



Computing the Wave Where the Gravitational Wave Community benefits from High-Energy Physics, and where it differs ?

22nd International Workshop on Advanced Computing and Analysis Techniques in Physics Research March 13th, 2024 - Stony Brook University



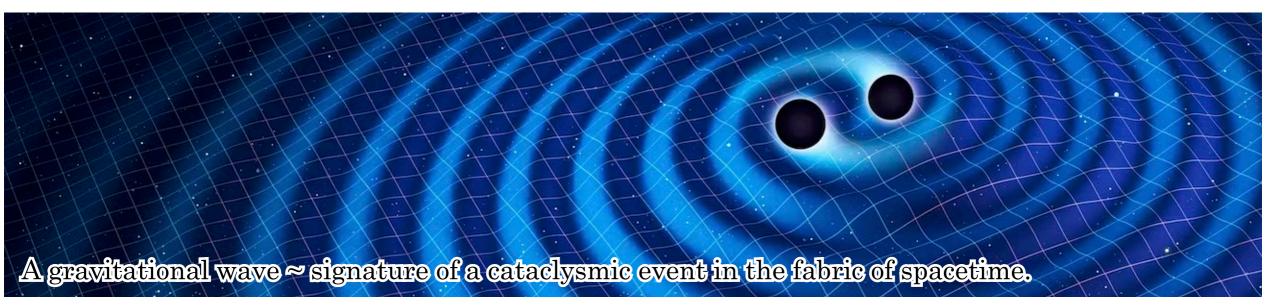
<u>Marco Meyer-Conde</u>^{1,2,3}, Nobuyuki Kanda¹ Hirotaka Takahashi², Ken-Ichi Oohara⁴, Kazuki Sakai⁵

On Behalf of <u>KAGRA</u> Collaboration

¹Osaka Metropolitan University, ²Tokyo City University, ³University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, ⁴Niigata University, ⁵NIT Nagaoka College

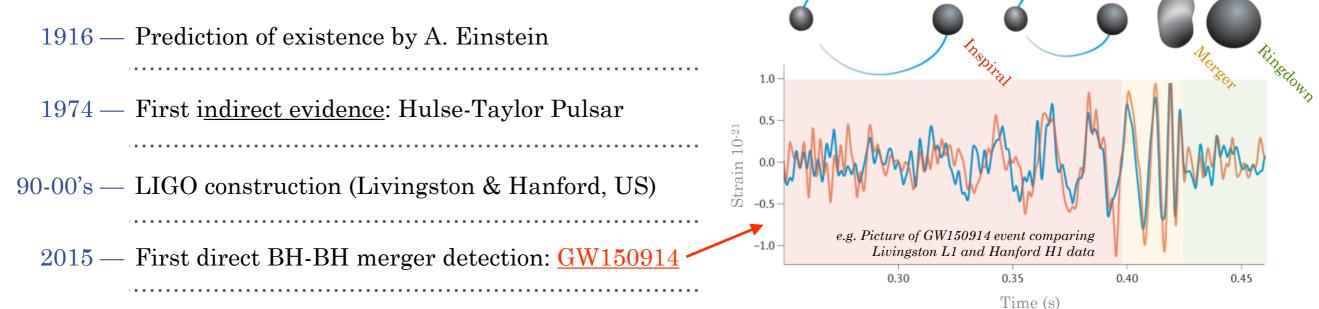


GRAVITATIONAL WAVES (GW) IN A NUTSHELL



[e.g. two black holes (BH) or neutron stars (NS) colliding in space]

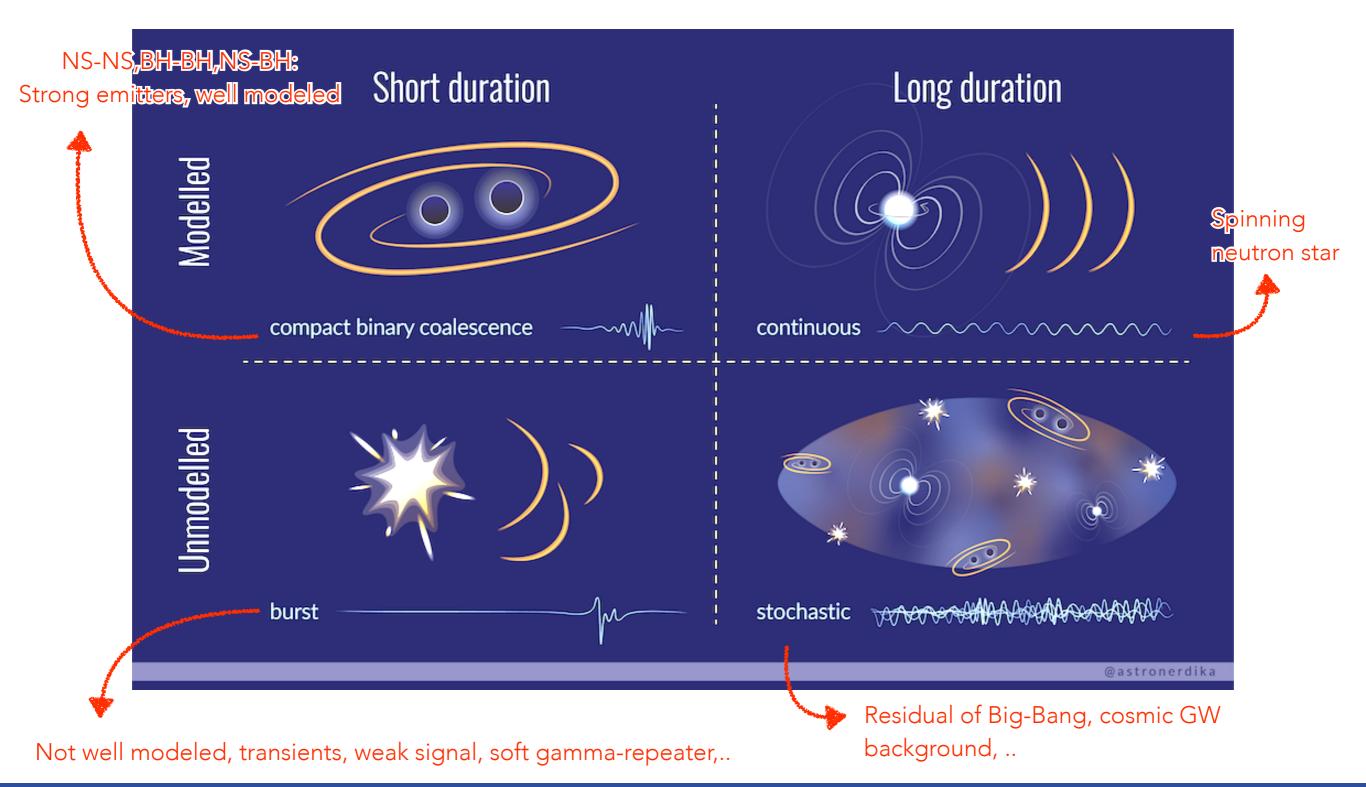
★ Key milestones in the History of GW Research:



2017 — First NS-NS detection merger with <u>Electromagnetic Counterpart</u>: <u>GW170817 / GRB170817A</u> (New Era)



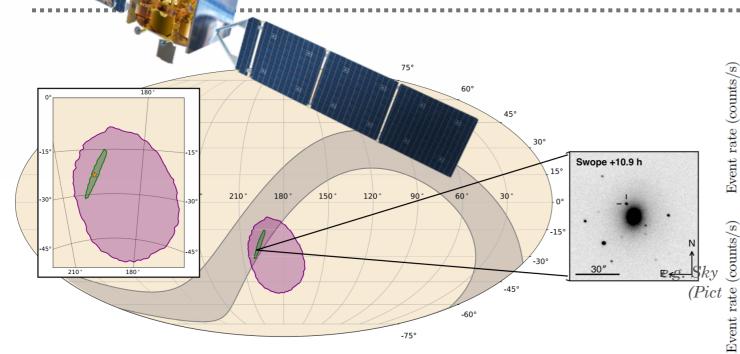
TOPOLOGY OF GRAVITATIONAL WAVES



March 13th, 2024

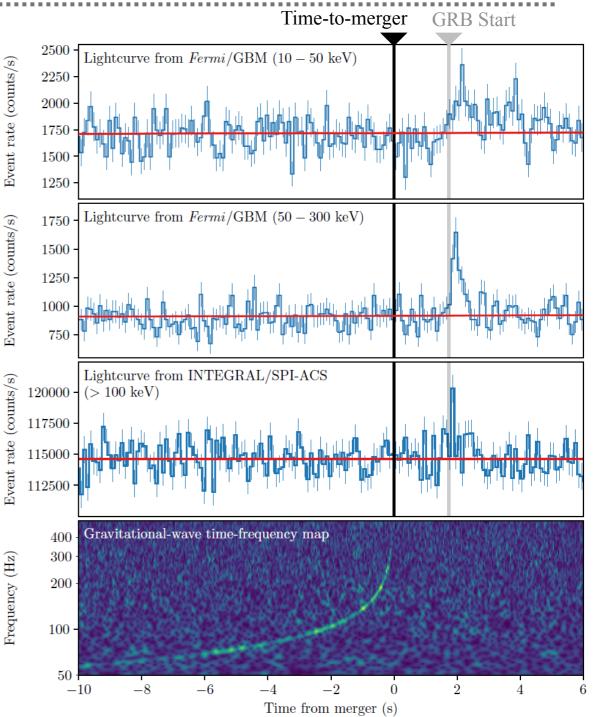


NEW ERA: MULTI-MESSENGER ASTRONOMY





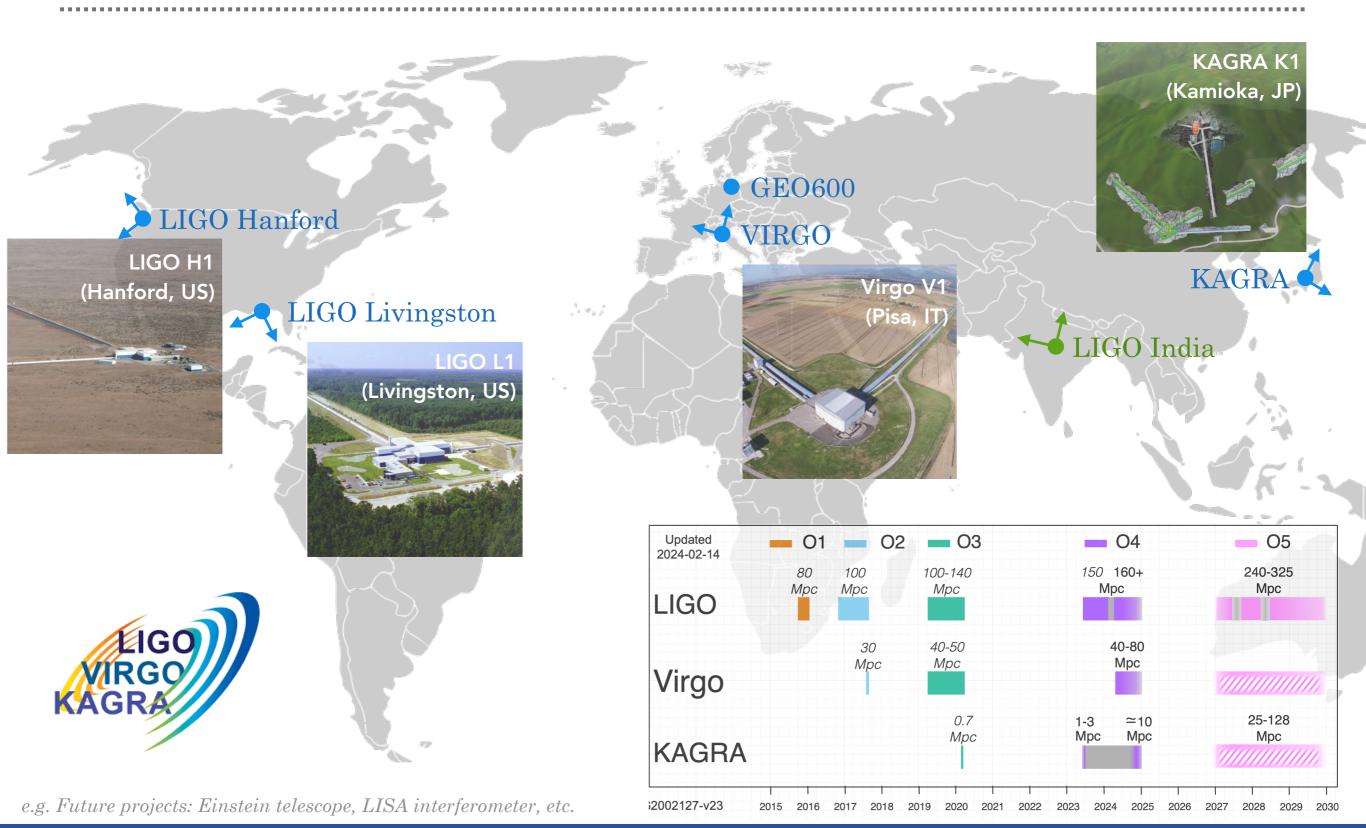
- IGWN: Ground-based coordination for low-latency alerts
- NASA: Coordination between space and astronomers.
- This challenge is about <u>speed</u> (< 60s) not <u>size</u> (~1Mb/s)
- Stereoscopic sky localization to be provided
 - The more data, the better the localization is.
 - Goal: GW signal with <u>negative latency</u> (meaning.. detection prior time-to-merger)
- ► Interest: connecting GW and HEP fields.
 - Gravitational wave observatories
 - Electromagnetic telescopes (e.g. Fermi)



First NS-NS Detection with <u>Electromagnetic Counterpart</u> (Landmark event: GW170817 / GRB170817A)



INTL. GRAVITATIONAL WAVE NETWORK (IGWN)





