

The MArEX initiative: First results of test measurements

The n_TOF Collaboration General Meeting 2023
23 November 2023

Yashwanth Bezawada (Yash)
University of California, Davis

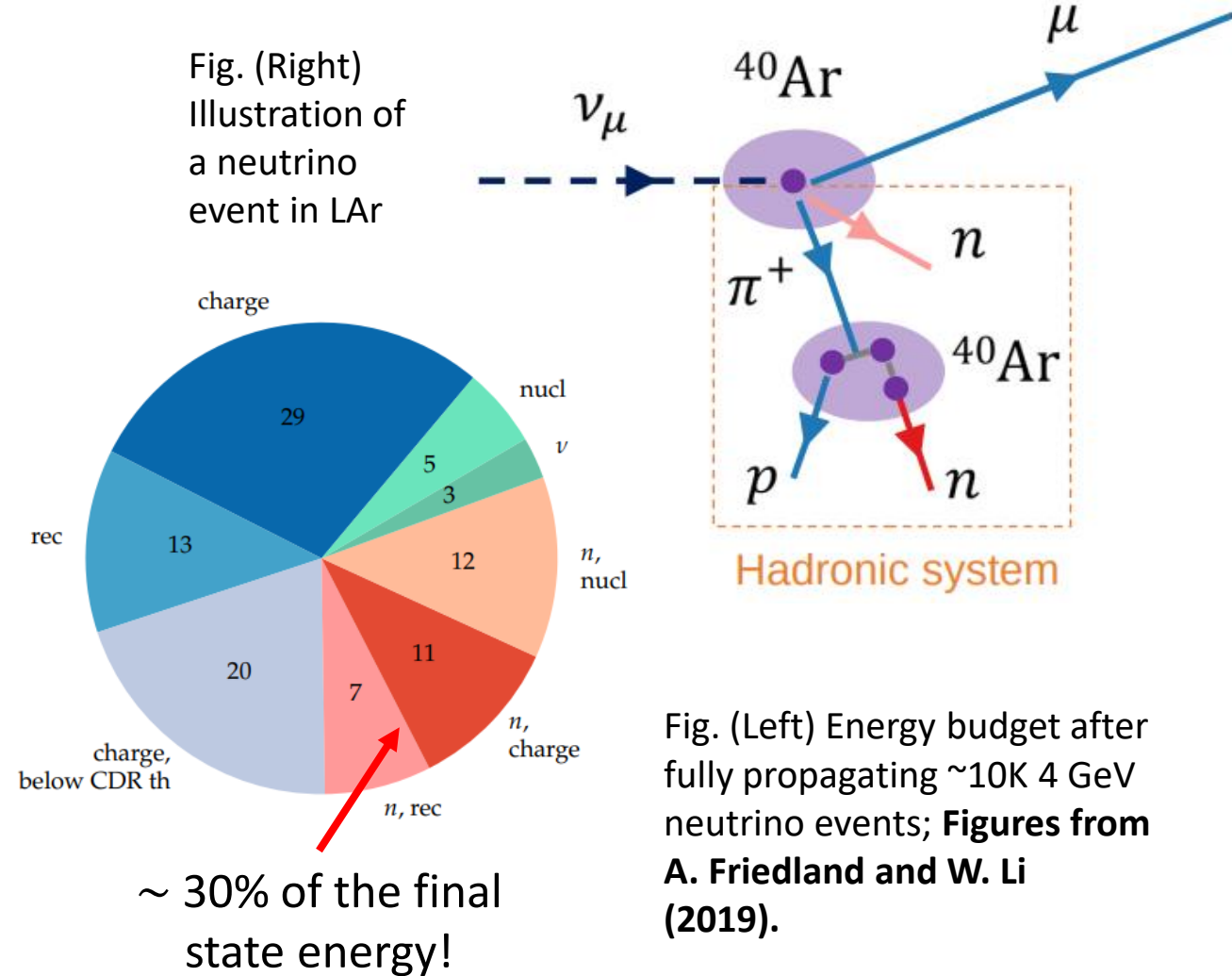
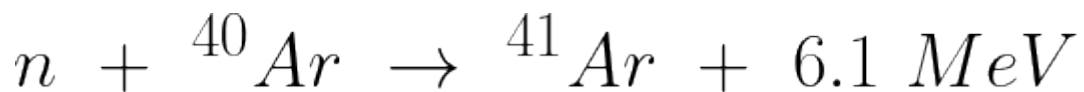
On behalf of the MArEX collaboration

OUTLINE

- Importance of Neutrons
- Motivation for MArEX
- Experimental Setup

Importance of Neutrons in LAr Experiments

- **Liquid Argon (LAr):** primary detector material in many neutrino and dark matter experiments
 - DUNE, SBND, ICARUS, MicroBooNE, DarkSide, etc.
- Neutron production from neutrino interaction brings a large uncertainty on neutrino energy reconstruction in the form of **missing energy**.
 - Stringent requirements to accurately measure, for example, the neutrino oscillation parameters
 - Need to understand the detector response to neutrons to reduce the systematics
- Neutrons are also useful for **calibrating** multi-kiloton experiments, like DUNE.



Neutron Total Cross Section

- Need to measure the total cross section
 - below 20 keV and between 50-100 MeV (no data in EXFOR)
 - above 100 MeV (current data has large error bars)
- Need a better measurement of the cross section dip in the total cross section at 57 keV
 - Initial effort was made by the ARTIE experiment (<https://arxiv.org/abs/2212.05448v3>)
 - New experiment, ARTIE-II has been approved

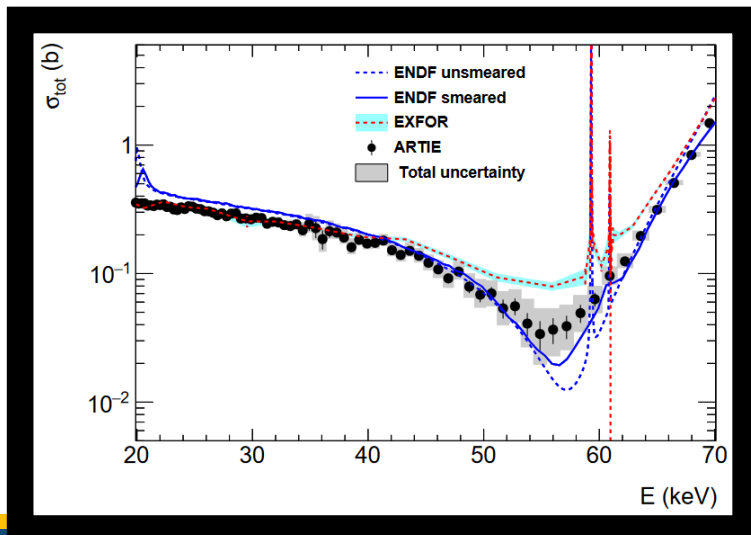


Fig. (Left) Plot shows the measured neutron-argon total cross section, by ARTIE, as a function of energy.

