# Jet energy loss studies in PbPb collisions at LHC energies

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#### ALICE: New result on RAA in Pb+Pb at 2.76 ATeV (not the final one) Phys. Lett. B696 (2011) 30. (new pp in 03/11)



## Contents

**1. Introduction** --- particle production, pQCD, jets **2. Jet energy loss** --- mechanism, description **3. Results at RHIC energies** --- answers and new questions **4. Results at LHC energies** --- new answers and new questions **5.** Energy loss studies for identified hadron  $R_{AA}$ 

6. Conclusion

1. Introduction --- particle production --- pQCD description for high-pT

### **Experimental data on particle multiplicities at RHIC and LHC (2.2x)**

#### RHIC





HIJING 2.0: two components
Soft: string physics for p<p0
Hard: pQCD with GRV PDF
and b-dep. shadowing
(arXiv:1011.5907 [nucl-th])</pre>



### Jets (high p<sub>T</sub> probes) in pp and AA collisions:



Jet production in pp collision ("in vacuum"): → pQCD description

Jet production in AA collision (" in hot matter")

- ➤ modified PQCD description:
  - --- SHADOWING inside A
  - --- MULTISCATTERING/BROADENING penetrating A
  - --- ENERGY LOSS penetrating the "hot matter"

Can we separate these mechanisms?

Can we determine them separately during theoretical data analysis ?

We could learn a lot from high precision RHIC data !

#### 

**Perturbative QCD calculations in LO/NLO for p+p**  $\rightarrow \pi$  + X process with finite -  $k_T$ NLO: M. Aversa et al. NPB327,105; P. Chiappetta et al. NPB412,3; P. Aurenche et al. NPB399,34; ...) + intrinsic kT: G. Papp, P. Levai, G.G. Barnaföldi, G. Fai, hep-ph/0212249, EPJC33(2004)609

$$E_{\pi} \frac{d \sigma^{pp}}{d^{3} p_{\pi}} = \frac{1}{S} \sum_{abc} \int_{VW/z_{c}}^{1-(1-V)/z_{c}} \frac{d v}{v(1-v)} \int_{VW/v_{z_{c}}}^{1} \frac{d w}{w} \int_{v}^{1} dz_{c}$$

$$\int d^{2} \boldsymbol{k}_{Ta} \int d^{2} \boldsymbol{k}_{Tb} f_{a/p}(x_{a}, \boldsymbol{k}_{Ta}, Q^{2}) f_{b/p}(x_{b}, \boldsymbol{k}_{Tb}, Q^{2})$$

$$\left[\frac{d \sigma^{BORN}}{dv} \delta(1-w) + \frac{\alpha_{s}(Q_{R})}{\pi} K_{ab,c}(s, v, w, Q, Q_{R}, Q_{F})\right] \frac{D_{c}^{\pi}(z_{c})}{\pi z_{c}^{2}}$$

An approximation for the unintegrated parton distribution functions (PDFs) :

$$f_{a/p}(x_a, \mathbf{k}_{Ta}, Q^2) = f_{a/p}(x_a, Q^2) \quad g(\mathbf{k}_{Ta})$$

Where we use gaussian

$$g(\boldsymbol{k}_{Ta}) = \frac{1}{\pi \langle k_T^2 \rangle} e^{-k_T^2 / \langle k_T^2 \rangle}$$

The width of the gaussian distribution for intrinsic-kT

#### Hard physics: pion production in pp collision at high-pr

#### Perturbative QCD calculations in LO and NLO for pp --- including intrinsic- k<sub>T</sub>



LO:

$$Q = \kappa p_T / z_c$$
,  $Q_F = \kappa p_T$ 

NLO:

$$Q = Q_R = \kappa p_T / z_c, \quad Q_F = \kappa p_T$$

All descriptions with kT are approx. good enough for 3 GeV < pT < 15 GeV.

Y. Zhang, G. Fai, G. Papp,
G.G. Barnaföldi, P.L.:
PRC 65 (2002) 034903.
G.G. Barnaföldi et al.
EPJ C33 (2004) 609.

#### Hard physics: pion production in AA collision at high- PT

Perturbative QCD calculations in LO and NLO for pp + CRONIN + SHADOWING: <u>SHADOWING</u>: "New-Hijing" parametrization, Li & Wang, PLB527 (2002) 85.

$$f_{a/A}(x_a, Q^2) = A S_a^A(x_a, Q^2) f_{a/N}(x_a, Q^2)$$
<sup>88</sup>

#### **Shadowing function for quarks:**

$$S_q^A = 1.0 + 1.19 \log^{1/6} A (x^3 - 1.12 x^2 + 0.21 x) - s_q (A^{1/3} - 1)^{0.6} (1 - 3.5 \sqrt{x}) \exp(-x^2/0.01)$$

