

Status of GEM DHCAL

Andy White

For GEM-TGEM/DHCAL Group

April 14, 2011

RD51 Collaboration Meeting

CERN

- Introduction
- 30cmx30cm 2D readout with KPiX chip
- GEM-DCAL Integration
- TGEM Progress
- Large GEM Foil Certification
- Large Chamber Mechanical Design
- GEM DHCAL Plans
- Summary

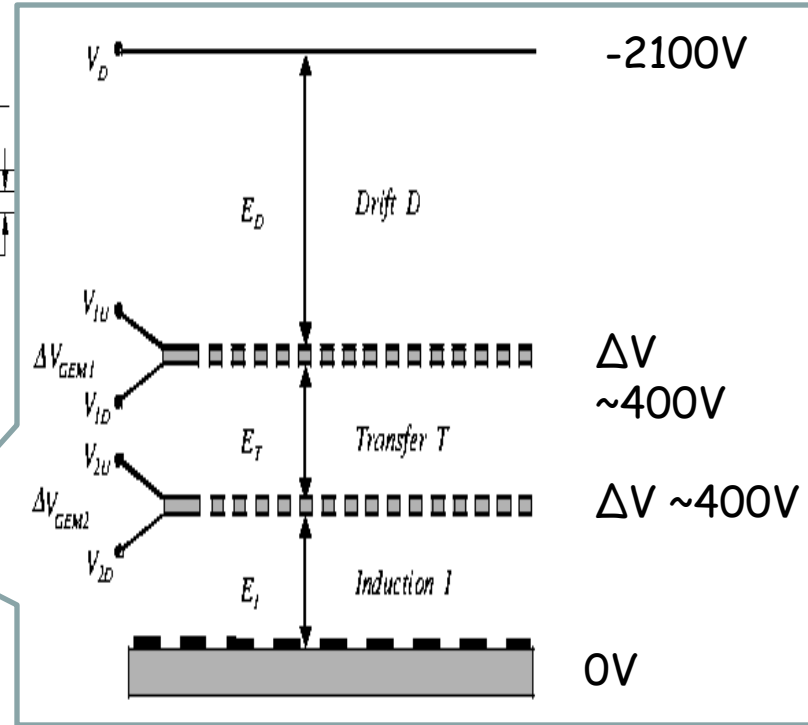
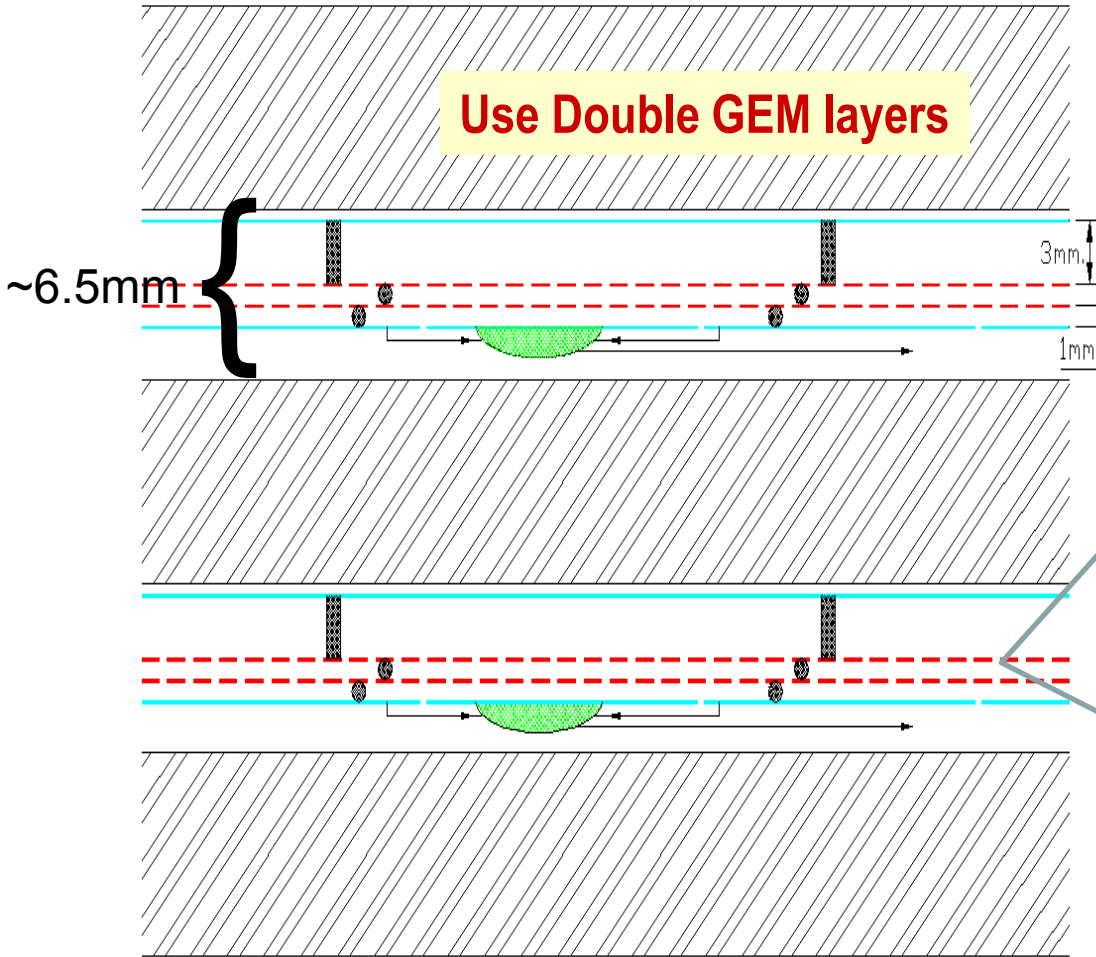
Why GEM?

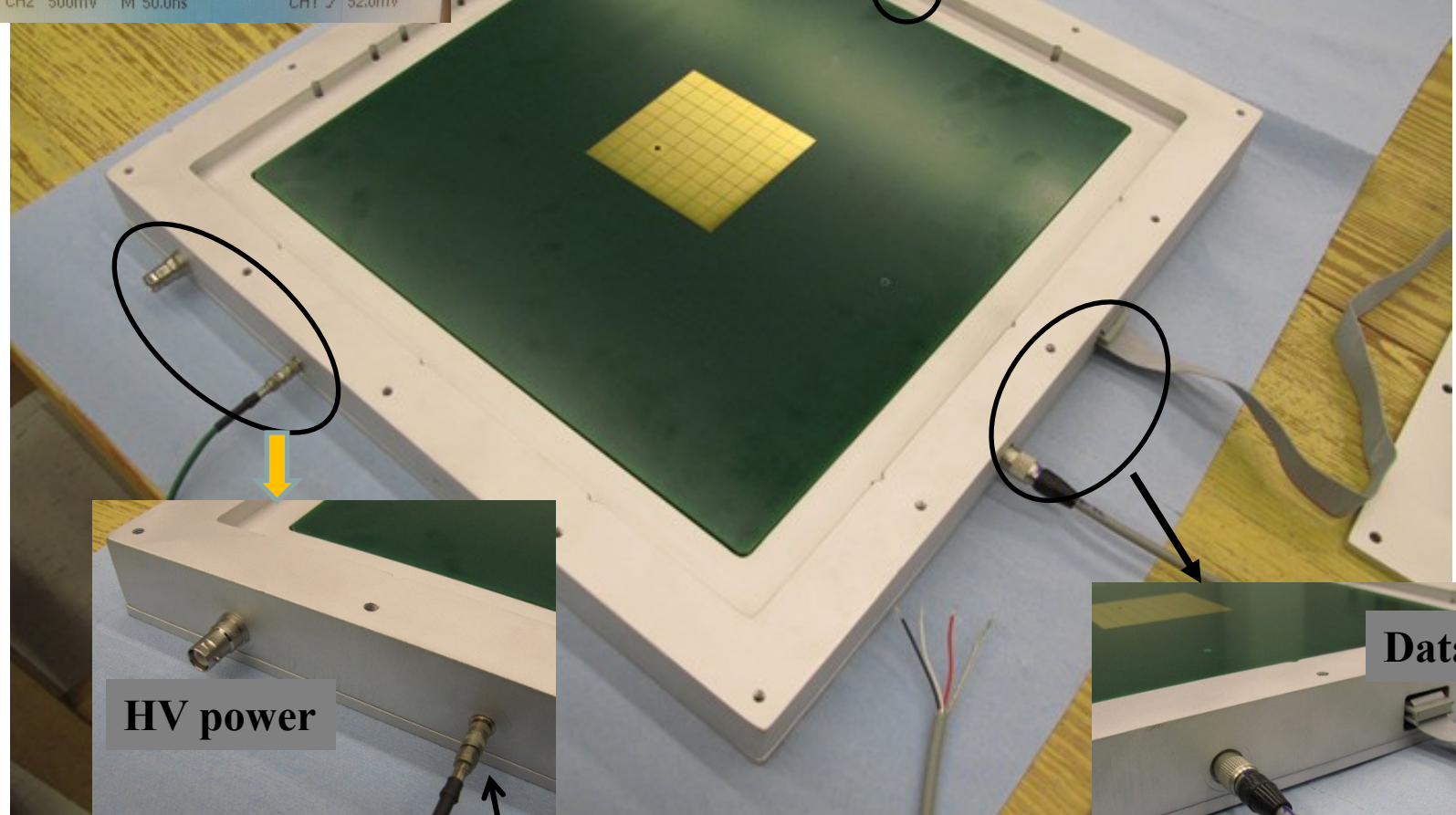
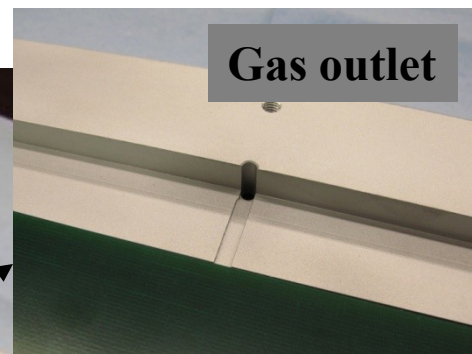
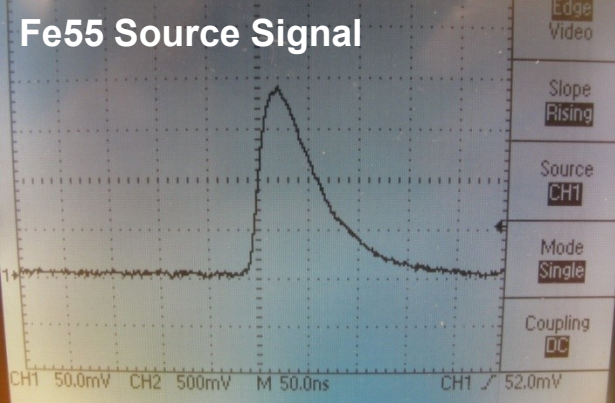
- Flexible configurations: allows small anode pads for high granularity
- Robust: survives $\sim 10^{12}$ particles/mm² with no performance degradations
- Based on electron collection, \sim few ns rise time
- Short recovery time \rightarrow can handle high rates
- Uses simple gas (Ar/CO₂) – no long-term issues
- Runs at relatively low HV (\sim 400V across a foil)
- Stable operations

