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For the CMS GEM GROUP



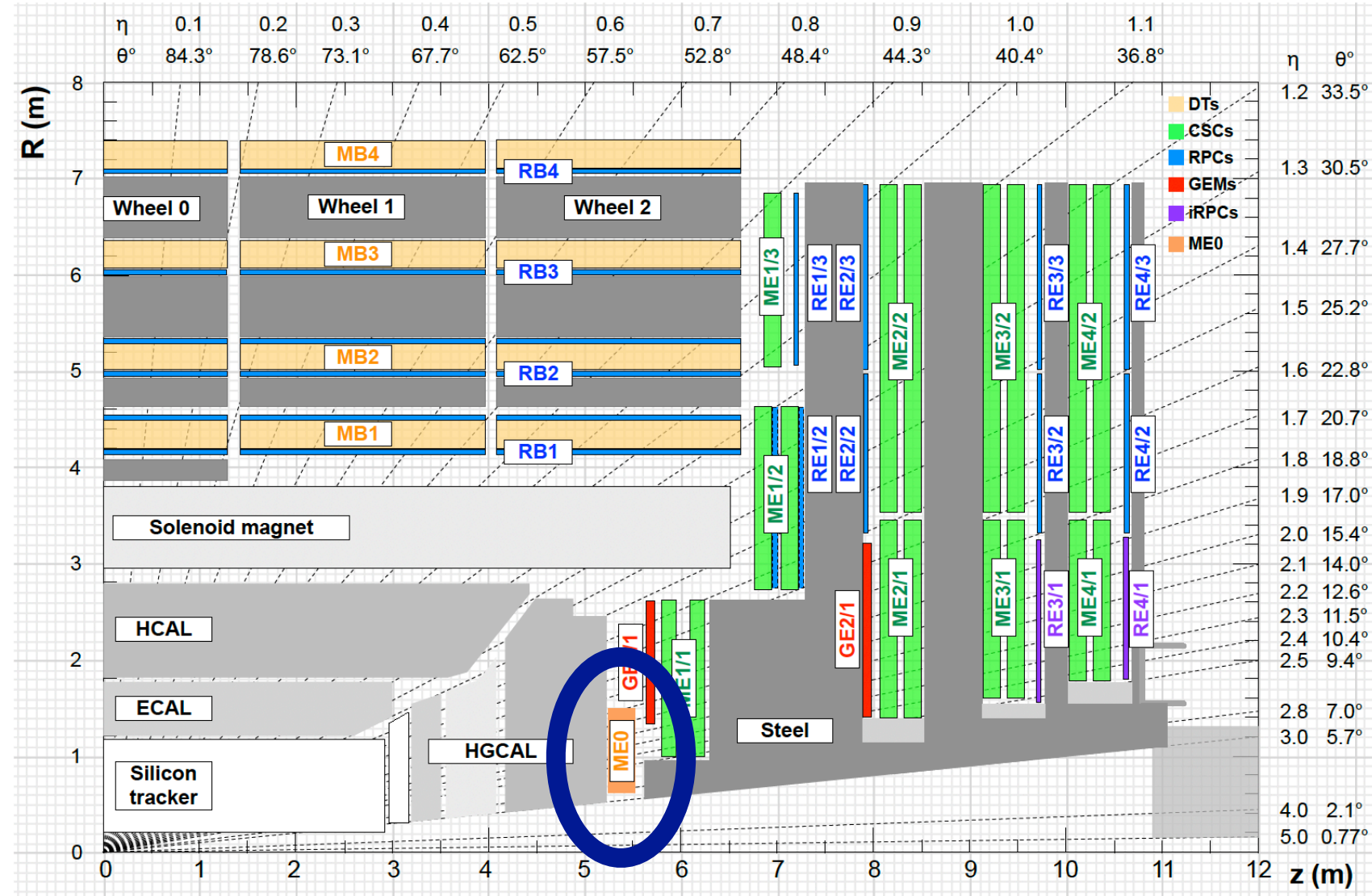
Test beam status and plans for CMS GEM

RD51 Collaboration Meeting at CERN, 4-8/12/2023

7/12/2023

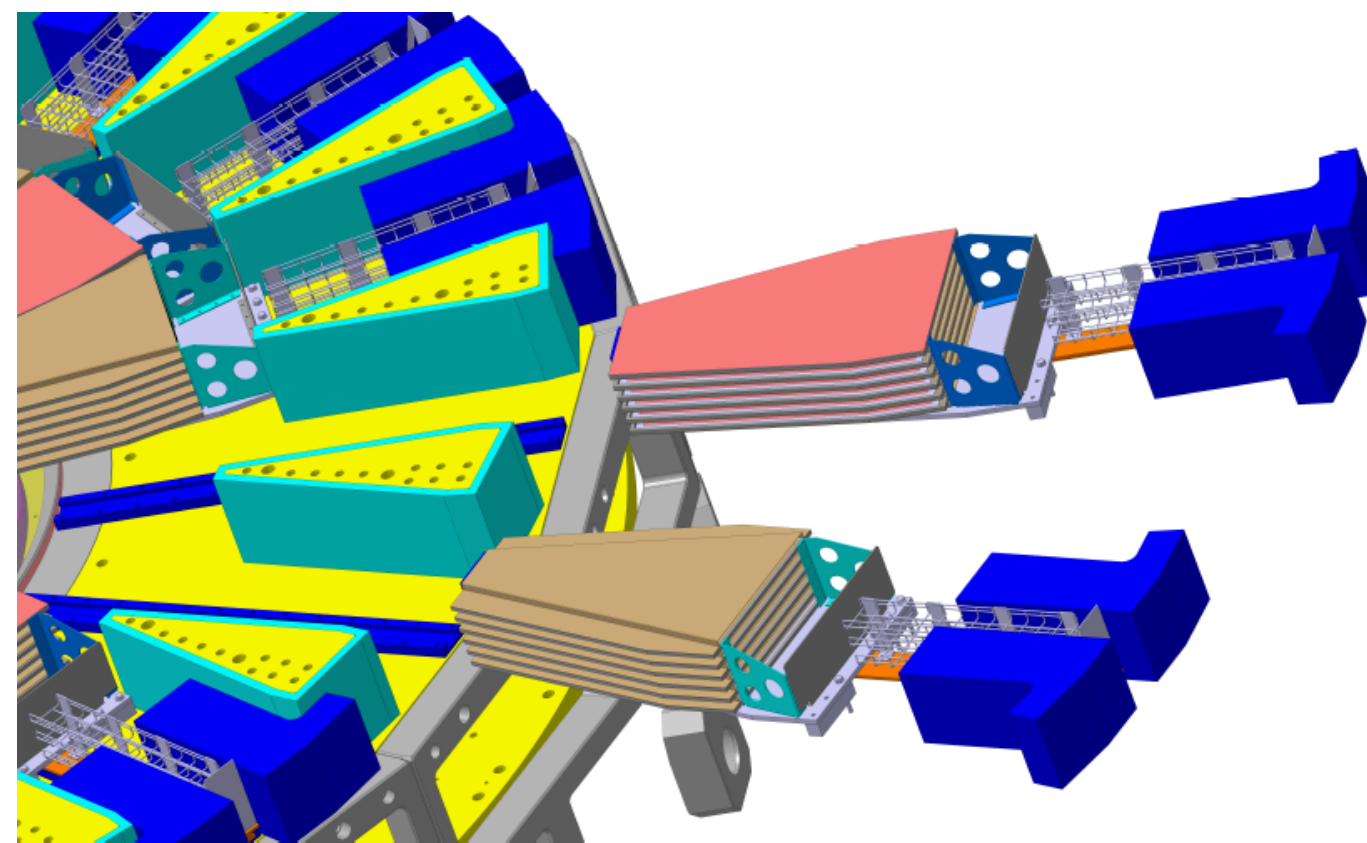


A new challenge for CMS Phase-2 Upgrade: the ME0 station



Quadrant of the CMS detector with the Phase-2 Upgrade

ME0 performance validation ongoing: 3 test beams in the last 1.5 years (1 at SPS, 2 at GIF++)



3D drawing of two adjacent stacks of six ME0 modules into the endcap nose

- ▶ **HL-LHC:** p-p collisions at 5-7.5 times the nominal LHC luminosity -> 140-200 interactions per BX
- ▶ **ME0 station:**
 - ▶ it will be installed in the CMS endcap muon spectrometer
 - Extension of the pseudo-rapidity of the muon system up to $\eta = 2.8$
 - It will be able to handle background particle rates up to 150 kHz/cm^2
 - In the overall system there will be 108 modules inside 18 stacks for each endcap
 - 1 stack = 6 triple-GEM detectors
 - This structure will allow the muon segment reconstruction in standalone
- ▶ **Challenges:** the high radiation environment and the nearly-zero access for repairs because of its location behind HGAL.

