

Axion-like particles at MuC

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Introduction

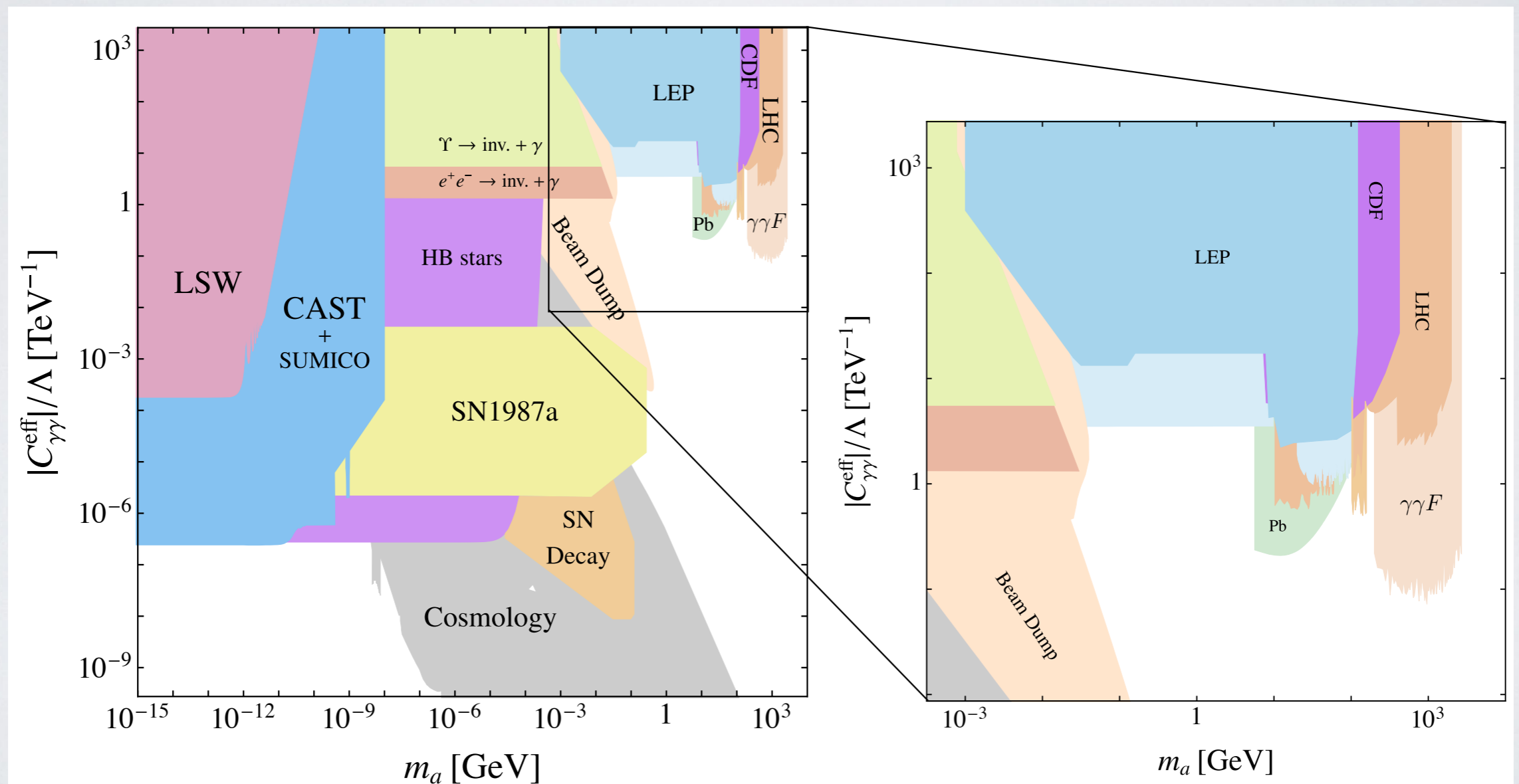
- QCD axion & strong CP

$$m_a \approx 6 \text{ eV} \left(\frac{10^6 \text{ GeV}}{f_a} \right)$$

- Axion-like particles (m_a, f_a)
- sub-eV to TeV

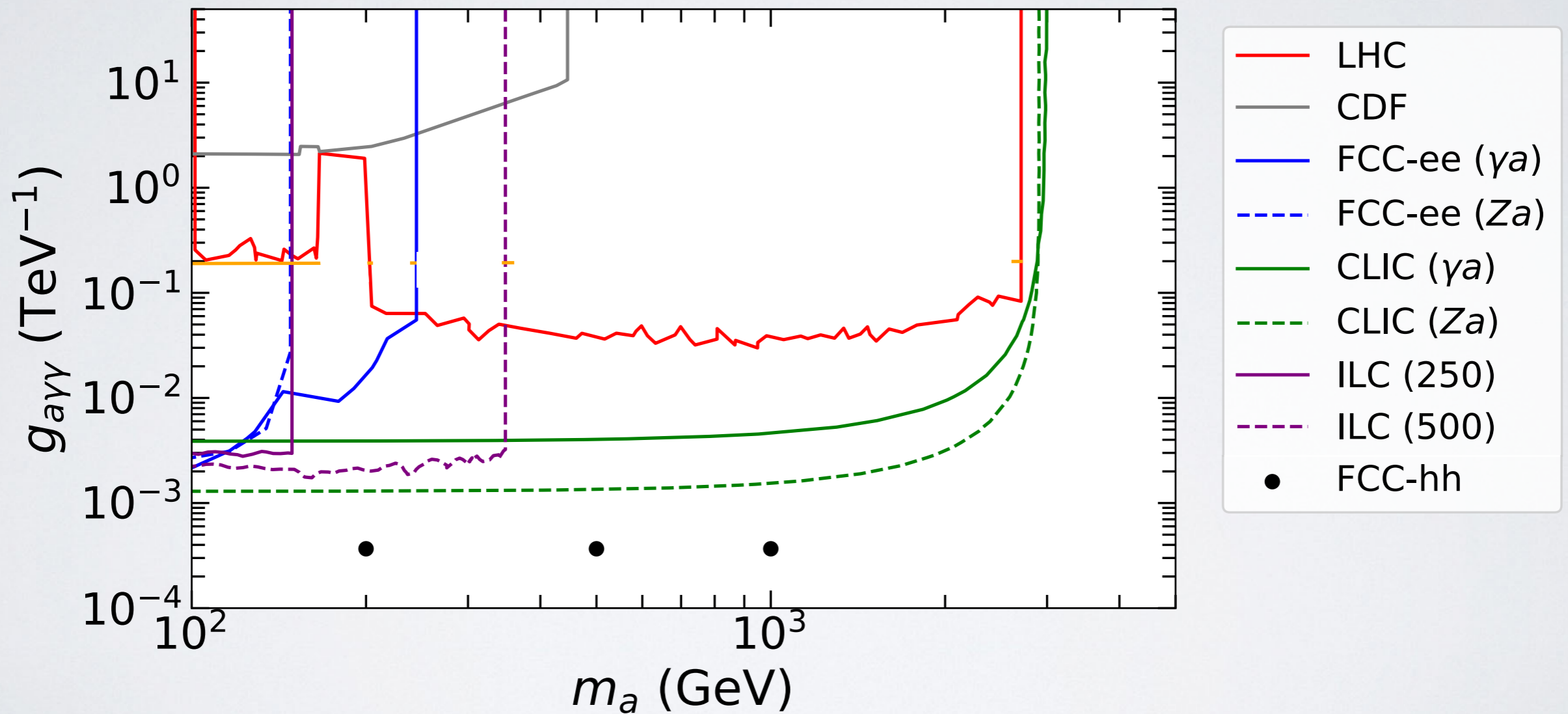
Motivation

- Current constraints



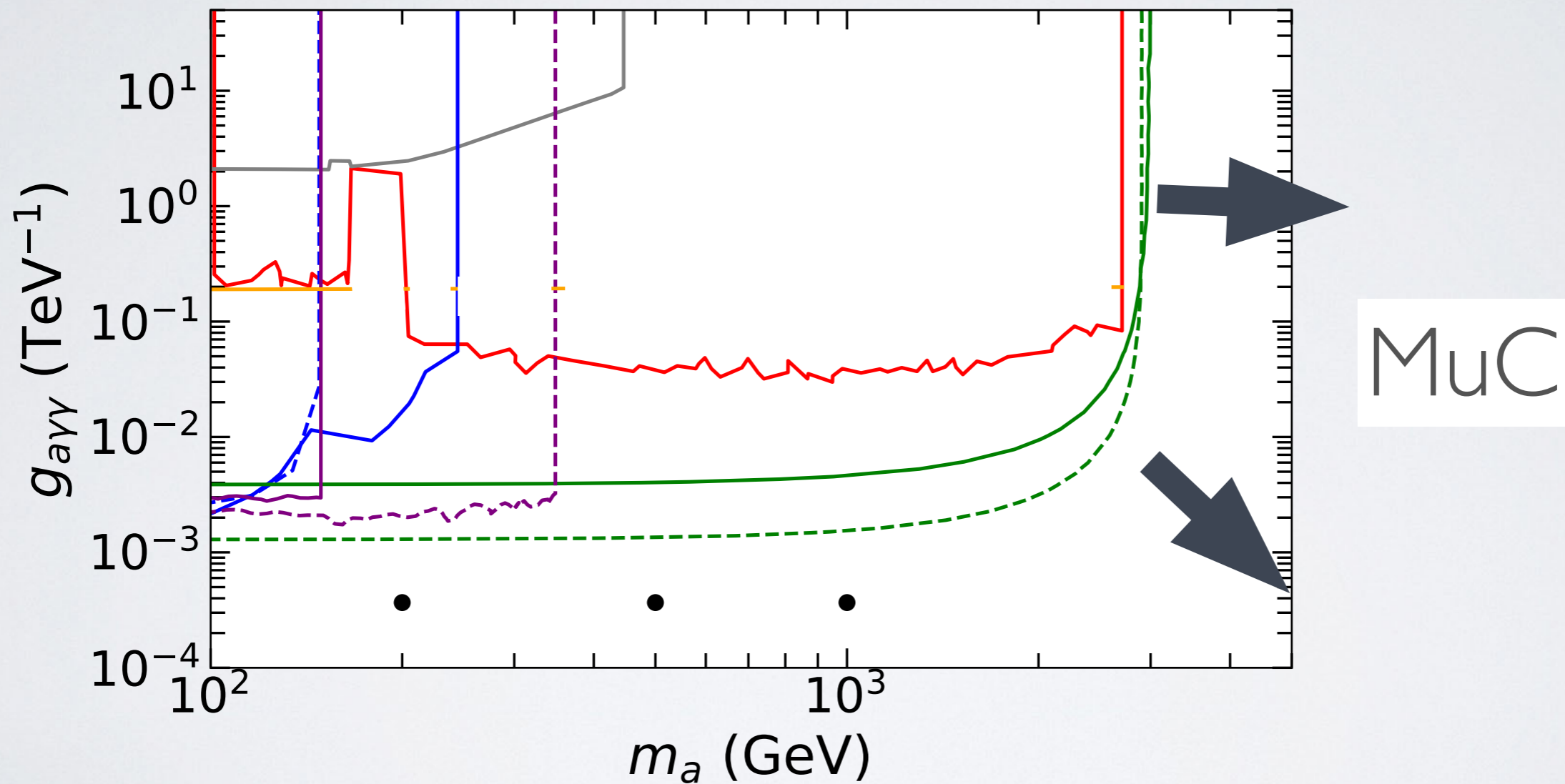
Motivation

- Future projections



Motivation

- Future projections



ALP Couplings

- Axion interactions via dim-5 operators

$$\mathcal{L}_{eff} = C_{\tilde{G}} \mathcal{O}_{\tilde{G}} + C_{\tilde{B}} \mathcal{O}_{\tilde{B}} + C_{\tilde{W}} \mathcal{O}_{\tilde{W}} + C_{a\Phi} \mathcal{O}_{a\Phi}$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{\tilde{G}} \equiv -\frac{a}{f_a} G_{\mu\nu}^i \tilde{G}_i^{\mu\nu}, \quad \mathcal{O}_{\tilde{W}} \equiv -\frac{a}{f_a} W_{\mu\nu}^j \tilde{W}_j^{\mu\nu},$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{\tilde{B}} \equiv -\frac{a}{f_a} B_{\mu\nu} \tilde{B}^{\mu\nu}, \quad \mathcal{O}_{a\Phi} \equiv i \frac{\partial^\mu a}{f_a} (\Phi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \Phi),$$

- Axion couples to SM gauge bosons