GEM-based Digital Calorimeter Concept

GEM-BASED DHCAL CONCEPT

Use Double GEM layers

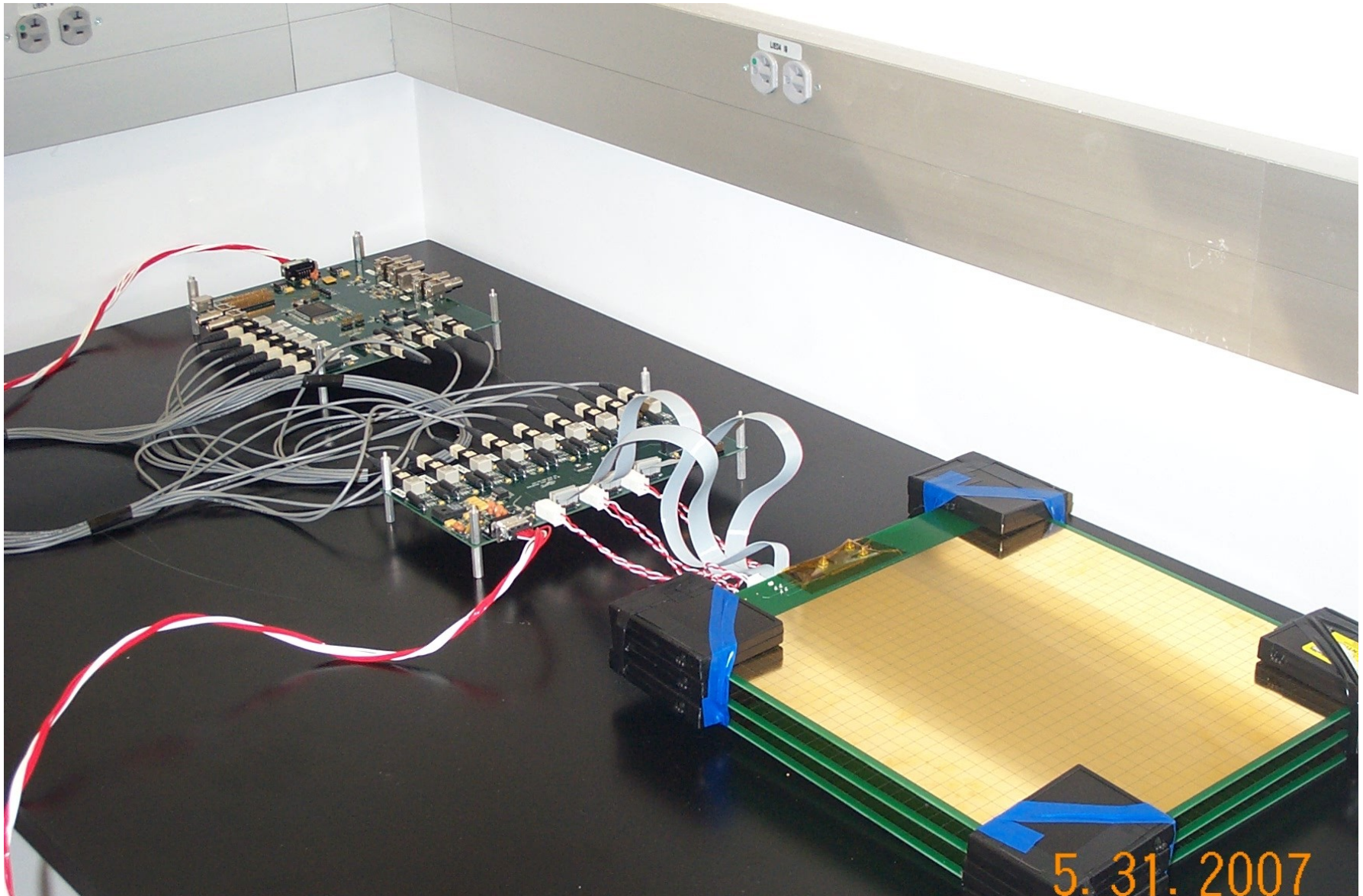




April 14, 2011

Analog signal GEM DHICAL

GEM-DHCAL/KPiX boards with Interface and FPGA boards



April 14, 2011

GEM DHCAL

5

KPiX/GEM/DHCAL

KPiX chip

One channel of 1024

DHCAL anode pad

Dynamic gain select

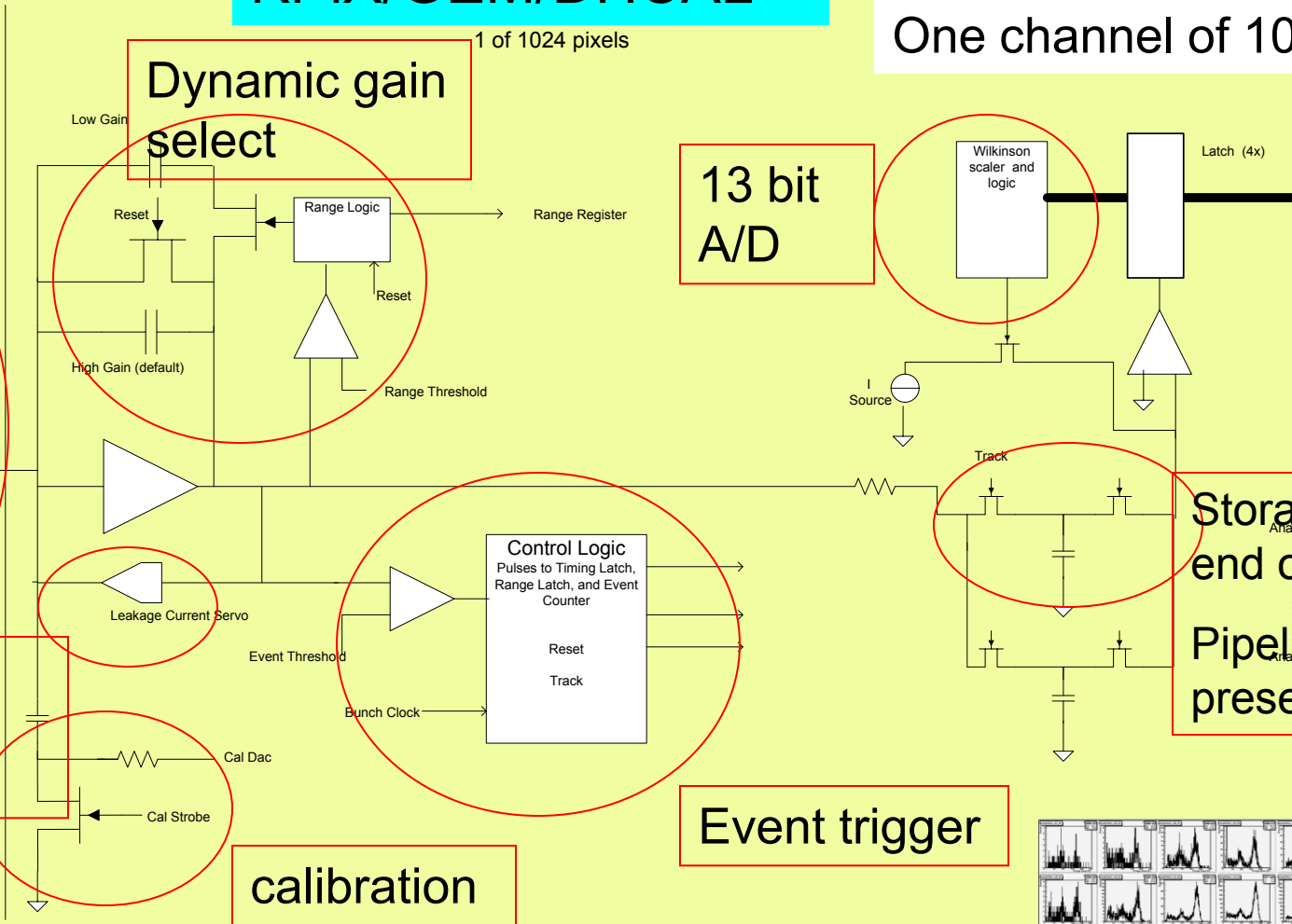
13 bit A/D

Storage until end of train.
Pipeline depth presently is 4

Leakage current subtraction

calibration

Event trigger



Simplified Timing:

There are ~ 3000 bunches separated by ~300 ns in a train, and trains are separated by ~200 ms.

Say a signal above event threshold happens at bunch n and time T0.

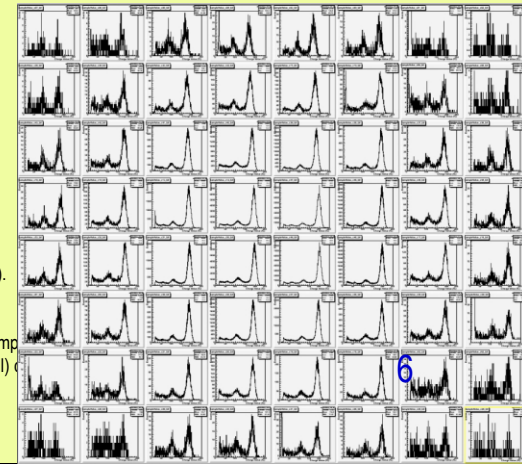
The Event discriminator triggers in ~100 ns and removes resets and strobes the Timing Latch (12 bit), range latch (1 bit) and Event Counter (5 bits). The Range discriminator triggers in ~100 ns if the signal exceeds the Range Threshold.

When the glitch from the Range switch has had time to settle, Track connects the sample capacitor to the amplifier output. (~150 ns)

The Track signal opens the switch isolating the sample capacitor at T0 + 1 micro s. At this time, the amplitude of the signal at T0 is held on the Sample and Hold. Reset is asserted (synched to the bunch clock). Note that the second capacitor is reset at StartUp and following an event, while the high gain (small) while processing an event)

The system is ready for another signal in ~1.2 microsec.

After the bunch train, the capacitor charge is measured by a Wilkinson converter.