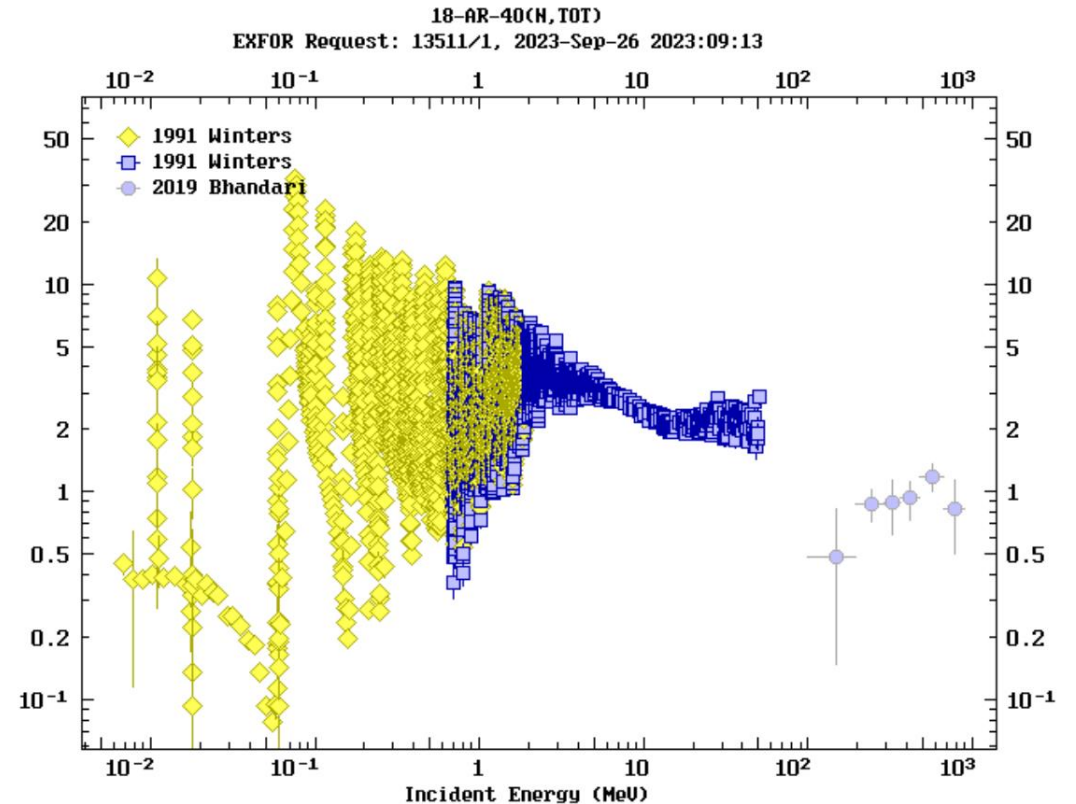


Fig. (Top) Plot of the currently available data of the neutron total cross section on Argon from EXFOR.