$$\mathcal{L}_{eff} \supset -\frac{g_{agg}}{4} a G_{\mu\nu}^a \tilde{G}_a^{\mu\nu} - \frac{g_{a\gamma\gamma}}{4} a F_{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}^{\mu\nu} - \frac{g_{a\gamma Z}}{4} a F_{\mu\nu} \tilde{Z}^{\mu\nu} \\ - \frac{g_{aZZ}}{4} a Z_{\mu\nu} \tilde{Z}^{\mu\nu} - \frac{g_{aWW}}{4} a W_{\mu\nu} \tilde{W}^{\mu\nu},$$

$$g_{agg} = \frac{4}{f_a} C_{\tilde{G}}, \quad g_{a\gamma\gamma} = \frac{4}{f_a} (s_\theta^2 C_{\tilde{W}} + c_\theta^2 C_{\tilde{B}}), \quad g_{aZZ} = \frac{4}{f_a} (c_\theta^2 C_{\tilde{W}} + s_\theta^2 C_{\tilde{B}}),$$

$$g_{a\gamma Z} = \frac{8}{f_a} s_\theta c_\theta (C_{\tilde{W}} - C_{\tilde{B}}), \quad g_{aWW} = \frac{4}{f_a} C_{\tilde{W}},$$

ALP Production

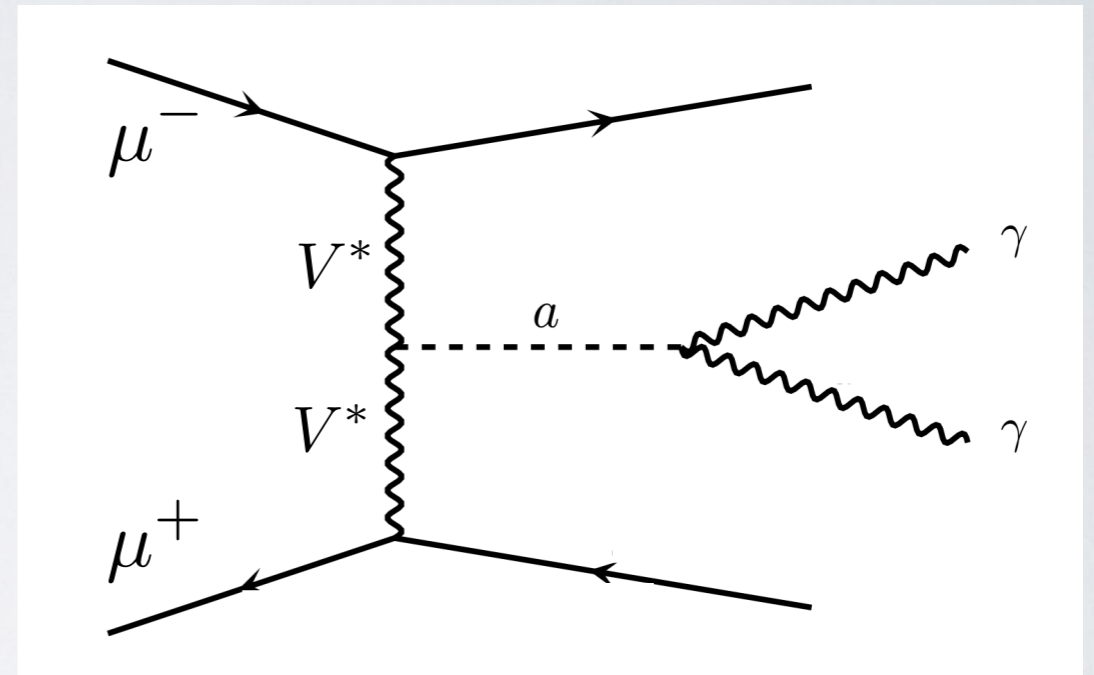
- Vector-boson-fusion (VBF)

$$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow a$$

$$ZZ \rightarrow a$$

$$\gamma Z \rightarrow a$$

$$W^+W^- \rightarrow a$$



(a) Parton description (inclusive)

$$\sigma(\ell^+\ell^- \rightarrow F + X) = \int_{\tau_0}^1 d\tau \sum_{ij} \frac{d\mathcal{L}_{ij}}{d\tau} \hat{\sigma}(V_i V_j \rightarrow F),$$

$$\frac{d\mathcal{L}_{ij}}{d\tau} = \frac{1}{1 + \delta_{ij}} \int_{\tau}^1 \frac{d\xi}{\xi} \left[f_i(\xi, Q^2) f_j\left(\frac{\tau}{\xi}, Q^2\right) + (i \leftrightarrow j) \right]$$

