

# Global Efforts to Search for Invisible Axions



*PNU-IBS Workshop on Axion Physics*

*Dec. 06 2023 Haeundae, Busan*

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*Center for Axion and Precision Physics Research (CAPP)*

*Institute for Basic Science (IBS)*

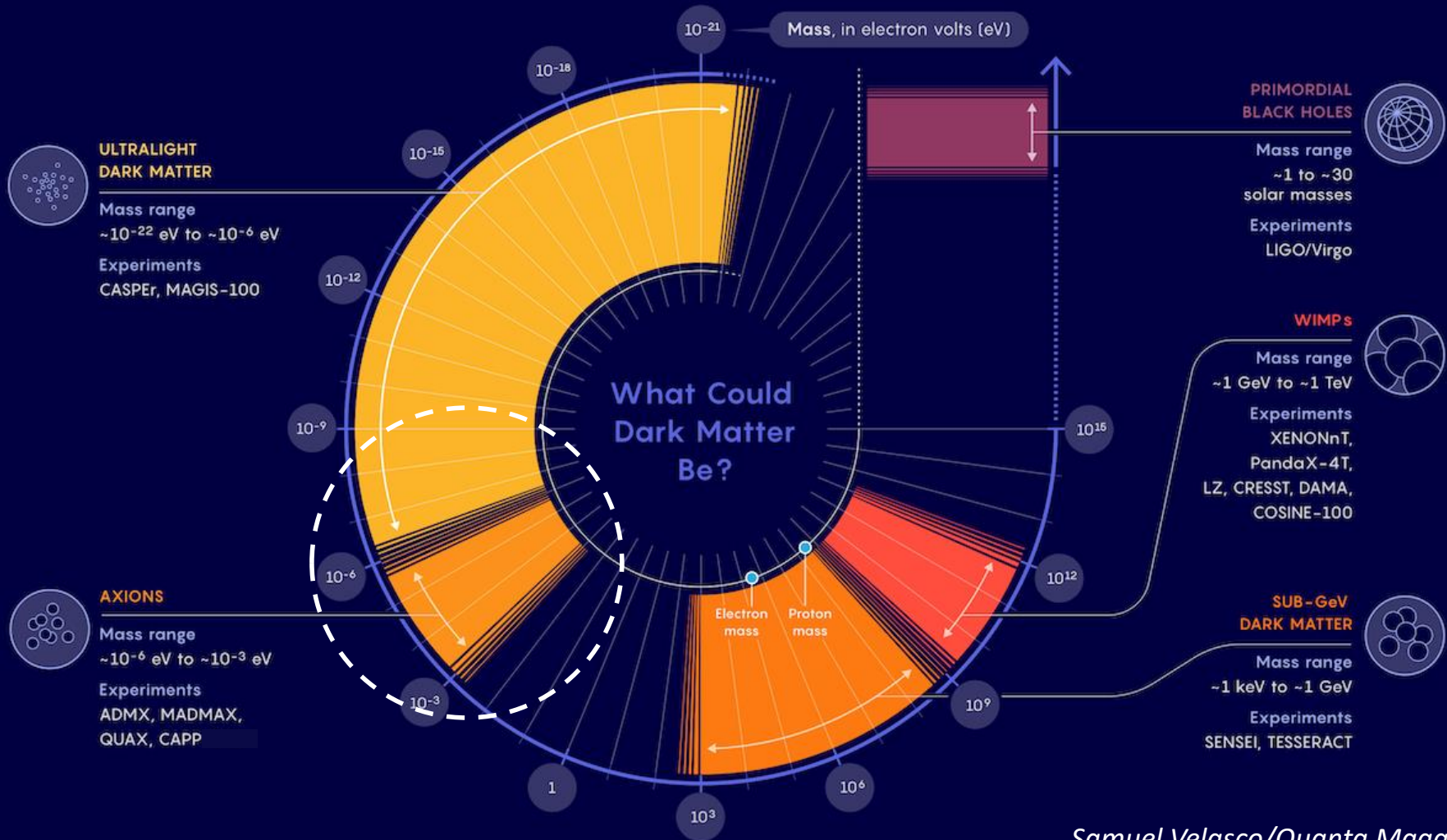


# *Dark Matter and Axion*





# Dark matter business expanding



Samuel Velasco/Quanta Magazine



# Weakly Interacting Slim Particles

- **Pseudo-scalar**

- **Axion**

- PQ solution to strong CP problem (1977)  
 $m_a f_a \sim \Lambda_{QCD}$
- Invisible axion (1979)
- Dark matter candidate (1983)

- **Axion-Like Particle (ALP)**

- Generic axion w/o solving the strong CP problem  
 $m_a f_a \not\sim \Lambda_{QCD}$

- **Scalar**

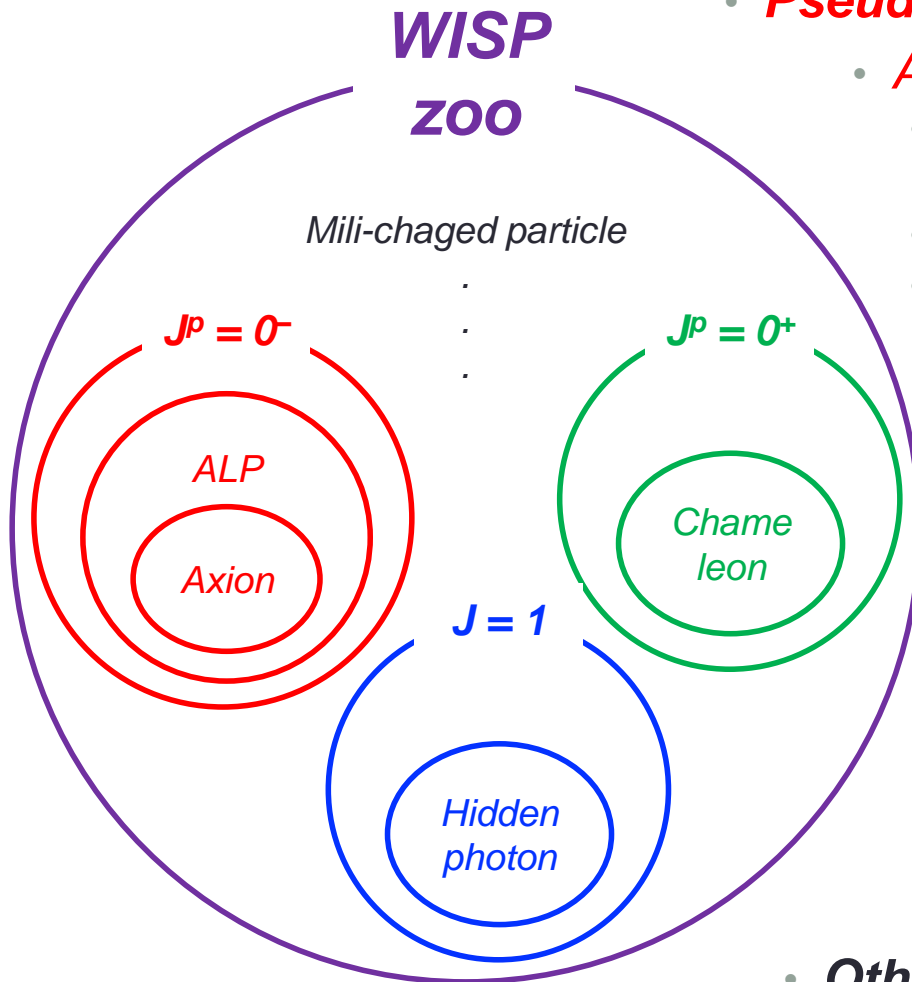
- Chameleon (2003)
- Dark energy candidate

- **Vector**

- Hidden photon
- Gauge field in hidden sector

- **Others**

- Mili-charged particle, ...





# Axion couplings



- SM particles and experimental signatures*

	<i>Photons</i>	<i>Fermions</i>	<i>nEDMs</i>
<i>Hamiltonian</i>	$g_{a\gamma\gamma} a \mathbf{E} \cdot \mathbf{B}$	$g_{aff} \nabla a \cdot \hat{\mathbf{S}}$	$g_{EDM} a \hat{\mathbf{S}} \cdot \mathbf{E}$
<i>Observable</i>	<i>Photon</i>	<i>Spin precession</i>	<i>Oscillating EDM</i>
<i>Detection method</i>	<i>Power spectrum, photon counter, ...</i>	<i>Magnetometer, NMR, ...</i>	<i>NMR, polarimeter, ...</i>

- Sources and experiments*

<i>Source</i>	<i>Photons</i>	<i>Fermions</i>	<i>nEDMs</i>
<i>Dark matter</i>	<b>ADMX, CAPP, QUAX, MADMAX, DM Radio, ...</b>	<b>QUAX-ae, CASPER-wind, GNOME, ...</b>	<b>CASPER-electric, srEDM, ...</b>
<i>Solar</i>	<b>CAST, IAXO</b>		
<i>Laboratory</i>	<b>ALPS (II)</b>	<b>ARIADNE</b>	

- Many searches relies on photon couplings*



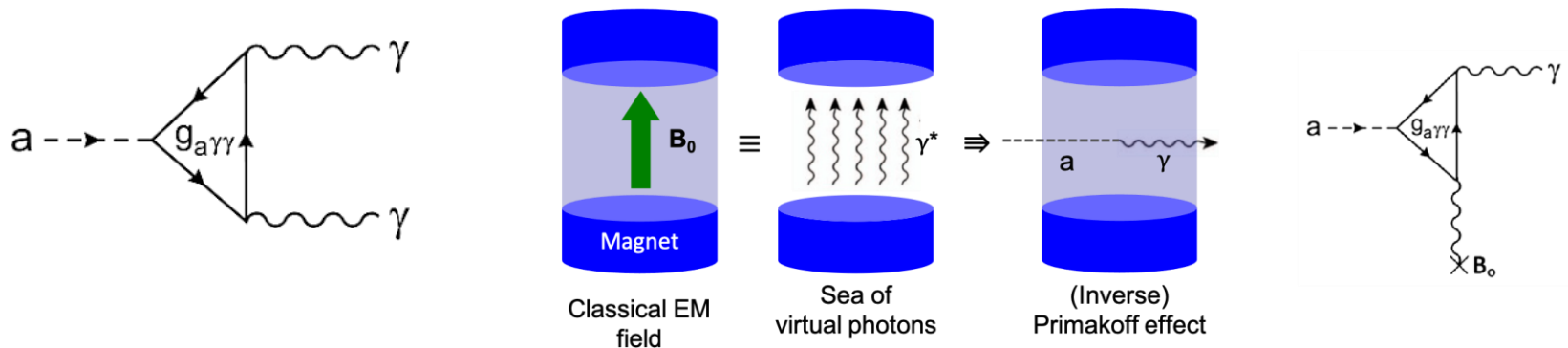
# Models and detection

- Axion models*

Model	PQWW	DFSZ	KSVZ
QCD anomaly	SM fermions		BSM fermions
Spont. breaking	2 Higgs	2Higgs+singlet	Higgs+singlet
Nickname	Standard ( $f_a \sim v_{EW}$ )	Invisible ( $f_a \gg v_{EW}$ )	
Remark	Ruled out	Benchmark	

