

WG2 - B/D/K Decays

LHC Flavour Workshop
3rd Meeting, 15-17 May 2006

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Outline

- Ongoing activities
 - Web page - Study groups, list of people, guidelines summaries of previous meetings
 - Mailing list flavlhc-wg2@cern.ch
 - Weekly phone conference
- Overview of WG2 structure
 - Study groups
 - Plans (template)
- Report from May presentations
 - Joint session with WG1 - Tools (reference)
 - Special session - B_s - B_s bar mixing
 - Highlights
- Plans for the Yellow Book

Study Groups & Contact Persons

- Radiative Penguin Decays - [Gambino, Golutvin]
 - $b \rightarrow s\gamma, b \rightarrow d\gamma$ inclusive and exclusive
- Electroweak Penguin Decays - [Feldmann, Berryhill]
 - $b \rightarrow sll$ inclusive and exclusive
- Neutrino modes - [Grossmann, Iijima]
 - $b \rightarrow s\nu\nu, B \rightarrow \tau+\nu, D\tau+\nu$
- Very rare decays - [Nierste, Smizanska]
 - $B_{s,d} \rightarrow \mu+\mu-, \mu\mu\pi, \mu\mu\gamma, (\tau+\tau-)$
- UT angles (from tree decays) - [Soni, Bona, Trabelsi, Wilkinson]
 - β or ϕ_1 : $B_d \rightarrow \psi K_S, \dots$
 - α or ϕ_2 : $B_d \rightarrow \rho\pi, \pi\pi, \rho\rho$
 - γ or ϕ_3 : $B_{d,u} \rightarrow DK$ - Dalitz
 - $B_s \rightarrow D_s K, B_d \rightarrow \pi\pi/B_s \rightarrow KK$
- B_s - B_s bar mixing - [Lubicz, van Hune] [Lubicz, van Hune]
 - Mass difference Δm_s , weak phase ϕ_s , lifetime difference $\Delta\Gamma/\Gamma$
 - $B_s \rightarrow D_s\pi, B_s \rightarrow J/\psi\phi$
- $b \rightarrow s$ and $b \rightarrow d$ hadronic transitions - [Ciuchini, Muheim]
 - $B_d \rightarrow \phi K_S, \eta' K_S, B_s \rightarrow \phi\phi, \dots B_d \rightarrow \pi\pi/B_s \rightarrow KK, B_d \rightarrow \rho\pi, \pi\pi, \rho\rho, \pi K$
- Kaon decays - [Buras, Komatsubara]
 - $K \rightarrow \pi\nu\nu, K_L \rightarrow \pi^0ll$ and related decays
- Charm decays - [Fajfer, Asner]
 - D^0 - D^0 bar mixing,
 - D rare decays and CP violation
- New Physics; WG1/WG2 complementarity / Tools - [Heinemeyer; Silvestrini; Parodi]
- New Physics Benchmarks [Isidori; Okada]
- Hadronic Uncertainties [Buchalla]

WG 2

Study Group: Electroweak Penguin Decays

($b \rightarrow s\ell^+\ell^-$ inclusive and exclusive)

Contact persons: Feldmann/Berryhill.

People

name	subject	attending may meeting
Koppenburg (LHCb) Egede (LHCb) Gibson (LHCb)	(talk at meeting I)	
Smizanska (Atlas) Reznicek (Atlas)	(talk at meeting II)	
[Berryhill (Babar)] Playfer (Babar) Eigen (Babar)	report (talk at meeting I)	no no
Ishikawa (Belle) Limosani (Belle) Nakao (Belle)		
[Feldmann] Safir Zhu Greub Hiller P. Colangelo Mannel Khodjamirian Ball Zwicky Ligeti De Fazio Ferrandes	(talk at meeting II) $B \rightarrow K^*\ell^+\ell^-$ and SCET (talk at meeting I) (talk at meeting II) (talk at meeting I)	yes yes yes no no no no no no no no no

Suggestions

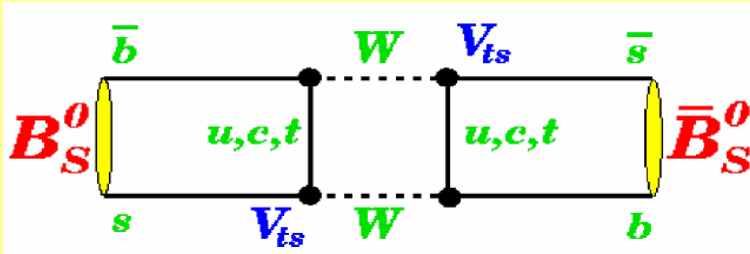
- $B \rightarrow X_s\ell^+\ell^-$ and m_X cut phase space at LHC and Super-B (Egede/Golutvin/Ligeti)
- Perturbative and non-perturbative uncertainties in $B \rightarrow K^*\ell^+\ell^-$ (Zhu, see also recent paper by Ali et al. hep-ph/0601034)
- Electromagnetic logarithms in $B \rightarrow X_s\ell^+\ell^-$ (one of the authors of hep-ph/0512066)
- Exclusive $B \rightarrow K^*$ transitions in scenario with universal extra dimension (one of the authors of hep-ph/0604029)
- what are the unique new physics sensitivities of sll esp. in the light of the recent B_s mixing result?

Presentations at this meeting

- Radiative Penguin Decays Haisch, Belyaev
- Electroweak Penguin Decays Huber, Berryhill
- Neutrino modes - Iijima, Okada, Robertson
- Very rare decays Kao, Lin, Dedes
- UT angles (from tree decays) Vysotsky, Deschamps
Bona, Rademacker
- B_s - B_s bar mixing Borrisov, De Cecco, Lenz,
Guadagnoli, Bona, T'Jampens, Ball
- $b \rightarrow s$ and $b \rightarrow d$ hadronic transitions Beneke, Conte
- Kaon decays Smith
- Charm decays Sultansoy, Asner
- New Physics; WG1/WG2 complementarity / Tools Skands
- New Physics Benchmarks Isidori, Buras/Tarantino
- Hadronic Uncertainties
- Super B-factories Nakada, Yamauchi, Giorgi,
Oide, Raimondi

B_s Mixing

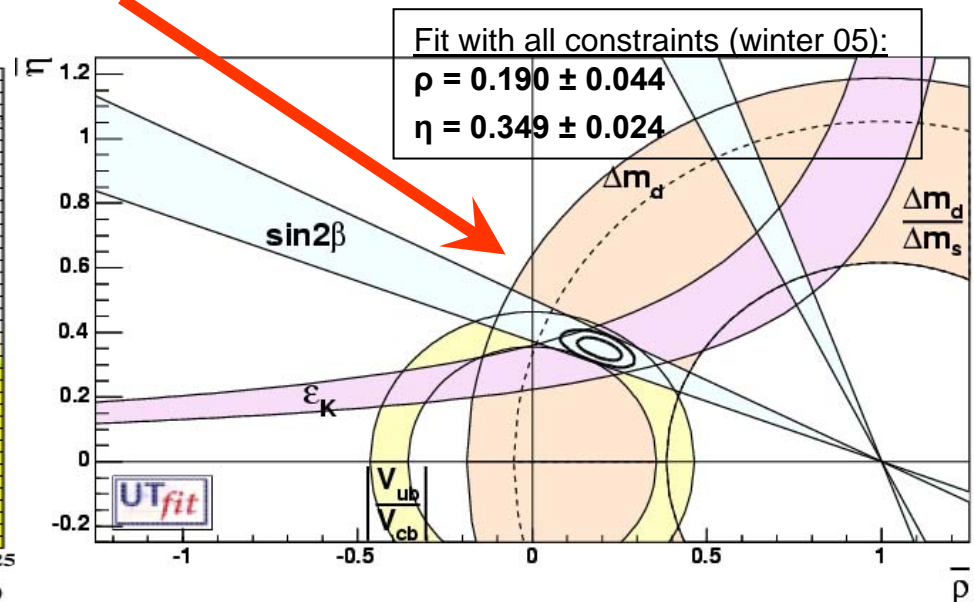
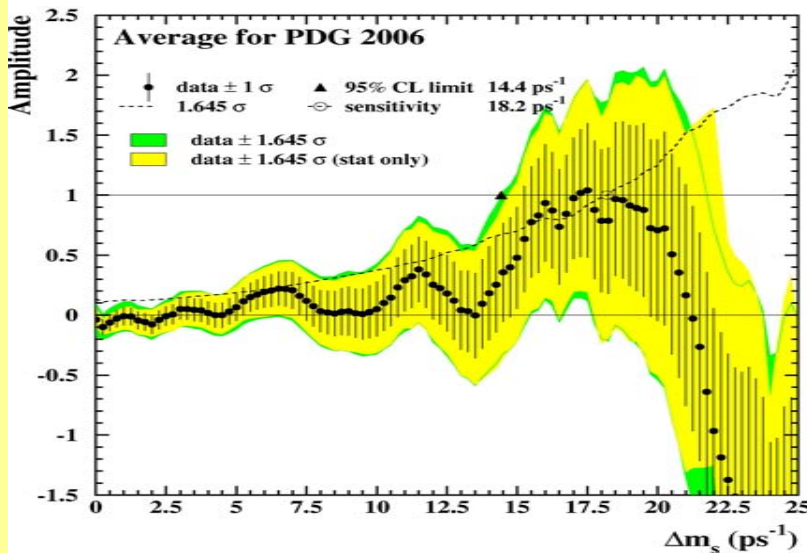
de Cecco



but: $|V_{ts}| \gg |V_{td}| \rightarrow \Delta m_s \gg \Delta m_d$

$$\frac{\Delta m_s}{\Delta m_d} = \frac{m_{B_s}}{m_{B_d}} \frac{f_{B_s}^2 B_{B_s}}{f_{B_d}^2 B_{B_d}} \frac{|V_{ts}|^2}{|V_{td}|^2} = \frac{m_{B_s}}{m_{B_d}} \xi^2 \frac{|V_{ts}|^2}{|V_{td}|^2}$$

