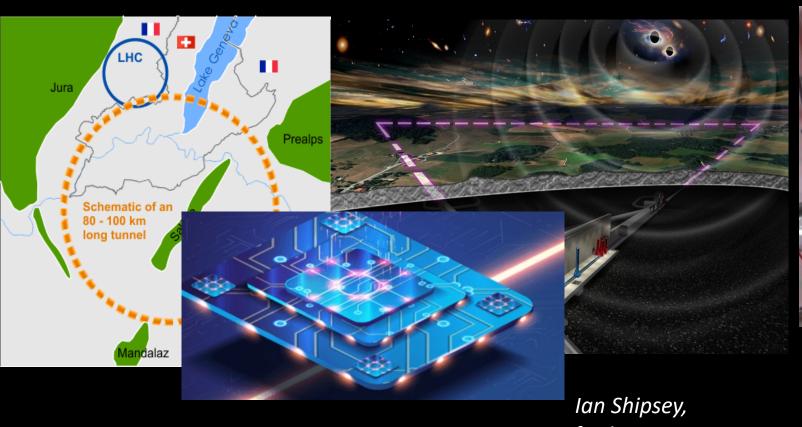
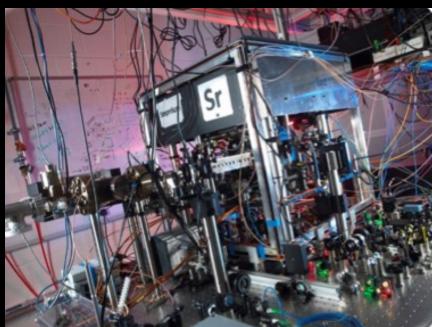
# The Great Questions in Fundamental Physics and the Detector Technologies to Address them via the ECFA Detector Roadmap





Oxford University
(ECFA Roadmap co-coordinator)

## **Opportunities for Discovery**

Many mysteries to date go unanswered including:

The mystery of the Higgs boson

The mystery of Neutrinos

The mystery of Dark Matter

They mystery of Dark Energy

The mystery of quarks and charged leptons

The mystery of Matter – anti-Matter asymmetry

The mystery of the Hierarchy Problem

The mystery of the Families of Particles

The mystery of Inflation

The mystery of Gravity

How do quarks and gluons give rise to the properties of nuclei The mystery of the origin and engine of high energy cosmic particles

Multiple theoretical solutions – experiment must guide the way

We are very much in a data driven era for which we need new tools!





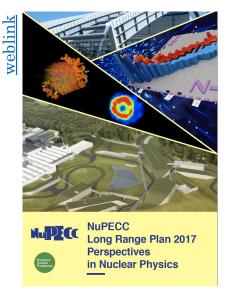
### Most recent European Strategies

#### the large ...



2017-2026 European Astroparticle Physics Strategy

#### ... the connection ...



Long Range Plan 2017
Perspectives in Nuclear Physics

#### ... the small



2020 Update of the European Particle Physics Strategy

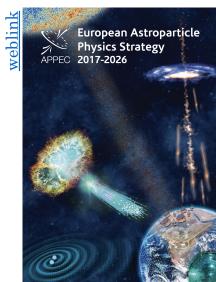
Are community driven strategies outlining our ambition to address compelling open questions

Guidance for funding authorities to develop resource-loaded research programmes

the update of the European Strategy for Particle Physics, recognizing the primacy of instrumentation, called on the community via ECFA to define a global detector R&D roadmap

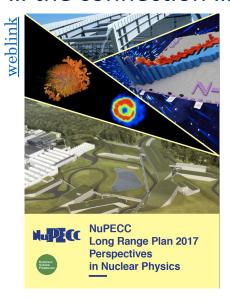
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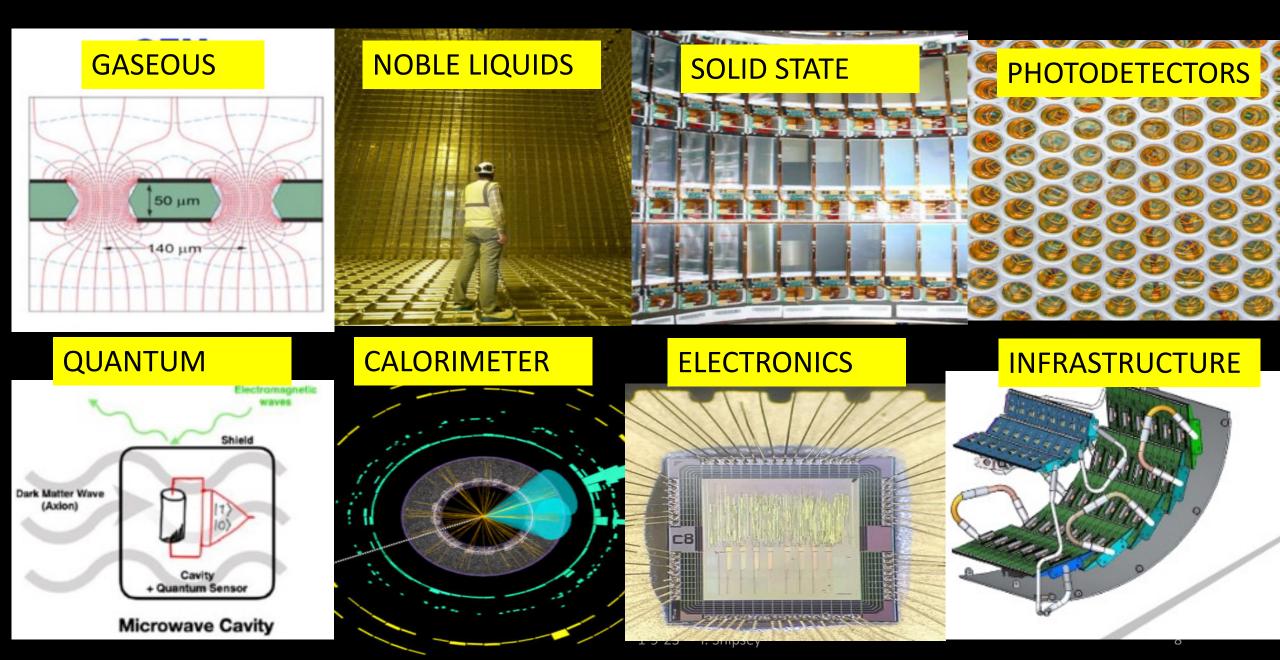