#### **Shadowing function for gluons:**

$$S_g^A = 1.0 + 1.19 \log^{1/6} A (x^3 - 1.2 x^2 + 0.21 x) - s_g (A^{1/3} - 1)^{0.6} (1 - 1.5 x^{0.35}) \exp(-x^2/0.004)$$



S.-Y. Li, X.-N. Wang / Physics L

Fig. 2. Ratio of nuclear structure functions as measured in DIS. Solid lines are the new HIJING parameterization (Eq. (8)), dashed lines are the HKM parameterization [32] and dot-dashed lines are the old HIJING parameterization [16]. The data are from Ref. [30].

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#### + *b* impact parameter dependence:

$$s_i(\boldsymbol{b}) = s_i \frac{5}{3} (1 - b^2 / R_A^2)$$
  
Re-weightening



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## <u>Shadowing effect:</u>

#### S(x): shadowing function

#### S(x) at y=0, p<sub>T</sub>=4 GeV at RHIC

Shadowing functions - HIJING old and new



#### **EKS99 shadowing function with enhanced antishadowing**



K.J. Eskola, V.J. Kolhinen, C.A. Salgado

**EPJ C9, 61 (1999)** 

**EKS: antishadowing effect for valence quarks** 

stronger than HIJING at large-x weaker than HIJING at small-x 2. Jet energy loss --- mechanism, description

#### Jets in pp and in AA collisions:





Jet production in pp collision (in vacuum): → pQCD description

Jet production and propagation in AA collision (inside hot dense matter)

➤ induced gluon radiation in a modified pQCD description <u>JET-TOMOGRAPHY</u>



#### <u>'Jet-quenching' : induced jet energy loss</u> --- in thin colored matter M. Gyulassy, P. Levai, I. Vitev, PRL85,5535(2000), NPB594,371(2001)



**Opacity >> Density** 

#### Induced jet energy loss --- agreements and disagreements: BDMS, GW, GLV, Zakharov, Wiedemann, Salgado, ...

**1.**  $\Delta E_{loss} \sim L^2$  **non-abelian nature** 

**2.**  $\Delta E_{loss} \sim q$  **transport coefficient:**  $q \approx \mu^2 / \lambda \approx \int d^2 q_T q_T^2 d\sigma / dq_T^2$ 

**3.**  $\Delta E_{loss} = C_R \alpha_S q L^2 F[...]$  where **F[...] depends on theories** 



**Coherence & Interference** 

**Induced jet energy loss in expanding matter:** 

**1.** Averaged opacity  $\rightarrow$  time dependent color density:

$$1/\lambda_{col} = \sigma_{el} \rho_{col} \rightarrow \frac{9/2 \pi \alpha_s^2}{\mu^2} \frac{2}{L^2} \int_0^L \tau \rho_{col}(\tau) d\tau$$

2. 1-DIM Bjorken expansion:

$$\rightarrow \frac{9/2 \pi \alpha_s^2}{\mu^2} \frac{2}{L^2} \frac{1}{A_T} \frac{dN^{col}}{dy} L$$

**3. Energy loss as the function of rapidity density:** 

$$\Delta E_{GLV}^{1\text{DIM}} \approx \frac{9C_R \pi \alpha_s^3}{4} \frac{1}{A_T} \frac{dN^{col}}{dy} L \log \frac{2E}{\mu^2 L}$$

**3. Results at RHIC energies** ---- answers and new questions

#### **Hard physics:** pion production in AA collision at high- $p_T$

Perturbative QCD calculations in NLO for heavy ion collisions: geometrical overlap + shadowing, multiscattring, jet-quenching, ...

$$E_{\pi} \frac{d \sigma^{AB}}{d^{3} p_{\pi}} = \int d^{2} b d^{2} r t_{A}(\vec{r}) t_{B}(|\vec{b} - \vec{r}|) E_{\pi} \frac{d \sigma^{pp}}{d^{3} p_{\pi}} \otimes S(...) \otimes M(...) \otimes Q(...)$$



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ΛR

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G.G. Barnaföldi, PL, EPJ, 2006

Most central Au+Au collisions (5%) at RHIC 200 AGeV



### <u>Most central Au+Au collisions (5%) at RHIC 200 AGeV</u> <u>"Quenching only"</u>



### <u>Most central Au+Au collisions (5%) at RHIC 200 AGeV</u> <u>"Quenching at L/ $\lambda$ =4 + Shadowing"</u>



### <u>Most central Au+Au collisions (5%) at RHIC 200 AGeV</u> <u>"Quenching at L/ $\lambda$ =5 + Shadowing"</u>





## **Conclusion from light quark quenching at RHIC energy:**

L/ $\lambda$  = 5.5 will describe RHIC data well Shadowing has small influence 4. Results at LHC energies --- new answers and new questions

But at first: pp at 7 TeV How good is our pQCD desription ?