n_TOF Facility at CERN

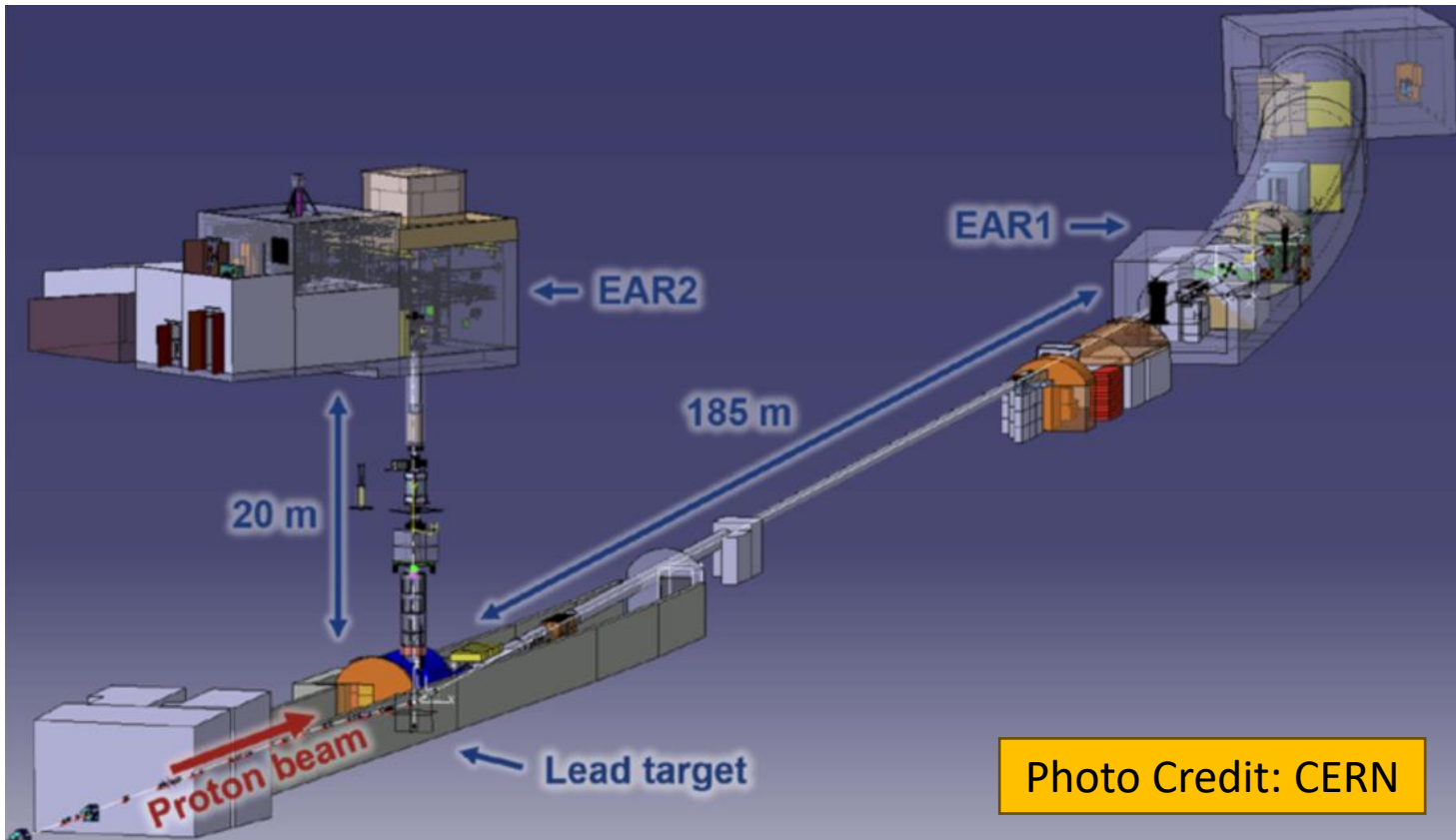
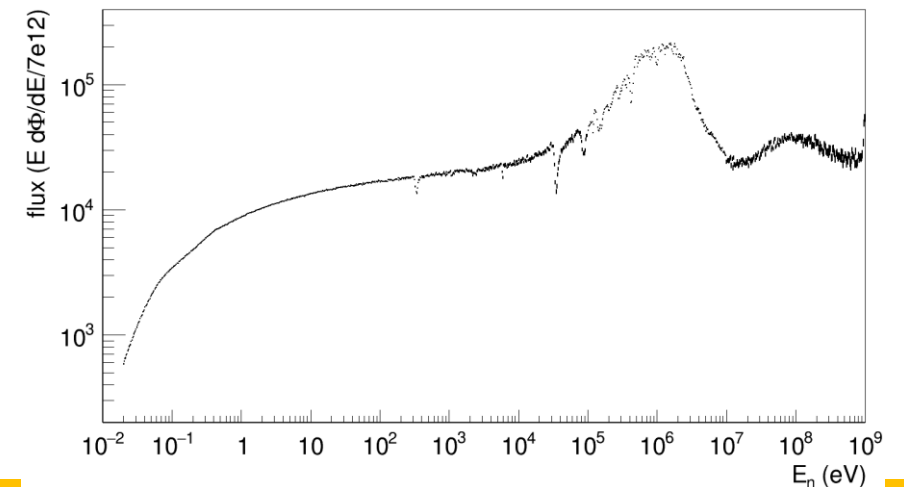


Fig. (Top) Schematic of the n_TOF facility; (Right) Neutron Flux at EAR 1
(Credit: n_TOF)

- Two experimental areas (EAR) with different flight paths for time-of-flight measurements
 - EAR 1: 182.3 - 190.2 m
 - EAR 2: 18.16 - 23.66 m
- EAR 1:
 - Wide energy range neutron beam
 - Long flight path; High energy resolution



Motivation for the MArEX Initiative

- Multiple Argon Experiments (MArEX) initiative
 - perform accurate measurements for the transmission and capture reaction channels for neutron interactions in LAr at the n_TOF facility
- To test the feasibility of transmission measurements
 - Transmission experiments haven't been performed previously at n_TOF
 - Measure the cross section of known materials like Bi, Al, and C.
- To test the feasibility of transmission measurements on Ar
 - Carbon fiber SCUBA tank filled with gaseous Argon
 - Measure the argon cross section
 - Proof of concept for a transmission measurement with LAr



Transmission Measurement

Transmission is given by

$$T(E) = \frac{N_{in} - B_{in}}{N_{out} - B_{out}} \frac{Q_{out}}{Q_{in}}$$

- E – Energy of the neutron (converted from the measured time of flight)
- N – Number of neutrons reaching the detector
- B – Number of background events
- $\frac{Q_{out}}{Q_{in}}$ - Beam flux normalization for target in and target out

Cross section is given by

$$\sigma(E) = -\frac{1}{n} \ln[T(E)]$$

- n – Number density of the target sample (atoms/barn)

