



AI Methods for Digital Twins for Scientific Applications

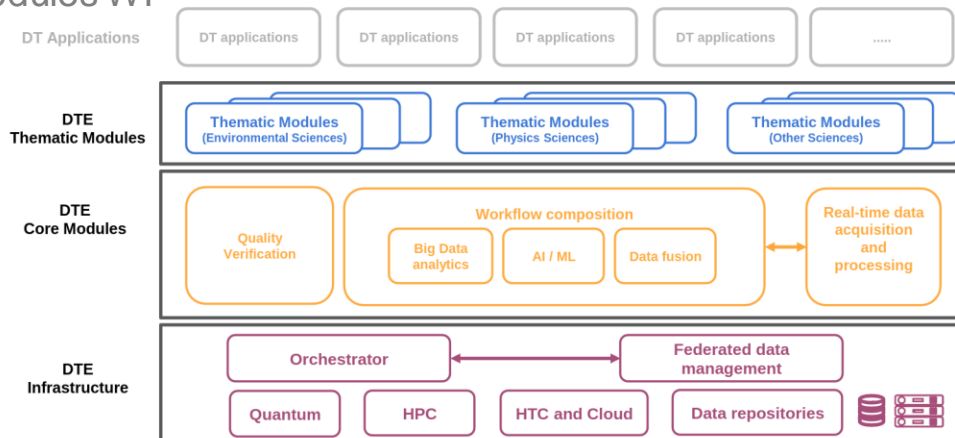


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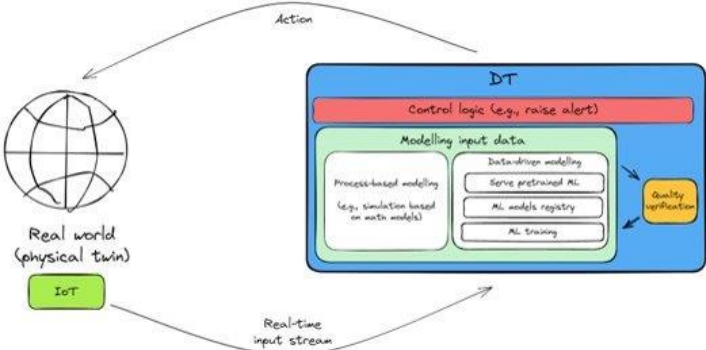
InterTwin project

- Design and implement a prototype of an interdisciplinary Digital Twin Engine
- Different work packages (use cases, thematic modules, core modules, infrastructure)
- Work done in AI/ML task within Core modules WP

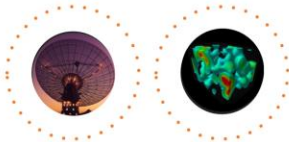


Digital Twins & AI

- What is Digital Twin? (vs Simulation)
- Reinforcement learning, ML & AI
- Many use cases, need to generalize (TF, Torch)
- Distribution and Tuning



Radio Astronomy



Quantum Field Theory

Cyclone Classification



Fire Hazard Map Generation

Gravitational Wave Astronomy



High Energy Physics

Early Flood Warnings



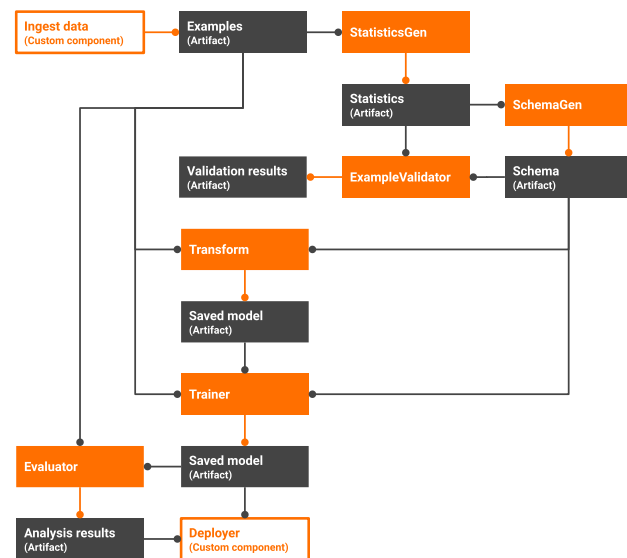
Drought Prediction

State, Goals and General Directions

- State before: CLI for MNIST, workflows, simple logging
- Goals: Abstraction, Pipelining, Distribution & Hyperparameter tuning, Logging
- New use-case: Cyclone Detection
- Where to start?

