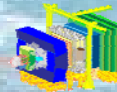




LHCb sensitivity on the CKM angle α



O. Deschamps

LPC Clermont-Ferrand

On behalf of the LHCb collaboration

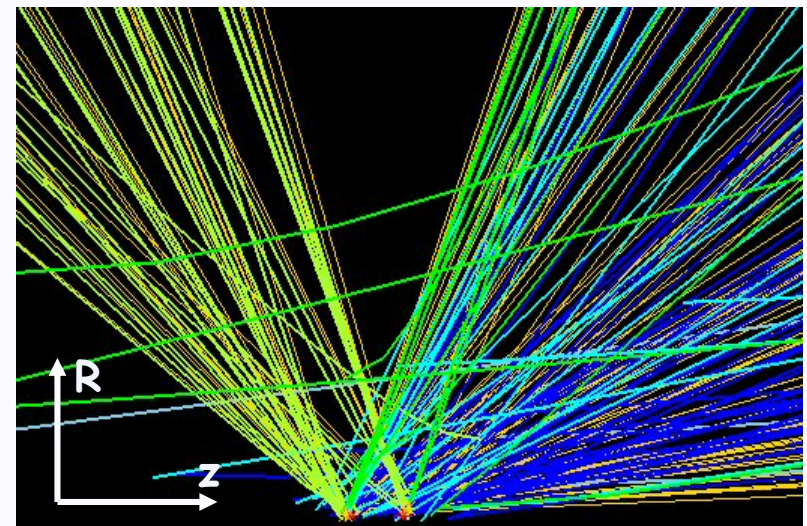
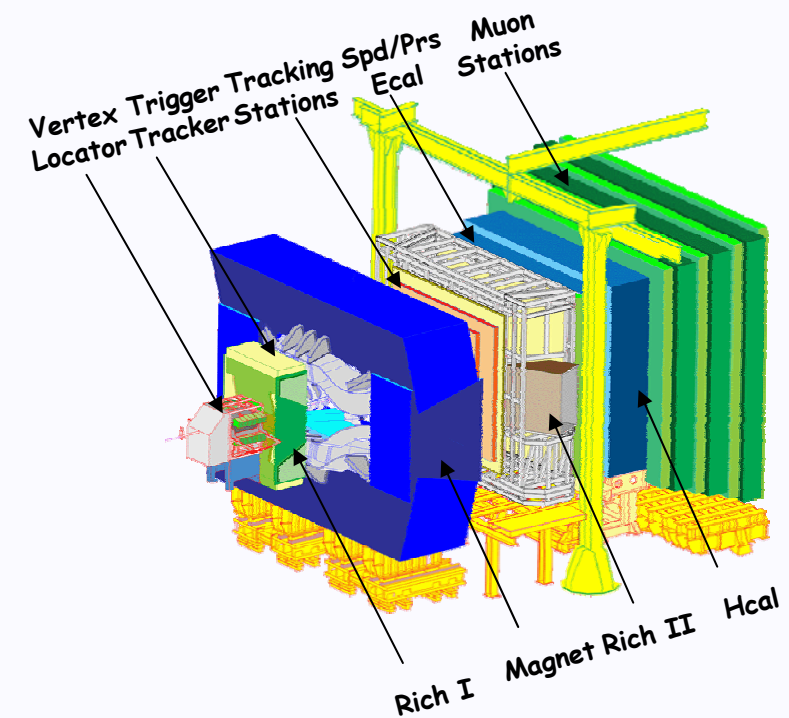
□ α extraction with LHCb

I - Time dependent Dalitz analysis of $B_d \rightarrow (\rho\pi)^0$

II - SU(2) analysis of $B \rightarrow \rho\rho$ modes

□ Experimental challenge :

- Reconstruct $B \rightarrow 3\pi$ & 4π final states in a high multiplicity environment
- Neutral π^0 in $\rho^+\rho^-$, $\rho^+\rho^0$, $(\rho\pi)^0$ decays



Resolved π^0 :

neutral pion reconstructed from a pair of isolated photons

mass resolution $\sim 10 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

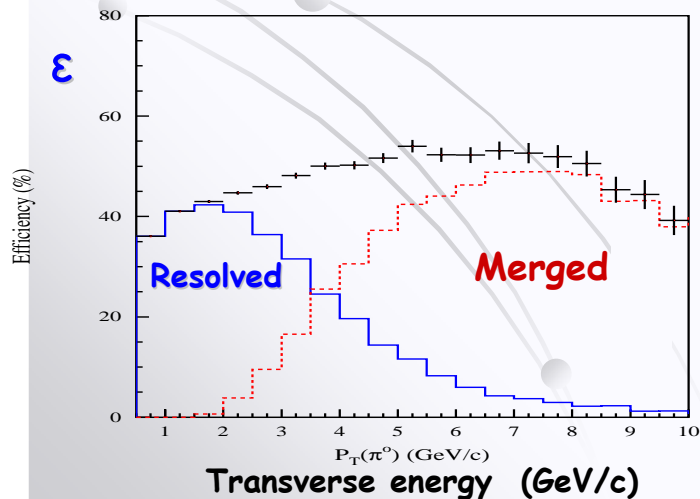
«Merged» π^0 :

High energy π^0 s form a single Ecal cluster with merged photon showers.

The photons pair are reconstructed thanks to a dedicated algorithm based on the expected shower shape.

mass resolution $\sim 15 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

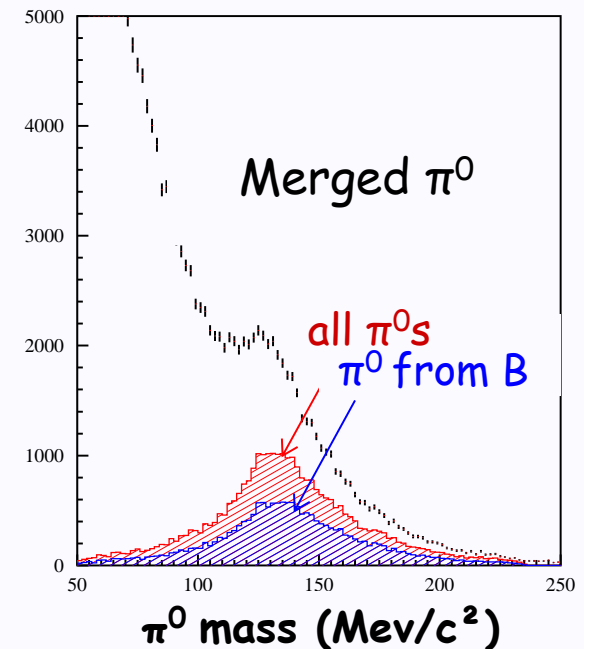
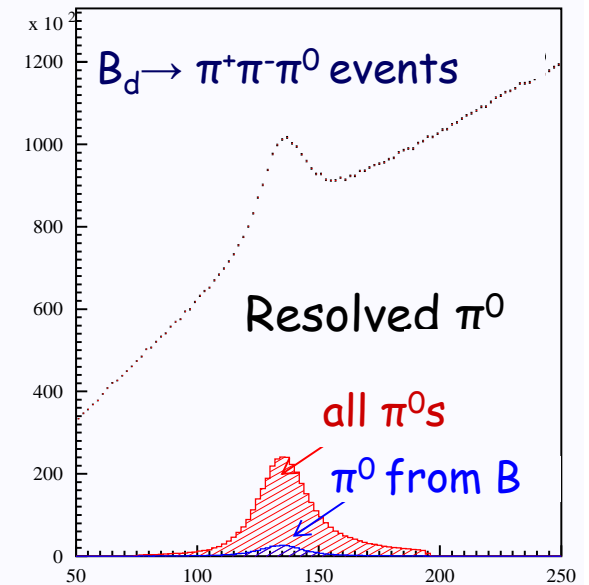
π^0 reconstruction efficiency



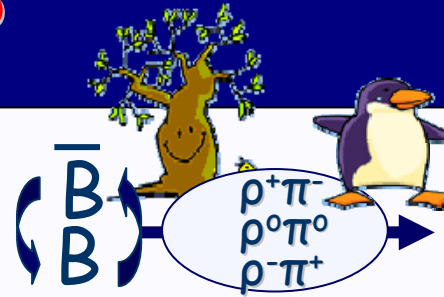
$B_d \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ events

$\langle \epsilon \rangle = 53\%$

33% from resolved
+ 20% from merged



I - α from $B \rightarrow (\rho\pi)^0$

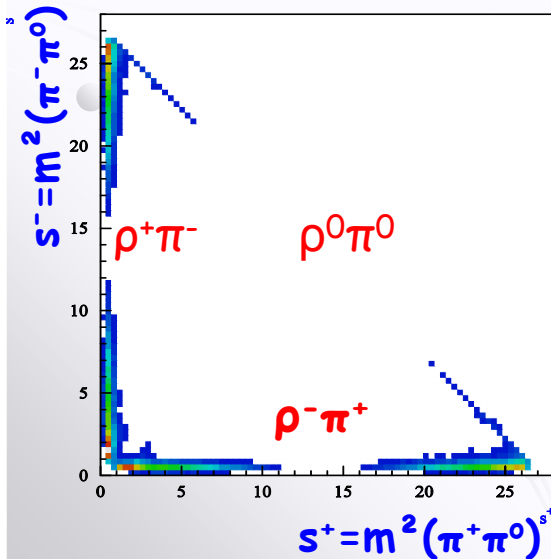


Thanks to the interferences between the $\left(\begin{matrix} \bar{B} \\ B \end{matrix} \right)$ \rightarrow $\left(\begin{matrix} \rho^+\pi^- \\ \rho^0\pi^0 \\ \rho^-\pi^+ \end{matrix} \right)$ \rightarrow $\pi^-\pi^0\pi^+$ transitions

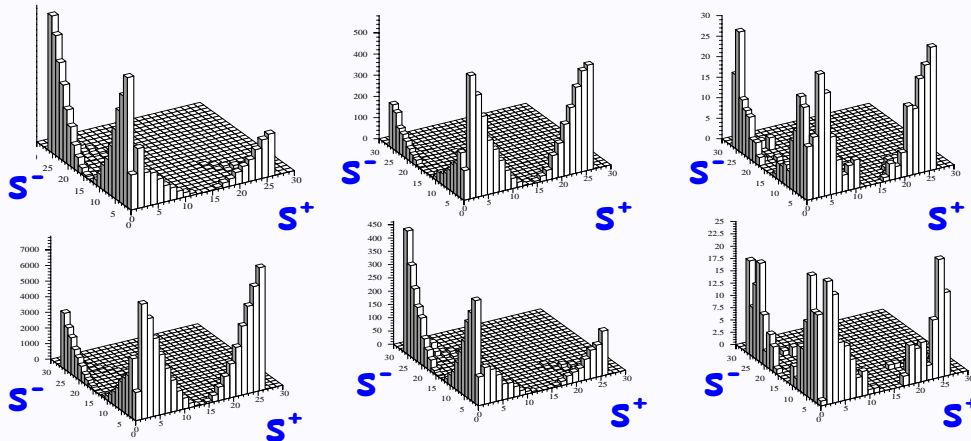
we can simultaneously extract α with amplitudes and strong phases. [Snyder, Quinn, 1993]

The time dependence of the tagged Dalitz plot distributions provides all the required information : $f(s^+, s^-, t, B_{tag})$

$$M^\pm(s^+, s^-, t) = e^{-\frac{\Gamma t}{2}} \left\{ \cos\left(\frac{\Delta m}{2} t\right) A^\pm(s^+, s^-) + i \left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^{\pm 1} \sin\left(\frac{\Delta m}{2} t\right) A^\mp(s^+, s^-) \right\}$$



B_d
-
 B_d



0 2 6 10 t (ps)

Maximize a Likelihood with 9 parameters $\vec{\alpha}$ (+ background fractions \vec{r})

Theoretical ingredients

$$A_{3\pi} = f^+ A^{+-} + f^- A^{-+} + f^0 A^{00}$$

with $A^{ij} = e^{-i\alpha} T^{ij} + P^{ij}$

and Isospin: $(P^{+-} + P^{-+}) = -2P^{00}$

$$\vec{\alpha} = (\alpha, T^{+-}, \phi^{+-}, T^{00}, \phi^{00}, P^{+-}, \delta^{+-}, P^{-+}, \delta^{-+})$$

