

Self-assembled fibrillar glycolipid hydrogels containing aligned monodisperse silver nanoparticles

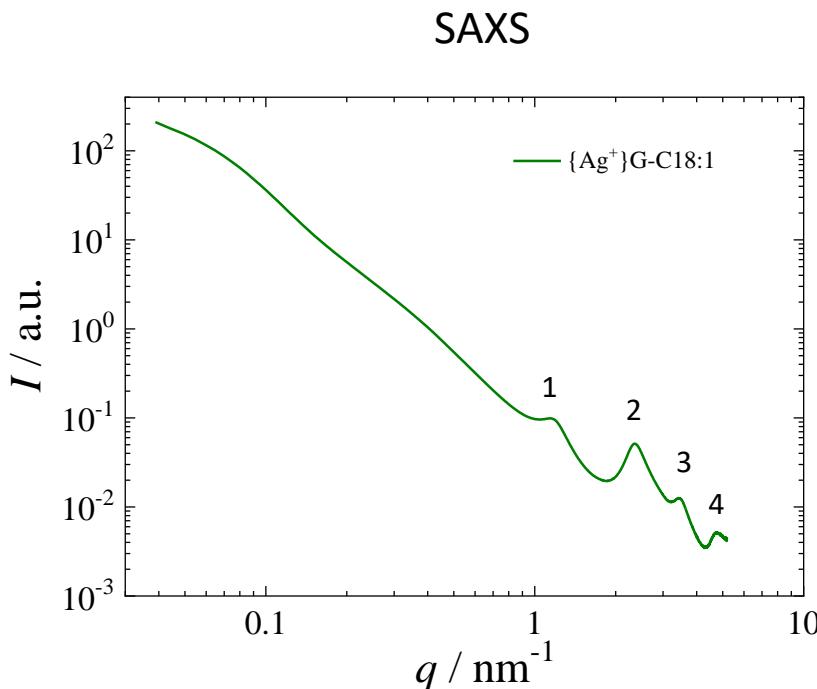
K. Ozkaya¹, H. Remita², I. Lampre², N. Baccile¹

¹*Sorbonne Université, Laboratoire de Chimie de la Matière Condensée de Paris (LCMCP), UMR CNRS 7574, Paris 75005, France*

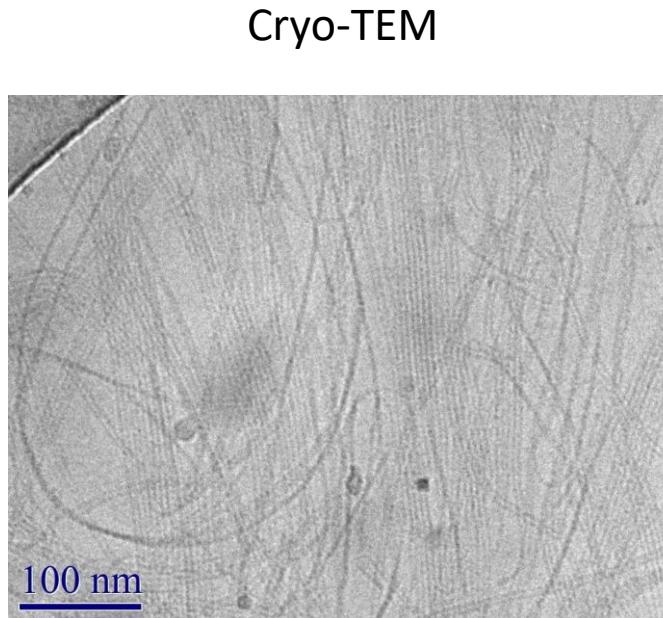
²*Université Paris-Saclay, CNRS, Institut de Chimie Physique (ICP), UMR 8000, Faculté des Sciences d'Orsay, 91405 Orsay, France*

niki.baccile@sorbonne-universite.fr

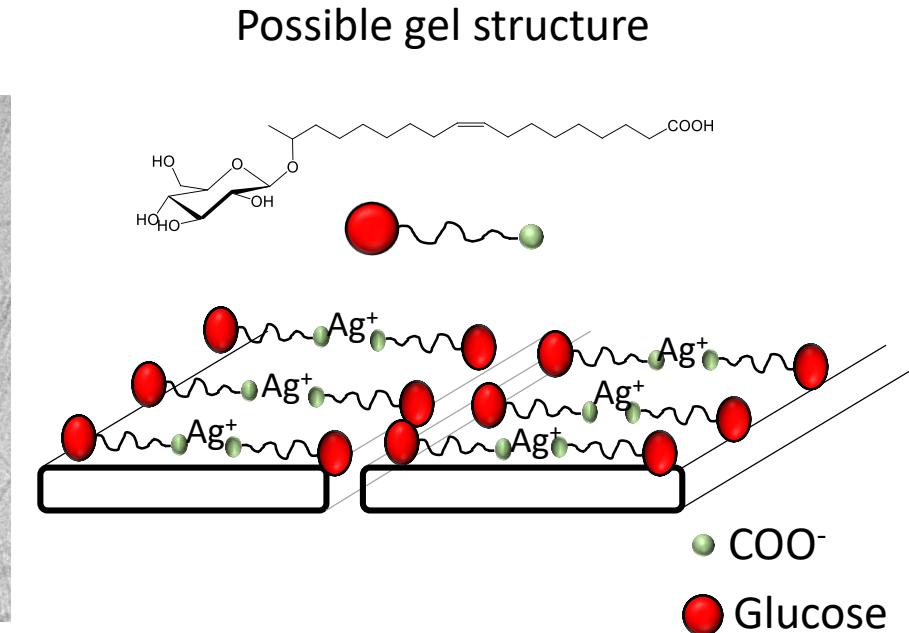
Ag^+ -glycolipid hydrogels



- Series of diffraction peaks : Crystalline flat structures in a lamellar order
- 1st peak at 1.18 nm^{-1} : 5.32 nm repeating distance