2020 Update of the European Particle Physics Strategy



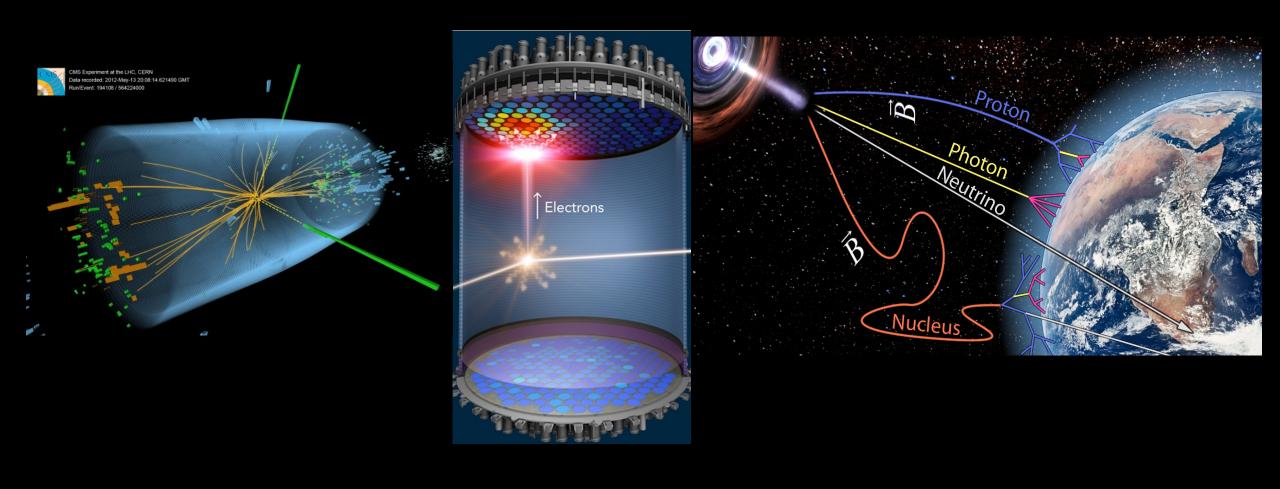
ECFA Detector R&D Roadmap

## Technology Classification for the ECFA R&D Roadmap



### Our Technologies: synergy & broad applicability

• The technologies we develop are broadly applicable across PP NP and APP & synergistically developed



## ECFA Detector R&D Roadmap

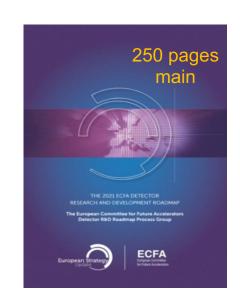
CERN

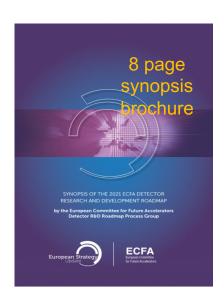
- Given the future physics programme, identify the main technology R&D to be met so that detectors ar not the limiting factor for the timeline.
- Detector context considered:
  - Full exploitation of LHC
  - Long baseline neutrinos
  - Detectors for future Higgs-EW-Top factories (in all manifestations)
  - Long term vision for 100 TeV hadron collider

- Future muon colliders
- Accelerator setup for rare decays/dark matter
- Experiments for precision QCD
- Non accelerator experiments (reactor neutrinos, double beta decay, dark matter)

Process organised by Panel and nine Task Forces with input sessions and open symposia with wide community consultation (1359 registrants)

Main Document published (approval by RECFA at 19/11/21) and 8 page synopsis brochure prepared for less specialised audience





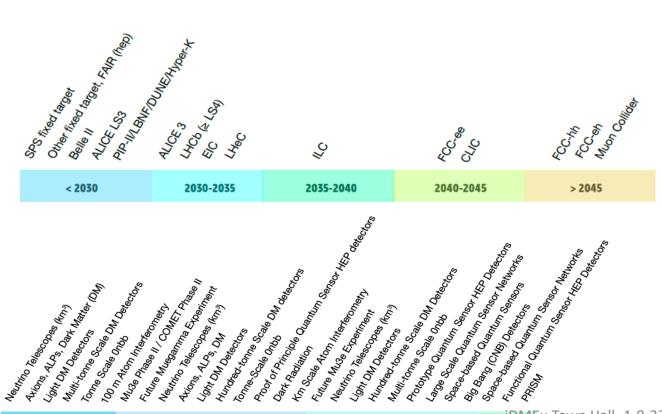
Roadmap Panel web pages at:

https://indico.cern.ch/
e/ECFADetectorRDR
oadmap
Documents CERNESU-017:
10.17181/CERN.XDP
L.W2EX