Phenomenological ingredients

The ρ line-shape

$$f^{\pm 0} \propto \left(f_{\rho^{770}}^{\pm 0} + \beta f_{\rho^{1450}}^{\pm 0} + \gamma f_{\rho^{1700}}^{\pm 0} \right) \times Y^{01}(\cos\theta^{\pm 0}(s^+, s^-))$$

$$\mathcal{L}(\vec{\alpha}, \vec{r}) = \prod_k^{N_{\text{evt}}} \left[(1-r) \xi^{3\pi}(s_k^+, s_k^-, t_k) \sum_{b=B, \bar{B}} \omega_b^{\text{tag}} \left| M_b^{3\pi}(s_k^+, s_k^-, t_k, \vec{\alpha}) \right|^2 + \sum_{\text{bkg}} r^{\text{bkg}} \mathcal{L}_k^{\text{bkg}} \right] \otimes G(\sigma_{s^+}, \sigma_{s^-}, \sigma_t)$$

Event Yield

Experimental acceptances

Experimental (mis)tagging
tag = +1/0/-1

Background contamination

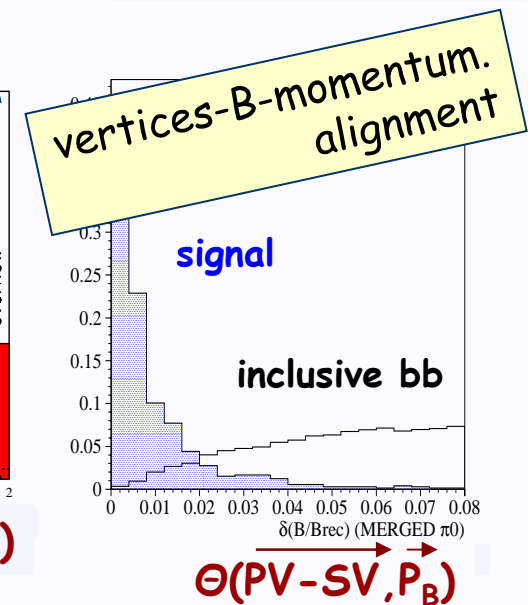
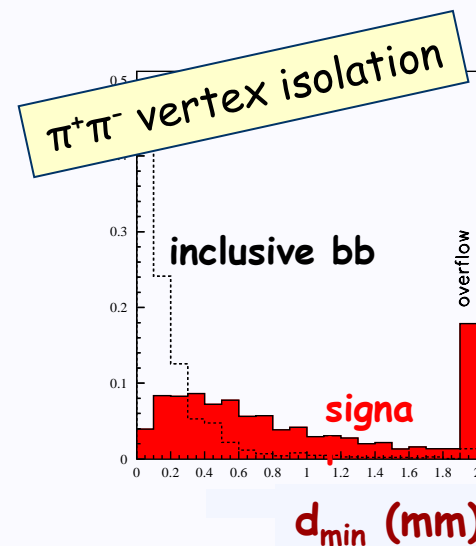
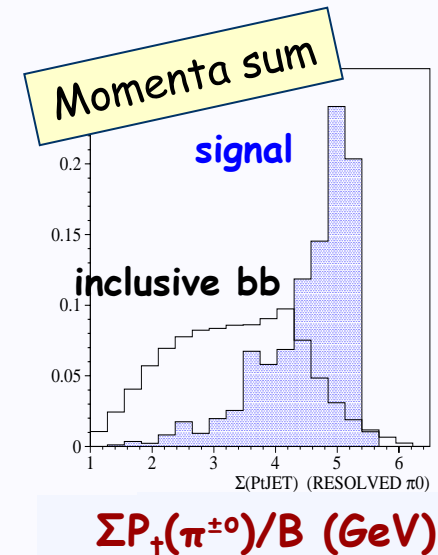
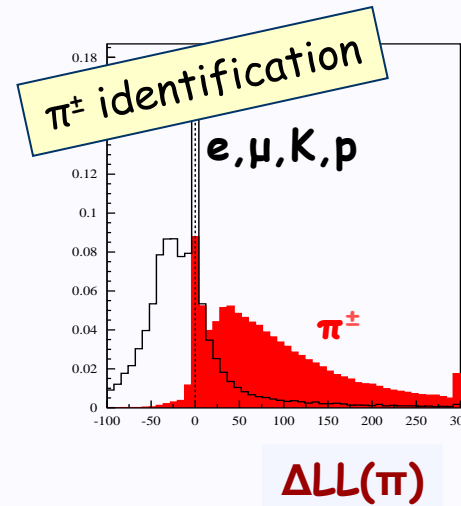
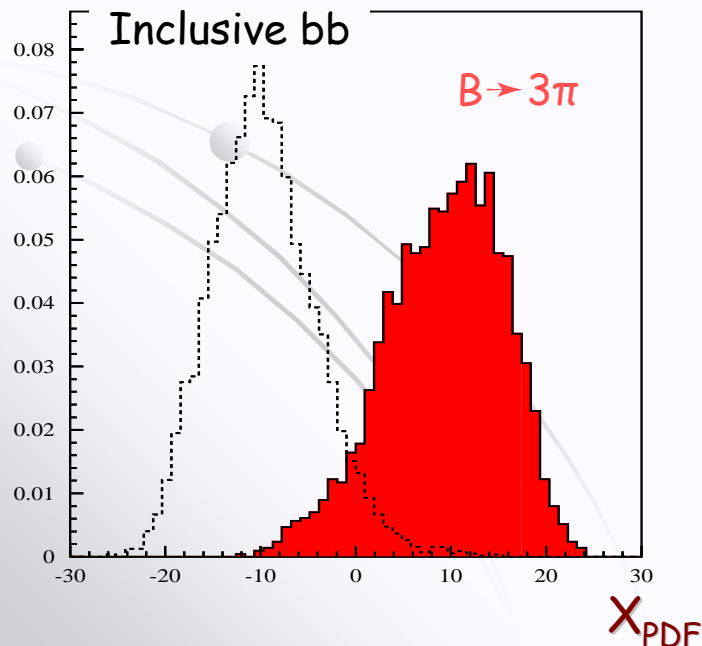
Experimental resolutions

Experimental ingredients

□ Multivariate selection based on :

- Particle identification
Charged pion Id, neutral π^0 clusters, ...
- Kinematical criteria
Transverse momenta, ...
- Vertexing criteria
Impact parameters, vertex isolation, ...

□ Combined PDF



□ 1 million of fully simulated $B \rightarrow \rho\pi$ events

- ~10 days of LHCb @ $2.10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
- 1300 evts selected \approx 2004 Babar statistics
- 50% with merged π^0 s

□ 33 millions of inclusive BB events

- 15 mn of LHCb @ $2.10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
- 3 signal events selected & passing the trigger
- 5 background events in side-bands ($D_{(s)}\pi, D_{(s)}\rho$) & rejected by the trigger

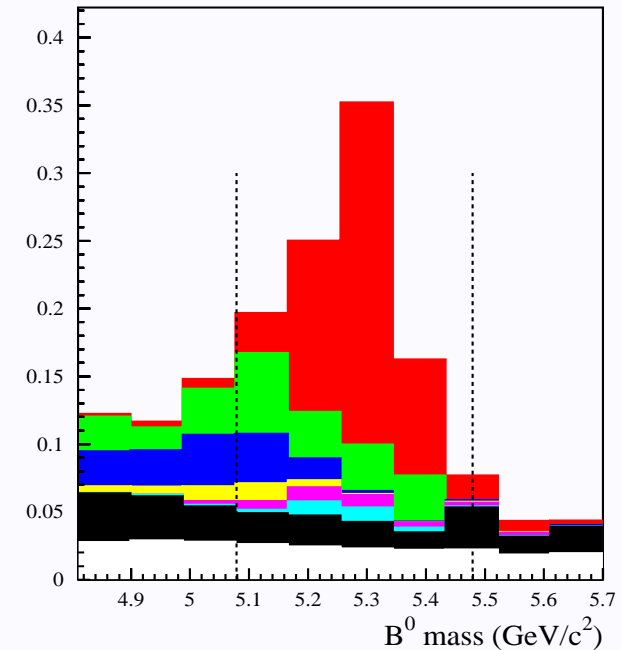
$\epsilon_{\text{det+rec}}$	ϵ_{sel}	ϵ_{trig}	ϵ_{tot}
4%	3.5%	50%	7×10^{-4}

$N_{3\pi} = 14 \times 10^3 \text{ evt}/2\text{fb}^{-1}$

Consistent with : $B/S \sim 20\%$ ($B/S < 80\%$ @ 90% CL)

□ Few millions of specific charmless B decays

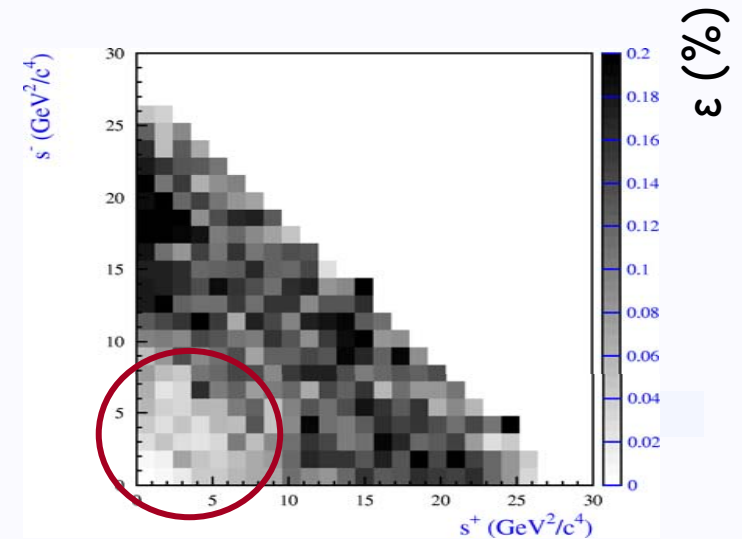
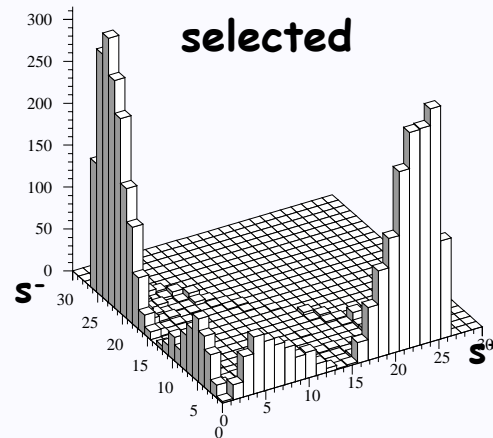
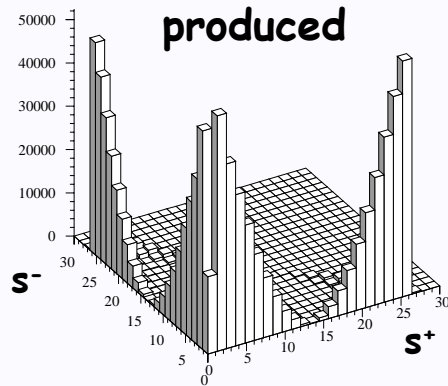
	Eq. LHCb time	N_{sel}	B/S
$B_d \rightarrow \rho^+\rho^-$	4 days	40	9%
$B_d \rightarrow K^*\gamma$	1.3 days	10	6%
$B_d \rightarrow K\pi\pi^0$	12 days	90	5%
Other $B_d \rightarrow$ charmless	1.5h	5	29%
$B_u \rightarrow \rho^+\rho^0$	5 days	16	3%
Other $B_u \rightarrow$ charmless	1.5 h	3	17%



Assume $B/S = 1$ in the following



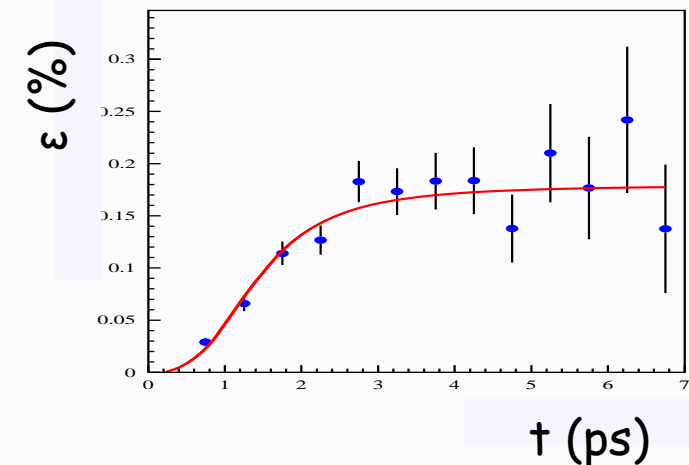
□ Acceptance in Dalitz plane



→ The lower corner of the Dalitz plot is highly depopulated due to the cut on the π^0 energy. However, the upper region of the Dalitz figure contains enough interference to allow the α extraction.