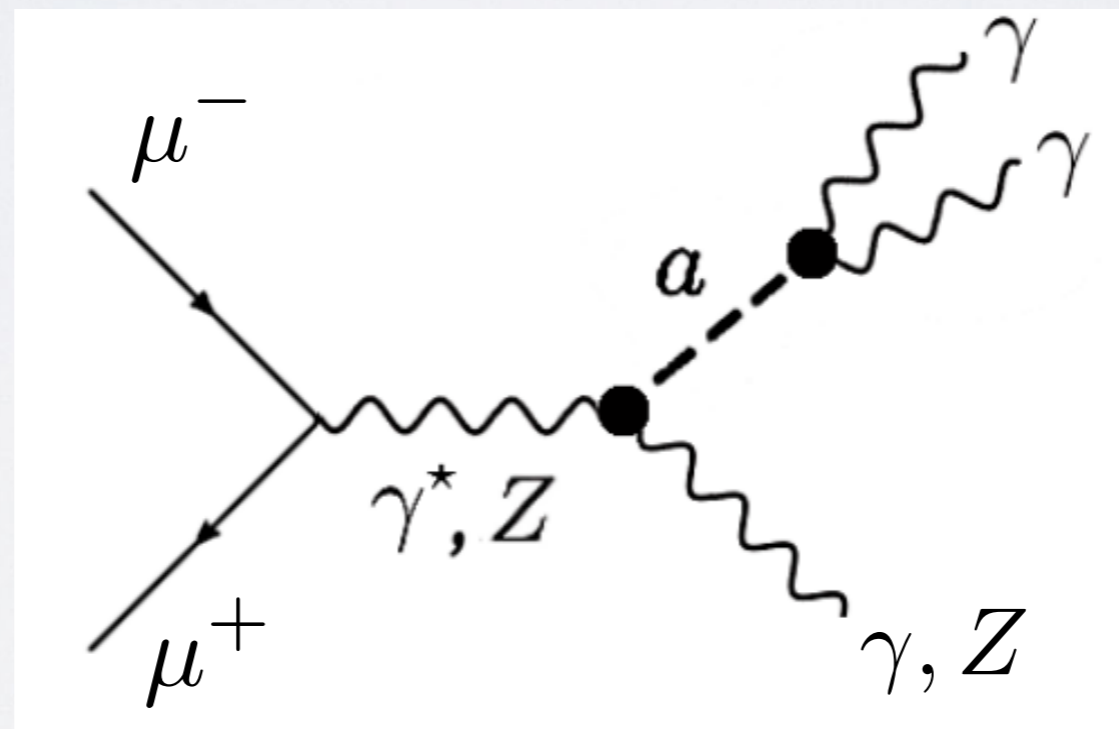
(b) Final state muons tagged (exclusive di-muon)

$$10^\circ < \theta_{\mu^\pm} < 170^\circ \quad m_{\mu^+\mu^-} > 200 \text{ GeV}$$