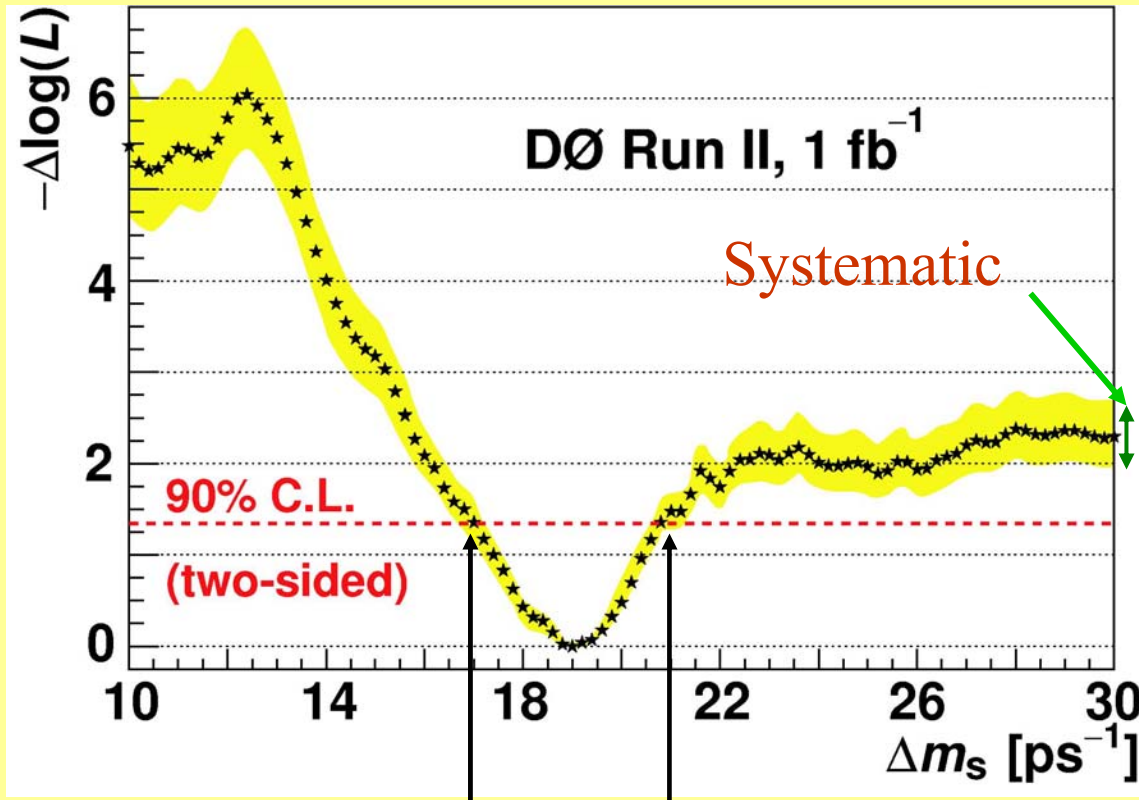
Measuring $\Delta m_s/\Delta m_d$ determines $|V_{ts}|/|V_{td}|$
Lattice calculation error O(5%)



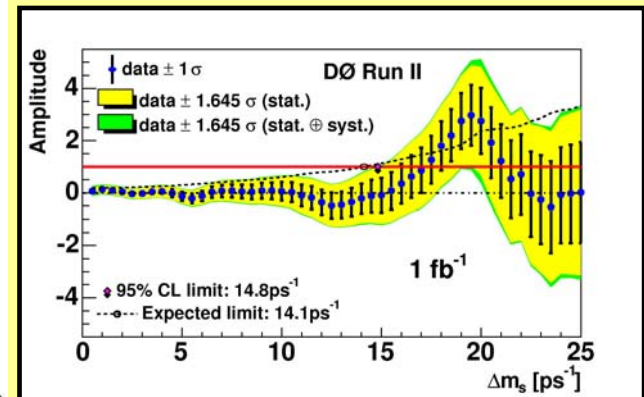
B_s Mixing in D^0

Borissov

Log Likelihood Scan



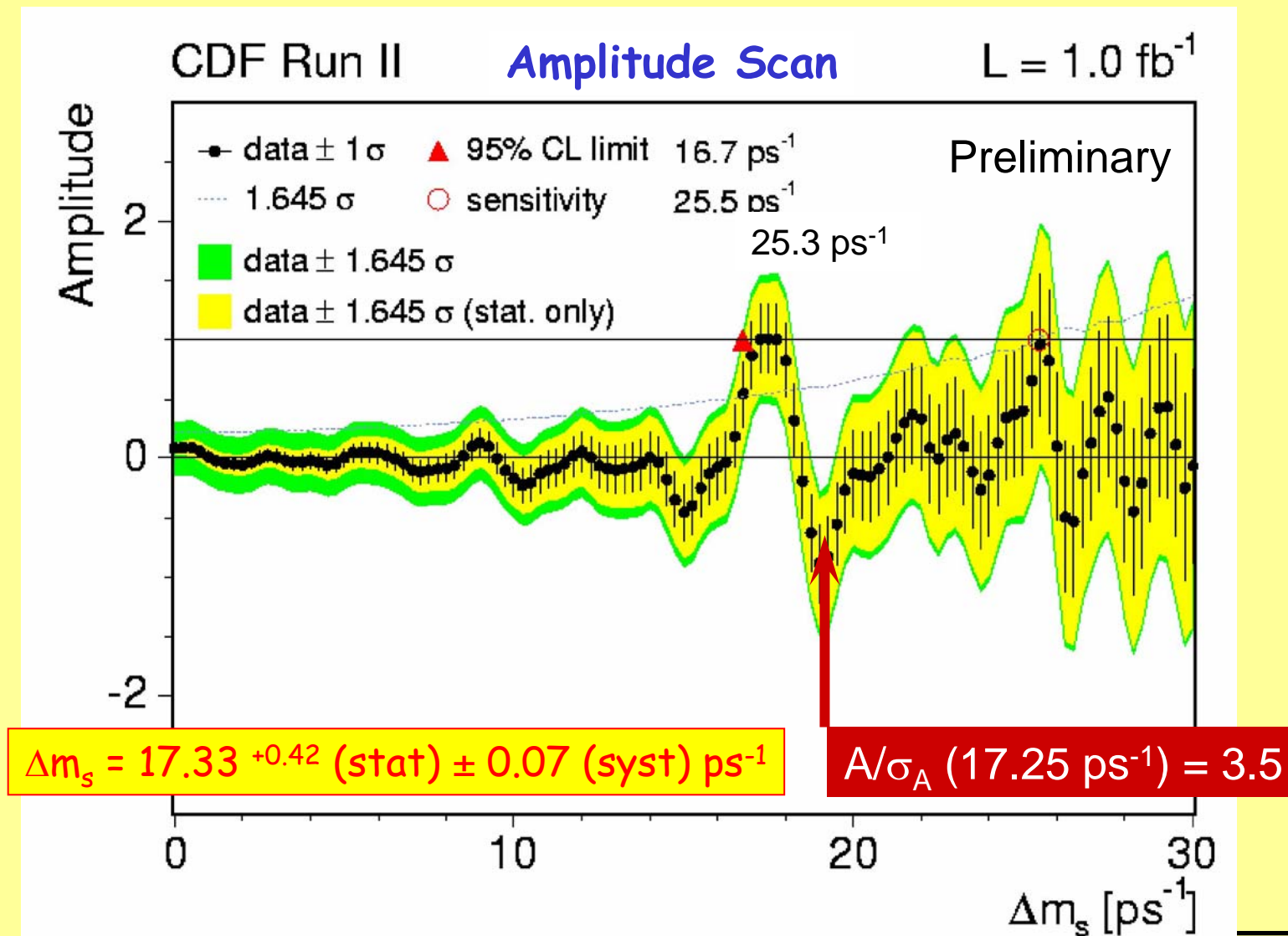
Amplitude Scan



$17 < \Delta m_s < 21 \text{ ps}^{-1}$ 90% CL assuming Gaussian errors;
Most probable value $\Delta m_s = 19 \text{ ps}^{-1}$;