- Fibers undergoing side-by-side association
- Each fiber has a cross section of 5 nm

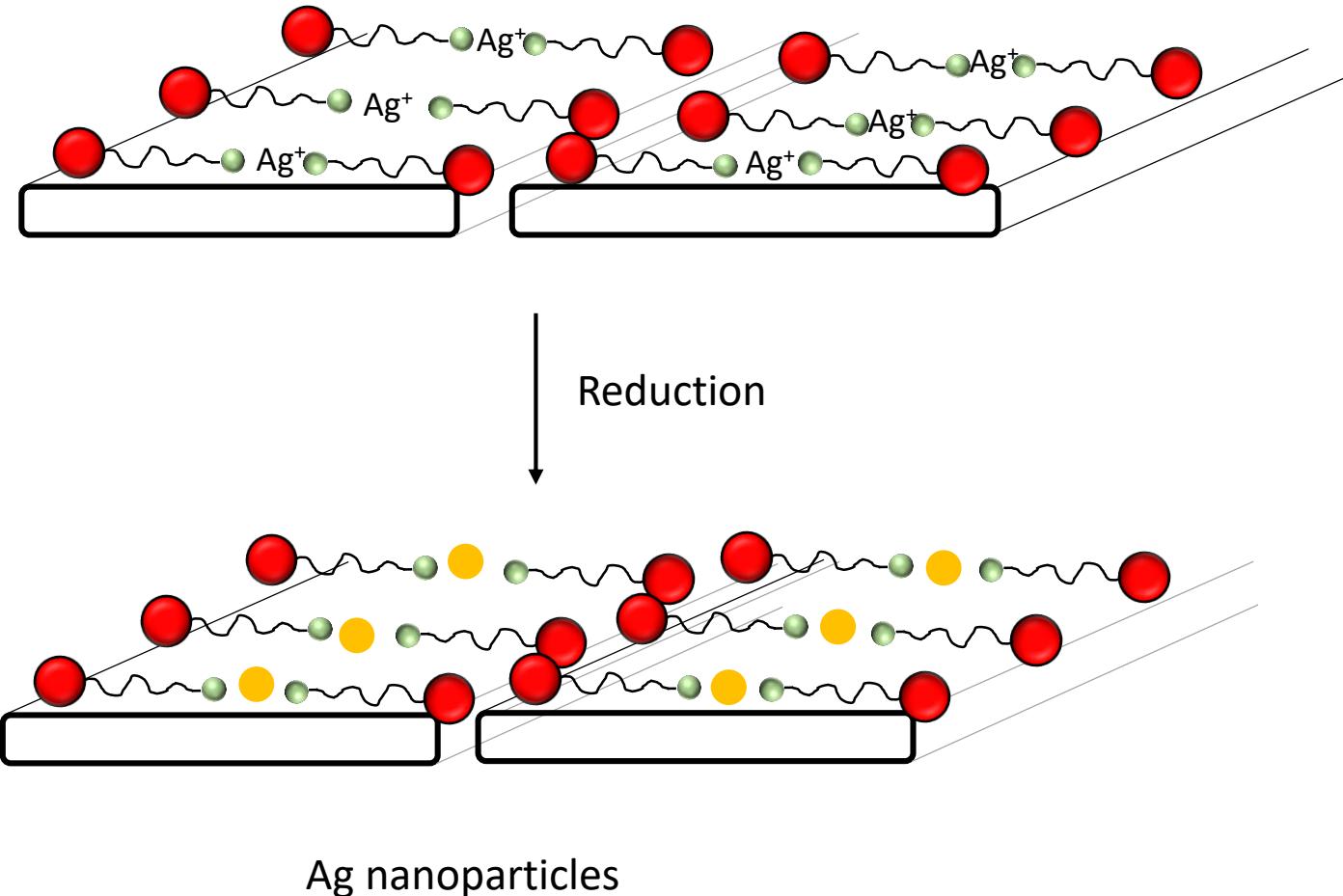


Reducing metal centers

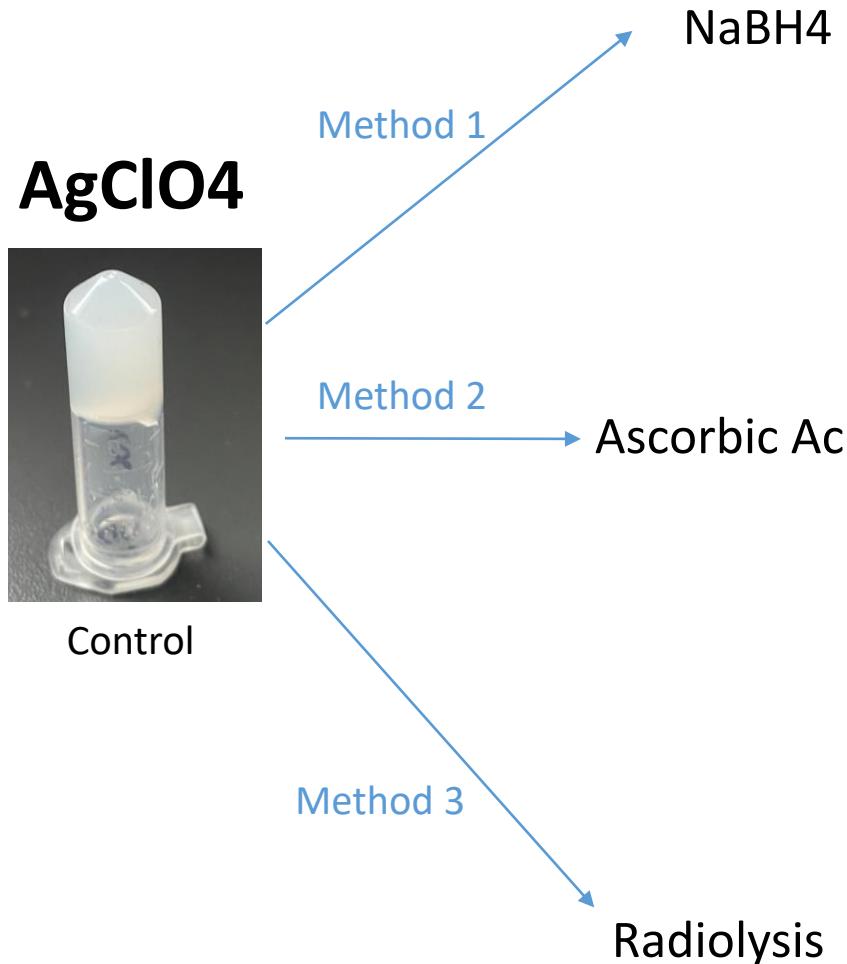
Reducing the metal centers by

- Reducing agents: NaBH_4 (*seconds*) or Ascorbic Acid (*minute*)
- Radiolysis with γ rays (*hours/days*)

to explore the possibility of introducing conductivity into the gels.