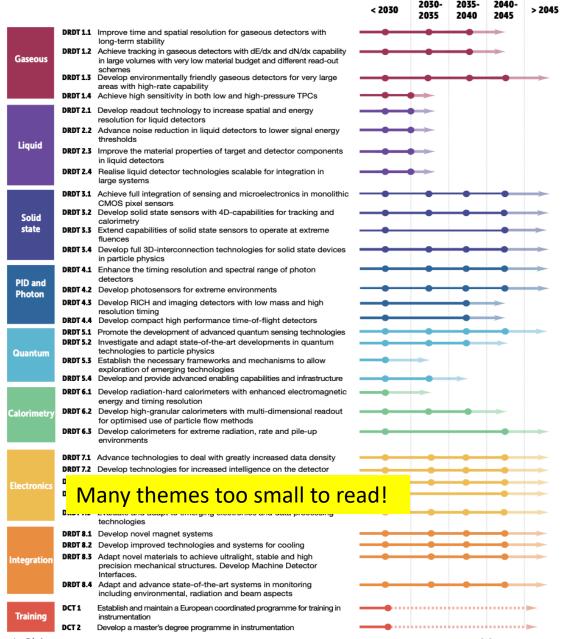
ECFA Detector R&D

## Roadmap Document Structure

Within each Task Force (one for each technology area + training) the aim is to propose a time ordered detector R&D programme by Detector Research and Development Themes (DRDT) in terms of capabilities not currently achievable.

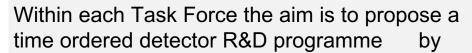


### DETECTOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT THEMES (DRDTs) & DETECTOR COMMUNITY THEMES (DCTs)



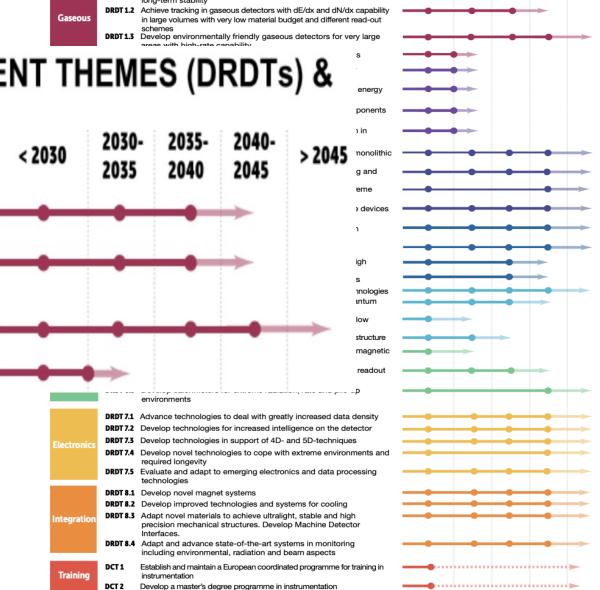
## Roadmap Document Structure

#### **DETECTOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT THEMES (DRDTs) & DETECTOR COMMUNITY THEMES (DCTs)**



DRDT 1.1 Improve time and spatial resolution for gaseous detectors with in large volumes with very low material budget and different read-out DRDT 1.3 Develop environmentally friendly gaseous detectors for very large

DETECTOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT THEMES (DRDTs) & **DETECTOR COMMUNITY THEMES (DCTs)** 



Gaseous

**DRDT 1.1** Improve time and spatial resolution for gaseous detectors with long-term stability

DRDT 1.2 Achieve tracking in gaseous detectors with dE/dx and dN/dx capability in large volumes with very low material budget and different read-out schemes

Develop environmentally friendly gaseous detectors for very large areas with high-rate capability

Achieve high sensitivity in both low and high-pressure TPCs

> 2045

Gaseous detectors

Are ubiquitous

& long in gestation

**Detector Readiness** Matrices of each Task Force chapter focus on the extent to which the R&D topic is *mission* critical to the programme rather than the intensity of R&D required

- Must happen or main physics goals cannot be met
- Important to meet physics goals
- Desirable to enhance physics reach
- R&D need being met

## Role: ↓ Muon system Proposed technologies: RPC, Multi-GEM, resistive GEM, Micromagas, Micropivel Micromegas, µ-Pwell, µ-PIC Inner/central

tracking with PID Proposed technologies: TPC+(multi-GEM, Micromagas, Gridpio), drift chambers, cylindrical layers of MPGD, straw chambers

#### Preshower/ Calorimeters

Proposed technologies: FPC, MFPC, Micromegas and GBV, µ-Rwell, InGrid (integrated Micromegas grid with pixel readout, PICOSEC, FTM

#### Particle ID/TOF

Proposed technologies: FECH+MPGD, TRD+MPGD, TOF MRPC, PICCISEC, FTM

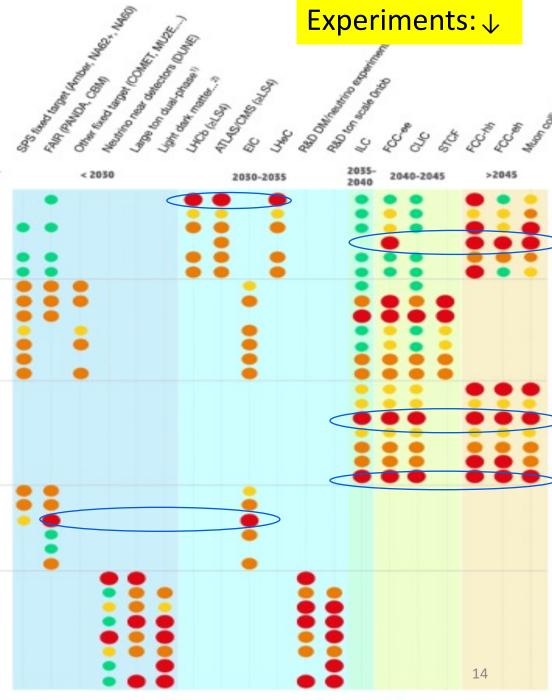
#### TPC for rare decays

Proposed technologies: TPC+MPGD operation from very low to very high pressure)

