3 (ITS 2)
Technology	pixel, strip, drift	MAPS
# of layers	6	7
coverage	η ≤ 0.9	η ≤ 1.3
Material budget	1.14 % X ₀	Innter: 0.36% X ₀ Outer: 1.10% X ₀
Spatial resolution	12 X 100 µm	5 X 5 µm
Max rate (Pb-Pb)	1 kHz	50 kHz







ICNFP2024 (Orthodox Academy of Crete)



18

J/ψ v2 signal subtraction



3. V_2 {ee-h, sub} (M_{uu}) = $\frac{\text{Sig}}{\text{Sig+Bkg}}V_2$ {J/ ψ , sub} +

Aug. 29, 2024



$$\frac{Bbk}{Sig+Bbkg}V_2\{bkg\}(M_{uu})$$

Phys. Lett. B 780 (2018) 7-20