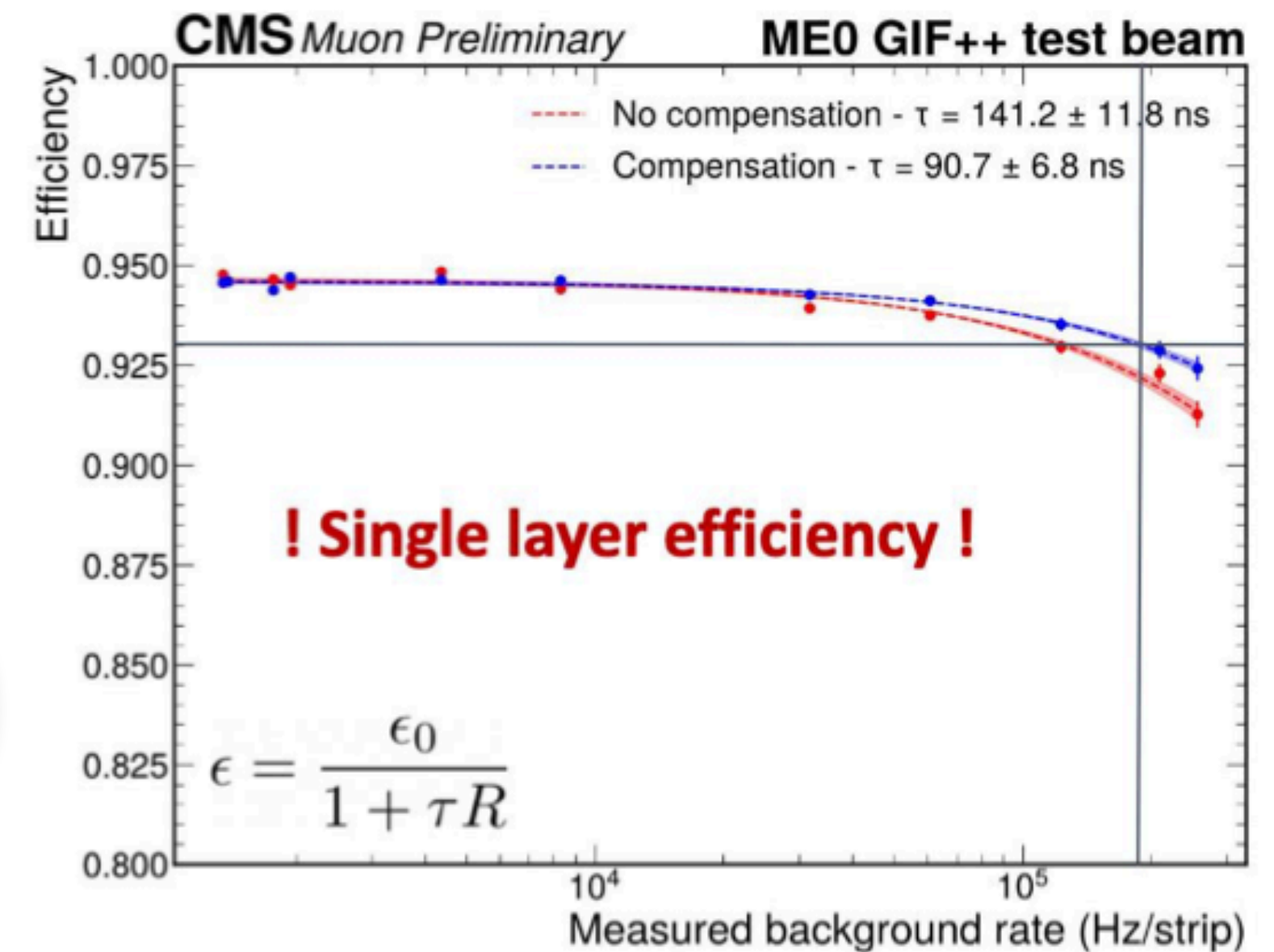
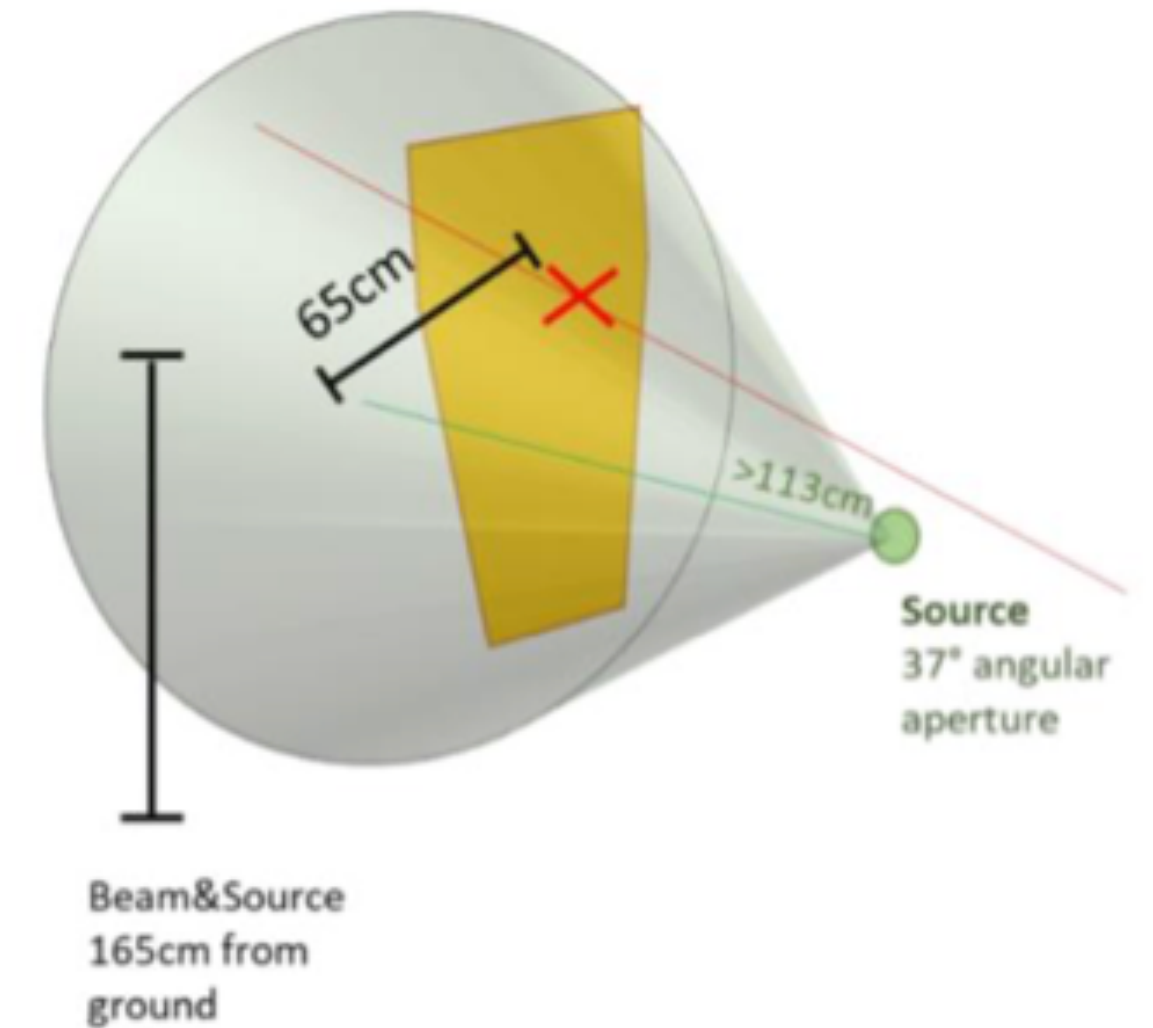
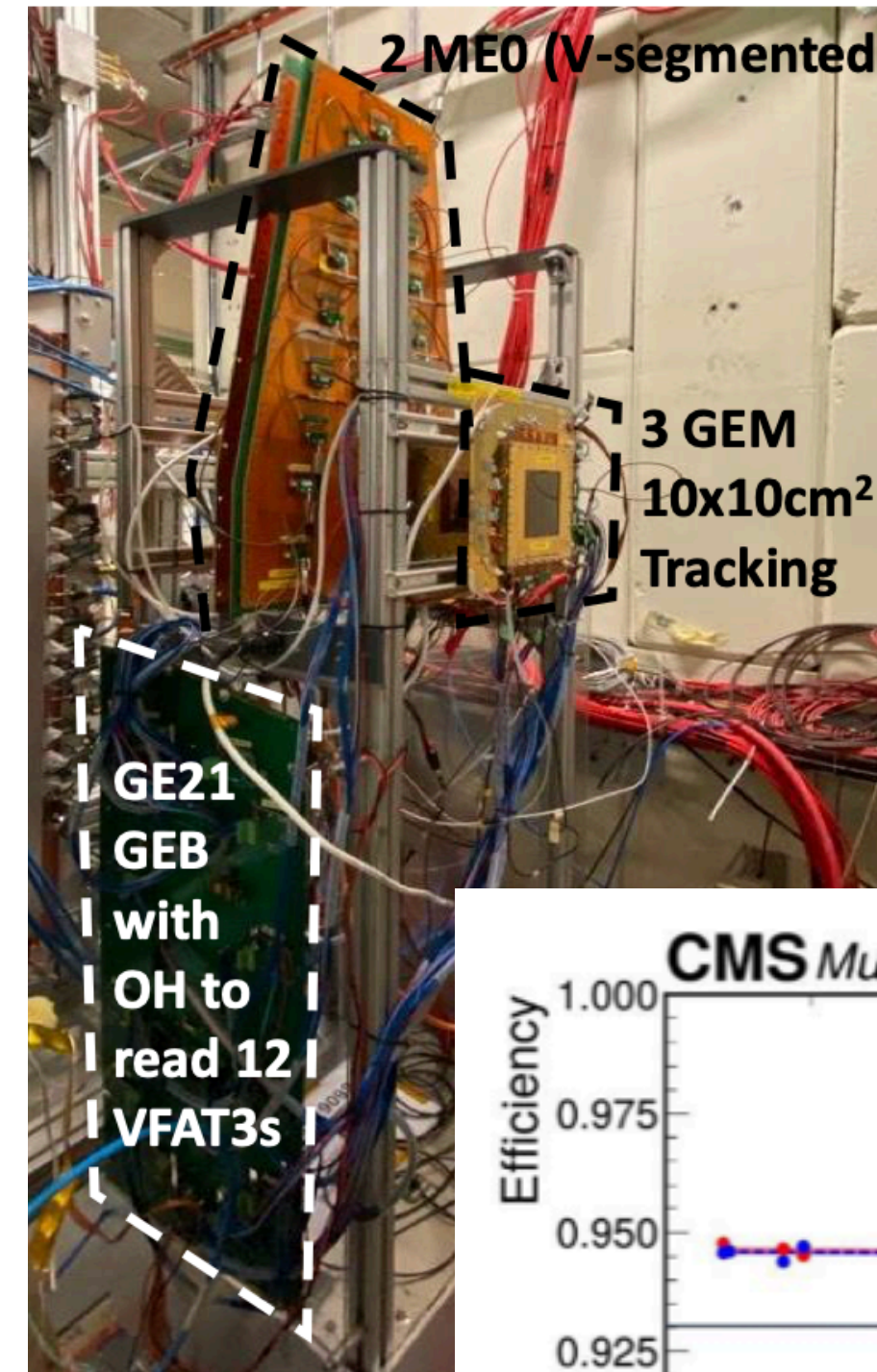
Tests beam with high background at GIF++

