Probing dark matter models with DarkPACK: present state and future developments



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To compute:

- Relic density
- Direct and indirect detection observables
- Collider observables



Some solutions



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- Several passages of input
- Mathematica dependencies

DarkPack's philosophy

DarkPACK is conceived to have a unique and modular workflow

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- Possibility of stopping at any point of the chain...
- ... to link it with external software
- More ease in writing custom functionalities ← Object-oriented structure

References: (M.P., A.Arbey, N.F.Mahmoudi, CPC) user manual (M.P., thesis) full reference



website: https://marty.in2p3.fr

manual: 2011.02478

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 - $\sum \overline{|M|^2}, \Gamma$
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 - Feyman diagrams

With MARTY the user can

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 \rightarrow up to 1 loop level

- Feyman diagrams
- Output those results in a numerical C++ library

DarkPACK and its documentation can be downloaded at

https://gitlab.in2p3.fr/darkpack/darkpack-public

(2211.10376 M.P., A.Arbey, N.F.Mahmoudi)

How it works



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Capabilities

Observables:

- $\sum |M|^2$, $\Gamma \rightarrow @LO \text{ if } \le 1 \text{ -loop}$
- $W_{\text{eff}}, \langle \sigma v \rangle \rightarrow \text{improved stability at low } T$
- $\Omega h^2 \rightarrow$ from SuperIso Relic \rightarrow well-tested, reliable in MSSM, NMSSM
 - \rightarrow allows for modified cosmology

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- user-friendly
- unique and modular framework
- native parallelisation ← avoiding global variables
 → good portability
- no external dependencies, but the ones of MARTY

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released MSSM

- performance
- consistency

release of new models

- stability
- ease of use

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Example: W_{eff} in the MSSM



Example: $\langle \sigma v \rangle$ in the "scalar" model

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -g_{\chi}\phi\bar{\chi}\chi + \sum_{f \in \{\text{SMfermions}\}} \frac{y_f}{\sqrt{2}} g_f \phi\bar{f}f$$

- ϕ parity-even scalar mediator
- χ Dirac fermion



Questions we would like to answer

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$$\begin{split} \dot{n}_{i} + 3Hn_{i} &= -\sum_{j=1}^{N} \sum_{a,b} \left[\langle \sigma \mathbf{v}_{\text{Mol}} \rangle_{ij \to ab} n_{i} n_{j} - \langle \sigma \mathbf{v}_{\text{Mol}} \rangle_{ab \to ij} n_{a} n_{b} \right] + \\ &- \sum_{j \neq i} \sum_{a,b} \left[\langle \sigma \mathbf{v}_{\text{Mol}} \rangle_{ia \to jb} n_{i} n_{a} - \langle \sigma \mathbf{v}_{\text{Mol}} \rangle_{jb \to ia} n_{j} n_{b} \right] + \\ &- \sum_{j \neq i} \sum_{a,b} \left[\langle \sigma \mathbf{v}_{\text{Mol}} \rangle (n_{i} - n_{i}^{\text{eq}}) - \langle \Gamma_{j \to iab} \rangle (n_{j} - n_{j}^{\text{eq}}) \right] \end{split}$$

Development roadmap

- Releasing new models
- Improving the model-agnostic algorithms
- More general forms of the Boltzmann equation
 - \rightarrow Solving a system of equations: one for every species
 - \rightarrow Supporting models with multiple DM candidates
 - \rightarrow Considering more general scenarios, i.e. freeze-in
- Native functions for direct searches

 → MARTY provides Wilson coefficients
- Native functions for indirect searches
 - \rightarrow required amplitudes already provided
 - \rightarrow already possible to link it with external software
- Improving portability with UFO files
 → such a feature is among the future developments of MARTY
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Conclusions

Today DarkPACK allows to:

- Compute ∑ |M|² and Γ at LO in many NP scenarios
- Compute $\langle \sigma v \rangle$, Ωh^2 for coannihilation
- Have a library easy to link with other software
- Have a framework portable and performance-oriented
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Work in progress: a model with an horizontal flavour symmetry

Thank you for the attention!

Simpson rule vs trapezoidal rule pt. 1



Simpson rule vs trapezoidal rule pt. 2



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Why the MSSM?

- Numerical tests ← existence of many other tools
- Performance check \leftarrow lots of particles and Feynman rules

Setup of DarkPACK

It relies on two script

- lib_generate.sh to generate the library
- lib_setup.sh to copy the files in auxiliary_library in the needed paths and to compile the final library

Detailed instructions on the scripts can be found in the README.md

You need to have MARTY installed, and define the environmental variable INSTALLMARTYPATH as the path where it is built

Current features of SuperIso Relic

The current version of the software allows the followings

- Considering non-thermal production of DM
- Considering entropy injection
- Considering variable dark energy
- Some freedom in the choice of the **QCD equation of state** by modifying the lattice parameters
- Considering MSSM and NMSSM
- Following the evolution of the density of only the LSP (lightest supersymmetric particle)

Limitations of MARTY

- It works in 4D-Minkowski spacetime
 → need to reduce to 4D multi-dimensional theories
- It does not support spin 2 and spin 3/2 fields
- It is not able to do non-perturbative calculations