ALP Production

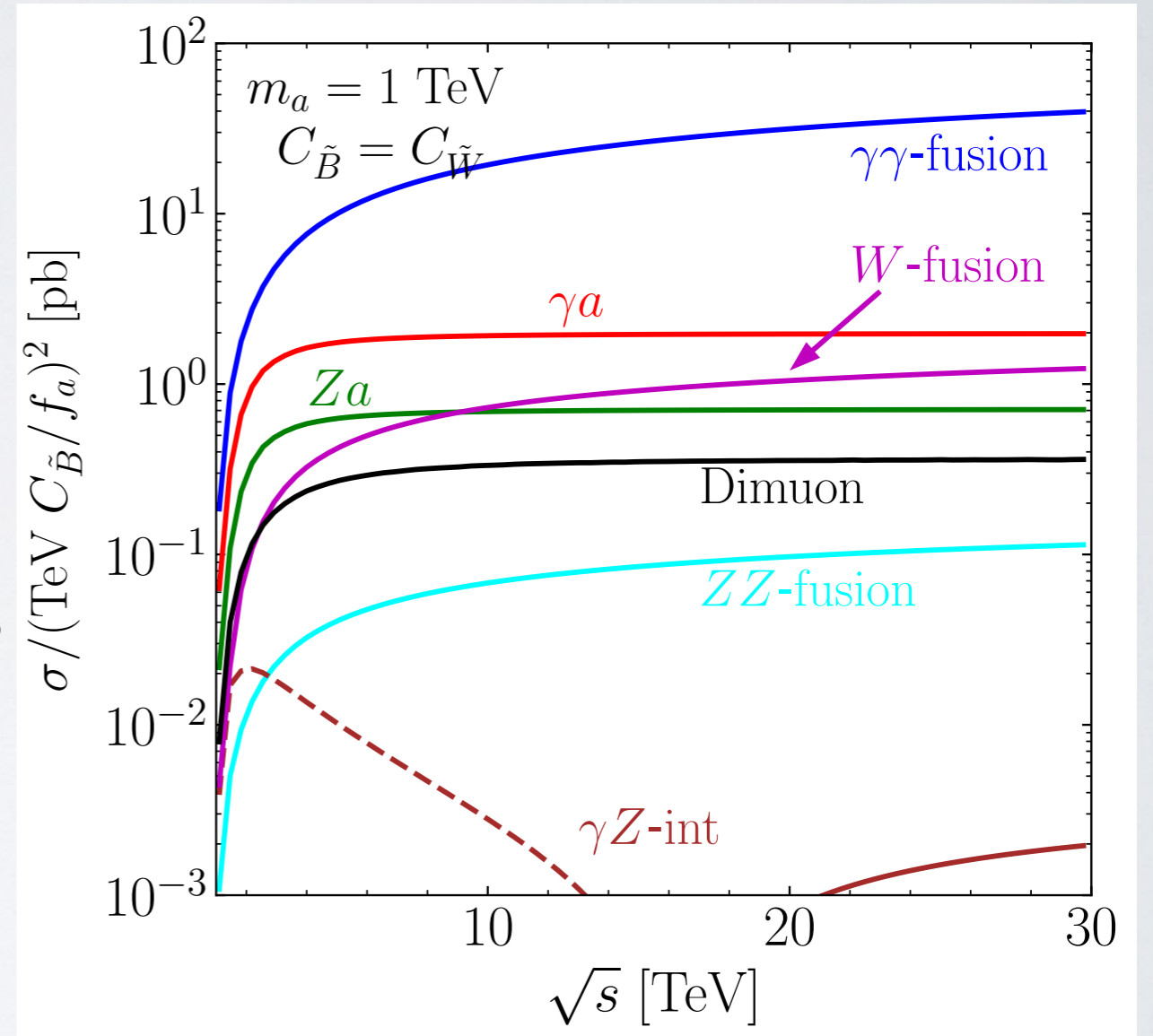
- Associated production

$$\mu^+ \mu^- \rightarrow V a, \quad V = \gamma, Z$$

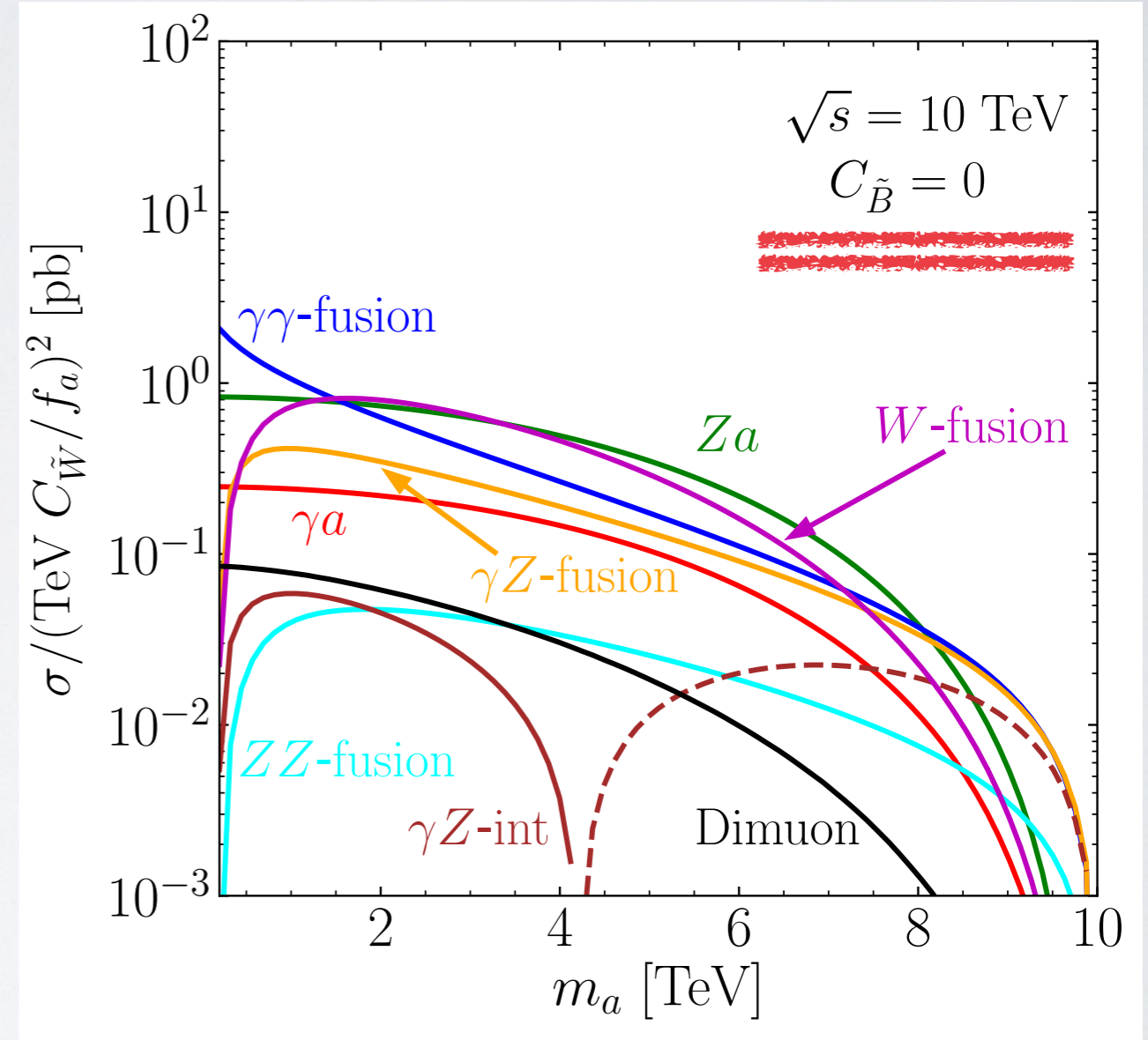
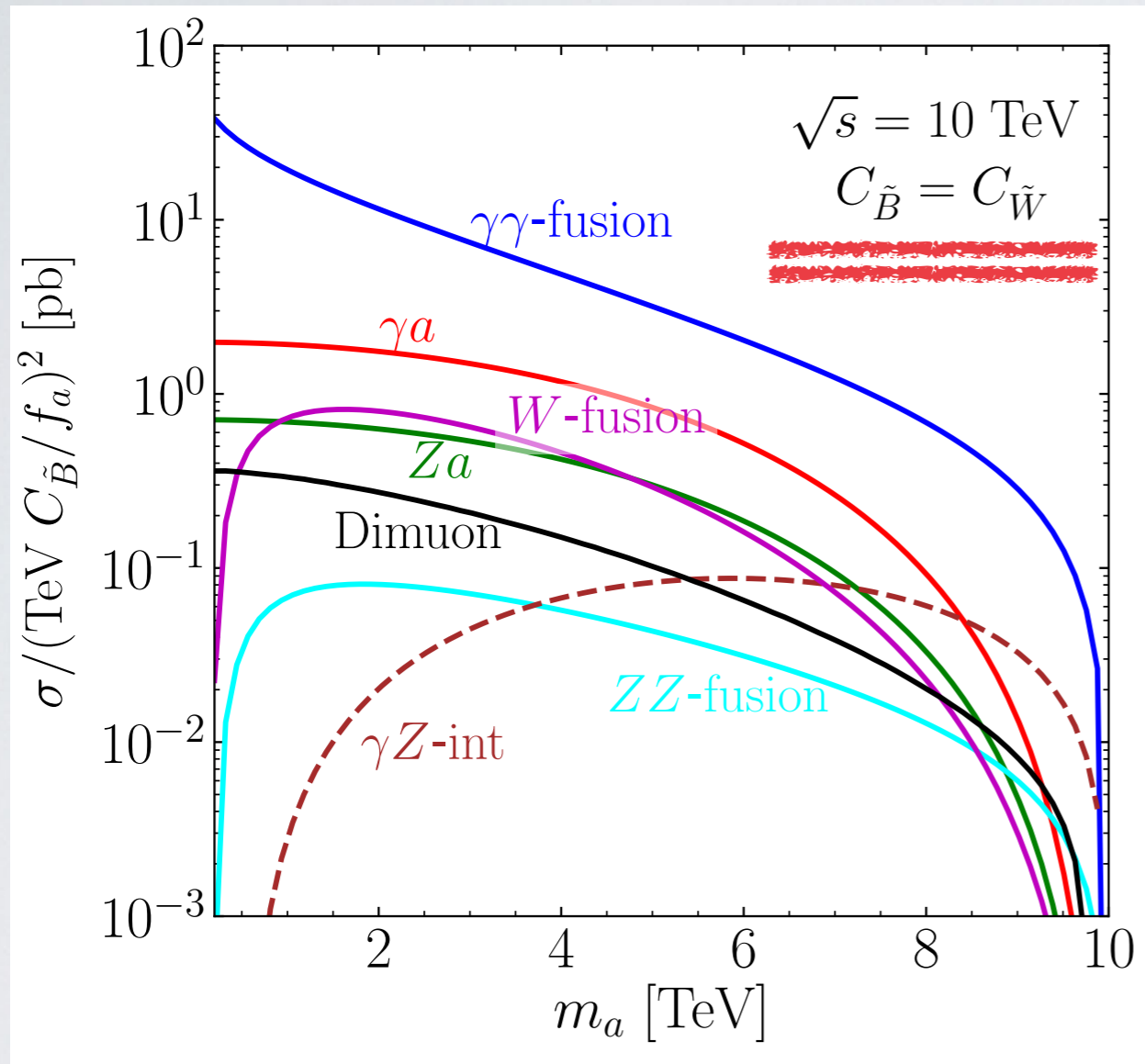


ALP Production

- At high energies,
 - Associated production goes flat
 - VBF has log-enhanced
 - Di-muon limited by angular cuts



ALP Production



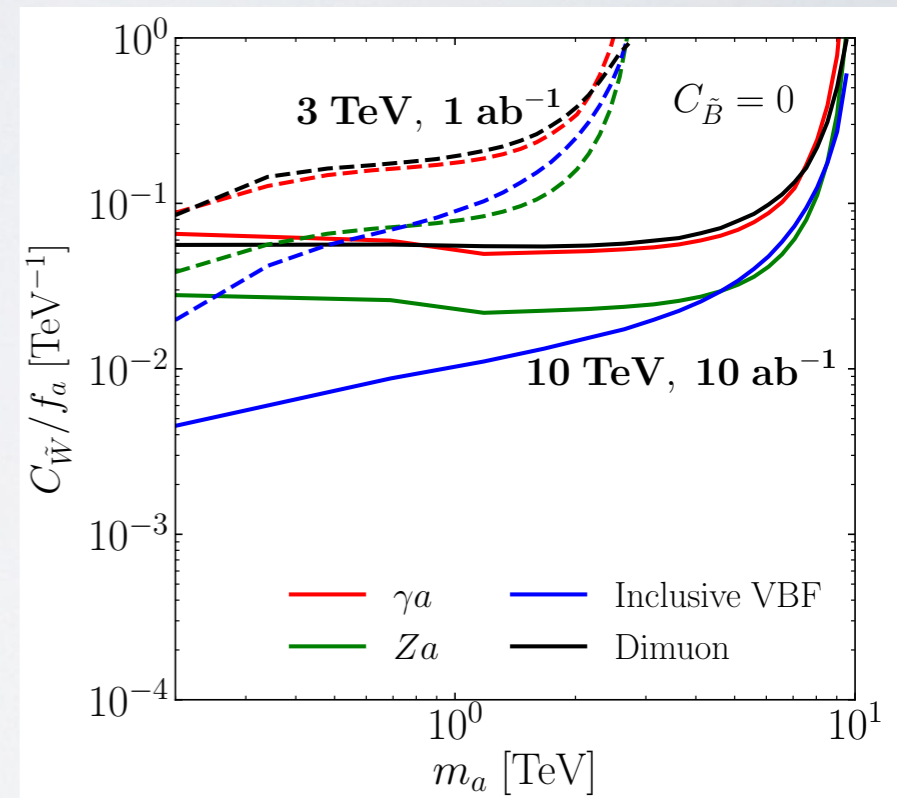
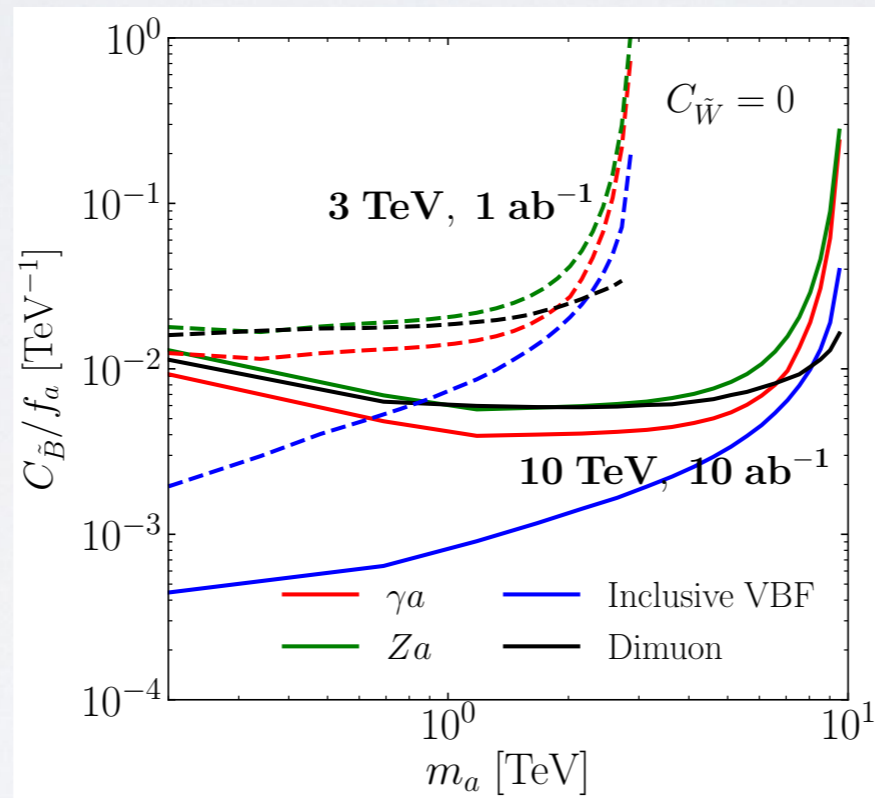