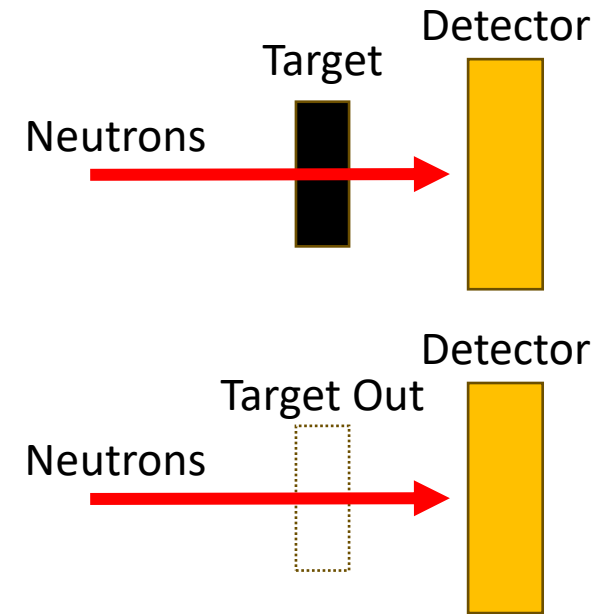
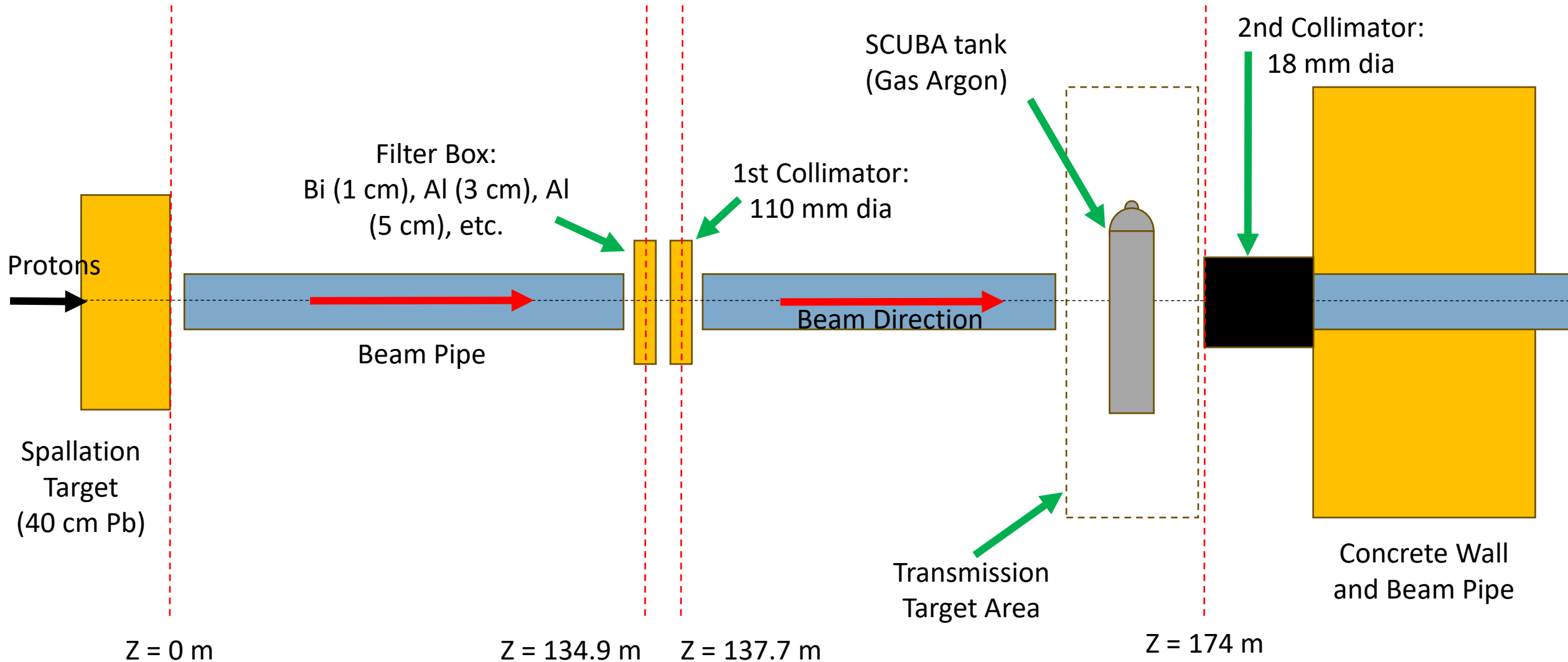
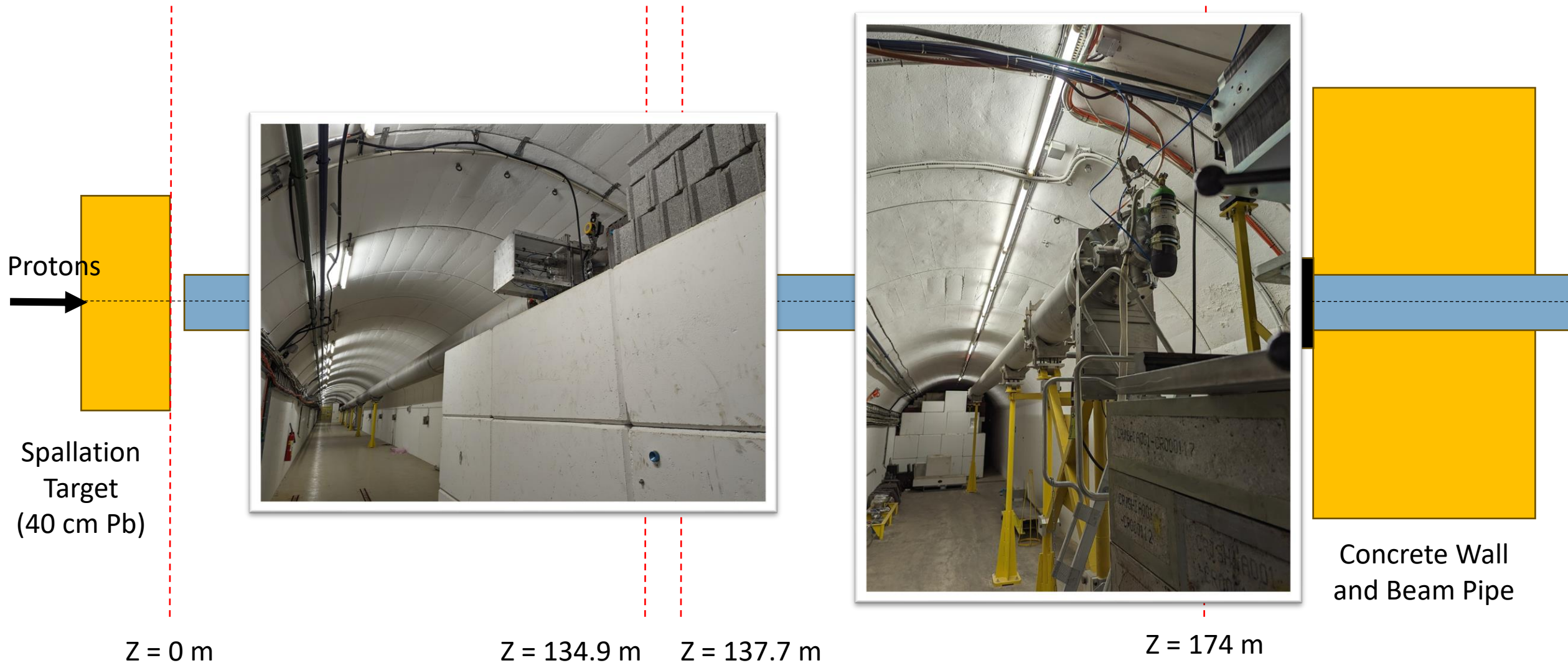


Fig. (Top) Target in measurement; (Bottom) Target out measurement. Ideally should be vacuum in place of target.