Measurement of B_s Oscillations at CDF

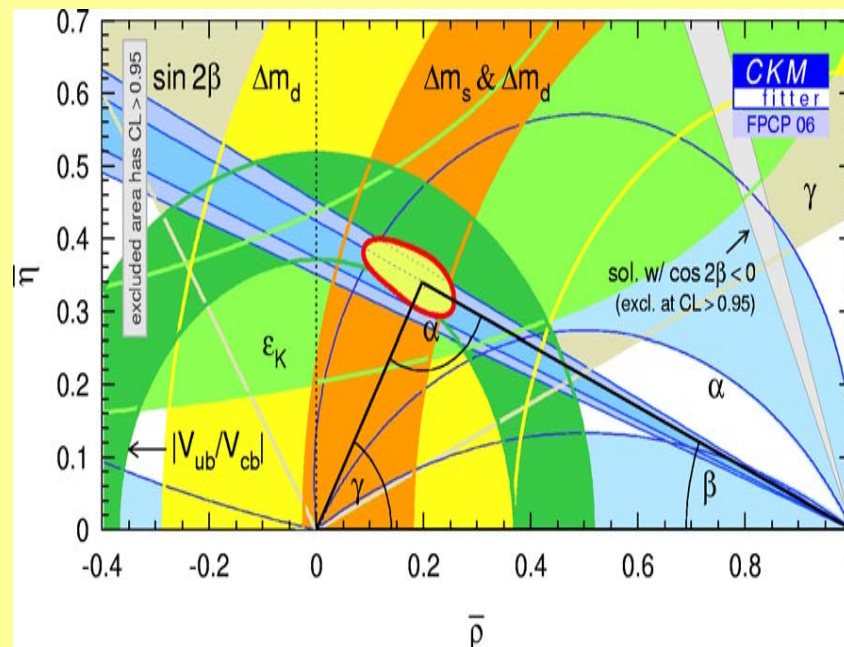
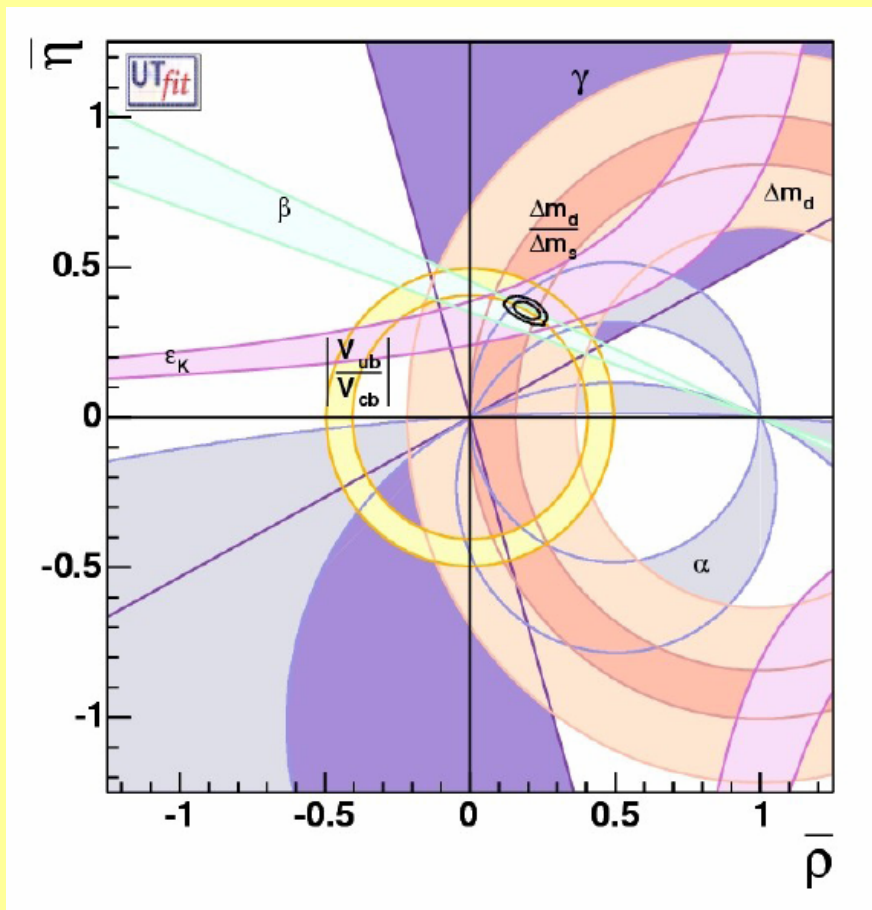
de Cecco



- probability of fake from random tags = 0.5% \rightarrow measure Δm_s

Rho-eta fits

Bona
T'Jampens



- Tension between $\sin 2\beta$ and V_{ub} inclusive

SUSY contributions to ΔM_s

$$\Delta M_s^{MSSM} = \Delta M_s^{SM}$$

$$+ \Delta M_s^{\tilde{g}} + \Delta M_s^{H-\text{box}} + \Delta M_s^{H-DP} + \Delta M_s^{\tilde{\chi}^+} + \text{neutralinos: negligible}$$

gluinos

Dominant contribs, when NOT assuming any symmetry in the squark matrix

For low/moderate $\tan \beta$, SUSY contrib's = gluinos

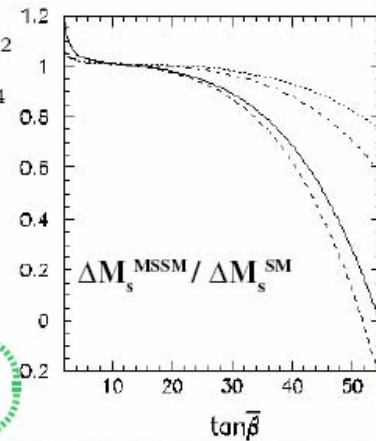
Higgses

$$\Delta M_s^{H-\text{box}} \propto -\tan \beta^2$$

$$\Delta M_s^{H-DP} \propto -\tan \beta^4$$

Dominant contribs (*negative*), for large $\tan \beta$

Buras et al. NPB 619 (2001)



charginos

One has in general

$$\frac{\Delta M_s^{\tilde{\chi}^+}}{\Delta M_s^{\tilde{g}}} \leq 10^{-2} \frac{\delta_u \times \delta_u}{\delta_d \times \delta_d}$$

Ball et al. PRD 69 (2004)

Naïve ranking of gluino contributions

Assuming $M_{\text{gluino}} / M_{\text{squark}} \approx 1$, one finds

$$\frac{\Delta M_s^{\tilde{g}}}{\Delta M_s^{SM}} \simeq \left(\frac{500 \text{ GeV}}{m_{\tilde{q}}} \right)^2 \left[\begin{aligned} &O(1) (\delta_{LL}^2 + \delta_{RR}^2) \\ &+ O(10) \left((\delta_{LR}^2 + \delta_{RL}^2) \ \& \ (\delta_{LR} \delta_{RL}) \right) \\ &+ O(100) (\delta_{LL} \delta_{RR}) \end{aligned} \right]$$

Looking at **single** δ 's, bounds are hierarchical

$$\delta_{LL} \text{ (or } \delta_{RR}) \text{ only} \quad \delta \leq 0.4$$

$$(\delta_{LR}, \delta_{RL}) \quad b \rightarrow s \gamma \text{ does better}$$

$$\delta_{LL} \times \delta_{RR} \text{ only} \quad \delta \leq 0.02 \div 0.05$$

D. Guadagnoli, Flavour in the era of the LHC, CERN, May 15-17 2006

Predictions for ΔM_s^{SM}

$$M_{12}^q = M_{12}^{q,\text{SM}} (1 + \kappa_q e^{i\sigma_q})$$

$$\Delta M_s^{\text{SM}}|_{\text{JLQCD}} = (16.1 \pm 2.8) \text{ ps}^{-1}$$

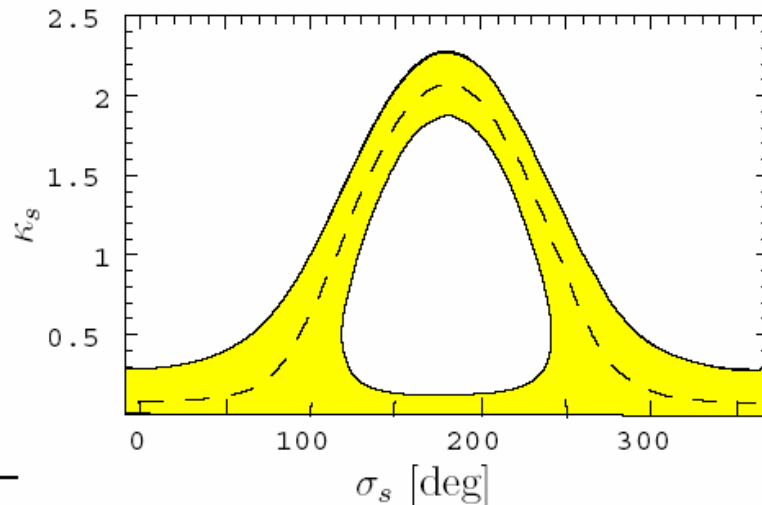
$$\rho_s|_{\text{JLQCD}} = 1.08_{-0.01}^{+0.03} (\text{exp}) \pm 0.19 (\text{th})$$

$$\Delta M_s^{\text{SM}}|_{(\text{HP+JL})\text{QCD}} = (23.4 \pm 3.8) \text{ ps}^{-1}$$

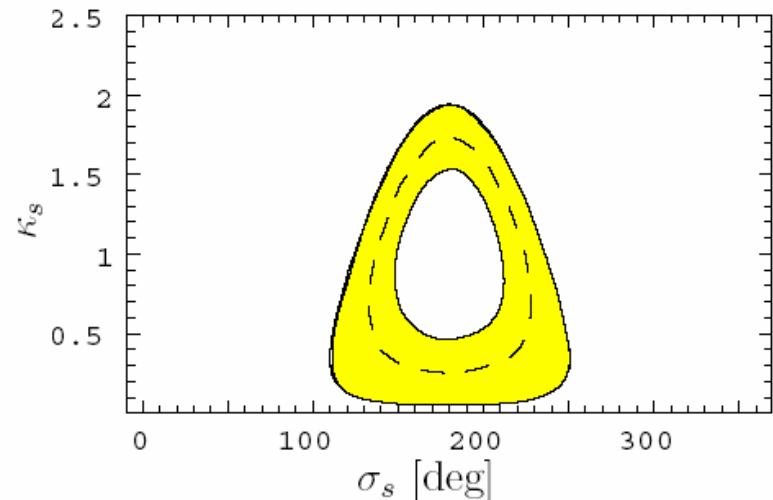
$$\rho_s|_{(\text{HP+JL})\text{QCD}} = 0.74_{-0.01}^{+0.02} (\text{exp}) \pm 0.18 (\text{th}) \quad 1.5\sigma!$$

Ball

JLQCD:



(HP+JL)QCD:



B_s Lifetime Difference

with the Bag parameters from Becirevic et al. we get

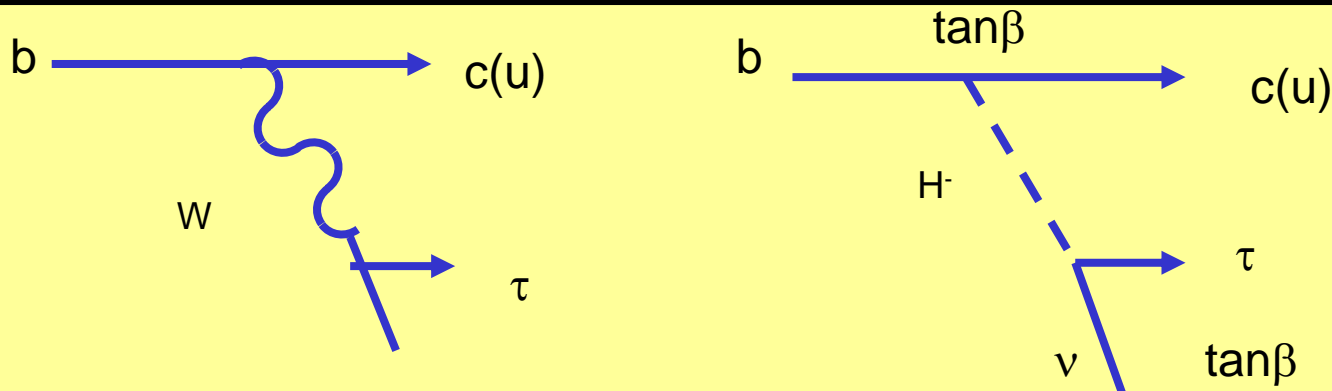
$$\left(\frac{\Delta\Gamma}{\Gamma}\right)_{B_s} = 13 \pm 5\%, \quad \Delta\Gamma_s = 0.086 \pm 0.031 \text{ps}^{-1}$$

$$\left(\frac{\Delta\Gamma}{\Delta M}\right)_{B_s} = 0.0039 \rightarrow \Delta\Gamma_s = \frac{0.07}{\text{ps}} \equiv f_{B_s} \approx 221 \text{MeV}$$