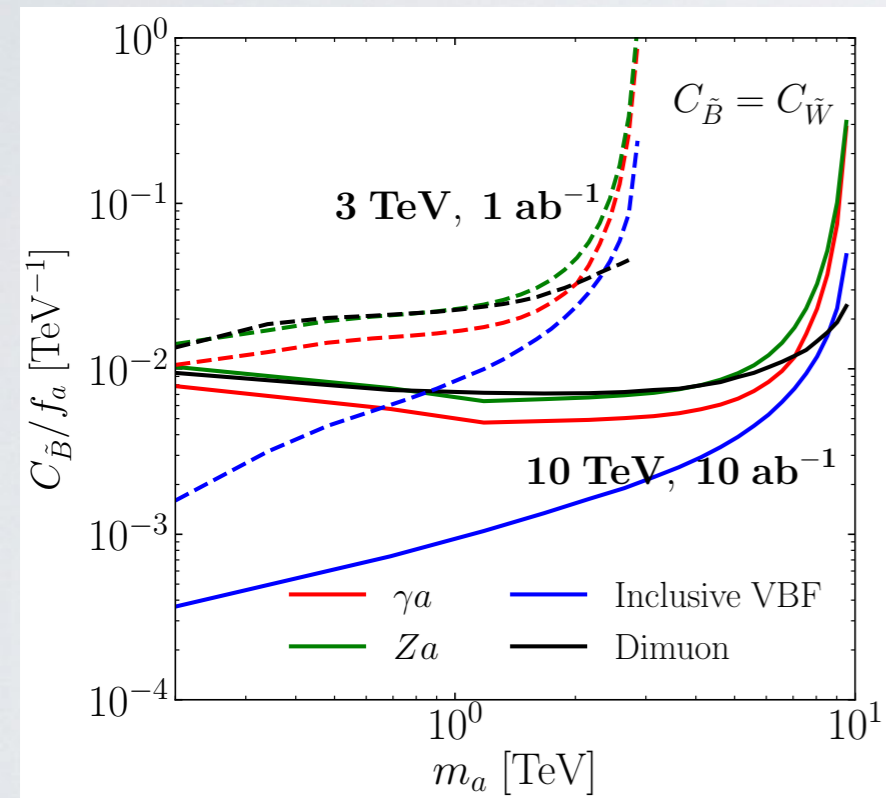
$$\begin{aligned}
 g_{agg} &= \frac{4}{f_a} C_{\tilde{G}}, & g_{a\gamma\gamma} &= \frac{4}{f_a} (s_\theta^2 C_{\tilde{W}} + c_\theta^2 C_{\tilde{B}}), & g_{aZZ} &= \frac{4}{f_a} (c_\theta^2 C_{\tilde{W}} + s_\theta^2 C_{\tilde{B}}), \\
 g_{a\gamma Z} &= \frac{8}{f_a} s_\theta c_\theta (C_{\tilde{W}} - C_{\tilde{B}}), & g_{aWW} &= \frac{4}{f_a} C_{\tilde{W}},
 \end{aligned}$$

