The MOLLER Experiment

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n Fondation canadienne pour l'innovation



Why parity-violating electron scattering (PVES)?

- Search for physics *Beyond the Standard Model* (BSM) with low energy (Q² << M²) precision tests complementary to high energy measurements
 - Neutrino mass and their role in the early universe
 - Matter-antimatter asymmetry in the present universe EDM, DM, LFV, $0v\beta\beta$, θ_{13}
 - Unseen Forces of the Early Universe
- LHC new physics signals likely will need additional indirect evidence
 - Neutrons: Lifetime, P- & T-Violating Asymmetries (LANSCE, NIST, SNS...)
 - Muons: Lifetime, Michel parameters, g-2, Mu2e (PSI, TRIUMF, FNAL, J-PARC...)
 - **PVES:** Low energy weak neutral current couplings, precision weak mixing angle (SLAC, Jefferson Lab, Mainz)
- Study nuclear and nucleon properties
 - Strange quark content of nucleon
 - Neutron radii of heavy nuclei



0νββ decay, $θ_{12}$, β decay,...

Weak decays, **PVES**, g_u-2,...

$$A_{PV} = \frac{\sigma_+ - \sigma_-}{\sigma_+ + \sigma_-}$$

 \approx Quantity of interest



Parity-violating electron scattering



Electrons interact via BOTH the E&M and weak forces, and is an example of identical particle scattering \Rightarrow cross terms



quantum mechanical operator that reverses the spatial sign (P: x -> -x)



 $h = \frac{\vec{s} \cdot \vec{p}}{|\vec{s} \cdot \vec{p}|}$

May 2024

100% Azimuthal acceptance possible



Acceptance defining collimator



- Energy and scattering angle strongly ۲ correlated for mollers (eps are all ~11 GeV)
- Maximize azimuthal acceptance •
 - o identical particle scattering
 - \circ accept COM angles around 90°

Forward and backward (in COM) scattered electrons from two events

(line type links electrons from same event)

Large energy and angle range to focus ٠

Lab Frame



How does PVES measure







Measuring the electroweak couplings

The parity-violating (neutral weak) part of the Standard Model Lagrangian is



The Standard Model

Summarizes our knowledge of the fundamental particles and the interactions they can undergo

The boxes enclose those particles that interact via a given force through the exchange of the associated boson

Gravity is often mentioned as a fundamental force but is not actually part of the Standard Model



https://webfest.web.cern.ch/content/standard-model-standard-infographic







Experimental apparatus

Integrating detector array

Tracking detectors

Beam monitors

Shielding

Target

Spectrometer system

Acceptance defining collimator

Full azimuthal acceptance for mollers from $6 < \theta_{lab} < 20$ mrads $2.75 \le E_{scat} \le 8.25$ GeV $E_{beam} = 11 \text{ GeV}$ $I_{beam} = 65 \ \mu A$ $\mathcal{L} = 3 \times 10^{39} \ cm^{-2} \cdot s^{-1}$ $P_{beam} \ge 90 \pm 0.5 \ \%$ $1.25 \ m \text{ LH}_2 \text{ target}$

rate(GHz/uA/sep/5mm) vs r(mm)



particle envelopes along beamline

May 2024

Pictures of magnetic spectrometer elements



Main detector array (CFI funded)

Allows for deconvolution of moller asymmetry from elastic and inelastic bkgds

100

Array of 224 detectors







Red – "open" Blue – closed Green – transition

overlap azimuthally





CAP Congress

May 2024

Detector prototyping



Final Main Detector Module Design :

Module parts:

- Fused silica active volume (quartz)
- Air core light guide
- 3D printed housing parts
- Aluminum module structure parts
- PMT
- Front-end electronics
- HVMAPS module (+ readout)
- Light seal cover



Precision provides physics reach

 $\frac{\delta \sin^2 \theta_W}{\sin^2 \theta_W} \simeq .05 \frac{\delta A_{PV}}{A_{PV}} \implies \delta Q_W^e$ = 2.3%, ~5 × smaller than E158

2.3% MOLLER uncertainty \rightarrow mass reach 7.5 to 27 *TeV*

(depending on the model of new physics)



	95% conf. level	
LEP200	Λ^{ee}_{LL} ~8.3 TeV	
E158	$\Lambda^{ee}_{LL}{\sim}12~TeV$	
MOLLER	Λ_{LL}^{ee} ~27 TeV	