Methods to reduce Ag^+



2h



4h30



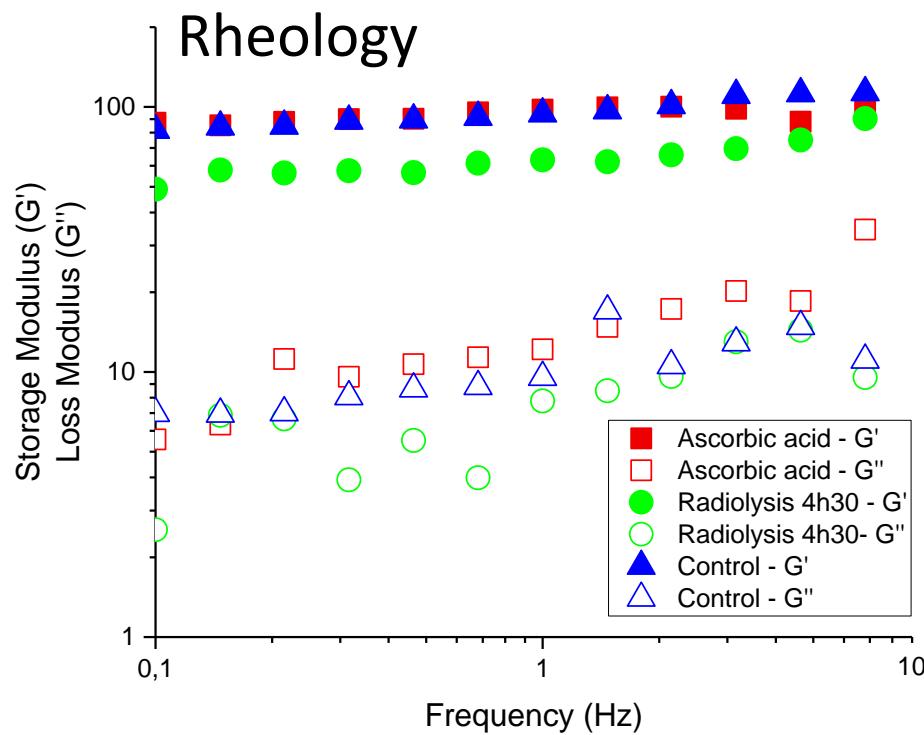
12h



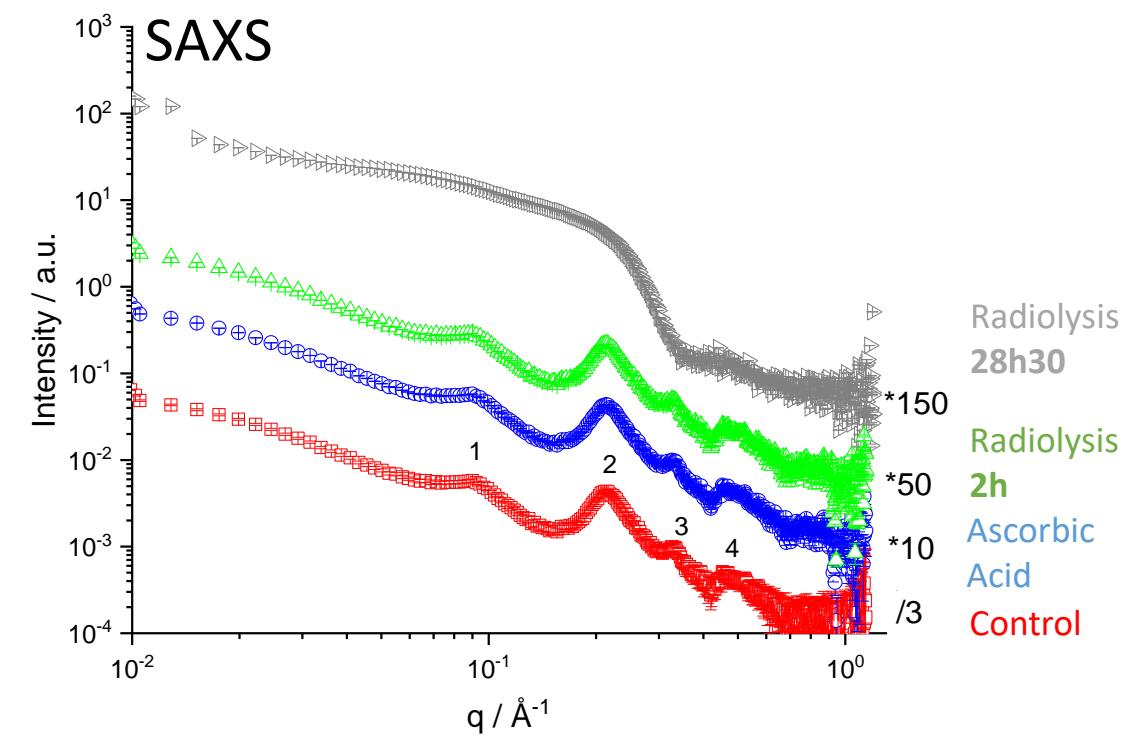
28h30

Elastic Properties and structure after reduction