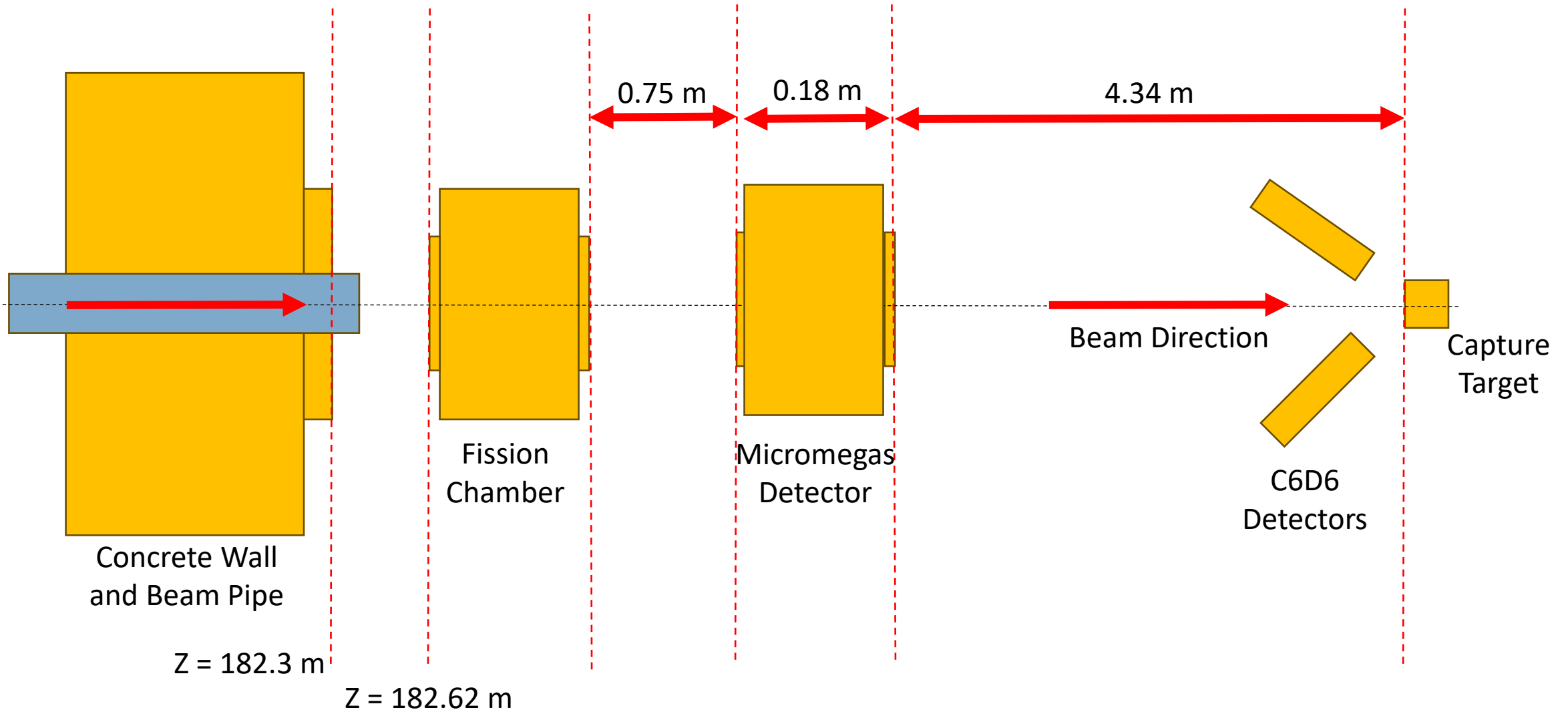
Experimental Setup – Beam Line Area



Experimental Setup – Beam Line Area

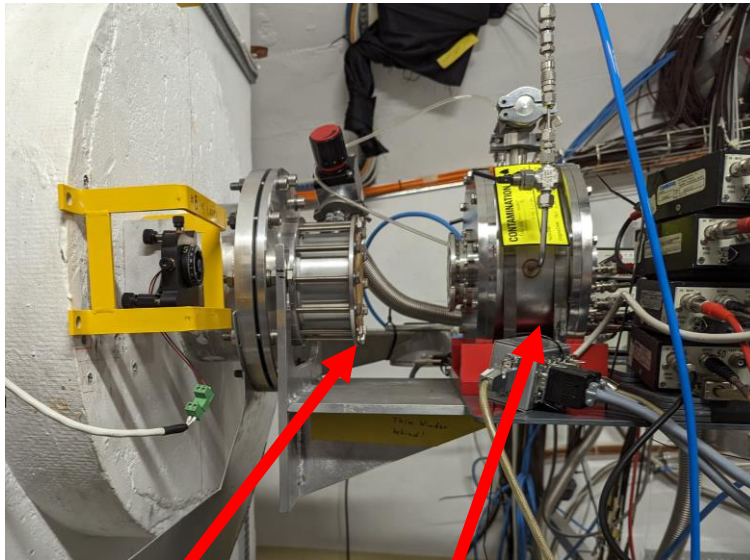


Experimental Setup – Detector Area



Experimental Setup - Detectors

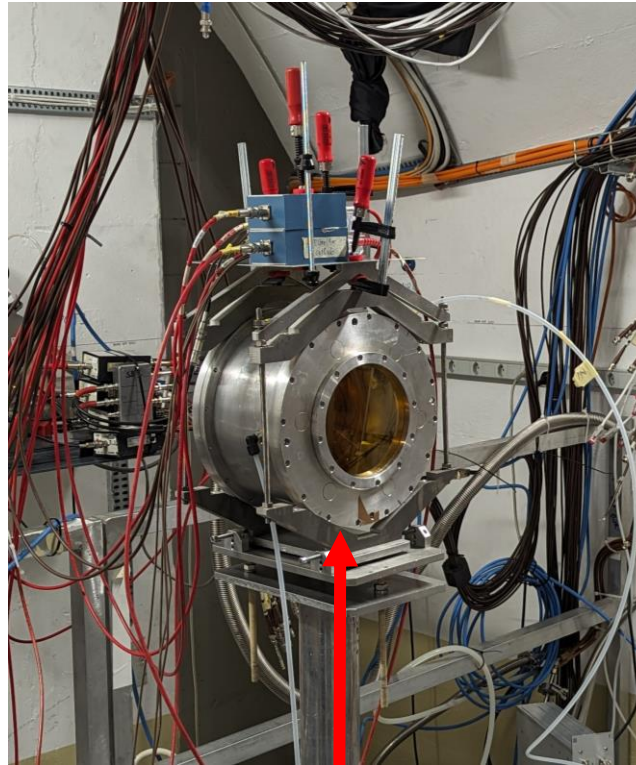
Beam Direction



Beam Pipe End

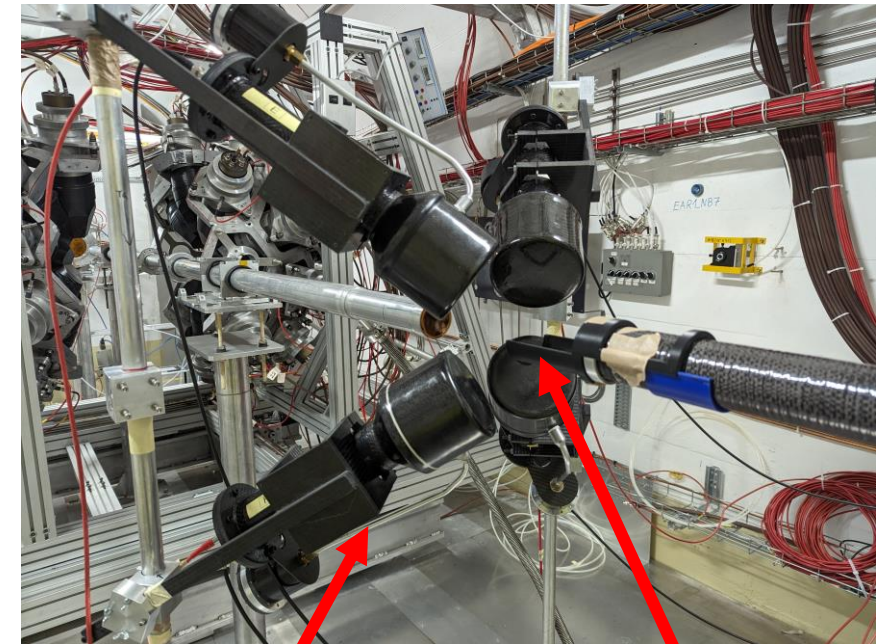
U235 Fission Chamber (PTBC)

- 8 Detectors in the chamber
- 42 mm diameter U235 sample



Micromegas (FIMG)

- 2 detectors with B10 samples