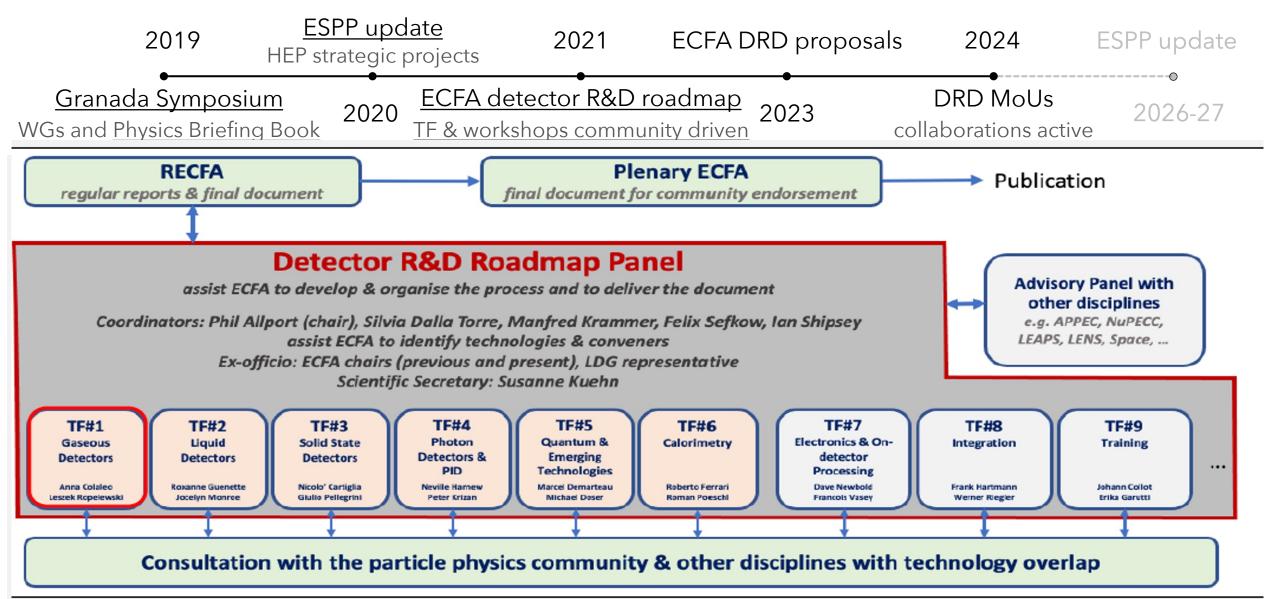
#### Metrics:↓ DRDT Rad-hard/longevity 1.1 1.1 Time resolution 1.1 Fine granularity 1.3 Gas properties (eco-gas) 1.1 Spatial resolution 1.3 Rate capability 1.1 Rad-hard/longevity Low X<sub>n</sub> 1.2 IBF (TPC only) 1.1 Time resolution 1.3 Rate capability 1.2 1.1 Fine granularity 1.1 Rad-hard/longevity 1.1 Low power 1.3 Gas properties (eco-gas) 1.1 Fast timing 1.1 Fine granularity 1.3 Rate capability 1.3 Large array/integration 1.1 Rad-hard (photocathode) IBF (RICH only) 1.2 1.1 Precise timing 1.3 Rate capability 1.2 dE/dx 1.1 Fine granularity Low power 1.4 Fine granularity 1.4 1.4 Large array/volume Higher energy resolution 1.4 Lower energy threshold 1.4 Optical readout 1.4 Gas pressure stability 1.4