2022 - Test of two single layers

Goals:

- Demonstrate recovery of high gain under irradiation with HV compensation
- Measure efficiency under irradiation

- ▶ Source of ^{137}Cs with 14 TBq activity
- ▶ Setup as close as possible to source so that $\int \text{Rate } dA$ equals that at CMS, but entire module irradiation needed => minimum at ~ 113 cm
- ▶ Reached rate of 255kHz/strip vs expected 180kHz/strip at CMS

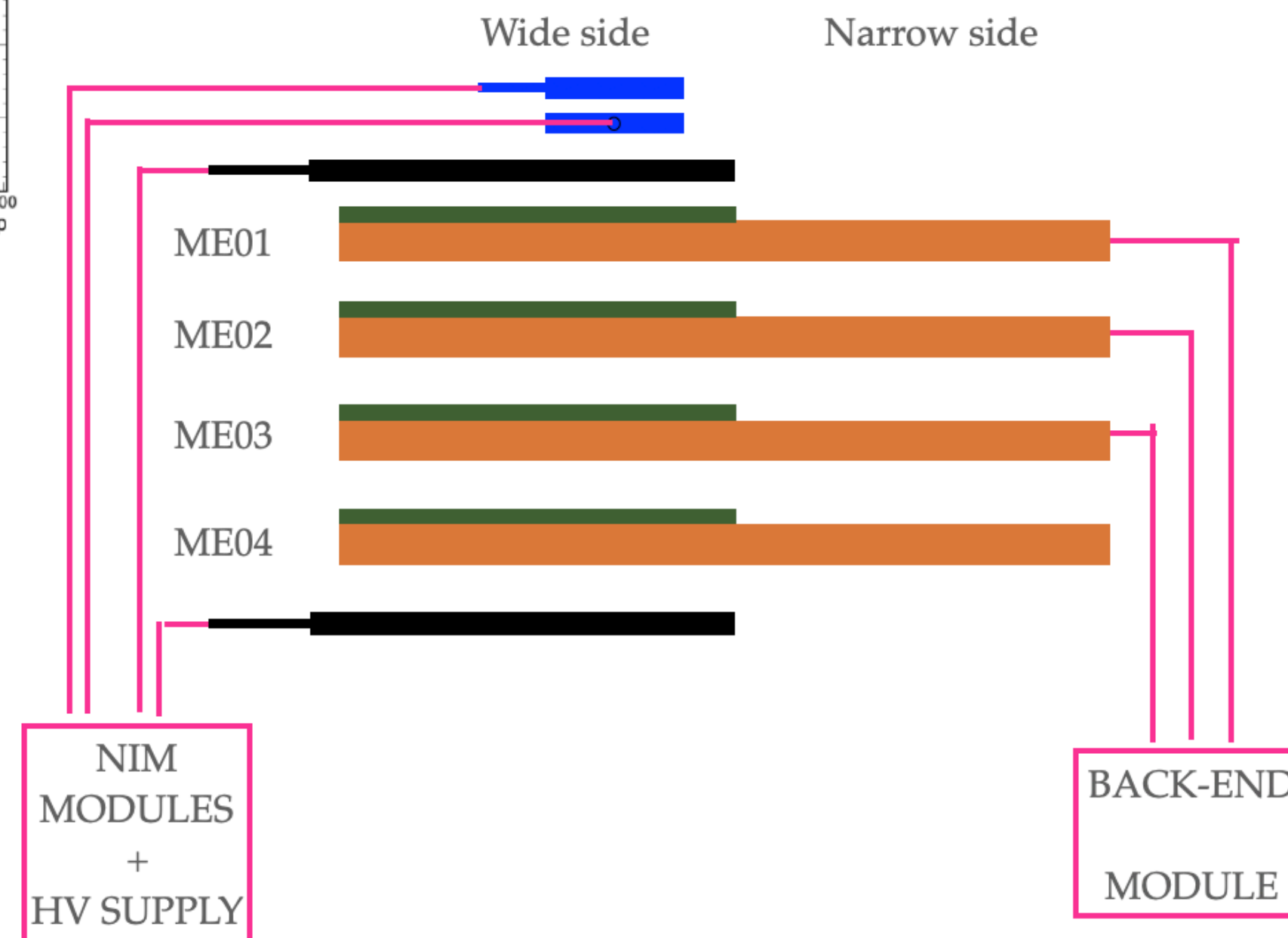