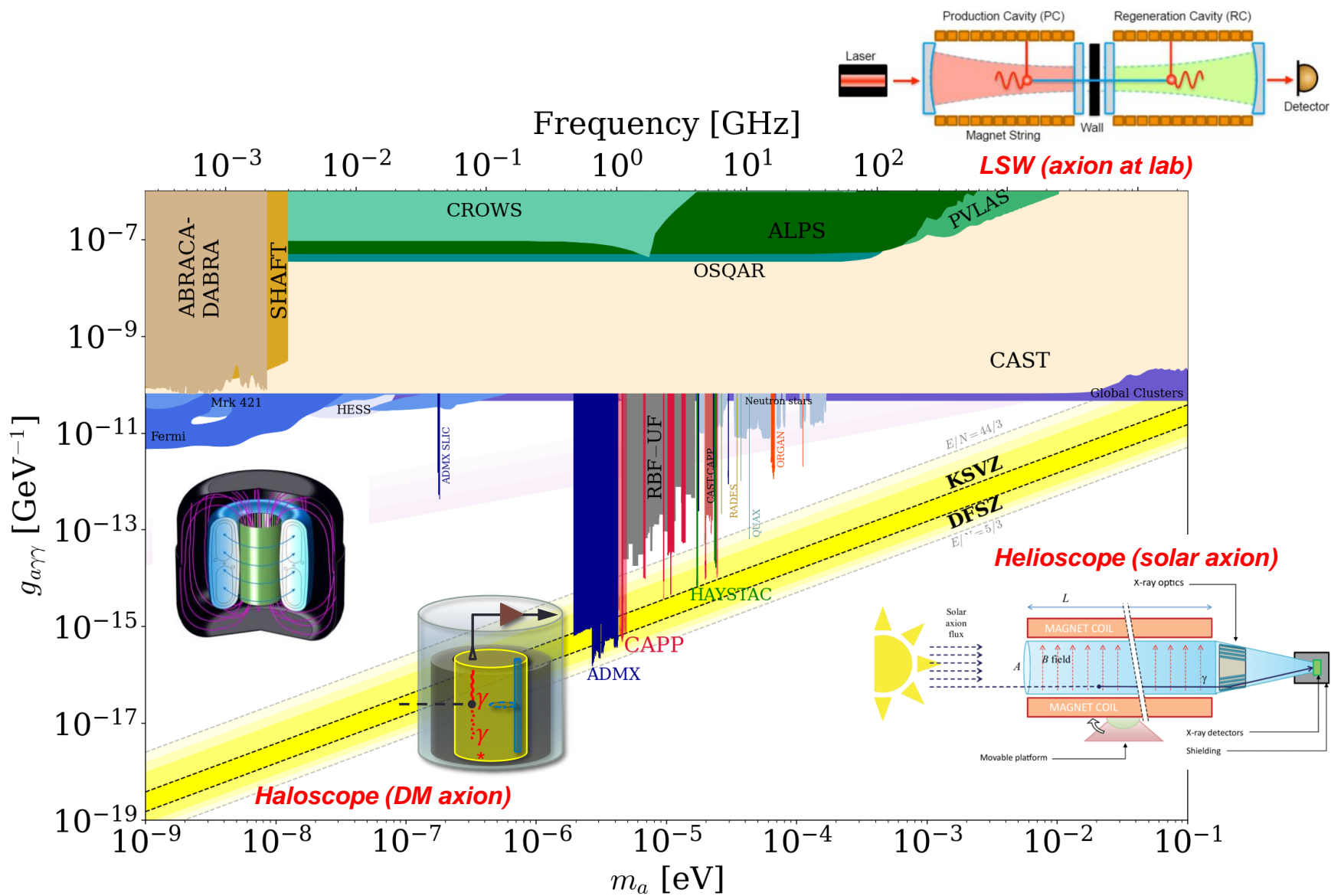
- Detection principle*

- Sikivie effect (1983): macroscopic Primakoff effect*





# Axion searches



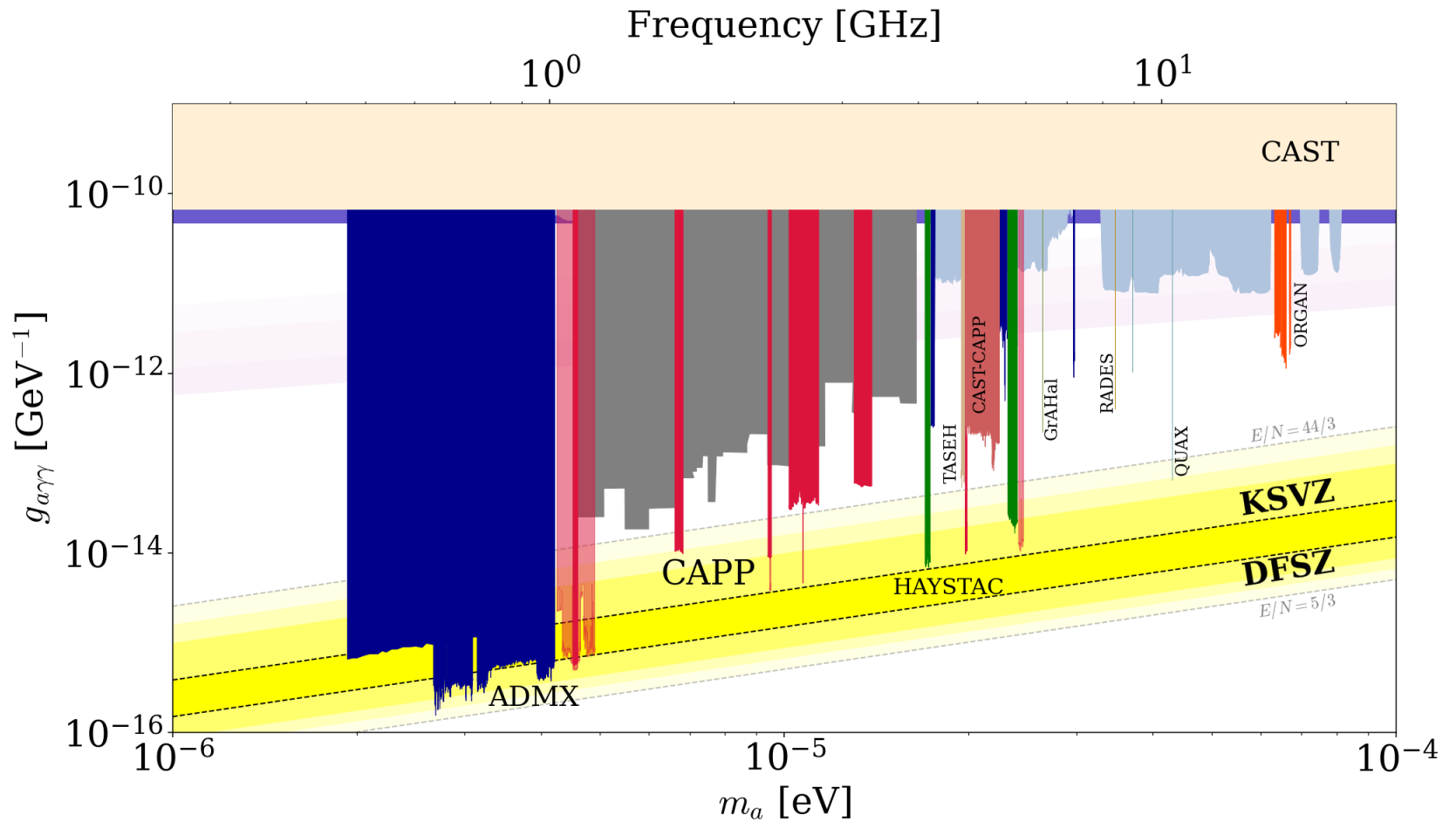


# *Haloscope Searches*





# Haloscope searches





# Detector of halo axions

- *Most sensitive approach in  $\mu\text{eV}$  regime*
  - *Resonant enhancement of axion-induced photons*

- *Conversion signal power ( $a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ )*

- theoretical parameters  
- experimental parameters

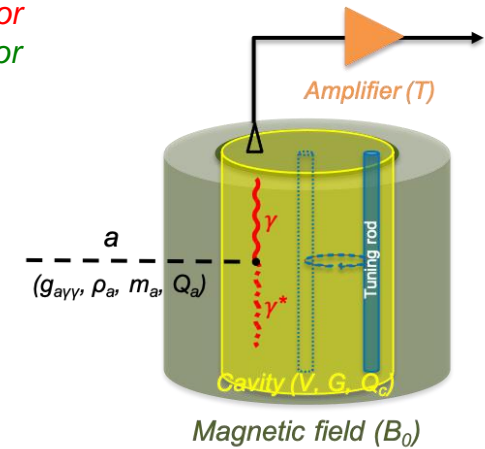
$$P_{a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma} = g_{agg}^2 \frac{r_a}{m_a} B^2 V C_{mnp} \min(Q_L, Q_a) \sim 10^{-21} \text{ W}$$

[?] Coupling constant  $\rightarrow$   $g_{agg}^2$   
Axion number density  $\rightarrow$   $\frac{r_a}{m_a}$   
Magnetic field  $\rightarrow$   $B$   
Effective volume  $\rightarrow$   $V C_{mnp}$   
Cavity Q factor  $\rightarrow$   $Q_L$   
Axion Q factor  $\rightarrow$   $Q_a$

- *Signal-to-noise ratio (SNR)*

$$SNR \equiv \frac{P_{signal}}{P_{noise}} = \frac{P_{a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma}}{k_B T_{syst}} \sqrt{\frac{t_{int}}{D f_a}}$$

[?] System noise temperature  $\rightarrow$   $k_B T_{syst}$   
Integration time  $\rightarrow$   $t_{int}$   
Axion bandwidth ( $\sim 10^{-6}$  f)  $\rightarrow$   $D f_a$



- *Scanning rate (F.O.M.):*

$$\frac{df}{dt} = \left( \frac{1}{SNR} \right)^2 \left( \frac{P(f)}{k_B T_{syst}} \right)^2 \cdot \frac{Q_a}{Q_L} \propto B^4 V^2 C^2 Q_L T_{syst}^{-2}$$

[?]



# Cavity haloscope – in a nutshell

- Enhancing the experimental performance

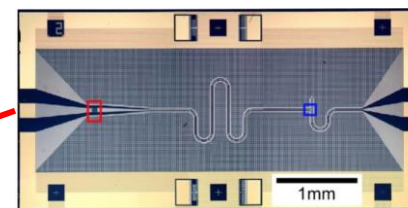
**Cryogenics  $T$**



Lowering thermal noise

$$\frac{df}{dt} \sim B^4 V^2 C^2 Q_L T_{\text{sys}}^{-2}$$

**Quantum noise limited amplifier  $T$**



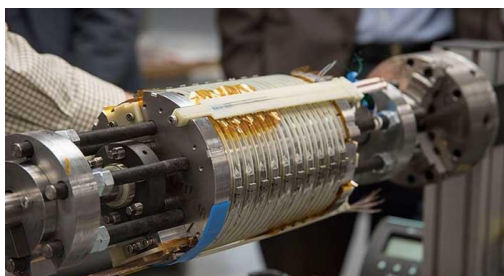
Signal amplification w/ minimal noise added

**Tunable High-Q resonator  $V, Q, C, \Delta f$**

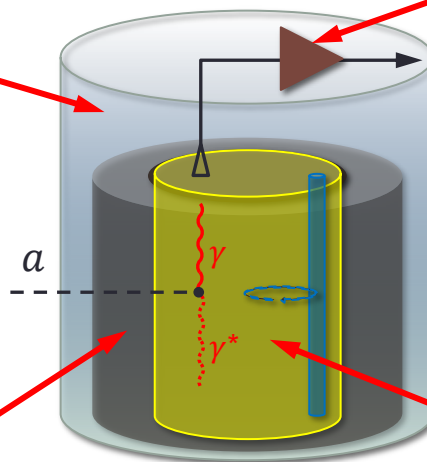


Resonant frequency tuning

**High field Magnet  $B$**



Boosting  $a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  conversion rate

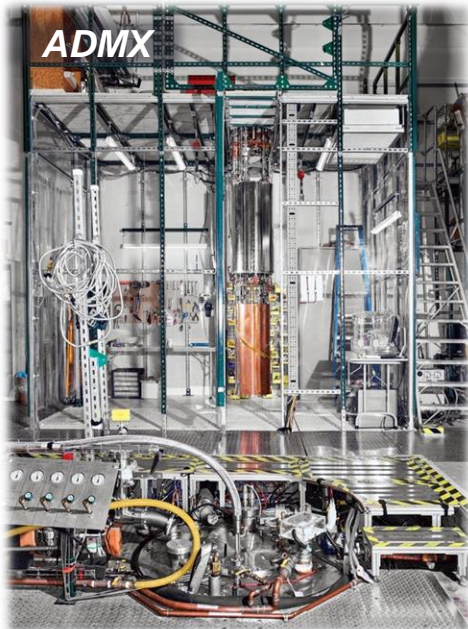


**Small-scale experiments!**





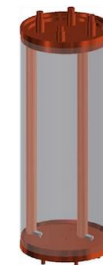
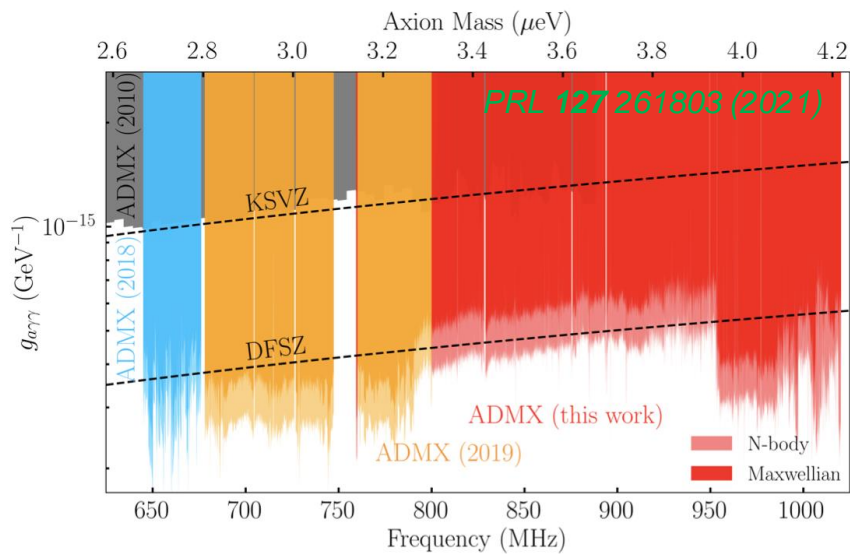
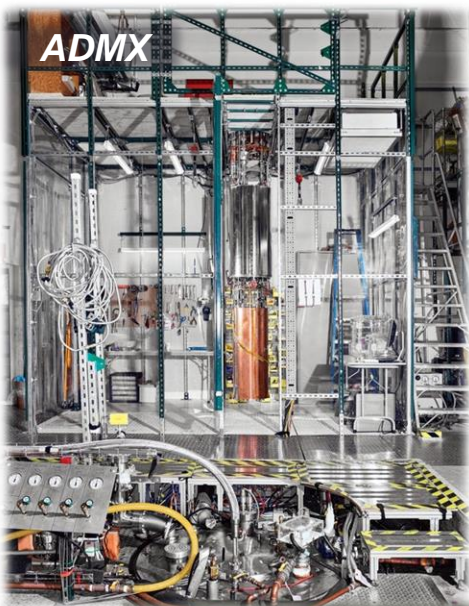
# Cavity haloscopes