Bounds from $a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

arXiv: 2203.05484

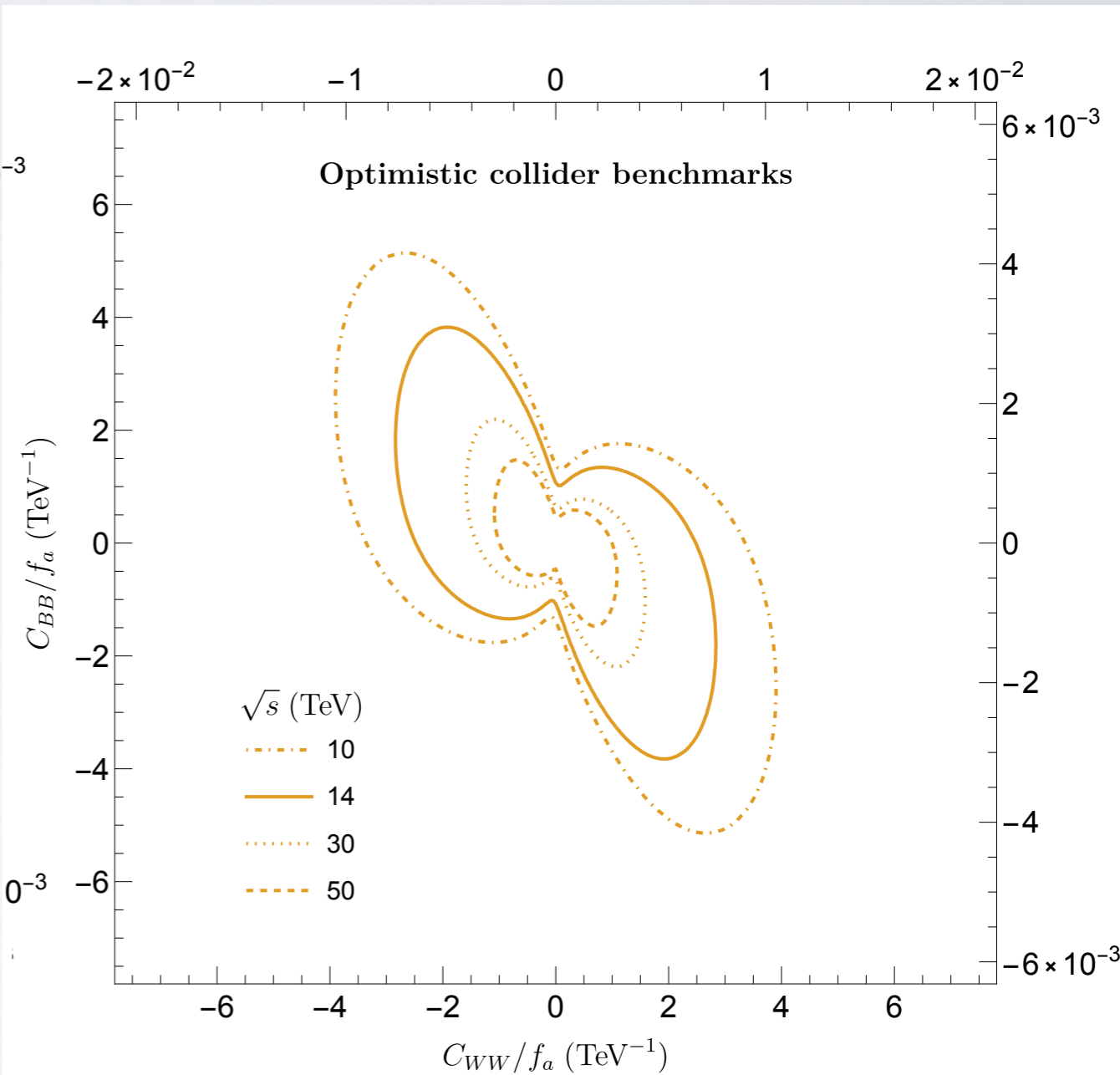
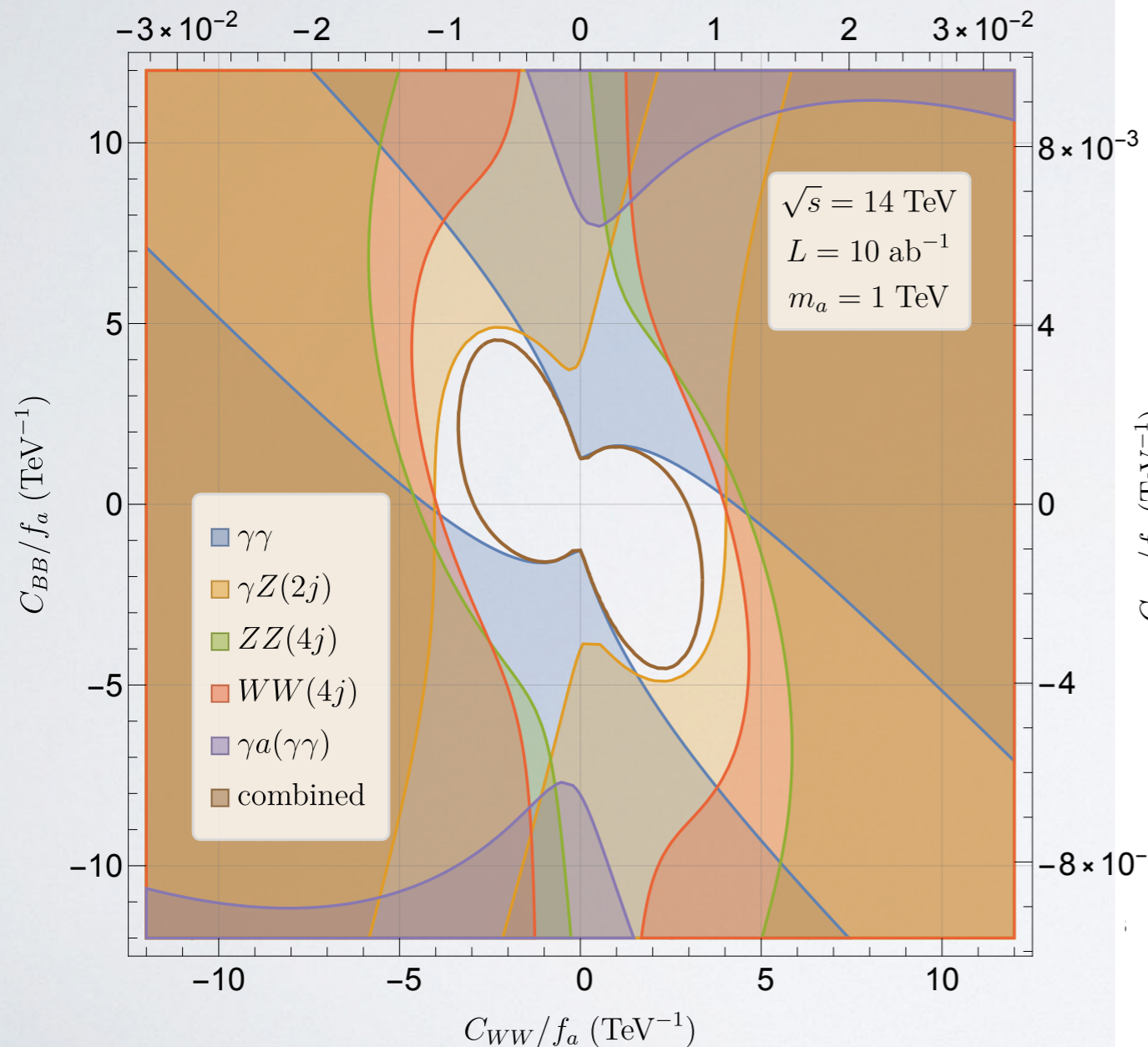
- Discovery limits

