

# 2023 at CRIS

Louis Lalanne

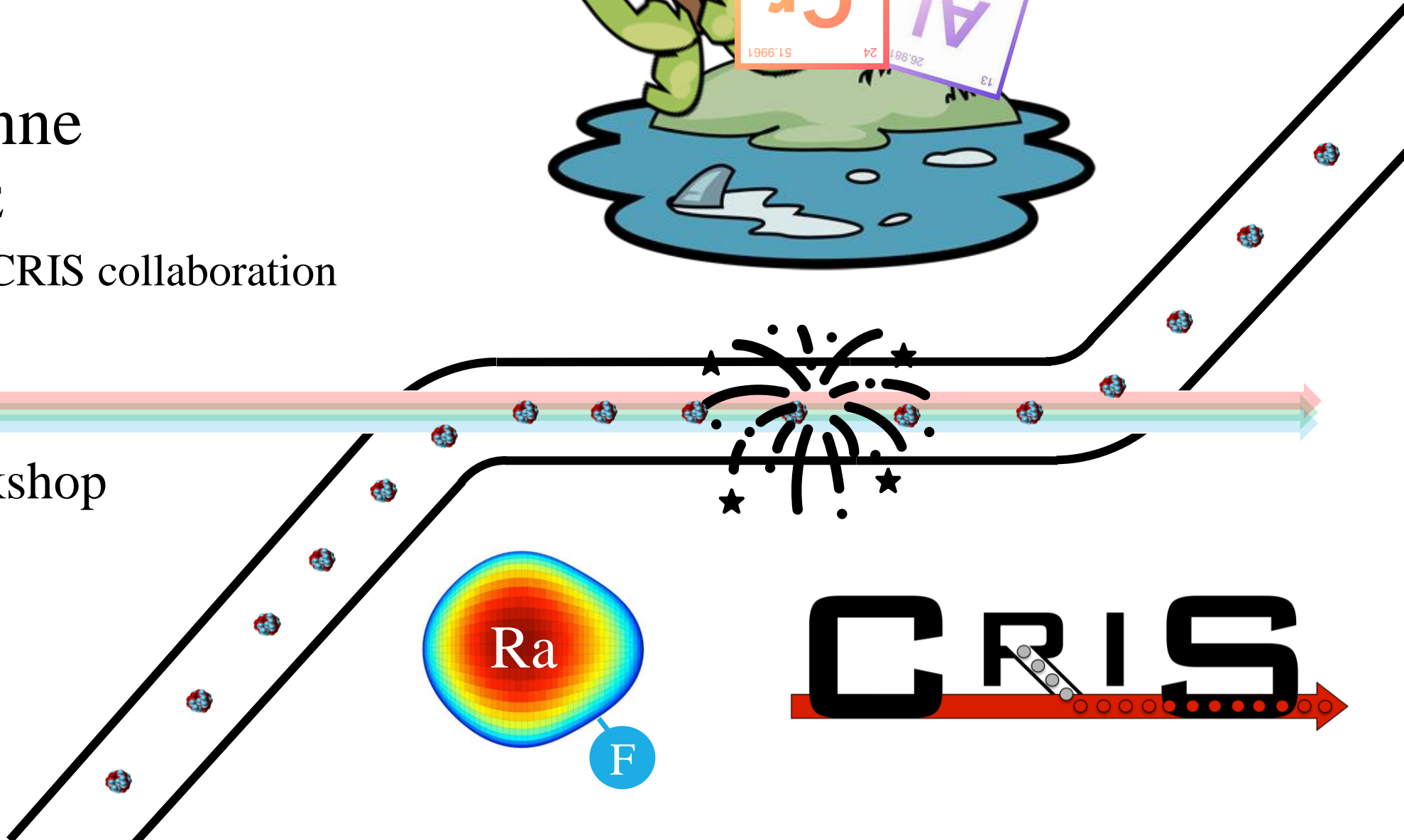
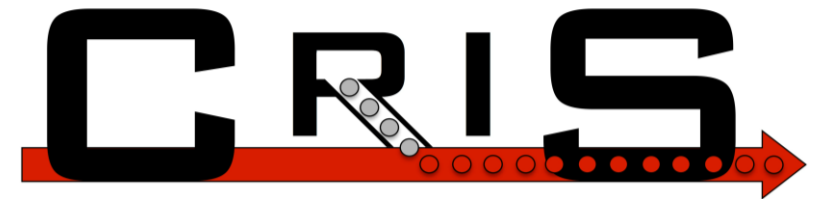
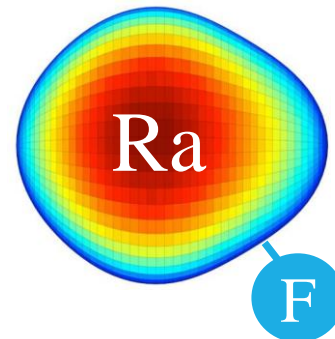
CERN / ISOLDE

on behalf of the CRIS collaboration



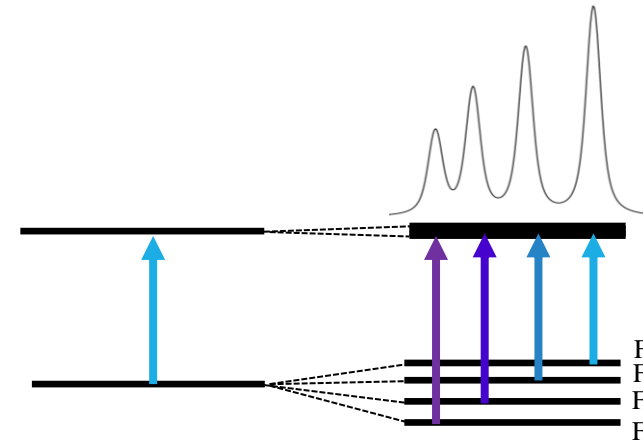
ISOLDE Workshop

30/11/2023



## CRIS : Collinear Resonance Ionization Spectroscopy

Hyperfine Structure (HFS) :



$$E(F) = kA + k'B$$

$$A = \frac{\mu B e(0)}{I \cdot J}$$

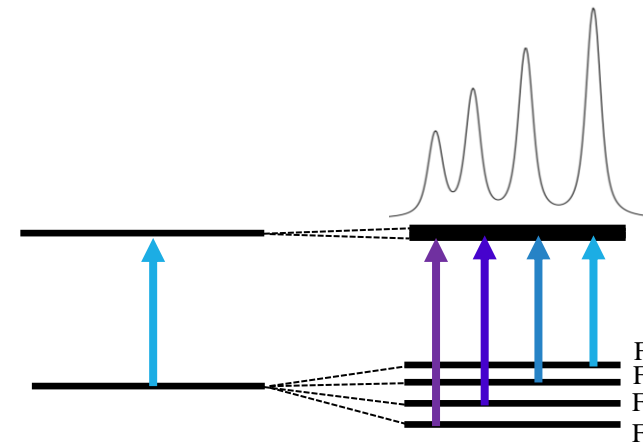
$$B = e Q_s V(0)$$

Isotope shift : shift of HFS between two isotopes A and A'

$$\delta \nu_i^{A,A'} = \frac{A - A'}{AA'} M_i + F_i \delta \langle r^2 \rangle^{AA'}$$

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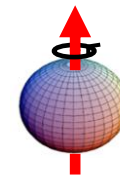
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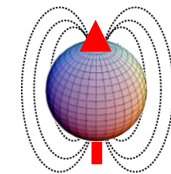
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Measuring the HFS :

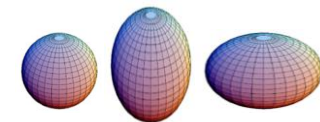
- Nuclear Spin I



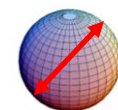
- Magnetic dipole moment  $\mu$



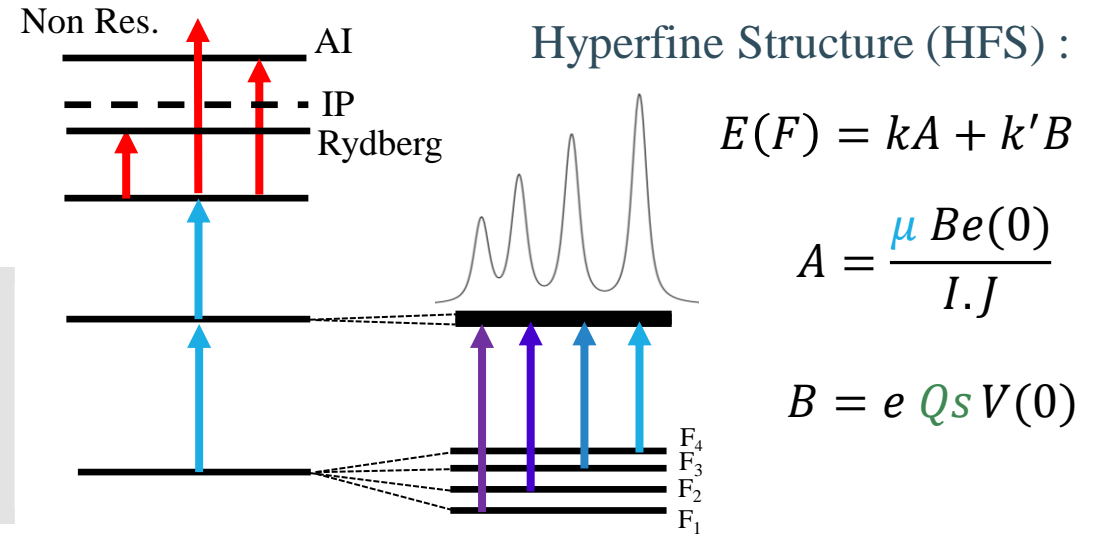
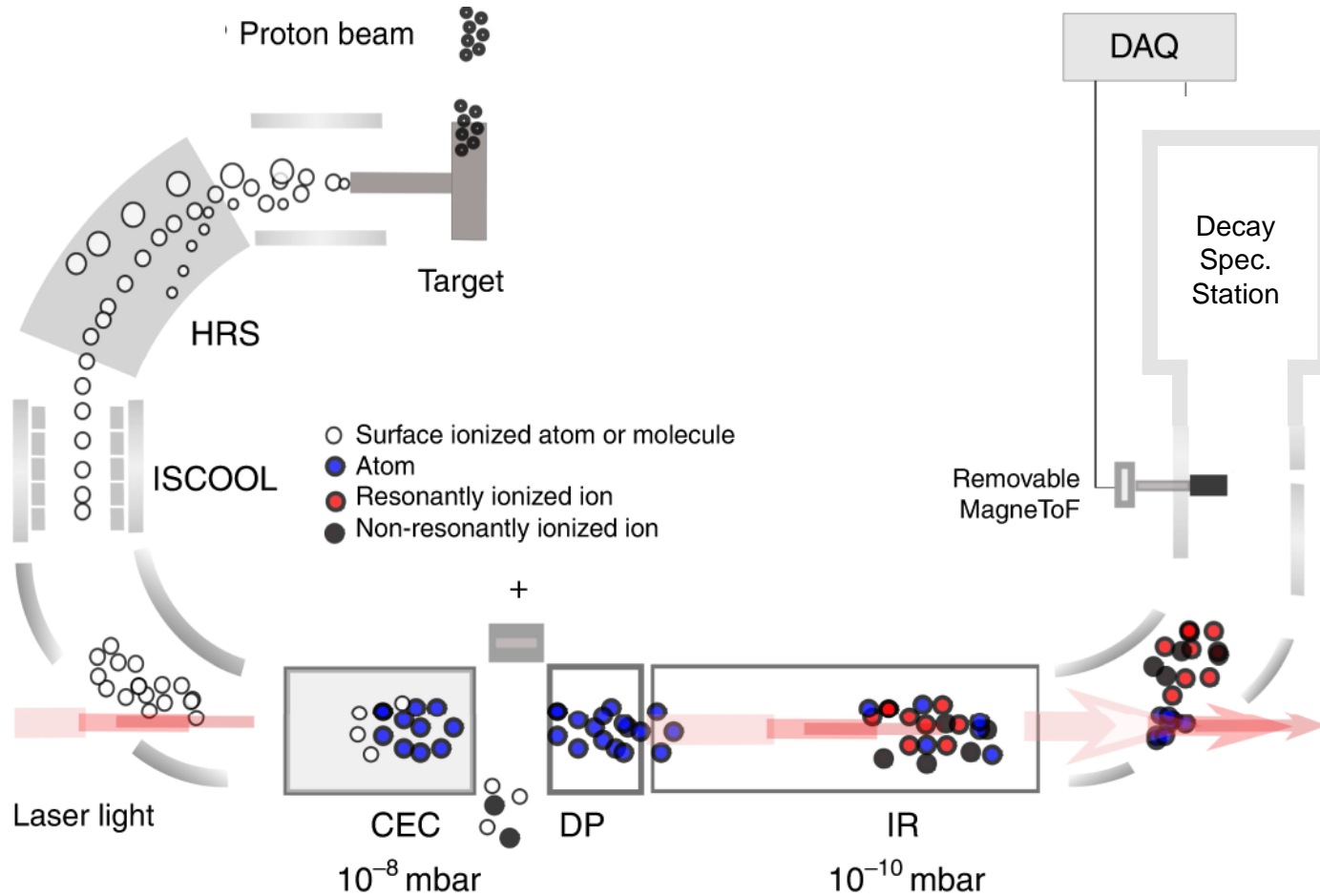
- Electric quadrupole moment  $Q_s$



- Changes of charge radii  $\delta \langle r^2 \rangle$



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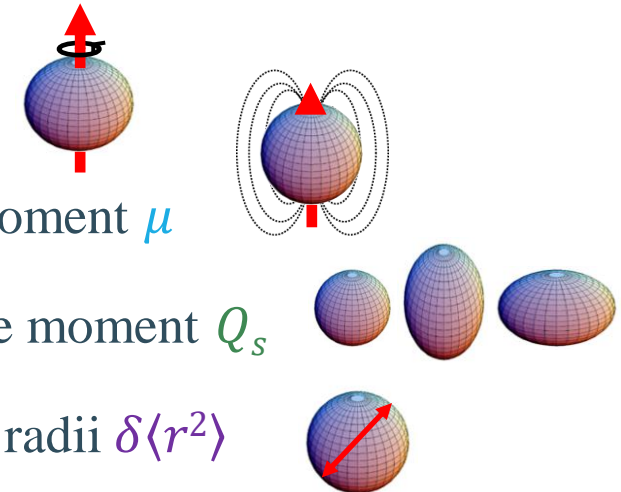


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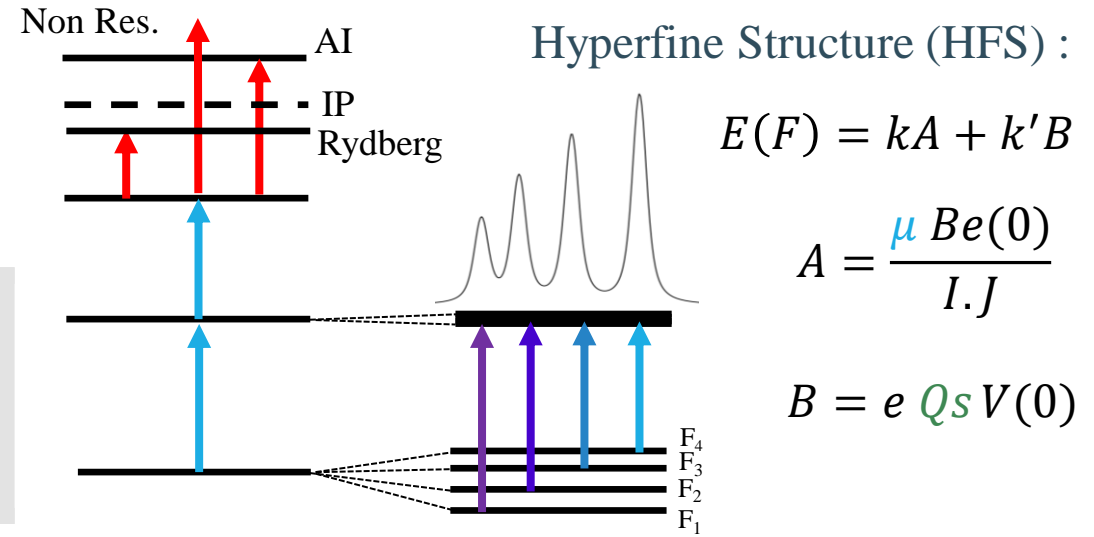
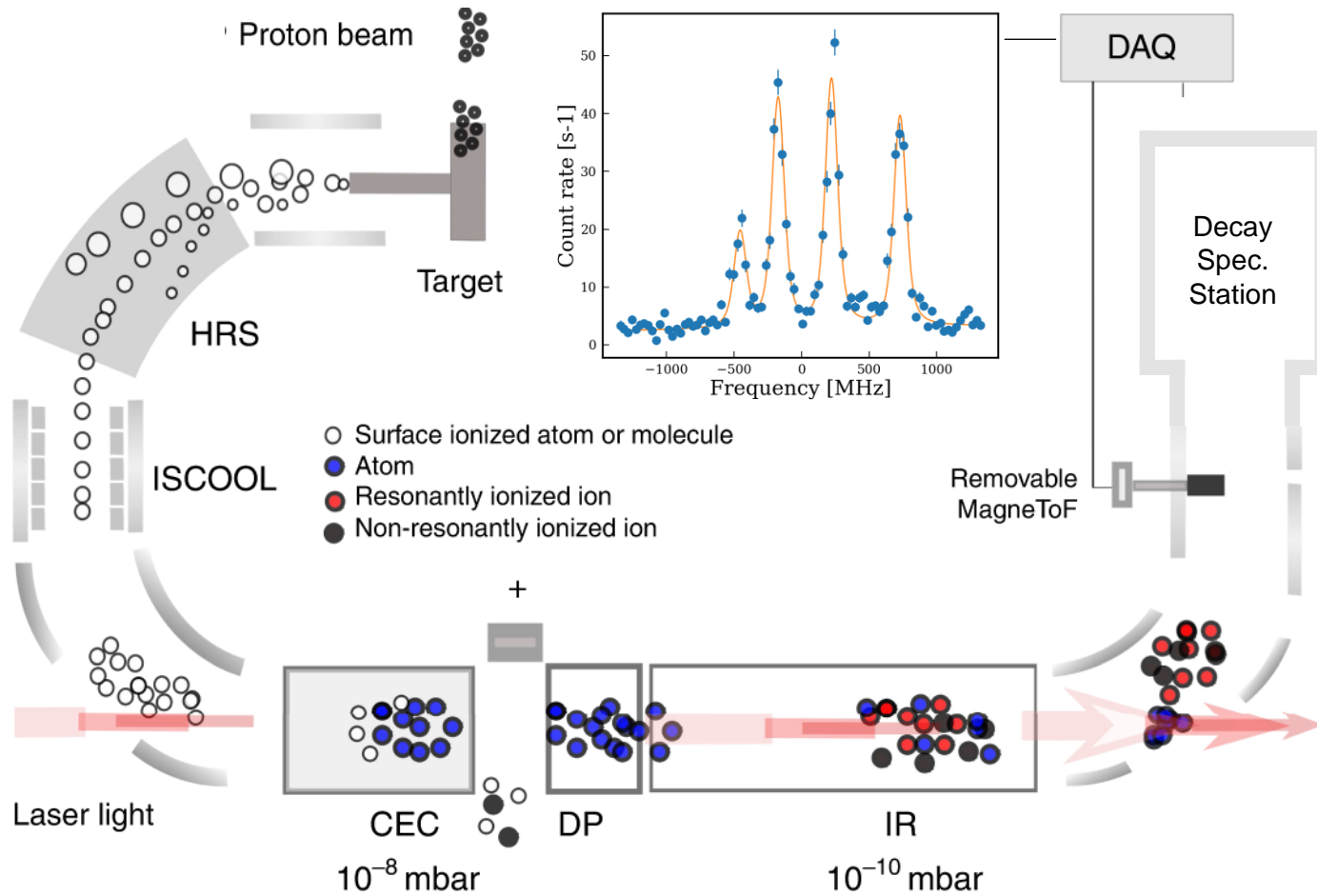
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Measuring the HFS :

