A New Probe of Relic Neutrino Clustering using Decaying Heavy Dark Matter

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with Vedran Brdar, P. S. Bhupal Dev and Anna M. Suliga

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Writasree Maitra **Probing Relic** *ν* [Clustering with Heavy DM decay](#page-64-0) **CLUSTER 178 COLLUSTER** 22, 2022 1/17

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- It will provide a window to the first second of creation of the universe.

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• The current strongest experimental constraint on the local neutrino overdensity from the **KATRIN** experiment is $\xi < 1.1 \times 10^{11}$ (95% CL).

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Difficulty:- Dependent on redshift and source energy distribution of the unknown cosmic ray sources.

Figure: [Eberle et al. (PRD '04)]

For $s << m_Z^2$, weak current is either vector or axial-vector type. Weak vector $Z \sim m_Z^2$, weak can be stated vector of axial vector type. We current \rightarrow *J*^{*PC*} = 1⁻⁻ resonances and weak axial-vector current \rightarrow $J^{PC} = 1^{++}$ resonances.

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Figure: [BD, Soni (2112.01424)]

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The cosmogenic neutrino flux typically peaks around 10¹⁸*eV*

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• For the rest meson resonances, either resonance energy is beyond 10¹⁸*eV* or the resonances have narrow width.

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Focus is on decaying dark matter

Neutrino flux from decaying DM

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\frac{d\Phi}{dE} = \int d\Omega \left(\frac{d\Phi^{Gal}}{dEd\Omega} + \frac{d\Phi^{ExtGal}}{dEd\Omega} \right)
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where,

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HDMSpectra

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N_{w/wo} = \int_{E_{min}}^{E_{max}} dE \ T \ \Omega \ A_{eff}(E) \ \Phi(E, m_{DM}, \tau_{DM}) \ R(E, m_1, \xi, z)
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Figure: [Das,Murase, Fujii (PRD '23)]

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Thank you :)