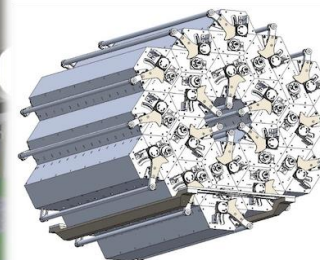
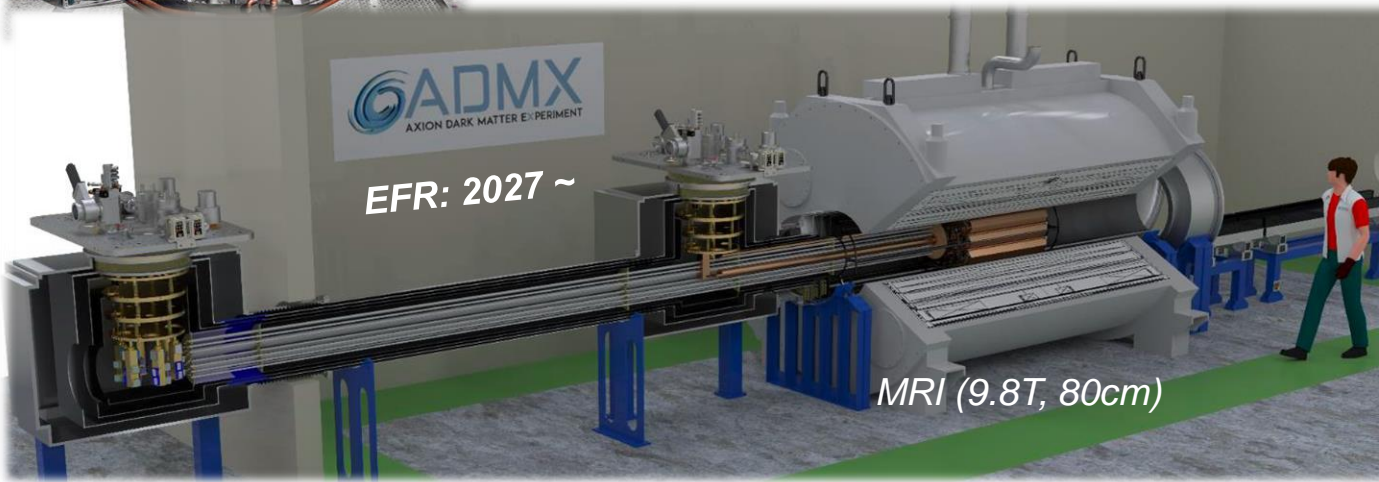
# ADMX



Run 1A-C



Run 2

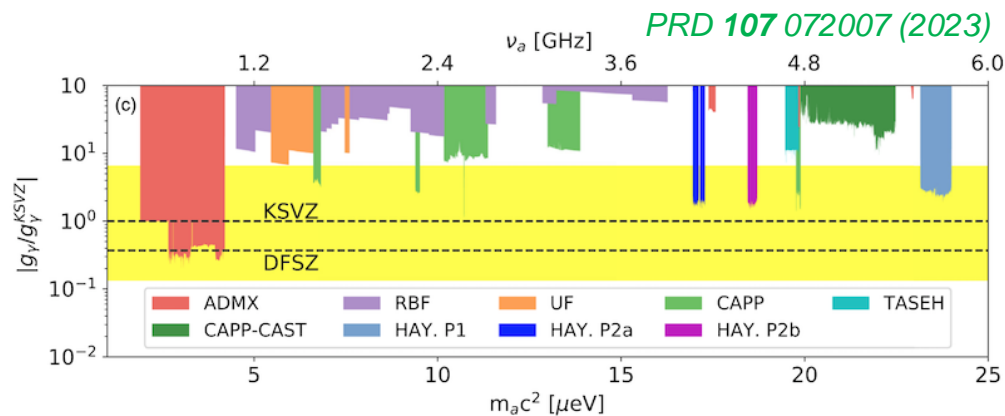
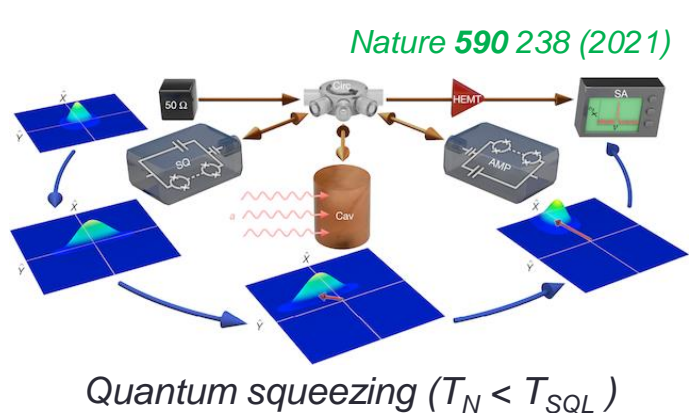


EFR



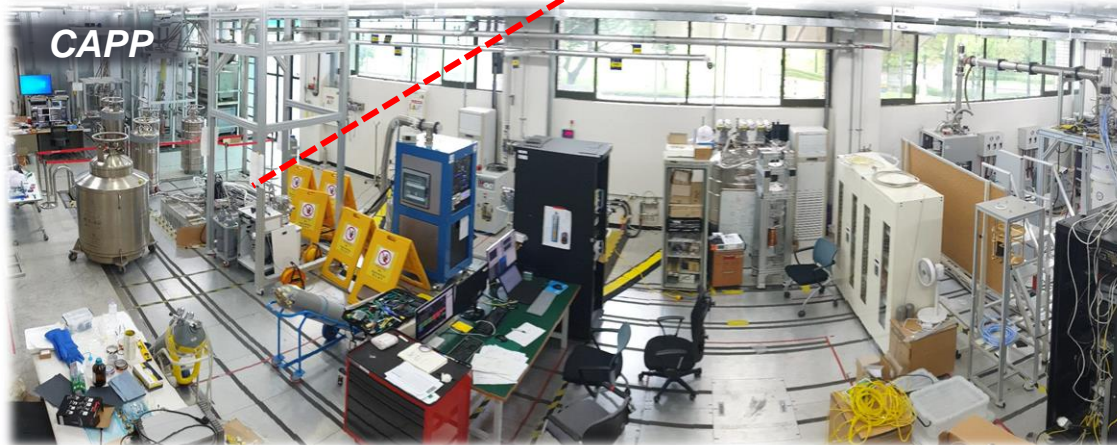
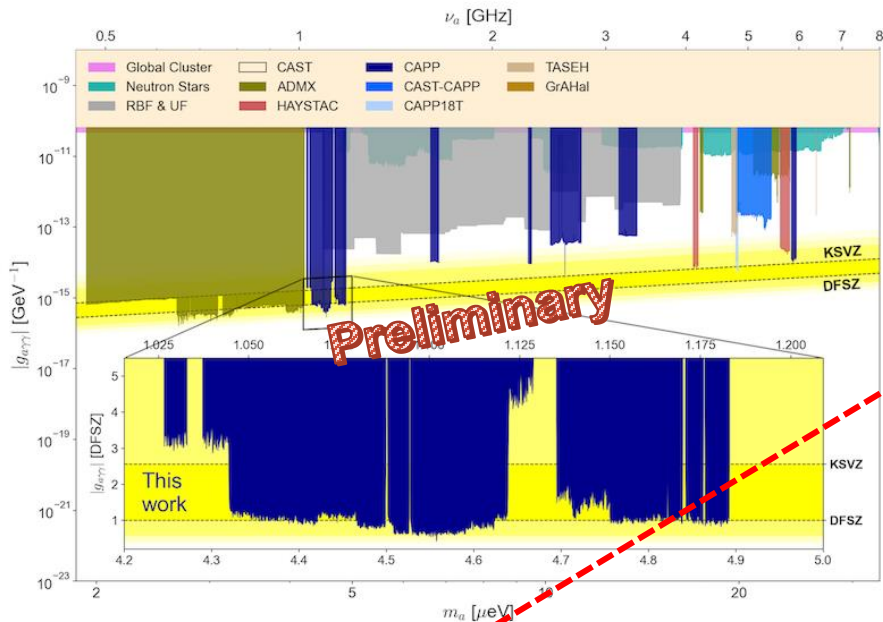


# HAYSTAC





# CAPP

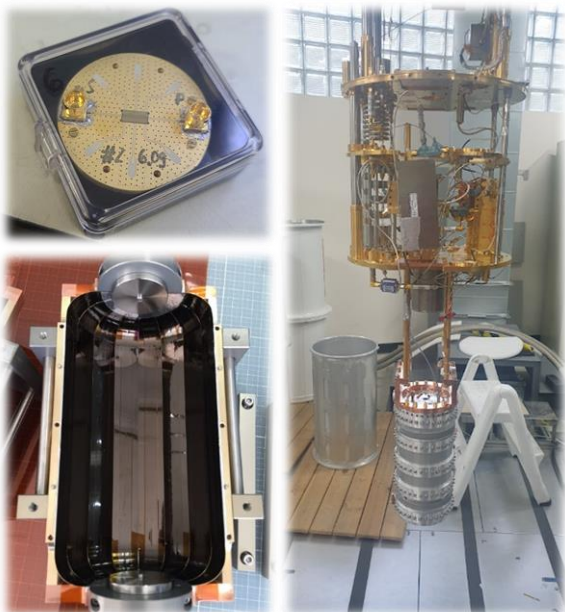


**CAPP-12TB**  
 (12T/320mm)  
 $T_{\text{sys}} < 250$  mK  
 **$df/dt \sim 1.5$  MHz/day @ DFSZ**  
**DFSZ club!**  
 PRL 130 071002 (2023)  
 Extended scan ( $\Delta f \sim 120$  MHz)  
 to be published  
 Ready for up to 1.5 GHz



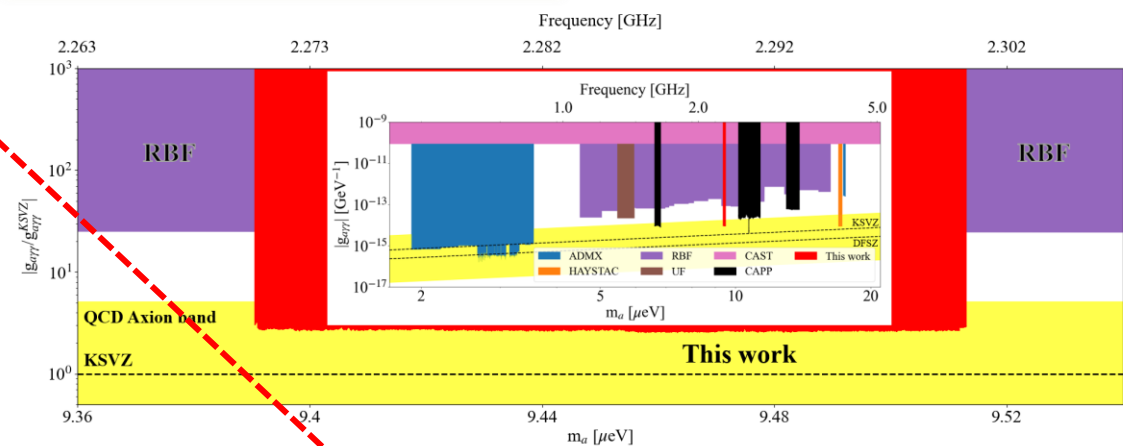


# CAPP



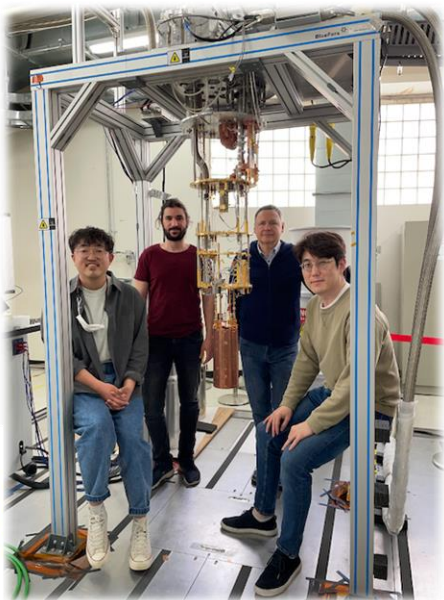
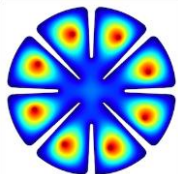
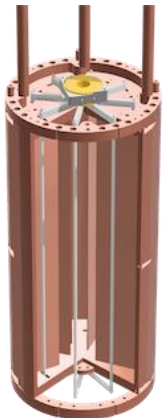
**CAPP-PACE**  
 (8T/125mm)  
 JPA ( $T_{\text{sys}} \sim 200 \text{ mK}$ )  
 PRL 130 091602 (2023)