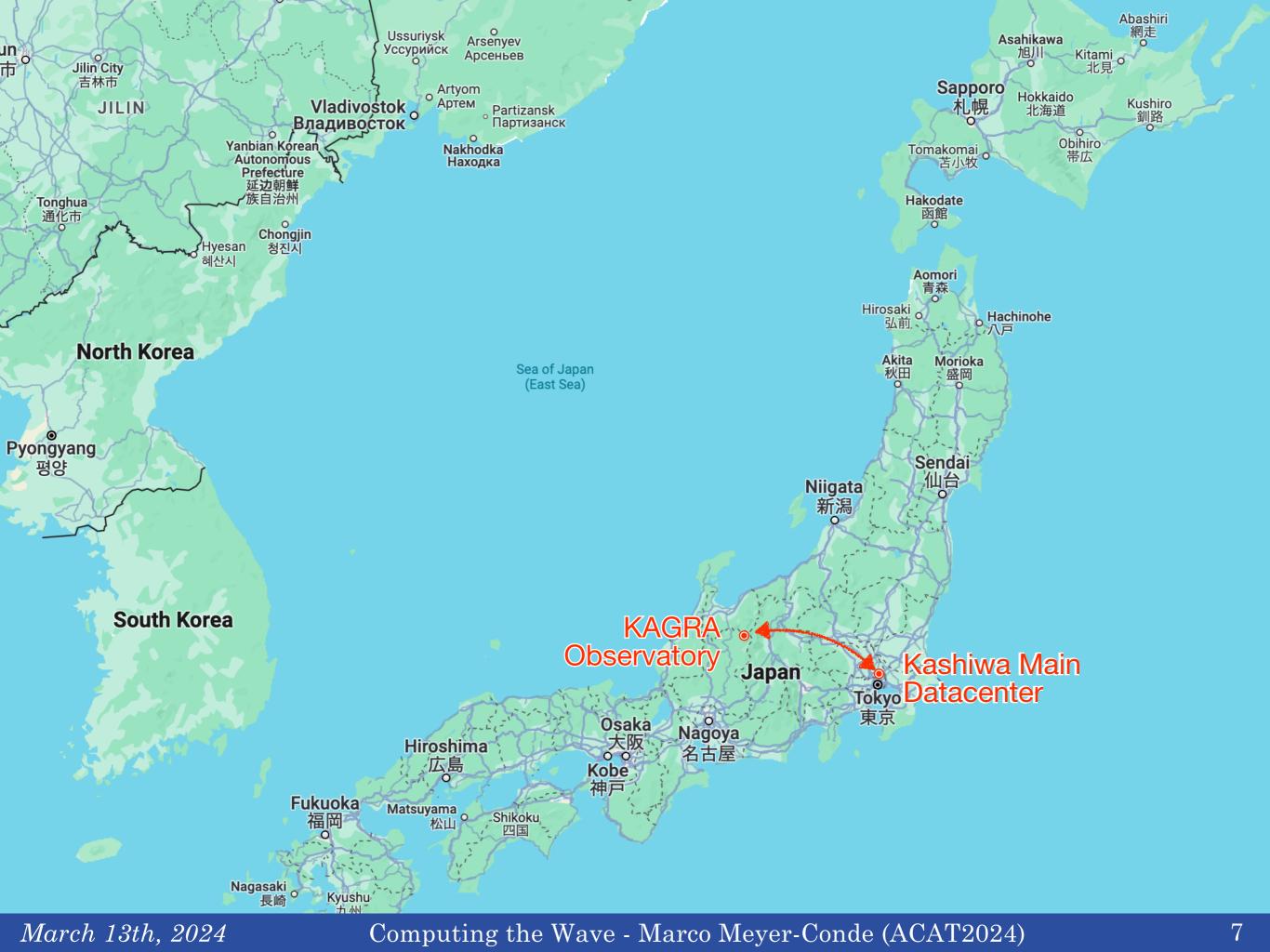
GENERAL COORDINATES NETWORK (GCN)



~~//r G	∽√∲ GraceDB		AGRA Public Alerts . Detection Candidates: 81 (ance Detection Candidate	L (92 Total - 11 Retracted)	Gravitational-Wave Candidate Event Database (GraceDB)		
Event ID	Possible Source	Significant	UTC	GCN	Location	FAR	GraceDB — Centralized API for public
S240109a	BBH (99%)	Yes	Jan. 9, 2024 05:04:31 UTC	GCN Circular Query Notices VOE		1 per 4.3136 years	► Early public warning alerts — for rapid
S240107b	BBH (97%) Terrestrial (3%)	Yes	Jan. 7, 2024 01:32:15 UTC	GCN Circular Query Notices VOE		1.8411 per year	
S240104bl	I BBH (>99%)	Yes	Jan. 4, 2024 16:49:32 UTC	GCN Circular Query Notices VOE	Burner of Barry	1 per 8.9137e+08 years	
S231231a	g BBH (>99%)	Yes	Dec. 31, 2023 15:40:16 UTC	GCN Circular Query Notices VOE	Part of the second seco	1 per 3.7932e+06 years	

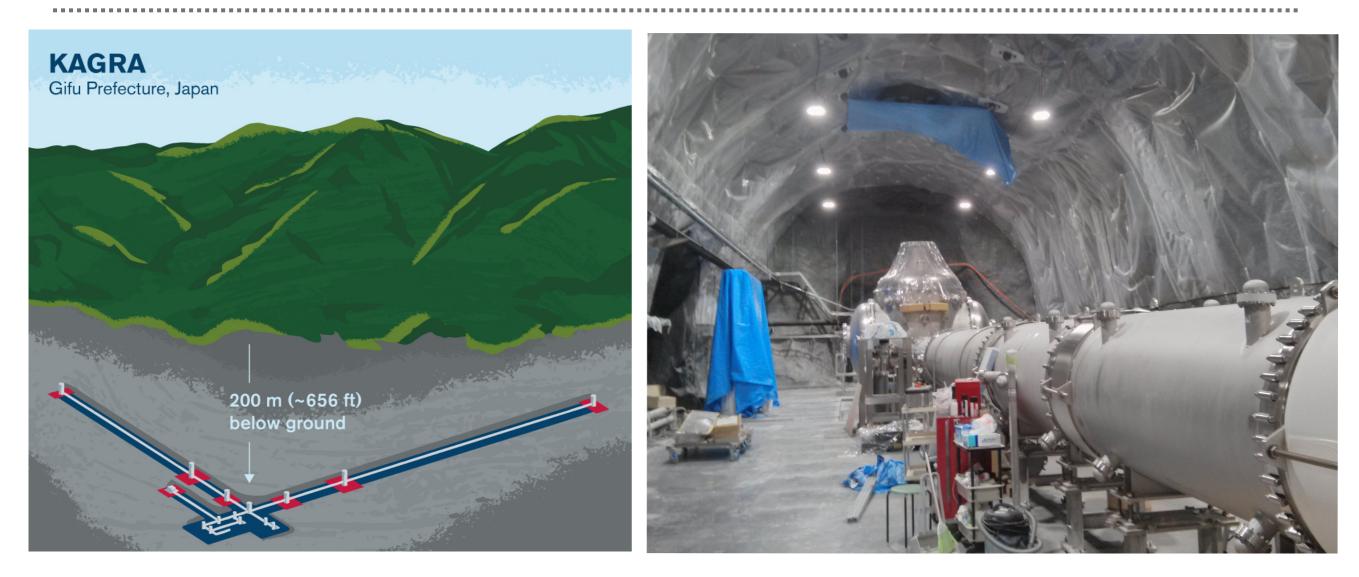
March 13th, 2024

. . .