1.4

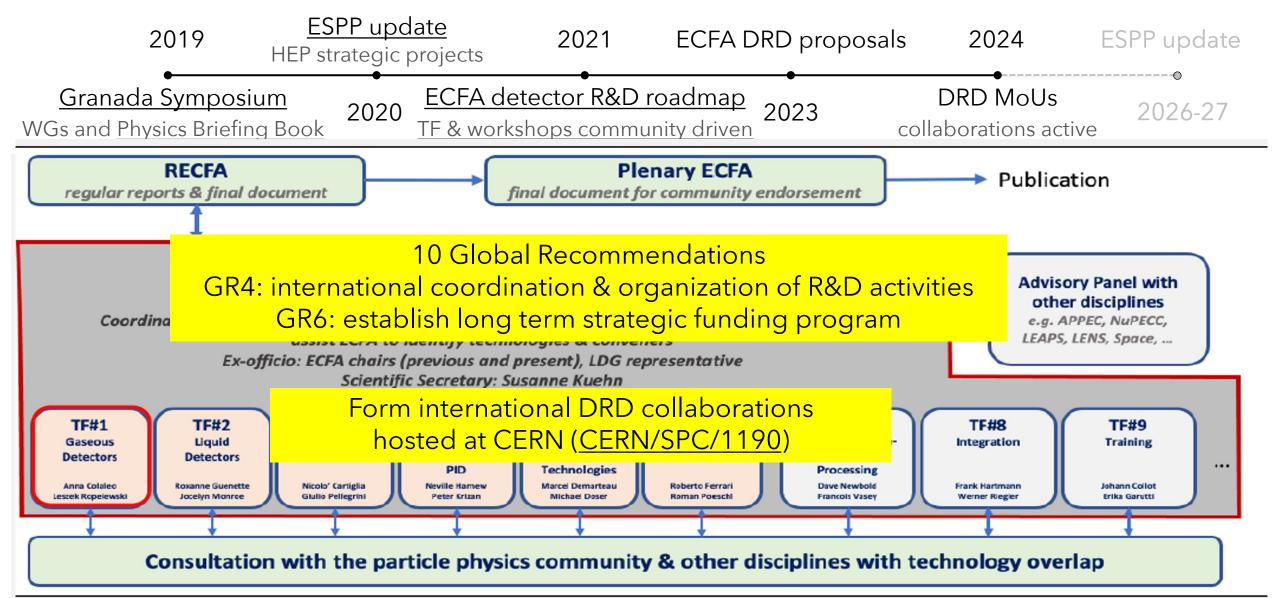
Radiopurity



### Steps toward a long term detector R&D program

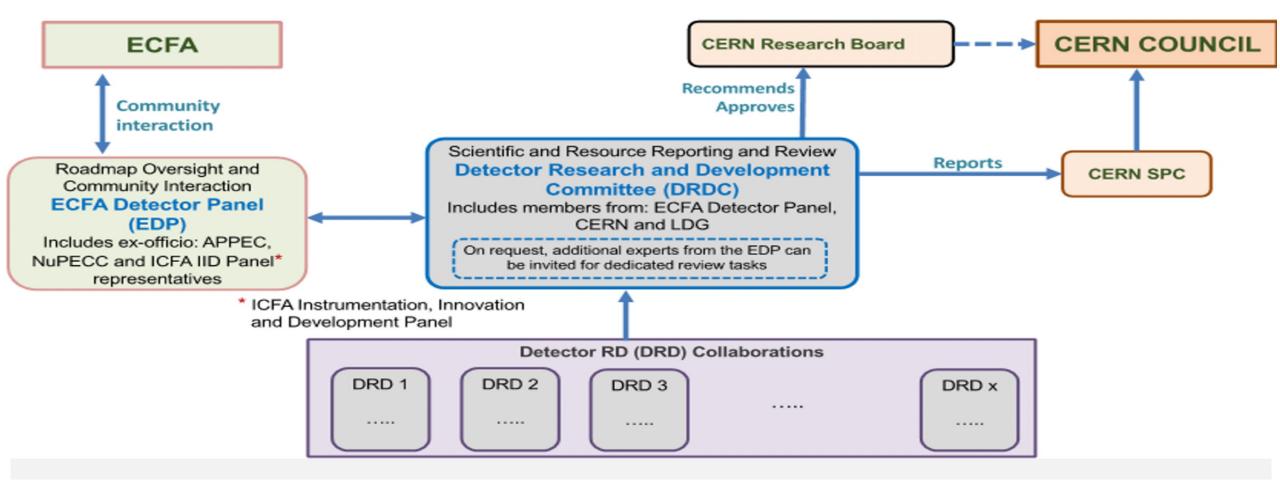


### Steps toward a long term detector R&D program



### Framework for DRD collaborations

similar to <u>general conditions</u> for execution of experiments at CERN with a dedicated Detector R&D review Committee and MoU with Funding Agencies

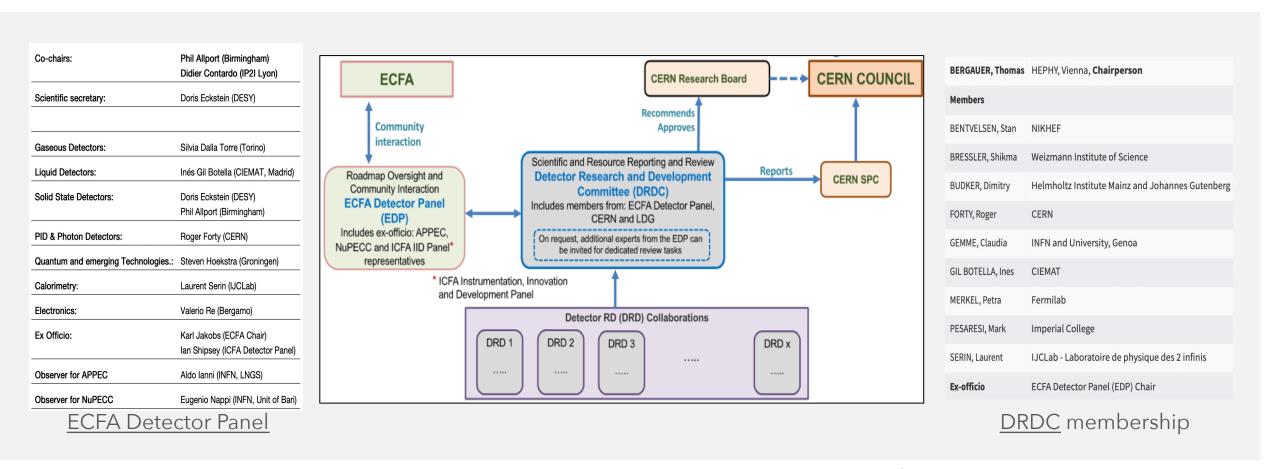


EDP provides input on DRD proposals to the DRDC\* in terms of roadmap priorities it follows up achievements and evolution from experiment concept groups for update of the rodmap

<sup>\*</sup> through its co-chairs, appointed members in the DRDC or via topic-specific experts in the conduct of the DRDC reviews

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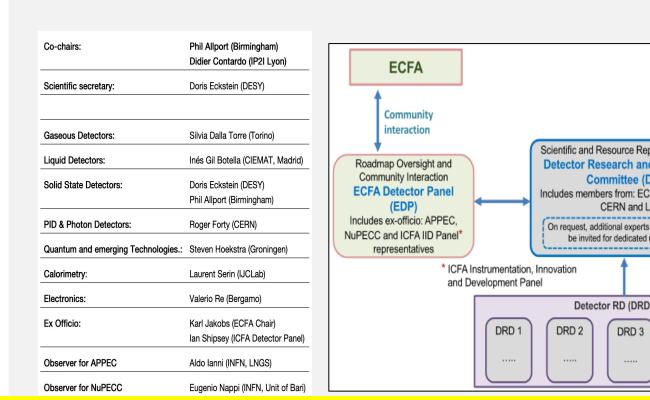