- Change of basis is theoretically advantageous
 - Coefficient of B becomes dominant
 - $1/m$ -corrections become smaller
 - α_s -corrections become smaller
- Theoretical clean prediction of $\Delta\Gamma/\Delta M$
- Γ_5 in progress \rightarrow test HQE

B → τν branching ratio in the type II 2HDM

Okada



$$\begin{aligned}
 B(B \rightarrow \tau \nu) &= \tau_B \frac{G_F^2}{8\pi} |V_{ub}|^2 f_B^2 M_B^2 M_\tau^2 \left(1 - \frac{M_\tau^2}{M_B^2}\right) \\
 &\times \left(1 - \frac{M_B^2 \tan^2 \beta}{M_H^2}\right)^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Theoretical uncertainty

$$f_B^2 |V_{ub}|^2$$

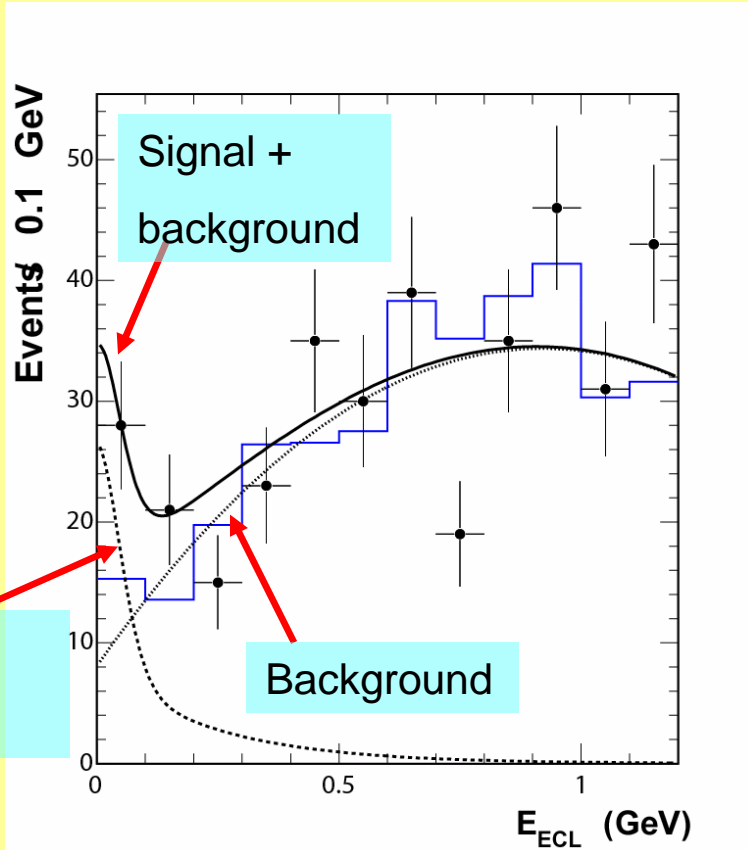
Charged Higgs effects

$$\left(1 - \frac{M_B^2 \tan^2 \beta}{M_H^2}\right)^2$$

Search for $B \rightarrow \tau \nu$

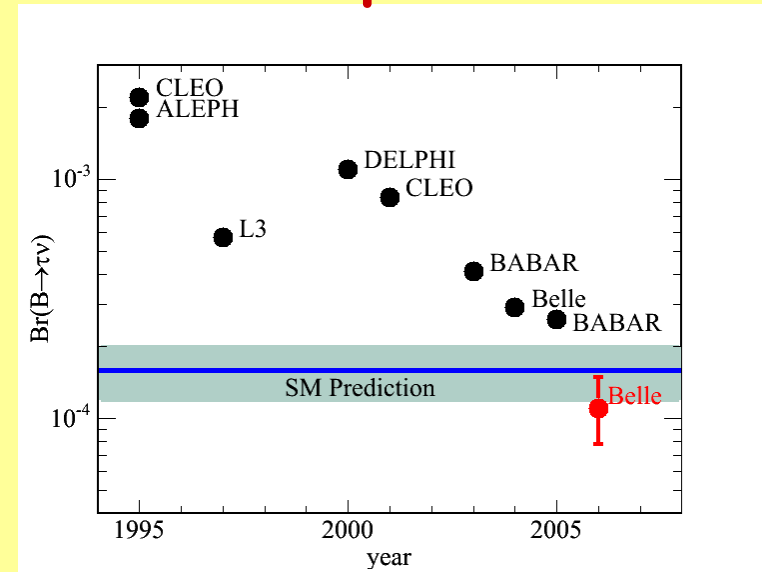
Iijima

- The final results are deduced by unbinned likelihood fit to the obtained E_{ECL} distributions.



Signal shape : Gauss + exponential
Background shape : second-order polynomial

**First Evidence !
April 2006**



**Observe $21.2^{+6.7}_{-5.7}$ events with
a significance of 4.2σ**

Constraints on Charged Higgs

Iijima

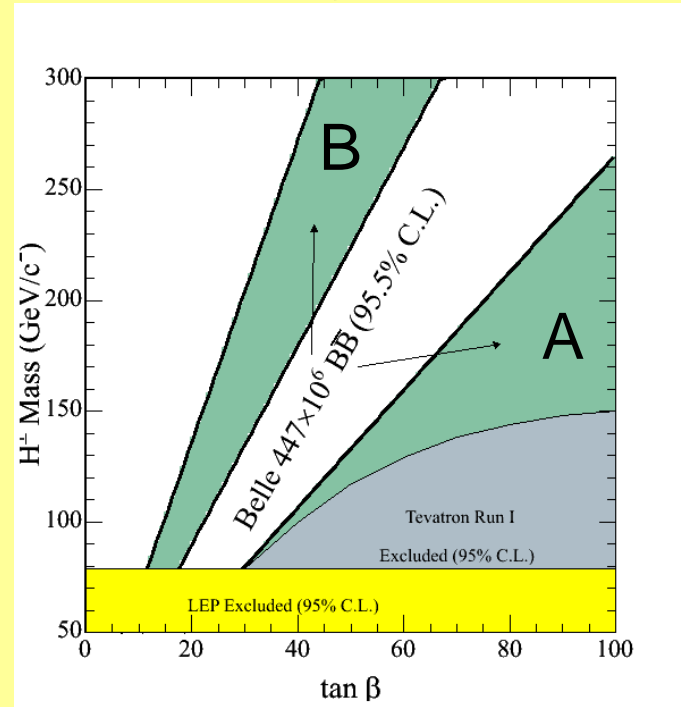
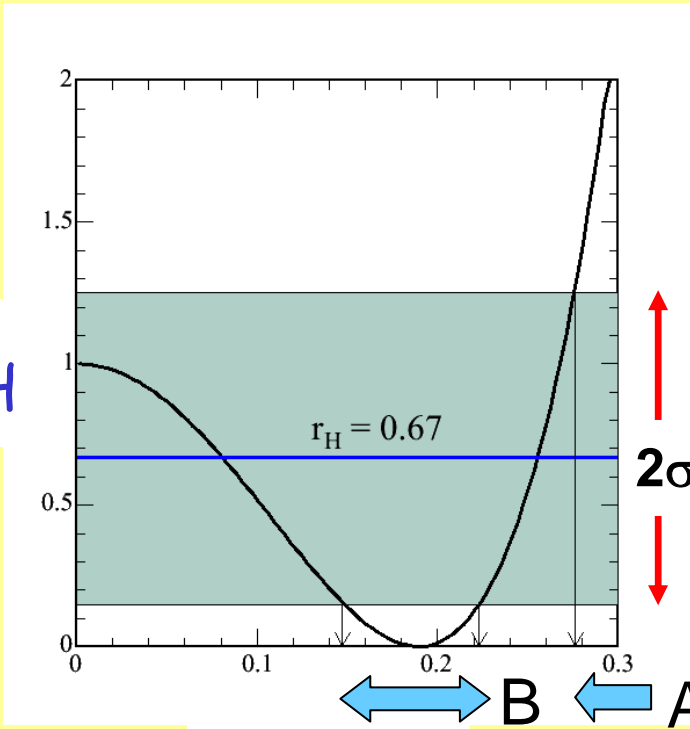
$$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \tau\nu) = \mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \tau\nu)_{SM} \times r_H$$

$$r_H = \left(1 - \frac{m_B^2}{m_H^2} \tan^2 \beta\right)^2$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \tau\nu) = (1.06_{-0.28}^{+0.34}(\text{stat})_{-0.16}^{+0.18}(\text{syst})) \times 10^{-4}$$