Pipelining

- Inspiration:
 - TFX Tensorflow Pipelines
 - Sklearn pipelines
- Abstraction:
 - Executable (Trainer, Dataloading, Processing)
 - Executor
- Step by step execution, Configurable, Generalizable

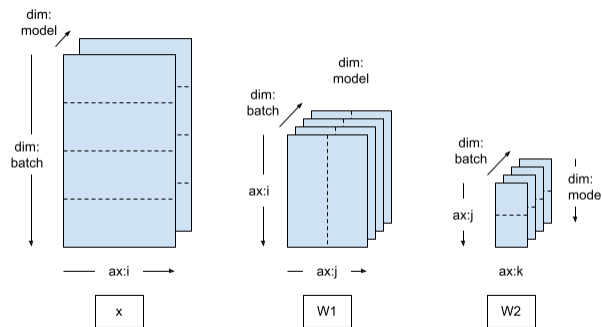


TFX pipeline. Image credits: Google,
https://www.tensorflow.org/tfx/guide/understanding_tfx_pipelines



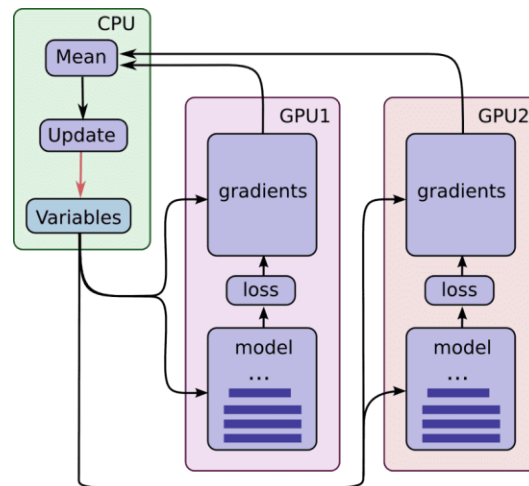
Distributed ML (Pytorch, TF)

- Different frameworks have different distributions
- Unify it in for the developer
- Distribution: Local (One node) vs Global (More nodes)
- Tensorflow (Keras): Distributed Dataset, Trainer
- Pytorch (Lightning): Distribution via „MPI“
- DistributedTrainer:
 - Use scope to define workers
 - execute in distributed fashion
 - New trainer simply uses `super().train(data)` to distribute training



Data parallelization, Image credits:

Google, https://www.tensorflow.org/tutorials/distribute/dtensor_ml_tutorial

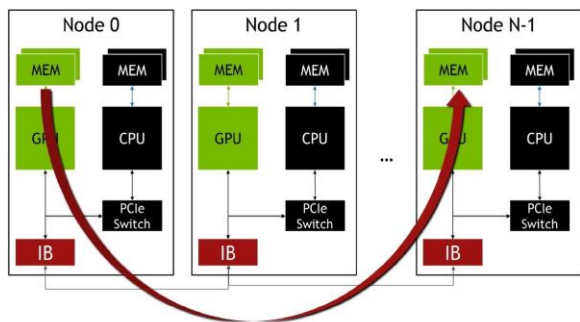
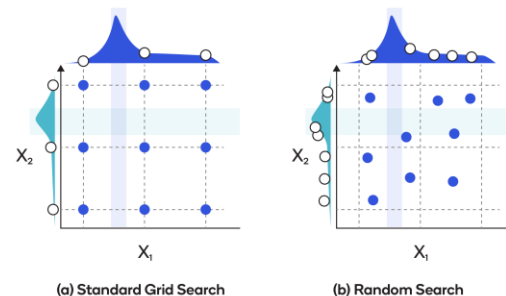