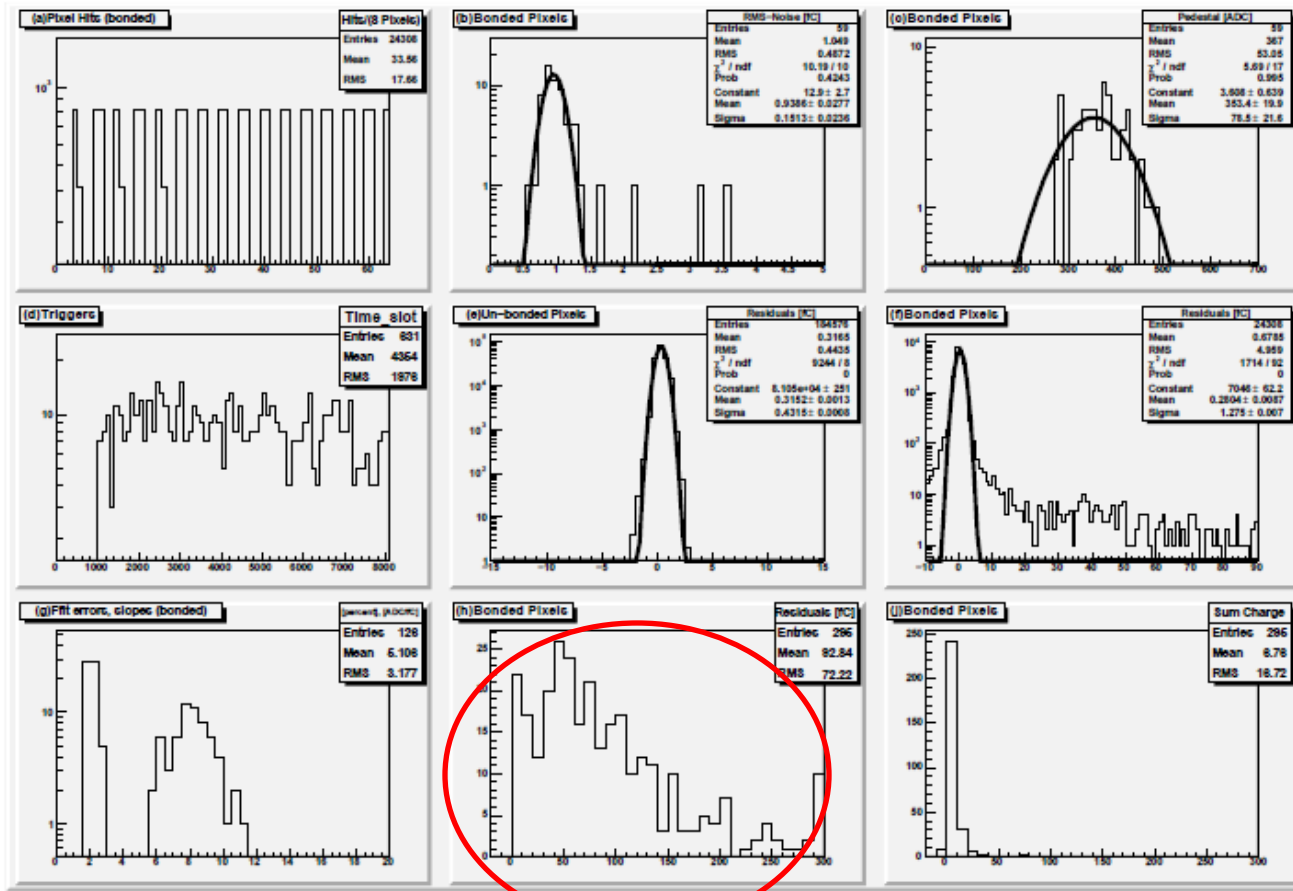
April 14, 2011

GEM/DHCAL

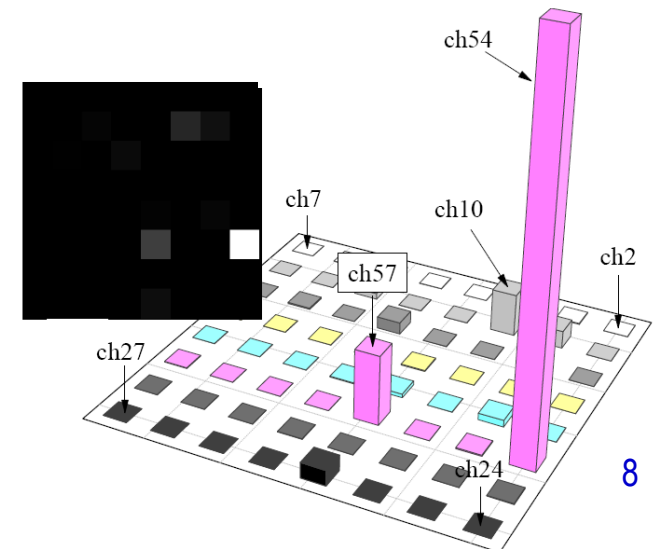
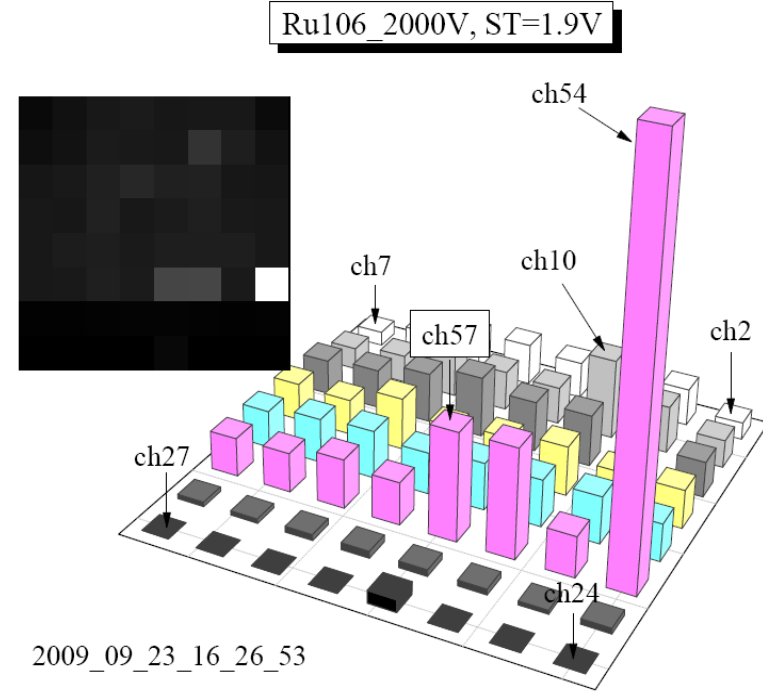
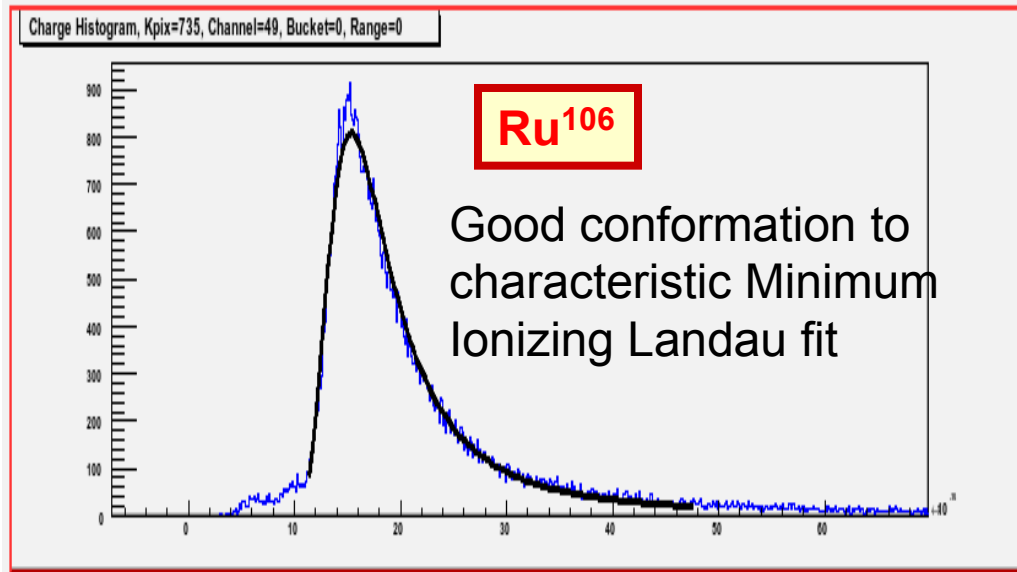
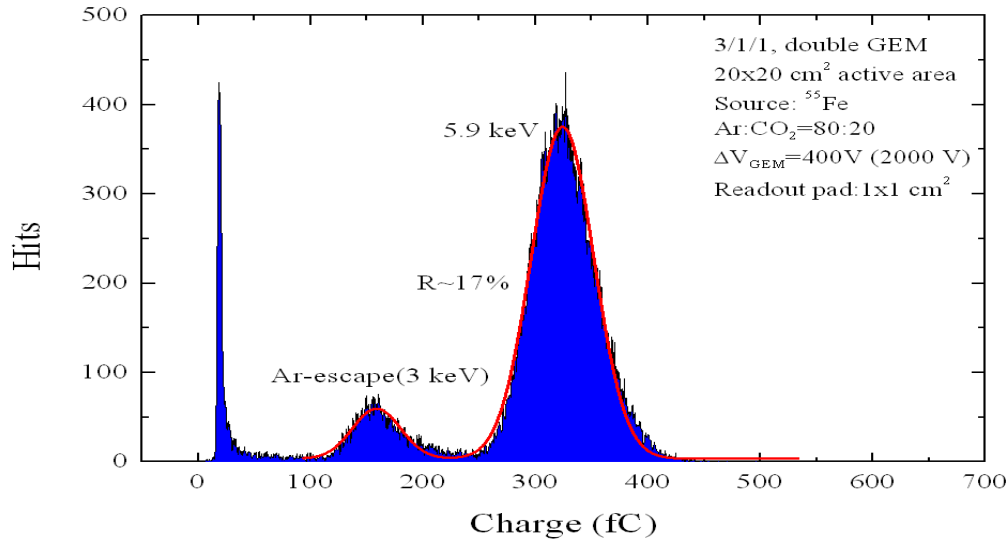
6

KPiX/GEM/DHCAL

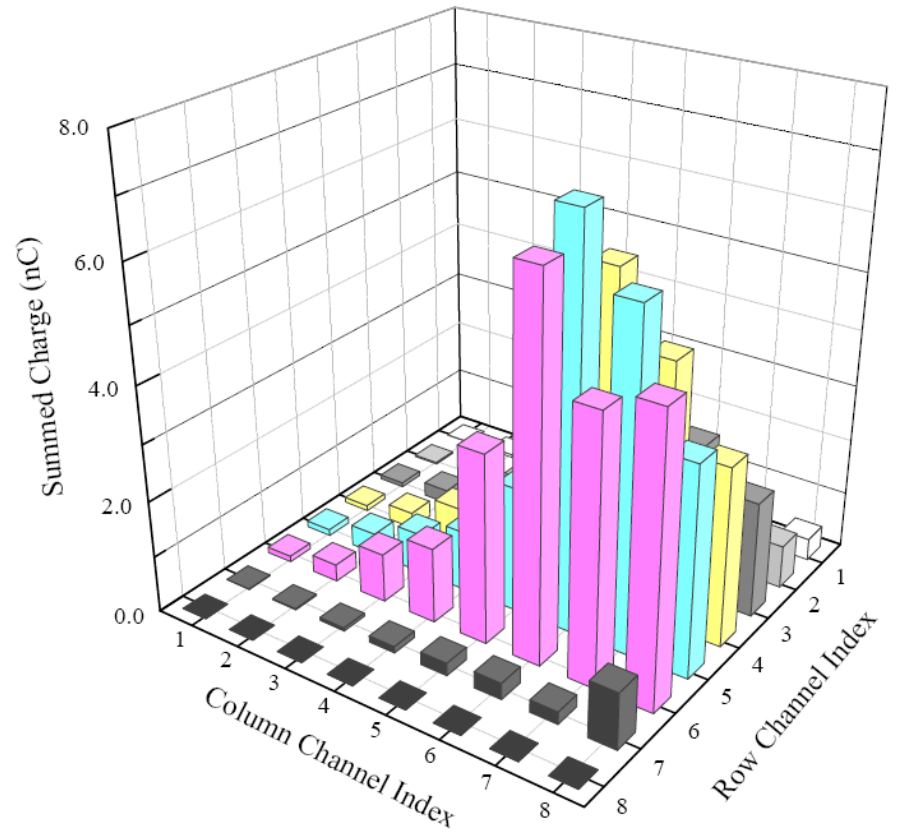
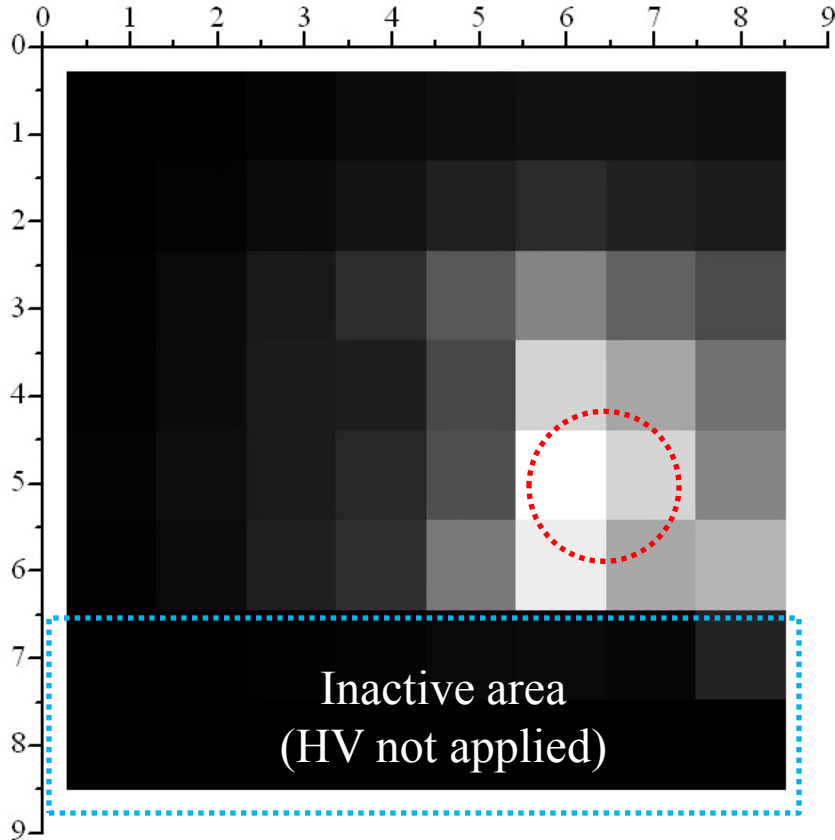
Work with SLAC colleagues on KPiX7,9 debugging/operation
* Many thanks to M. Breidenbach, D. Freytag, R. Herbst