**HTS SC cavity ( $Q \sim 0.5 \text{ M}$ )**  
 KSVZ  
 To be published

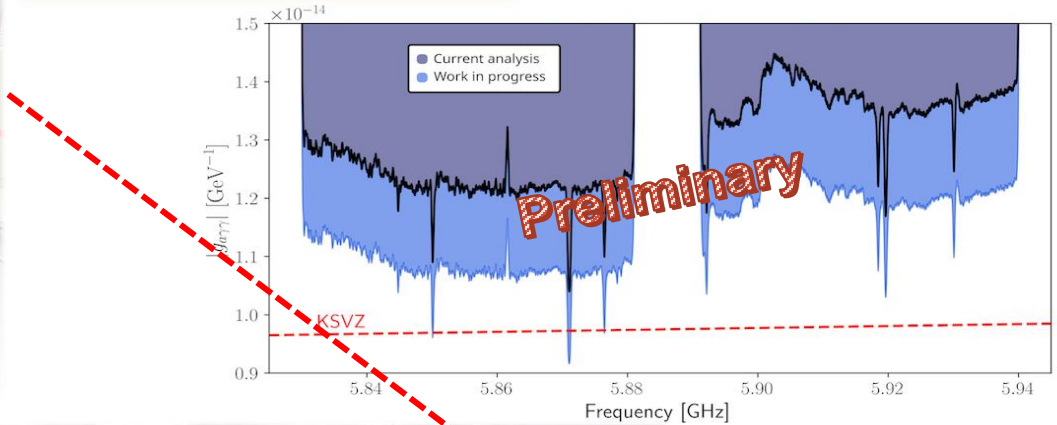




# CAPP



**CAPP-8TB**  
 (8T/165mm)  
**8-cell pizza cavity**  
 $T_{\text{sys}} \sim 400 \text{ mK}$ , KSVZ @ 6 GHz  
 To be published



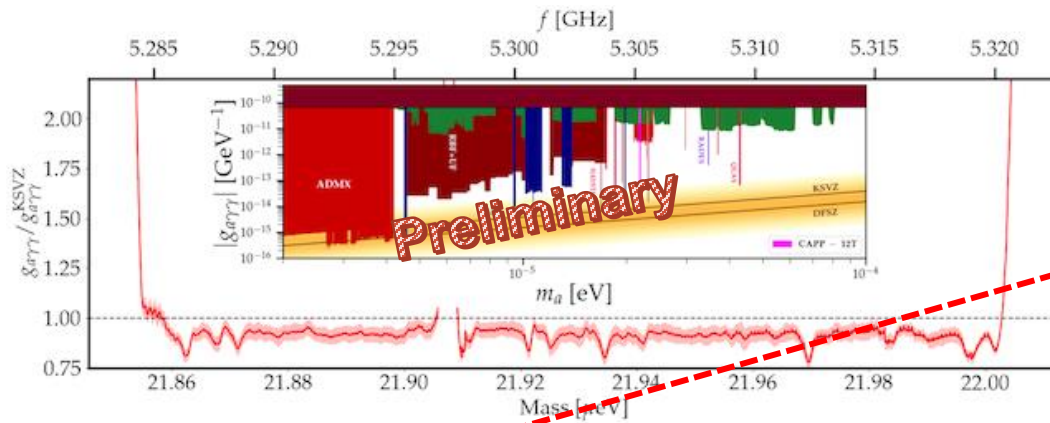
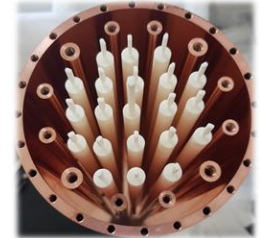
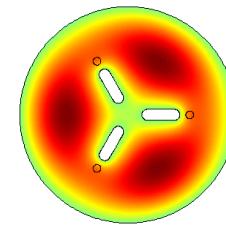




# CAPP

*Photonic crystal (f~10 GHz)  
Physics run this Fall*

**CAPP-12T & 9T**  
(12T/96mm & 9T/127mm)  
*3-cell pizza cavity*  
KSVZ run just decommissioned





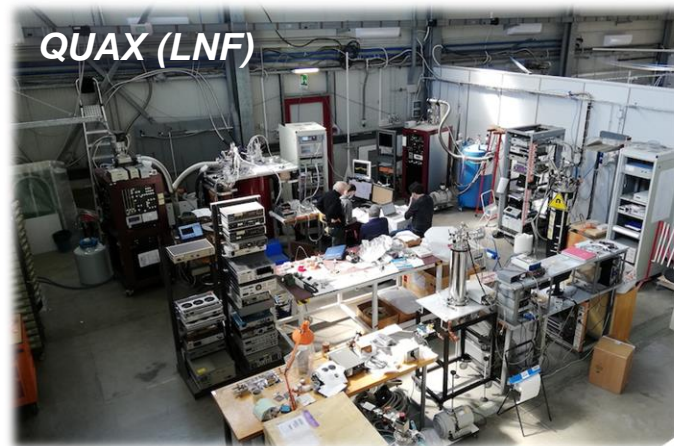
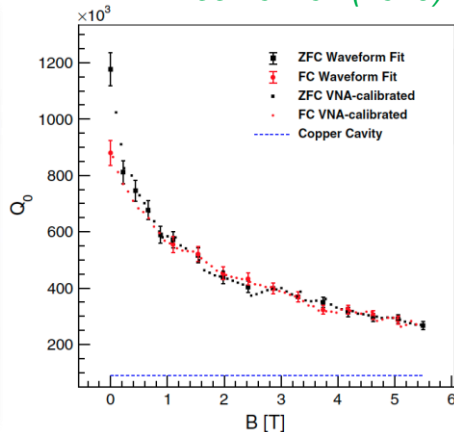


# QUAX



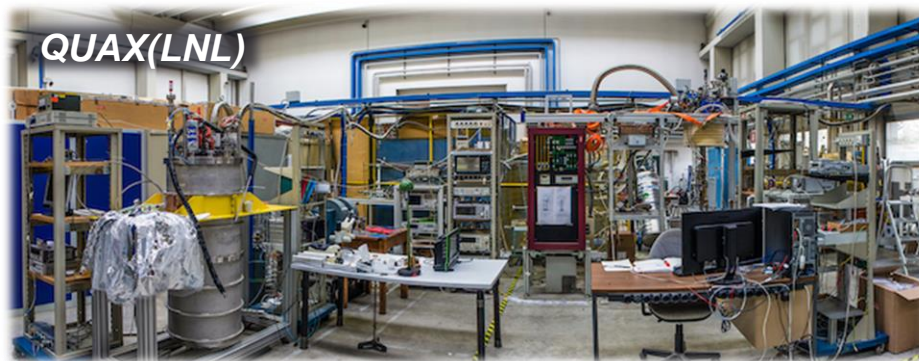
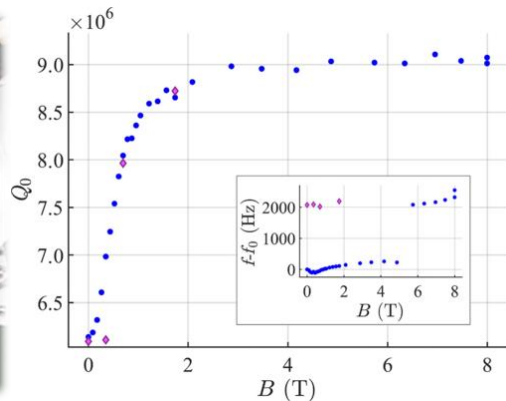
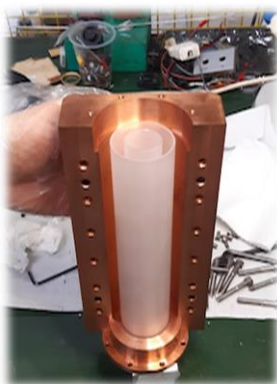
SC (NbTi) cavity

PRD 99 101101 (2019)



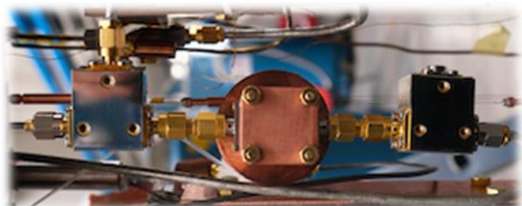
Dielectric cavity

PRApplied 17 054013 (2022)



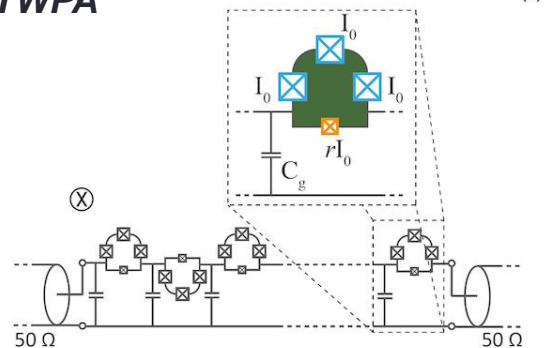


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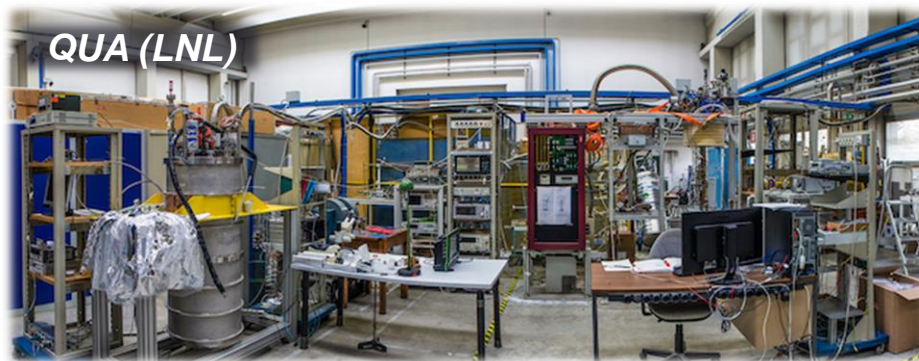
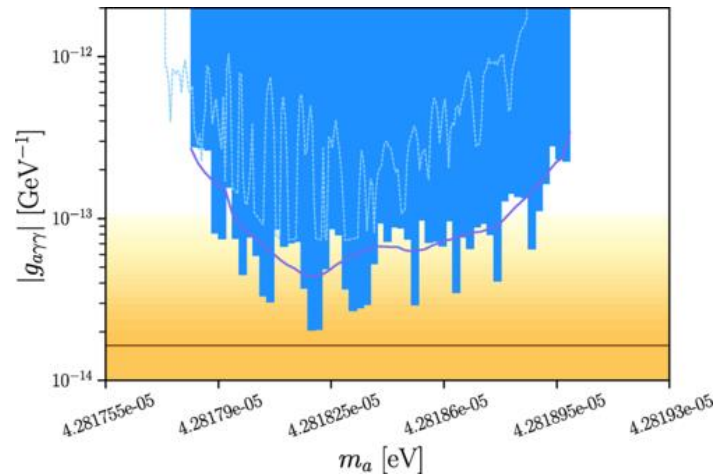
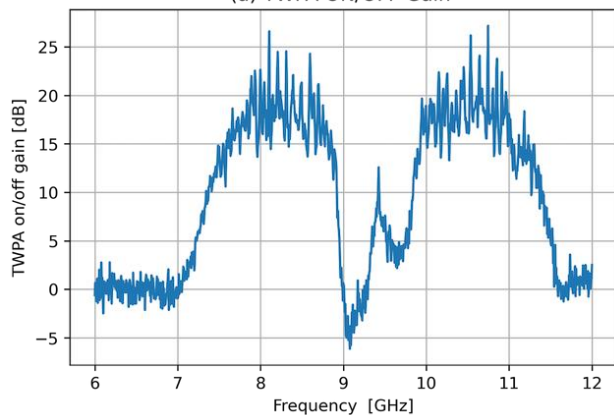


PRD 108 062005 (2023)