$$N_{\text{SD}} = \frac{S}{\sqrt{S+B}} = 5$$

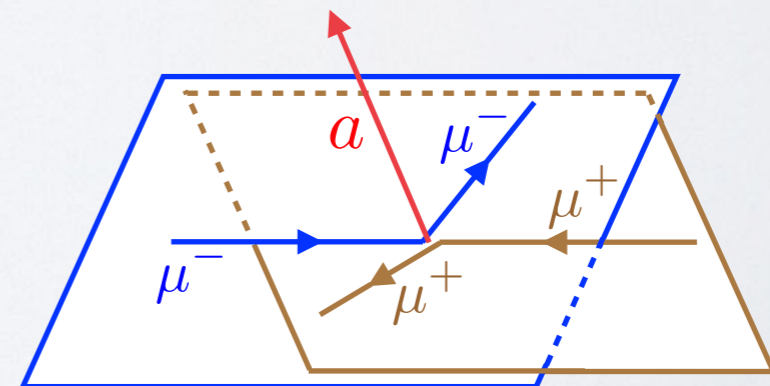
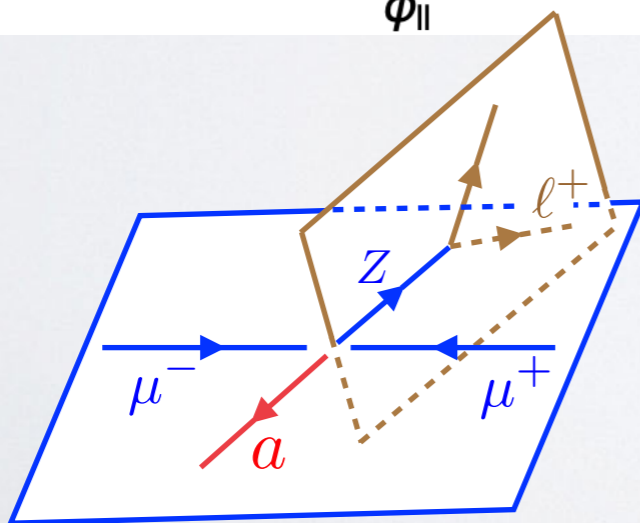
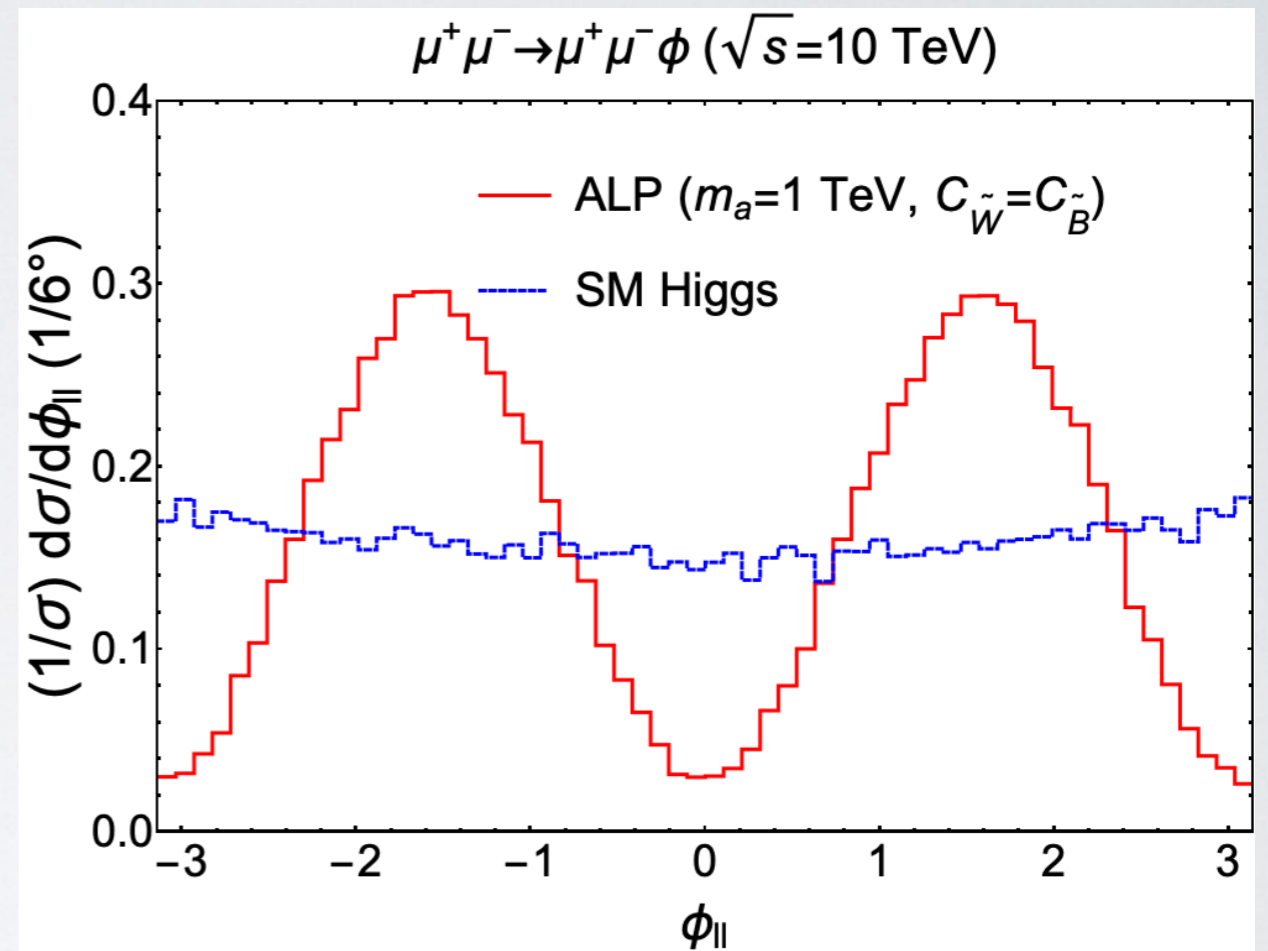
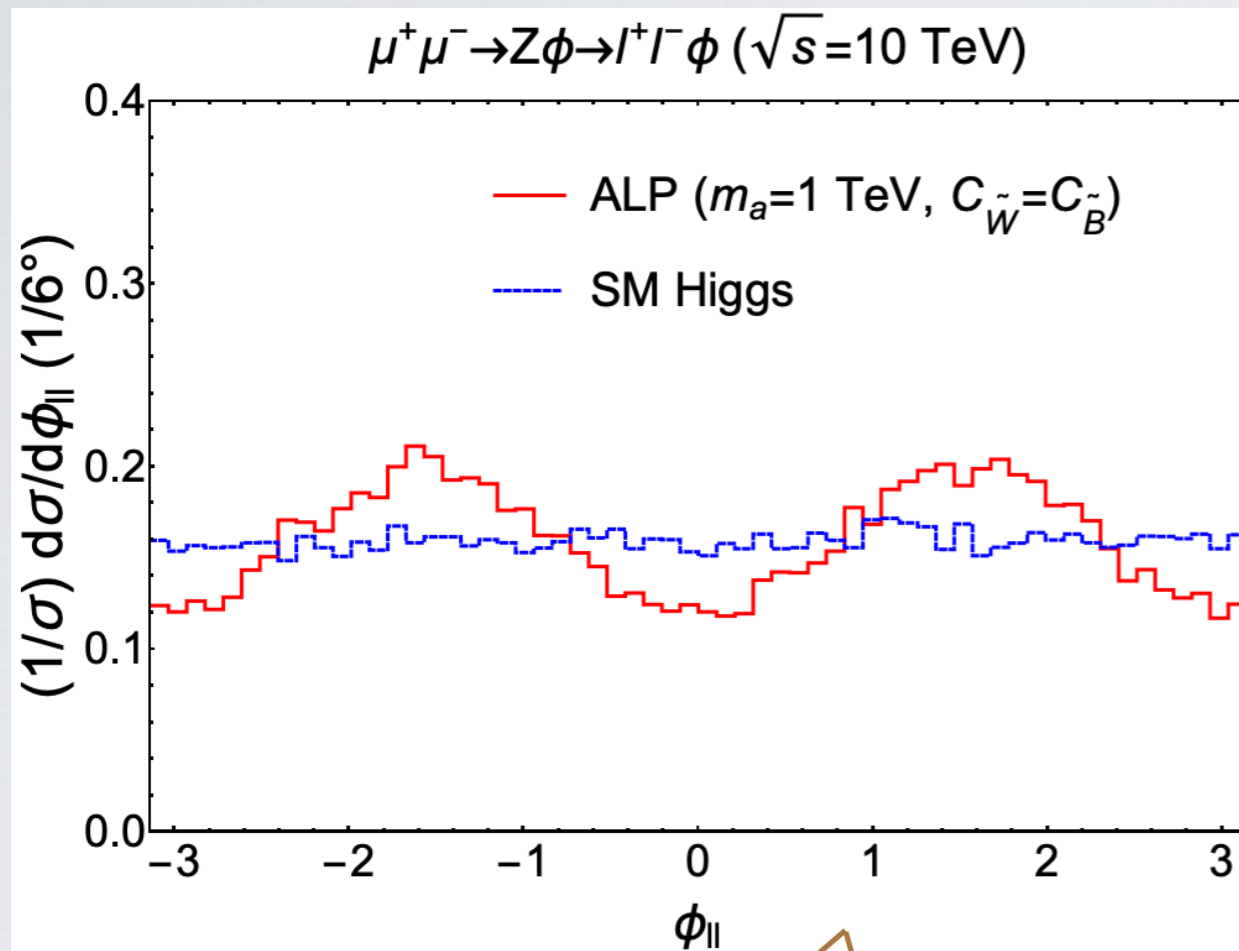