Node distribution. Image credits: Google, Aymeric

Damien https://github.com/aymericdamien/TensorFlow-Examples/blob/master/tensorflow_v2/notebooks/6_Hardware/multigpu_training_inyhb

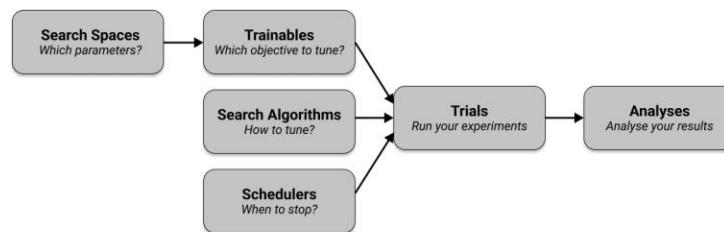
Future: Hyperparameter Optimization

- Simplest way: Grid search, but can we do better?
- Many libraries, focus on Ray (distribution)
- One node per hyper-param config, then local distribution
- Distributed executor (run pipeline on each worker)



Multiple Nodes. Image credits: NVIDIA, <https://www.nvidia.com/en-us/on-demand/session/gtcspring21-s31050/>

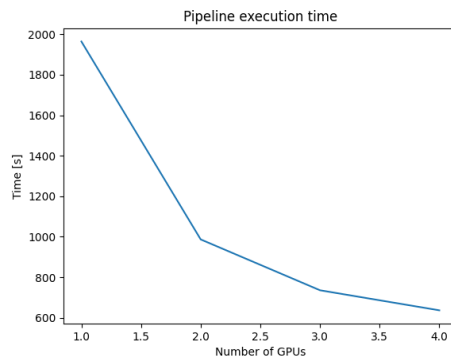
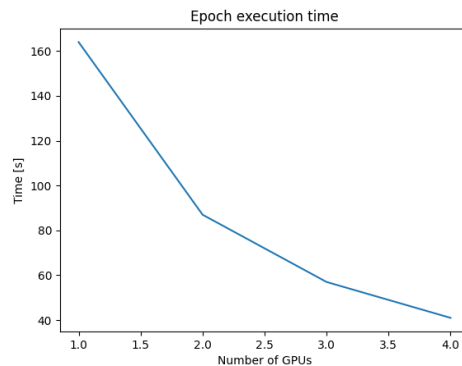
Search spaces. Image credits: StackOverflow, <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/65682419/how-to-plot-grid-search-layout-and-random-search-layout>



Ray pipeline. Image credits: Ray, <https://docs.ray.io/en/latest/tune/key-concepts.html>

State & Future directions

- State:
 - Configurable pipelines
 - Distributed model training & tuning
 - Logging (possibility for multiple loggers)
 - CycleGAN, Conv models as examples
 - Use-case integration (Cyclones)
- Visualization of pipelines
- Execution on Kubernetes
- Training achieved only through config



```
executor:  
  class_path: executor.CycloneExecutor  
  init_args:  
    run_name: 'default'  
  
getter:  
  class_path: data_loader.TensorFlowDataGetter  
  init_args:  
    patch_type: NEAREST  
    shuffle: False  
    split_ratio: [0.75, 0.25]  
    batch_size: 16  
    augment: True  
    epochs: 1  
    target_scale: False  
    label_no_cyclone: NONE  
    aug_type: ONLY_TCS  
    experiment: {  
      'DRV_VARS_1': ['fg10', 'msl', 't_500', 't_300'],  
      'COO_VARS_1': ['patch_cyclone'],  
      'MSK_VAR_1': None  
    }  
  
trainer:  
  class_path: trainer.TensorFlowTrainer  
  init_args:  
    network: VGG_V1  
    activation: LINEAR  
    regularization_strength: NONE  
    learning_rate: 0.0001  
    loss: MAE
```

Thank you for your attention