TWPA

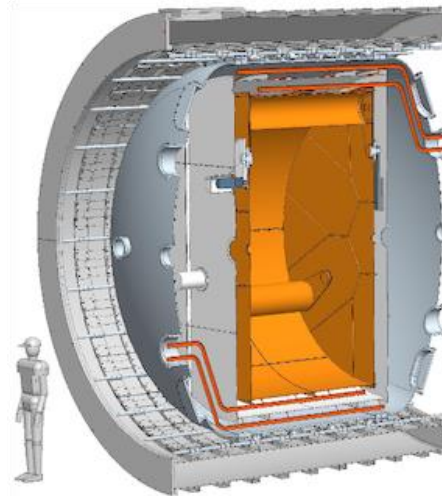


(a) TWPA ON/OFF Gain

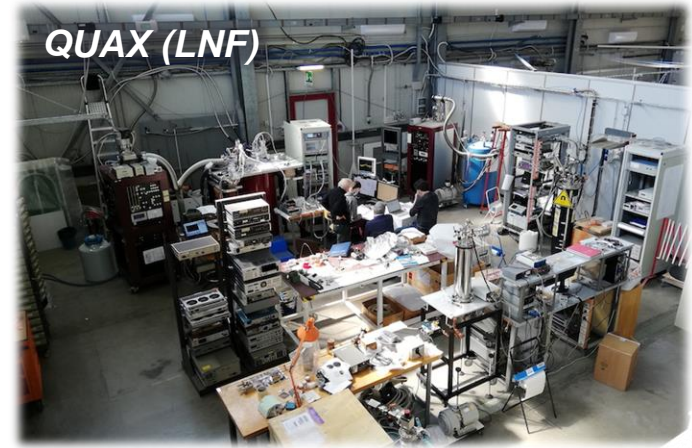




# QUAX



**KLASH to FLASH**



**KLOE magnet**

$$B = 0.6 \text{ T}$$

$$R = 2.4 \text{ m}$$



**DUNE**  
(near detector)



**FINUDA magnet**

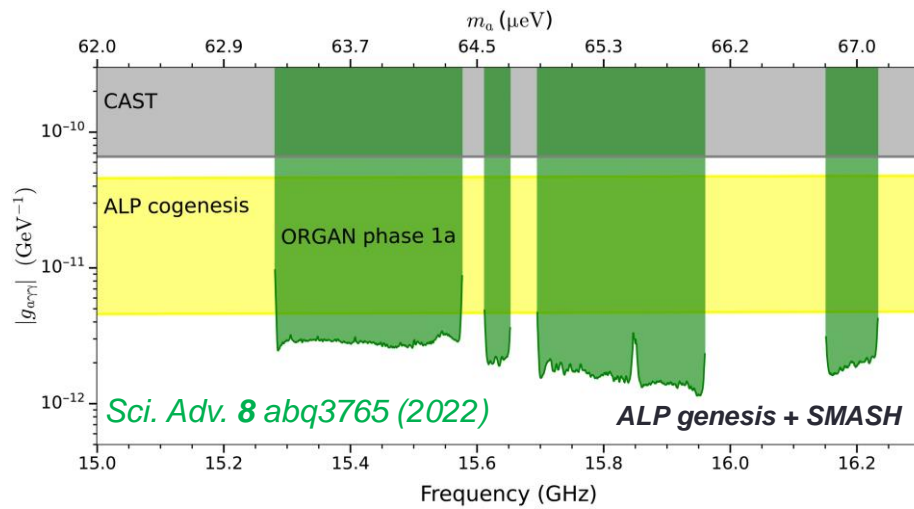
$$B = 1.1 \text{ T}$$

$$R = 1.4 \text{ m}$$



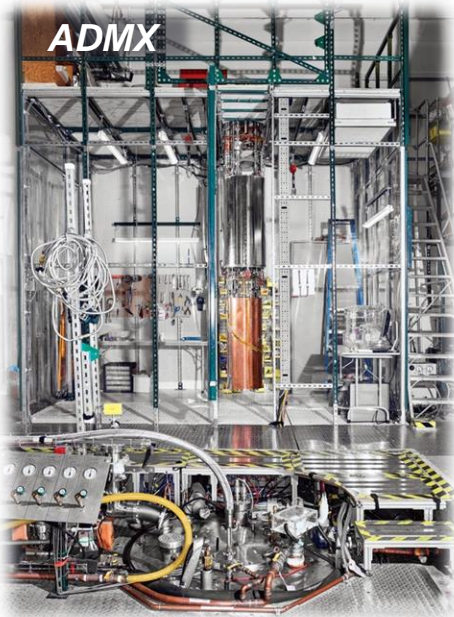


# ORGAN





# Cavity haloscopes



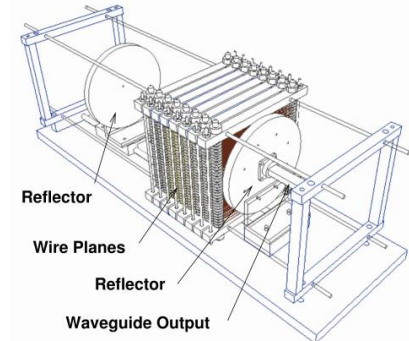
$$1 \lesssim f_a \lesssim 10 \text{ GHz}$$



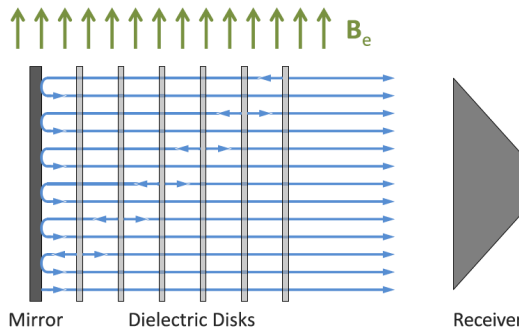


# High frequency searches

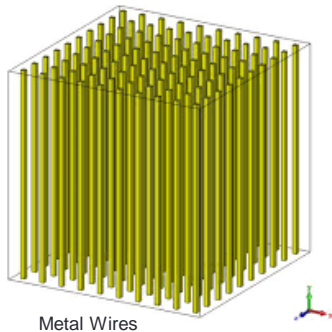
- *Periodic array of dielectric or metal*
  - Search frequency
    - Depending on **interspace**
    - Independent of detector size
  - Large conversion volume



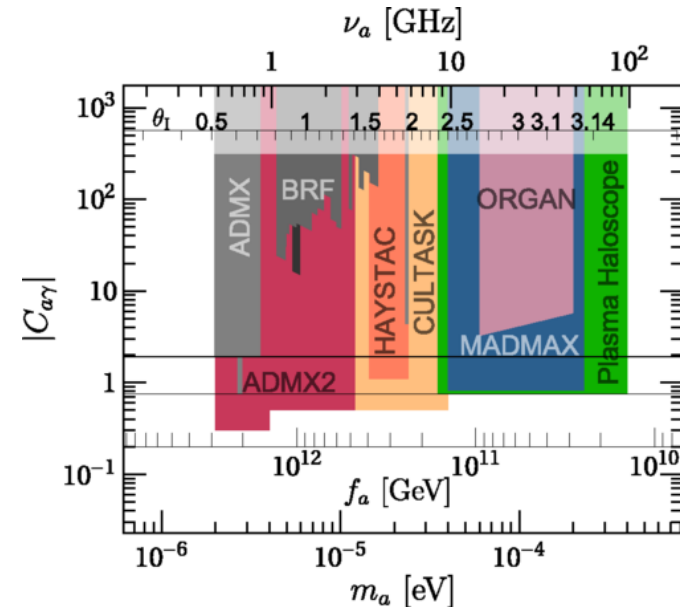
**ORPHEUS** PRD 91 011701 (2015)



**MADMAX**  
JCAP 04 016 (2013)



**ALPHA**  
PRL 123 141802 (2019)



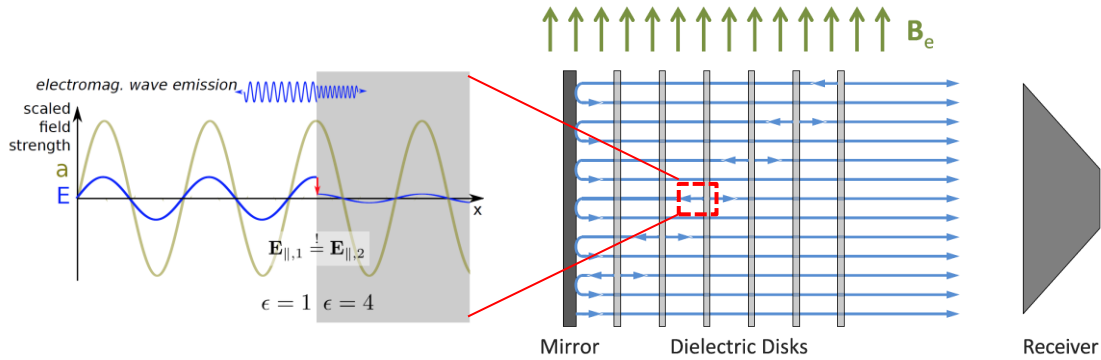
*Suitable for post-inflation scenario (10–100 GHz)*



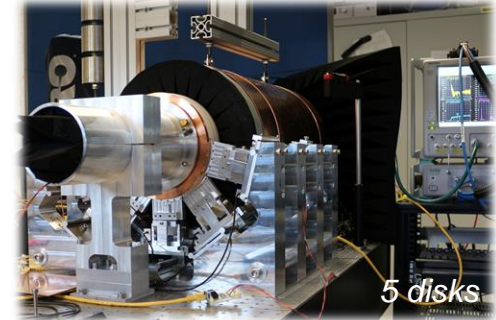
# MADMAX



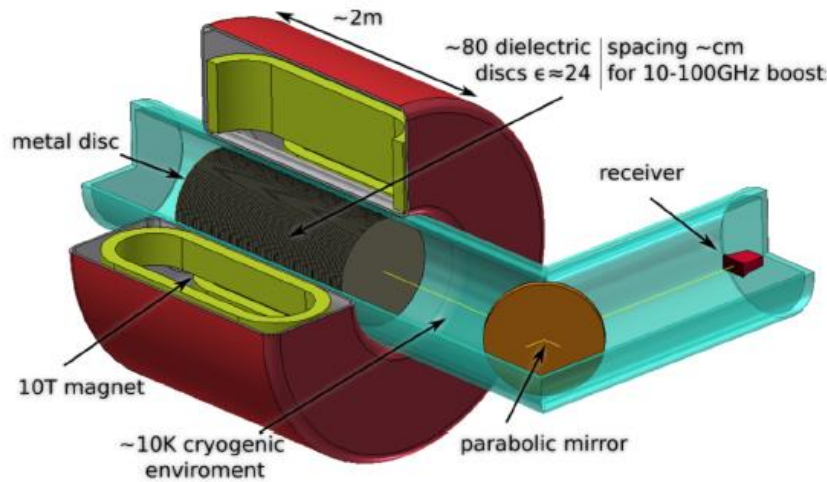
- Dielectric power booster



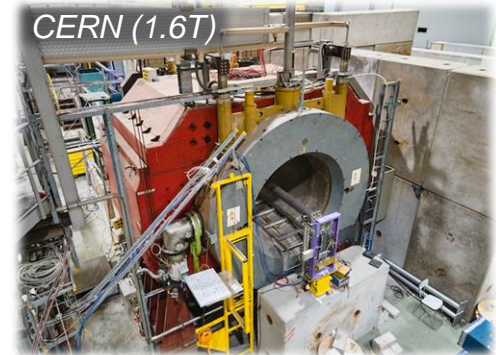
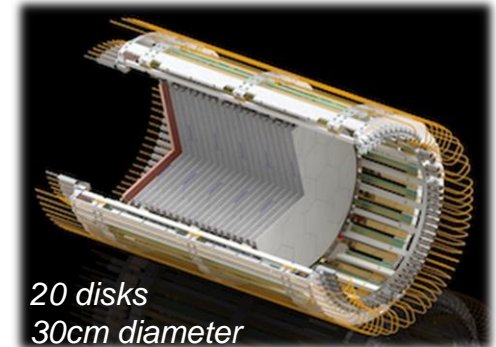
Proof-of-concept



## Full scale experiment



Prototype (2024)

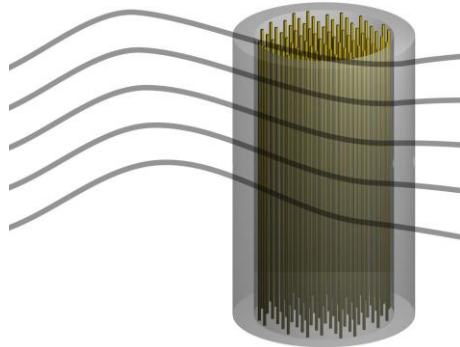




# ALPHA

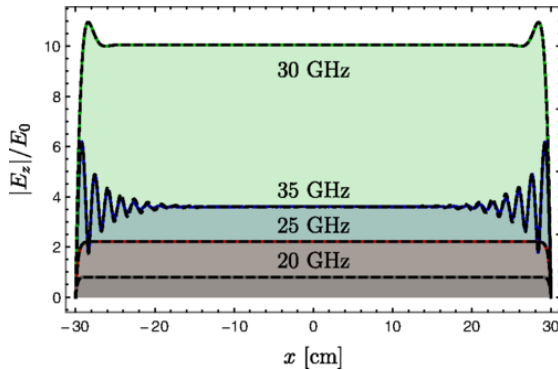


- Plasma haloscope**

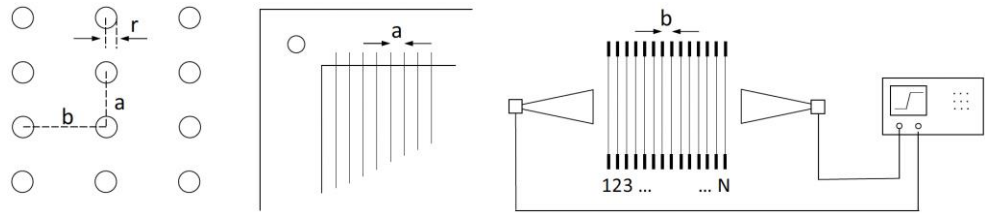


*Axion-plasmon interaction*

Periodic structure  $\Rightarrow$  Meta-material  
Wire array  $\Rightarrow$  bulk plasmon