- Nuclear Spin  $I$
- Magnetic dipole moment  $\mu$
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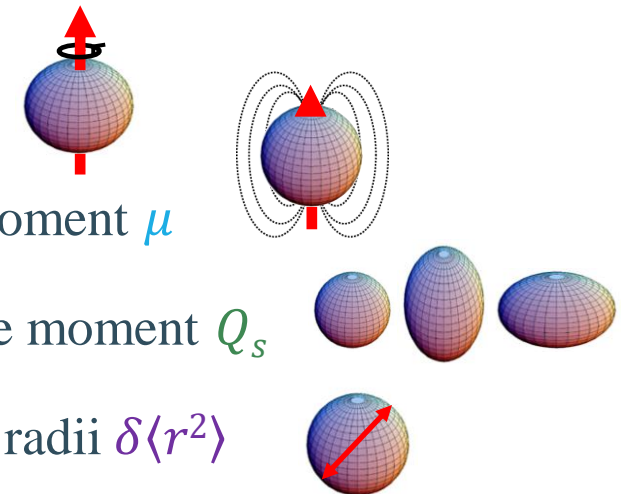


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Measuring the HFS :

- Nuclear Spin  $I$
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- Changes of charge radii  $\delta \langle r^2 \rangle$



- ✓ High sensitivity : > few 10 ions/s
- ✓ High resolution : > 20 MHz
- ✓ High versatility

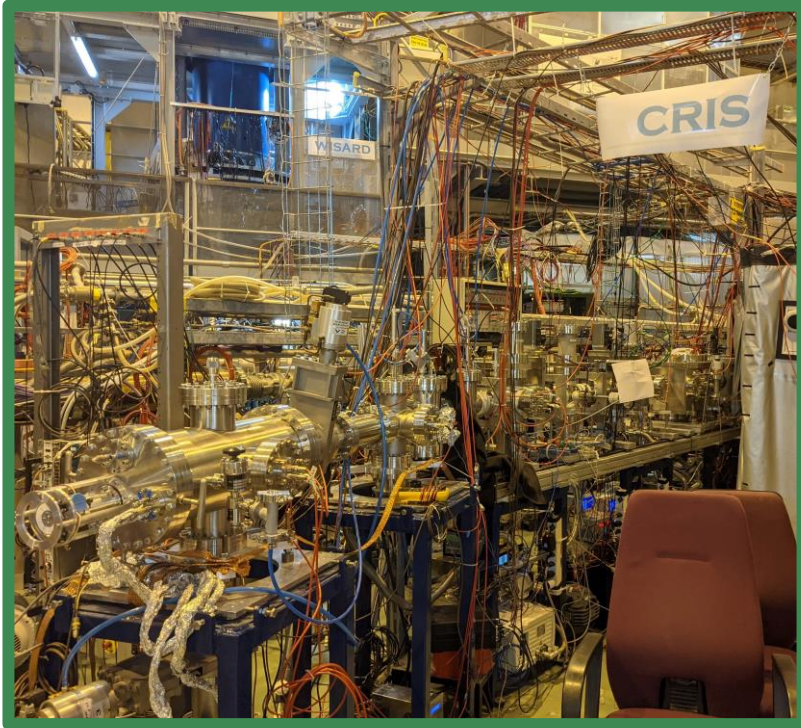
# 2023 CRIS upgrade: New End of the Beam Line

Decembre 2022

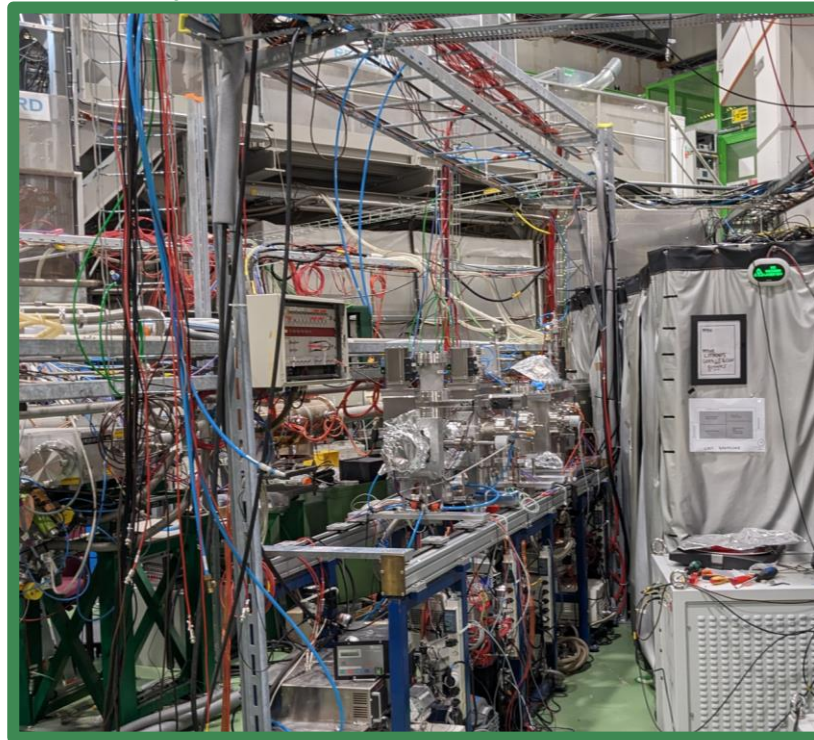


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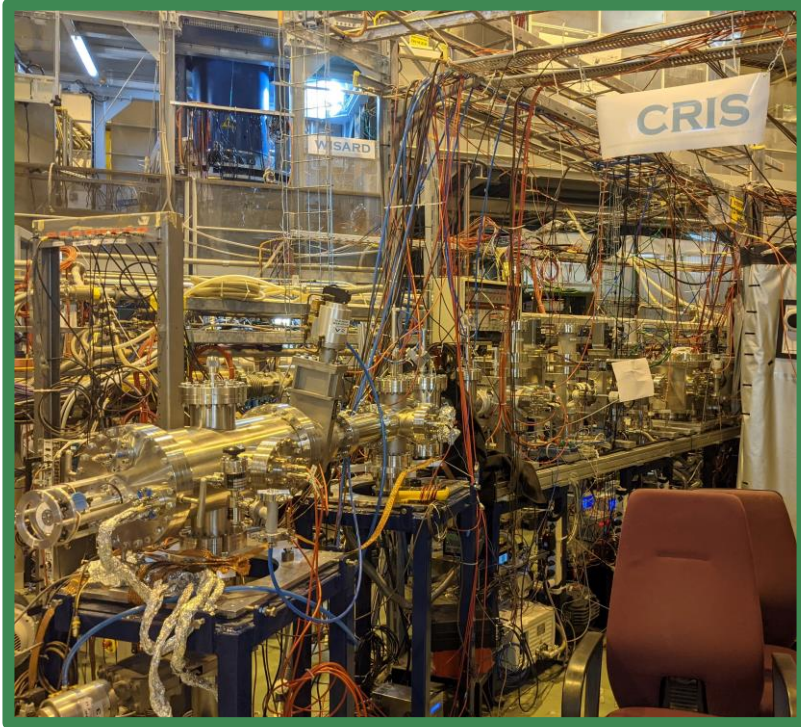


January 2023

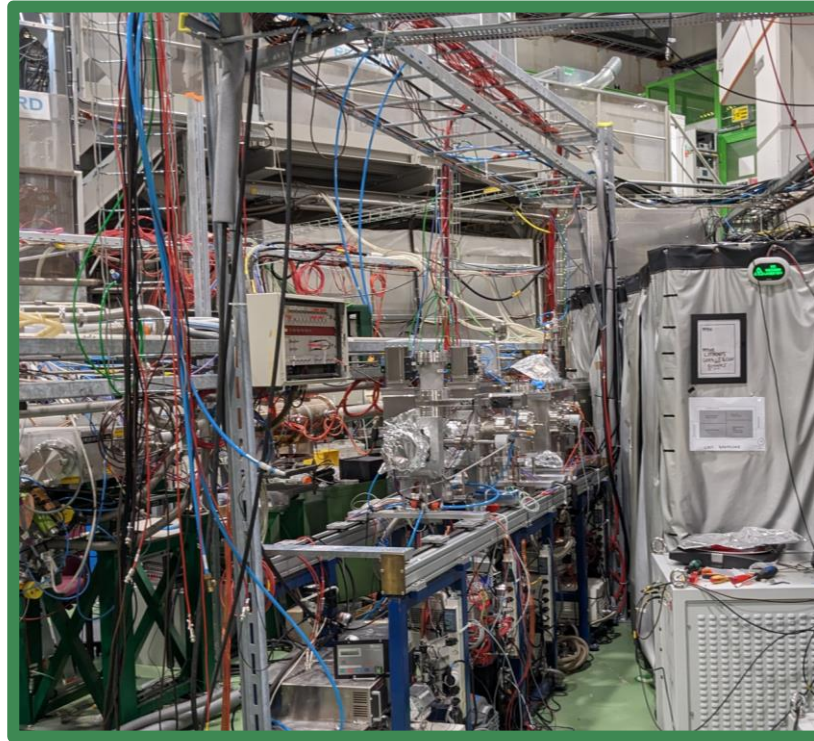


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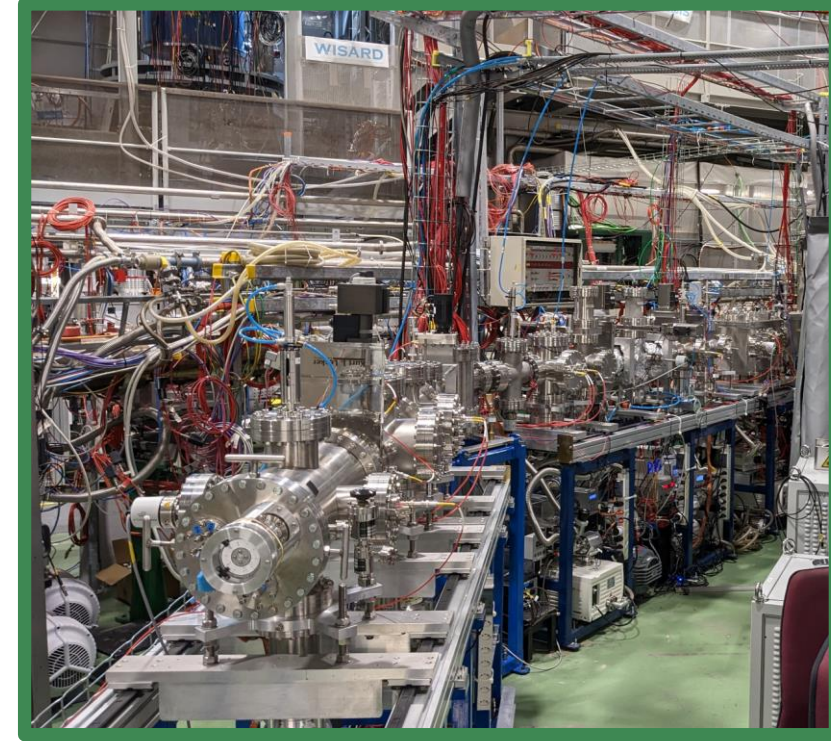
Decembre 2022



January 2023



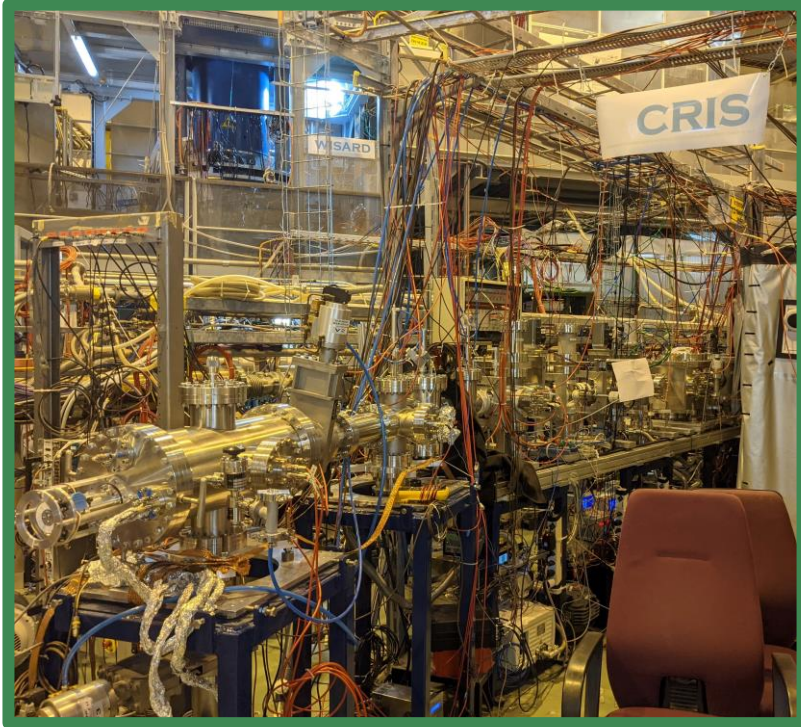
March 2023



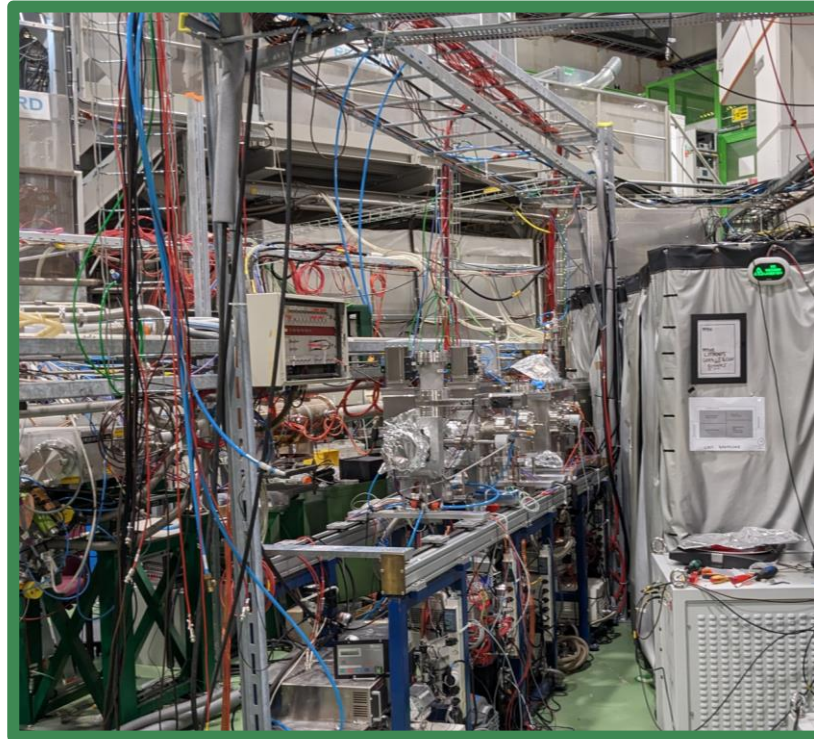


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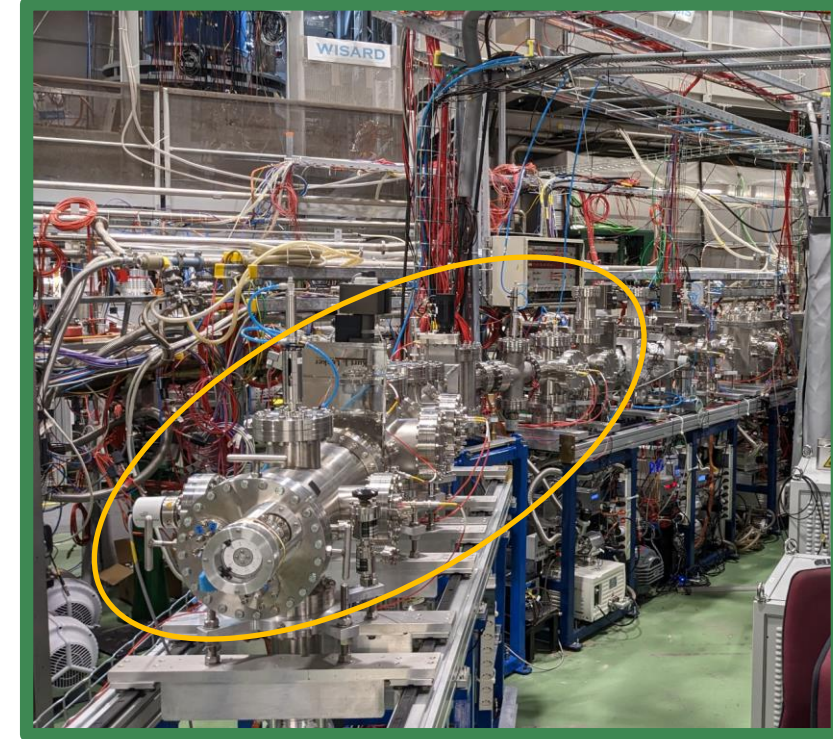
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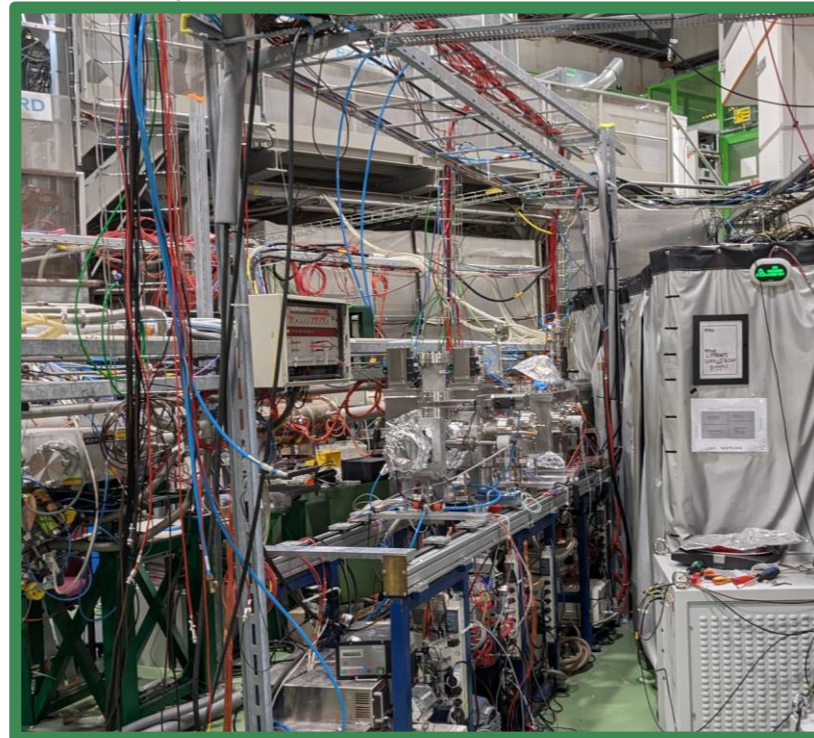
## New end of the beam line:

- New field ionization unit
- New bender
- New beam optics

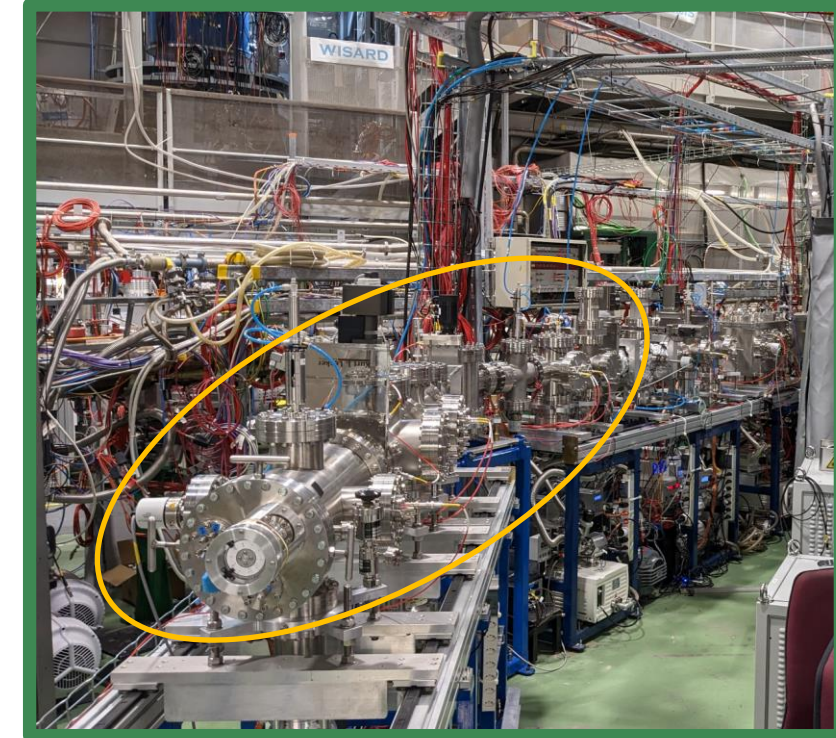
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January 2023



March 2023



## New end of the beam line:

- New field ionization unit
- New bender
- New beam optics

→ Allows Rydberg ionization scheme

→ Beam transport efficiency toward ion detector and decay spectroscopy station improved from 30% to 100%

→ Enable upgrade of the DSS toward a tape system

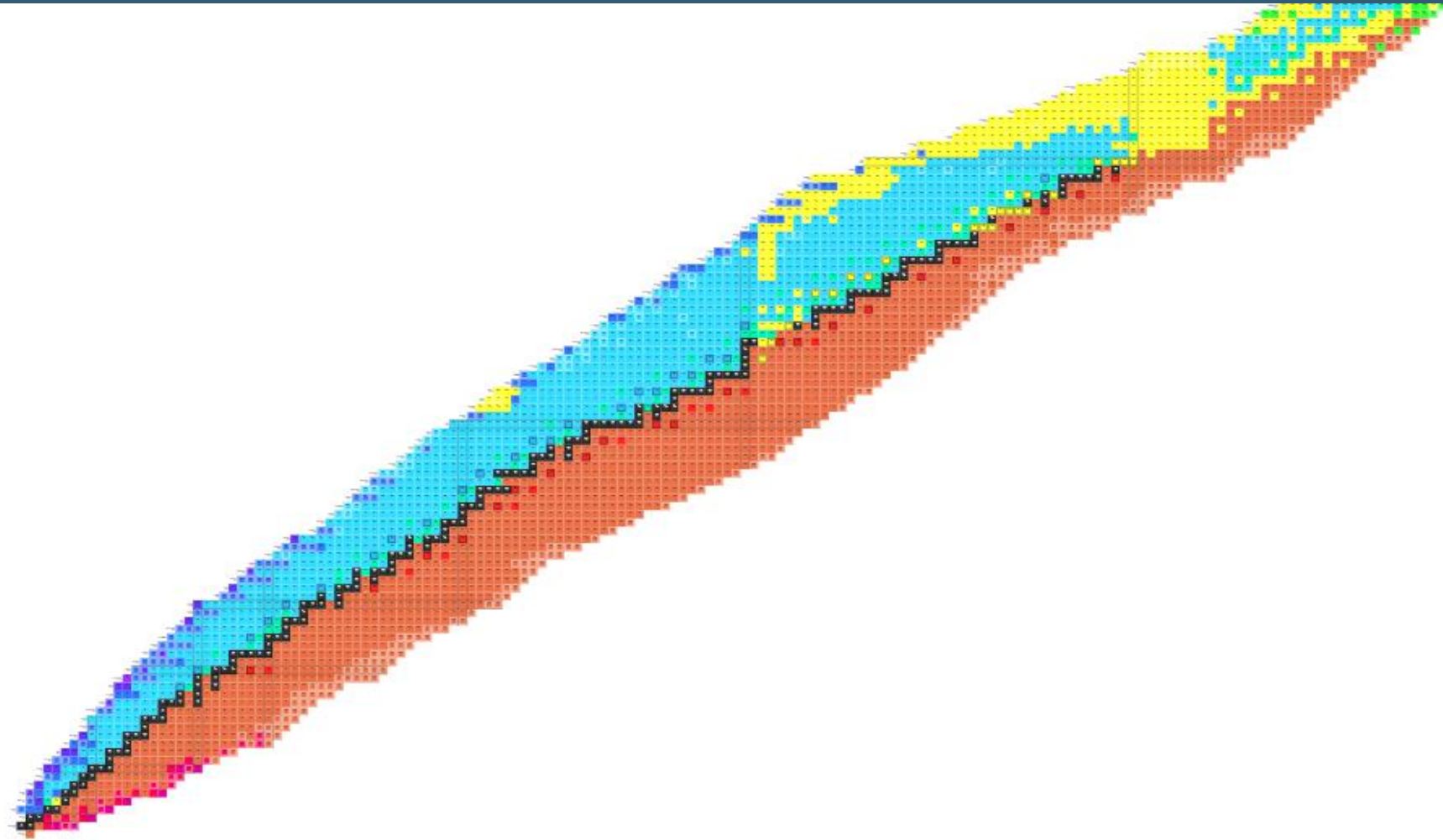
See talk of Yongchao Liu !

# The 2023 experimental campaign

HRS schedule 2023

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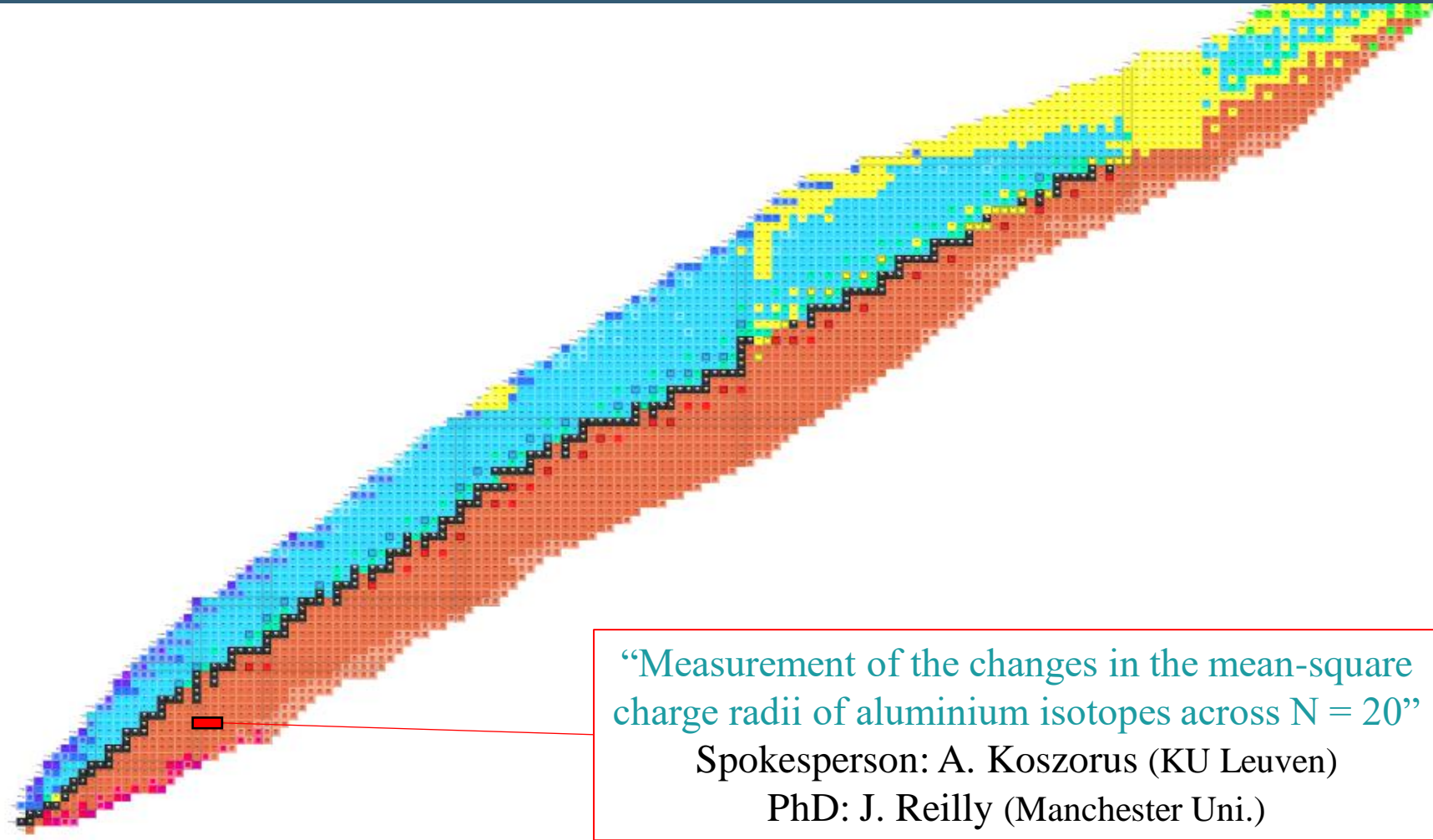
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*Note: A red box highlights the cell for Monday, April 15th, containing the text "Time available for tests to CRIS".*



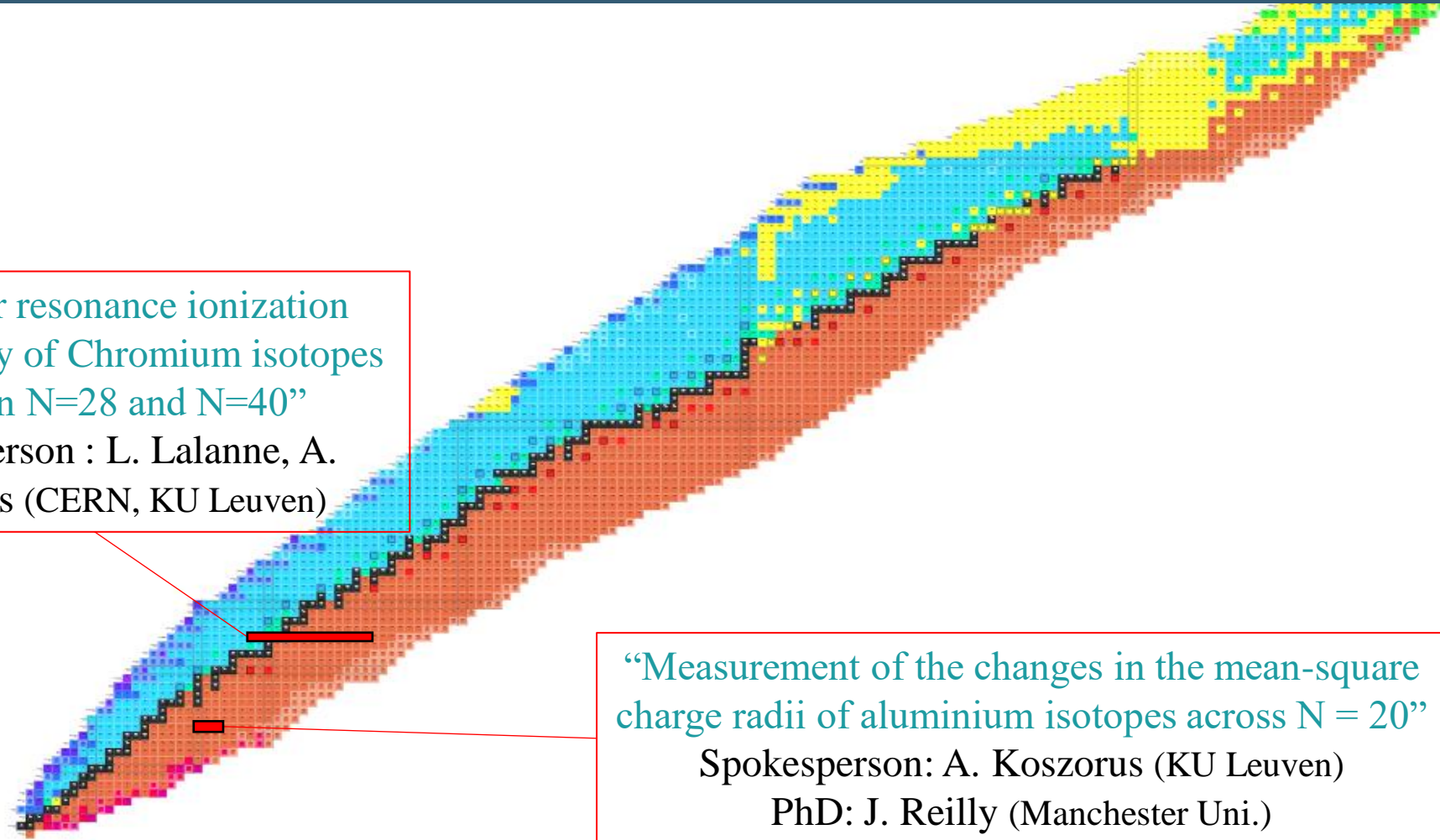
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 Spokesperson : L. Lalanne, A. Koszorus (CERN, KU Leuven)