GEM+kPiX7 Fe⁵⁵ and Ru¹⁰⁶ Spectra

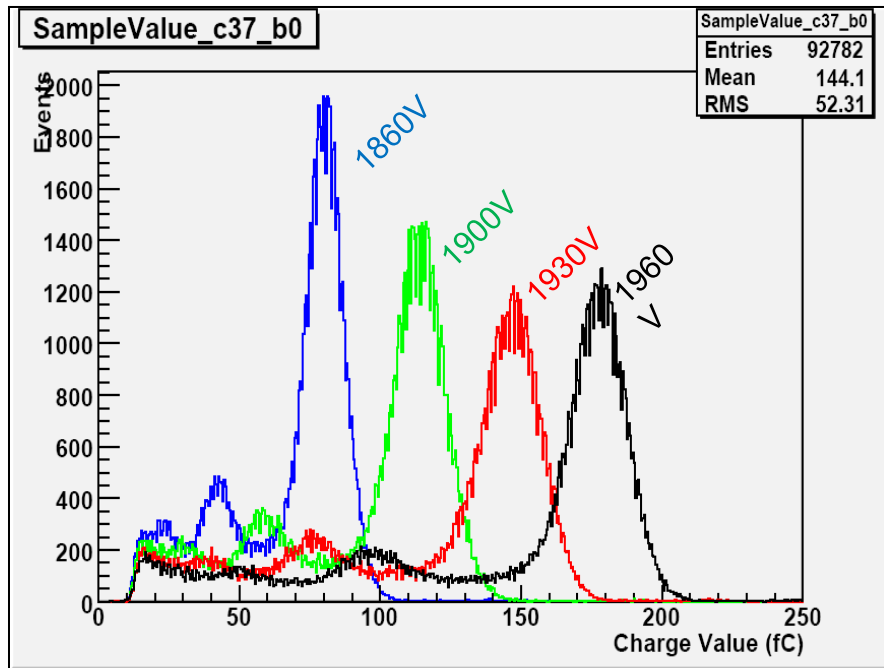


Charge Weighted Lego for Fe55

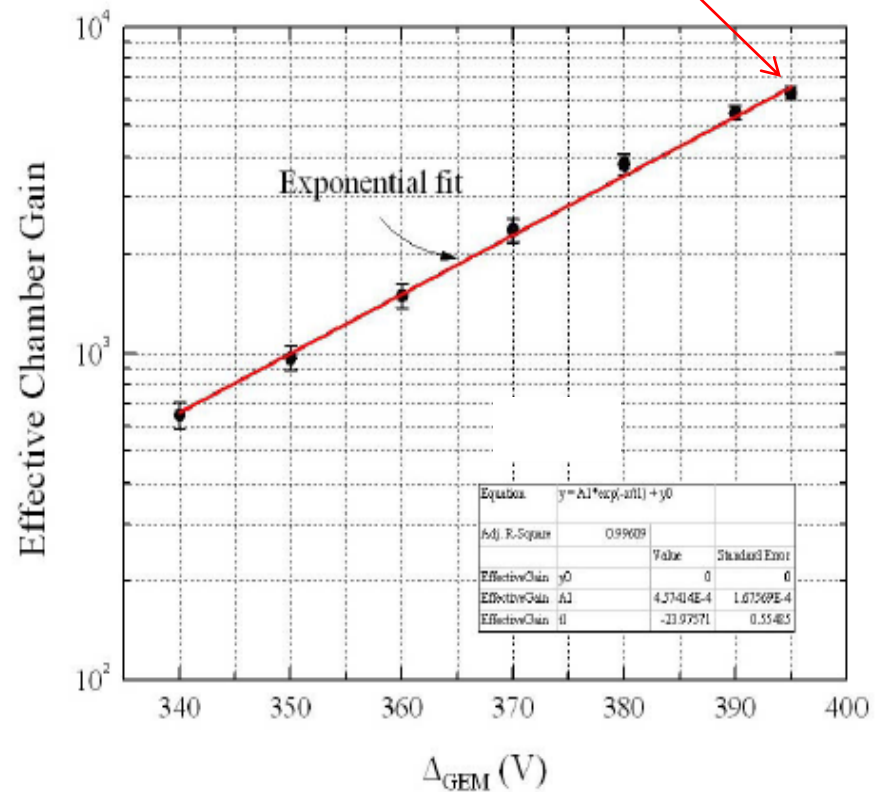


HV=1960 V, Self Trigger Th=1.8 V= 14fC

Gain vs HV

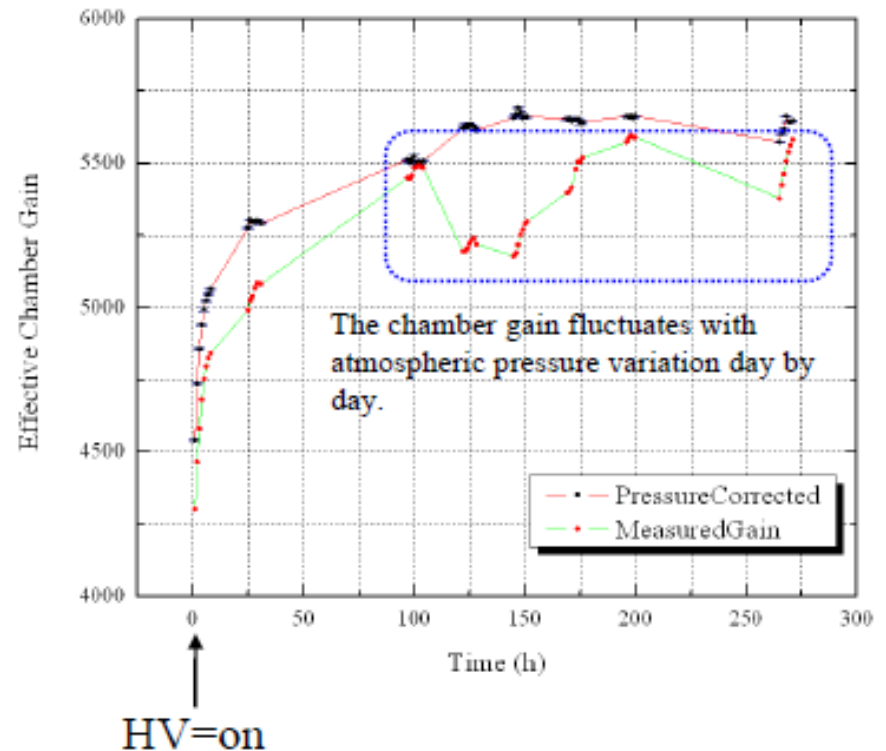
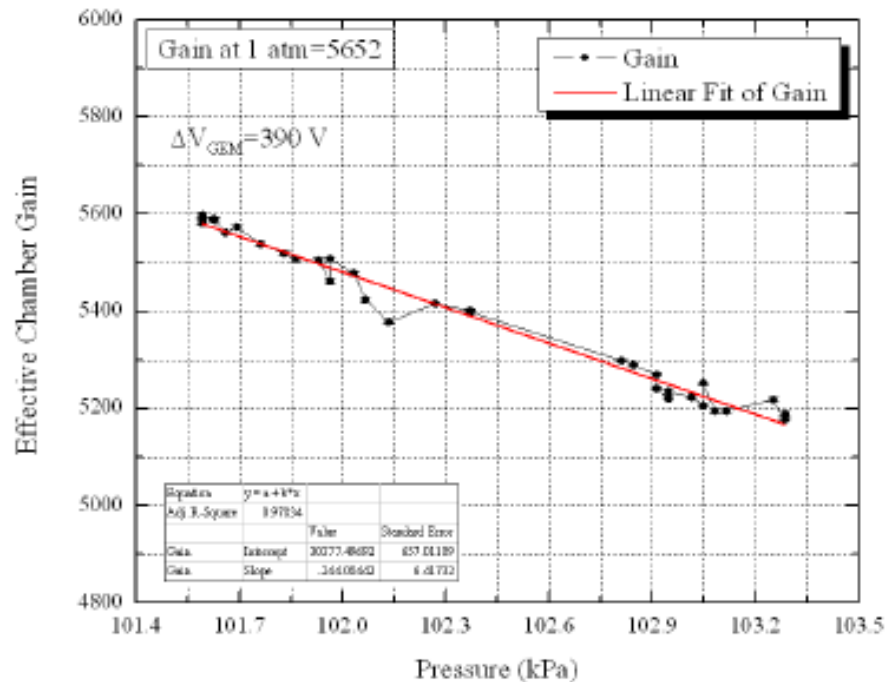


Typical operating point:
Gain ~6000



Pressure Dependence of Gain

HV = 1950V ($\Delta V_{\text{GEM}} = 390$ V)



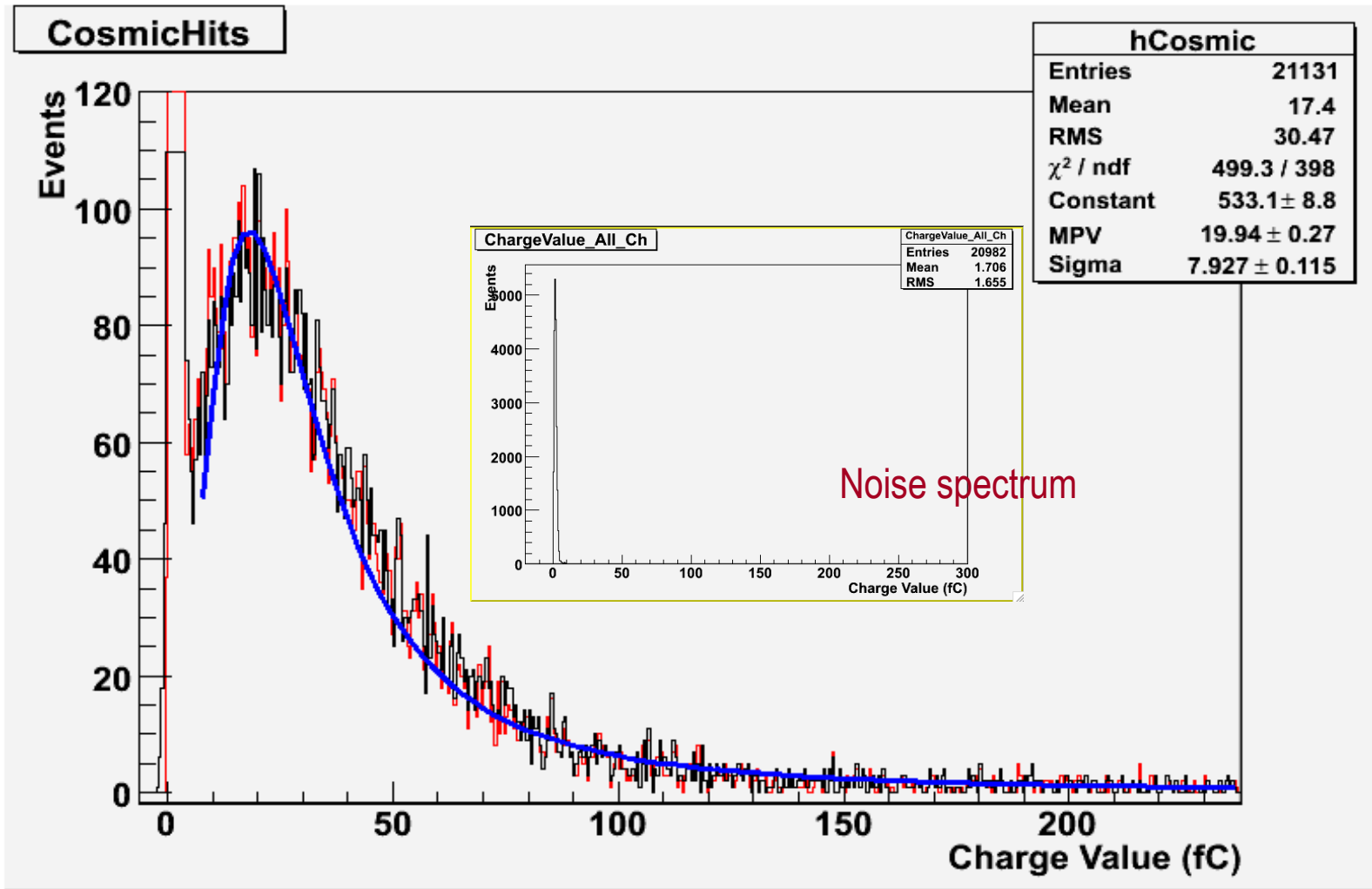
We use an open gas system (gas flows at atmospheric pressure).

Thus, pressure inside chamber is affected by the atmospheric pressure directly.

This pressure change affects the chamber gain.

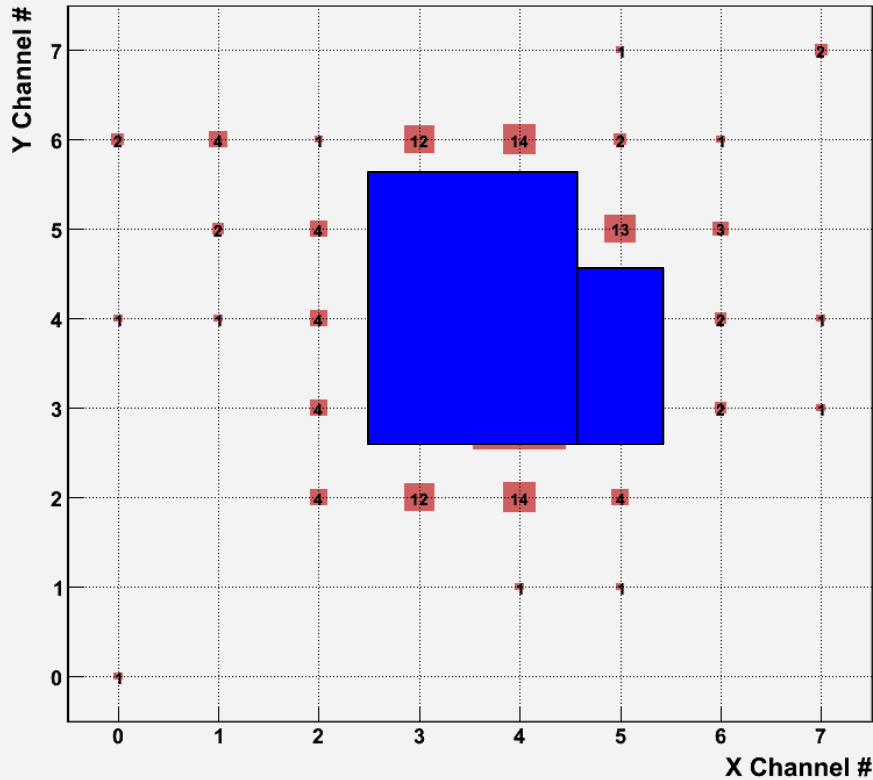
The chamber gains were recalculated to the values at 1 atm.