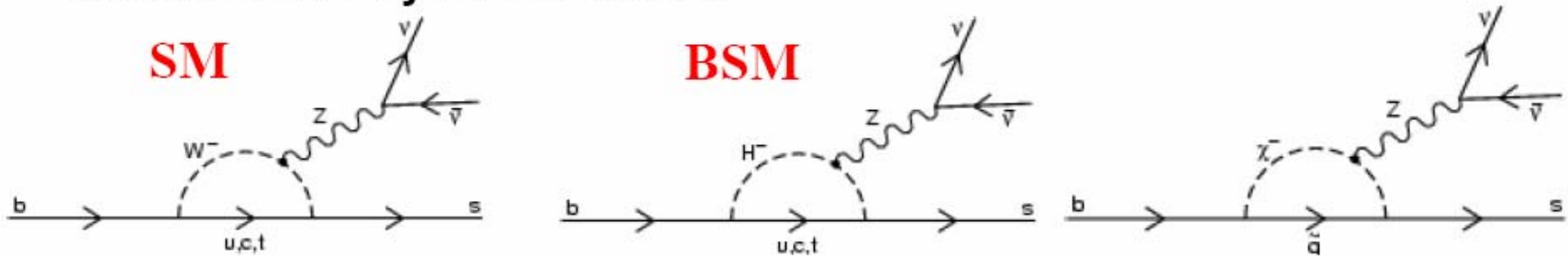
$$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \tau\nu)_{SM} = (1.59 \pm 0.40) \times 10^{-4}$$

$$r_H = 0.67_{-0.26}^{+0.29}$$



$b \rightarrow s \nu \bar{\nu}$

- Inclusive $b \rightarrow s \nu \bar{\nu}$ claimed by theorists to be the “theoretically cleanest” rare **B** decay, with potentially interesting sensitivity to various New Physics scenarios



- unfortunately, it appears to be intractable even in clean B factory environment, hence exclusive $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$ has been main target of experimentalists to date*

- SM rate of 3.8×10^{-6} hence experiment is within an order of magnitude** (note that neither BABAR nor Belle results use full current dataset)

	BABAR	Belle	CLEO
$BR(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \nu \bar{\nu})$	$< 5.2 \times 10^{-5}$	$< 3.6 \times 10^{-5}$	$< 2.4 \times 10^{-4}$

* there is an earlier paper from LEP, but limit is let stringent than current exclusive limits

Decay Width

$$B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-$$

Huber

- Differential decay width: ($\hat{s} \equiv q^2/m_b^2$)

$$\frac{d\Gamma(\bar{B} \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-)}{d\hat{s}} = \frac{G_F^2 m_b^5 |V_{ts}^* V_{tb}|^2 \alpha_{em}^2(\mu) (1 - \hat{s})^2}{768\pi^5}$$

$$\times \left\{ \left(4 + \frac{8}{\hat{s}}\right) |\tilde{C}_7^{eff}|^2 + (1 + 2\hat{s})(|\tilde{C}_9^{eff}|^2 + |\tilde{C}_{10}^{eff}|^2) + 12 \operatorname{Re}(\tilde{C}_7^{eff} \tilde{C}_9^{eff*}) + \frac{d\Gamma^{brems}}{d\hat{s}} \right\}$$

- Compare to:

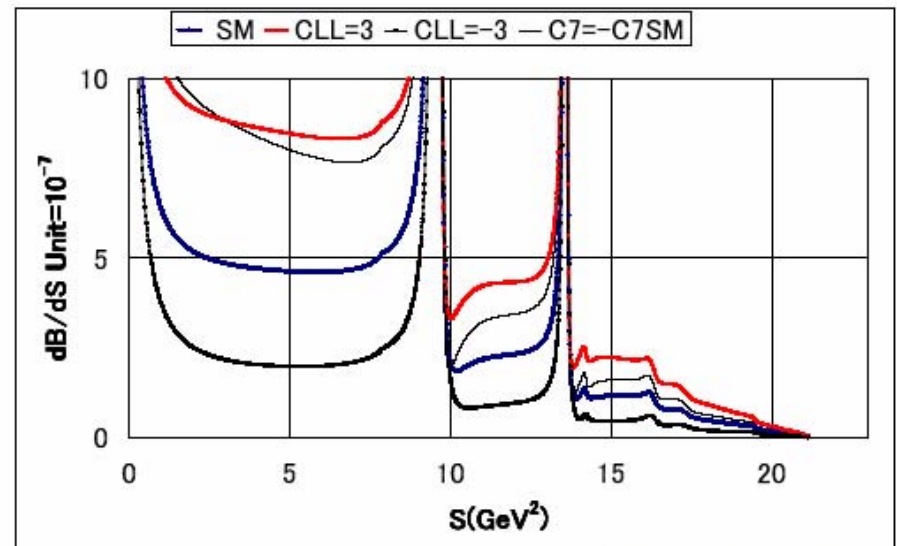
$$\Gamma(\bar{B} \rightarrow X_s \gamma) \propto |\tilde{C}_7^{eff}|^2$$

- SM size and signs of amplitudes

- $\tilde{C}_7^{eff} \simeq -0.30$

- $\tilde{C}_9^{eff} \simeq +4.05$

- $\tilde{C}_{10}^{eff} \simeq -4.26$



[Akeroyd et. al.]

B → K* // Angular Distribution

Berryhill

Low q^2 lower limit excludes
SM at 98% CL (2.05σ)

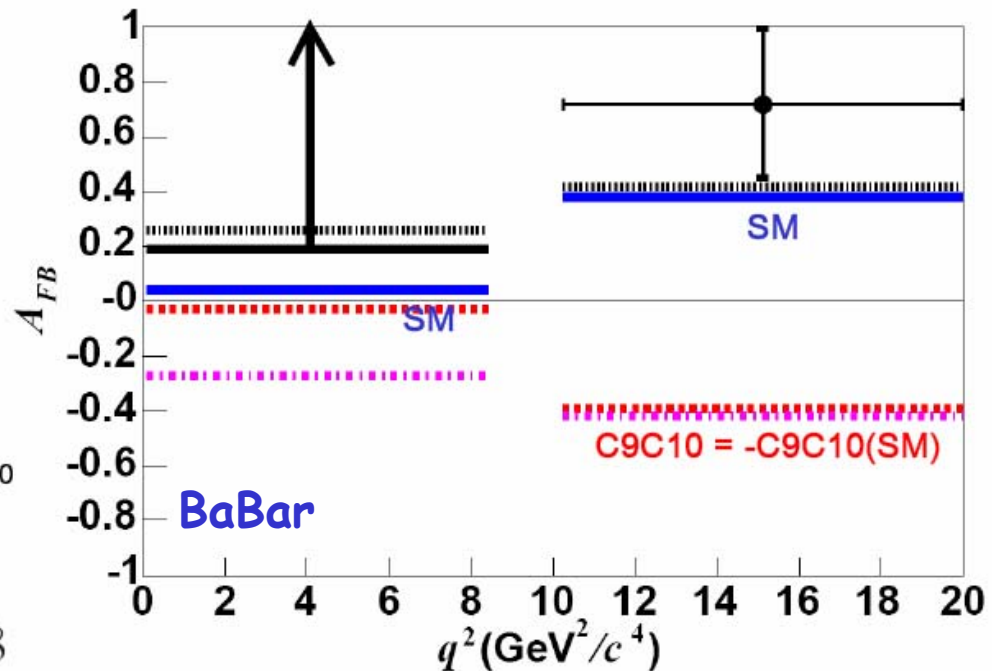
$$A_{FB} > 0.19 \text{ (95\%CL)}$$

$$A_{FB}(SM) = 0.03$$

At high q^2 , wrong-sign C_9C_{10}
is excluded at $>3\sigma$

$$A_{FB} = 0.72_{-0.26}^{+0.28} \pm 0.08$$

$$A_{FB}(SM) = 0.38$$



SM and alternate predictions from
NNLO OPE + LCSR form factors,
Ali et al. Phys. Rev. D 66 034002 (2002)
Ball and Zwicky Phys. Rev. D 71 014029 (2005)

LHC Flavor 15 May 06

13

$B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ Branching Ratio Limits

- Using Bayesian methods (flat prior) and including stat+syst errors
- Time evolution of limits (in 95%CL):

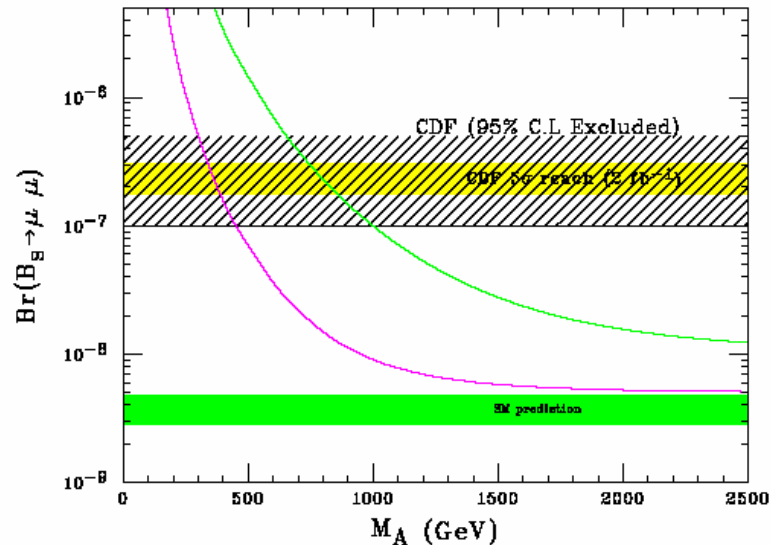
CDF $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$	176 pb ⁻¹	7.5×10^{-7}	Published
DØ $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$	240 pb ⁻¹	5.1×10^{-7}	Published
DØ $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$	300 pb ⁻¹	4.0×10^{-7}	Prelim.
DØ $\langle B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu \rangle$	700 pb ⁻¹	$< 2.3 \times 10^{-7} >$	Prelim. Sensitivity
CDF $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$	364 pb ⁻¹	2.0×10^{-7}	Published
CDF $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$	780 pb ⁻¹	1.0×10^{-7}	Prelim.
CDF $B_d \rightarrow \mu\mu$	364 pb ⁻¹	4.9×10^{-8}	Published
CDF $B_d \rightarrow \mu\mu$	780 pb ⁻¹	3.0×10^{-8}	Prelim.