Complementary Channels

arXiv: 2203.04328



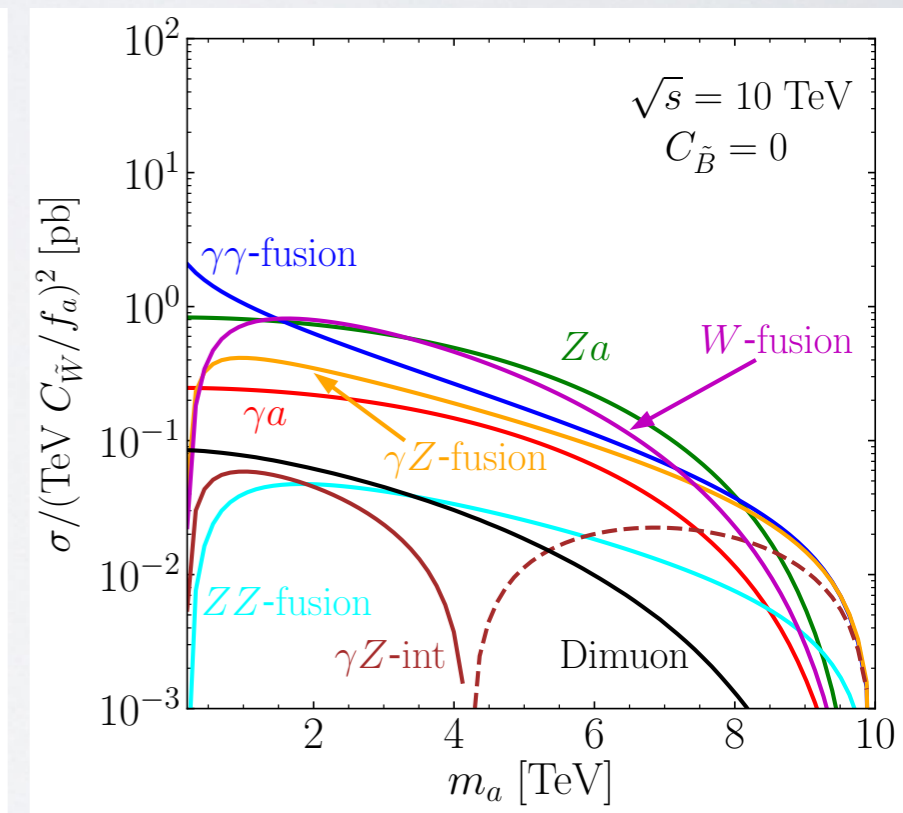
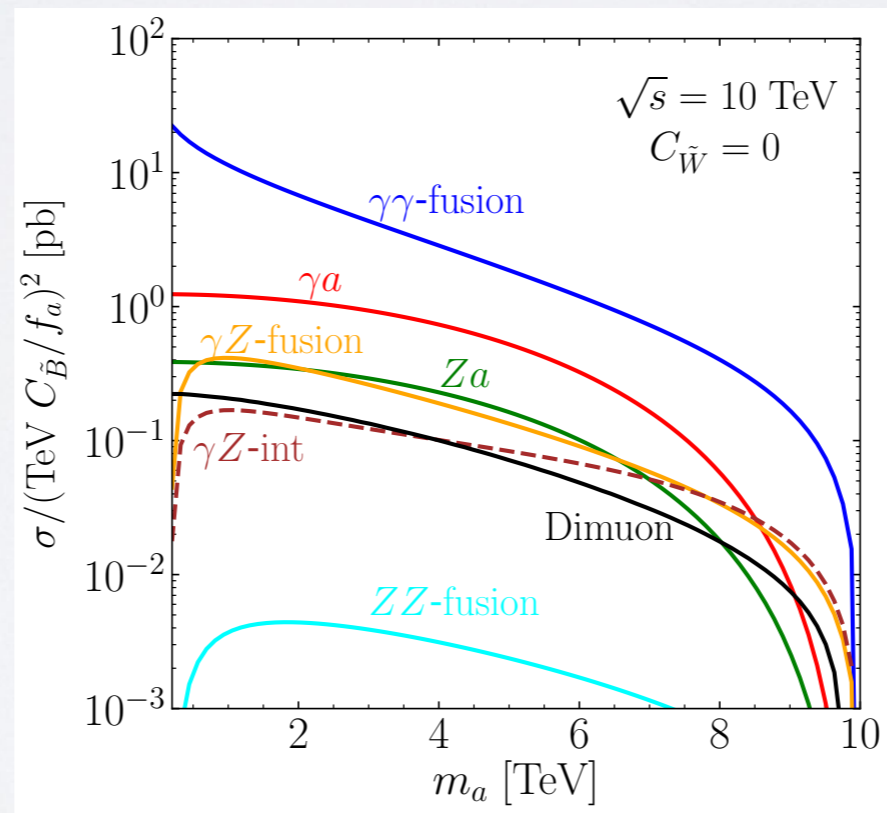
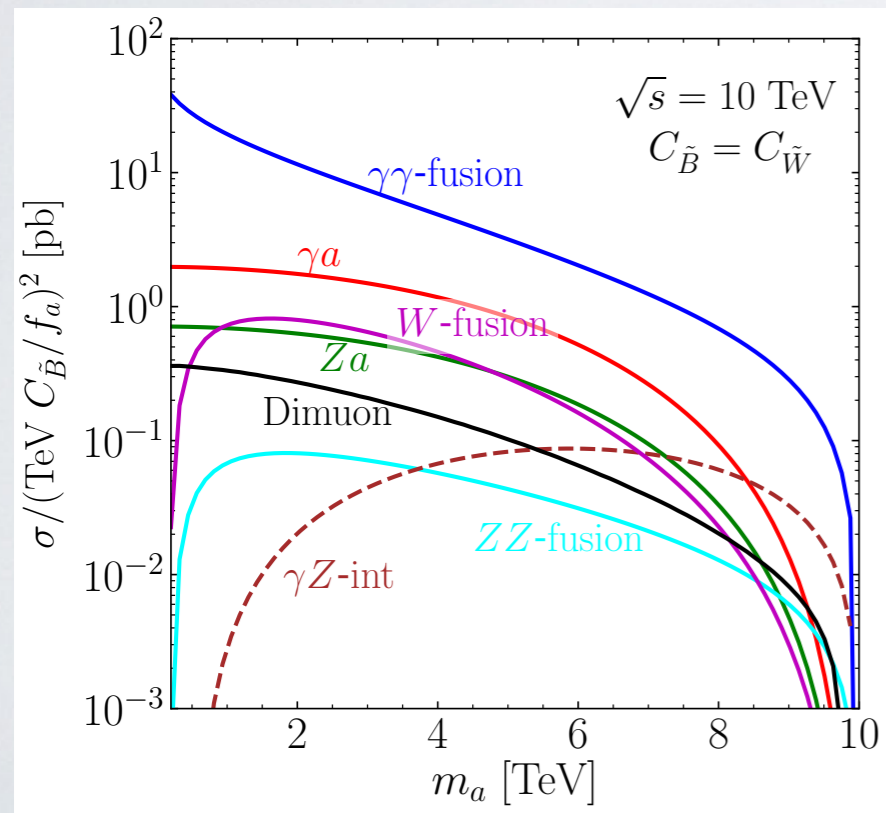
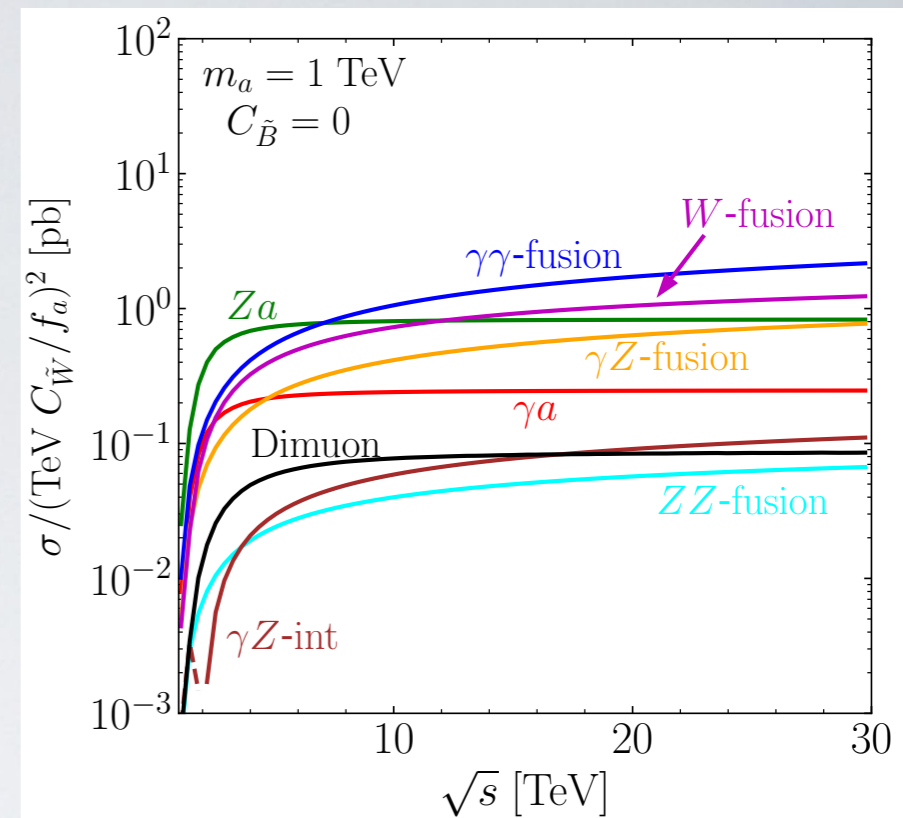
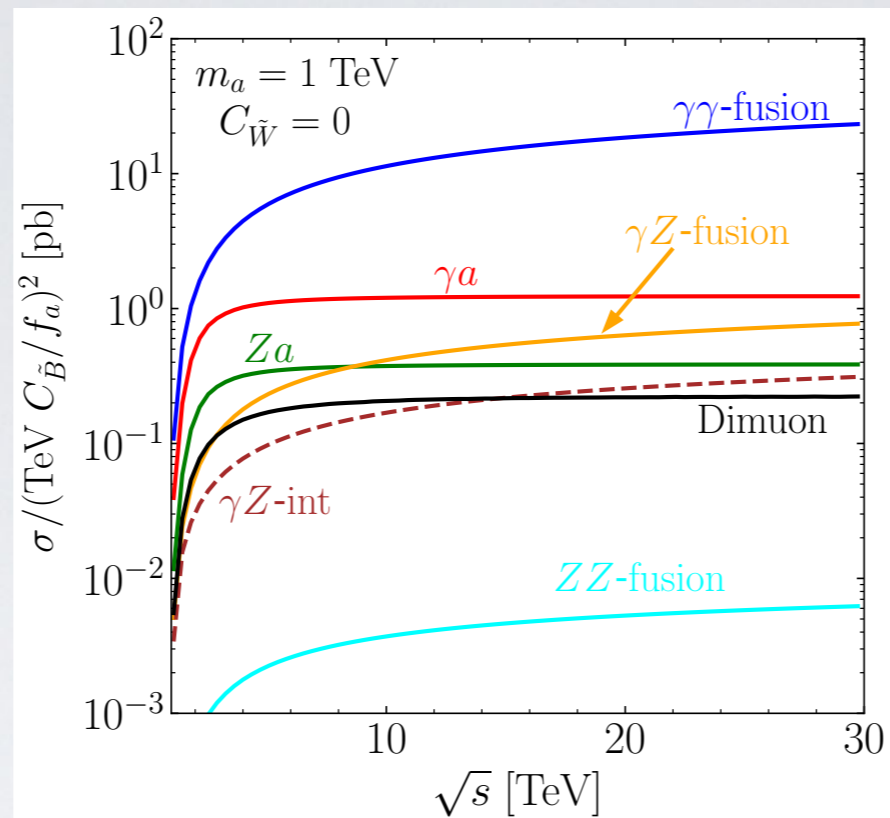
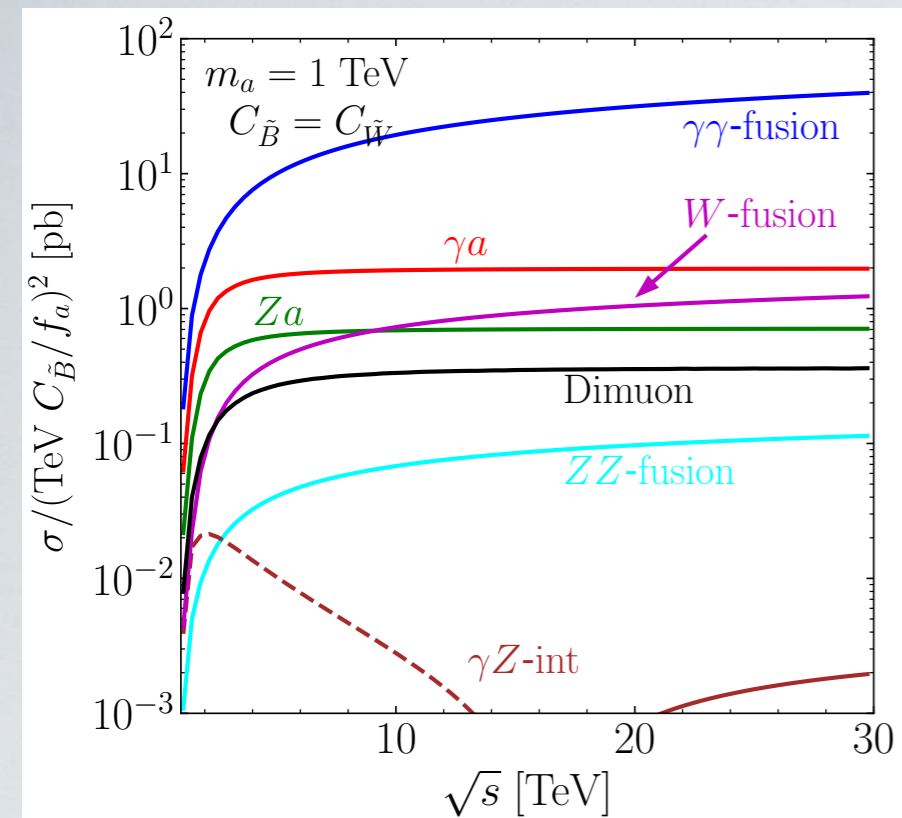
ALPs vs. Higgs



Conclusion

- Muon colliders have great physics potential
- Search for Heavy ALPs
 - $\gamma\gamma$ -fusion dominates ALP production
 - Complementary channels
 - Angular correlations can reveal the CP property

Back-ups



Bounds @ MuC

- Consider decay channel $a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

- Leading backgrounds for

- Associated production

$$\mu^+ \mu^- \rightarrow V \gamma\gamma, \quad V = \gamma, Z$$

- Inclusive VBF

$$\mu^+ \mu^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma \text{ with ISR}$$

- Exclusive di-muon

$$\mu^+ \mu^- \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \gamma\gamma$$

- Basic cuts

$$p_T(\gamma) > 10 \text{ GeV}, \quad |\eta(\gamma)| < 2.5, \quad \Delta R_{\gamma\gamma} > 0.4$$

$$\frac{|m_{\gamma\gamma} - m_a|}{m_a} < 0.05$$