FOCUS ON KAGRA EXPERIMENT

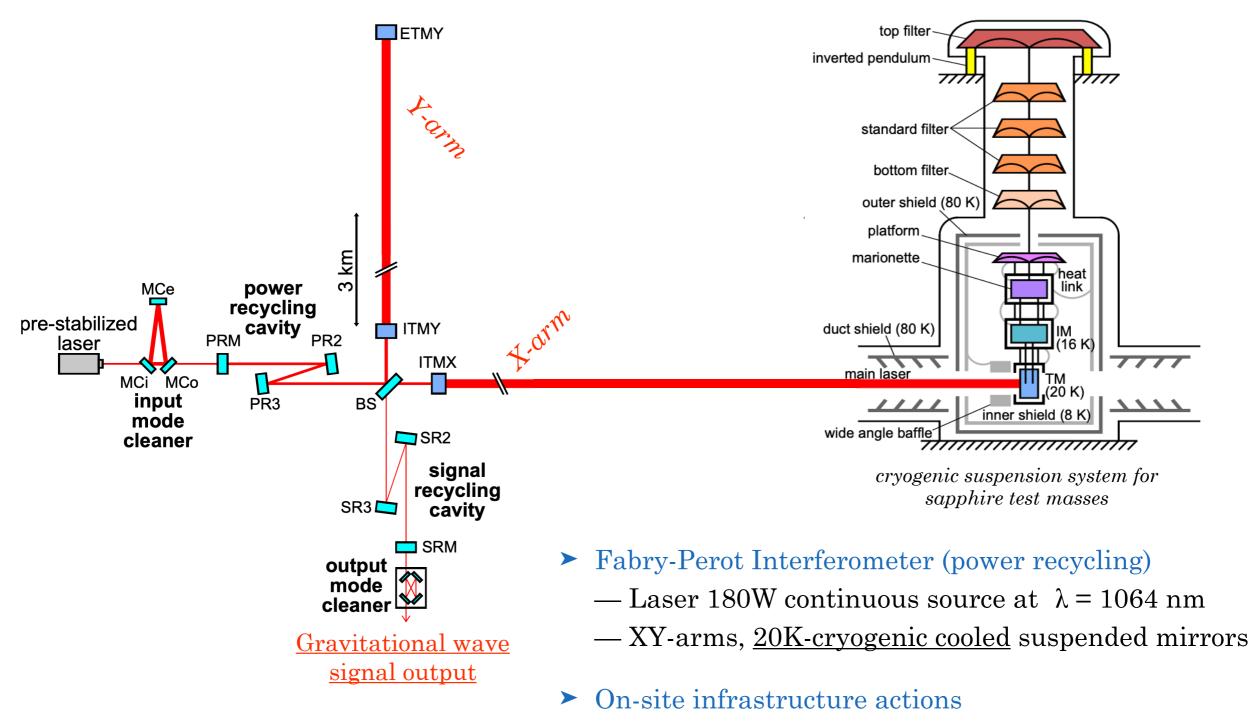


KAGRA Observatory has been established in 2016 in Kamioka, Gifu prefecture (same place as Kamiokande neutrino experiment)

The telescope is a 3 km <u>Fabry-Perot interferometer</u> with <u>20K Cryogenic Sapphire Mirrors</u> in Mt. Ikenoyama.

March 13th, 2024





— Data acquisition, pre-processing, environmental monitor.

T. Akutsu et al 2020 J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. 1342 012014

https://www.ligo.org/science/Publication-S6PE/index.php

- Feedback control to actuators on ETMX, ETMY

Field Racks

(Sensors)

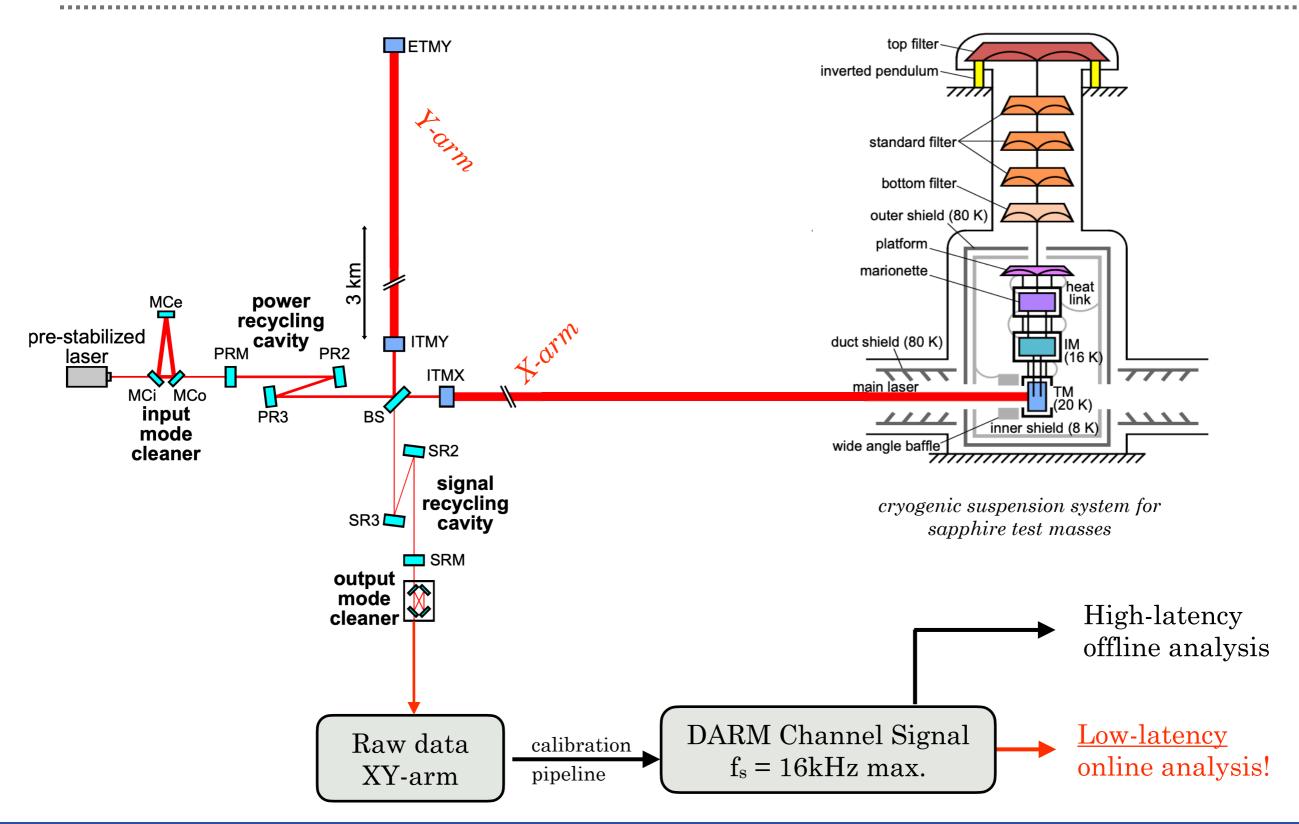
us

Electronics Room

(ADC converter)

ms





March 13th, 2024

Field Racks

(Sensors)