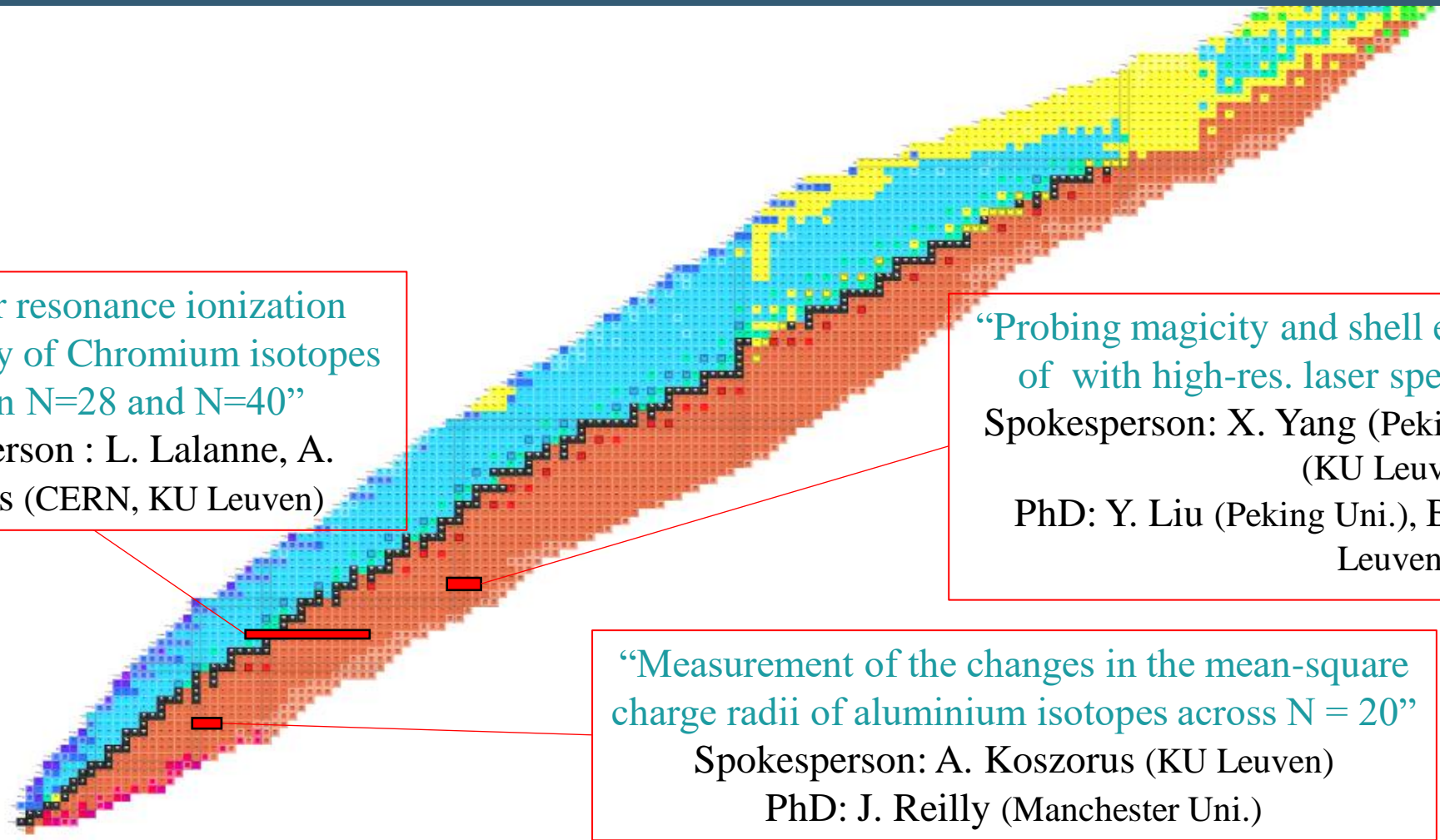
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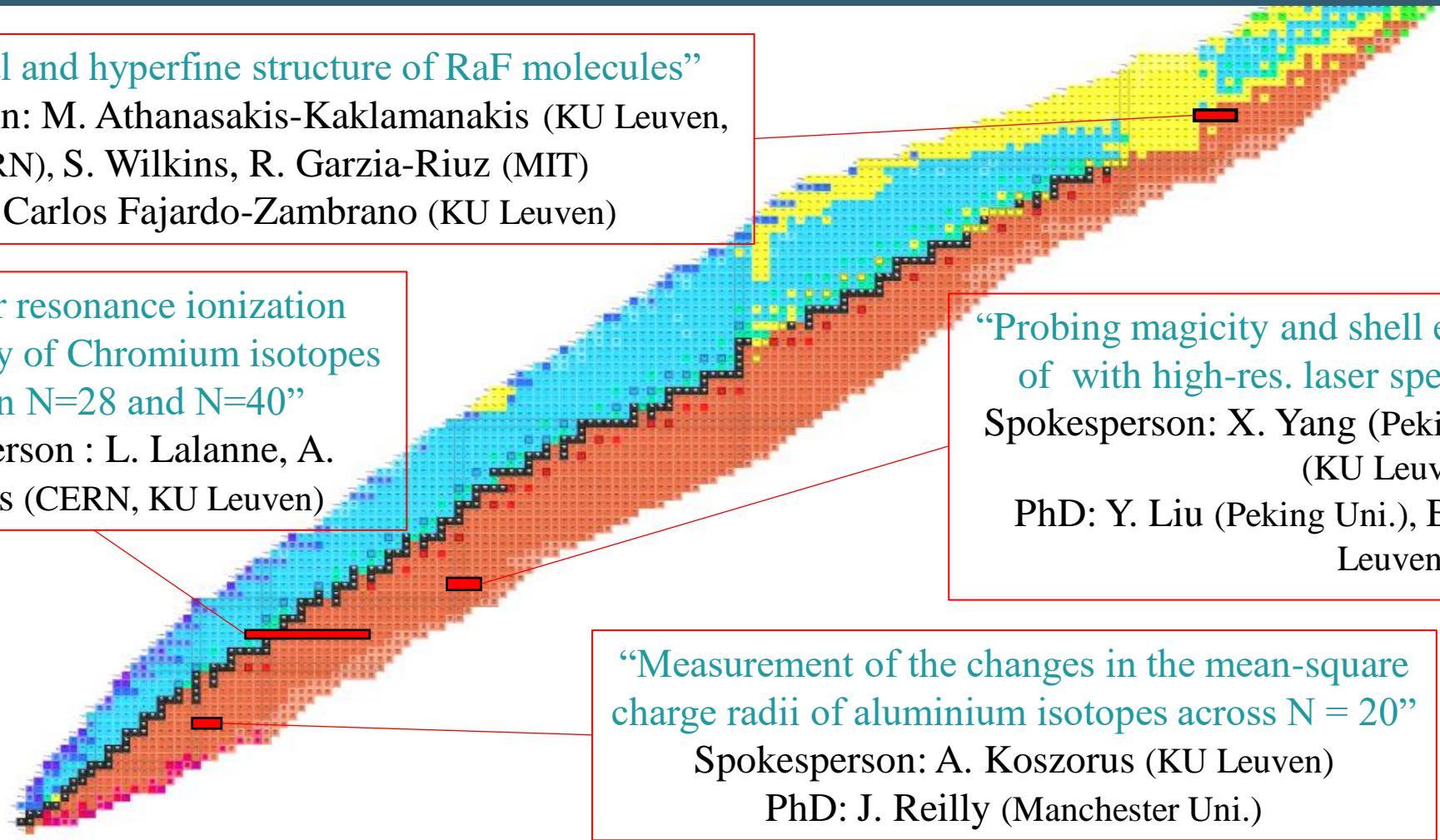
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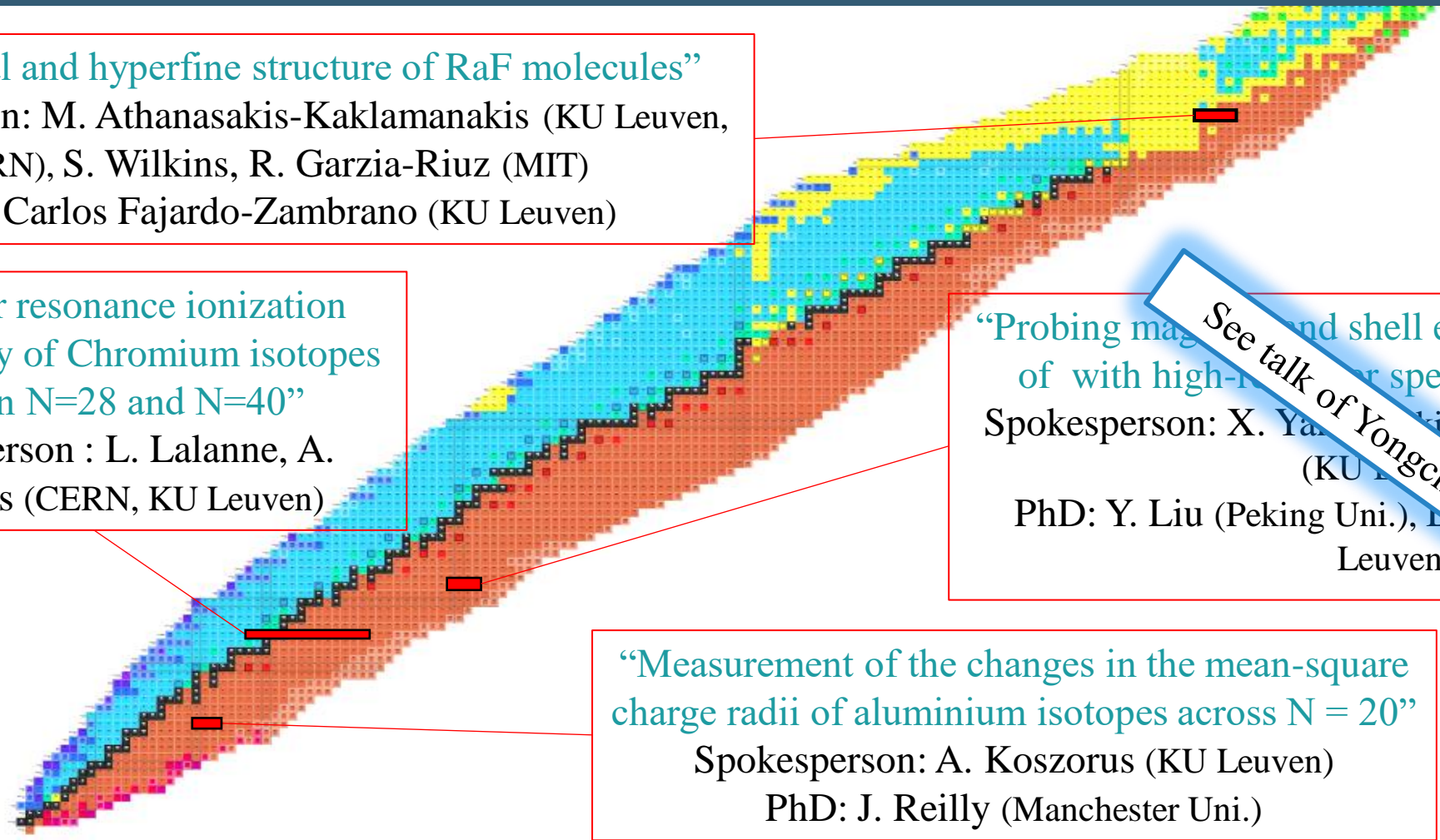
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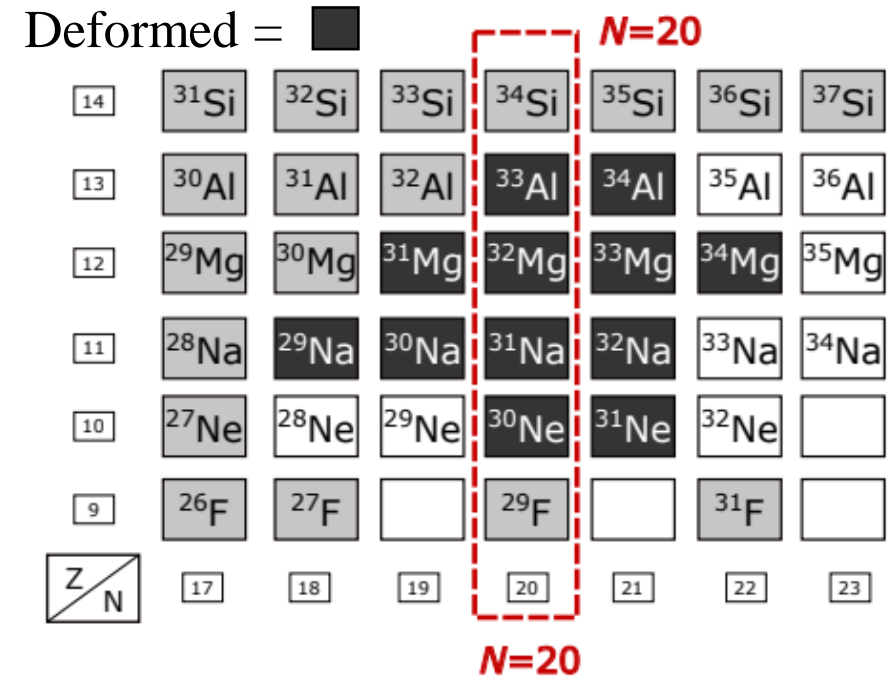
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# Charge radii of Aluminium isotopes across $N = 20$

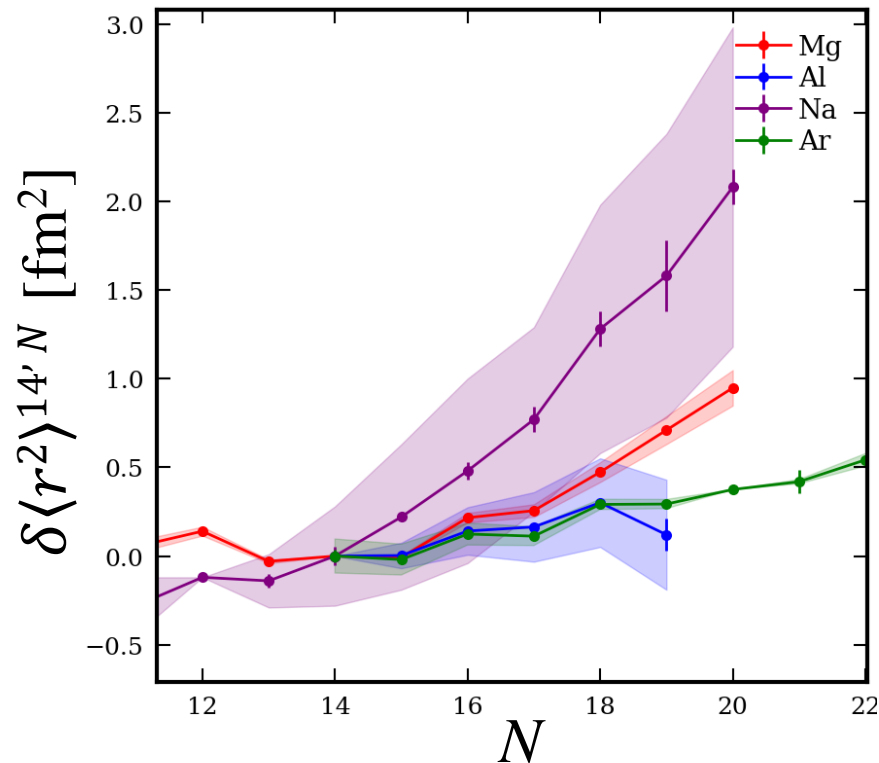
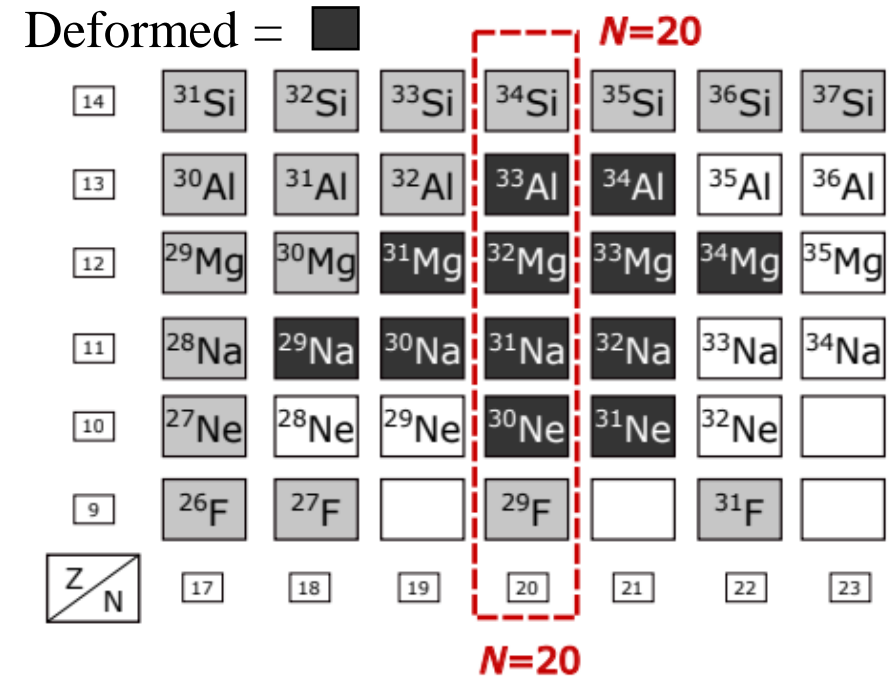
- $N=20$  Island of Inversion: Strongly mixed and deformed ground state configuration around  $^{32}\text{Mg}$
- $^{33}\text{Al}$  located between strongly deformed  $^{32}\text{Mg}$  and spherical  $^{34}\text{Si}$
- Evidence for  $^{33}\text{Al}$  g.s. deformation from quadrupole moment <sup>(1)</sup> - Transition into the Island of inversion?



<sup>(1)</sup> Heylen et al., PHYSICAL REVIEW C **94**, 034312 (2016)

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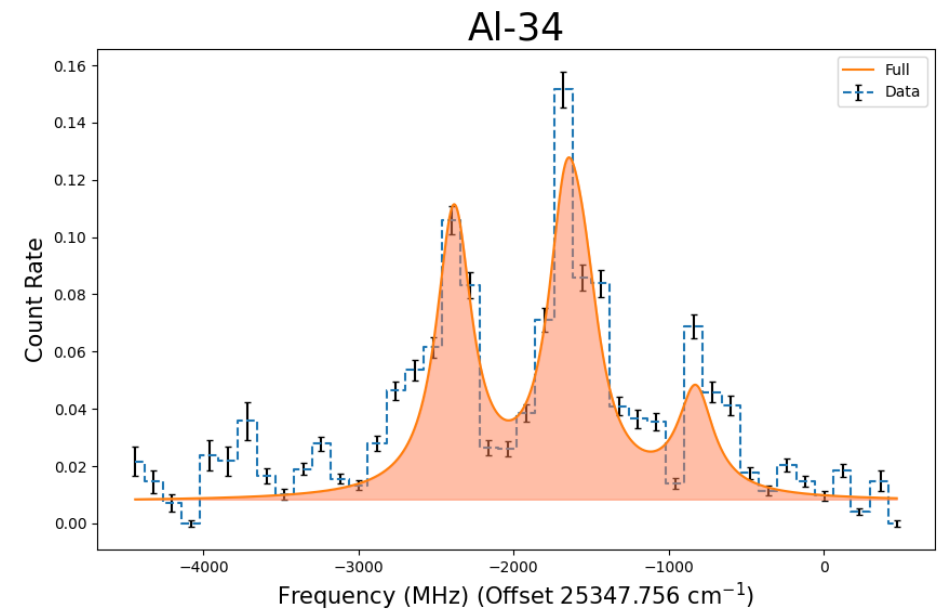
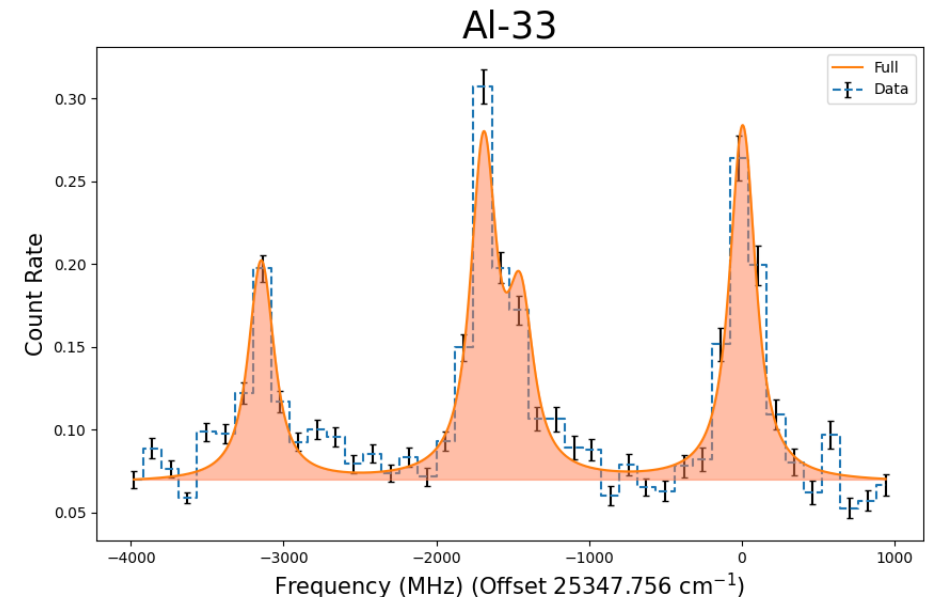
- Large increase in charge radii towards the  $N = 20$  shell closure is observed for **Na** and **Mg**
- Previous measurements of **Al** radii display an unexpected decrease in  $\delta\langle r^2 \rangle$  between  $^{31}\text{Al}$  and  $^{32}\text{Al}$  (2)

(1) Heylen et al., PHYSICAL REVIEW C **94**, 034312 (2016)

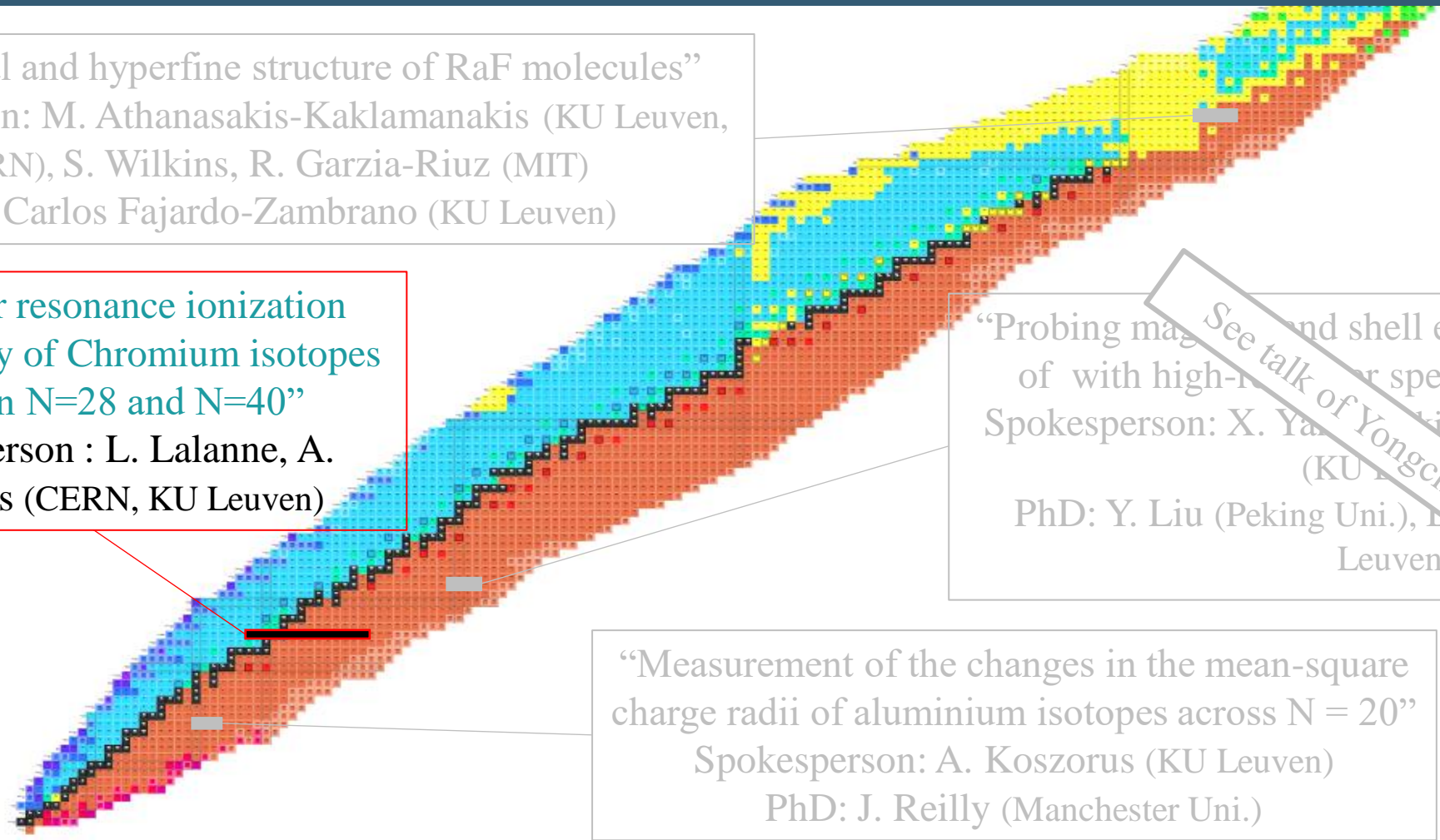
(2) Heylen et al., PHYSICAL REVIEW C **103**, 014318 (2021)