□ Proper time acceptance

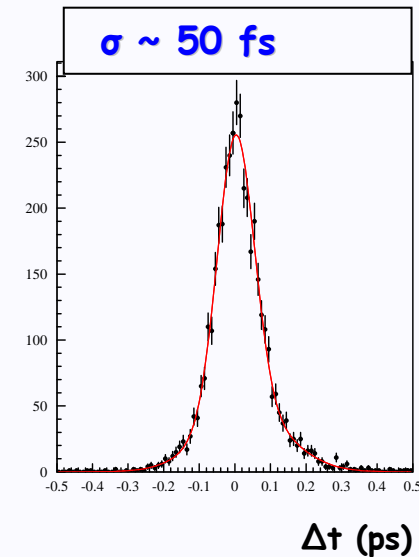
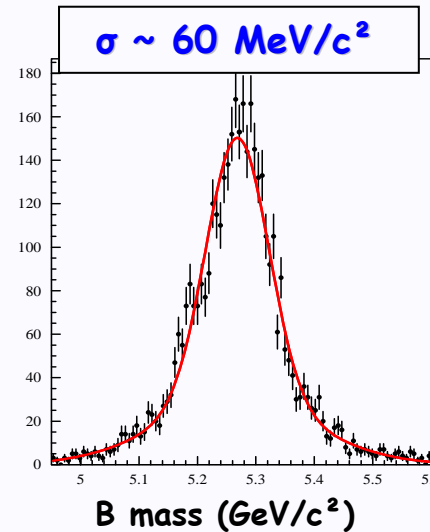
→ region of low lifetime depopulated due to the large impact parameters required in the selection





Expected resolutions :

Resolutions are dominated by calorimeter energy resolution



Flavour tagging

- Tagging efficiency $\epsilon = 40 \pm 2 \%$
- Wrong tag fraction $\omega = 31 \pm 2 \%$

$$\rightarrow \epsilon_{\text{eff}} = \epsilon (1 - 2\omega)^2 = 6 \pm 2 \%$$

NB : the untagged sample also enters in the global fit :

$$\{\omega_b^{\text{tag}}\} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 - \omega & \text{1/2} & \omega \\ \omega & \text{1/2} & 1 - \omega \end{pmatrix}$$

- Assume a set of theoretical parameters $\vec{\alpha}^{gen}$

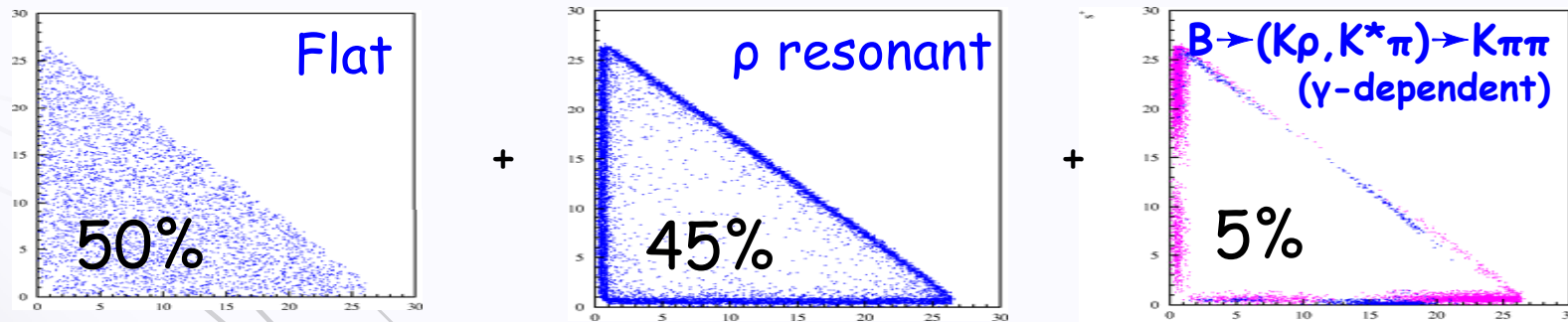
α	τ^{+-}	ϕ^{+-}	τ^{00}	ϕ^{00}	ρ^{+-}	δ^{+-}	ρ^{+0}	δ^{+0}
96.5°	0.47	0.00	0.14	0.00	-0.2	-0.5	0.15	2.0

- Simulate a set of Gedanken experiments accordingly

Yield = 10^4 signal events \sim 1 year of LHCb data taking

- Simulate backgrounds according to \vec{r}^{gen} ratios

Bkg structure poorly known. Assume B/S = 1 and use a mixture made of :

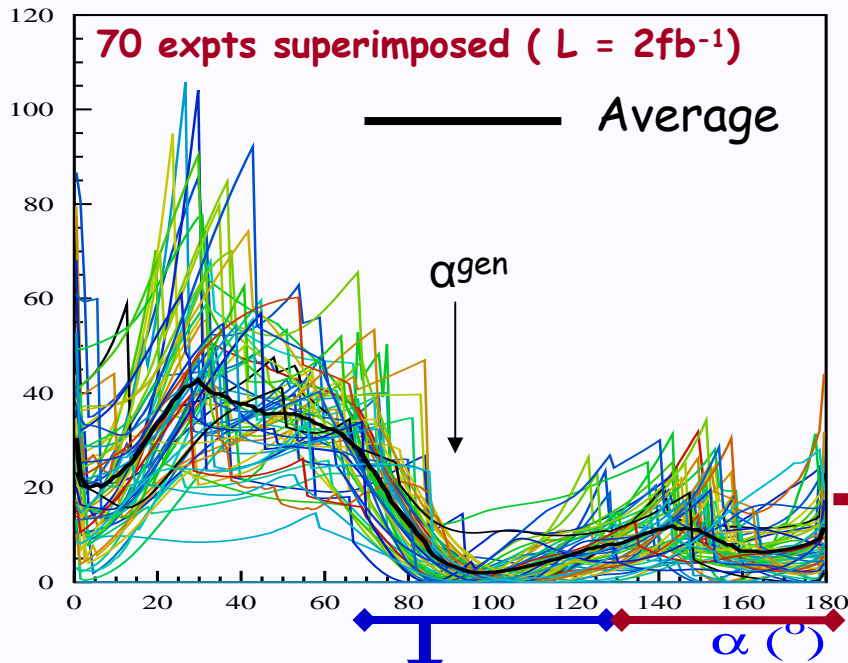


The same proper time distribution, resolutions and tagging dilution as signal are assumed
 On real data informations on background will be extracted from the side-bands

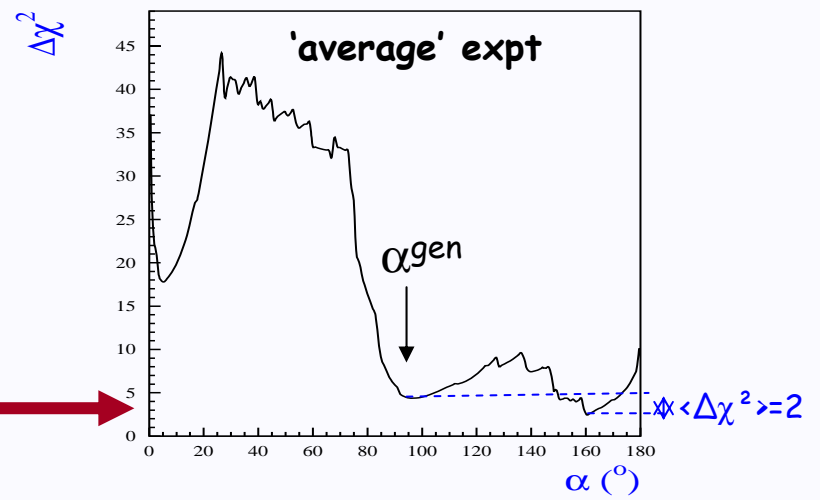
- Simulate the experimental effects (resolution, acceptance, wrong tag, ...)

- Maximize the likelihood wrt $\vec{\alpha}^{fit}$ and the background ratios \vec{r}^{fit} (12D fit)

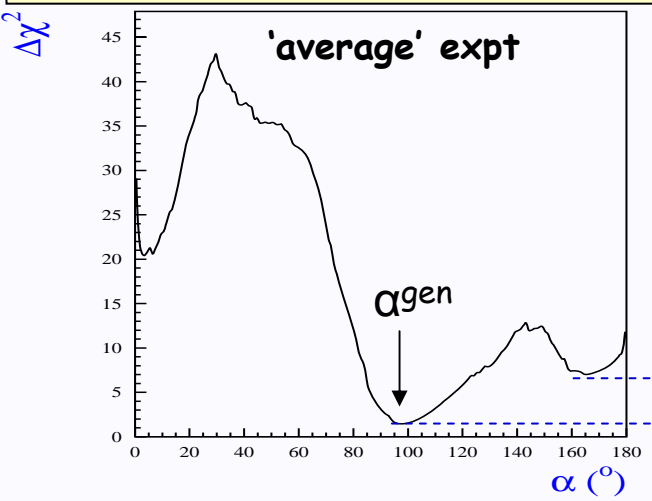
$\Delta\chi^2$



15% converge to a pseudo-mirror solution

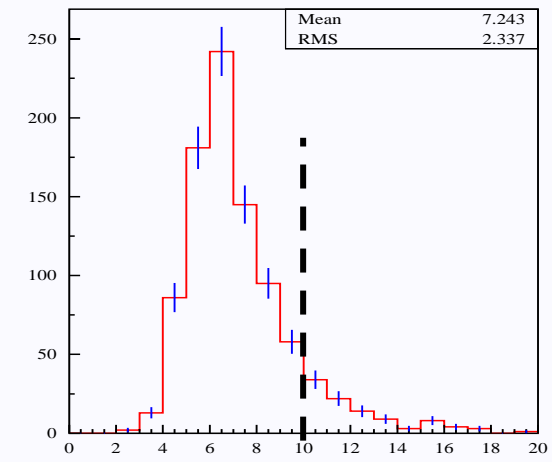


85% converge to the correct solution



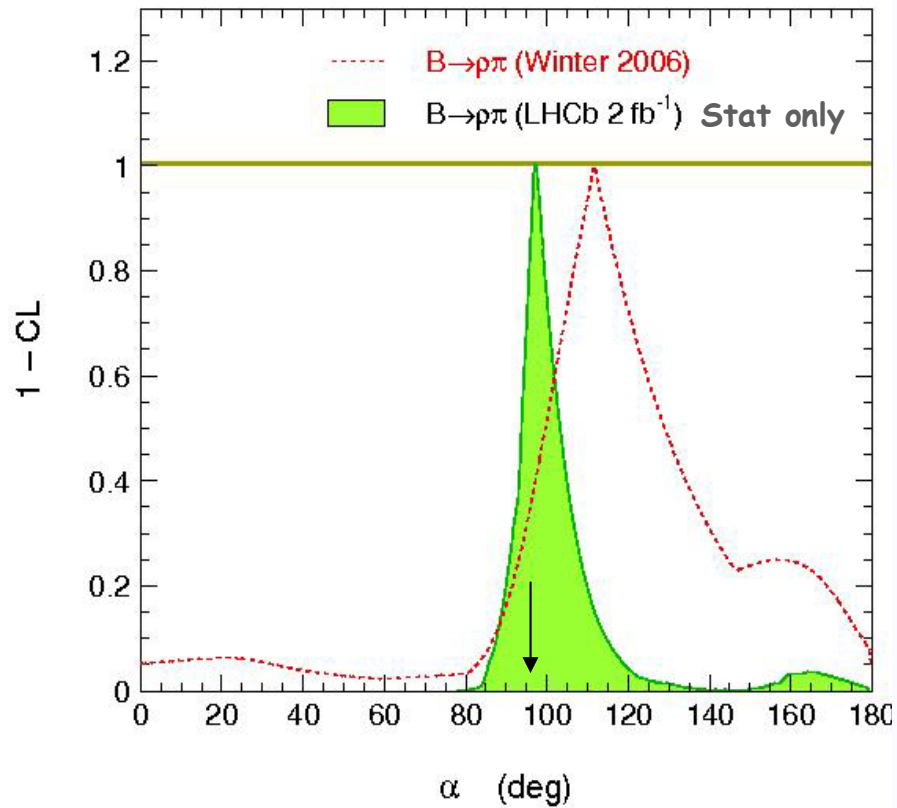
The correct solution generally corresponds to a deep (if not deepest) minimum