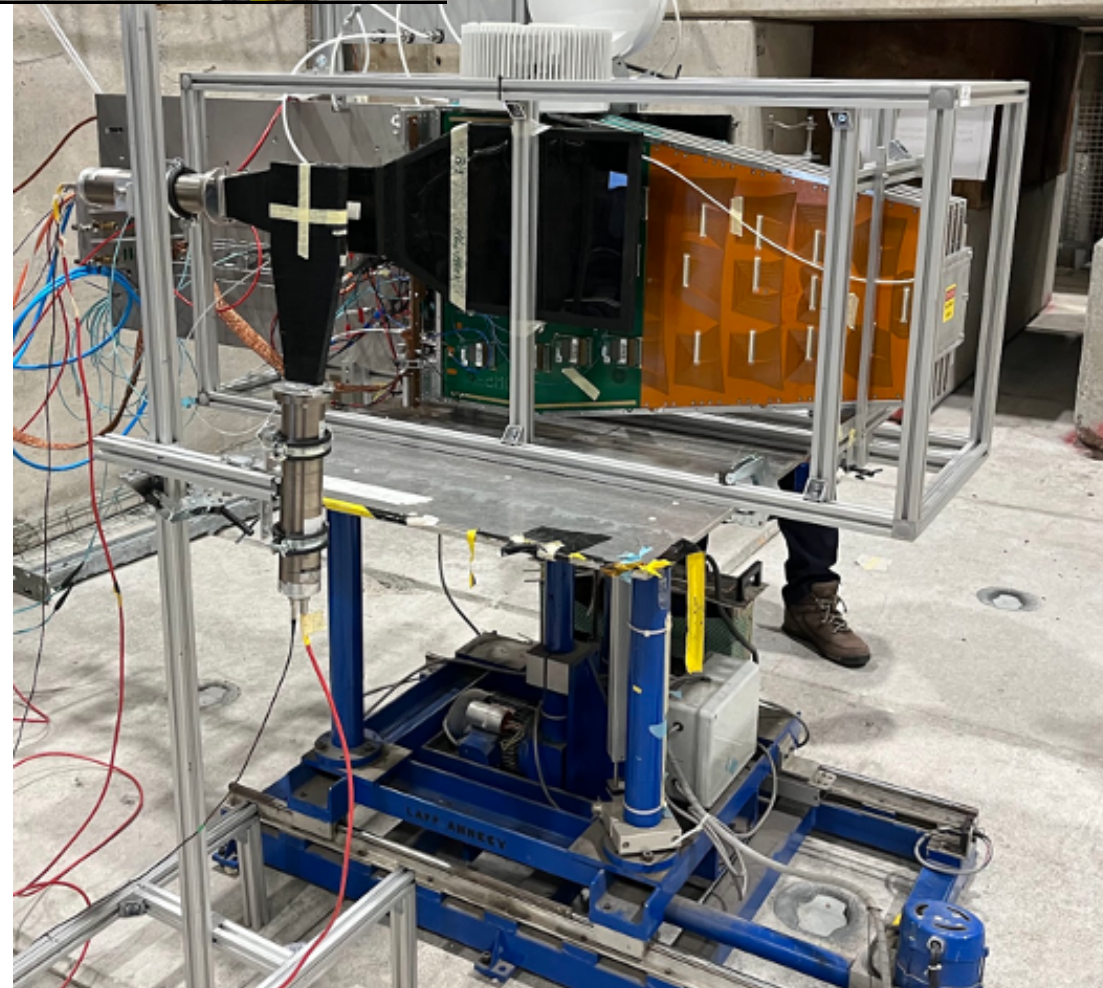
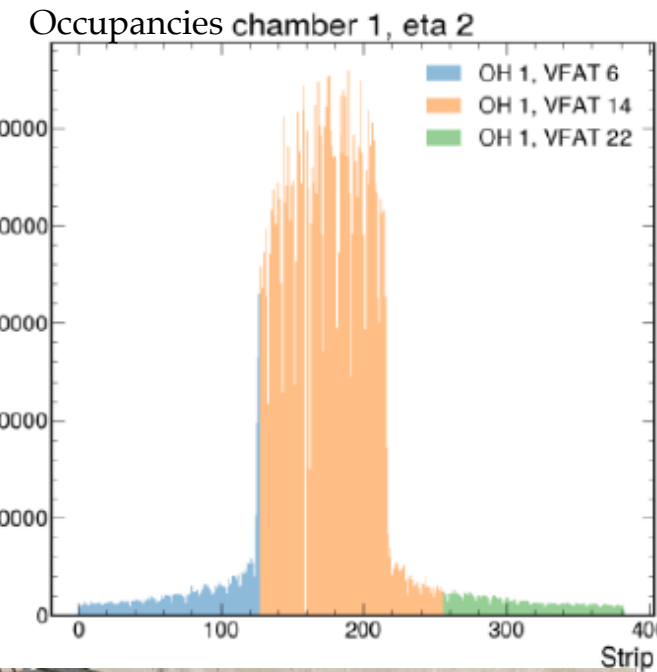


RESULT: Efficiency loss of 3% at 250kHz/strip



ME0 stack at test beam at H4

April-May 2023



TB ME0 Stack Setup

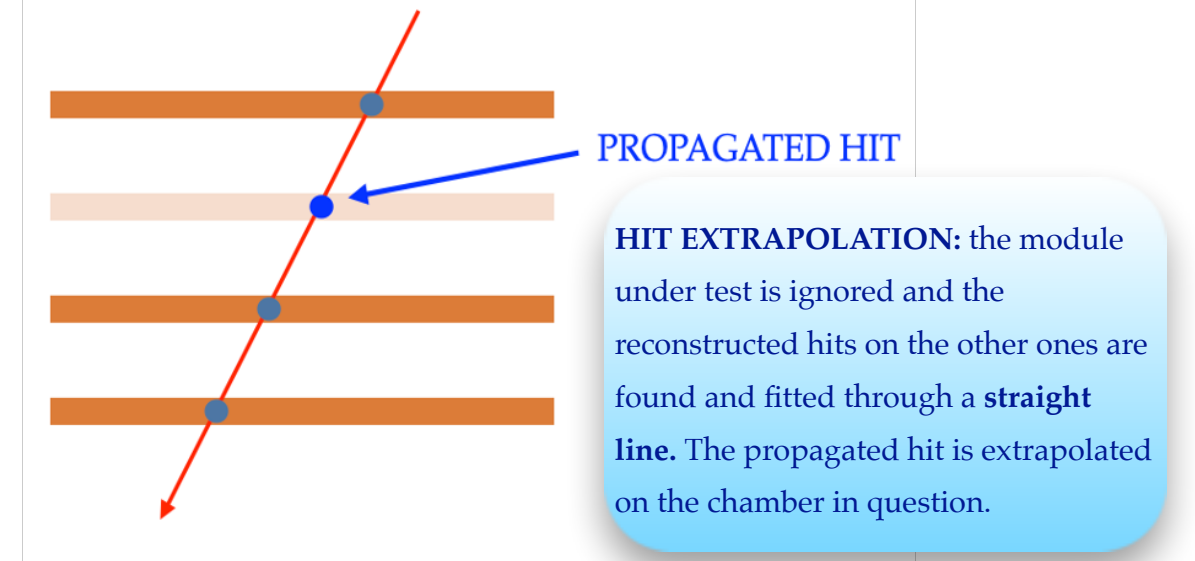
- Moved on from single layer to proto-stack
- 4 out of 6 layers

GOAL: to demonstrate the performance of the four-layered ME0 stack operating with high-rate 80 GeV / c muon and pion beams, in particular the segment reconstruction from a MIP track.