μs

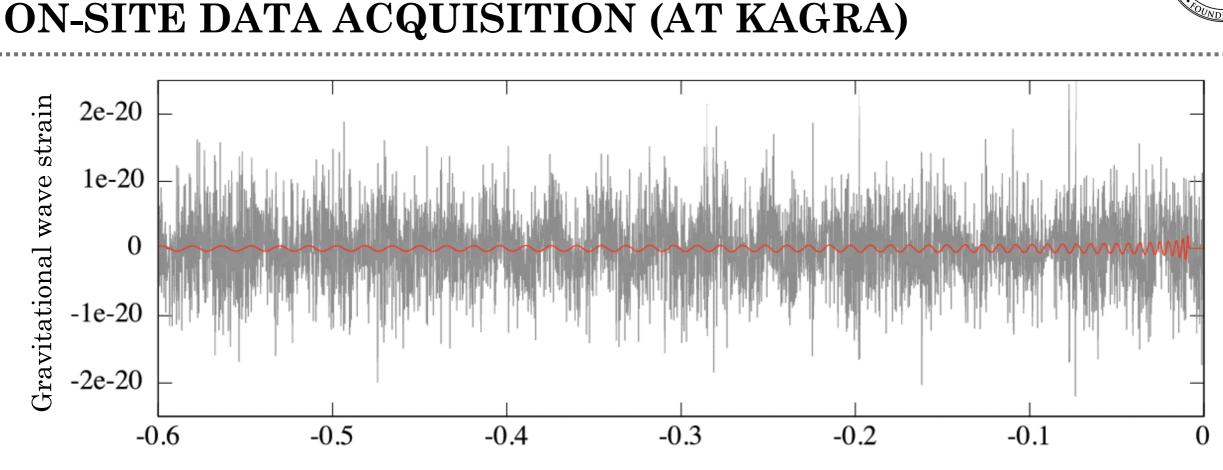
Electronics Room

(ADC converter)

ms

Computing the Wave - Marco Meyer-Conde (ACAT2024)

T. Akutsu *et al* 2020 *J. Phys.: Conf. Ser.* **1342** 012014 https://www.ligo.org/science/Publication-S6PE/index.php



time(s)

- ► Gravitation wave signal (here is LIGO experiment); typical signal injection in red
- ► Data transfer via <u>Apache Kafka</u> (message broker): low-latency reliable sustained data-stream
- ► Typical latencies at Kashiwa Data center for "1 second" files:

Computer Room

ms

Electronics Room

(ADC converter)

LIGO to Kashiwa 6-8s latency

VIRGO to Kashiwa 10s latency

KAGRA to Kashiwa 2.5s latency



T. Akutsu et al 2020 J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. 1342 012014

https://www.ligo.org/science/Publication-S6PE/index.php

(Latency = transfer from ADC to on-site servers + FIR filtering + transfer from On-Site (L1,H1,V1,K1) to Kashiwa)

Field Racks

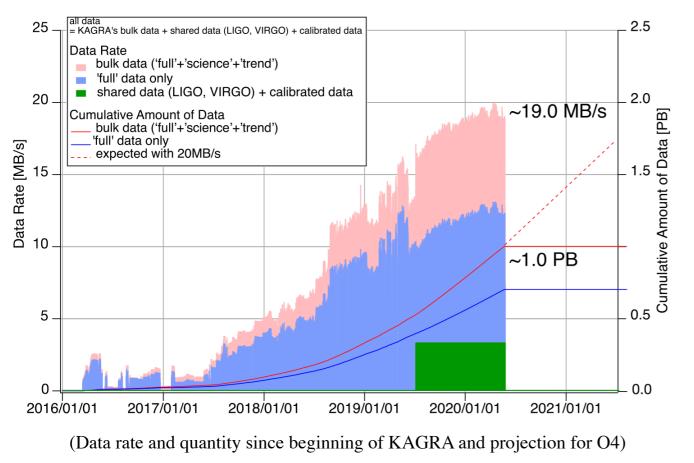
(Sensors)

us

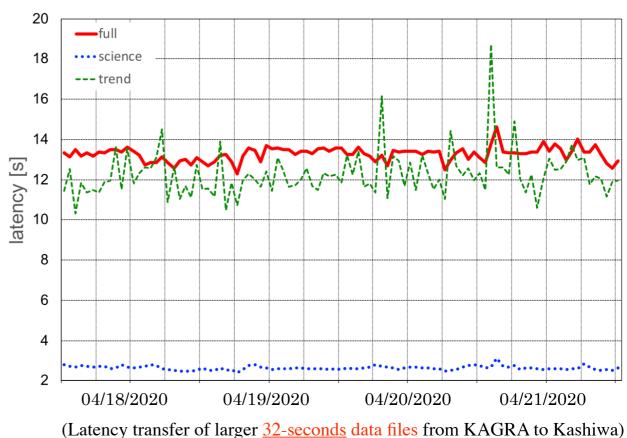




FOCUS ON: <u>KAGRA</u> (KAMIOKA) TO <u>KASHIWA</u> MAIN CENTER (TOKYO)



- ► Low-latency Online Analysis O4a ~ O(1min)
 - Data transfer of <u>1s-files</u> via "<u>Apache Kafka</u>"
 - Run O4a ~ 1.5 PB/y of raw data
 - Research pipeline and \underline{rapid} sky localization
 - Goal: Alert generation and flagging



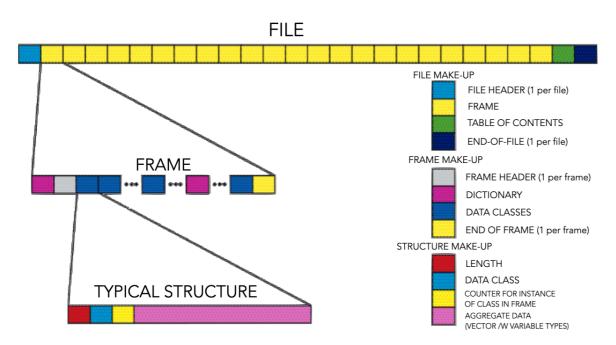
► High-latency Offline Analysis

- Data management /w "<u>Rucio</u>" (GridFTP/CERN)
- Offline event search, detector characterization
- Make use of for sharing data:
 - * CVMFS (CERN) for "data" and "software"
 - * OSDF Data origin (OSG) for "data"