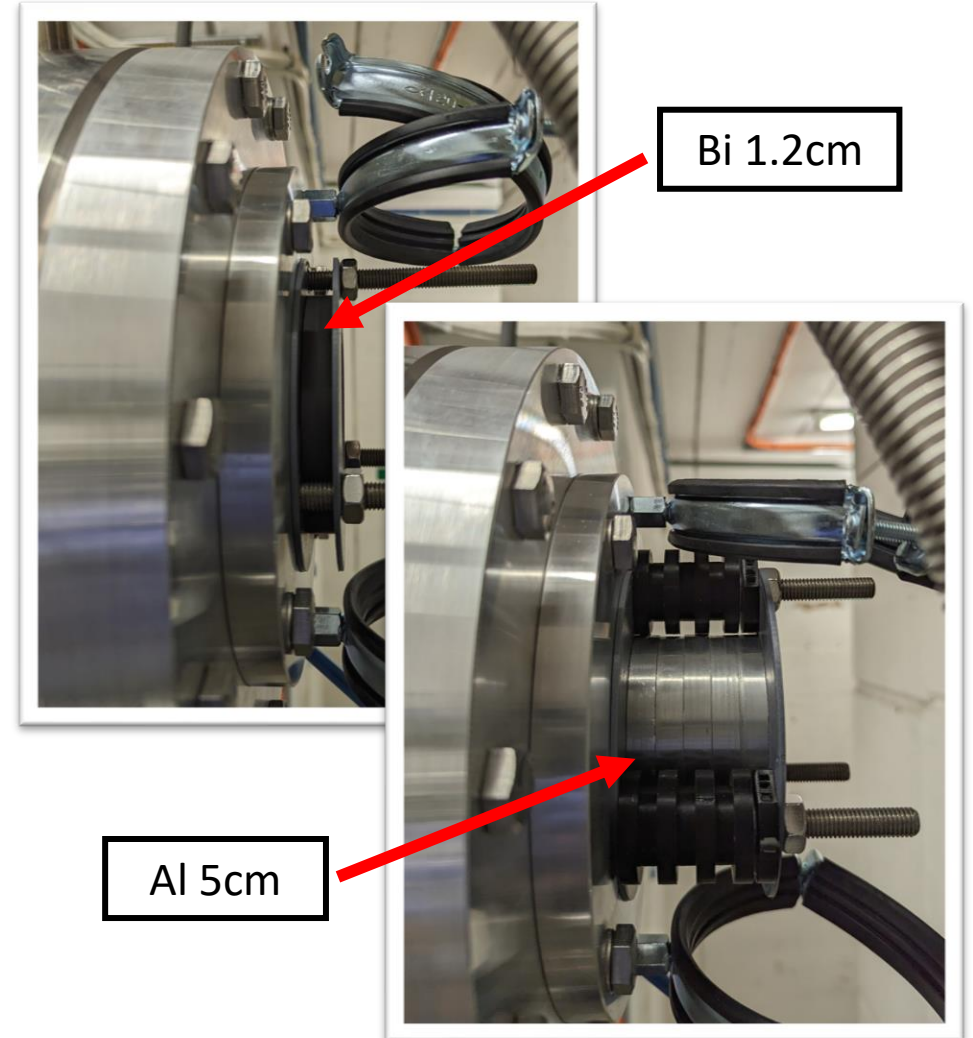
Capture Target Stand

C6D6 Capture Setup

- 4 scintillation detectors
- Placed 125° wrt the beam line

Data Taking

- We finished data taking on October 26th; About 50 days for beam time
- An average of $1.1e17$ protons per day
- Took data with the following materials as targets
 - Al: 3cm, 5cm, 8cm
 - Bi: 1cm, 1.2cm
 - C: 1.2cm
 - Empty carbon fiber SCUBA tank
 - SCUBA tank filled gaseous argon at 200 bar
 - SCUBA tank filled gaseous argon at 1 atm