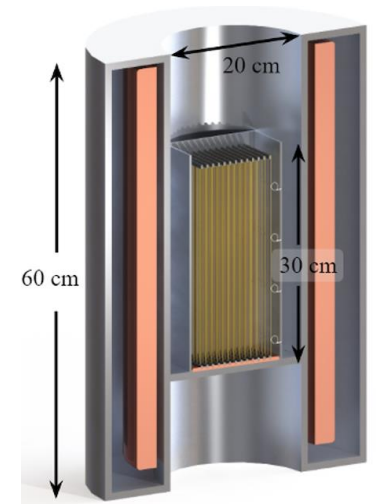
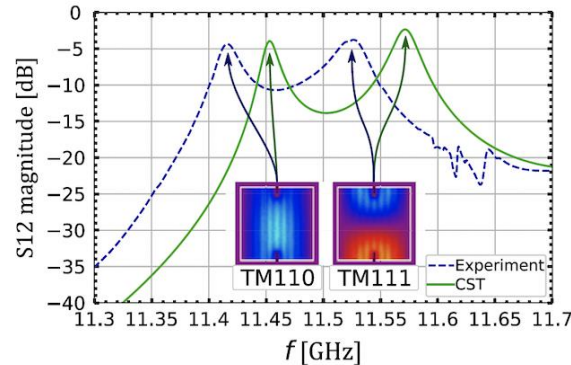
**Frequency tunable**



$$\omega_p^2 = \frac{n_e e^2}{m_e} = \frac{2\pi}{b^2 \log(\frac{b}{r})}$$



PRD 107 055013 (2023)



**Physics data in 2026**

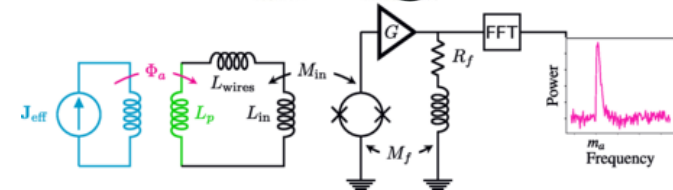
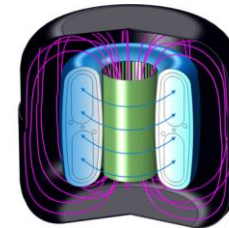


# Lumped element haloscope

- **Broadband low mass search ( $< 1 \text{ ueV}$ )**
  - Sensitive to pre-inflation axions

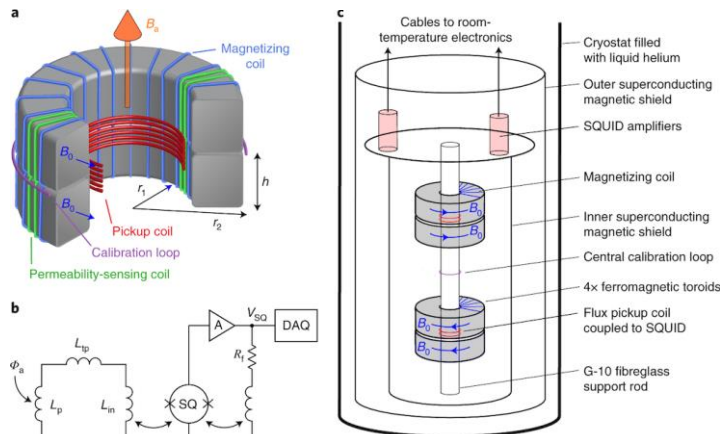
**ABRACADABRA-10cm**

*PRL 127 081801 (2021)*

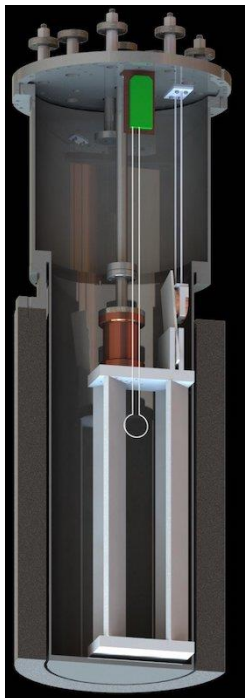


## SHAFT

*Nature Phys. 17, 79 (2021)*

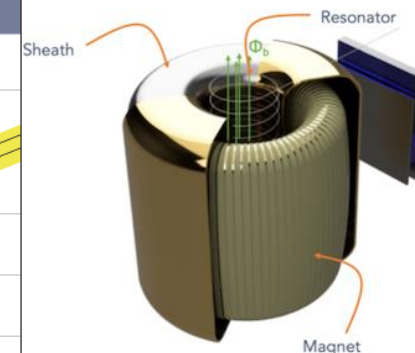
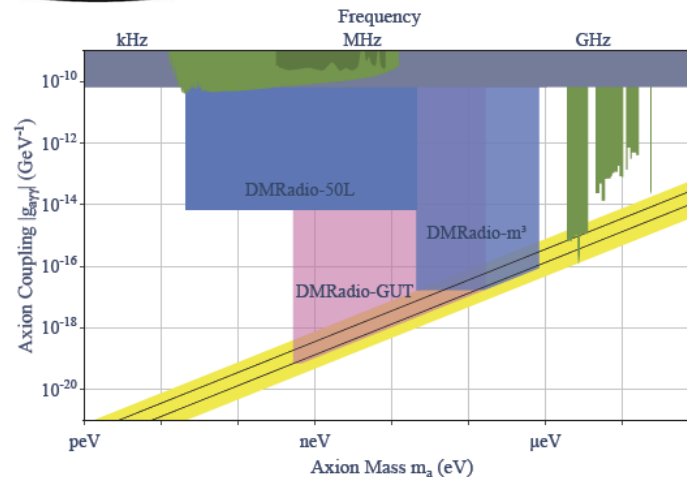


## ADMX SLIC



*PRL 124, 241101 (2020)*

## DM Radio







# Other haloscopes

## • Recent

- **CAST-CAPP**: phase-matched cavities,  $\sim 20$   $\mu\text{eV}$  Nat. Comm. **13**, 6180 (2022)
- **RADES**: microwave fiber,  $\sim 34$   $\mu\text{eV}$  JHEP **2021** 75 (2021)
- **Grenoble Axion Haloscope** arXiv:2110.14406
  - 14T/52mm magnet,  $\sim 26$   $\mu\text{eV}$
- **Taiwan Axion Search Experiment with Haloscope** PRL **129** 111802 (2022)
  - 4.7 GHz,  $11 \times g_{\text{arr}}^{\text{KSVZ}}$
- **Superconducting axion search**
  - SC cavity, 14T, 8.4 GHz (under construction)

## • Proposed

- **Broadband Reflector Experiment for Axion Detection** PRL **128** 131801 (2022)
  - Parabolic reflector, THz region
- **Canfranc Axion Detection Experiment** JCAP **11** 044 (2022)
  - 90 GHz (W-band), Kinetic Induction Detectors





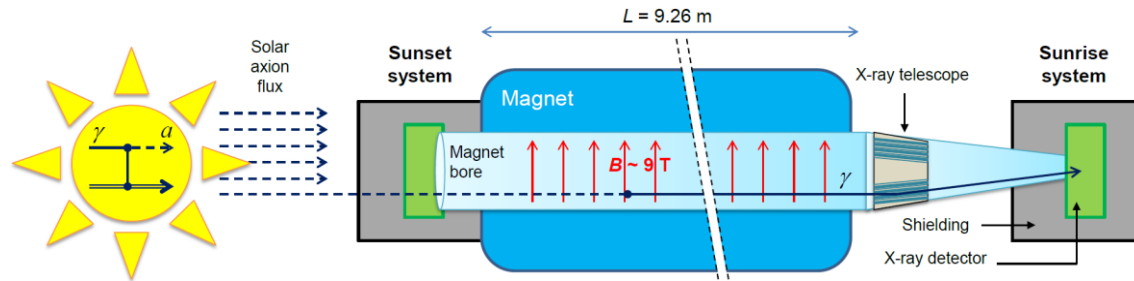
# *Helioscope Searches*



# Helioscope



- Solar axion telescope*



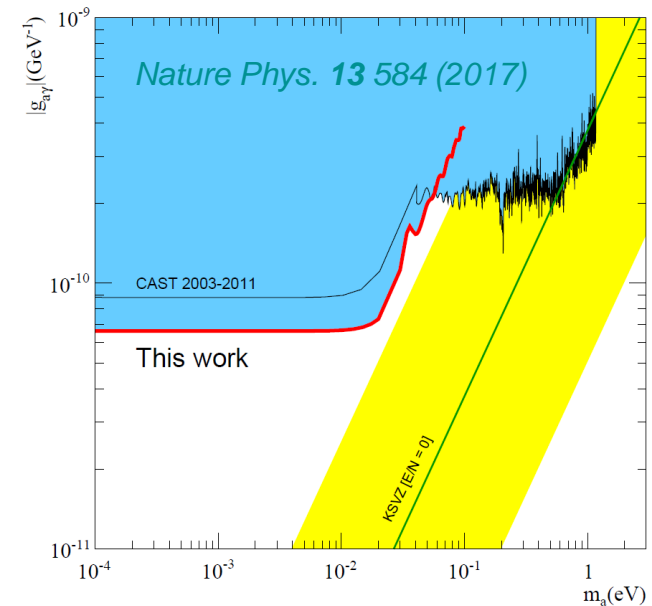
*Black-body photons (keV) to axions  
in  
dense stellar plasma*

*Reconversion into photons (X-ray)  
in  
laboratory magnetic fields*

$$\mathcal{P}_{a \rightarrow \gamma} \sim \left( \frac{g_{a\gamma\gamma} B_0}{q} \right) \sin \left( \frac{qL}{2} \right), \quad q \equiv \frac{m_a^2}{2E_a}$$

- History*

- BNL, JAPAN*
- CAST completed in 2015*
- IAXO in plan*



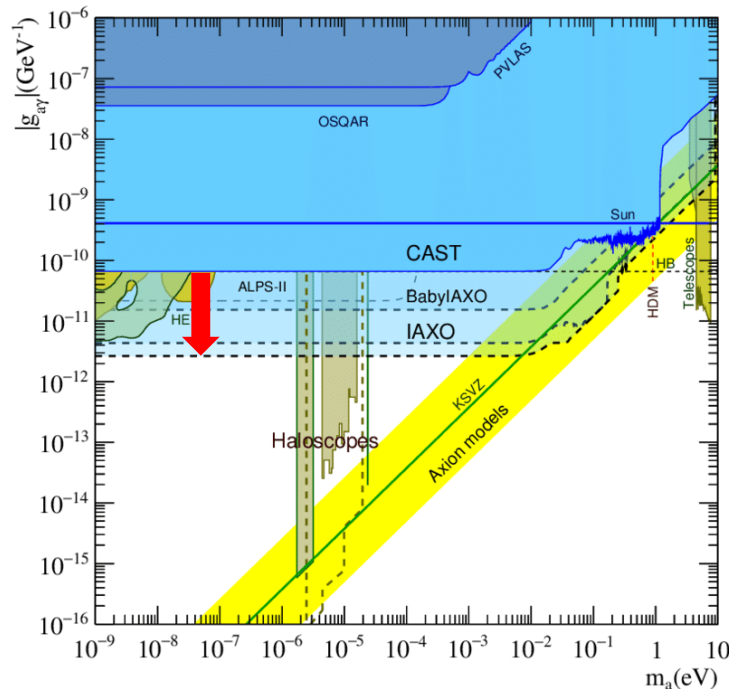
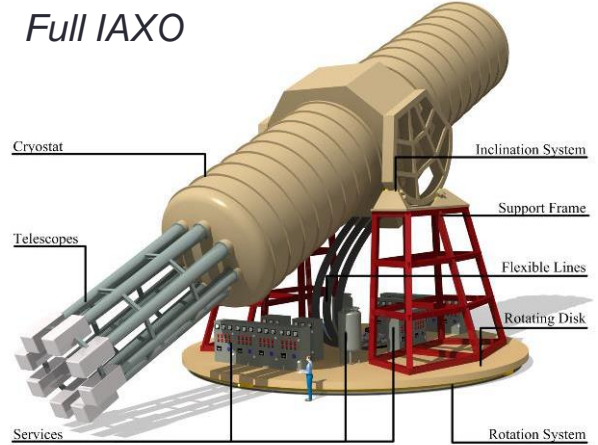


# IAXO



- International AXion Observatory**

- Large toroidal helioscope
  - 8 dipoles (5.4 T, 20 m, 600 mm)
- Diverse physics over wide range
  - QCD axions / ALP miracle (DM & inflation)
  - Astrophysical hints
- Goal :  $g_{a\gamma} \sim 10^{-12} \text{ GeV}^{-1}$



- Baby-IAXO**

- Approved in 2020 (DESY)
- First step towards full IAXO
  - 4 T / 10 m long => 10 x CAST