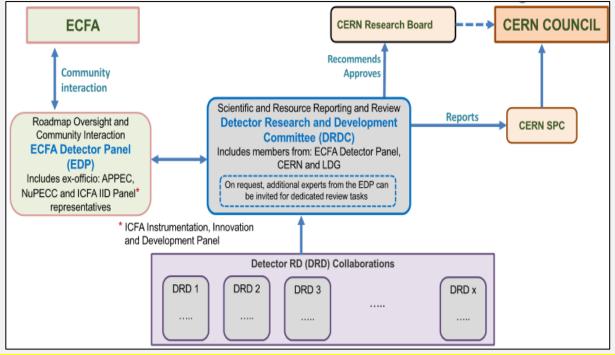
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BERGAUER, Thomas	HEPHY, Vienna, Chairperson
Members	
BENTVELSEN, Stan	NIKHEF
BRESSLER, Shikma	Weizmann Institute of Science
BUDKER, Dimitry	Helmholtz Institute Mainz and Johannes Gutenberg
FORTY, Roger	CERN
GEMME, Claudia	INFN and University, Genoa
GIL BOTELLA, Ines	CIEMAT
MERKEL, Petra	Fermilab
PESARESI, Mark	Imperial College
SERIN, Laurent	IJCLab - Laboratoire de physique des 2 infinis
Ex-officio	ECFA Detector Panel (EDP) Chair

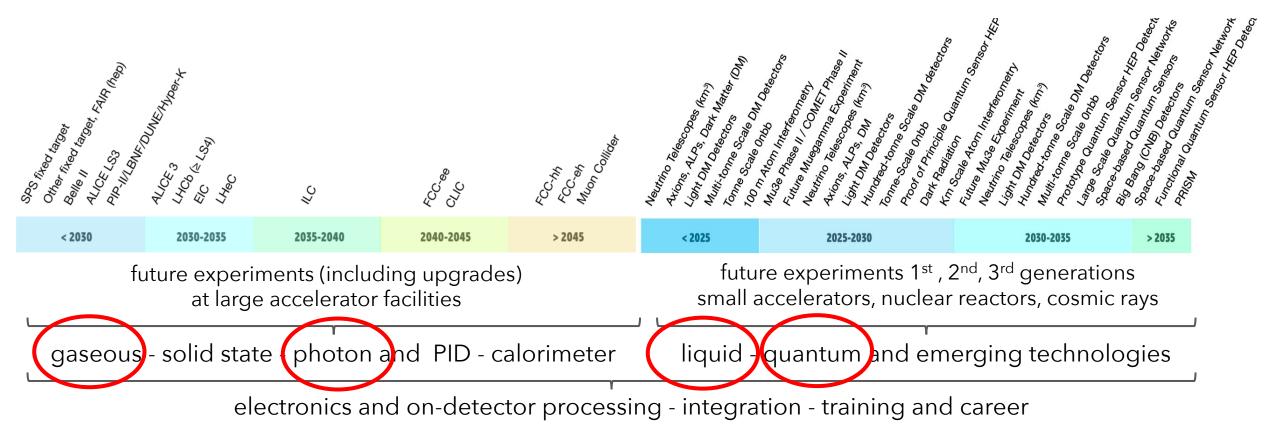
DRD collaborations aim to ensure that R&D readiness is not a primary project schedule driver 5 proposals and 2 LoIs submitted this month to DRDC

> 9 months preparation - community driven with workshops and calls for contributions ECFA roadmap panel guidance and templates to prepare documentation

interim leadership: roadmap TF teams and leaders of current R&D programs CERN RD50 (rad. hard semiconductors), RD51 (MPGDs), RD42 (diamond), RD18 (crystals)\*, CALICE, AIDAInnova...

### DRD areas were defined in the ECFA detector roadmap

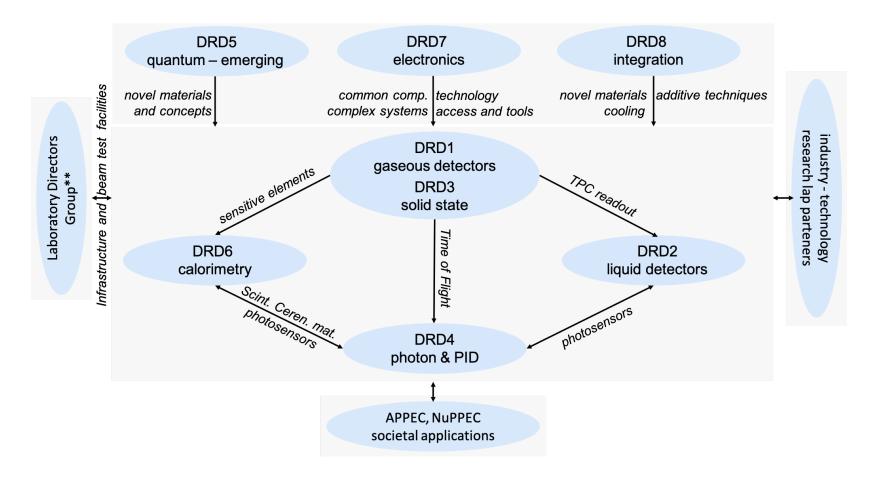
mapping technology & systems R&D to needs of HEP strategic projects



iDMEu Town Hall -1-9-23 -- I. Shipsey

### Execution programs consider links across DRDs and external

typical hierarchy is technology areas\* - Work Packages - deliverables & milestones needs/availability of irradiation & beam test facilities is being investigated in conjunction with LDG\*\*



<sup>\*</sup> can be technology elements entering several systems, specific system components and/or full systems depending on DRD area