Gel elastic properties preserved

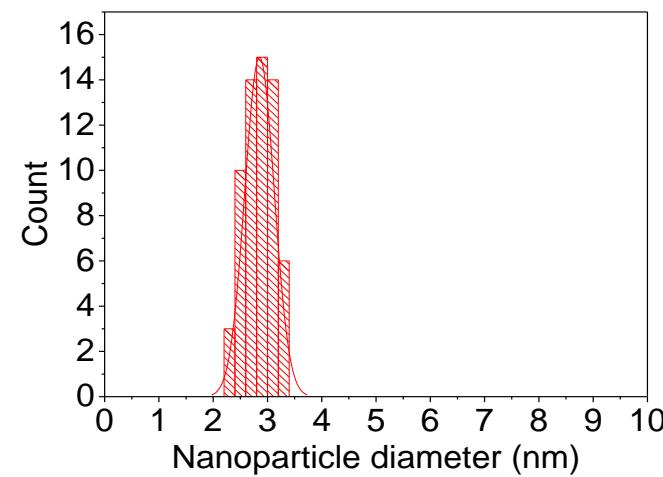
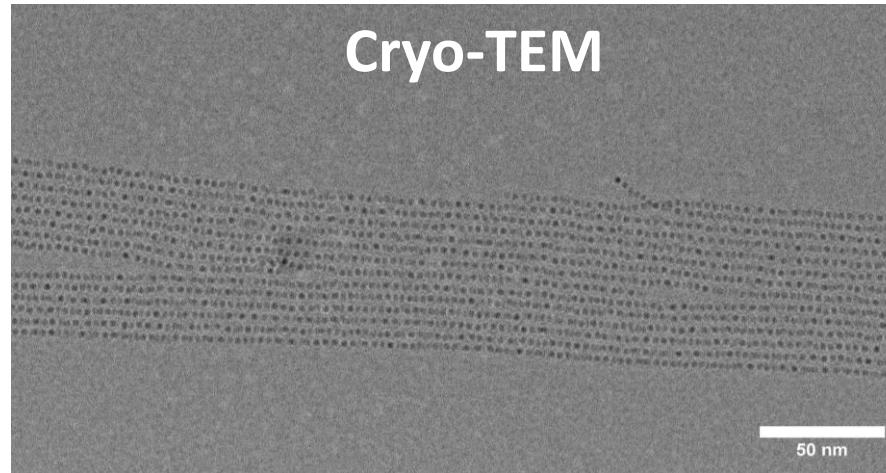
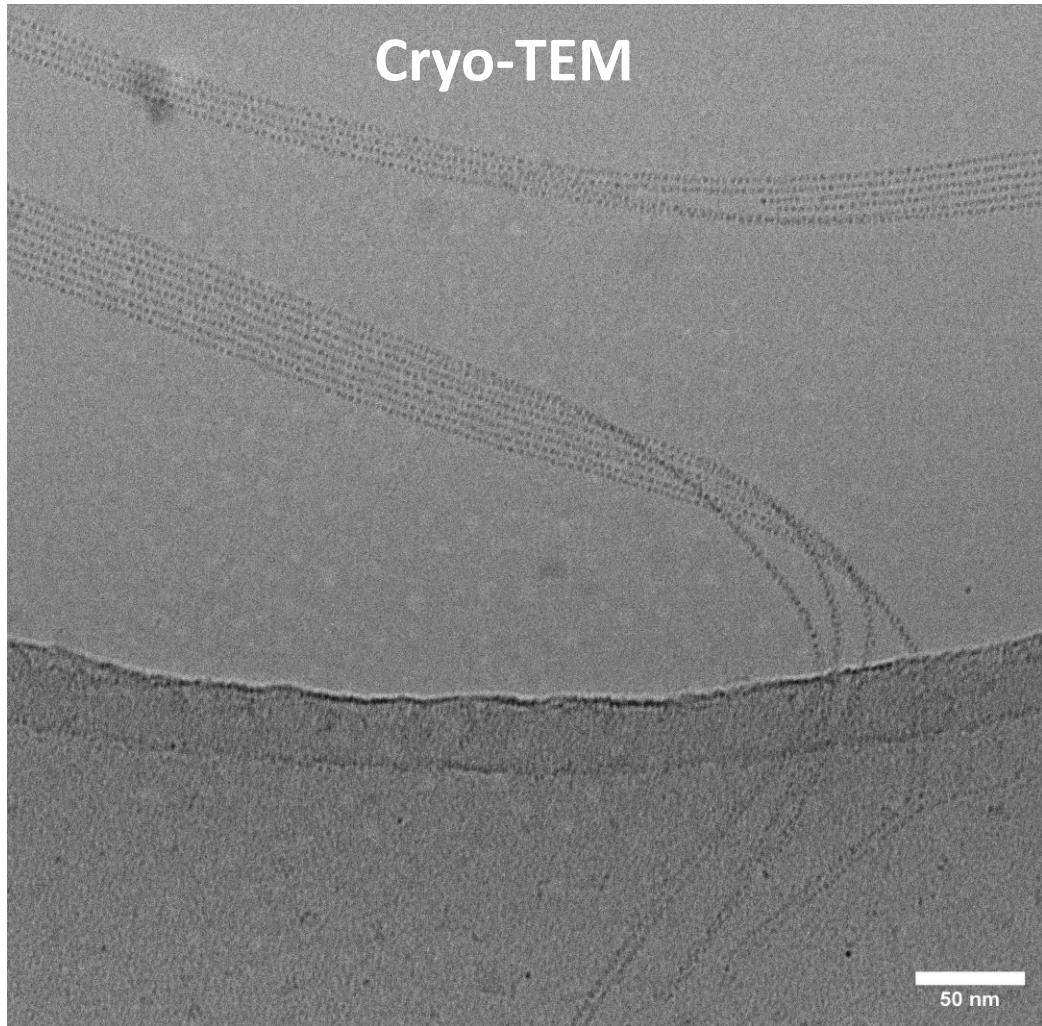