MOLLER is accessing discovery ⁵ space that cannot be reached until the advent of a new lepton collider or neutrino factory



Future – couplings and SM Tests



P2

Summary and Outlook – MOLLER

- Fabrication has started for long-lead items
- Fabrication and qualification activity underway at Jlab
- Expect to launch rest of fabrication/procurement with ESAAB review in spring
- Will be ready for assembly mid-2025
- Ready for physics in fall 2026
- With an on-time start, you should expect the first physics publication in mid-2027

 Other experiments will continue to use PVES to "map out" the running of the weak mixing angle

MOLLER Collaboration

~ 160 authors, 37 institutions, 6 countries

K. Kumar: Spokesperson R. Fair: Project Manager Includes experience from E158, PREX, Qweak, PVDIS, HAPPEX, G-Zero

Current Canadian Group

10 faculty from U. Manitoba, U. Winnipeg, U. Memorial, UNBC 3 postdocs and 8 students

False asymmetries from helicity correlated beam properties



$$A = A_{raw} - A_Q - \sum_i \beta_i \Delta x_i - \beta_E A_E$$



Average position differences at the target controlled to order ~10 nm

The width of human hair is 50,000 nanometers!!!

Beam Correction Techniques



- χ^2 minimization
- Narrowest width
- Best statistical precision
- Slope diluted by monitor resolution



- Spans phase space well
- Constrains sensitivities
- Best systematic accuracy
- Larger widths



- "Hybrid" of regression and beam modulation techniques
- Best of both worlds
- Best precision given constraints on sensitivities

Data quality

$$A_{meas} \Rightarrow A_{corr} \Rightarrow A_{PV} \Rightarrow F_W \Rightarrow F_{W,skin} \Rightarrow r_{skin}$$



Parity-violating electron scattering

Strong interaction uncertainties in other measurements, like HIC



with electron scattering – the probe doesn't interact via the strong force



Electrons with different helicities "see" different potentials for the target, N, because of parity-violation in the weak interaction







 \bigcirc

Elastic scattering $\Rightarrow -q^2 = Q^2 = 4EE' \sin^2\theta$

May 2024

COMPLEMENTARY TO THE LHC - Z'



 $\alpha = 0 \rightarrow E6 \text{ models}, \alpha \neq 0$ describes kinetic mixing

 $\beta = 0 \rightarrow SO(10)$ (including those based on LR symmetry)

The MOLLER experiment is a >\$40M USD experiment expected to run in 2026. This experiment has a large Canadian contribution, to both the spectrometer and detector systems. The experiment utilizes parity-violation in the weak interaction to measure the asymmetry between longitudinally polarized electrons in the positive and negative helicity states. The electrons scatter from electrons in liquid hydrogen, are collimated and bent through the spectrometer system to the main detector array. There are 224 integrating quartz detectors in the array. In addition there are a set of tracking detectors to study backgrounds and determine the acceptance. In fact, the whole accelerator is part of the experiment, with beam position and charge monitors throughout the beamline serving to study helicity-correlated backgrounds. In this talk I will describe the goals of the MOLLER experiment and its design and provide a status, in particular of the spectrometer and detector systems.

The University of Manitoba campuses are located on original lands of Anishinaabeg, Ininewuk, Anisininewuk, Dakota Oyate and Denesuline, and on the National Homeland of the Red River Métis.

We respect the Treaties that were made on these territories, we acknowledge the harms and mistakes of the past, and we dedicate ourselves to move forward in partnership with Indigenous communities in a spirit of Reconciliation and collaboration.





quantum mechanical operator that reverses the spatial sign (P: x -> -x)







We describe physical processes as interacting currents by constructing the most general form which is consistent with Lorentz invariance

Terms of the form $\overline{\psi} (4 \times 4) \psi$ where $\gamma^5 \equiv i \gamma^0 \gamma^1 \gamma^2 \gamma^3$

Scalar $\overline{\psi}\psi$ Note:Pseudoscalar $\overline{\psi}\gamma^5\psi$ P (V*V) = +1Vector $\overline{\psi}\gamma^{\mu}\gamma^{\mu}\psi$ P (V*V) = +1Axial Vector $\overline{\psi}\gamma^{\mu}\gamma^5\psi$ P (A*V) = -1Tensor $\overline{\psi}\sigma^{\mu\nu}\psi$ P (A*V) = -1

Note: P (V*V) = +1 P (A*A) = + 1 P (A*V) = -1