Prog. Theor. Exp. Phys. 2023 10A102(18 pages) DOI: 10.1093/ptep/ptad112 https://www.ligo.org/science/Publication-S6PE/index.php



GRAVITATIONAL WAVE DATA FORMATS



- Picture of the Frame Format data structure for low latency -

pressure

elevation land cover

Indexes align data

longitude

time

Attributes metadata ignored by operations

latitude

Coordinates

describe data



- "Frame Format" standard by LVK collaboration
- Since 2019, strain data h(t) are 1s frame size.
- Optimized format to fast reading/writing

Data Format specific to LVK collaboration

► High-latency data formats: *.gwf *.hdf5

- Usually HDF5 is used for Open Science Data
- More flexible when using with Python



- Diagram of the HDF5 data format for high latency -

(https://gitlab.cern.ch/escalade/standalone/hdf2root)

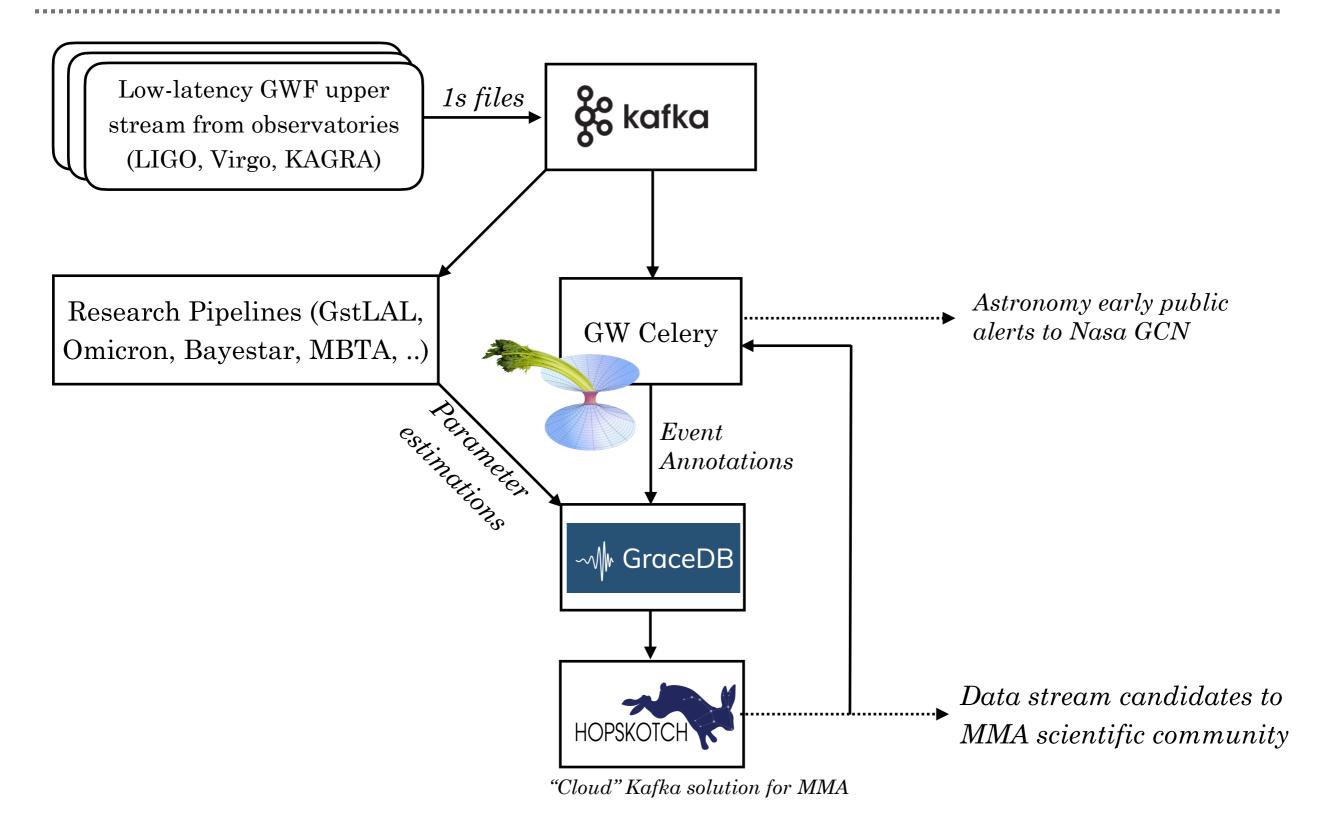
temperature

Data variables

used for computation



LOW-LATENCY ORCHESTRATION OVERVIEW



March 13th, 2024



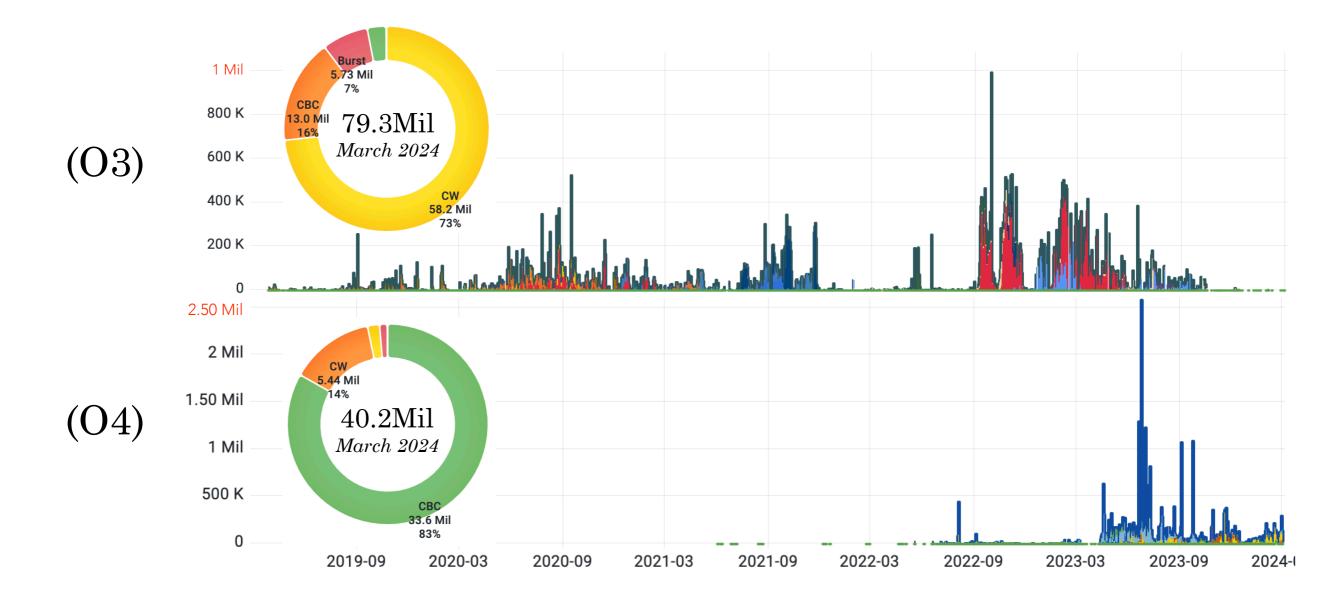
IGWN 03/04 COMPUTING RESOURCES

► Observing run periods:

- O3a: April 1, 2019 to October 1, 2019
- O3b: November 1, 2019 to March 27, 2020
- O4a: May 24, 2023 to January 16, 2024
- O4b: April 3, 2024 to the end of year

► IGWN Computing Resources

- Computing policy and common coordination
- Code management: Gitlab, Conda & Docker
- Resource monitoring: Grafana
- No common framework for development.