- Two runs: 2022 ( $^{27-32}\text{Al}$ ) and 2023 ( $^{33-34}\text{Al}$ )
- First laser spectroscopy measurement of Al across  $N=20$
- Ongoing analysis to extract radii

Analysis and plots from Jordan Reilly



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# The N=40 Island of Inversion and the Cr isotopes

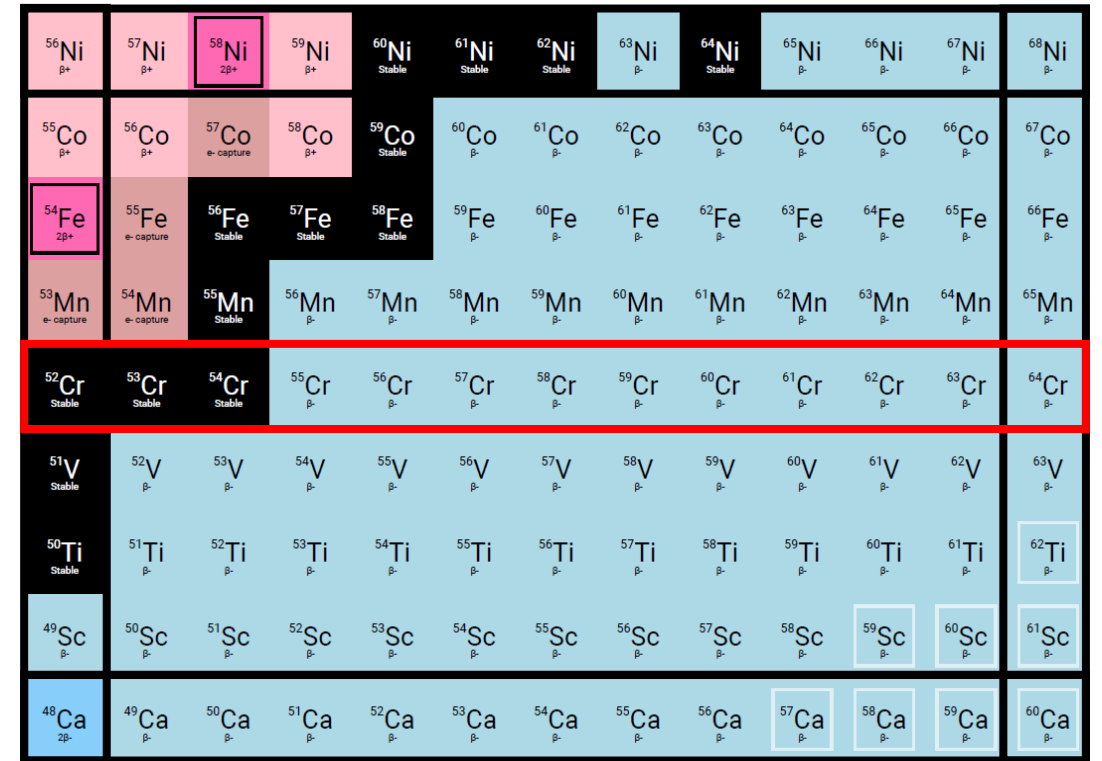
The Cr isotopes:

- Half filled  $f_{7/2} \rightarrow$  strongest  $p-n$  collectivity
- Mass : gradual increase of collectivity and deformation from  $N=34$  onward <sup>(1)</sup>
- Radii of Mn ( $Z=25$ ): suggested onset of deformation around  $N=35$  <sup>(2)</sup>
- $^{64}\text{Cr}$  is the predicted center of the  $N=40$  Island of Inv.
- No firm assignment of g.s. spins
- No radii or moments known outside stability

Z = 28

Z = 24

Z = 20

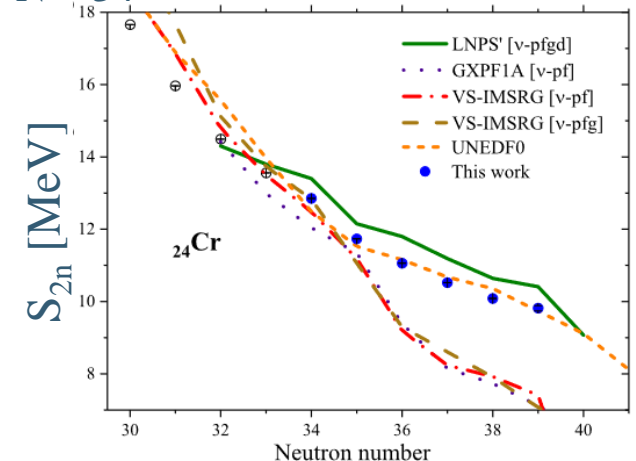


N = 28

N = 32

N = 34

N = 40



<sup>(1)</sup> M. Mougeot *et al.*, PRL **120**, 232501 (2018)

<sup>(2)</sup> H. Heylen *et al.*, PRC **94**, 054321 (2016)

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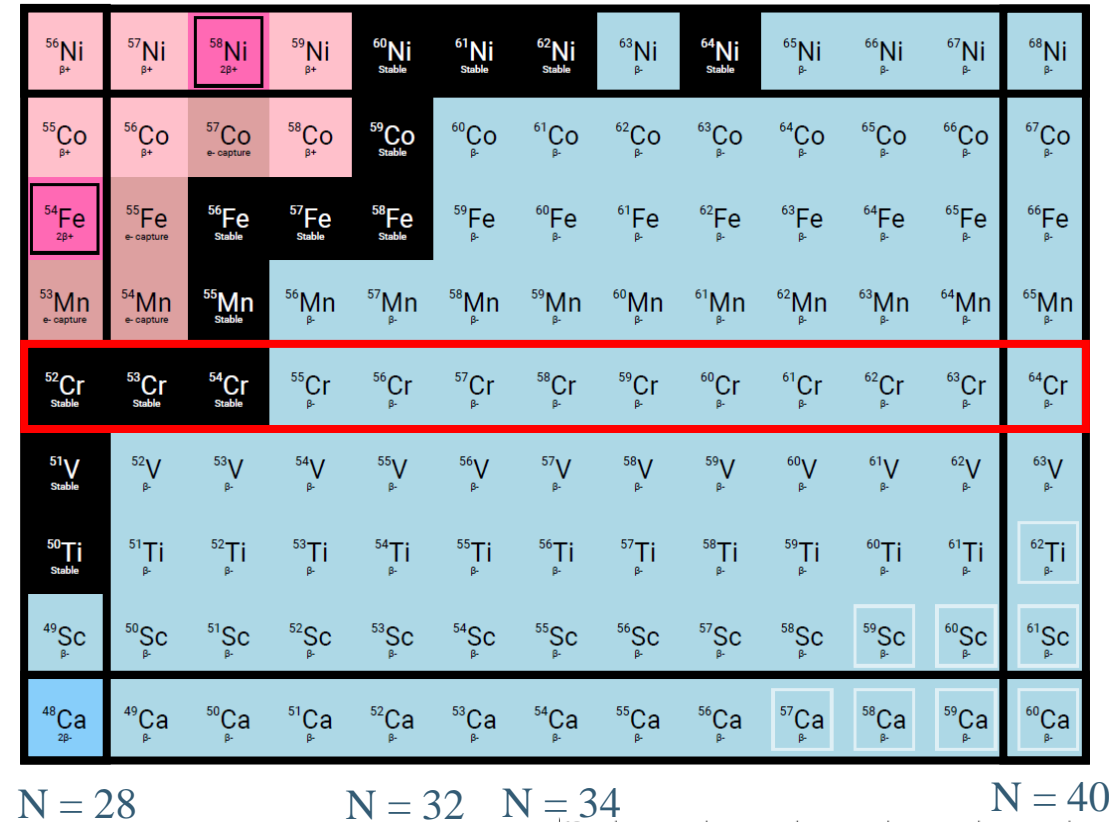
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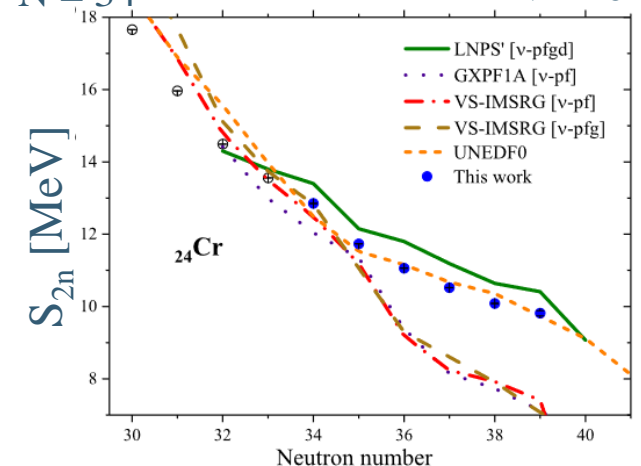
Z = 20



Goals:

- Firm spin assignment outside stability
- Better understand the structure of the odd-A Cr ground states
- Investigate the structural changes along the chain and the formation of the N=40 IoI

→ Laser RIS scheme developed by RILIS

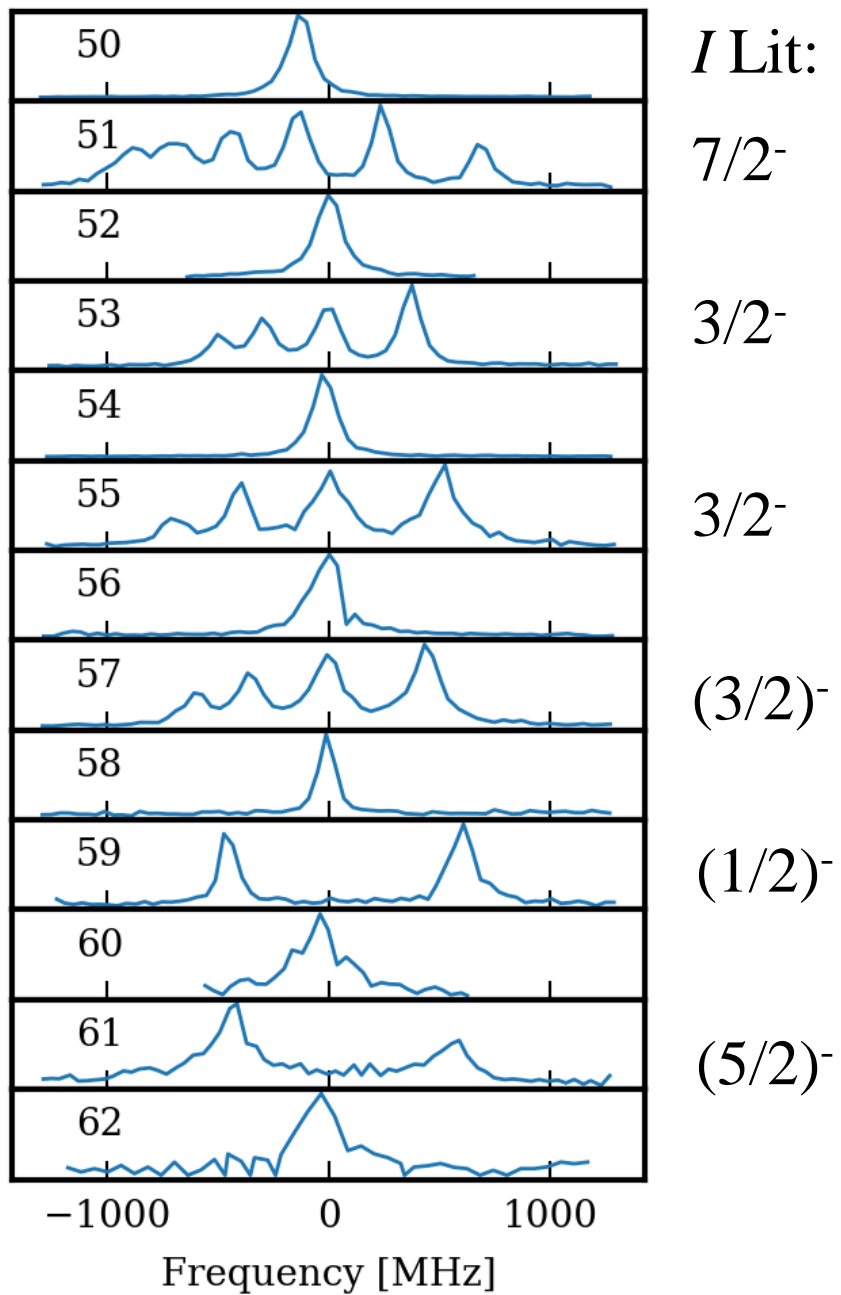


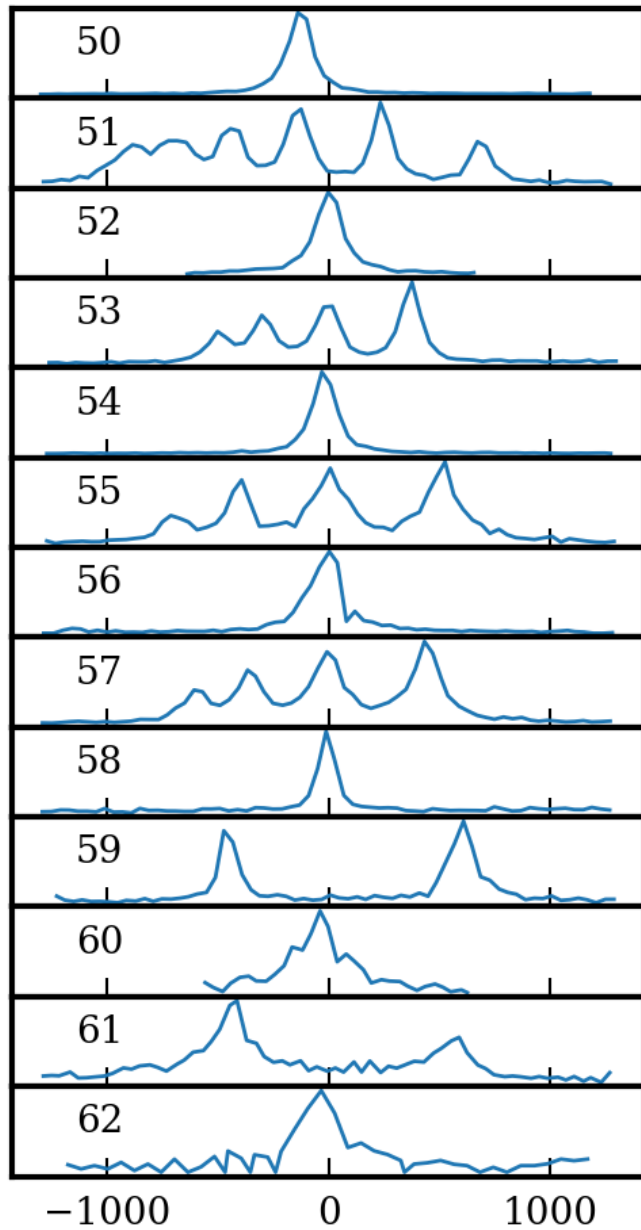
<sup>(1)</sup> M. Mougeot *et al.*, PRL **120**, 232501 (2018)

<sup>(2)</sup> H. Heylen *et al.*, PRC **94**, 054321 (2016)



# Cr Results: spins of odd-A Cr isotopes

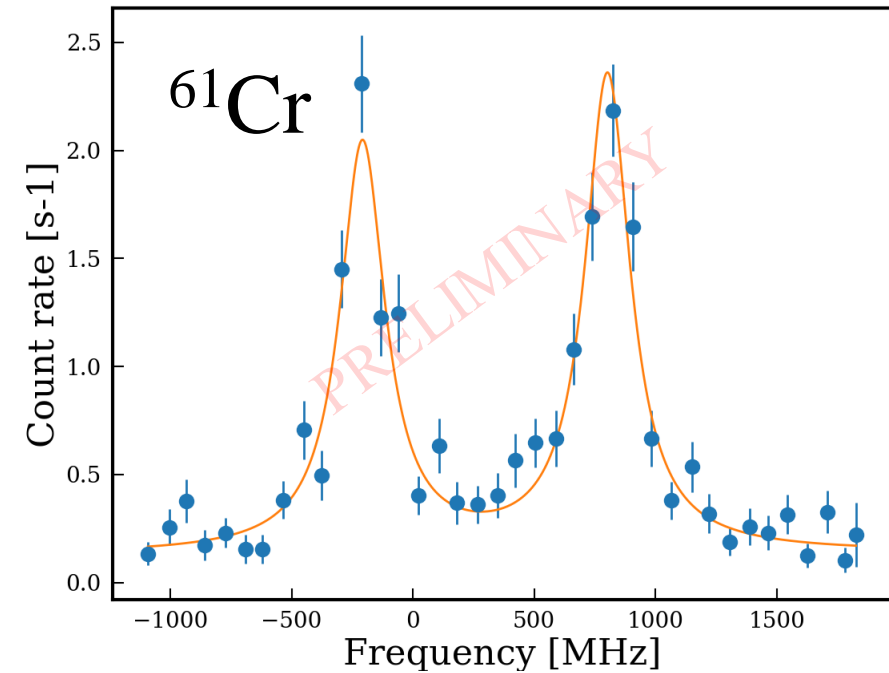
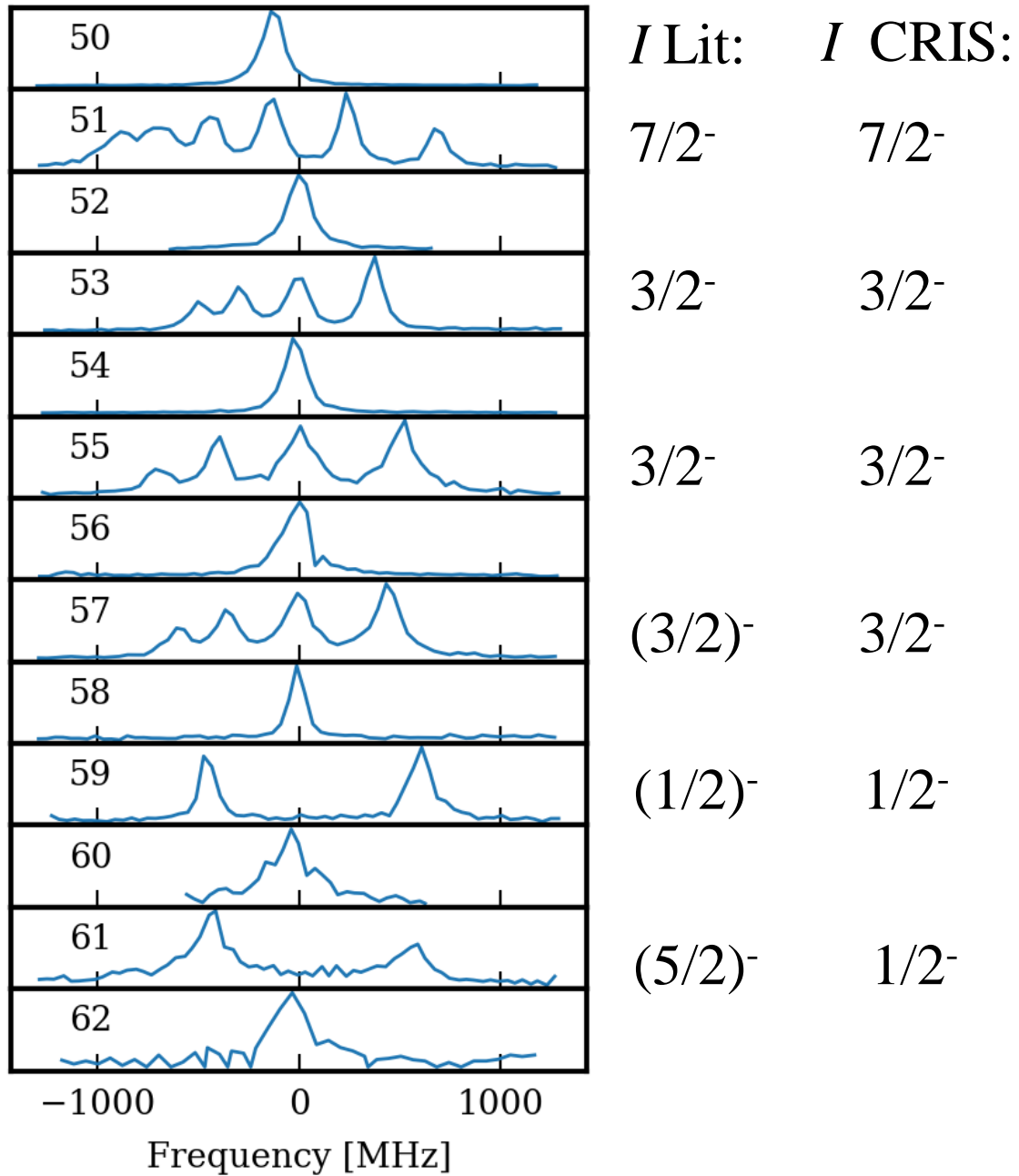