MEO stack at test beam

April-May 2023



SPACE RESOLUTION $\sim 289 \mu\text{m}$

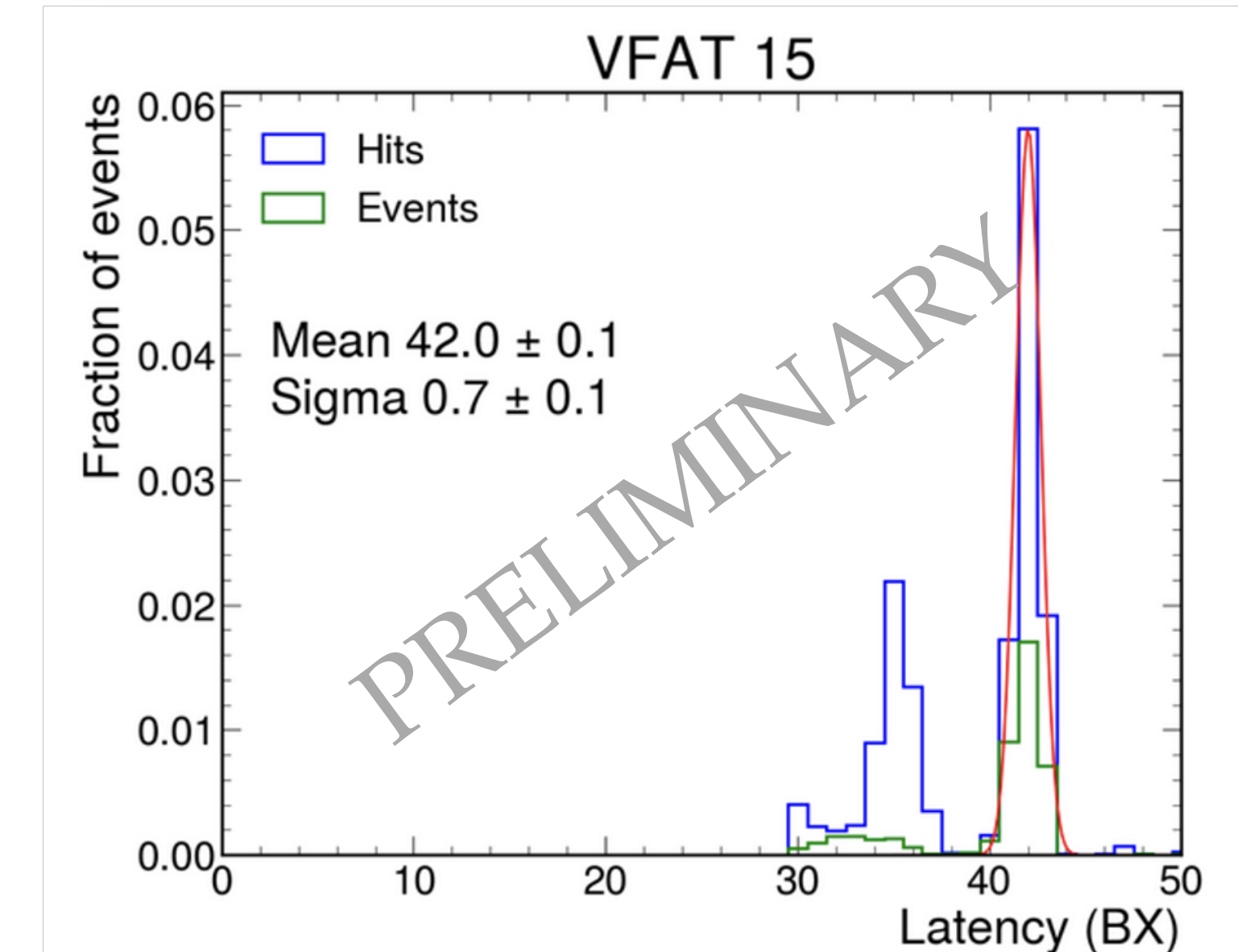
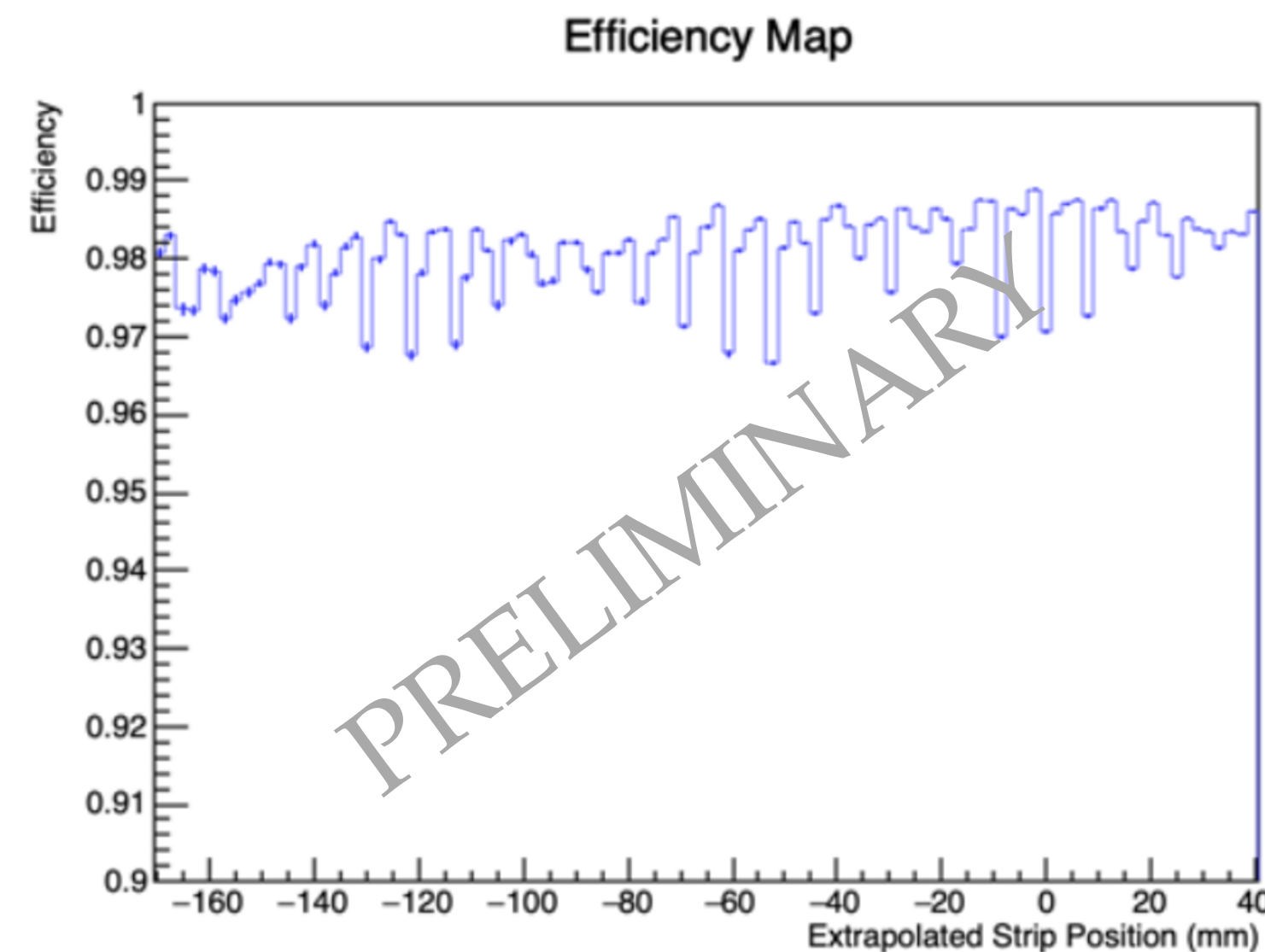
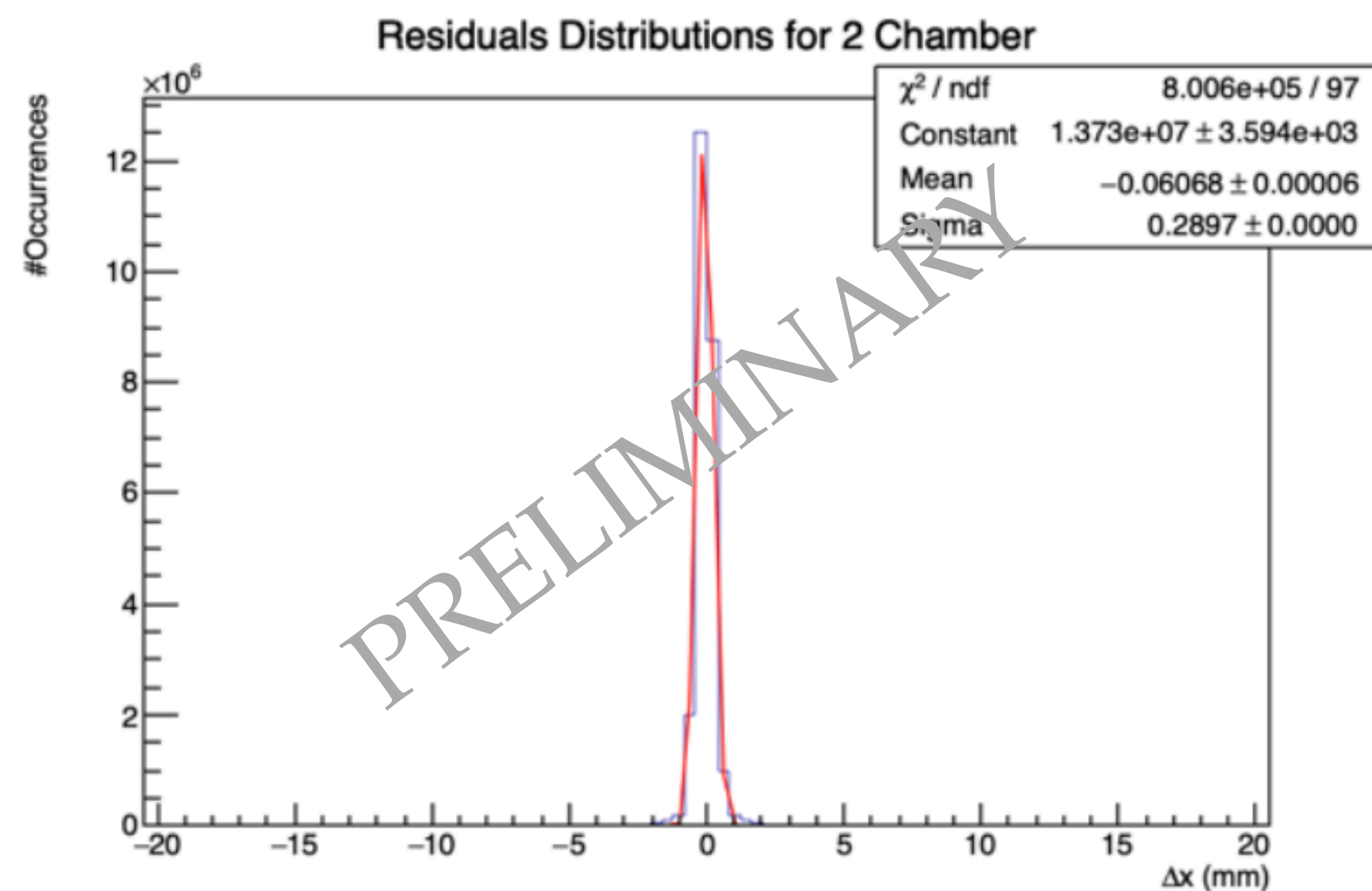
- ▶ Obtained from sigma of the Gaussian pdf fitting the **residuals distribution**
- ▶ **Residual:** distance between the extrapolated hit on a chamber and the closest reconstructed hit on the same chamber