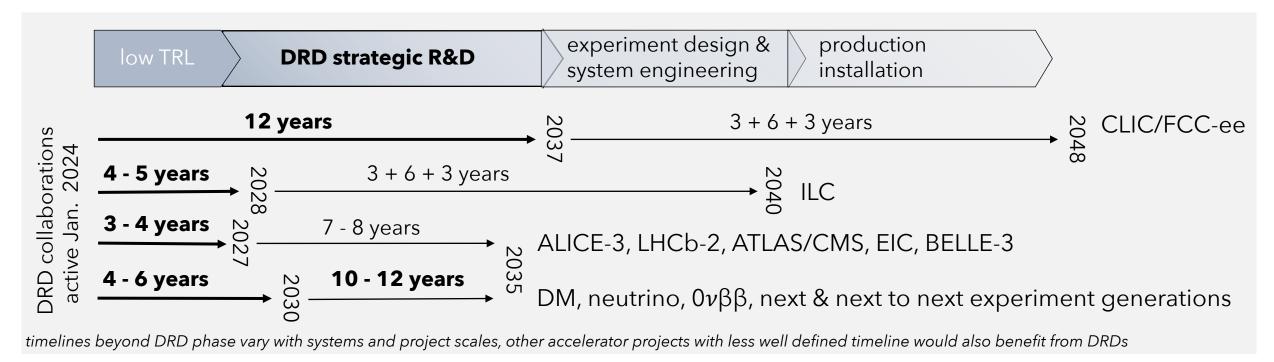
<sup>\*\*</sup> CEA/Irfu-France, CERN-EU, CIEMAT-Spain, DESY-Germany, IJCLab-FigMte, IMPItaly, LNGS-Italy, Nikherf-Netherlands, PSI-Switzerland, STFC/Daresbury-UK, STFC/RAL-UK

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> DRD8 still under discussion see slide 32

### Planning is dynamic

driven by strategic project timelines and R&D progress

Considering low <u>TRL</u>\* becoming strategic & timeline to enter specific experiment designs



- Presently focusing on a 1st phase of 3 4 years, identifying decision points & transitions
  - stepping stones earlier strategic programs
  - iterations toward longer term goals: new technologies new materials ultimate radiation tolerance
- Synchronizing supply of components for prototypes across DRDs

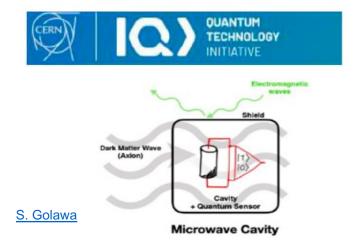
### DRD collaboration organization and resources

- Organization framework described in proposals
  - management, committees and Working Group structure
    - building on WGs set-up in preparation of proposals
    - including contact persons to other related DRD areas
  - place/status of partners, industrial and from other fields
- Human resources and budget
  - in public document
    - list of institutes willing to contribute to various Technology Areas
    - estimate of human and funding resources required to achieve the TA goals
  - Confidential to DRDC to evaluate feasibility of the programs
    - · current level of human and funding resources expected to be available/prolongated
    - new resources being requested to achieve the strategic scope
    - preliminary "money matrix" of potential funding per Funding Agency
- MoUs for 1st phase (3-4 years) will be prepared in 2024 for agreement with FAs
  - resources are at this stage only those expected to be considered by Funding Agencies
  - funding will remain within institutes supported by FAs
  - an updating process to follow DRD progress and project timelines will be established by CERN
- Ramp-up of funding needs with time can be expected to access new technologies

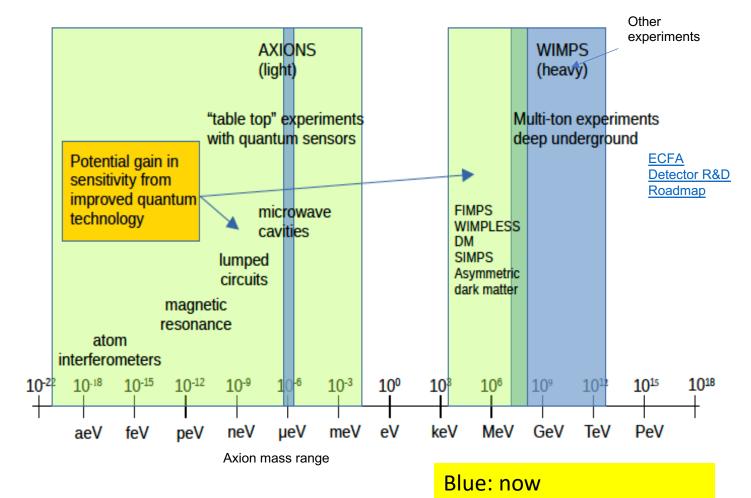
## Quantum and emerging technologies

CERN

- Quantum Technologies are a rapidly emerging area of technology development to study fundamental physics
- The ability to engineer quantum systems to improve on the measurement sensitivity holds great promise
- Many different sensor and technologies being investigated: clocks and clock networks, spin-based, superconducting, optomechanical sensors, atoms/molecules/ions, atom interferometry, ...
- Several initiatives started at CERN, DESY, FNAL, US, UK, ...



Example: potential mass ranges that quantum sensing approaches open up for Axion searches & other light particles

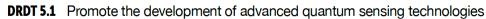


Ligitt gice

Light green: with quantum

### DRD5 Quantum Sensors and emerging technologies

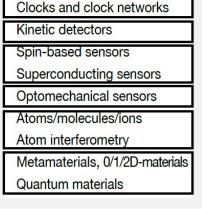
Sensors with high sensitivity and precision, nano/meta/heterogenous materials enabling new experimental concepts, so far applications in EDM, DM, neutrino,  $0\nu\beta\beta$  searches, fundamental forces, including gravity