Mass	$I$ Lit:	$I$ CRIS:
50		
51	$7/2^-$	$7/2^-$
52		
53	$3/2^-$	$3/2^-$
54		
55	$3/2^-$	$3/2^-$
56		
57	$(3/2)^-$	$3/2^-$
58		
59	$(1/2)^-$	$1/2^-$
60		
61	$(5/2)^-$	$1/2^-$
62		

- First firm spin assignment of  $^{57,59,61}\text{Cr}$
- $^{57}\text{Cr}$  and  $^{59}\text{Cr}$  spins confirmed to be  $3/2$  and  $1/2$ , respectively

Frequency [MHz]

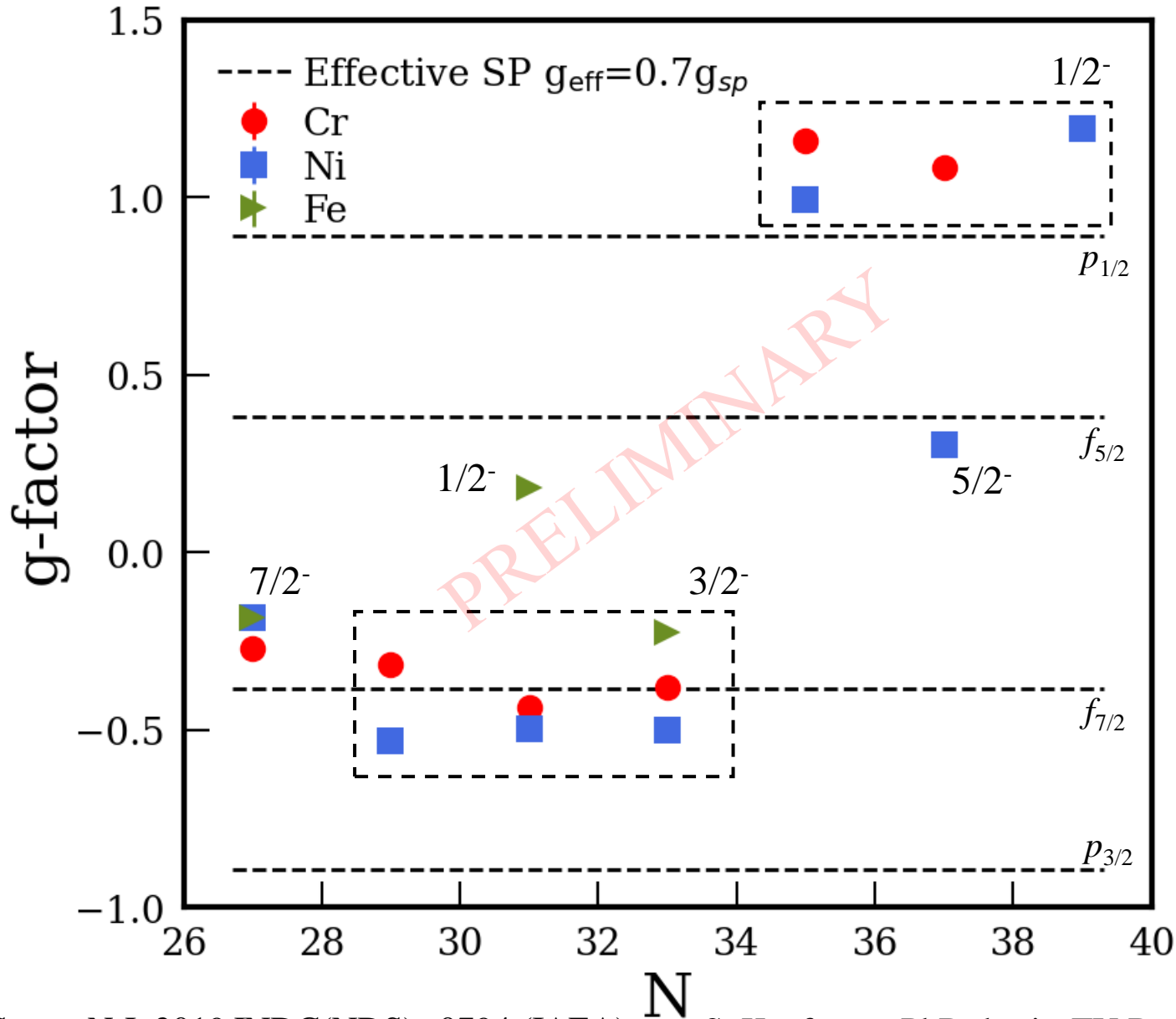


- First firm spin assignment of  $^{57,59,61}\text{Cr}$
  - $^{57}\text{Cr}$  and  $^{59}\text{Cr}$  spins confirmed to be  $3/2$  and  $1/2$ , respectively
  - $^{61}\text{Cr}$  found to be  $1/2$ , in disagreement with  $5/2$  assignment from beta decay experiments
- Large consequences on the interpretation of beta decay data and on the  $^{61}\text{Cr}$  and  $^{61}\text{Mn}$  level schemes

g-factor :

$$g = \frac{\mu}{I\mu_N}$$

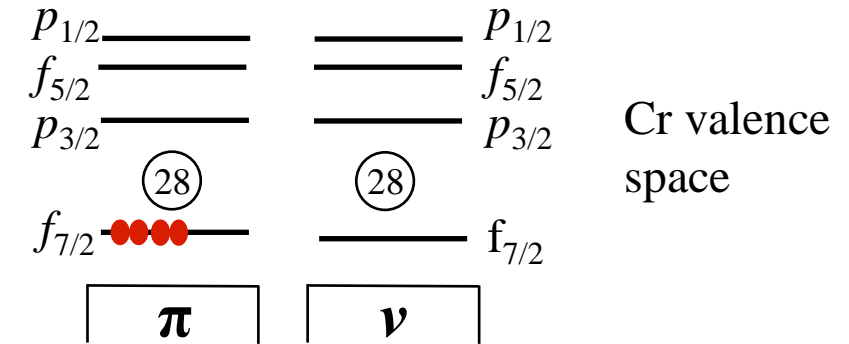
→ Very sensitive to which orbitals are occupied by the valence particles

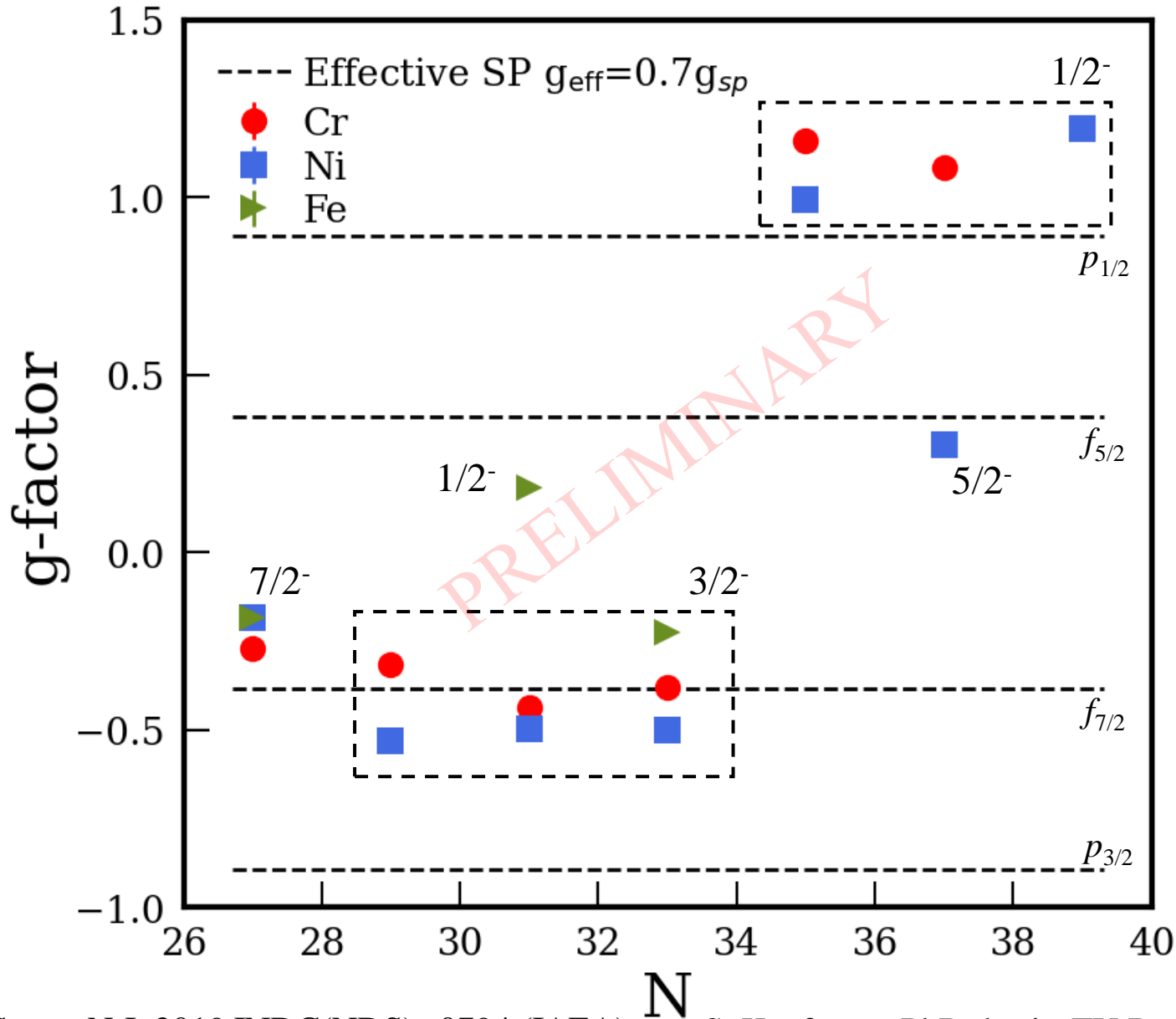


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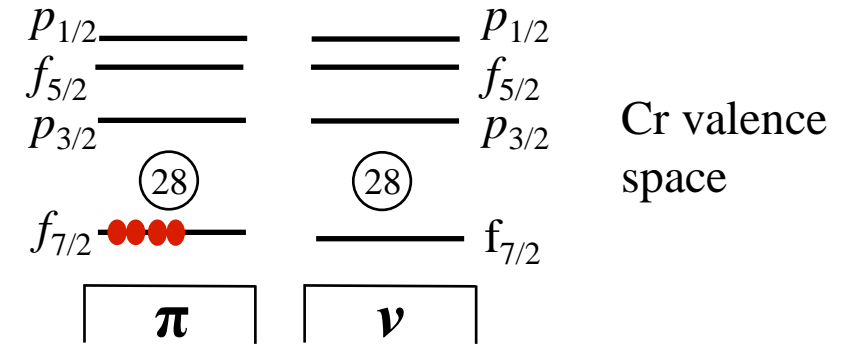




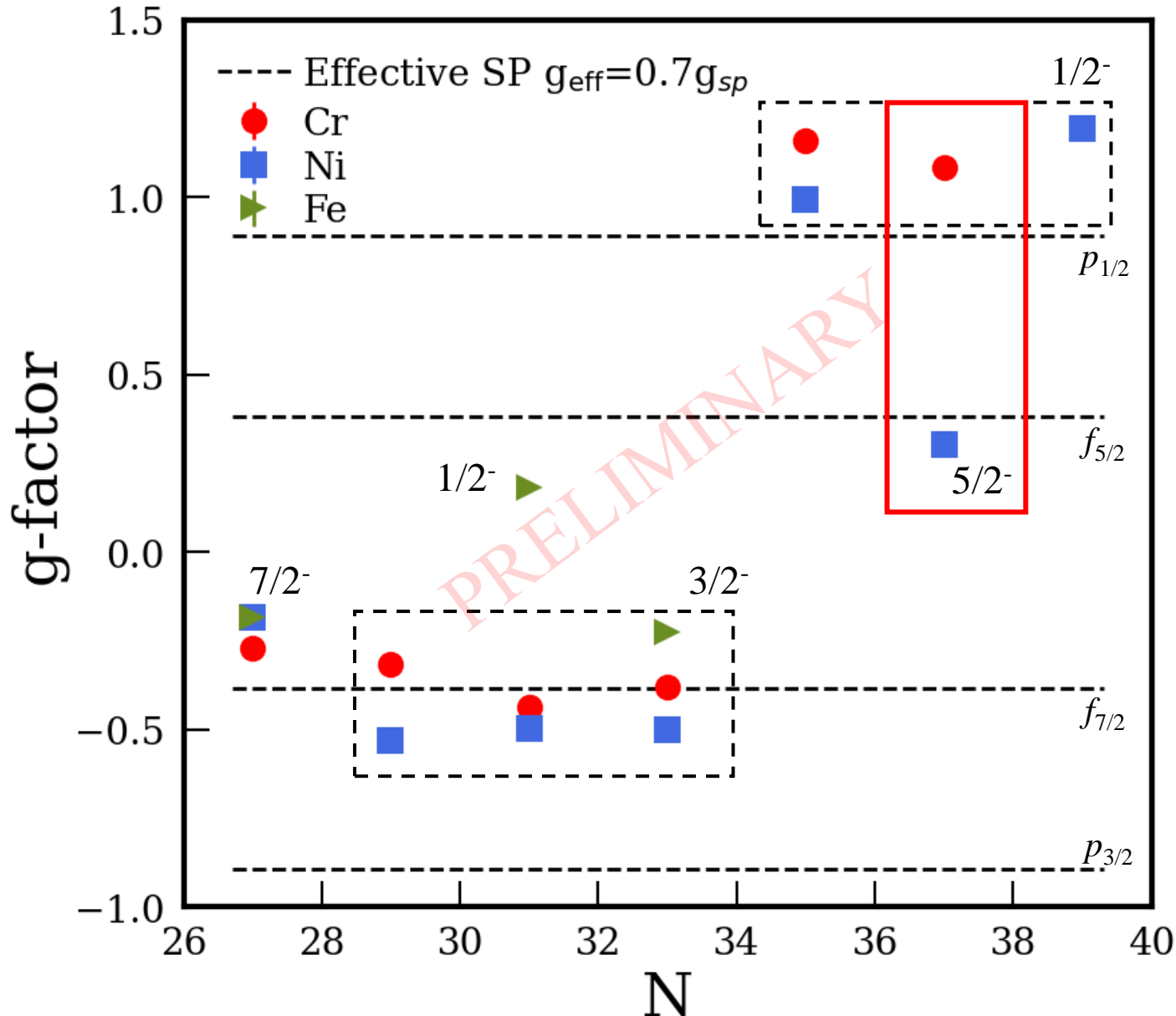
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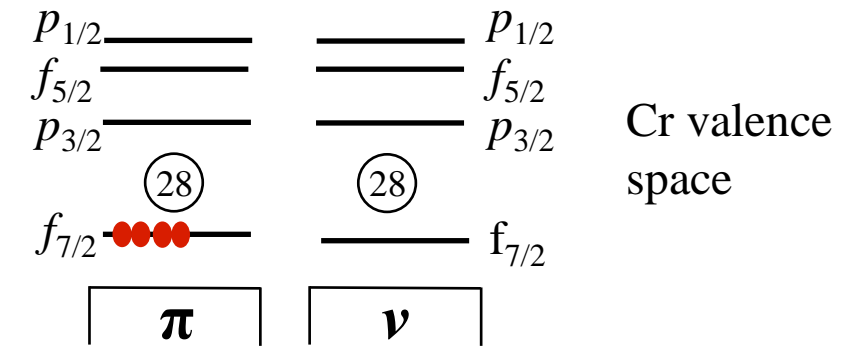
- $^{51}\text{Cr}$  ( $N=27$ ) →  $\nu f_{7/2}$  configuration
- $^{53,55,57}\text{Cr}$  ( $N=29, 31, 33$ ) →  $\nu p_{3/2}$  configuration
- $^{59,61}\text{Cr}$  ( $N=35, 37$ ) →  $\nu p_{1/2}$  configuration



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$N=37$  config. moving from  $\nu f_{5/2}$  in Ni ( $Z=28$ ) to  $\nu p_{1/2}$  in Cr ( $Z=24$ )

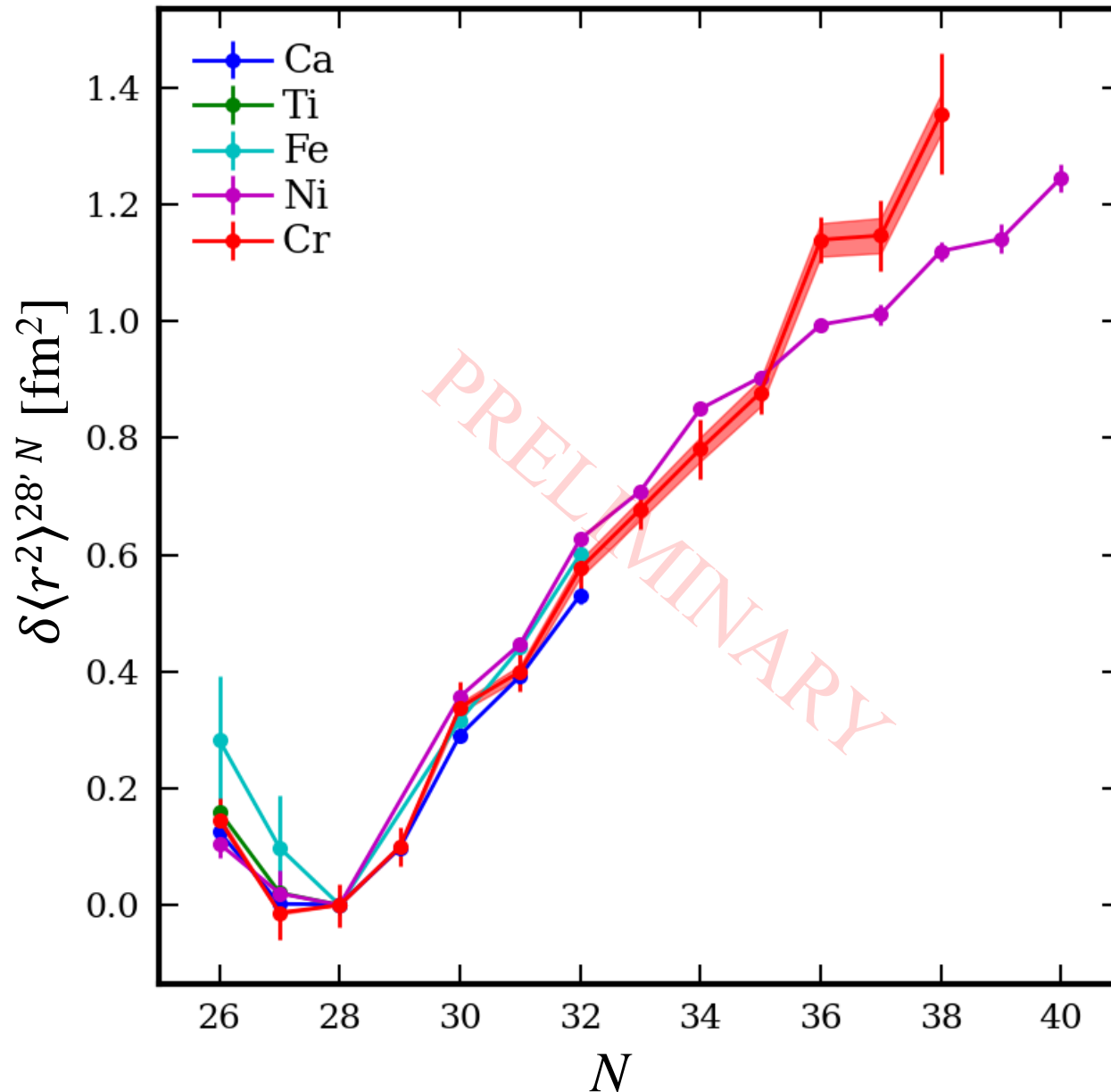
→ Monopole drift of the  $\nu f_{5/2}$  orbital?

$$\delta\nu_i^{A,A'} = \frac{A - A'}{AA'} M_i + F_i \delta\langle r^2 \rangle^{AA'}$$

- F and M determined from King plot using model independent absolute radii values <sup>(1)</sup> (muonic+e<sup>-</sup> scat.)