#### <u>Charged hadron production in pp collisions in the high-pT region :</u>

## <u>Charged hadron production in pp collisions at 7 TeV – CMS data</u> <u>LO pQCD</u>



<u>Charged hadron production in pp collisions at 7 TeV –</u> <u>CMS data</u> -- <u>NLO pQCD</u>

10-2 P. Levai, 2010/11 10<sup>-3</sup> p+p -> h+-CMS,  $E_{cM} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ 10<sup>-4</sup> pQCD calcul.  $LO(Q = p_T)$ 10<sup>-5</sup> LO and NLO NLO (Q=  $2 p_T$ ) 10 -6 descriptions are 10<sup>-7</sup>) equally good ! 10 10 5 10<sup>-8</sup>) 0 (Scale difference) 10<sup>-9</sup>) 10<sup>-10}</sup> We will use our 10-11 **pQCD frame**  $10^{-12}$ at 2.36 ATeV. 10<sup>-13</sup> 10<sup>-14</sup>) 20 80 100 120 40 60 140 0

p₁ (GeV)





### <u>Most central Pb+Pb collisions (5%) at LHC 2.76 ATeV</u> <u>"Quenching only" - NOT FLAT at high-pT !!!! (p<sub>T</sub> > 7 GeV)</u>



#### <u>Most central Au+Au collisions (5%) at LHC 2.76 ATeV</u> <u>"Quenching with $L/\lambda = 4$ + Shadowing"</u>



### <u>Most central Au+Au collisions (5%) at LHC 2.76 ATeV</u> <u>"Quenching with $L/\lambda = 5 + Shadowing"</u></u>$



#### <u>Most central Au+Au collisions (5%) at LHC 2.76 ATeV</u> <u>"Quenching with L/ $\lambda$ =6 + Shadowing"</u>



### <u>Most central Au+Au collisions (5%) at LHC 200 AGeV</u> <u>"Quenching with $L/\lambda = 7$ + Shadowing"</u>



**Conclusion from light quark quenching at LHC energy:** 

L/ λ = 5.5 will describe LHC data well with New-Hijing shadowing functions BUT: THIS IS THE SAME opacity, what was seen at RHIC !!!

or:

 $L/\lambda = 7$  is needed with EKS shadowing This means 2x larger color density at LHC energy w.r.t RHIC energy

Ratio  $(L/\lambda)^2$ :  $7^2/5.5^2 = 49/30 \approx 1.6$ 

**5. Energy loss studies for identified hadron R**<sub>AA</sub> Pásztor A, LP, 2011

## How large is the RAA nuclear modification factor for pion and proton ? What is the difference at RHIC?









**Theoretical conclusion (for today) :** 

**1. pQCD model frame with jet quenching and nuclear shadowing** is a very fruitful description at LHC energies

2. LHC data are very interesting, but final data are needed.

3. Looking forward to see further details

- -- pi0 production at high-pT
- -- identified charged hadrons at high-pT
- -- charm quark energy loss !!!

## **Problems in 2-particle correlations:**

- where is the kT-imbalance in the 1-particle spectra?????
- why LO pQCD is working so well without intrinsic-kT ???





### k<sub>T</sub>-imbalance parameter --- extracted from 2-hadron correlation and applied in 1-particle distribution



**But no room for intrinsic-k**<sub>T</sub> in CDF and CMS data !! ???

**Experimental side: Particle identification at high-pT at LHC** 

**1. LHC ALICE: TPC + TOF + ITS Statistically up to 40-50 GeV/c** 

2. LHC ALICE upgrade: VHMPID (track-by-track) Very High Momentum Particle Identification Detector RICH modul + Trigger modul Installation in 2015 (hopefully)

**VERIMPED mission:** to identify charged hadrons track-by-track up-to 25 GeV (C<sub>4</sub>F<sub>10</sub>)

or at even higher momenta (CH<sub>4</sub>)

**Talks at this Workshop:** 

**G. Hamar on Thursday at 15.00** 

L. Boldizsar on Thursday at 15:30

## VHMPID layout evolution (2009-2010)



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# The VHMPID collaboration

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