Cosmic Ray Data with External Trigger – kPiX7



2D Cosmic Ray Hits – kPiX7

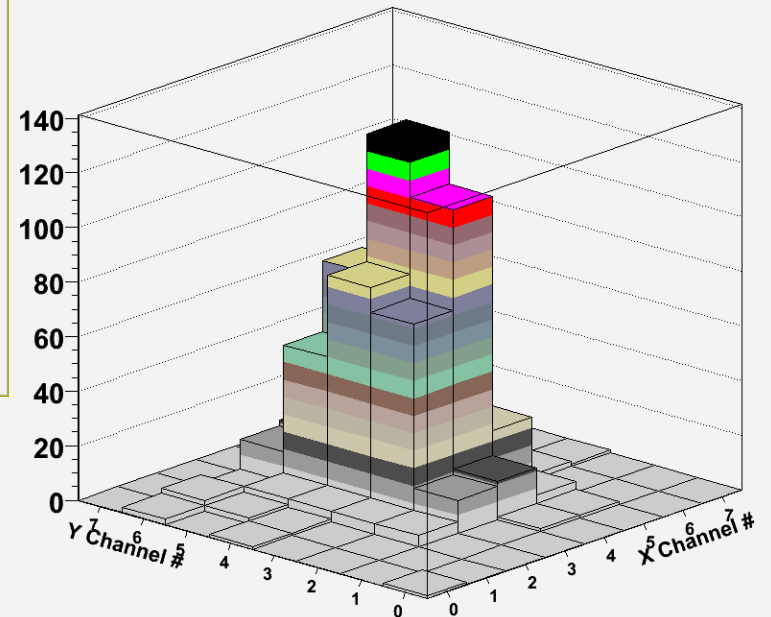
Hit Map



Three noisy channels removed
~4.5% kPiX duty factor

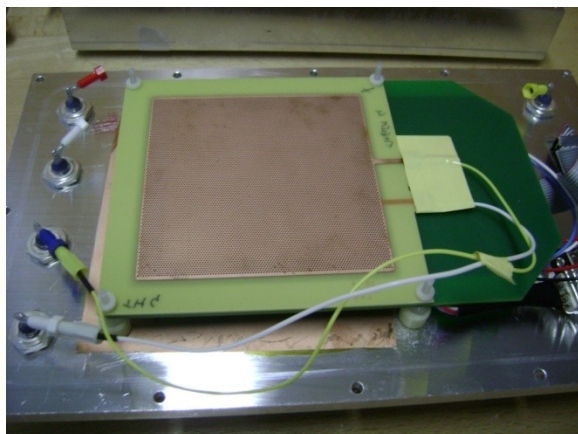
2 x 3 cm² trigger counter

Hit Map

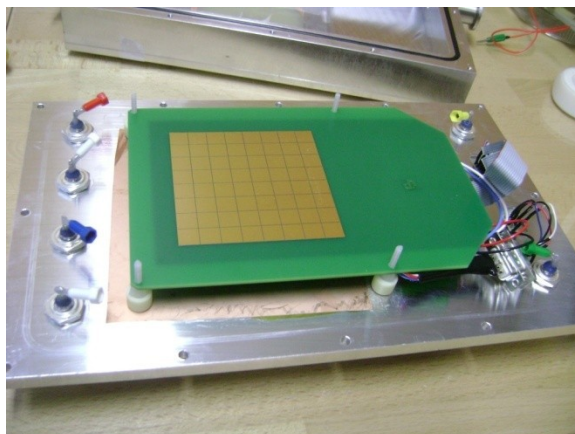


CERN TGEM Test-beam detector

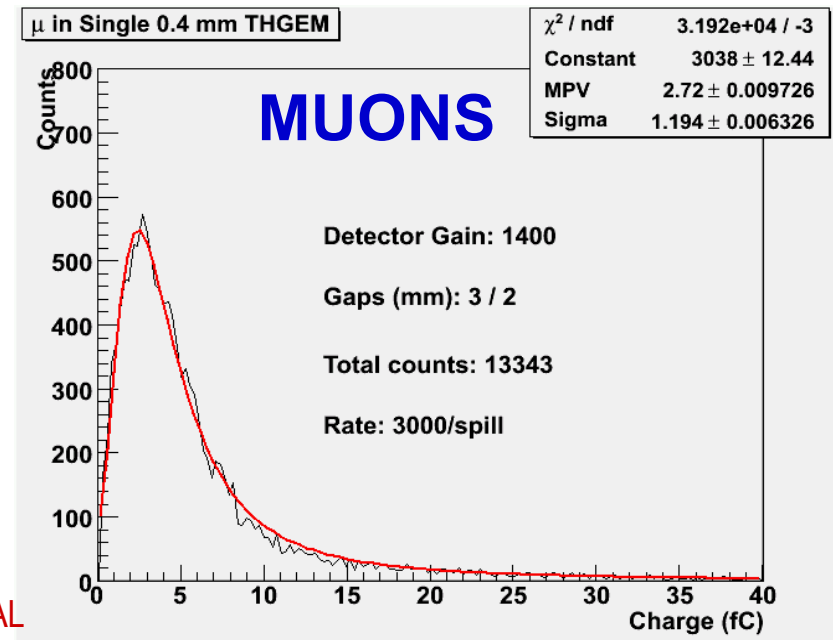
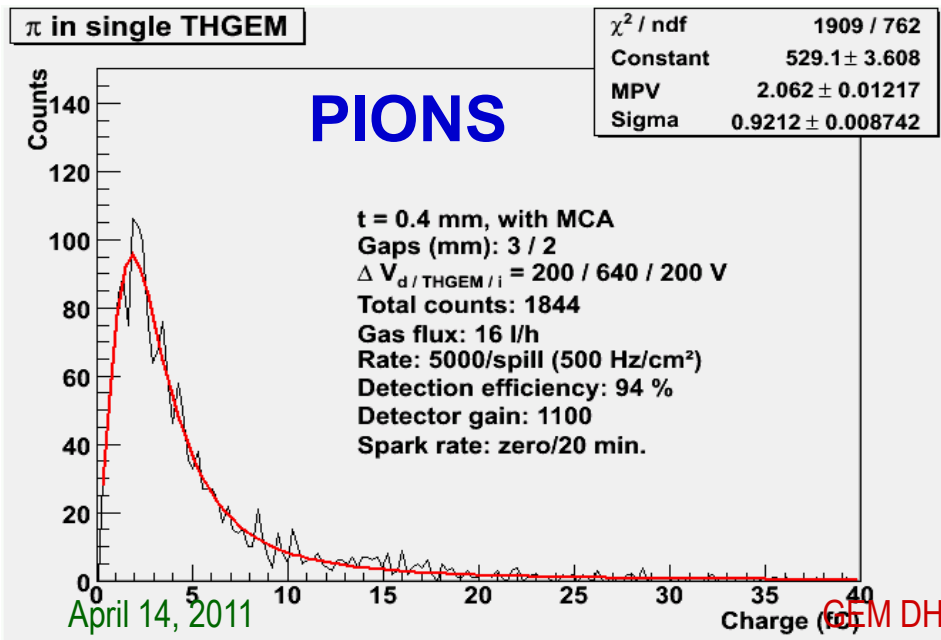
10x10 cm² THGEM



64 pads electrode
with KPiX behind

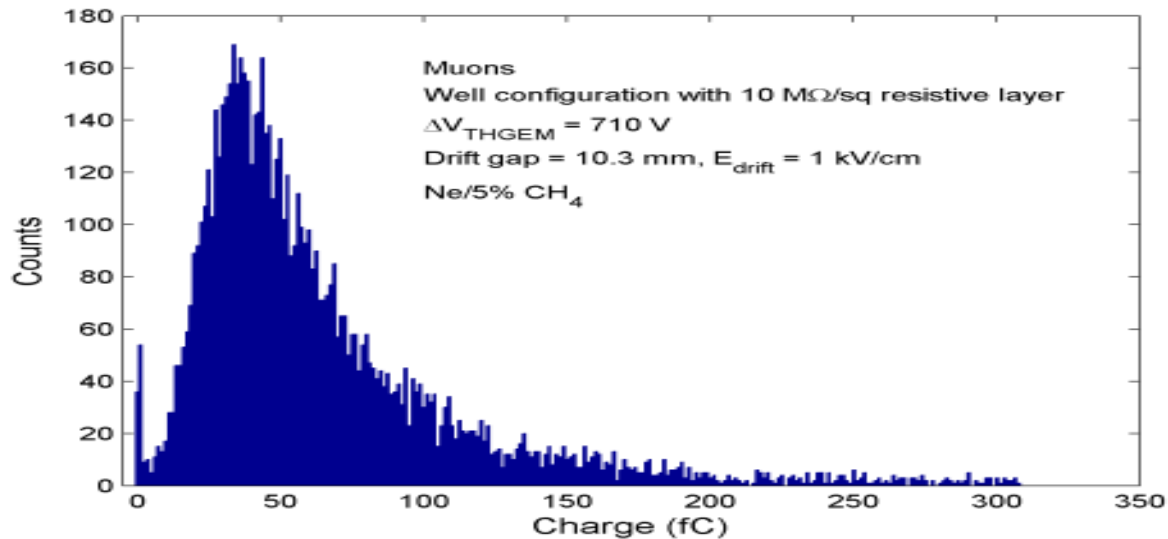
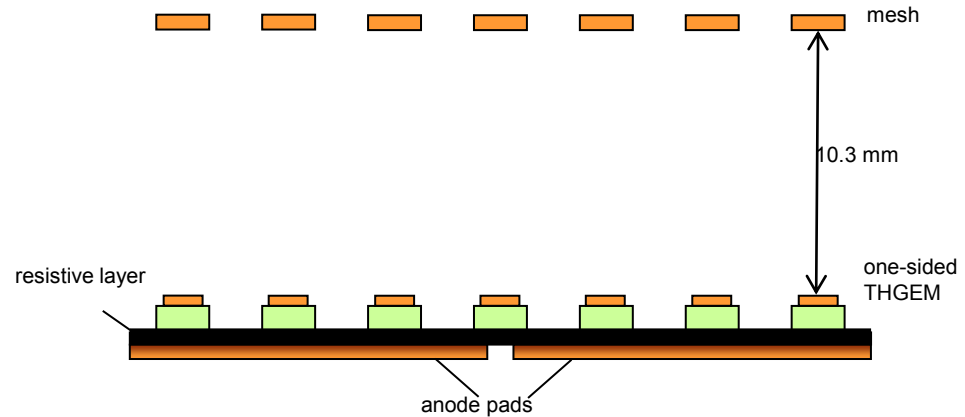


Weizmann - UTA -
Aveiro - Coimbra
U.S. Israel Bi-National
Science Foundation



CERN TGEM Test-beam detector

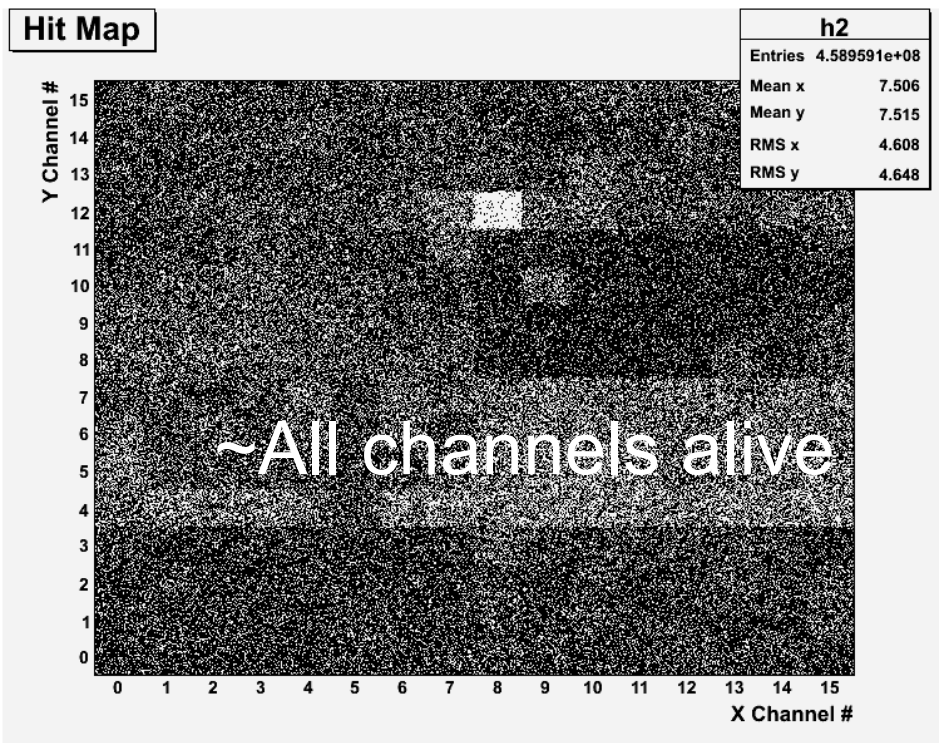
“Well” TGEM
configuration
- Further tests
Summer 2011