(1) J. W. Lightbody et al., PRC 27, 1 (1983)

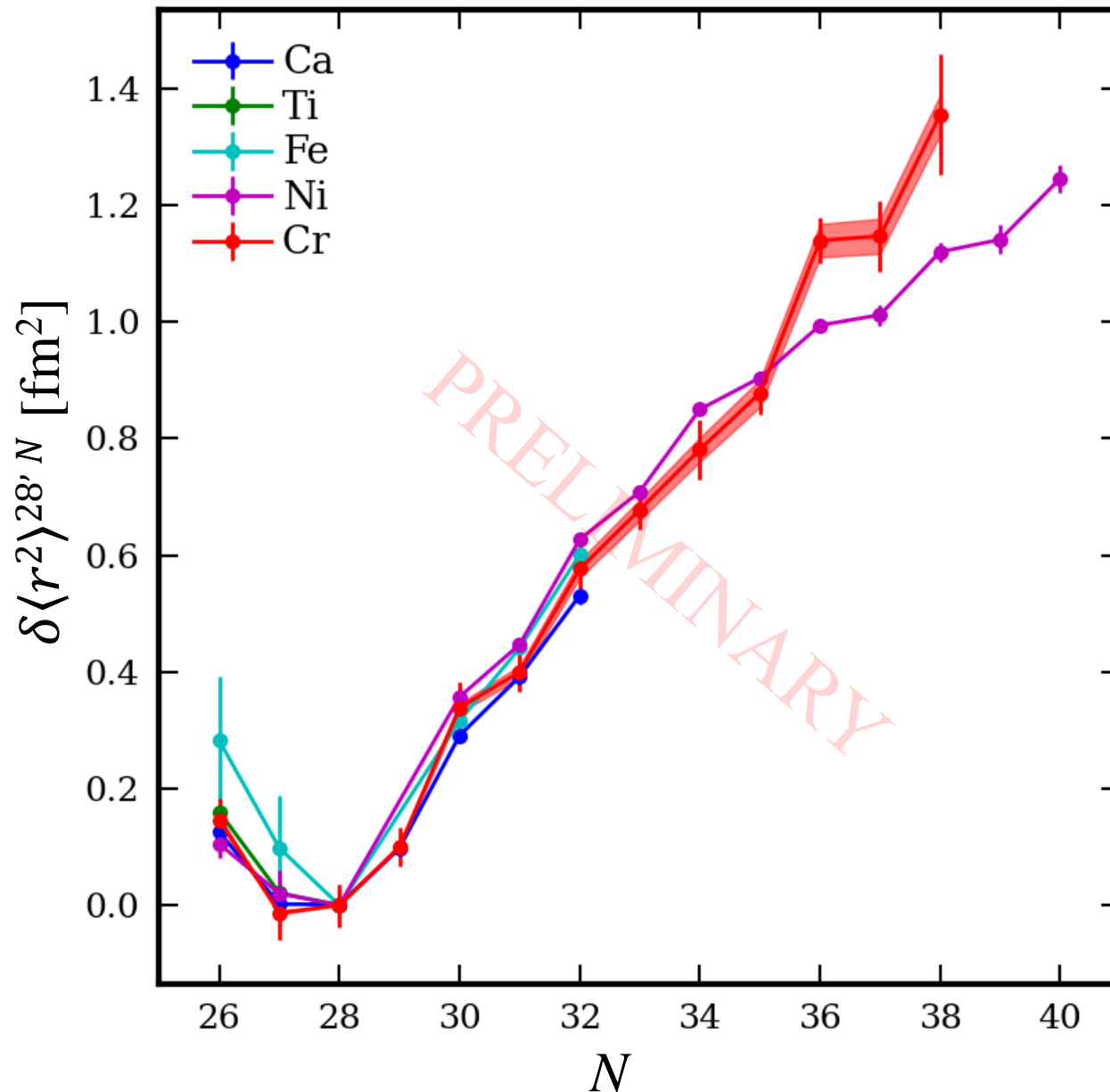




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- Strong kink observed at N=28, in good agreement with literature
- Steep increase of the Cr charge radii between N=28 and N=32 following closely the Ca trend  
→ Z independent behaviour

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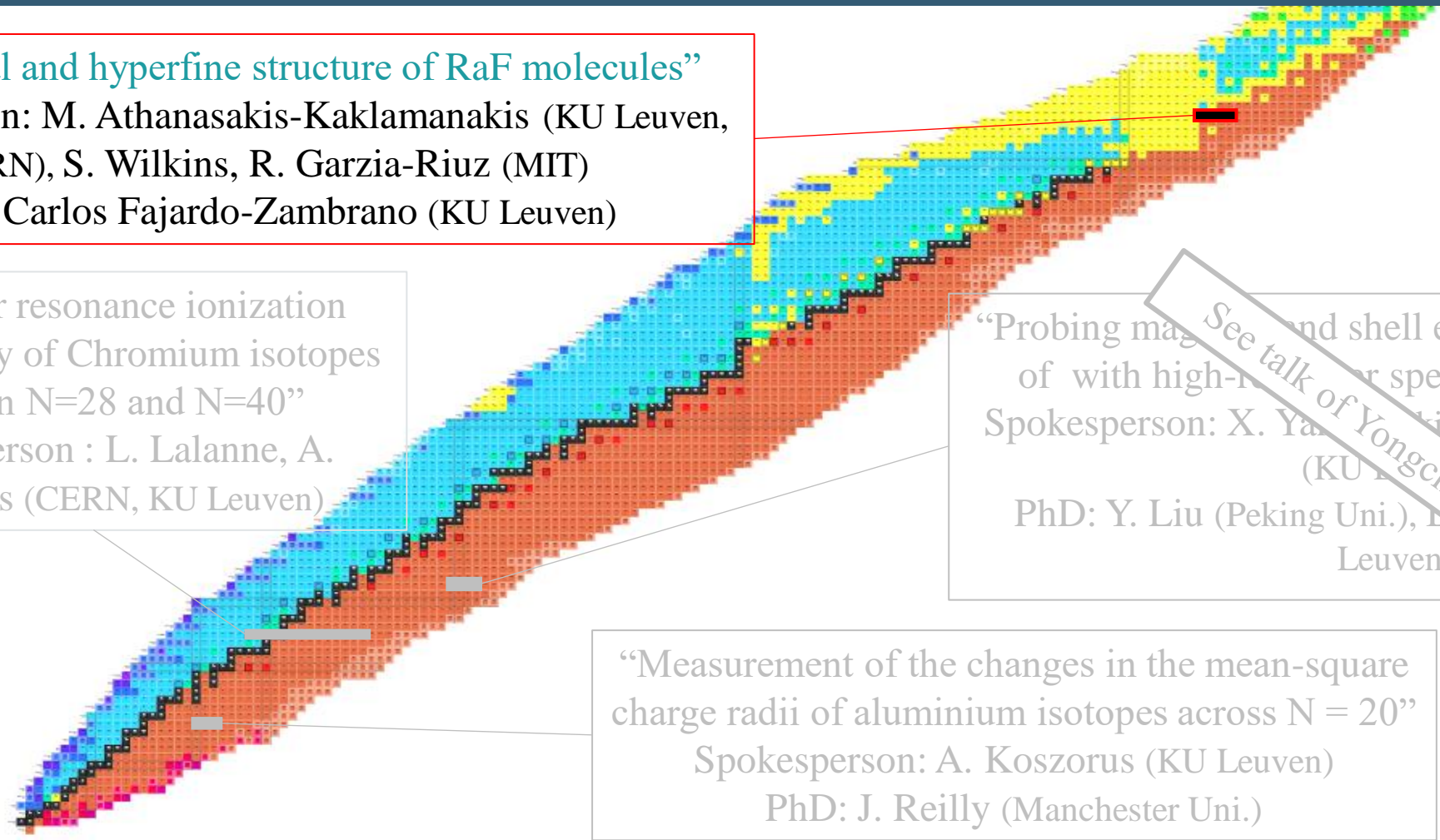
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→ Z independent behaviour
- Clear change of slope at N=34 between deformed Cr, and spherical Ni
- Strong odd-even staggering of the Cr radii for N>34

Signature of the beginning of the N=40 Island of Inversion

(1) J. W. Lightbody et al., PRC 27, 1 (1983)

# The 2023 experimental campaign



“Rotational and hyperfine structure of RaF molecules”  
 Spokesperson: M. Athanasakis-Kaklamanakis (KU Leuven, CERN), S. Wilkins, R. Garzia-Riuz (MIT)  
 PhD: Carlos Fajardo-Zambrano (KU Leuven)

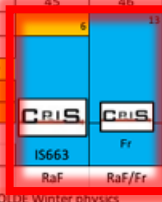
“Collinear resonance ionization spectroscopy of Chromium isotopes between N=28 and N=40”  
 Spokesperson : L. Lalanne, A. Koszorus (CERN, KU Leuven)

“Probing magnetic and shell evolution in the vicinity of with high-resolution spectroscopy of  $^{81,82}\text{Zn}$ ”  
 Spokesperson: X. Yang (Peking Uni.), T. E. Cocolios (KU Leuven)  
 PhD: Y. Liu (Peking Uni.), D. den Borne (KU Leuven)

*See talk of Yongchao Liu!*

“Measurement of the changes in the mean-square charge radii of aluminium isotopes across N = 20”  
 Spokesperson: A. Koszorus (KU Leuven)  
 PhD: J. Reilly (Manchester Uni.)

		April				May				June				July				August				September				October				November				
WK		14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
MO	TBC	3	10																															
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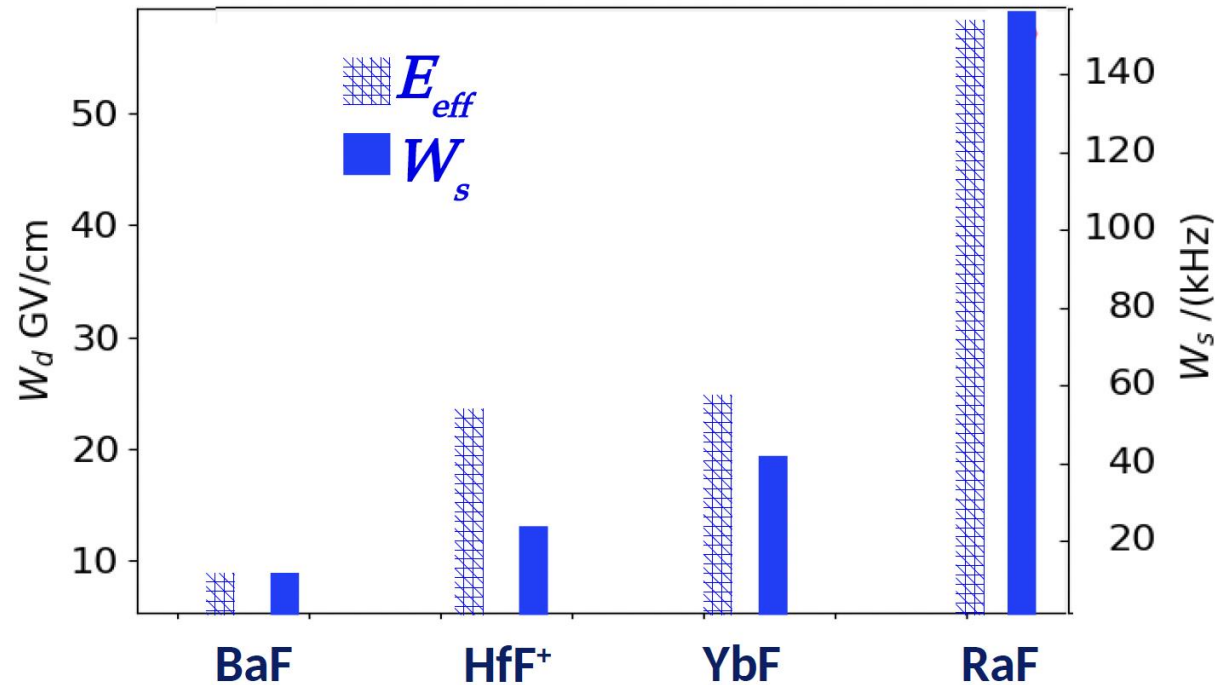


- electron electric dipole moment (eEDM) : asymmetric charge distribution along electron's spin axis
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$$*EDM\ precision \propto \tau E_{\text{eff}} \sqrt{N}*$$

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Plot courtesy of R. F. Garcia Ruiz and S. G. Wilkins (MIT)

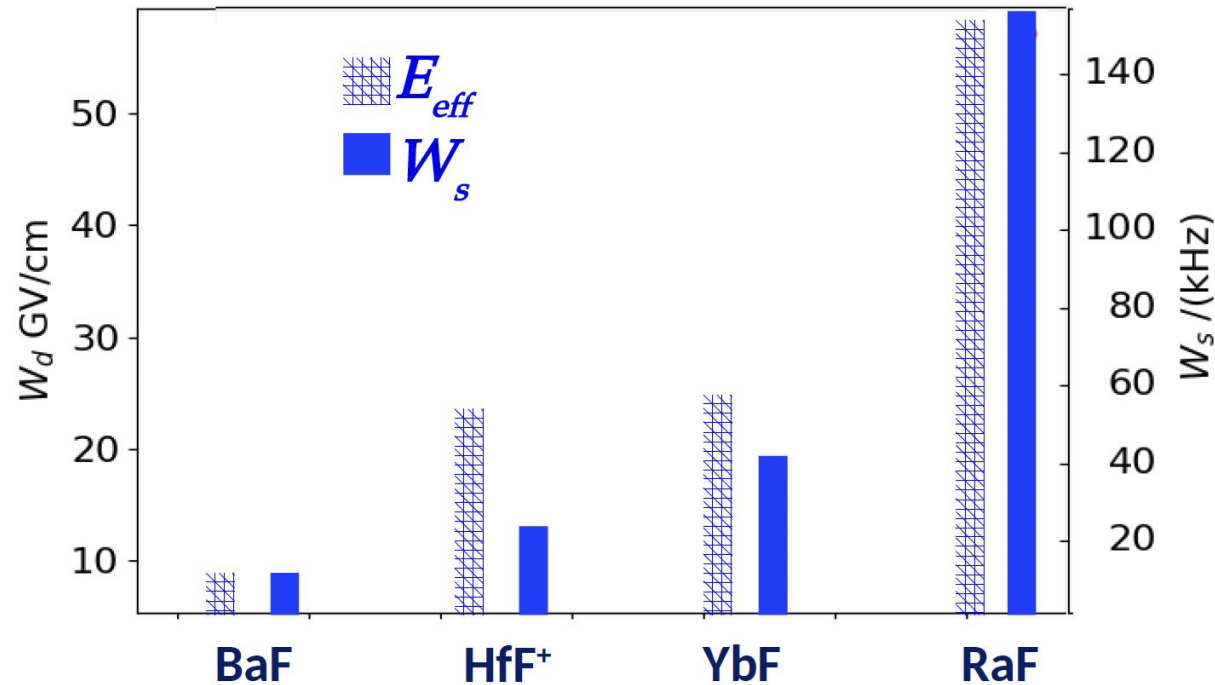
$$EDM \text{ precision} \propto \tau E_{eff} \sqrt{N}$$

Radioactive molecules:

Exceptionally sensitive to P,T-violating moments

>10<sup>5</sup> times more sensitive than stable atoms

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Plot courtesy of R. F. Garcia Ruiz and S. G. Wilkins (MIT)

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Laser coolable in neutral trap!