Gel structure preserved (within limits)



Electron Microscopy

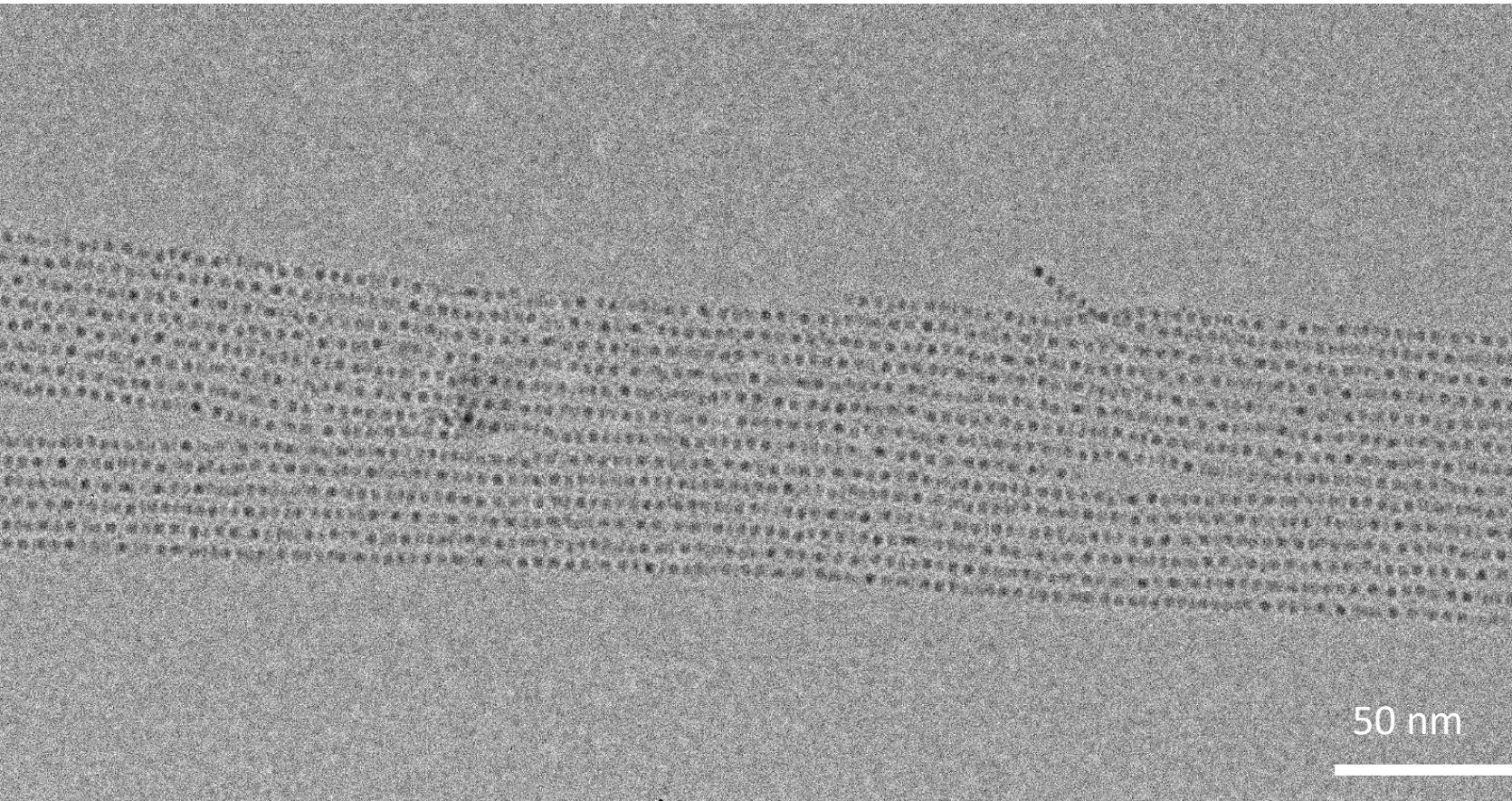
Radiolysis 2h



- ✓ Ag nanoparticles aligned with the fibers, with an average size of 2.8 nm and dispersity (full width half maximum) of 0.6 nm, 20% dispersion.