Argon Transmission Setup

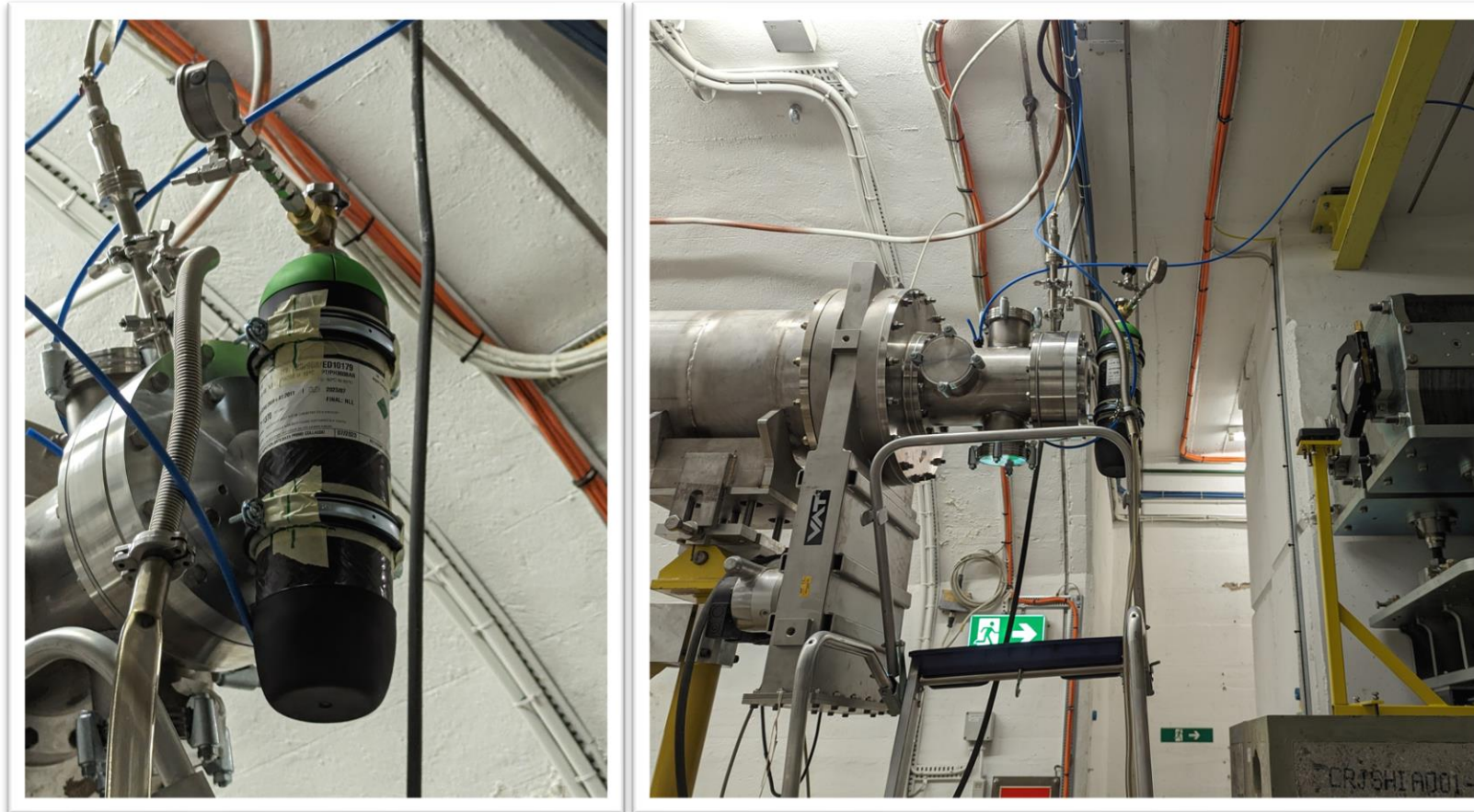


Fig. Argon tank in the transmission station

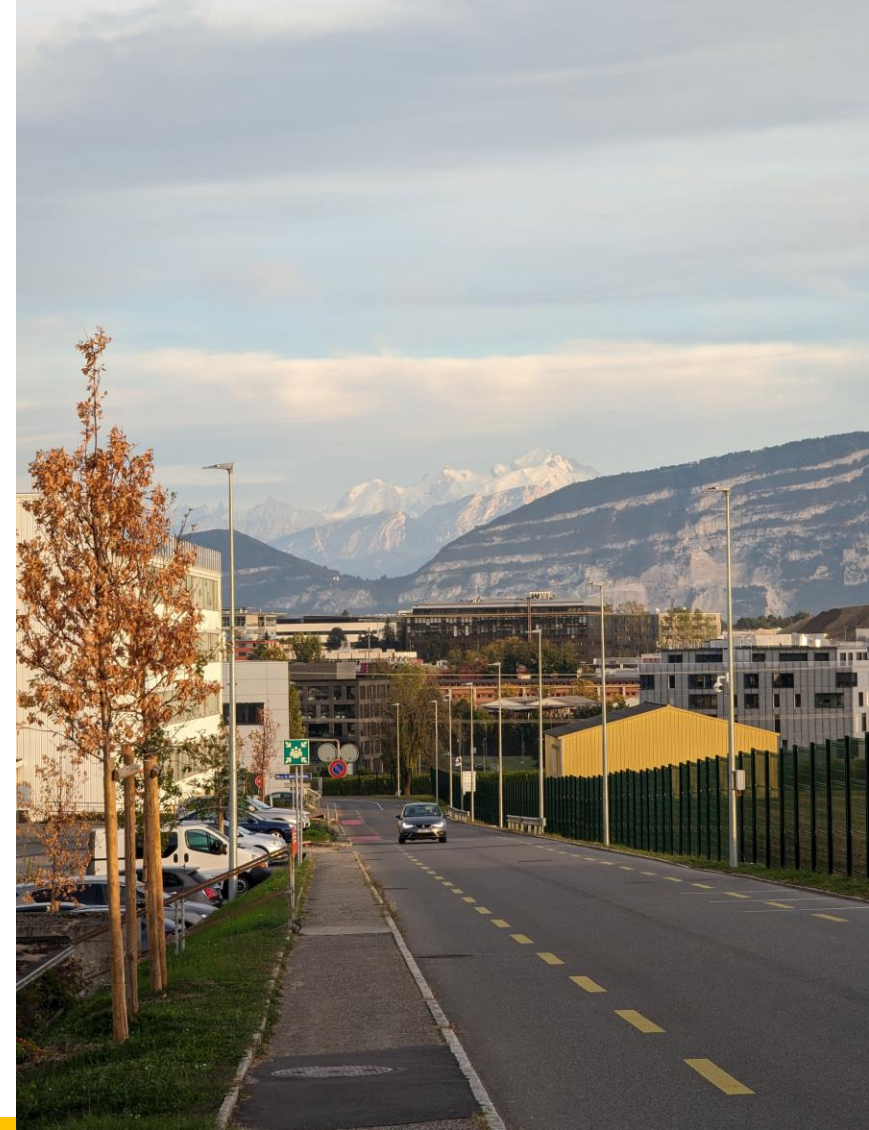
Argon tank specifics

- Carbon fiber tank
- 3 L volume
- 200 bar pressure
- ~ 10 cm of Ar gas in the neutron path
- ~ 0.05 atoms/barn

Conclusion

- Important to understand neutron propagation and capture in LAr
 - Measure the neutron total cross section over a wide energy range
- Conducted a feasibility test for transmission measurements at n_TOF
 - Measured the cross section of known materials like Bi, Al, and C.
 - Took data with a carbon fiber SCUBA tank filled with gaseous Argon