Distribution of fit error

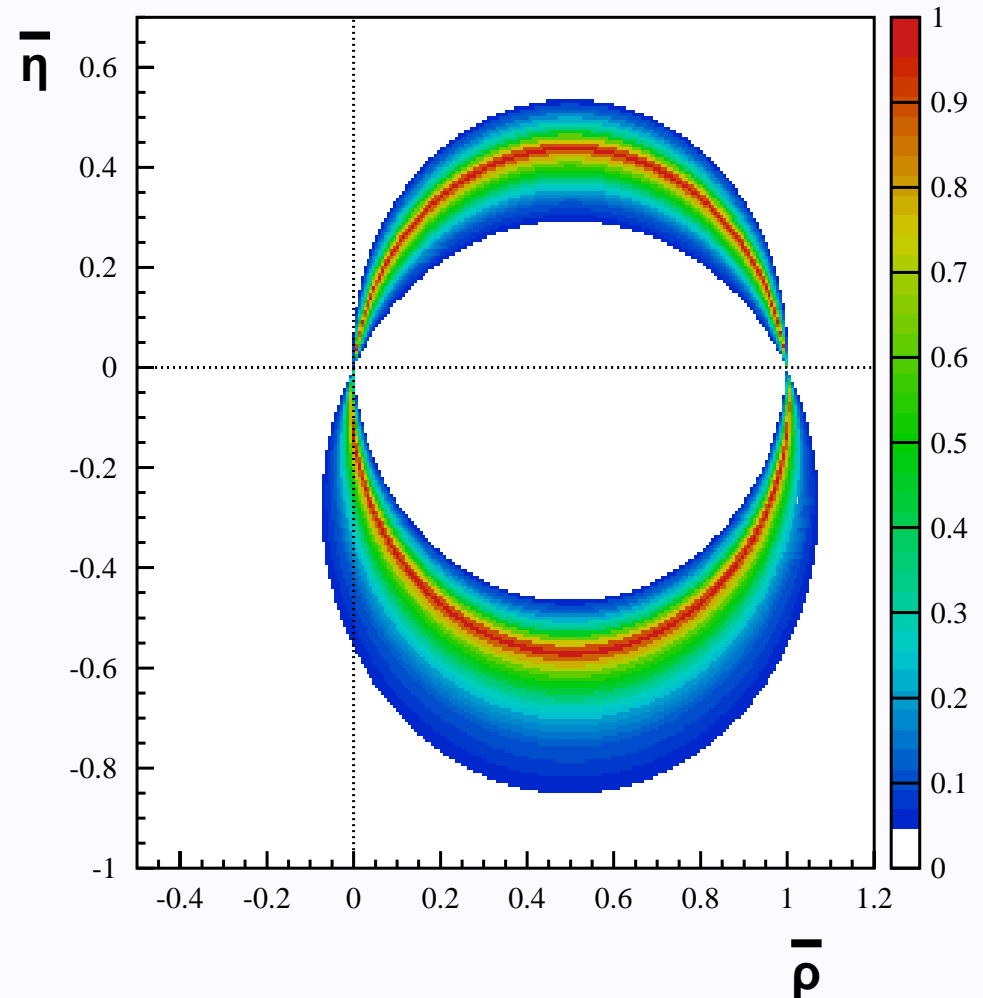


90% of experiments w/ $\sigma_\alpha < 10^\circ$

- A typical LHCb toy experiment (2fb^{-1})



$$\alpha^{fit} = 97.0^{\circ+9^{\circ}}_{-4^{\circ}}$$



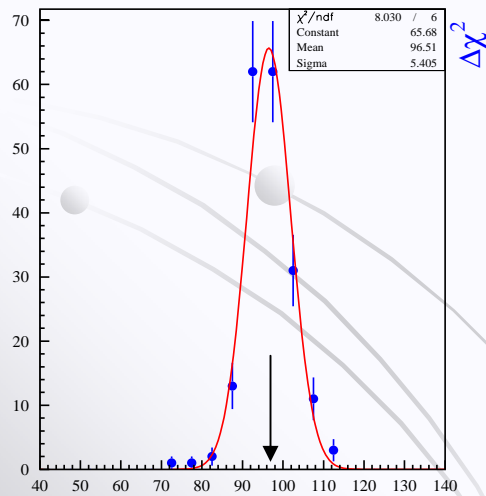
□ preferred values from data

T^+	Φ^+	T^{00}	Φ^{00}	P^+	δ^+	P^-	δ^-
-0.93	83.7°	0.07	27.9°	-0.75	33.3°	0.57	112.5°

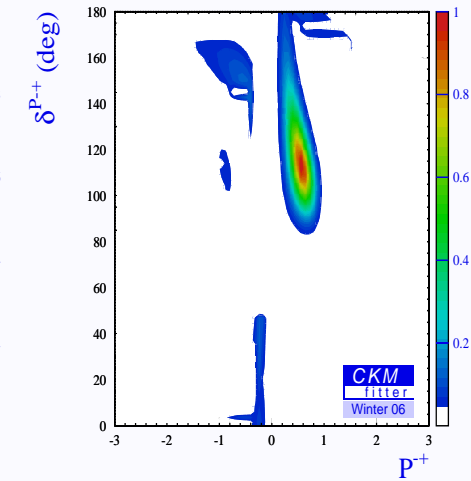
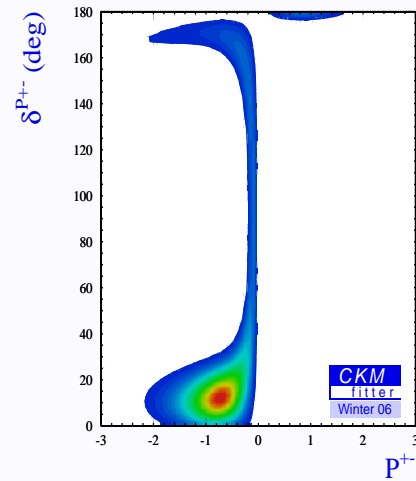
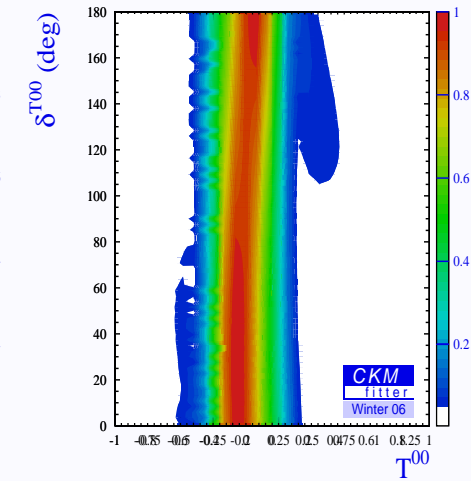
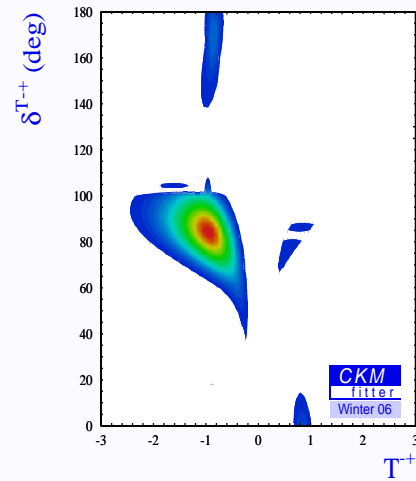
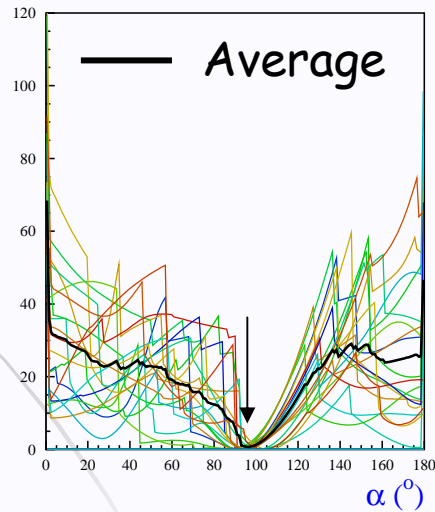
Using CKMfitter[®] package
 a value obtained from the standard CKM fit
 (meas. not in fit) used as a constraint

Large P/T favored : $|P/T|^{+-} = 0.61 \pm 0.27$

□ LHCb performance w/ this scenario



$$\sigma_{\alpha}^{stat.} = 5^{\circ}$$





□ Impact of an imperfect knowledge of the experimental or phenomenological ingredients feeding the likelihood

Include 5° uncertainties on γ in $K\pi\pi$ model	$\Delta\alpha \sim 4^\circ$
Non-uniform wrong-tag - averaged in the likelihood	$\Delta\alpha \sim 1^\circ$
Proper time acceptance not accounted in the likelihood	$\Delta\alpha \sim 0^\circ$
Dalitz acceptance not accounted in the likelihood	$\Delta\alpha \sim 5^\circ$
ρ/ω mixing in signal not accounted in the likelihood	$\Delta\alpha \sim 0^\circ$
ρ' and ρ'' contribution in signal not accounted in the likelihood	$\Delta\alpha \sim 7^\circ$
(arbitrary) large ρ^3 contribution in signal not accounted in the likelihood	$\Delta\alpha \sim 12^\circ$

Extracting α via the 3π Dalitz analysis requires an accurate control of the inputs.

The final analysis will be much more difficult than this prospective study

Babar achieved the analysis in 2004.

First results from Belle expected for summer 2006

→ Not likely to be a 'first year' analysis for LHCb but very promising results.