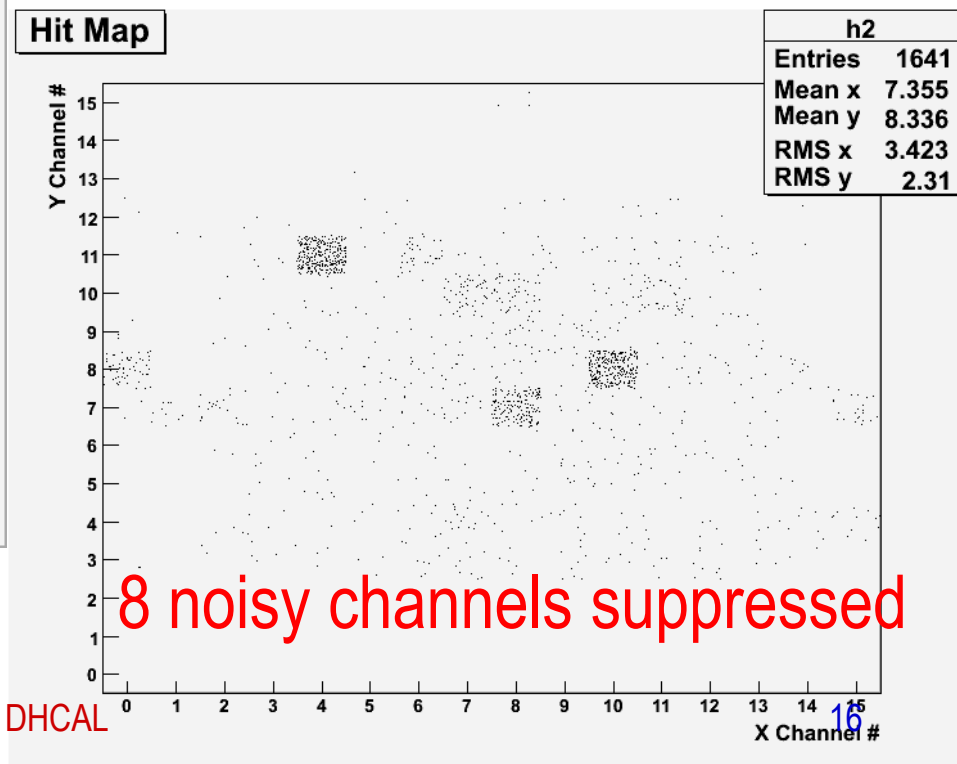
GEM+DCAL (used for RPC-DHCAL)

*Many thanks to ANL colleagues! J. Repond, L. Xia, G. Drake, J. Schleroth, J. Smith (UTA student at ANL) and H. Weerts.

Noise Scan with Threshold at 0 DAC counts



We found that noise rate is very low for the range of threshold 0 – 40ADC, once the 8 noisy channels are suppressed. No significant changes of noise rate increases seen after the suppression.



April 14, 2011

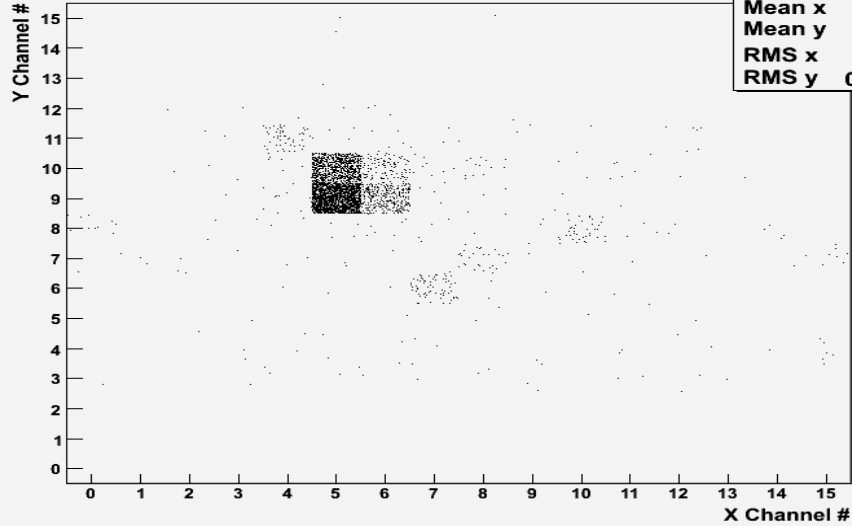
GEM DHCAL

16

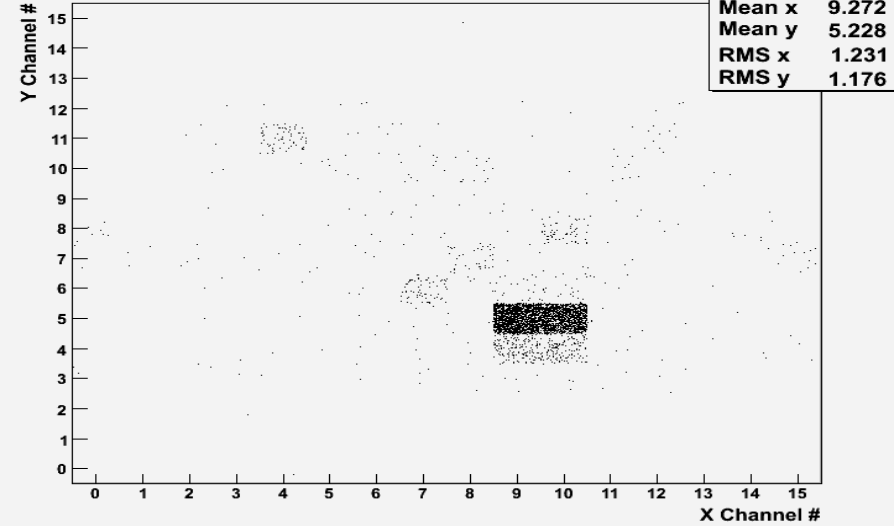
GEM+DCAL, Collimated Fe55 Source in 4 locations