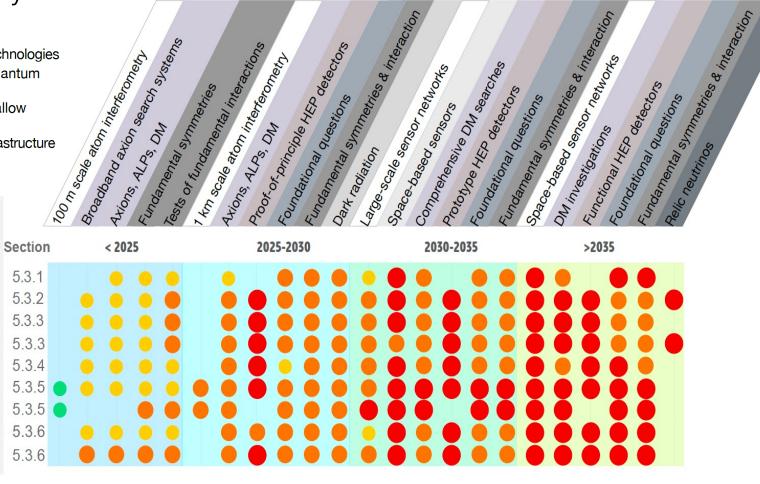


- **DRDT 5.2** Investigate and adapt state-of-the-art developments in quantum technologies to particle physics
- **DRDT 5.3** Establish the necessary frameworks and mechanisms to allow exploration of emerging technologies
- **DRDT 5.4** Develop and provide advanced enabling capabilities and infrastructure

## Implementation white paper/Lol

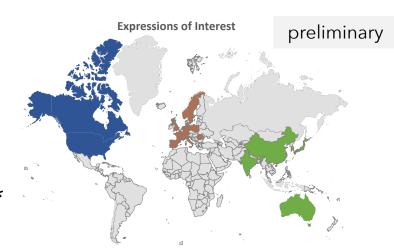
Technology Areas sensor families





### DRD5: Quantum & emerging technologies

40 institutes in 15 countries, 25 proposed contributions
conveners: Marcel Demarteau, Michael Doser
White Paper / Lol being submitted to DRDC
identify WPs suitable for community & collaborative effort building\*



- WP1: Network of atomic clocks and global sub-ns time stamping portable reference
- WP2: Exotic systems in traps and beam
- WP3: Cryogenic systems solid state superconducting materials electronics integration
- WP4: Theory
- WP5: Scaling to larger systems preserving quantum properties
- WP6: Capability driven design

#### community meeting October 2-4

#### https://doser.web.cern.ch

#### what's this about?

The <u>implementation</u> of the ECFA detector R&D roadmap for quantum sensing for particle physics is planned to proceed in several steps: first a <u>workshop among conveners</u>, then the writing of a <u>White Paper (evolving draft)</u> based on this workshop, but with involvement of the different communities interacting with the conveners, then the drafting of a <u>Letter of Interest</u> based on the White paper and to be submitted to a CERN scientific committee, the <u>DRDC</u> in September, 2023. A document describing the process can be found <u>here</u>. If you are interested, please sign up <u>here</u> for regular updates by email.

A <u>workshop</u> to prepare the proposal for submission by the end of the year will take place at CERN from Oct. 2-4.

The six quantum sensing families that form part of the ECFA detector R&D roadmap are:

- clocks and clock networks
- kinetic detectors
- superconducting and spin-based sensors
- -optomechanical sensors
- atoms, ions, molecules and atom interferometry
- metamaterials, 0-,1-,2-dimensional materials

A workshop on these different families (represented both by the conveners themselves, as well as based on the submissions to a <u>call for contributions</u>) took place at CERN from April 2-5, 2023. The outcome of this workshop is two-fold:

<u>Minutes of the workshop</u>. These minutes provide an overview of the presentations and discussions surrounding the many activities in the field of quantum technologies and related areas, and highlight some possible Work Packages (WP's) for the implementation phase.

White Paper (in the process of being written). This White Paper is structured around these WP's and is geared towards preparing a LOI that structures these activities within a proto-collaboration, named iDMEu Town Hall -1-9-23 -- I. Shipsey DRD5 / RDq.

who's who?

Conveners of the first ECFA quantum sensing implementation workshop (Apr. 2-5, 2023, CERN)

Hiroki Akamatsu, Etiennette Auffray, Caterina Braggio, Florian Brunbauer, Shion Chen, Martino Calvo, Marcel Demarteau, Michael Doser, Christophe Dujardin, Andrew Geraci, Arindam Ghosh, Glen Harris, David Hume, Derek Jackson, Jeroen Koelemeij, Georgy Kornakov, Stefan Maier, Alberto Marino, Tanja Mehlstäubler, Alessandro Monfardini, Ben Ohayon, Nancy Paul, Sadiq Rangwala, Florian Reindl, Mariana Safronova, Swati Singh, Stafford Withington, Steven Worm

Co-ordinators of the implementation process

Marcel Demarteau, Michael Doser

**Quantum Sensing** 

#### how about some links?

ECFA roadmap

RDq structure, process and timeline

Jobs

description of the process / FAQ

list of all co-conveners

didactical resources

### Outlook

## Forming DRD collaborations -> strong interest in the international community

preparation of the scientific programs shows the interest of a global endeavor to investigate best and cost-effective technical solutions for future HEP projects

### Having DRD collaboration status similar to experiments is welcome

it values work in detector instrumentation and innovation it provides mechanisms for the sustained funding needed to access & develop new technologies

### Next step is to establish the DRD collaboration organization

forming the Collaboration Boards of institutes – new contributors are welcome **To find out more:** <a href="https://indico.cern.ch/event/957057/page/27294-implementation-of-the-ecfa-detector-rd-roadmap">https://indico.cern.ch/event/957057/page/27294-implementation-of-the-ecfa-detector-rd-roadmap</a>

#### credit

Didier Contardo, Phil Allport, Karl Jakobs
Silvia Dalla Torre, Manfred Kramer, Susanne Kuehn, Felix Sefkow, Ian Shipsey
Anna Colaleo, Leszek Ropelewski, Roxanne Guenette, Jocelyn Monroe, Nicolo Cartiglia, Giulio Pellegrini, Peter Krizan,
Christian Joram, Marcel Demarteau, Michael Doser, Roberto Ferrari, Roman Poeschl, Dave Newbold, Francois Vasey
and registered participants: 294 DRD1 - 173 DRD2 - 488 DRD3 - 222 DRD4 -140 DRD5 - 233 DRD6 - 183 DRD7