Riccardo and Zina will present the first results of the measurement!



Thank You!

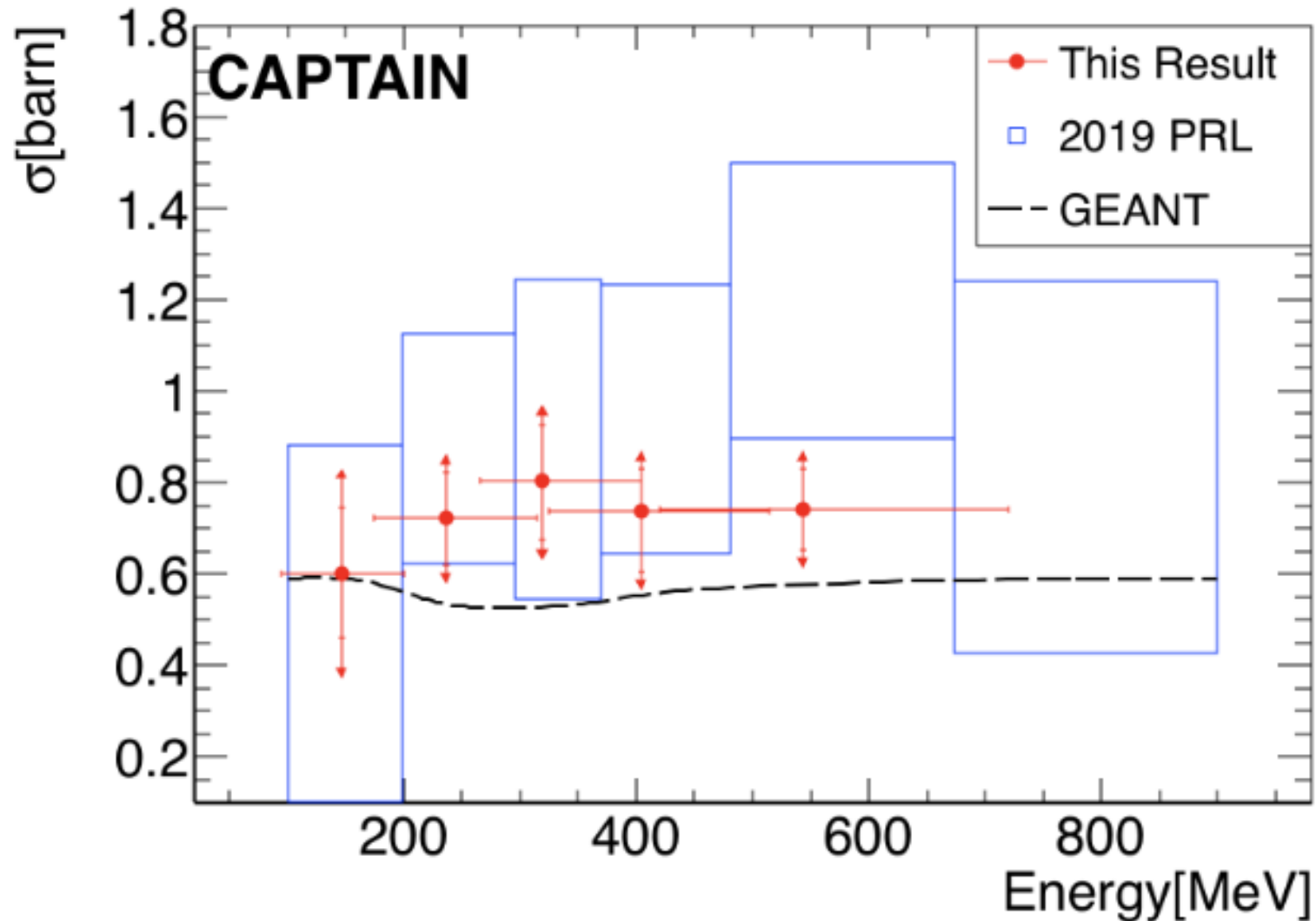
MAREx Collaboration:

S. Andringa, M. Bacak, Y. Bezawada,
J. Boissevain, D. Cano-Ott, N. Carrara,
A. Casanovas, S. Gollapinni, J. Huang,
W. Johnson, A. Junghans, A. Losko, V. Lozza,
A. Manna, P. Mastinu, E. Mendoza,
A. Mengoni, M. Mulhearn, E. Pantic,
N. Patronis, E. Renner, D. Rivera,
T. Stomatopolous, R. Svoboda, A. S. Tremsin,
J. Ullmann, J. Wang, T. Zhu,
and The n_TOF Collaboration

11/23/2023

Back Up Slides

Mini-CAPTAIN Measurement



<https://arxiv.org/abs/2209.13488v3>