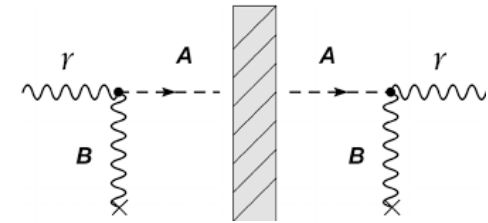
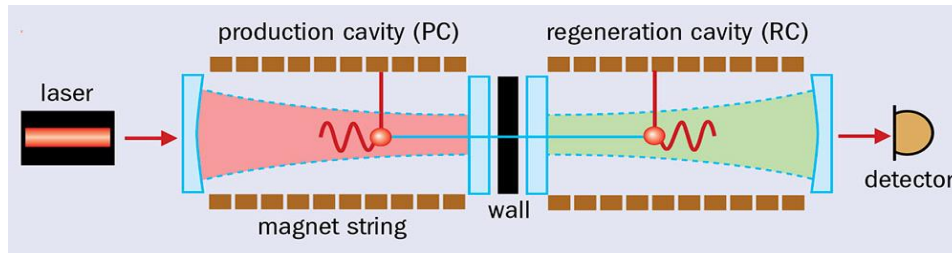
# *Laboratory Searches*



# Light shining through a wall



- *Axion production at laboratory*



Two vertices  $\Rightarrow$  fourth power of coupling

- *Model independent search*
  - No need of cosmo./astrophys. source
  - cf. halo(helio)scope search needs density(flux)
- *History*
  - BFRT (Brookhaven-Fermilab-Rochester-Trieste)
  - OSQAR (LHC dipole at CERN) – most stringent limit
  - ALPS (HERA dipole at DESY)





# ALPS II



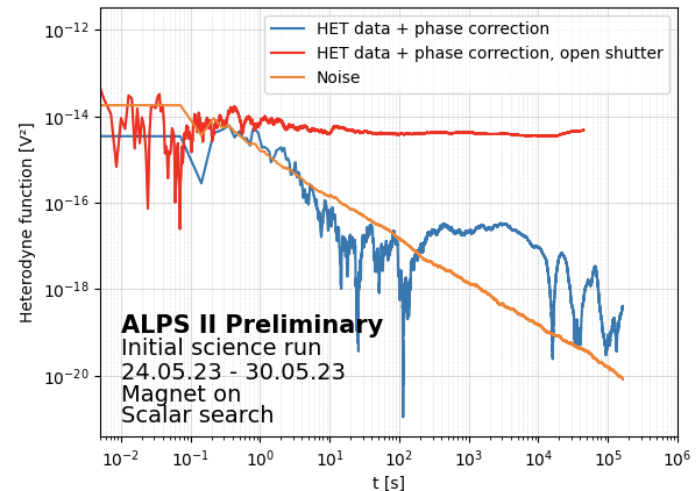
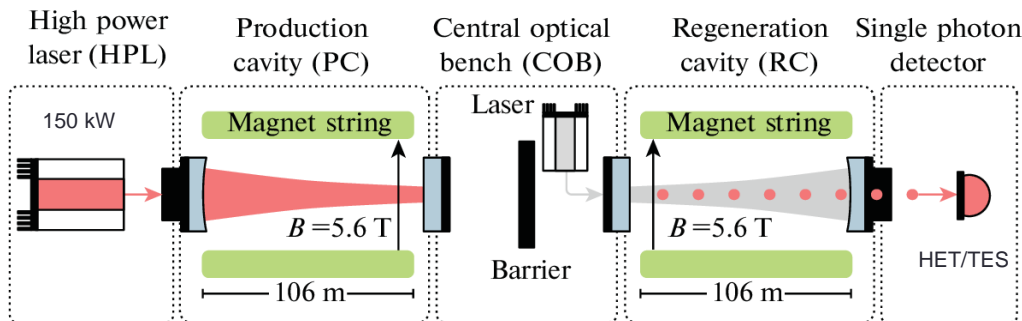
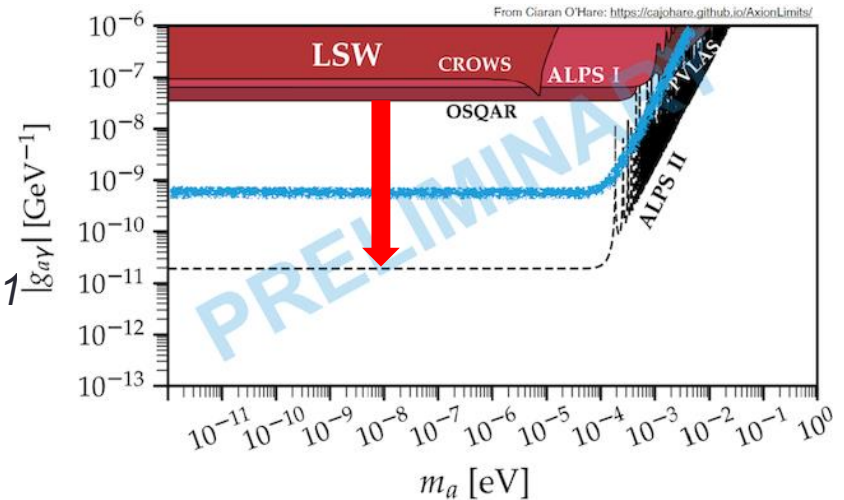
**Early science run**  
(May 23rd to 31st)

• **Any Light Particle Search II**

- 2 x 12 Hera dipoles (8.8 m & 5.3 T)
- High power laser system
- Dual high-finesse optical cavities
- Photon detector: HET/TES
- Final goal:  $g_{a\gamma\gamma} \sim 10^{-11} \text{ GeV}^{-1}$  below 0.1 eV
  - Three orders of magnitude of ALPS

• **Early science run**

- May 23rd to 31st (45 hours data)
- No PC: 30 x ALPS



$$n_{\text{signal}} \approx \frac{1 \text{ photon}}{37 \text{ hours}} \cdot \left( \frac{P_{\text{PC}}}{150 \text{ kW}} \right) \left( \frac{\beta_{\text{RC}}}{10,000} \right) \left( \frac{\eta}{0.9} \right) \left( \frac{g_{a\gamma\gamma}}{2 \times 10^{-11} \text{ GeV}^{-1}} \right)^4 \left( \frac{B}{5.3 \text{ T}} \right)^4 \left( \frac{L}{106 \text{ m}} \right)^4$$





# Summary

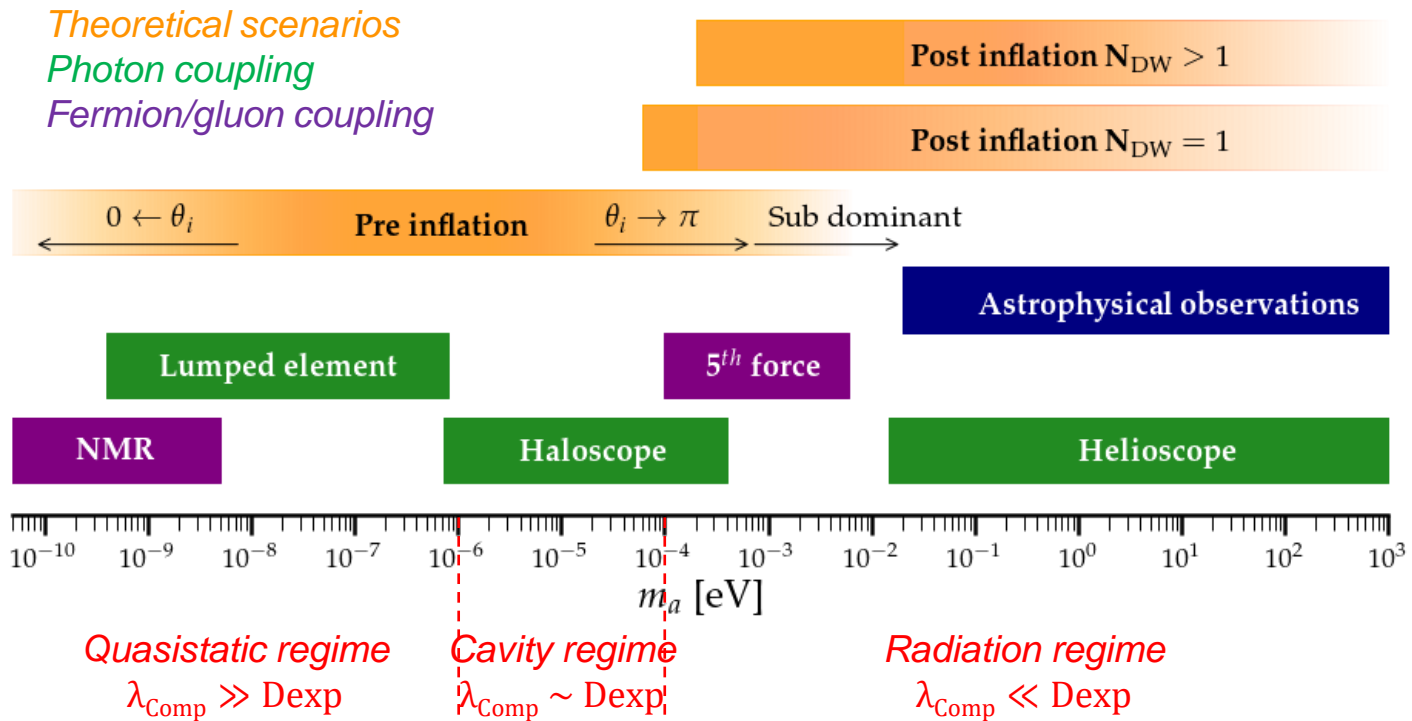


- *Axions address two fundamental questions*
  - *Strong CP problem & dark matter mystery*
- *Theoretically well motivated but experimentally challenging*
  - *Weak coupling and unknown mass*
- *Tremendous search efforts*
  - *Different technologies targeting at different mass ranges*
- *Axion community is getting larger*
  - *New results, new groups and new ideas (during the workshop)*
- *Next a couple of decades must be critical/exciting*
  - *Covering a substantial portion of the parameter space*
  - *Uncovering the nature of dark matter*



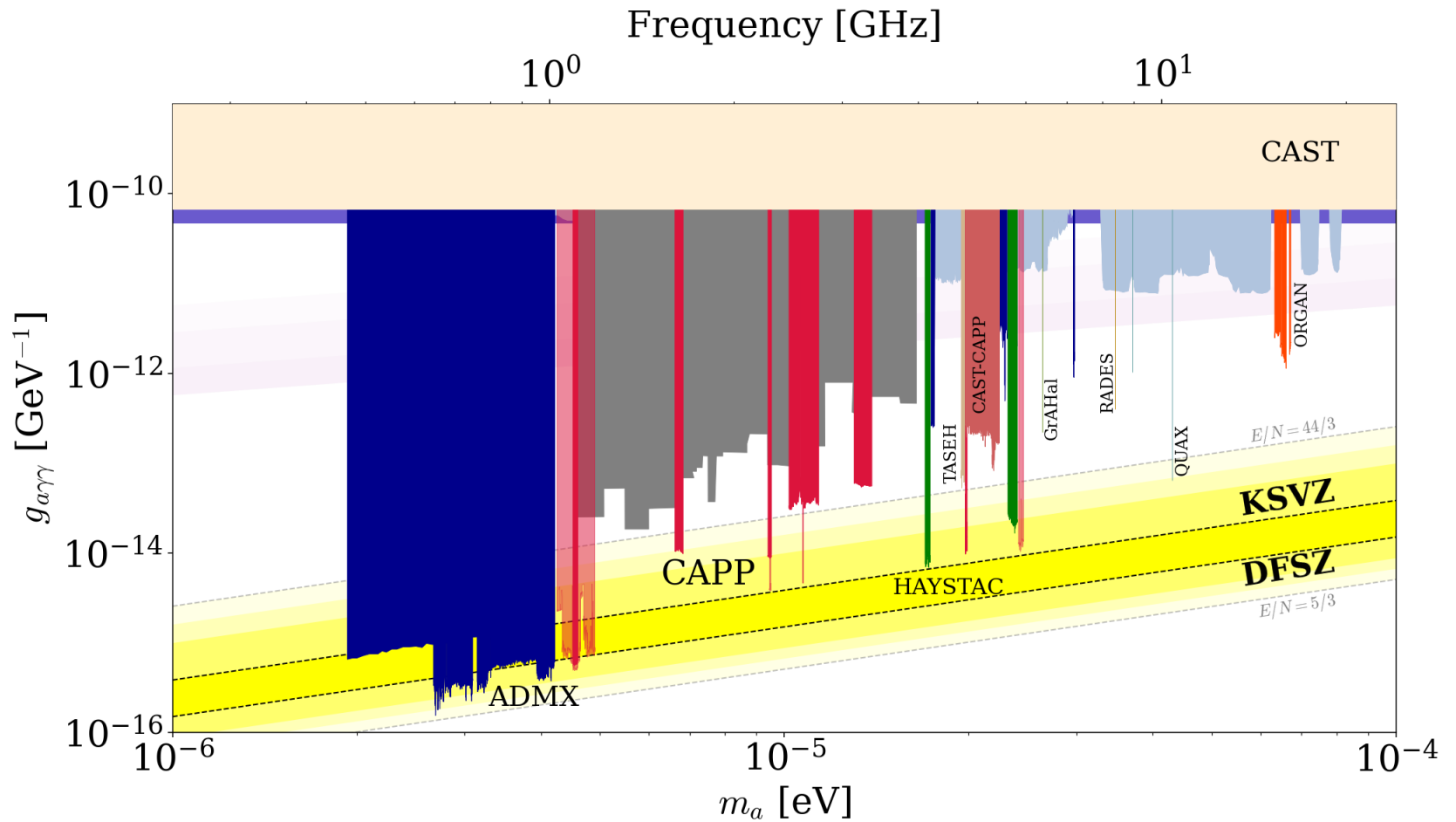
# Where are dark matter axions?