Threshold: 0 DAC, noisy channels suppressed

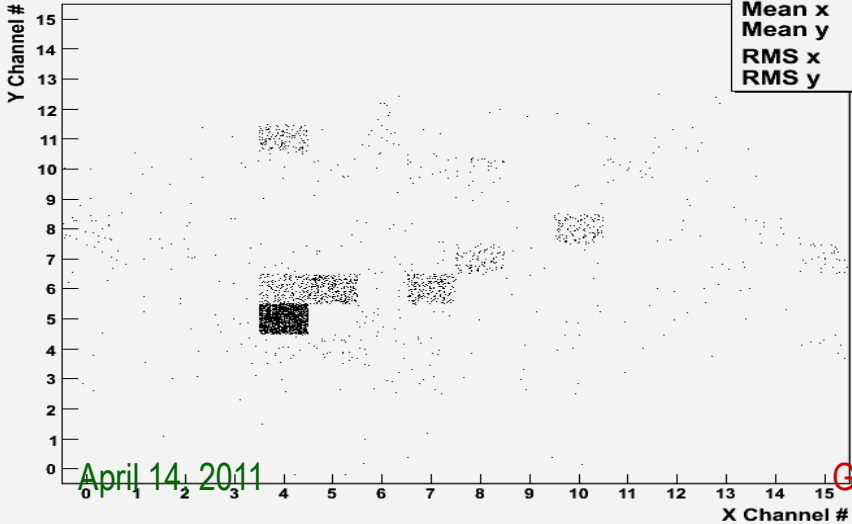
Hit Map



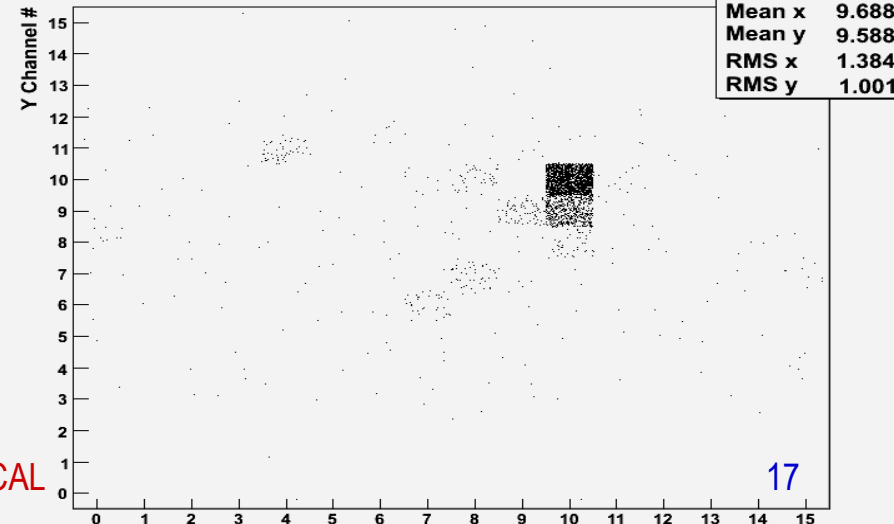
Hit Map



Hit Map



Hit Map



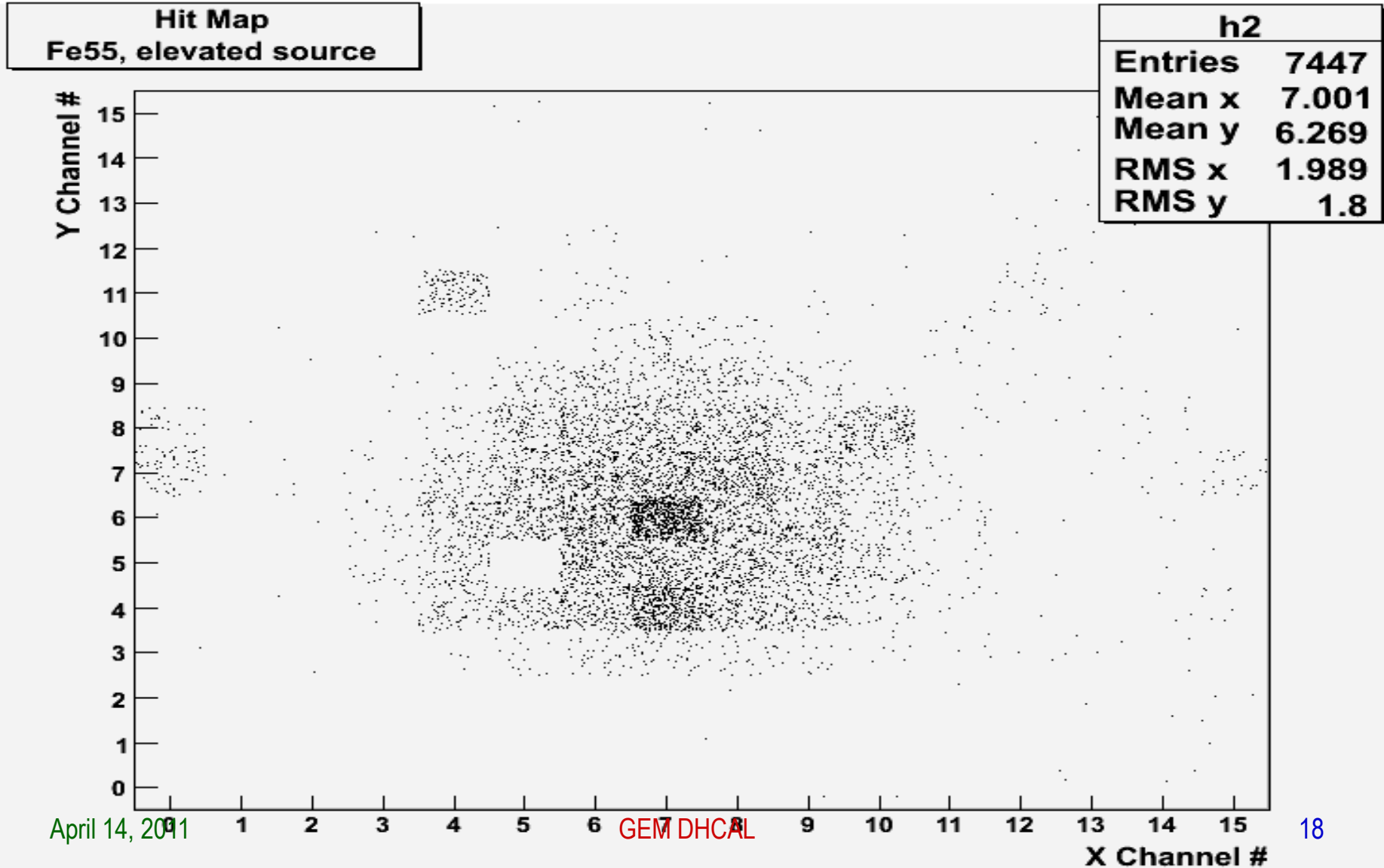
April 14, 2011

GEM+DCAL

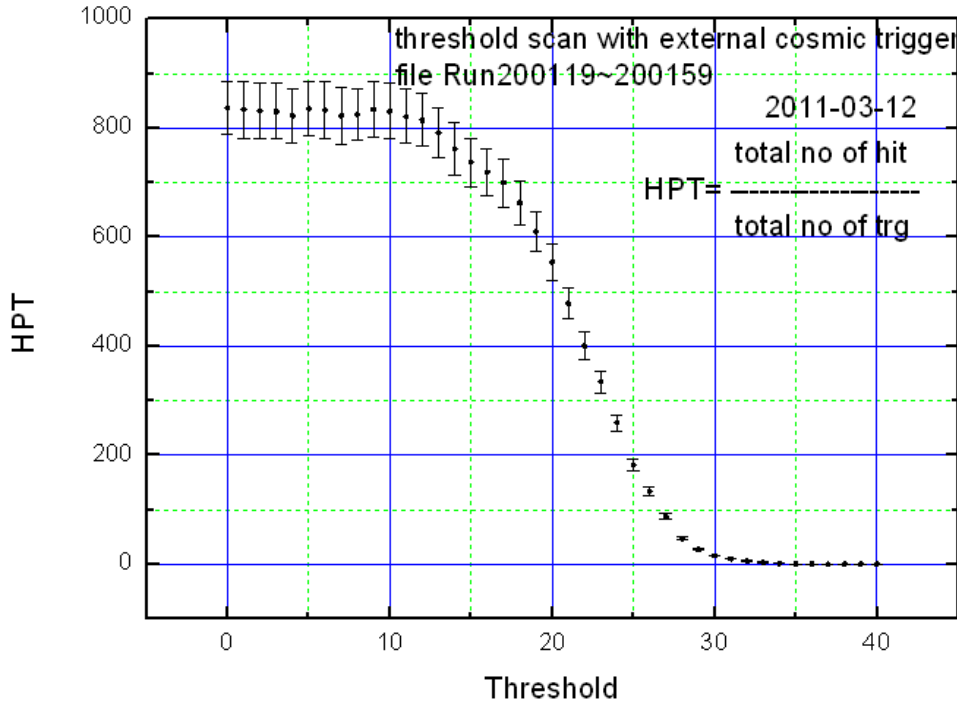
17

GEM+DCAL, Elevated Fe55 Source

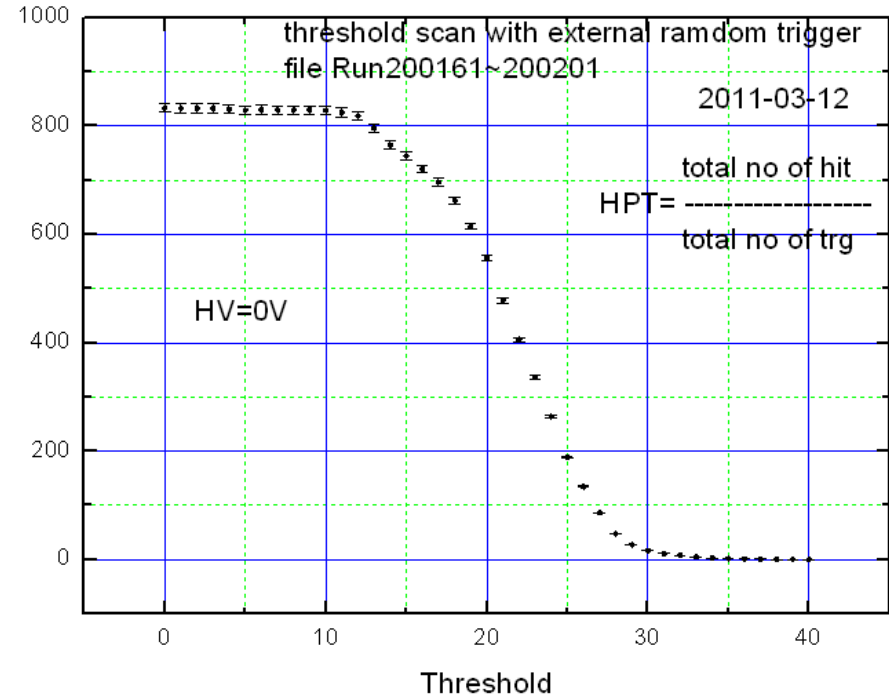
Threshold: 0 DAC, noisy channels suppressed