□ The method

$B \rightarrow \rho^+\rho^-$ decay has been measured to be an almost pure CP-eigenstates

\Rightarrow Measuring the time dependent asymmetry of $B \rightarrow \rho^+\rho^-$ provide $\alpha_{eff} = \alpha + \Delta\alpha$

$$A_{\rho\rho}^{+-}(t) = S_{\rho\rho}^{+-} \sin(\Delta m_d t) - C_{\rho\rho}^{+-} \cos(\Delta m_d t) \quad \text{with} \quad S_{\rho\rho}^{+-} = \sqrt{1 - C_{\rho\rho}^{+-2}} \sin(2\alpha_{eff})$$

\Rightarrow Measuring SU(2)-related modes, $\rho^+\rho^0$, $\rho^0\rho^0$ allows to put constraint on $\Delta\alpha$

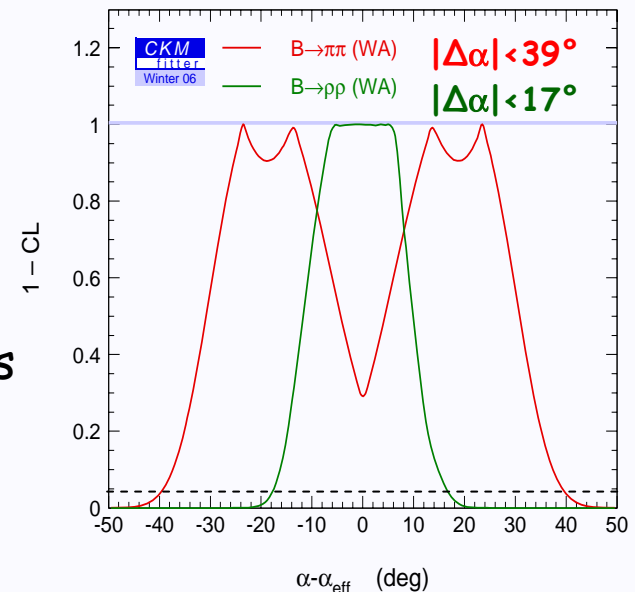
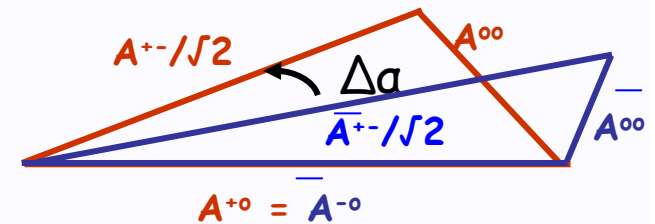
\Rightarrow Resolving the full ($\rho\rho$) system gives access to α (modulo 8-fold ambiguities)

□ Many advantages of the ($\rho\rho$) system over ($\pi\pi$)

- B^{+-}, B^{+0} 5 times larger
- B^{00} is small (HFAG 2006 : $B^{00} < 1.1 \times 10^{-6}$)

\Rightarrow the Isospin triangles is squashed in ($\rho\rho$) system

- The time dependent asymmetry for $B \rightarrow \rho^0\rho^0$ provides additional information, in principle experimentally accessible



□ Selection for $B \rightarrow \rho^+\rho^-$ & $B^\pm \rightarrow \rho^\pm\rho^0$

- Multivariate selection as for $B \rightarrow \rho\pi$
- 2 & 1 neutral pion(s) in the final state, respectively
- Overall efficiency : 0.01% & 0.045%
- B mass resolution dominated by Ecal resolution : 80 MeV/c² and 52 MeV/c²
- Proper time resolution : 85 fs & 47 fs

□ Expected annual yield (2fb⁻¹) :

- | | |
|---|-----------------|
| ▪ $B^\pm \rightarrow \rho^\pm\rho^0$: 9000 | B/S ~ 1 |
| ▪ $B \rightarrow \rho^+\rho^-$: 2000 | B/S < 5 @ 90%CL |

One year of LHCb is not competitive with current B factory performance.
Will need several years to provide a sizeable contribution to C^+ , S^+ measurement

The main contribution of LHCb to the $B \rightarrow \rho\rho$ analysis could be the measurement of the $B \rightarrow \rho^0\rho^0$ mode

□ Selection

- ➔ multivariate selection
- ➔ overall efficiency : 0.16%

□ Expected annual yield ($2\text{fb}^{-1}/\text{year}$) :

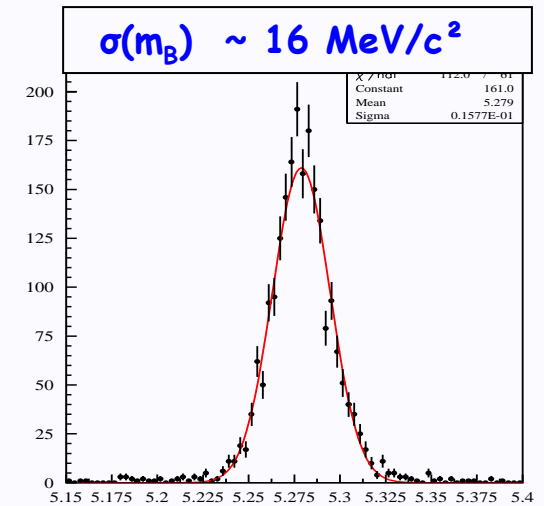
HFAG 2006 : $\text{BR} < 1.1 \times 10^{-6}$ @ 90% CL

< 1000

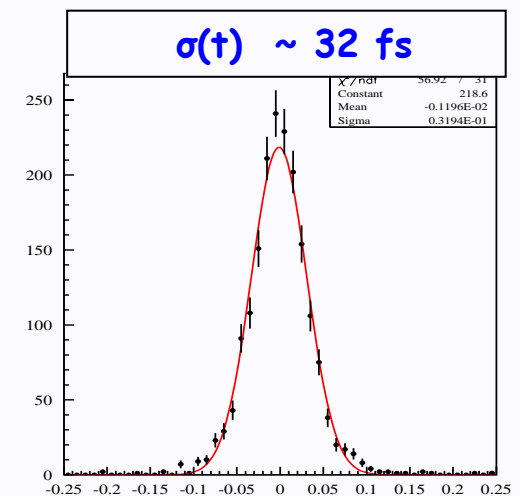
□ Background contamination

	Eq. LHCb time	Nsel	B
BB inclusive	15 mn	0	< 4000
$B_d \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$ (NR)	2.5 days	7	300
$B_d \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$ (NR)	1 days	0	< 600

B mass resolution



Proper time resolution



Assumptions

- Branching ratio : $B^{00} = 0.5 \cdot 10^{-6}$

Babar : $B^{00} = (0.54^{+0.36}_{-0.32} \pm 0.19)10^{-6}$

- LHCb will achieve $\sigma_{B^{00}}/B^{00} = 20\%$

Current B Factories error on B^{+-} , B^{+0} meas. : $\sim 15\%$

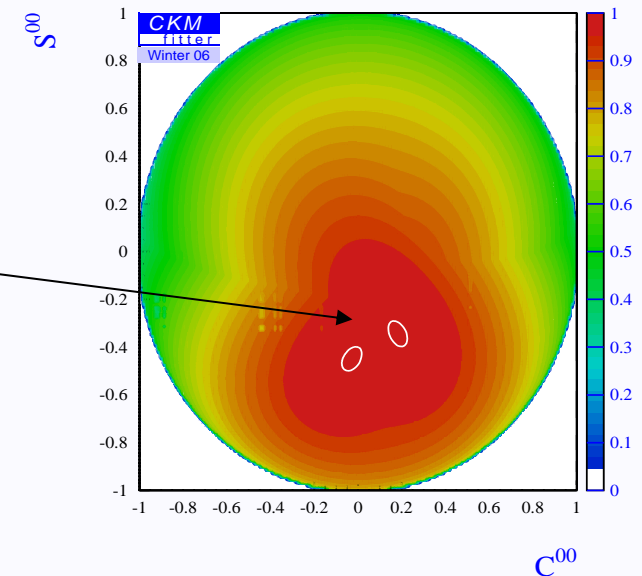
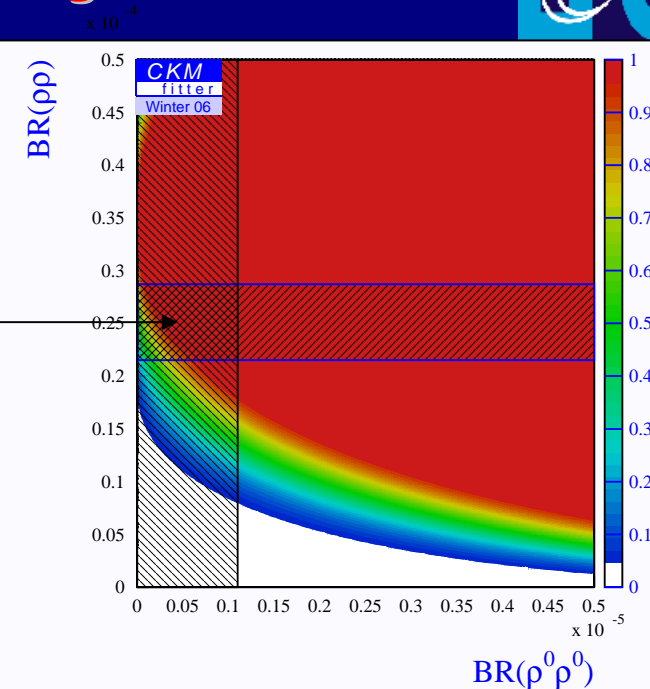
- Scenario for C^{00} & S^{00}

The preferred value from CKM fit (weak constraint)

$(C^{00}, S^{00}) = (0.195, -0.35)$ or $(-0.035, -0.44)$

- Resolution on C^{00} & S^{00} : $\sigma_{C/S^{00}} = 0.4$

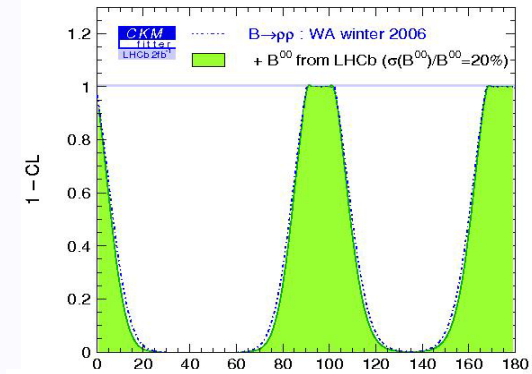
Rescaling the expected LHCb performance for $B \rightarrow \pi\pi$



□ measuring B^{00}

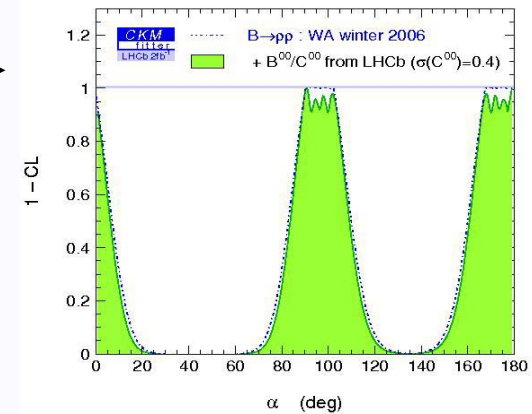
$$B^{00} = 0.5 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\sigma_{B^{00}}/B^{00} = 20\%$$