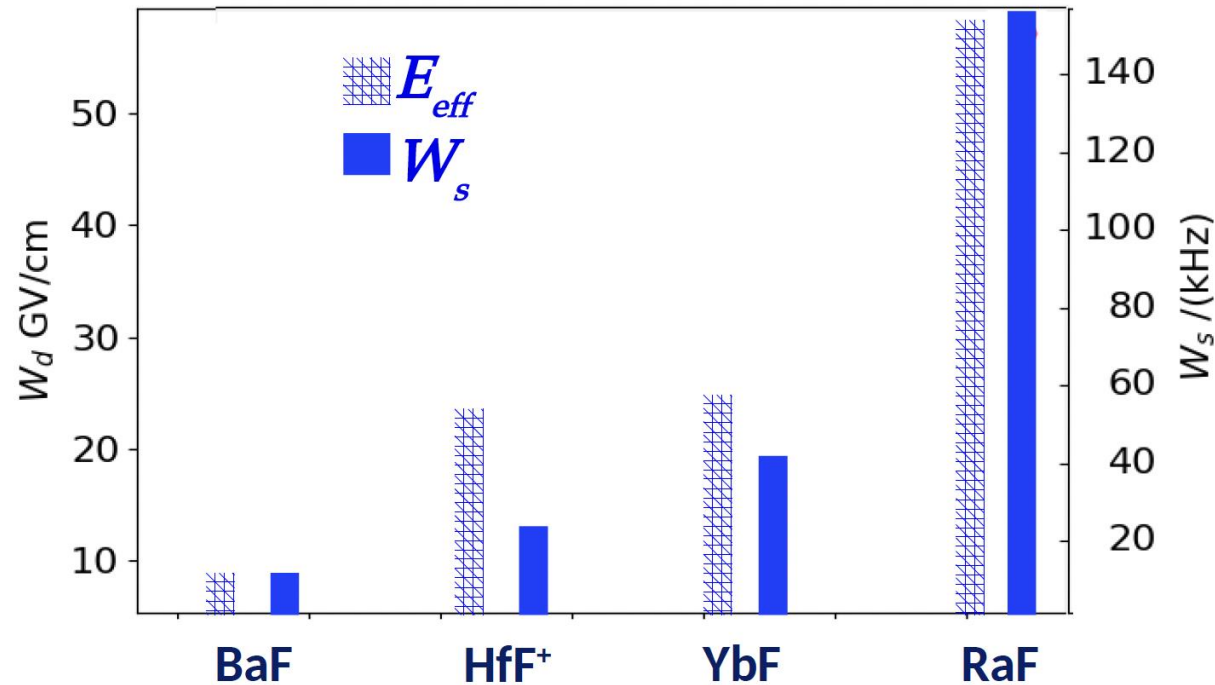
Very long coherence time  $\tau$   
and number density  $N$

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Radioactive molecules:  
Exceptionally sensitive to P,T-violating moments  
>10<sup>5</sup> times more sensitive than stable atoms

→ RaF is one of the most promising system for  $P, T$  violation searches



The Hamiltonian of RaF:

$$\hat{H}^{\text{RaF}} = \hat{H}_{\text{el}} + \hat{H}_{\text{vib}} + \hat{H}_{\text{rot}} + \hat{H}_{\text{hfs}} + \cdots + \hat{H}_{P,T}$$

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Electronic and vibrational structure

CRIS 2018

Nature 581, 396 (2020)

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Rotational structure

CRIS 2021

Nature Physics, accepted (2023)

PRL 127, 033001 (2021)

[arXiv:2308.14862](https://arxiv.org/abs/2308.14862), submitted (2023)

Magnetic dipole interaction

CRIS 2021

[arXiv:2311.04121](https://arxiv.org/abs/2311.04121), submitted (2023)

See poster of Carlos Fajardo-Zambrano!

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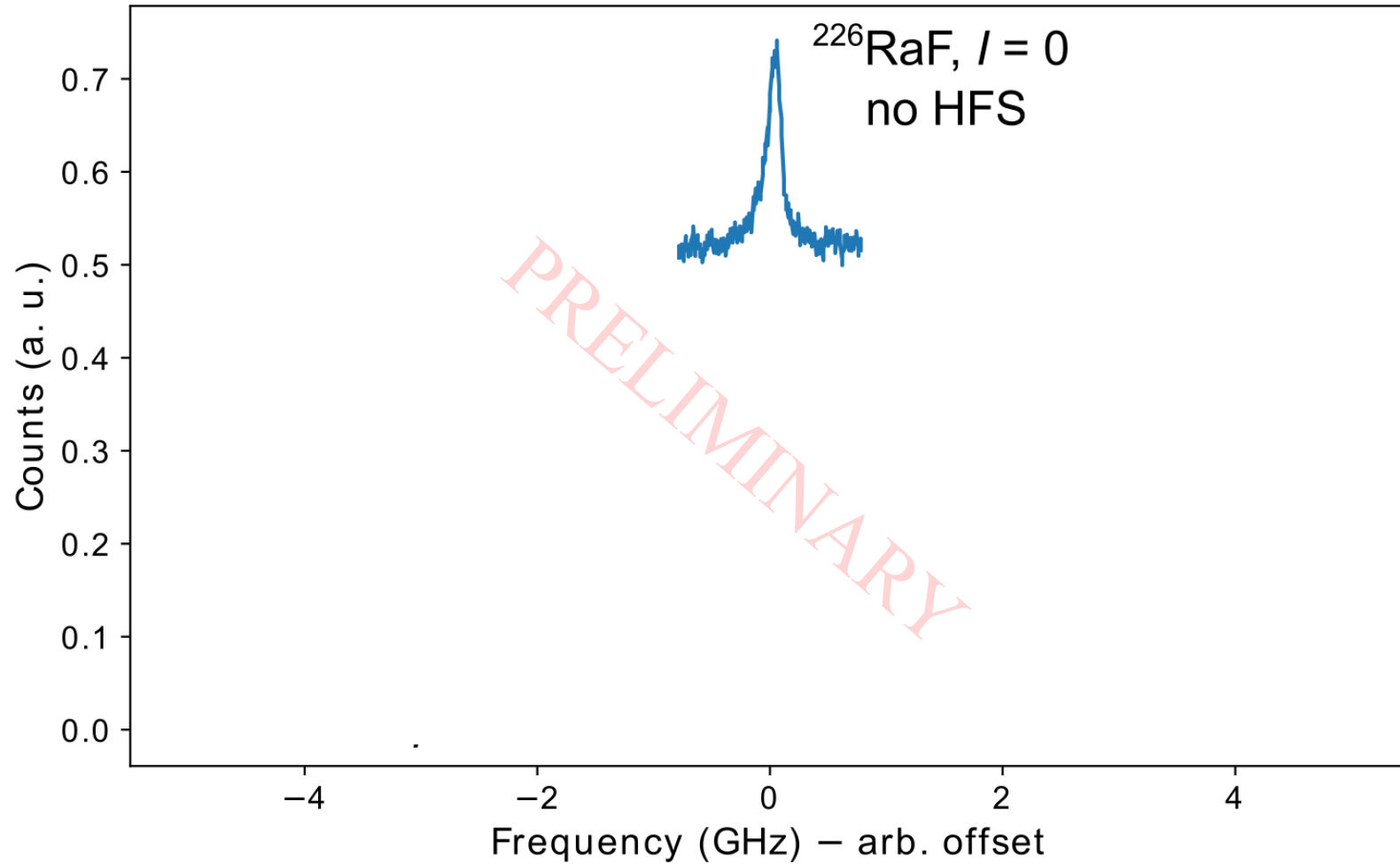
[arXiv:2308.14862](https://arxiv.org/abs/2308.14862), submitted (2023)

Electric quadrupole interaction  
CRIS 2023

Magnetic dipole interaction  
CRIS 2021

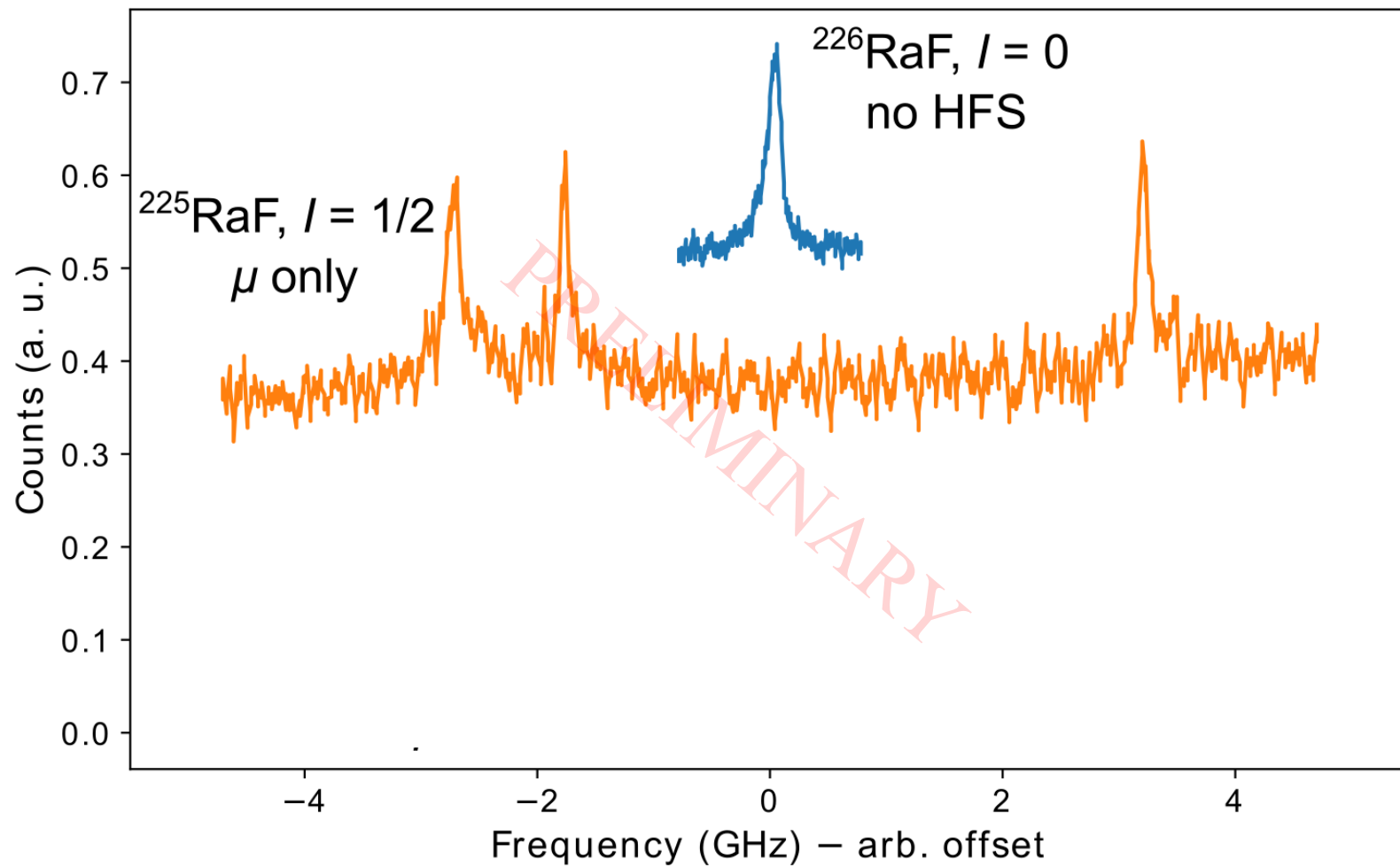
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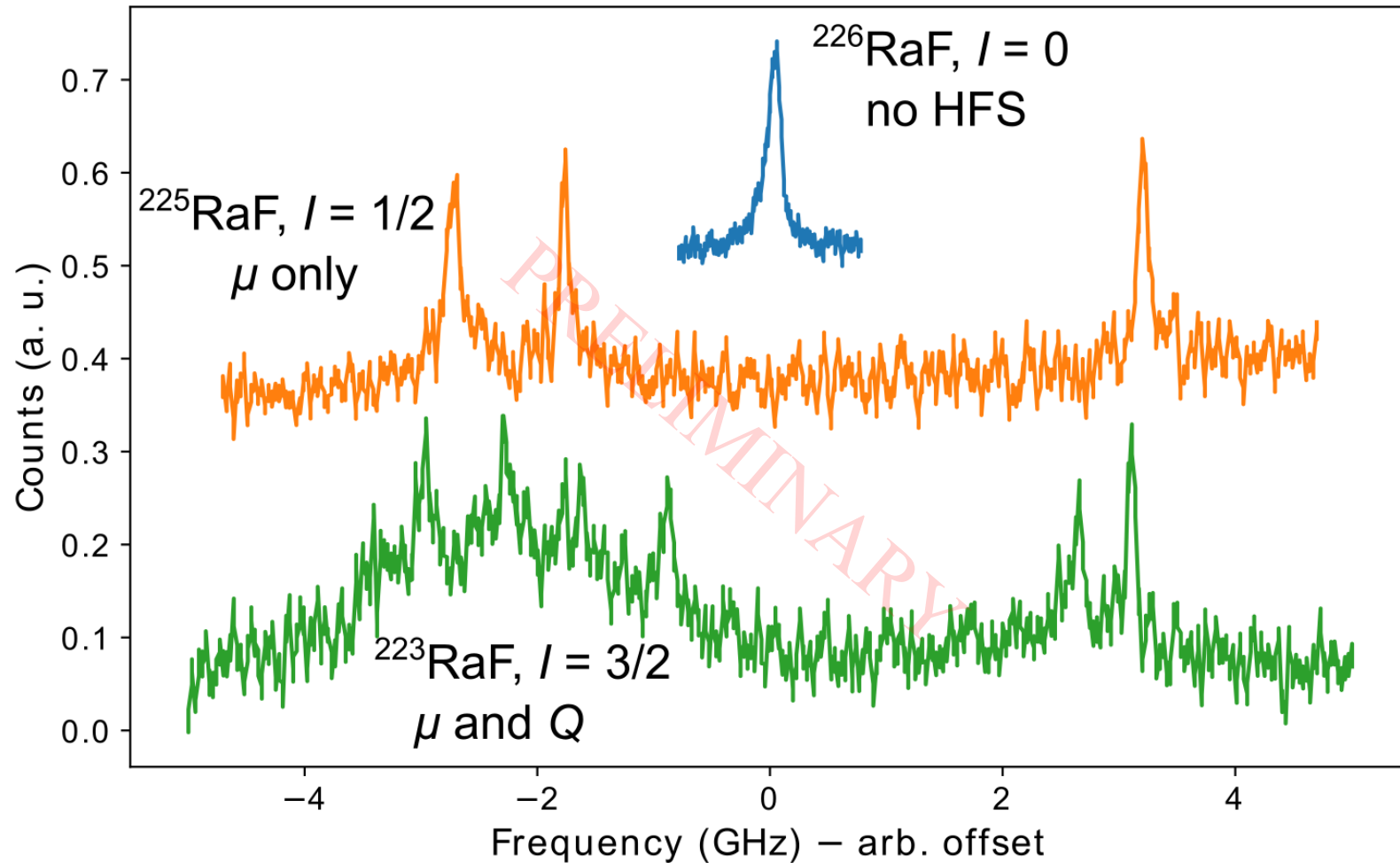
2023 RaF:

- High res. spec. of  $^{226}\text{RaF}$



## 2023 RaF:

- High res. spec. of  $^{226,225}\text{RaF}$



## 2023 RaF:

- High res. spec. of  $^{226,225,223}\text{RaF}$
- First measurement of the hyperfine structure of  $^{223}\text{RaF}$

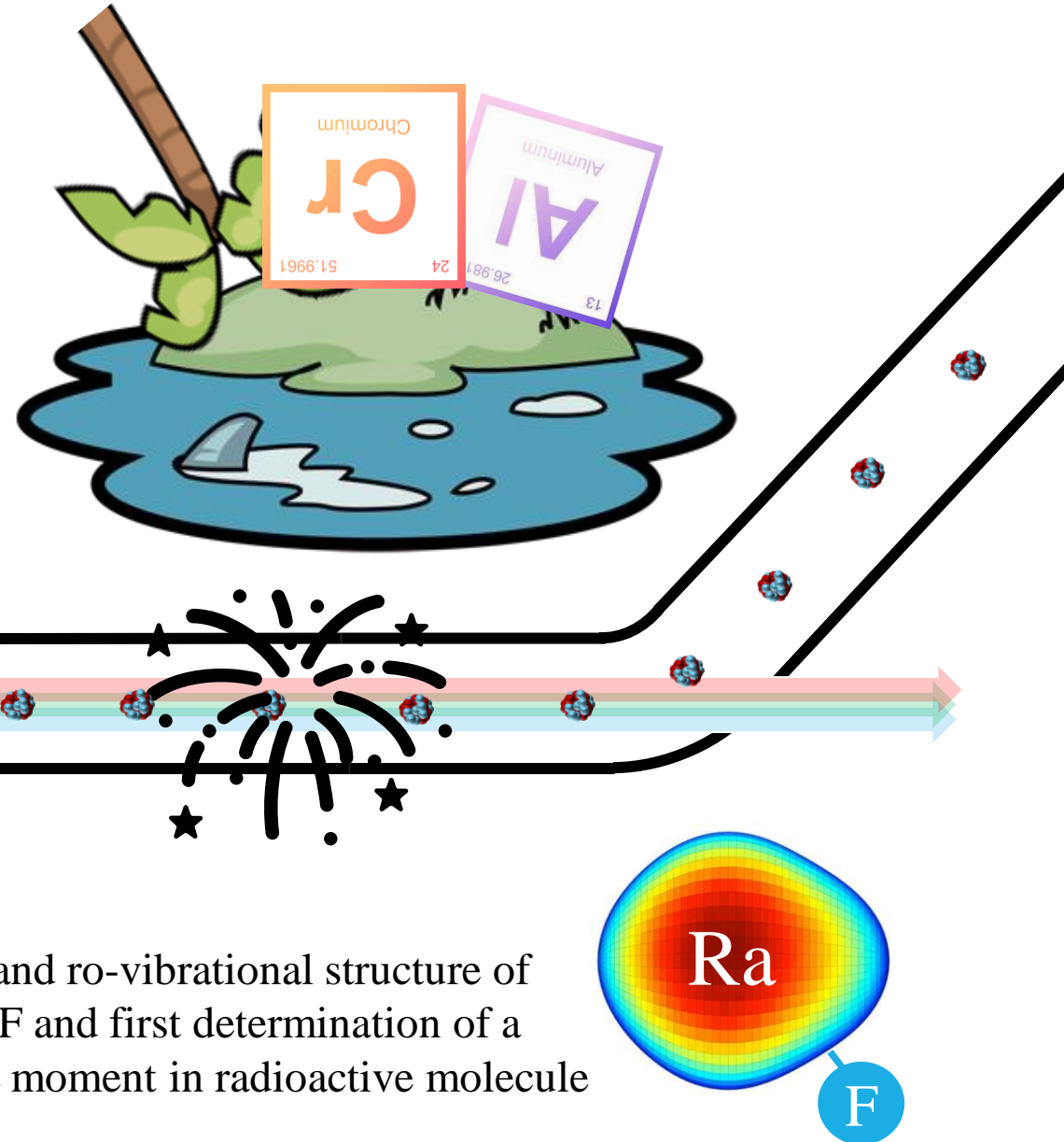
→ Analysis ongoing for the first measurement of an electric quadrupole moment in a radioactive molecule

## 2023 @ CRIS

- Two major upgrades: New end of the beam line and new Decay spectroscopy station successfully commissioned
- Charge radii of neutron rich Aluminium isotopes across  $N=20$  in the Island of inversion
- Spin, radii and magnetic dipole moment of neutron rich Chromium isotopes from  $N=26$  to  $N=38$ , entering the  $N=40$  Island of Inversion
- Spin, Radii and moments of  $^{81,82}\text{Zn}$  across  $N=50$  in the vicinity of  $^{78}\text{Ni}$

See talk of Yongchao Liu !

- Hyperfine and ro-vibrational structure of  $^{223,225,226}\text{RaF}$  and first determination of a quadrupole moment in radioactive molecule







The University of Manchester



**KU LEUVEN**



O. Ahmad, M. Au, **M. Athanasakis-Kaklamanakis**, J. Berbalk, C. Bernerd, K. Chrysalidis,  
T. E. Cocolios, R. van Duysel, R. P. de Groote, C. Fajardo-Zambrano, K. T. Flanagan, S. Franchoo,  
R. F. Garcia Ruiz, R. Heinke, M. Heines, D. Hanstorp, P. Ingram, Á. Koszorús, **L. Lalanne**,  
P. Lassegues, R. Lica, J. Lim, **Y. Liu**, K. Lynch, R. Mancheva, **A. McGlone**, W. Mei, G. Neyens,  
L. Nies, A. Raggio, **J. Reilly**, S. Rothe, E. Smets, **B. van den Borne**, J. Warbinek, J. Wessolek,  
S. Wilkins, X. F. Yang



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THANK YOU FOR  
YOUR  
ATTENTION