DCAL Threshold Scan, External Trigger

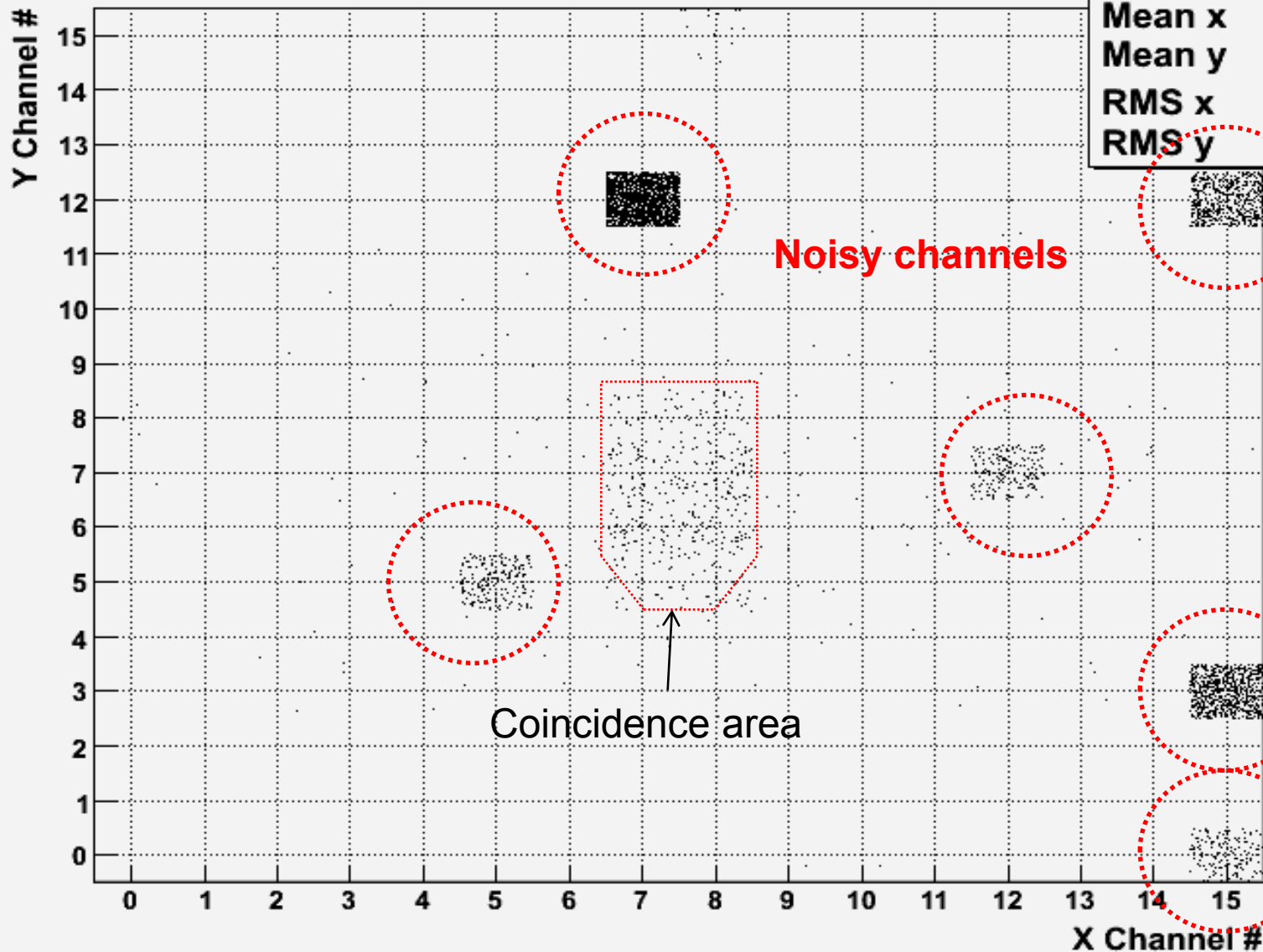


1 DAC count $\sim 0.3fC$

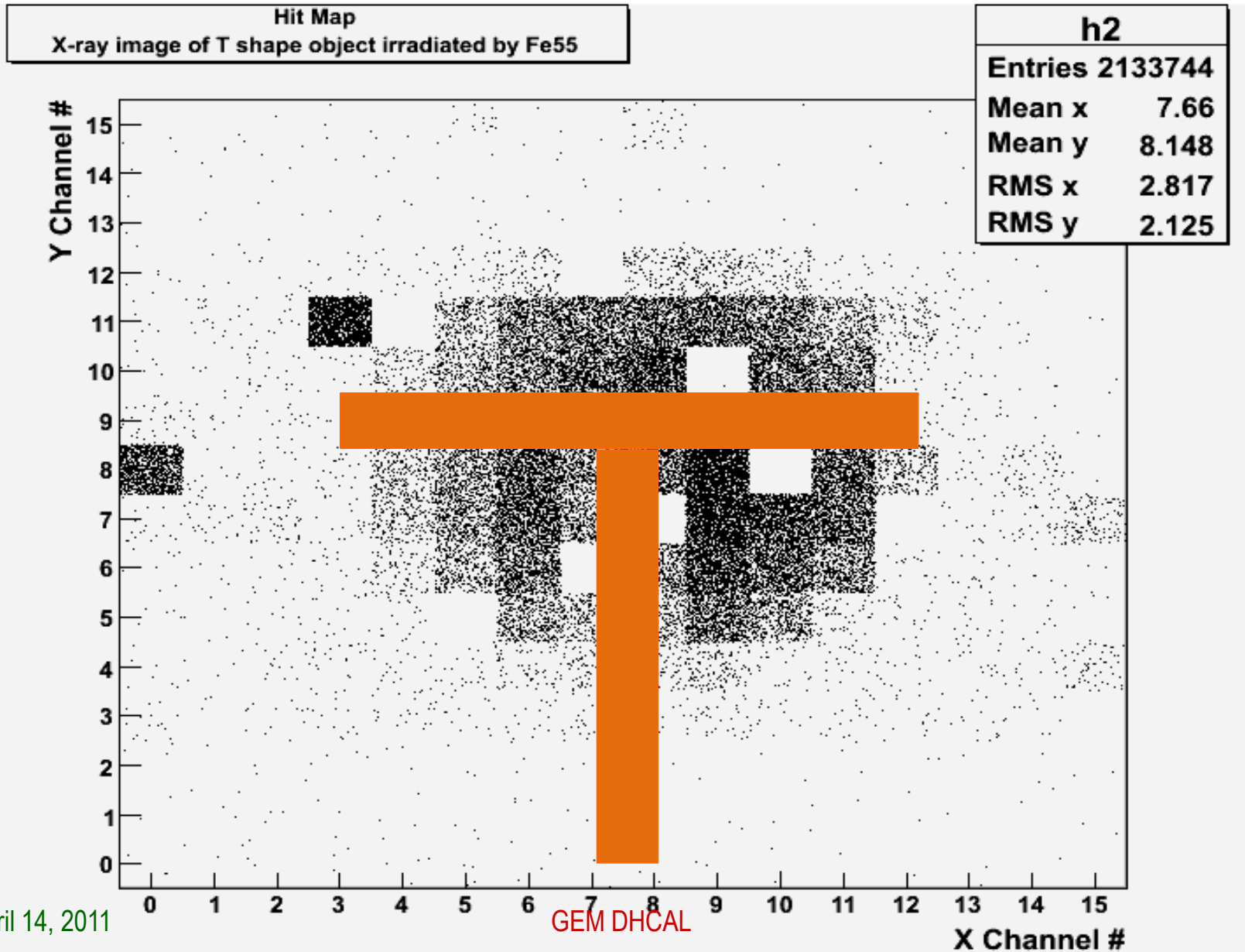


Cosmic Ray Seen with GEM-DCAL

Hit Map



Just for fun, Fe55 Source + X-ray image



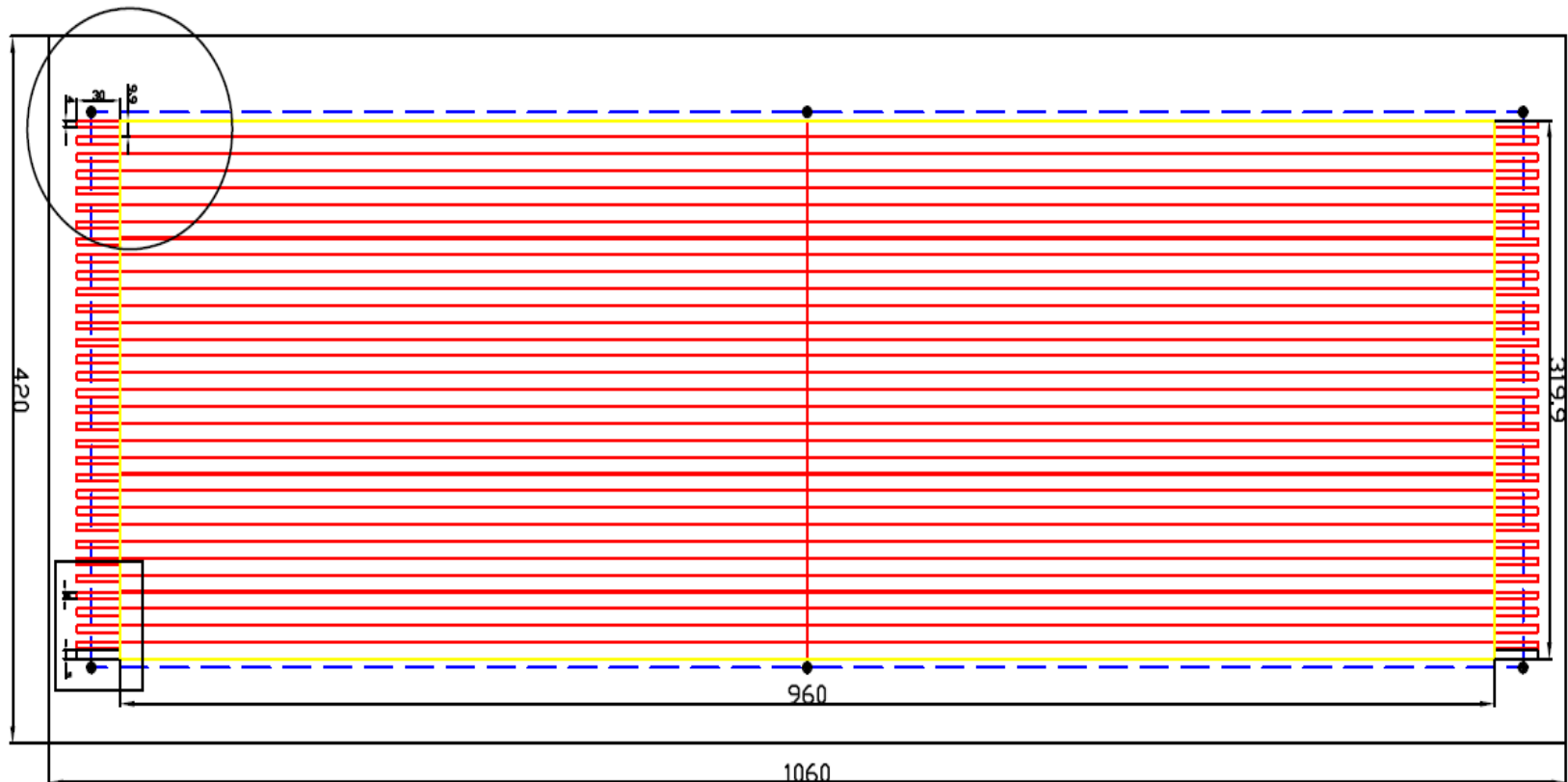
33cmx100cm GEM Foil Design

Designed to work with DCAL boards

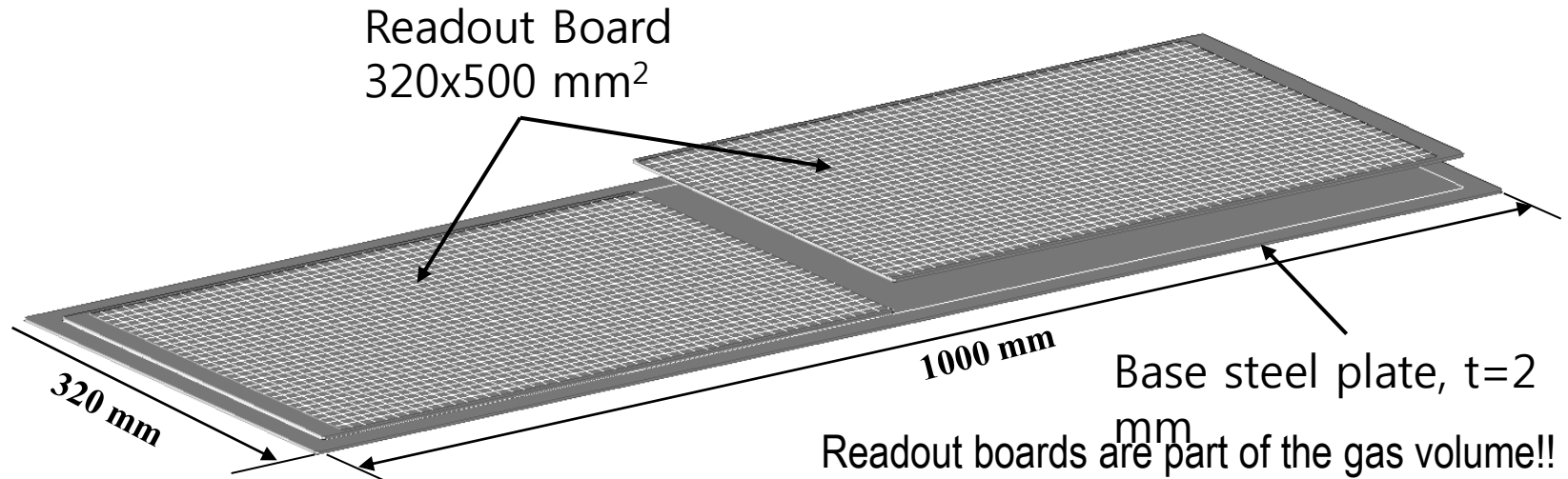
Active area 940x306 mm²

Number of HV sectors = 31 to minimize loss in case of damage

HV sector dimension= 9.9x950 mm²



33cmx100cm DHCAL Unit Chamber Construction



2mm steel strong-back + thin cathode layer

3mm

1cm thick support
from G10 spacers

1mm

We might be able to avoid this dead zone
by gluing the two boards directly together!!

1mm

1mm pad board

2mm FE board

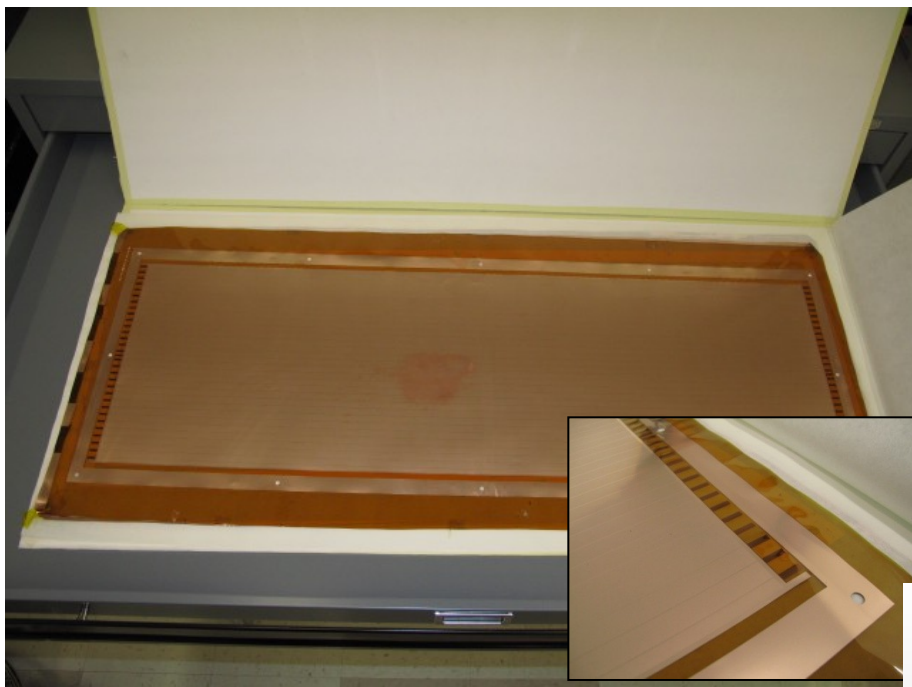
GEM DHCAL

1mm assister strong back

April 14, 2011

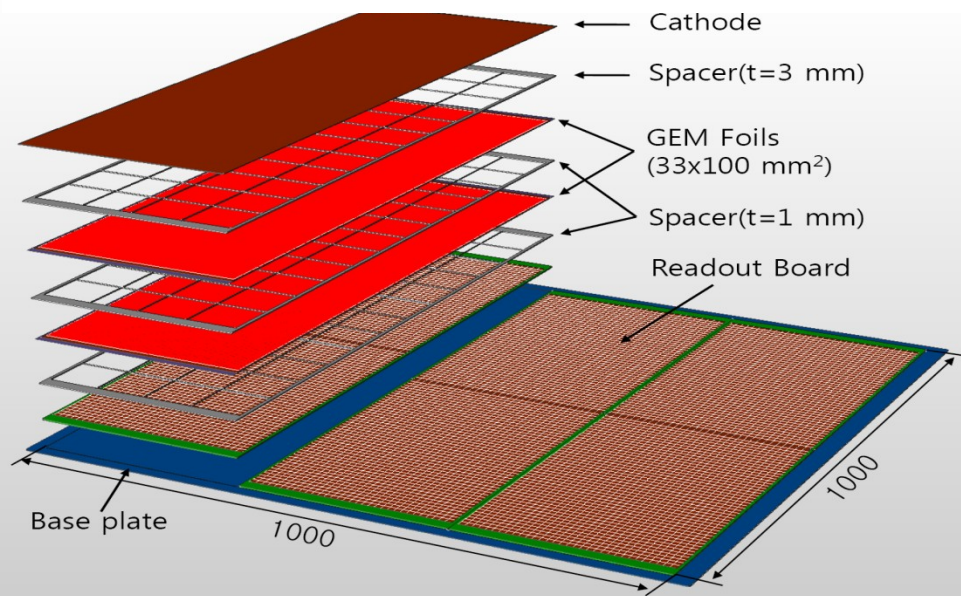
Onward to 100cmx100cm GEM Planes!!

CERN GDD Workshop delivered the first 5 of 33cmx100cm GEM foils in 2010 → Qualification completed!!



Foil Name	N _{strip-pass}	<t _{saturation} >	N _{strip} >2000s	Qualification	Note
LGEM 1	31	1725 s	4	Pass-med	Strips 1, 2, 10 & 23 >2000s
LGEM 2	30	1692 s	3	Pass-med	Strip 22 failed Strips 4, 5 & 29 >2000s
LGEM 3	31	1484 s	0	Pass-high	
LGEM 4	31	1491 s	1	Pass-high	Strip 20 >2000 s
LGEM 5	Untested				Free-Delivered broken

Each of the GEM 100cmx100cm planes will consist of three 33cmx100cm unit chambers



GEM DHCAL Plans

- Phase I (Through late 2011) → Completion of 30cm x 30cm characterization and DCAL chip integration
 - Perform beam tests @ FTBF with 30cm x 30cm double GEM chambers, one with KPiX9 and two with DCAL
 - Completion of 33cmx100cm large foil evaluation
 - TGEM chamber beam tests at CERN
- Phase II (late 2011 – early 2013): 33cm x 100cm unit chamber development and characterization
 - Begin construction of 2 unit 100cmx33cm chambers, one with kPiX and one with DCAL
 - Bench test with sources and cosmic rays and beam tests
- Phase III (Early 2013 – mid 2014): 100cmx100cm plane construction
 - Construct 6 unit chambers with DCAL for two 100cmx100cm planes
 - Characterize 100cmx100cm planes with cosmic rays and beams
- Phase IV (Mid 2014 – late 2015): 100cm x 100cm plane GEM DHCAL performances in the CALICE stack
 - Complete construction of five 100cm x 100cm planes inserted into existing CALICE calorimeter stack and run with either Si/W or Sci/W ECALs, and RPC or other technology planes in the remaining HCAL

Summary

- 30cmx30cm GEM prototype chambers
 - kPiX readout: Established good 2D working condition with v7 now working on v9 (512 channel) integration
 - DCAL integration started well → developing understanding → more work!
 - Getting ready for beam test at FTBF in May 2011
- TGEM with KPiX v7 had a beam test at CERN
 - Another with V9 planned this summer at CERN
- 33cmx100cm unit chamber construction proceeding
 - First 5 foils of 33cmx100cm delivered and qualification completed
 - Spacers to be ordered
- Mechanical design being worked out for constructing 33cmx100cm unit chambers and 1mx1m planes for DHCAL testing
- Funding uncertainty makes it difficult to plan for long term