EFFICIENCY $\geq 95\%$

- ▶ Setting a cut at 5σ of the residual fit, we consider as **matching events** those with at least 1 hit inside that cut
- ▶ Efficiency is evaluated dividing the number of **matching events*** by the total number of events recorded in the detector

TIME RESOLUTION $\sim 16 - 17 \text{ ns}$

- ▶ VFAT with CFD does not work well with our detector
- ▶ We operate VFATs in arming mode to get the best performance we can
- ▶ Worse than TDR requirement (10ns)

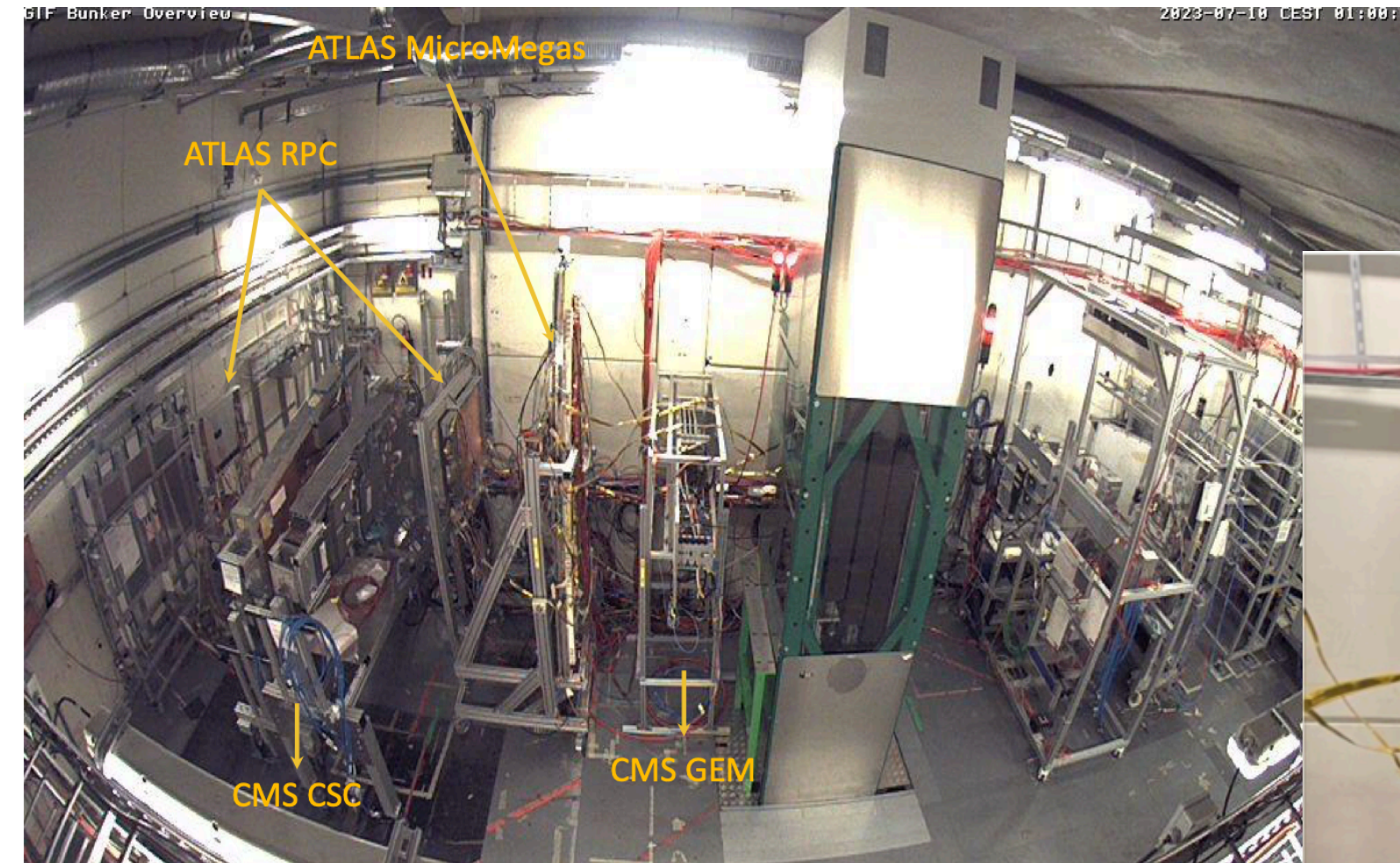




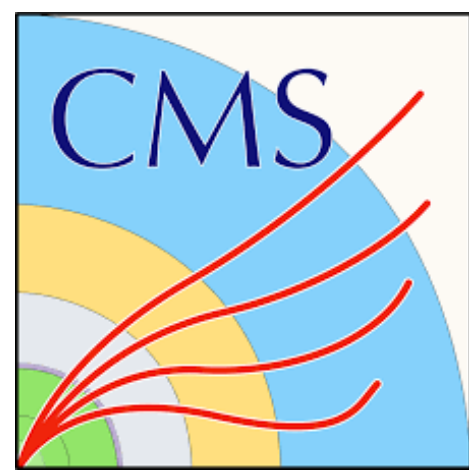
Tests beam with high background at GIF++ 2023 - Test of proto-stack with 4 layers



- ▶ **Rate measurement** at different attenuation factors (source ON / beam OFF): irradiation on half of the module surface at rate up to $150\text{kHz}/\text{cm}^2$
- ▶ **Efficiency measurement** at different attenuation factors (source ON / beam ON)
- ▶ **Test segment reconstruction with 4 layers in high background**