World's best limits

Combine CDF + DØ (expected limit) improves result by ~20%
 $\rightarrow \text{Br}(B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu) < \sim 0.8 \times 10^{-7} @ 95\% \text{C.L.}$

$B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

- $\mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$ is large in SUSY because of the $\tan\beta$ -enhanced Higgs penguin
- Two approaches exist : Diagrammatic and Effective Lagrangian^a
- GIM operative points exist
- Indirect probe of the heavy Higgs sector



NNLO Matrix Elements

- large β_0 limit of 2- and 3-loop $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$ matrix elements of $Q_{7,8}$ and $Q_{1,2}$ worked out

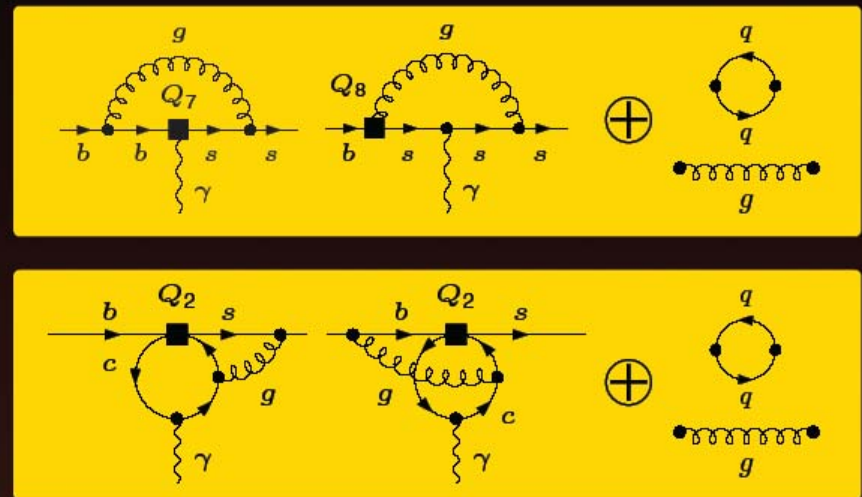
Bieri et al. '03

- analytic results for 2-loop $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$ corrections to self-interference of Q_7 derived

Blokland et al. '05, Asatrian et al. '06;
Melnikov & Mitov '05, Asatrian et al.,
Ferrogliia & Gambino

- interpolation in m_c of 3-loop $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$ matrix elements of $Q_{1,2}$ very far advanced

Misiak & Steinhauser



B \rightarrow X_s γ Summary

Belyaev

- LHCb has a good physics potential for study of radiative B-decays

	N/year	B/S @90%CL
$B_d \rightarrow K^{*0} \gamma$	35k	<0.7
$B_s \rightarrow \phi \gamma$	9.3k	<2.4
$B_d \rightarrow \omega \gamma$	40	<3.5
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda^0 \gamma$	750	<42
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda(1520) \gamma$	4.2k	<10
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda(1670) \gamma$	2.2k	<18
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda(1690) \gamma$	2.2k	<18

The *statistical* error on $A_{\text{dir}}(B \rightarrow K^{*0} \gamma)$ is well below 1%

The *statistical* error on V_{td}/V_{ts} from $B \rightarrow K^{*0} \gamma$ and $B \rightarrow \omega \gamma$ of about $O(0.1\sqrt{(1+B/S)/N})$

15% sensitivity to γ_R after 5 years

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{gauge}}(A_i, \psi_i) + \mathcal{L}_{\text{Higgs}}(\phi_i, A_i, \psi_i; Y) + \sum_{d \geq 5} \frac{c_n}{\Lambda^{d-4}} O_n^d(\phi_i, A_i, \psi_i)$$

→ 3 identical fermion families \Rightarrow huge flavour-degeneracy:

→ partial breaking of the flavour group:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{Yukawa}} = \bar{Q}_L Y_D D_R \phi + \bar{Q}_L Y_U U_R \phi_c + \bar{L}_L Y_L e_R \phi + \text{h.c.}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (\bar{3}, 1, 1) & & (1, 1, 3) \\ & \searrow \quad \swarrow & \\ & (3, 1, \bar{3}) & \end{array}$$

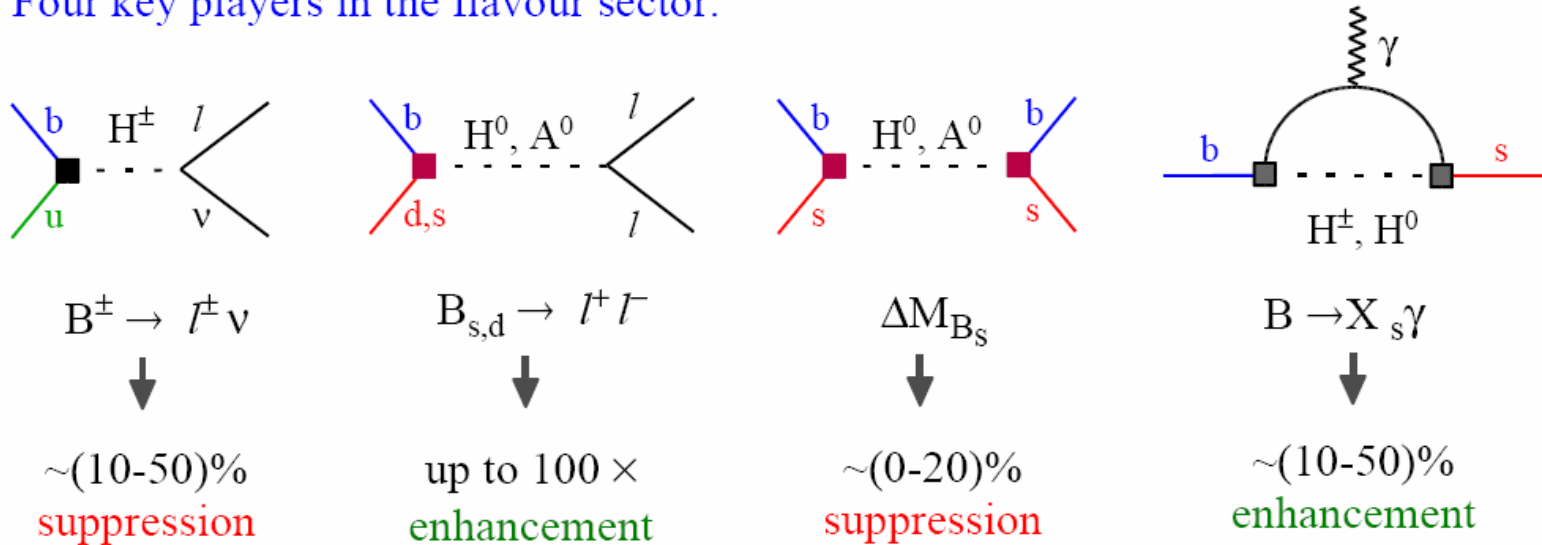
convenient to treat the Y
[& any additional source of flavour sym. breaking]
as spurions of

$$U(3)^5 = SU(3)_{Q_L} \times SU(3)_{U_R} \times SU(3)_{D_R} \times \dots$$

- MFV with 1 Higgs [or low $\tan\beta$] \Rightarrow no additional spurions
- MFV with multi Higgs \Rightarrow additional U(1) spurions
- NMFV \Rightarrow additional SU(3)-breaking spurions
- \vdots \vdots

► Minimal Flavour Violation at large $\tan\beta$

Four key players in the flavour sector:



[qualitative general features for $M_H \sim 500$ GeV & $\tan\beta \sim 50$]

Despite several new free parameters, the framework exhibits a well defined pattern of enhancements & suppressions (consistent with present data)

The recent experimental infos on $B(B^\pm \rightarrow l^\pm \nu)$ [Belle] & ΔM_{B_s} [CDF]

allows us to explore this scenario more deeply

G.I. & P.Paradisi '06

Littlest Higgs Models without and with T-Parity

New particles: (with $O(f)$ masses)

LH

Gauge Bosons: $W_{\text{H}}^{\pm}, Z_{\text{H}}^0, A_{\text{H}}^0$
Fermions: T
Scalars: Φ^{\pm}, \dots

LHT

T-even
Sector

T-odd
Sector

SM Particles + T_+

Gauge Bosons: $W_{\text{H}}^{\pm}, Z_{\text{H}}^0, A_{\text{H}}^0$
Fermions: $T_+, \text{Mirror Fermions}$
Scalars: Φ^{\pm}, \dots

Main Messages from
Blanke, AJB, Poschenrieder, CT, Uhlig, Weiler

- The **LHT** Model offers a **useful playground** for studying **non-MFV** interactions
- All the existing **“Problems”** can be **solved**
- Large ϵ_P -effects in $B^0_s - \bar{B}^0_s$ are allowed
- **Mirror Fermions rescue** the $\gamma = -109^\circ$ solution

The analysis of

$$B_{s,d} \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-, B \rightarrow X_{s,d} \nu \bar{\nu}, B \rightarrow X_{s,d} l^+ l^-$$

$$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}, K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}, K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 l^+ l^-$$