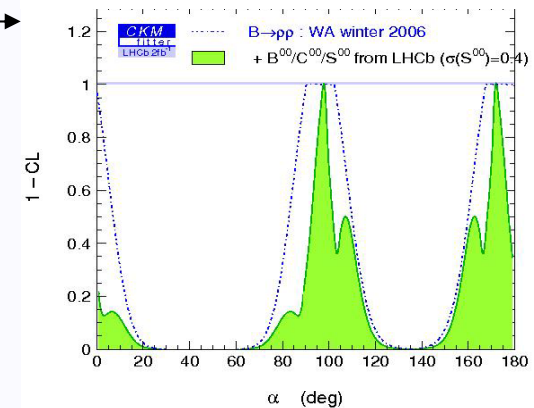
□ & measuring C^{00}

$$\sigma_{C^{00}} = 0.4$$



□ & measuring S^{00}

$$\sigma_{S^{00}} = 0.4$$



$$\alpha = 98.1^{\circ+14^{\circ}}_{-8^{\circ}}$$

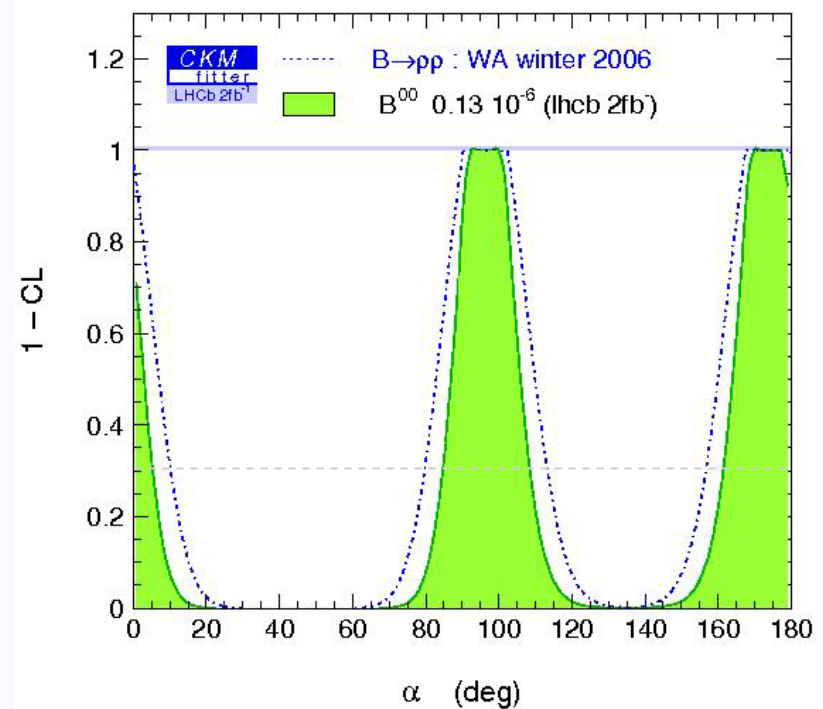
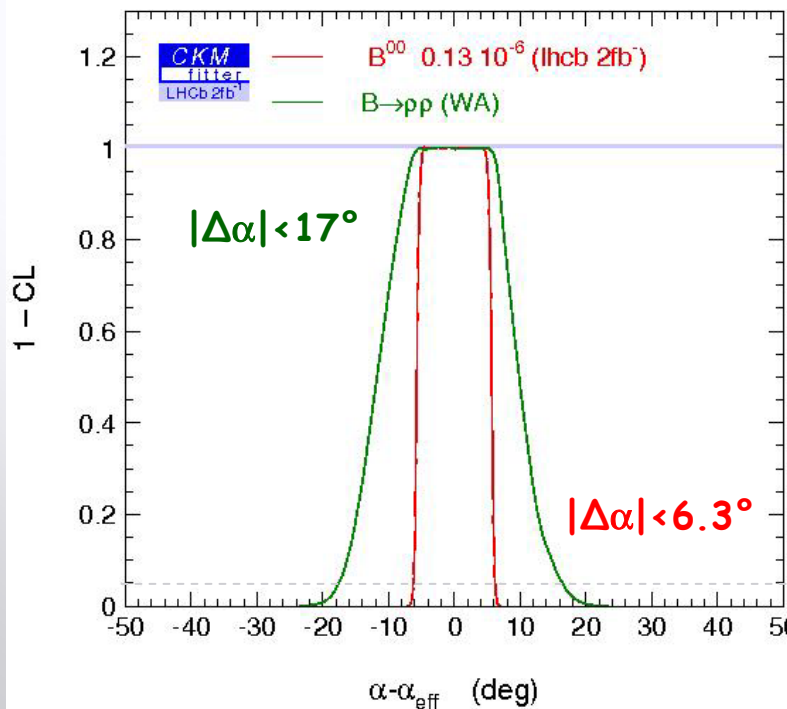
□ Very low $B \rightarrow \rho^0\rho^0$ branching ratio : the decay is not observed with LHCb

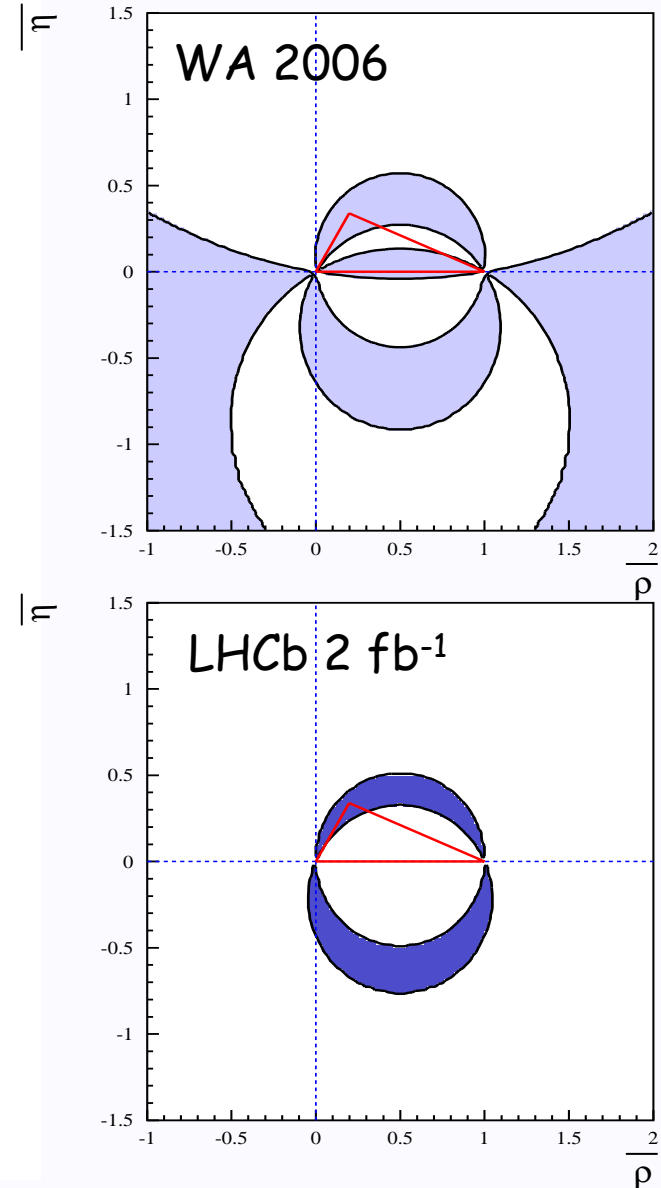
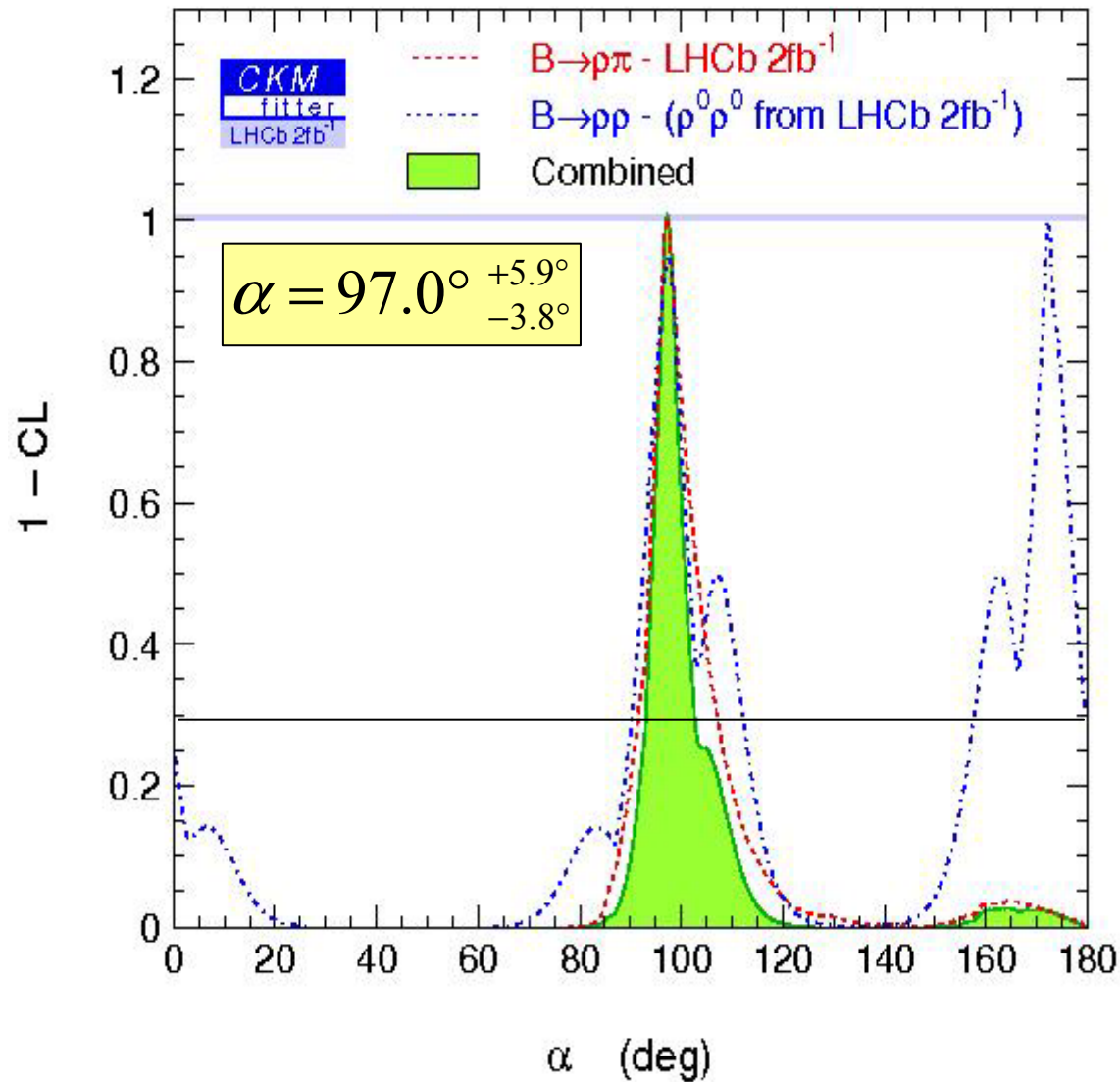
→ Stronger limit on B^{00}

□ Assume the background contamination is as high as the currently estimated upper limit (i.e. 4000 evts / 2fb^{-1})

→ $B^{00} < 1.3 \cdot 10^{-7}$ @ 90% CL could be achieved

$$\alpha = (96.6 \pm 12)^\circ$$







Measuring α with LHCb : two complementary approaches

▪ The time-dependent $B_d \rightarrow (\rho\pi)^0$ Dalitz plot

- o No ambiguity on α in $[0, \pi]$ but pseudo-mirror solutions.
- o With 2 fb^{-1} LHCb may achieve $\sigma^{\text{stat}} < 10^\circ$ on α
- o Require an accurate control of the ρ -lineshapes and the experimental distortions.
- o Ambitious but promising.
- o Probably several years to setup the analysis

▪ The time-dependent $B_d \rightarrow \rho^+\rho^-$ asymmetry + SU(2) analysis

- o 8-fold ambiguity on α in $[0, \pi]$
- o Several years of LHCb needed to improve the current $B_d \rightarrow \rho^+\rho^-$ measurements
- o With 2 fb^{-1} the main LHCb contribution could be the measurement of $B_d \rightarrow \rho^0\rho^0$.
- o Accessing the $\rho^0\rho^0$ time-dependent asymmetry will reduce the degeneracy of mirror-solutions and improve the current α determination.
- o Performance strongly depends of the actual values of C^{00} and S^{00} .