Rate capability
analysis ongoing



Test beam plans for 2024



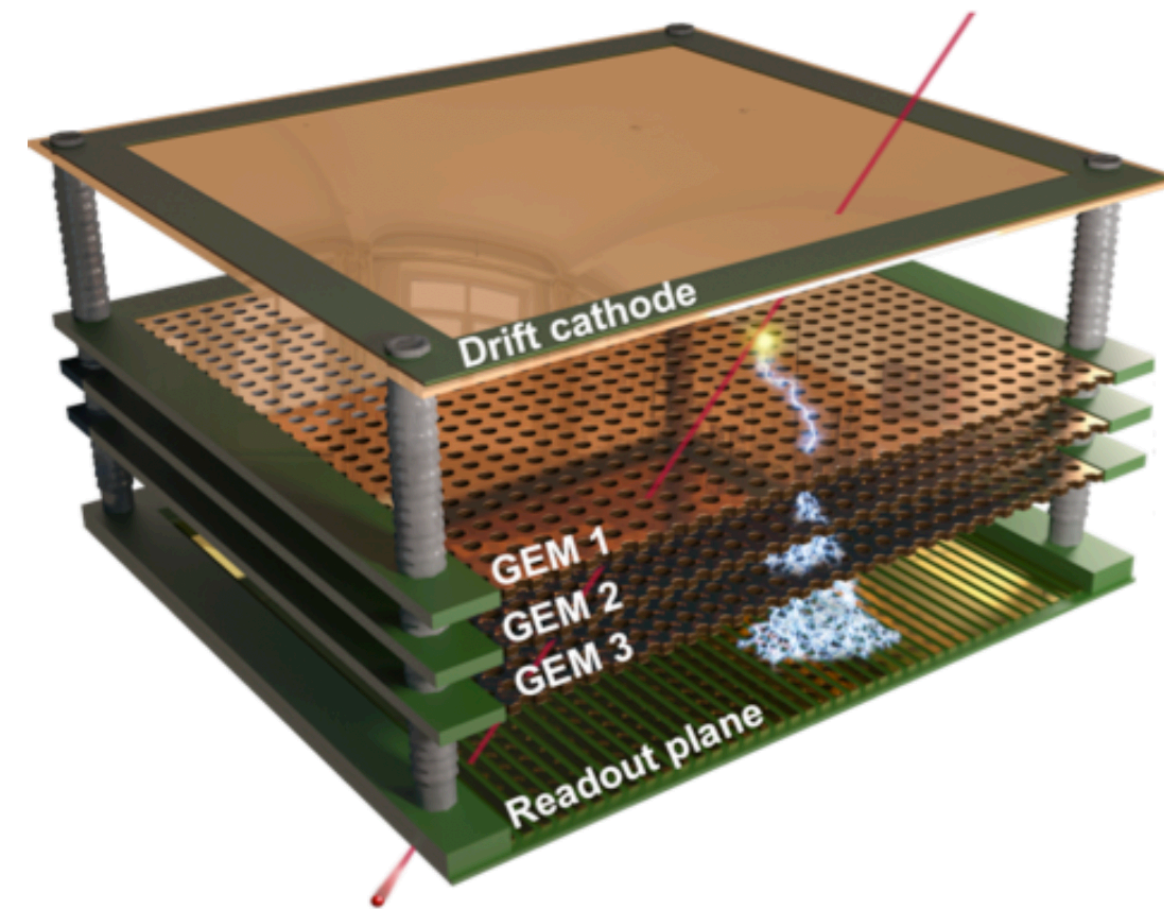
1. Complete first full ME0 stack with 6 layers beginning 2024
2. Operate the full stack (eventually with tracker) in test beam at SPS for:
 - Track reconstruction efficiency
 - Efficiency layer by layer
 - Segment time resolution
 - Put different parts of the detector in muon beam spot
 - Operate stack with final CMS back-end

We are planning to join RD51/DRD1 in the first test beam slot (April/May)

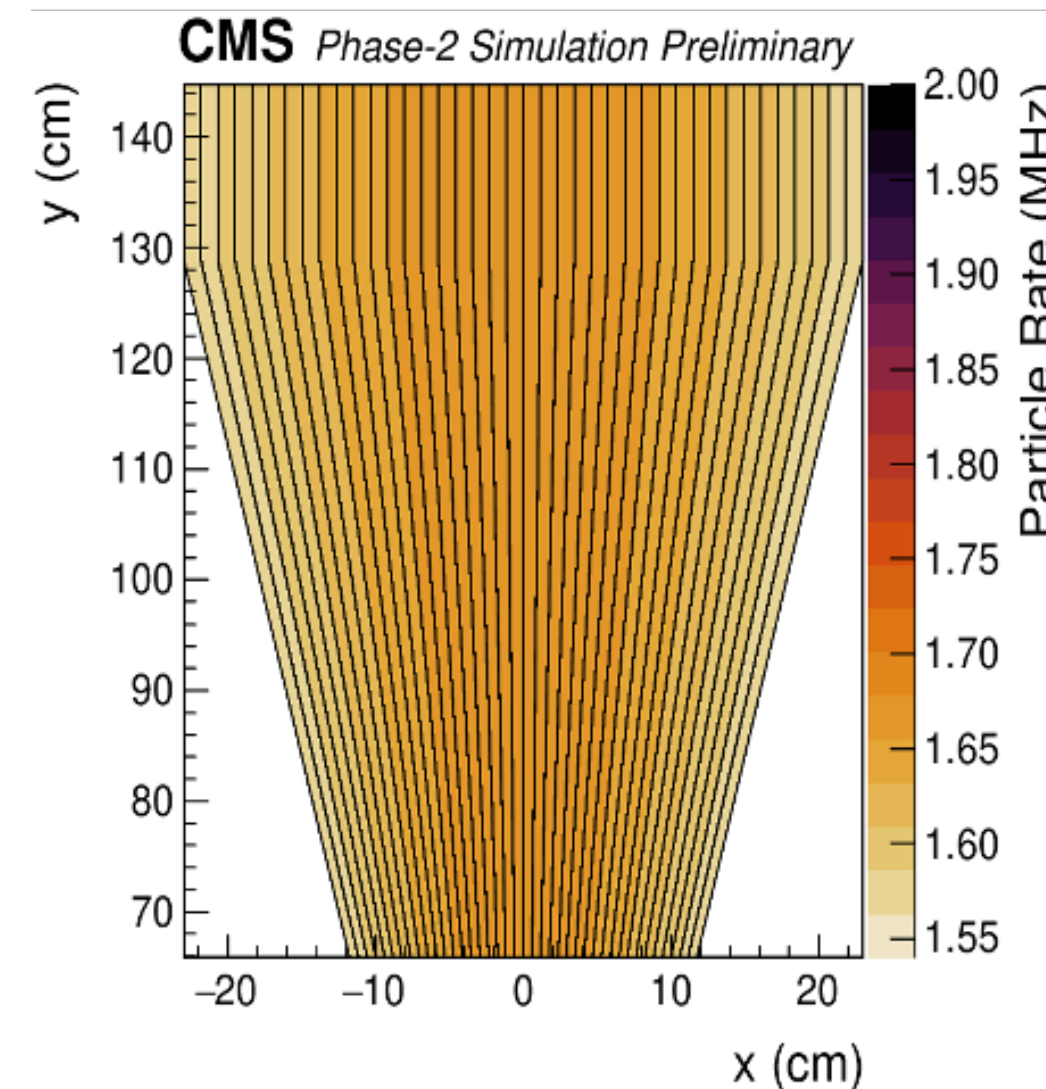
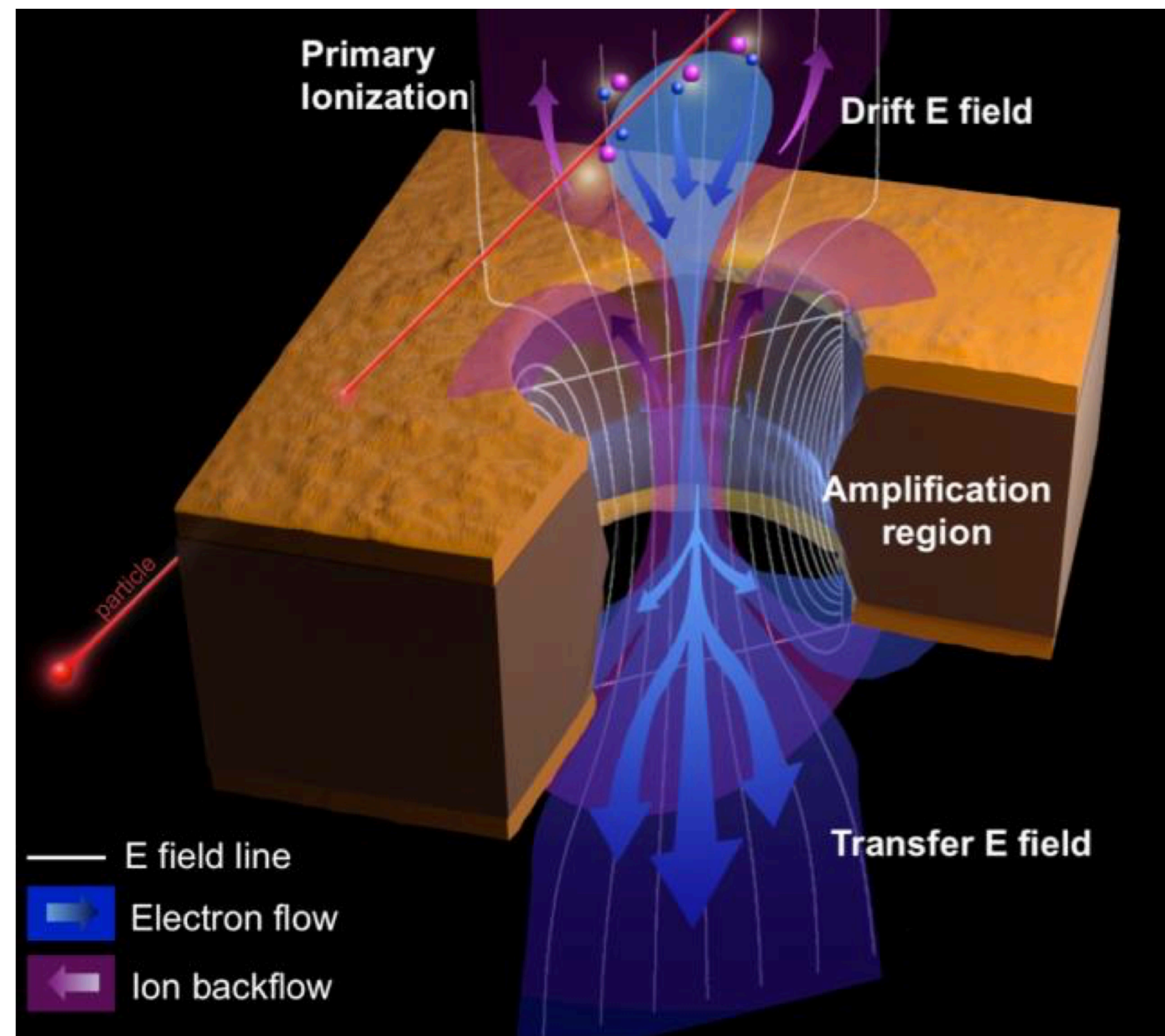
3. Operate the full stack with highest background