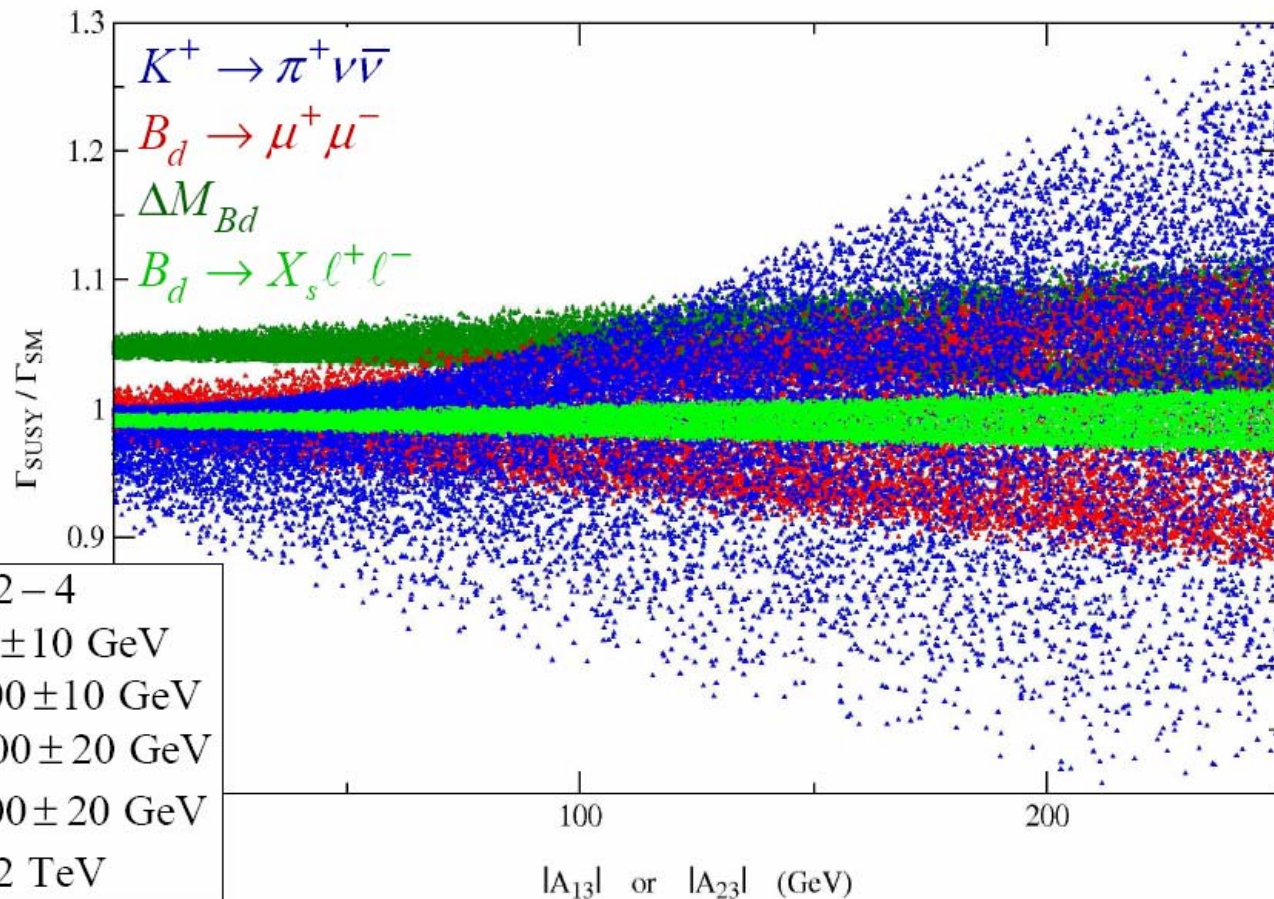
is coming soon !

Rare Kaon Decays

Smith

Large A_u

- Sensitivity $|\mathbf{A}_{13}|, |\mathbf{A}_{23}| \leq A_0 \lambda$, $A_0 = 1 \text{ TeV}$, and phases left free.



B \rightarrow VV can be useful

Beneke

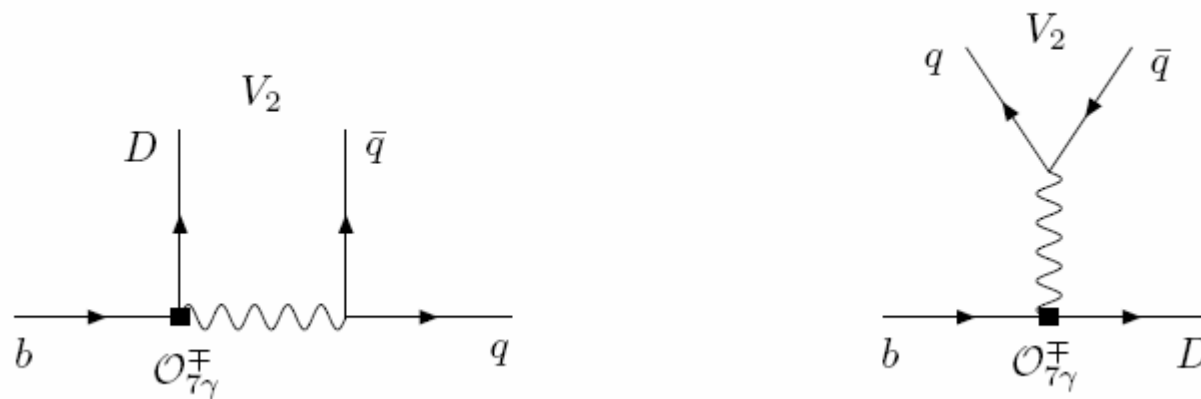
- A determination of $\alpha [\gamma]$

(MB, M. Gronau, J. Rohrer, M. Spranger, to appear in PLB, hep-ph/0604005)

$$B^0 \rightarrow \rho^+ \rho^- \quad B^+ \rightarrow K^{*0} \rho^+$$

- Enhanced electroweak penguin (electromagnetic dipole – $O_{7\gamma}^\mp$) contributions in decays to transversely polarized vector mesons

(MB, J. Rohrer, D. Yang, PRL 96 (2006) 141801, hep-ph/0512258)



CP Symmetry and Time Reversal in

$$\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda V(1^-)$$

An Experimentalist-Theorist Collaboration

- " Λ_b Decays into Λ -Vector", Physics Letters B614 (2005), 165-173;
"Testing Fundamental symmetries with Λ_b Decays", hep-ph/0602043;
"Analysis of $\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda J\psi$ ", LHCb Physics 2005-067

E. Conte¹, Z.J. Ajaltouni¹, O. Leitner²

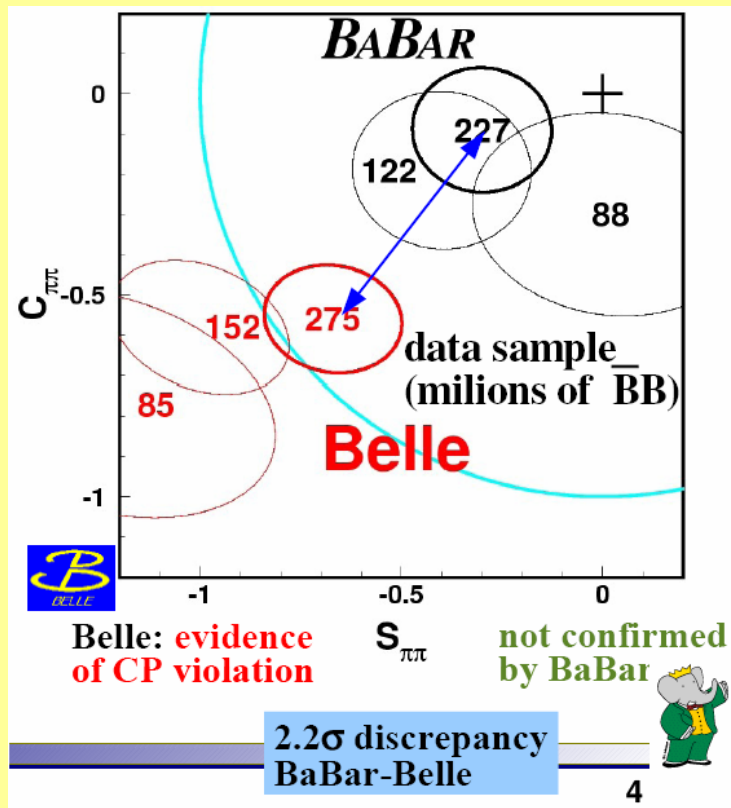
Alpha from $B \rightarrow \pi\pi$

- The moduli of the amplitudes A_0 and A_2 are given with good accuracy by factorisation; FSI phase shift is very large, $\delta \approx 50^\circ$.
- Theoretical uncertainty of the value of α extracted from $B \rightarrow \pi\pi$ data on S_{+-} is at the level of few degrees.
- Resolution of the contradiction of Belle and BABAR data on CP asymmetries are very important both for checking the correctness of our approach (C) and determination of angle α (S).