March 13th, 2024



COMPUTING PIPELINES AND COMMON FRAMEWORK

- ► IGWN Collaboration Goal: to reduce the amount of tools
 - Interferometer sensitivity \nearrow ; Detection range \nearrow ; Smaller noise \searrow ; Signal-to-Noise-Ratio (SNR) \nearrow
 - Raw data is not increasing much over years (main computing resources is about template generation)
 - New technics developed in addition to the classic technics. (Matched Filtering, Wavelet, etc.)
- Computing pipelines are heterogeneous and complex (<u>no common framework</u>)
 - Many languages: Matlab, C/C++, Python, ..
 - Main scientific package: <u>LVK Algorithm Library Suite</u> (LALSuite; C/C++)

[Noise simulation, template generation (GR modeling for matching data)]

- Machine learning increasing usage: First machine learning pipeline MLy is online.

ROOT

Data Analysis Framework

ROOT has already been used in GW community (mainly people in Europe, originating from HEP).

- ► Requirements to make use of ROOT in GW community
 - (1) Handling typical I/O files: GWF files and HDF5 files
 - (2) Advanced digital signal processing and (3) complex digital filtering
- Personal interests in using CERN modern/high-level tools (RNTuple, RDataFrame and SOFIE)
 - investigation and development planned for RDataFrame to include TimeSeries capability (1 event = $1s \Delta t$)

March 13th, 2024

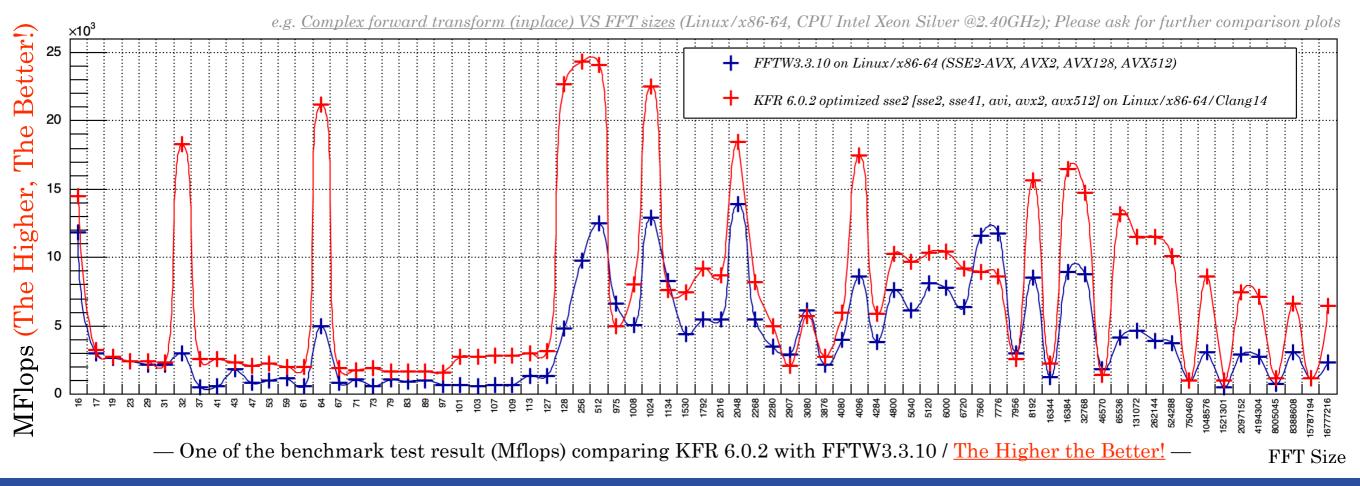


FAST, MODERN C++ DSP FRAMEWORK

KFR is built for developers who need a powerful toolkit for audio and dsp applications

- ► KFR library under GPL licensing.
 - DFT & FFT at N-dimensions available
 - Advanced signal processing (IIR/FIR filtering)
- Highly optimized modern C++ library
 - optimal on x86-64 architectures using Clang
 - optimized perf. up to 40% in best cases vs. FFTW3 $\,$

- Compatible with both ARM64 and x86-64 archs.
 - SIMD SSE, SSE2, AVX instructions, for x86_64
 - SIMD NEON64 instructions for ARM64.
- ► Benchmark tests performed with last version.
 - Comparison between KFR6.0.2 and FFTW3.3.10
 - https://git.ligo.org/kagra/containers/fft-benchmark



March 13th, 2024

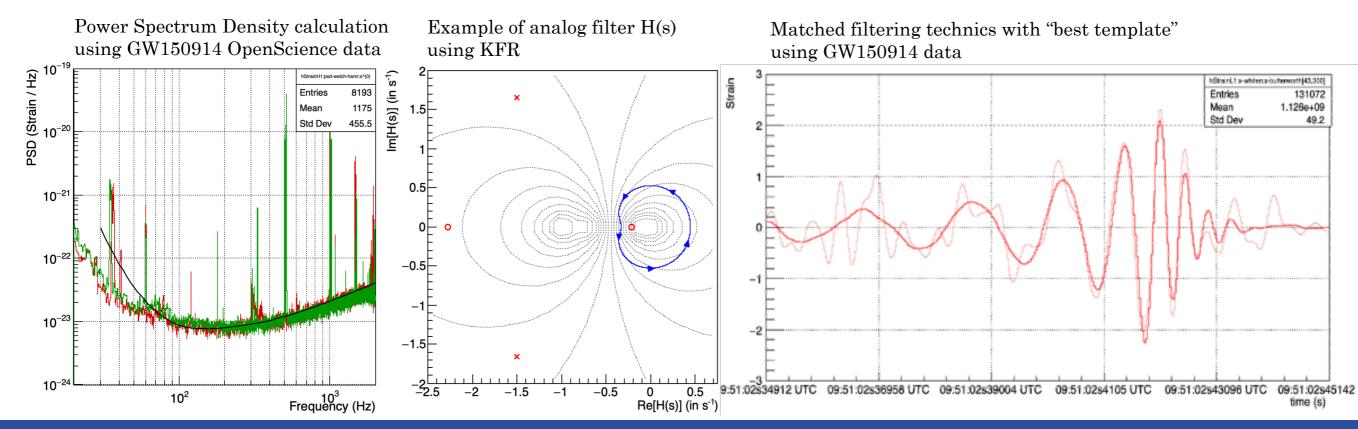


ROOT SIGNAL LIBRARY PROTOTYPE

- ► Advanced DFT features using KFR library.
 - ASD/PSD calculation, SNR calculation, Matched filtering, Convolution, Window, resampling, etc..
- ► Analog and digital filter H = B/A implementations. (ZPK, BA, SOS, SS representations)
 - Finite/Infinite Impulse Response filtering
 - Chebychev, Butterworth, Elliptical filter implemented, [..]
- ► TKFR Prototype class implemented with ROOT / Make use of the TVirtualFFT interface too

ASD, PSD, Hilbert transform, Elliptical filters, Wiener & Kalman filter

FIR/IRR, Windowing, Decimation, Waveform generation (sine, impulse, steps, ramps, etc.), etc.