▪ During LHC era the stat. error on α could reach the few degrees level

SU(2) breaking effects, electroweak penguin contributions could be an issue

SPARE SLIDES



□ Penguin strong phases

$$\sigma(\delta^{-+}) \sim \begin{pmatrix} +20 \\ -50 \end{pmatrix}^\circ$$

$$\sigma(\delta^{+-}) \sim \begin{pmatrix} +4 \\ -25 \end{pmatrix}^\circ$$

□ Tree strong phases

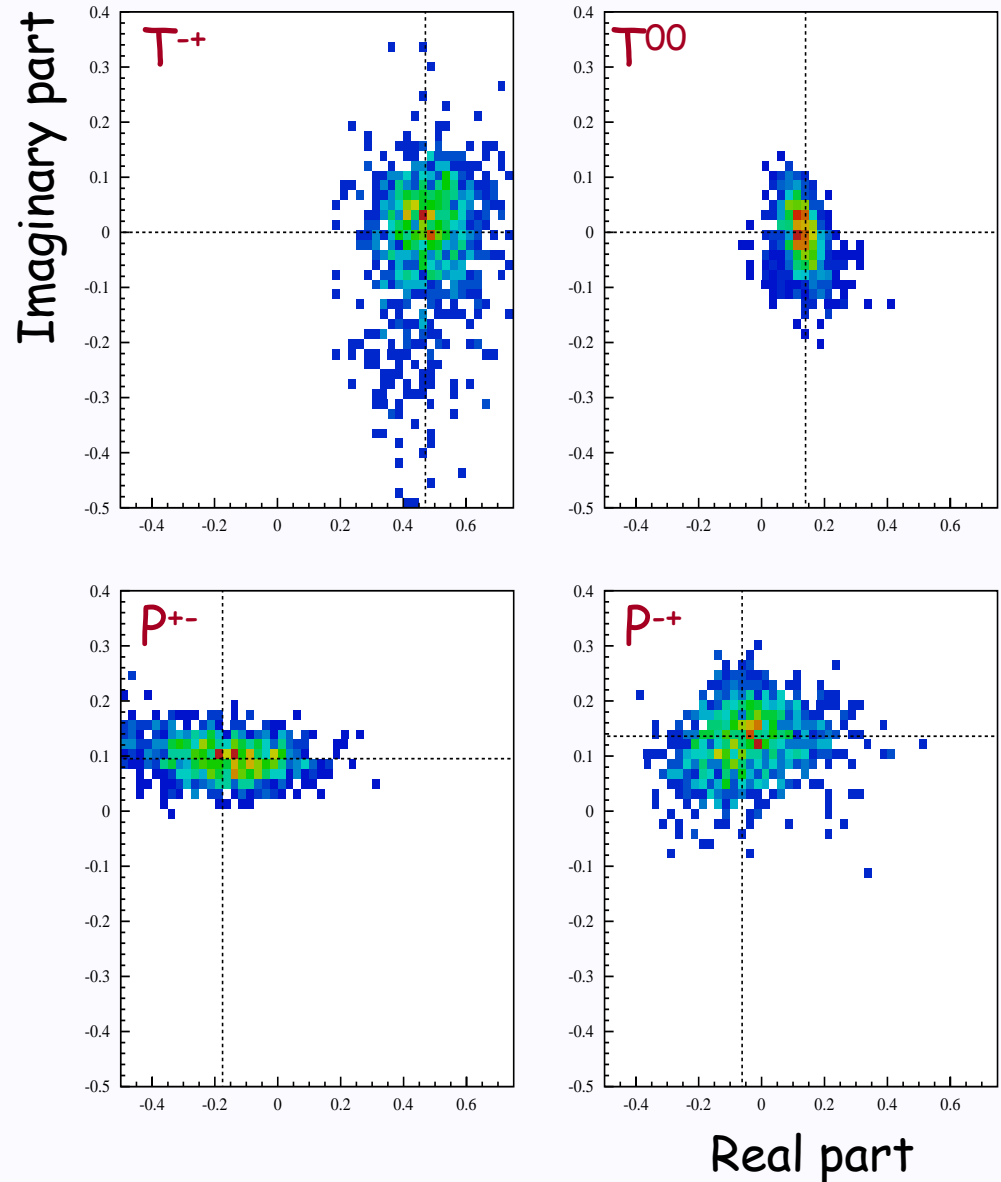
$$\sigma(\Phi^{-+}) \sim \begin{pmatrix} +6 \\ -10 \end{pmatrix}^\circ$$

$$\sigma(\Phi^{00}) \sim \begin{pmatrix} +26 \\ -17 \end{pmatrix}^\circ$$

□ R=|P/T| ratios

$$\sigma_{R^{-+}/R^{+-}} \sim \begin{pmatrix} +50 \\ -30 \end{pmatrix} \%$$

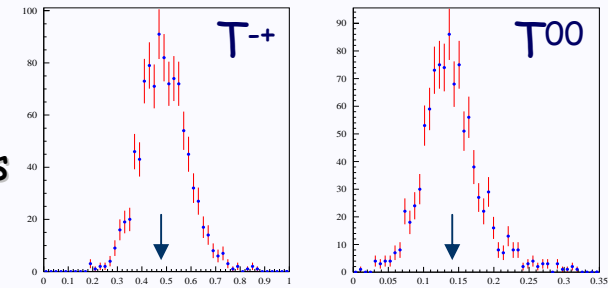
$$\sigma_{R^{+-}/R^{-+}} \sim \begin{pmatrix} +70 \\ -10 \end{pmatrix} \%$$



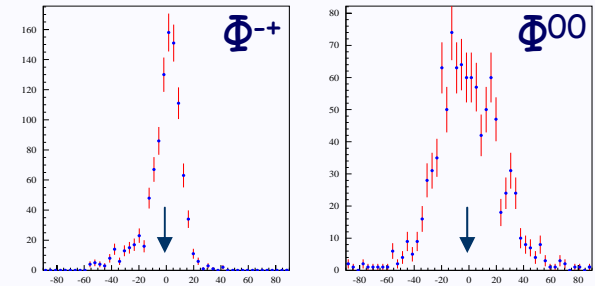
- $\alpha_{gen}=106^\circ$
- Flat:Resonant ratio = 40:60

	Toy	$\langle fit \rangle$	σ
T^{-+}	47%	$(49 \pm 3)\%$	9%
Φ^{-+}	0°	$(1.5 \pm 0.5)^\circ$	$+6^\circ$ -10°
T^{00}	14%	$(14 \pm 1)\%$	4%
Φ^{00}	0°	$(-1 \pm 1)^\circ$	$+26^\circ$ -17°
P^{+-}	-20%	$(-11 \pm 6)\%$	$+20\%$ -2%
δ^{+-}	-28.6°	$(15 \pm 1)^\circ$	$+4^\circ$ -25°
P^{-+}	40%	$(18 \pm 1)\%$	$\pm 6\%$
δ^{-+}	114.6°	$(135 \pm 5)^\circ$	$+20^\circ$ -50°