We will have a test beam in summer and fall 2024 at the GIF++

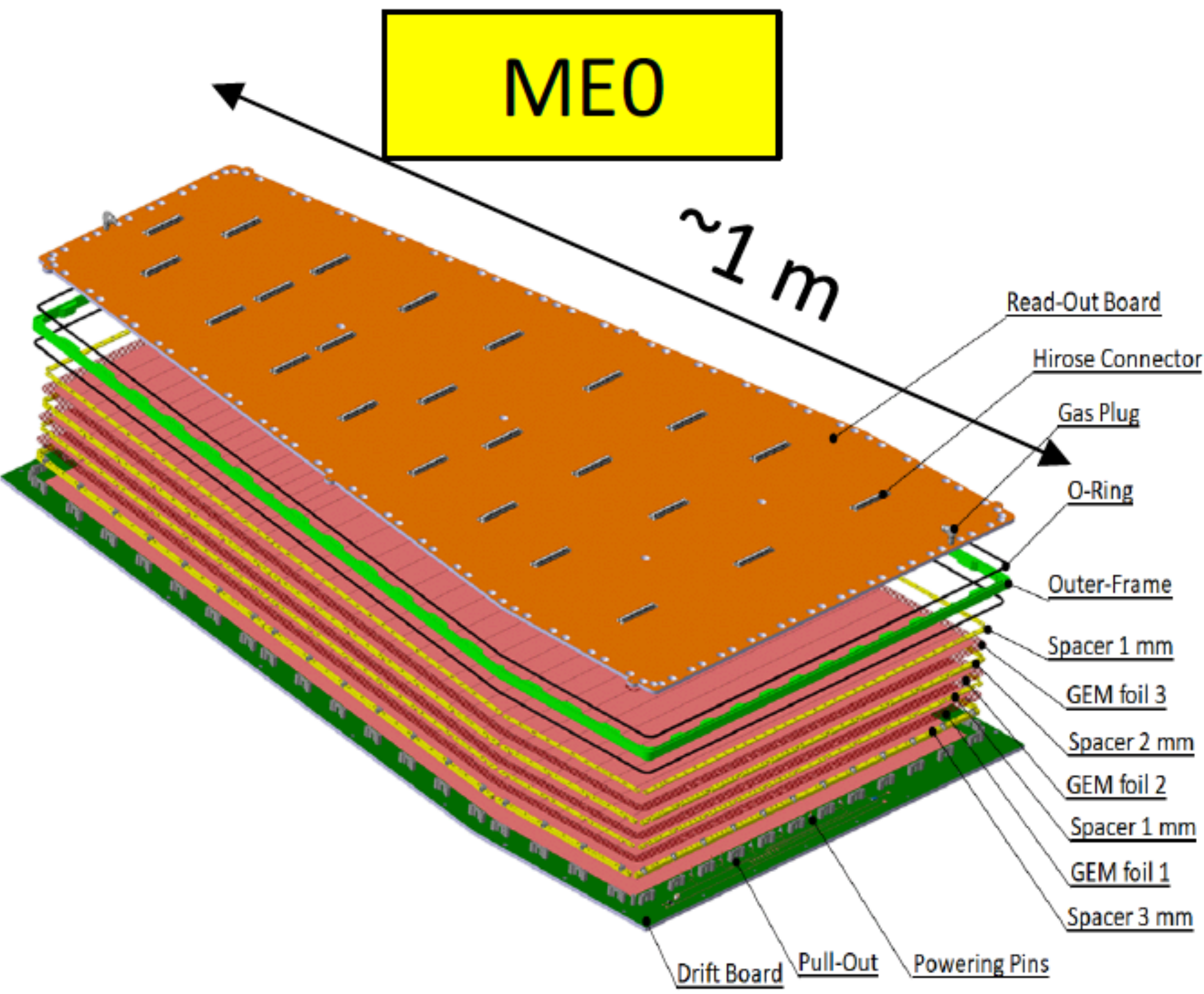
Thanks for your attention!



- ▶ Each ME0 stack has 6-layers of trapezoidal chambers of 78cmx(23.6–51.4)cmx1.8cm and opening angle 20.3°
- ▶ Placed at 63cm of radial distance from beam line with geometrical acceptance in $|\eta|$ between 2.03 and 2.8
- ▶ ME0 second generation: based on triple-GEM technology, with azimuthal foils HV segmentation
- ▶ It operates with 70:30 $Ar : CO_2$
- ▶ Each module is divided into 8 η -partitions, each one with 384 readout strips, and 3 ϕ -partitions
- ▶ Digital readout with VFAT3 chip, information only on ϕ coordinate



Requirements for single modules



- ▶ 97% efficiency
- ▶ Rate capability $\geq 150 \text{ kHz} \cdot \text{cm}^{-2}$
- ▶ Angular resolution $< 500 \mu\text{rad}$
- ▶ Time resolution 8-10 ns
- ▶ Gain uniformity $\geq 15\%$
- ▶ Radiation hardness $> 7.9 \text{ C} \cdot \text{cm}^{-2}$
- ▶ Sufficiently low discharge rate