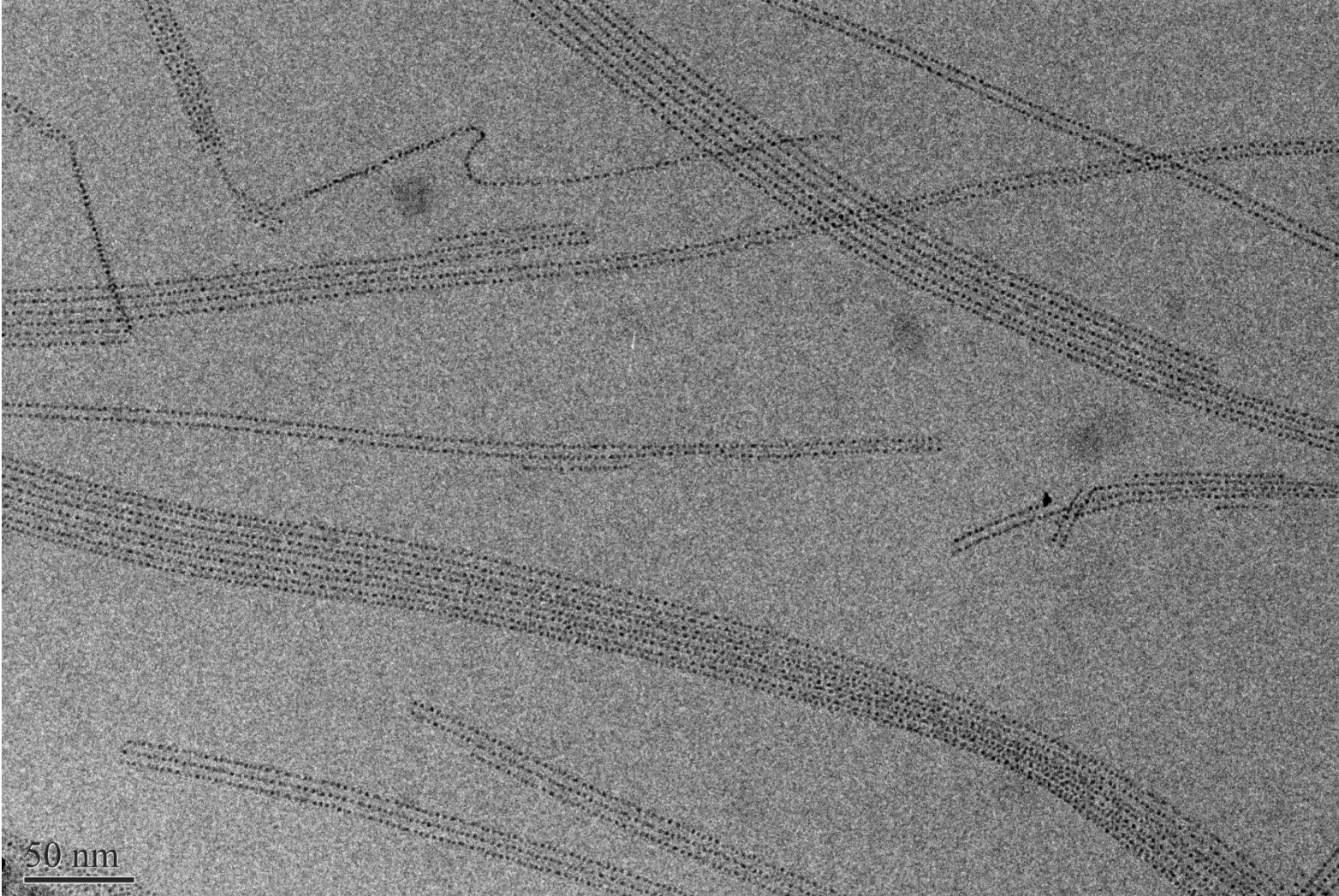
Electron Microscopy

Radiolysis 2h



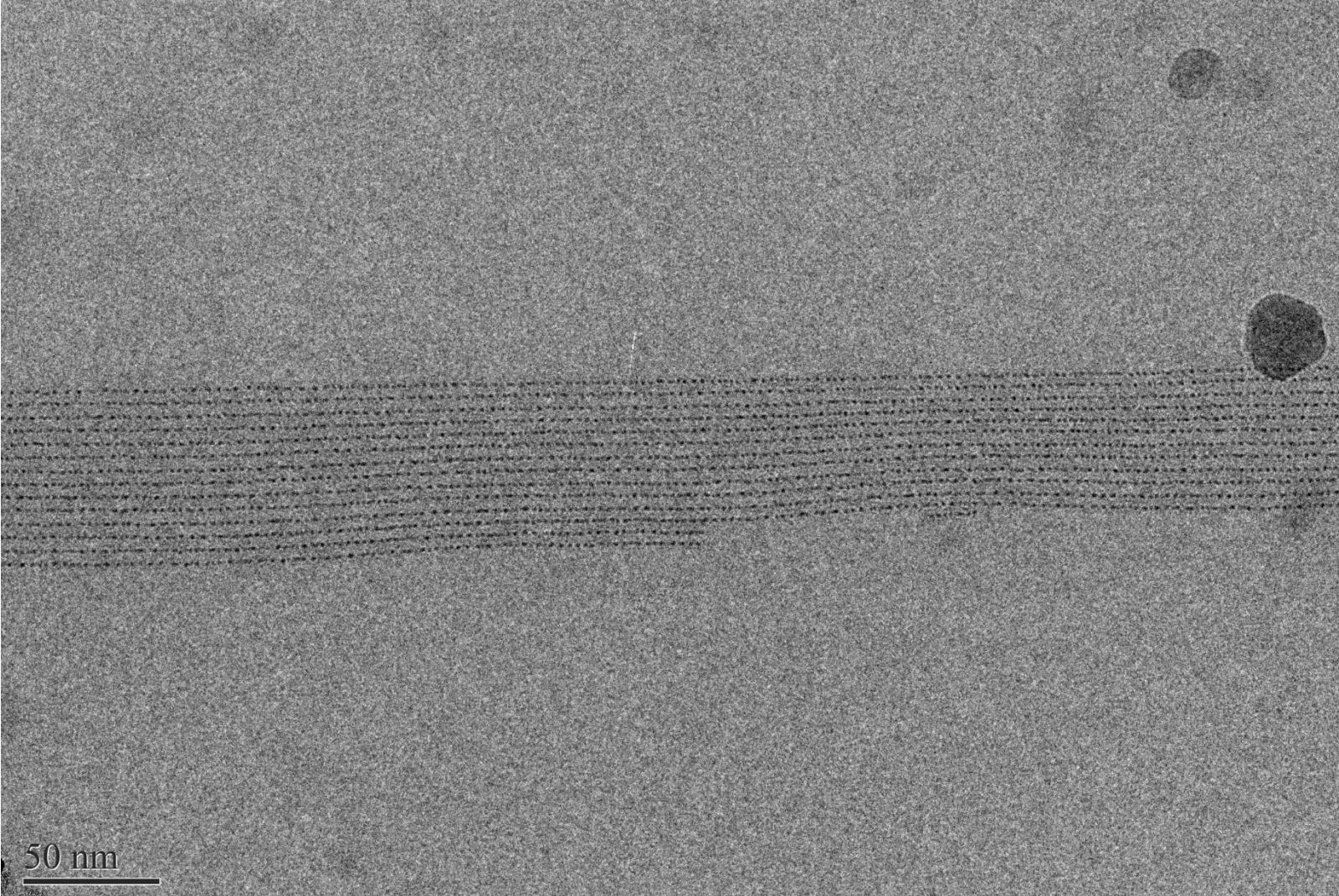
Electron Microscopy

Radiolysis 2h



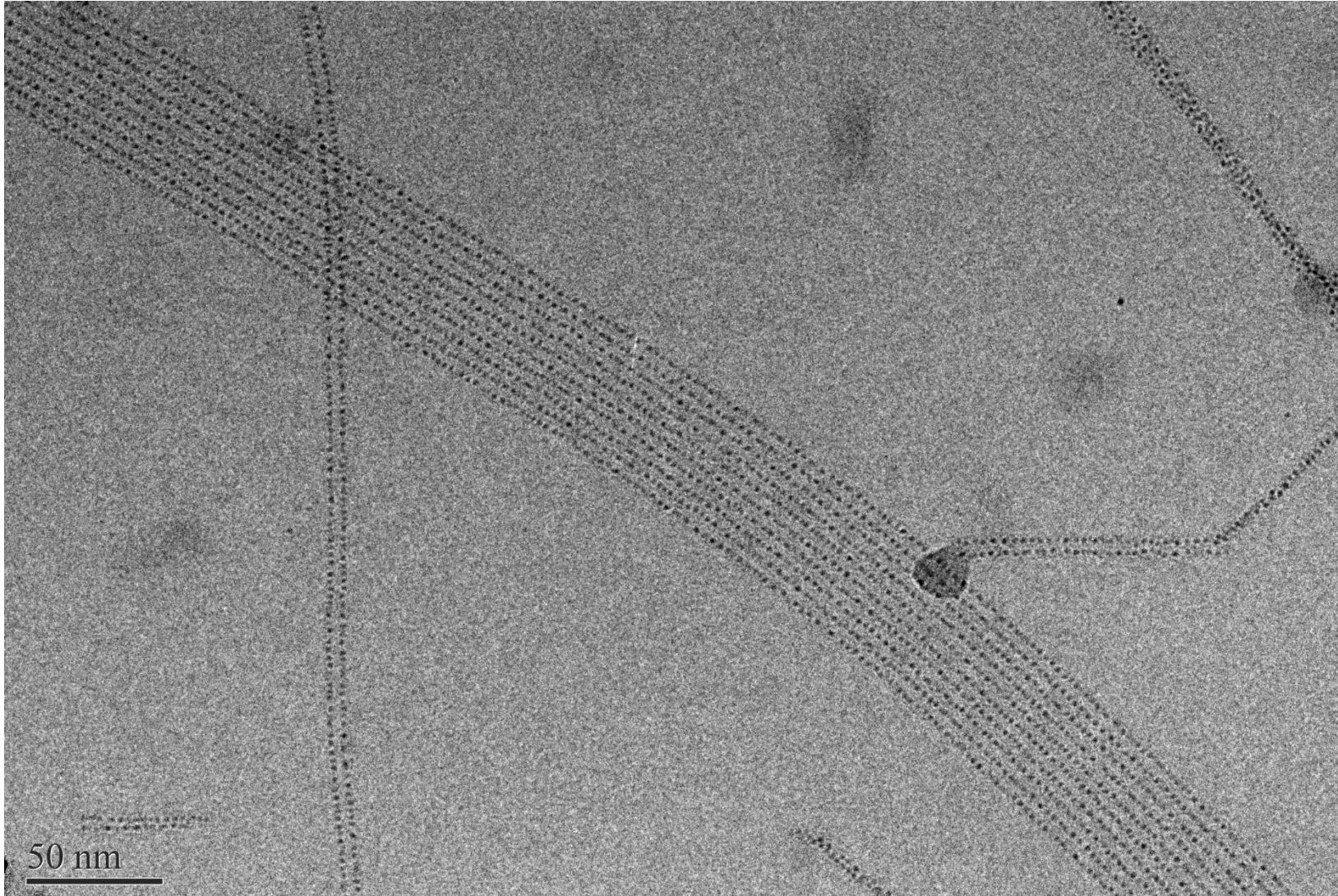