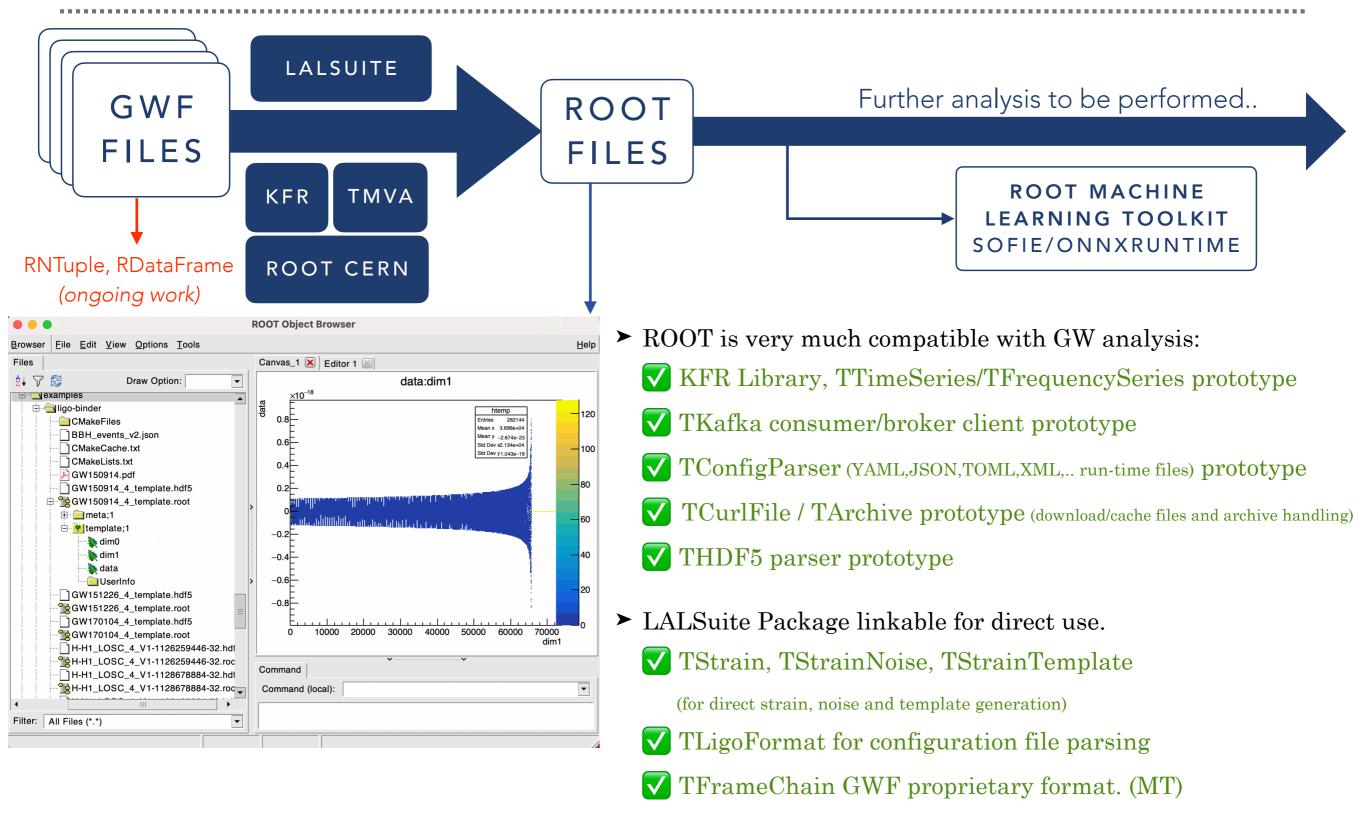


March 13th, 2024

Gitlab Project: https://gitlab.cern.ch/igwn



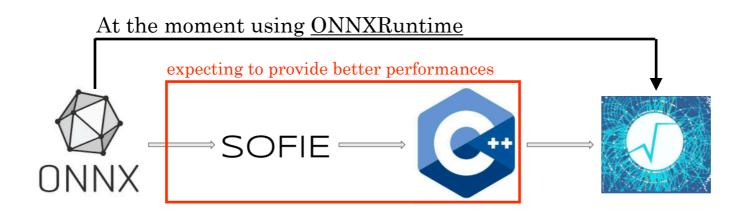
SUMMARY: PROPOSED GW WORKFLOW





ULTIMATE GOAL: MACHINE LEARNING INFERENCE WITH ROOT

- Starformer project, a transformer-based model for early detection of CBC mergers
 - Collaboration with ISLab (experts in transformer architecture development, Osaka University)
 - *Explanable AI is of highest importance, flexibility for production models, parallel performances.*
- Machine learning universal format for models: "Open Neural Network Exchange" (ONNX) files.
 (Training: pyTorch / Inference: ROOT)
- ► Inference using ROOT + ONNX Runtime:
 - <u>ONNX Runtime</u>: developed by Microsoft and Facebook. (Please visit <u>https://huggingface.co/</u> too!) Interoperability in many languages. (Python, C++, ..)
 - Performance enhanced expected using <u>SOFIE library</u> in the future (maybe)



March 13th, 2024



CONCLUSION

- Gravitational wave community is building a new computing paradigm:
 - Computing power requirement and increasing detector sensitivity.
 - Ongoing work (since many years), now resulting in the IGWN computing collaboration.
- Computing power doesn't grow that much in GW compared to LHC experiments
 - Still very challenging to communicate quickly with MMA institutes and astronomers.
 - Kafka integration prototype in an external ROOT library.
- ► Goal: provide mature tools as a bedrock for analysis and pipeline development.
 - Common framework, performant tools + keep flexibility towards new IT technologies
 - Machine learning models is (since many years) intensively used
- ► Use of ROOT as main data framework in the future
 - provide tools to run optimized DSP analysis
 - communicate with cloud computing services.
- Development of Starformer project (transformer-based ML model)
 - collaboration with ISLab (Osaka University) for innovative architecture developments.



BACKUP SLIDES

March 13th, 2024

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2311.12559.pdf (Stefano Bagnasco ACAT22)



HIGH-LATENCY ORCHESTRATION OVERVIEW