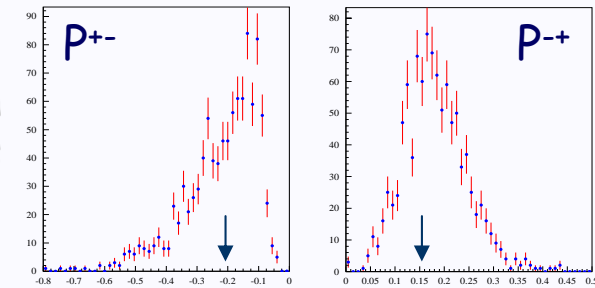
Tree Amplitudes



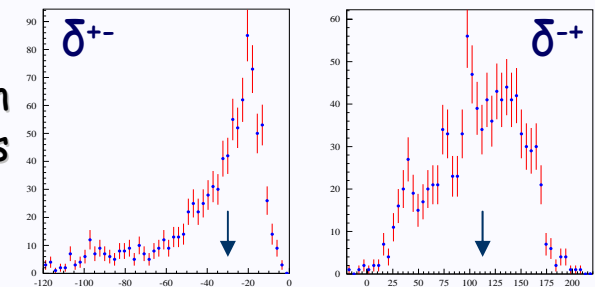
Tree Phases

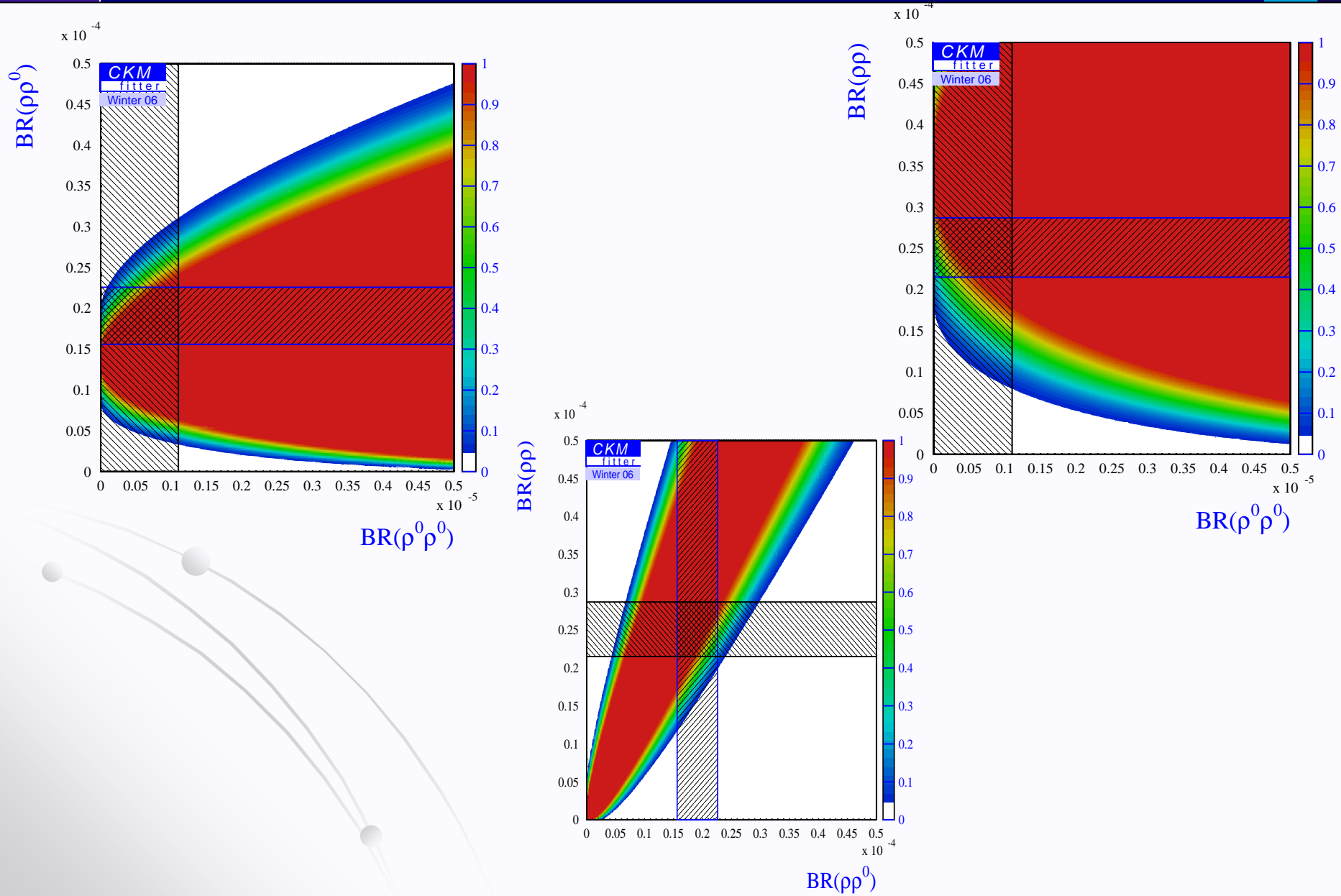


Penguin Amplitudes

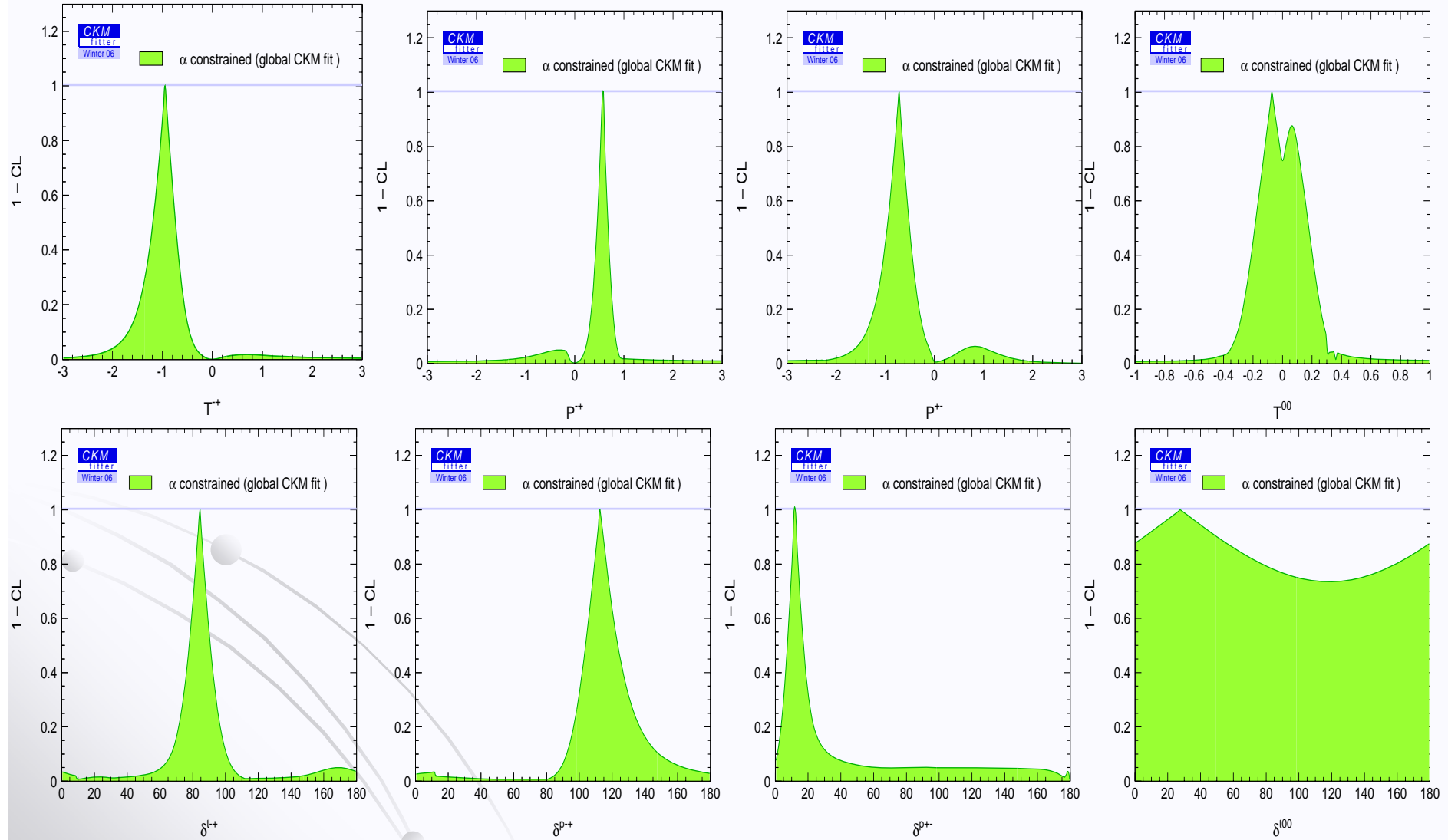


Penguin Phases





$B \rightarrow (\rho\pi)^0$: another scenario for T & P

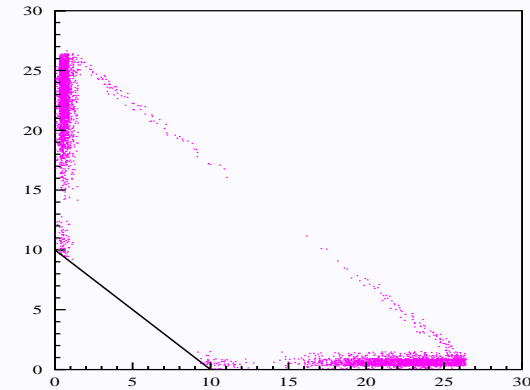




- ❑ The lower corner of the Dalitz plot is highly depopulated due to selection
- ❑ Can we fully remove this region of interference between rho-bands ?

- Depopulated lower corner (no background)

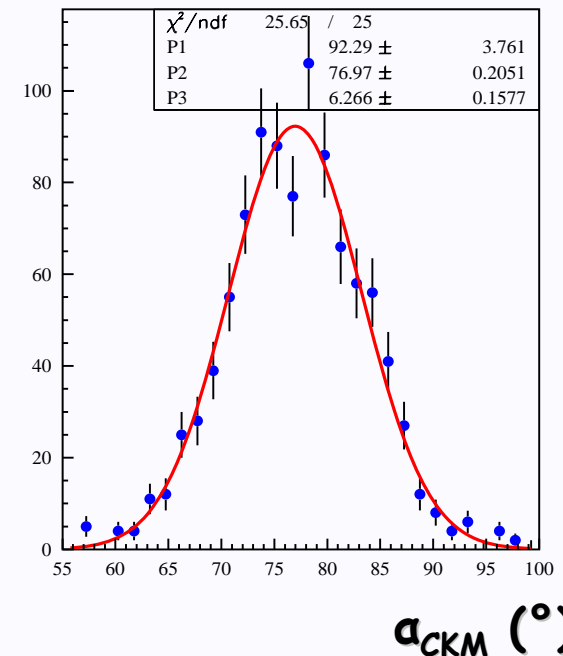
$$\langle \alpha_{CKM} \rangle = (77.2 \pm 4.4)^\circ$$

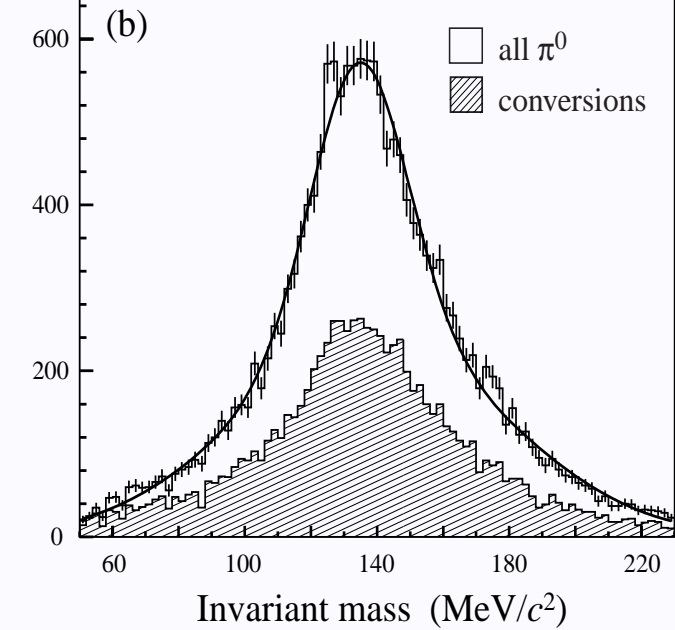
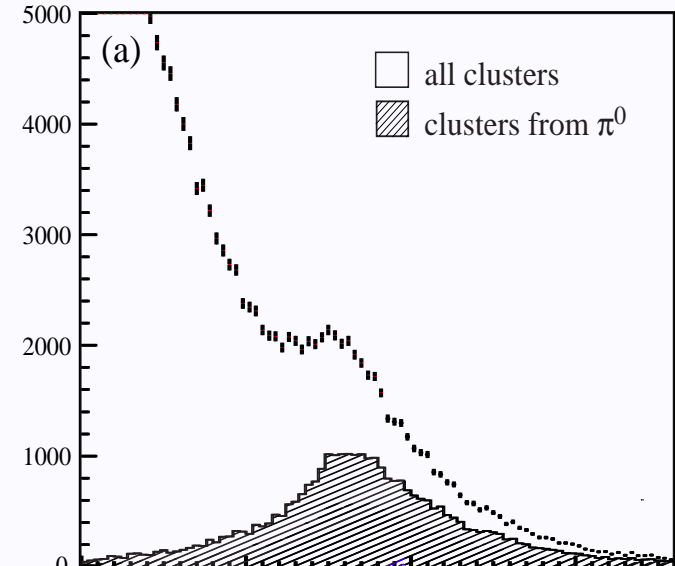
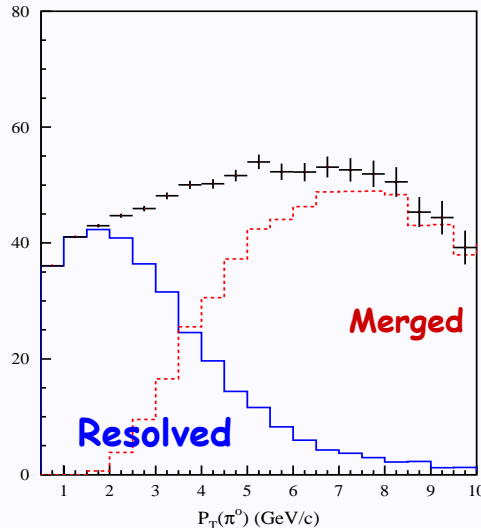
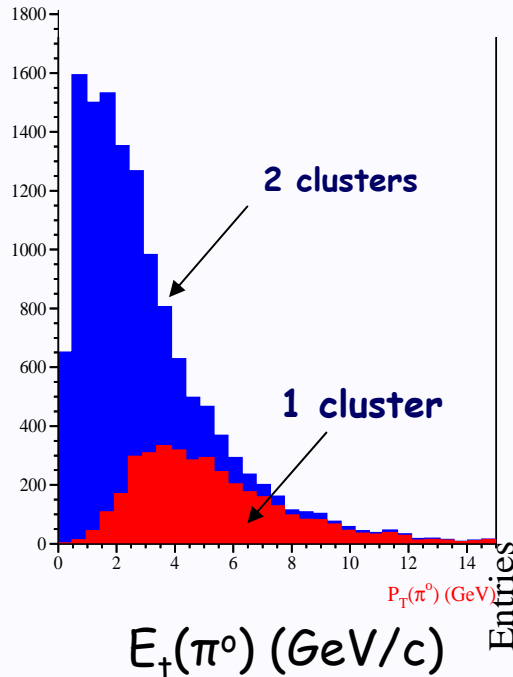
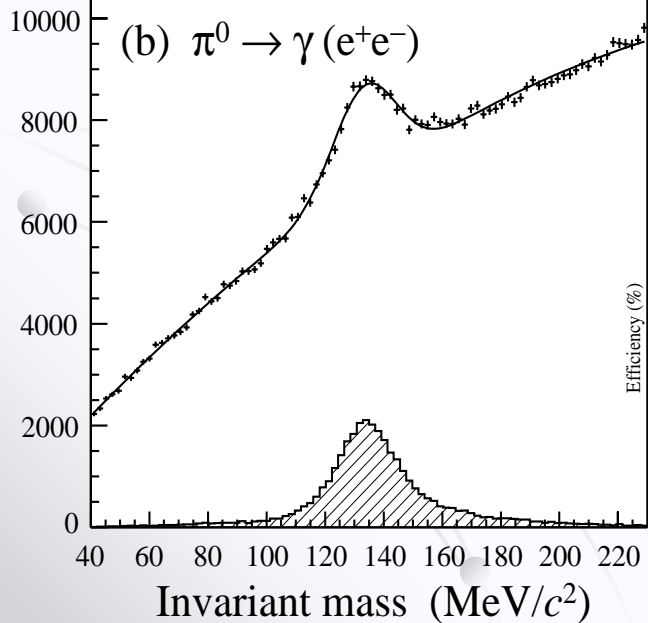
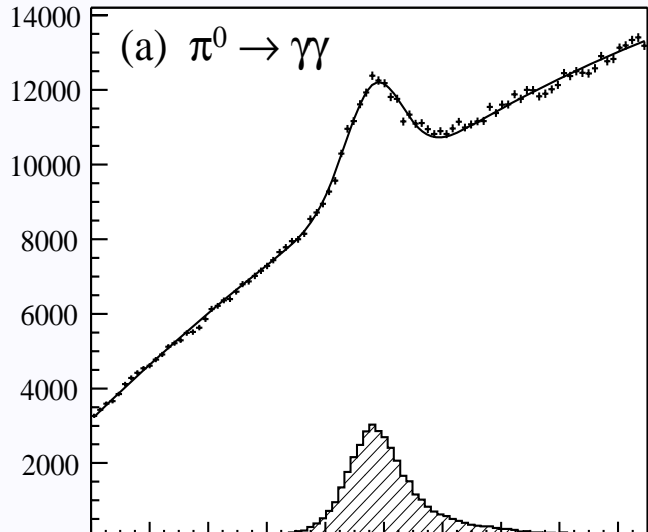


- Fully removing the lower corner (no background)

$$\langle \alpha_{CKM} \rangle = (77.0 \pm 6.2)^\circ$$

→ The lower Dalitz corner carries useful but not essential information.





• 2 background classes: {0.5(res), 0.5(flat)}