Electron Microscopy

Radiolysis 2h

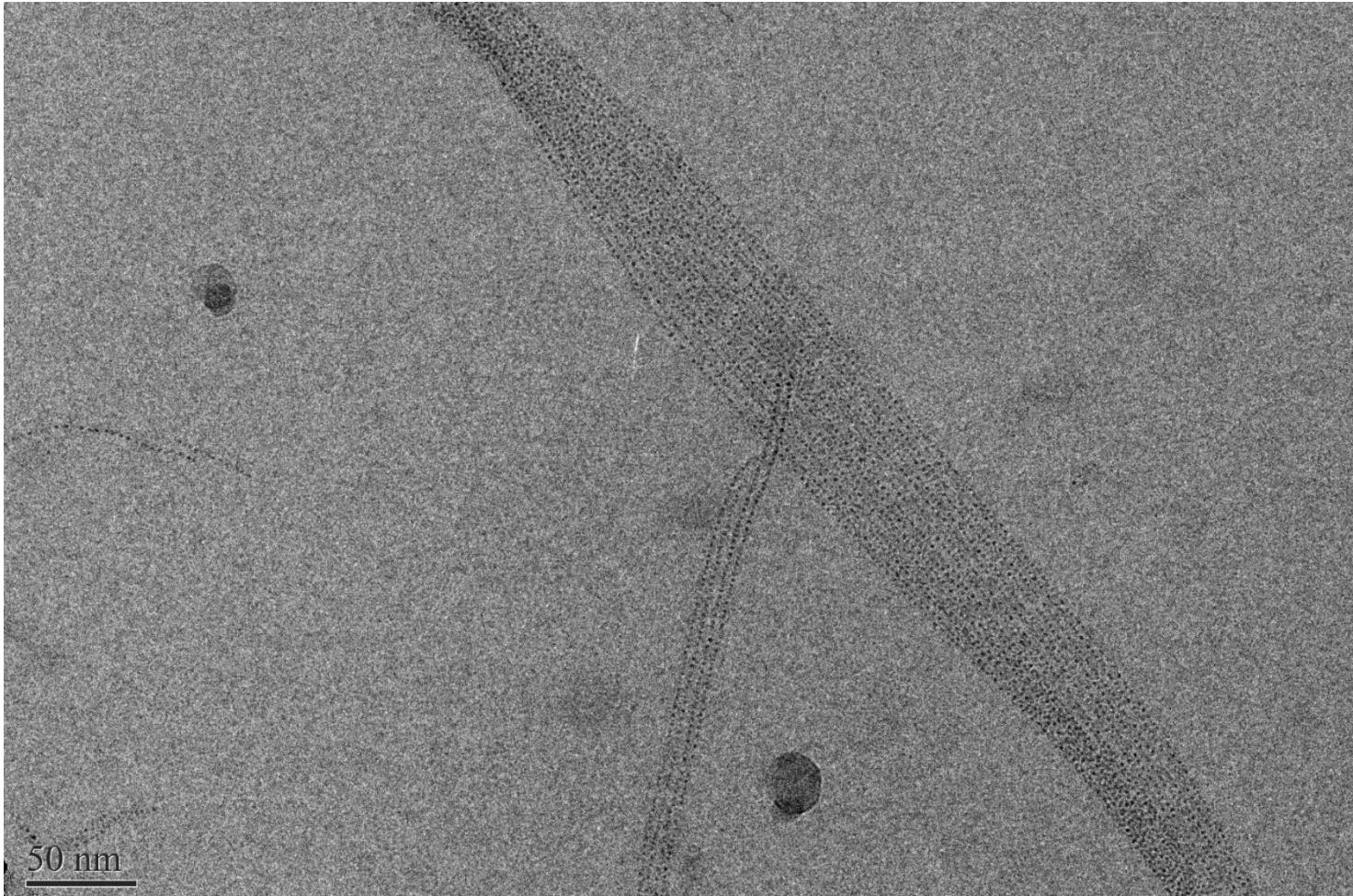


Electron Microscopy

Radiolysis 2h



Questions ouvertes



Est-ce que un tel ordre de NP de Ag a un intérêt a été étudié?

Est-ce qu'il y a des propriétés particulières, qui valent le coup d'être explorées?

Est-ce que l'Ag est un système intéressant? Faut-il tenter de développer un assemblage similaire mais constitué d'autres métaux?