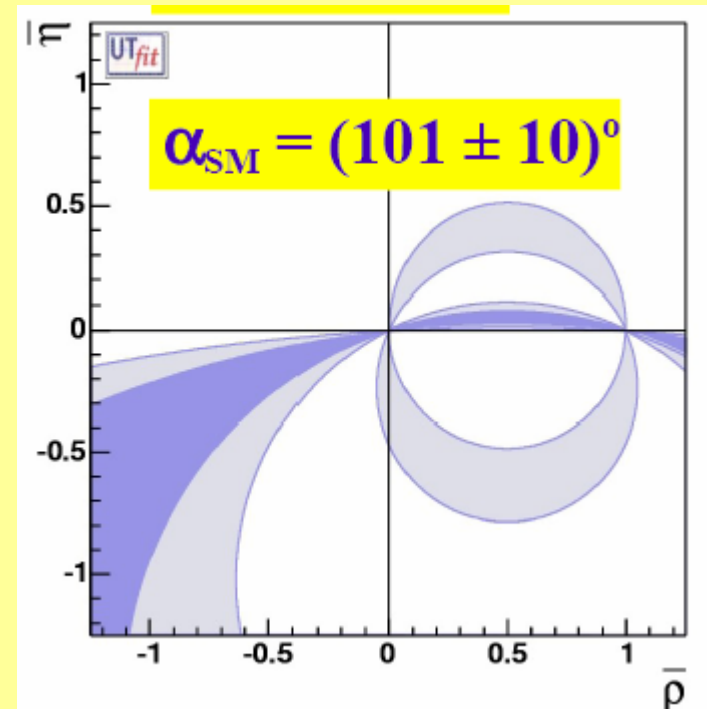
Current status of alpha

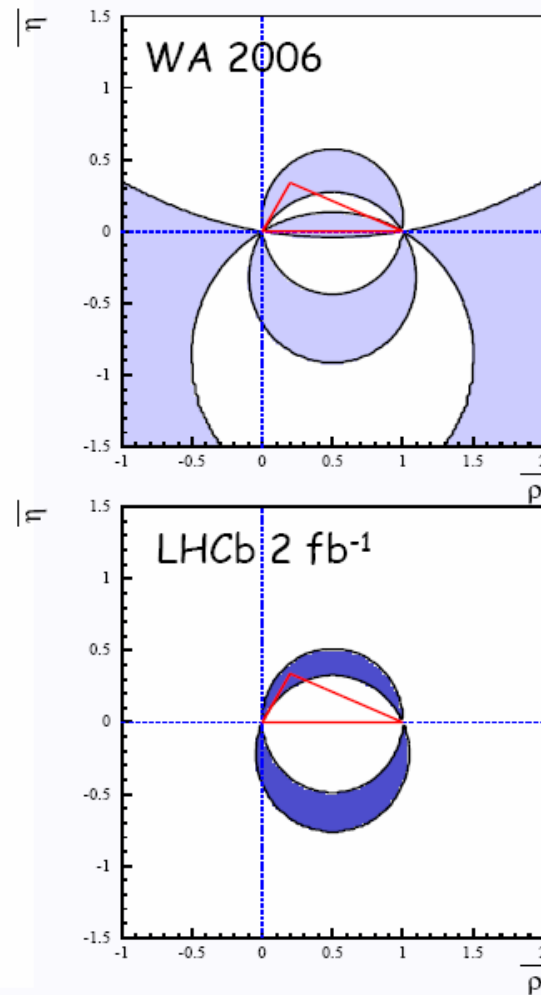
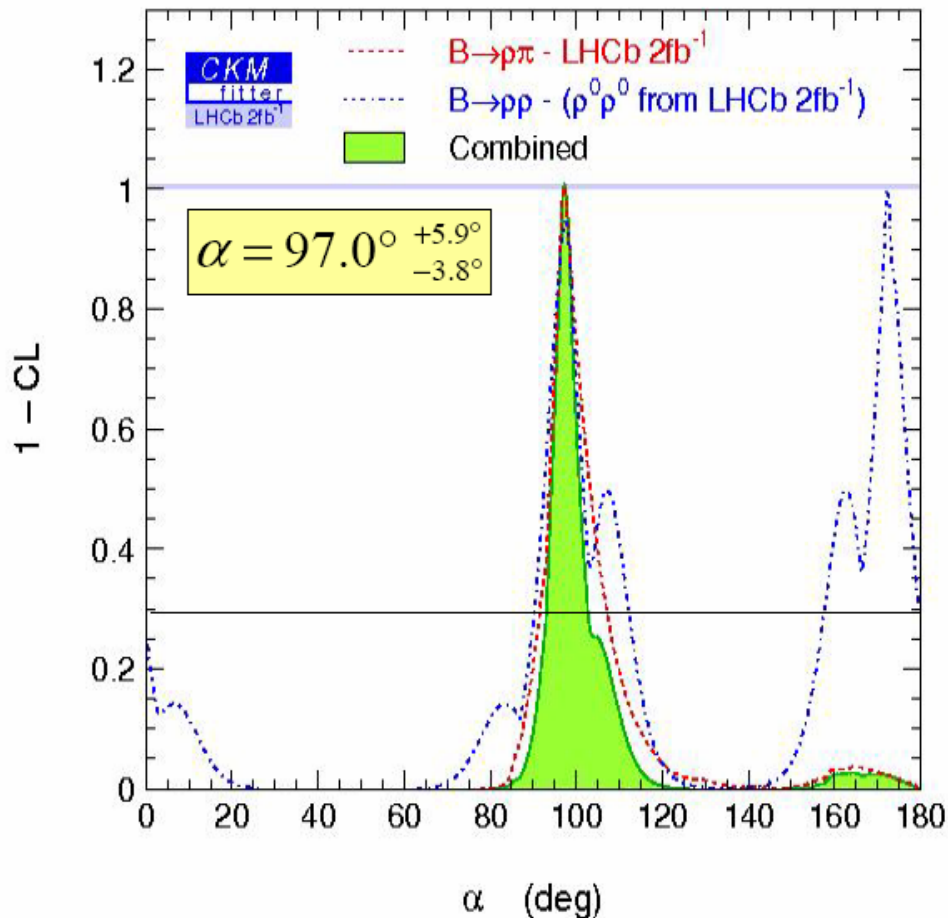
Bona

$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$



$B \rightarrow \rho\rho, \pi\pi, \rho\pi$





Deschamps

γ extraction with 4-body D decays in $B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm$

Rademacker

- Introduced new 4-body “Dalitz” method to extract γ . Successfully fitted γ to Toy-MC generated $B^\pm \rightarrow D(KK\pi\pi)K^\pm$ events.
- Extracting γ with using $B^\pm \rightarrow D(KK\pi\pi)K^\pm$ particularly suited to “messy” hadron environment: No tagging, no neutrals.
- Precision: $\sigma(\gamma) \sim 10^\circ$ for 1k events (no Bg, detector effects). Complementary to other B->DK methods - combined fit possible. Full study will be pursued within the context of LHCb.
- Alternative method introduced: Unbinned Dalitz *Asymmetries*. Acceptance effects cancel, but it’s costly in stat. precision
- Method should work for other modes, eg. $B^\pm \rightarrow D(K\pi\pi\pi)K^\pm$ with 30 times larger BR (Cabbibo-supressed channel on its own has similar BR, but larger asymmetry due to ADS effect).

BEPC2/BESIII tau charm factory

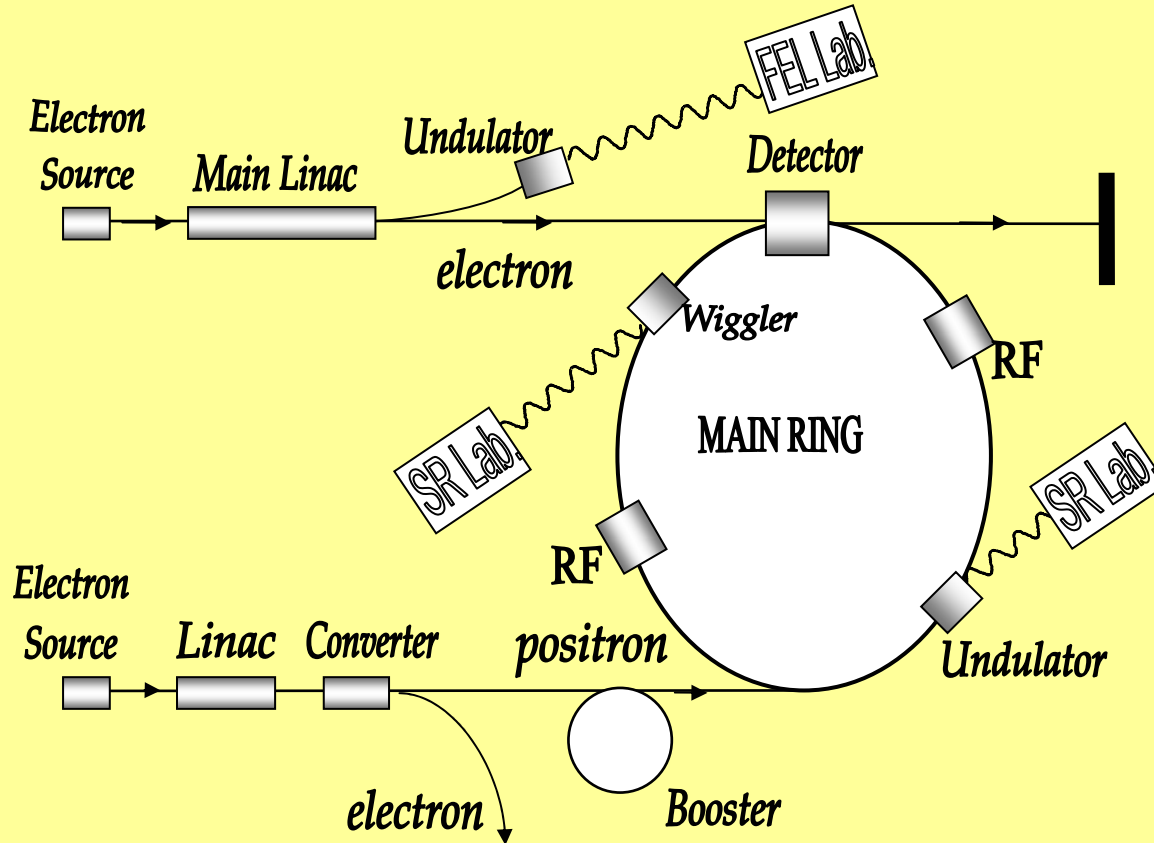
Asner



- Beam collisions expected in spring 2007
- Design luminosity $10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$.

Turkic Accelerator Complex

Sultansoy



- Schematic view of the **TAC charm factory** complex
- TAC charm factory ($L=10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$), planned to work in **mid 2010's**, will contribute charm physics greatly.

WG2 Yellow Book Planning

Chapter 1: New Physics Scenarios (~40 p.)

- Overview (WG2 Conveners) (3 p.)
- SUSY (MFV, non-MFV, Specific) (Benchmark Models contact persons + contrib) (15 p.)
- Non-SUSY (Benchmark Models contact persons + contrib) (7 p.)
- Model independent analyses (Benchmark Models contact persons + contrib) (7 p.)
- Methods and tools (Tools contact persons + contrib) (8 p.)

Chapter 2: Hadronic Uncertainties (~20p.)

- Overview (WG2 Conveners)
- Non-perturbative input from lattice QCD
- Non-perturbative input from QCDSR
- Exclusive decays

(Buchalla + contrib)

Chapter 3: New Physics in Benchmark Channels (~100p.)

- Prospects for existing and future facilities (WG2 Conveners + contrib) (10 p.)
- Benchmark channels:
 - Radiative penguin decays (Gambino, Golutvin + contrib) (10 p.)
 - Electroweak penguin decays (Feldmann, Berryhill + contrib) (10 p.)
 - Neutrino modes (Grossman, Iijima + contrib) (10 p.)
 - Very rare decays (Nierste, Smizanska + contrib) (10 p.)
 - UT angles (tree-dominated) (Soni, Bona, Trabelsi, Wilkinson + contrib) (10 p.)
 - B_s mixing (Lubicz, van Huten + contrib) (10 p.)
 - $b \rightarrow s, b \rightarrow d$ hadronic decays (Ciuchini, Muheim + contrib) (10 p.)
 - K decays (Buras, Komatsubara + contrib) (10 p.)
 - Charm decays (Fajfer, Asner + contrib) (10 p.)

Chapter 4: Assessments (~30p.)

- New physics patterns and correlations (WG2 Conveners + Isidori + Okada + contrib) (10 p.)
 - Connections to high-pt and lepton physics (WG2 Conveners + Parodi + Heinemeyer + contrib) (10 p.)
 - Discrimination between NP scenarios (WG2 Conveners + Isidori + Okada + contrib) (10 p.)
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- Deadline for 1st draft 18 Sep 2006