- Different PQ breaking scenarios  
 => Different mass ranges  
 => Different search strategies  
 (Depending on  $\lambda_{\text{Comp}}$  w.r.t.  $D_{\text{exp}}$ )





# Haloscope searches







# Magnet



ADMX (8T/600mm)



CAPP (12T/320mm)



CAPP (18T/70mm)



YBCO pancakes



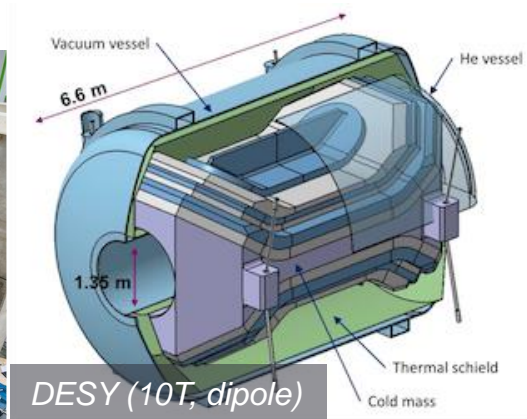
Grenoble (43T/34mm)



UIC (9.4T/800mm)



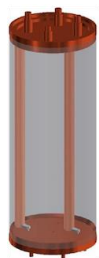
CERN (1.6T)



DESY (10T, dipole)



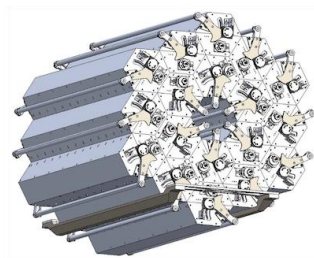
# Cavity



Run 1A-C



Run 2

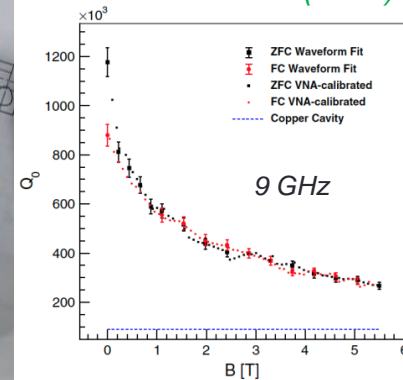


EFR

arXiv: 2203.14923

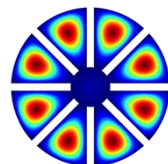
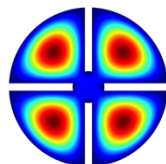
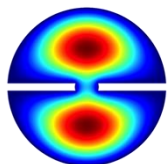


PRD 99 101101 (2019)

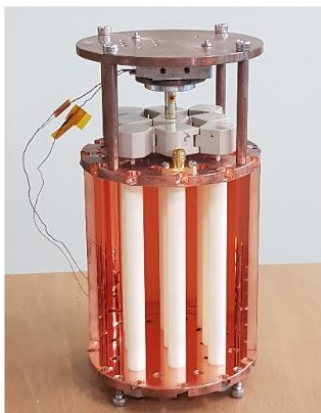


D. Ahn (Tue)

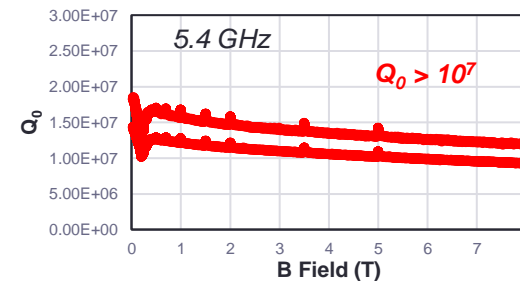
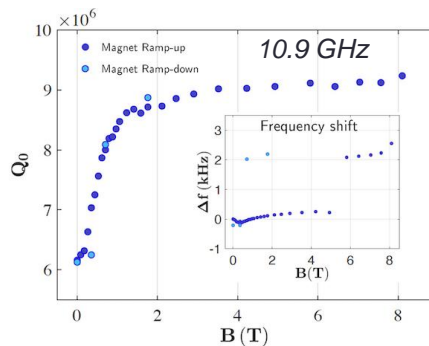
PRL 125 221302 (2020)



arXiv: 2205.08885



NIM 985 164641 (2021)



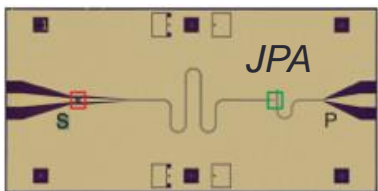




# Microwave photon detector

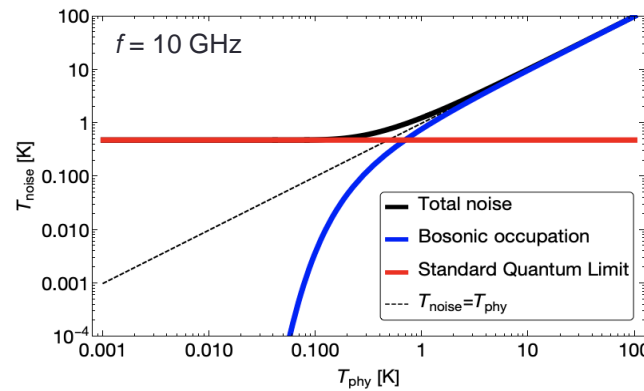


Transistor-based  
( $T_N \sim K$ )

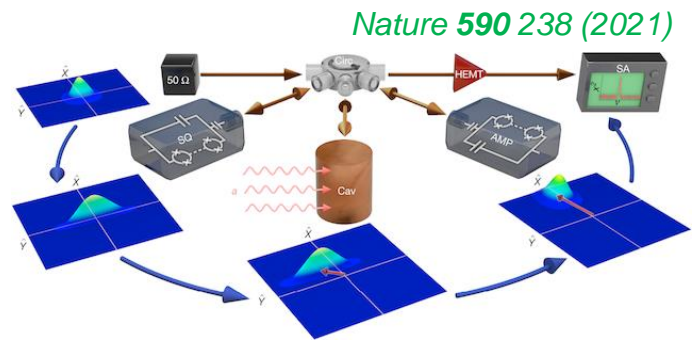
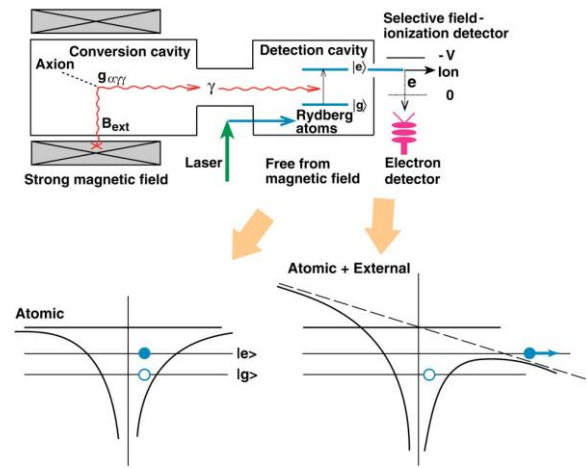


Quantum limited  
( $T_{SQL} \sim 50 \text{ mK} \times f [\text{GHz}]$ )

## Power detection vs. photon counting (w/ amplifiers) (w/ single photon detector)

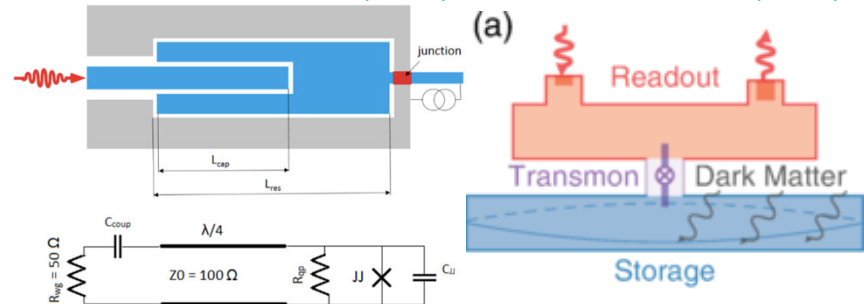


**Game changer  
at high freq. and low temp.**



Quantum squeezing ( $T_N < T_{SQL}$ )

IEEE TASC 2850019 (2018) PRL 126 141302 (2021)



Single photon counting ( $T_N \ll T_{SQL}$ )





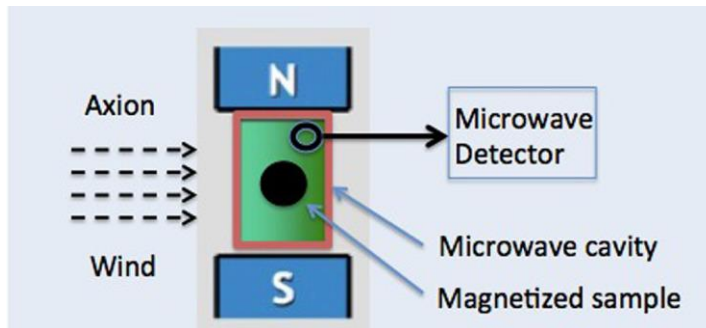
# Fermion coupling



## • QUAX-ae

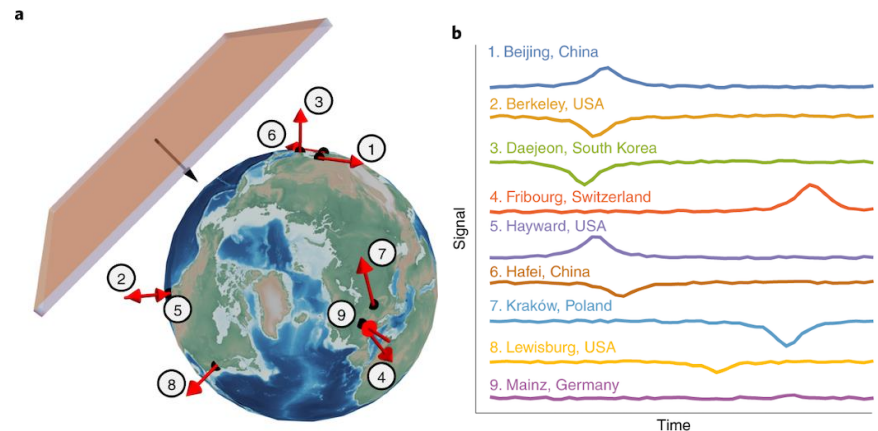
- Ferromagnetic haloscope
  - *Axion-electron spin*
- Photon-magnon system
  - Series of YIG spheres
  - $TM_{110}$  of a cylindrical cavity
- Upgraded with JPA
- Best limit near  $m_a \sim 43 \mu\text{eV}$

*PRL 124 171801 (2020)*



## • LACME

- *Low temperature Axion Chiral Magnetic Effect*
  - Axion-electron coupling, axion as chemical potential for electron *arXiv:2207.06884*
  - Correlated signal





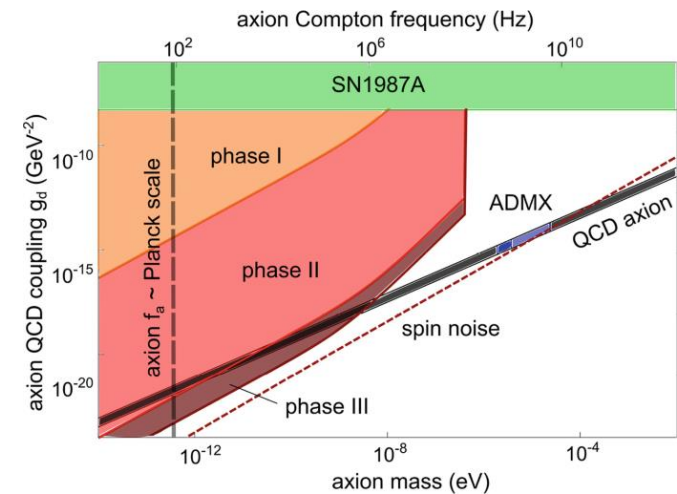
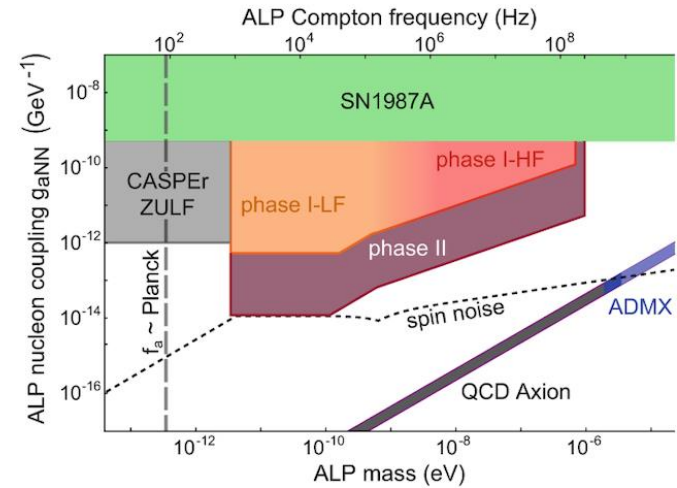
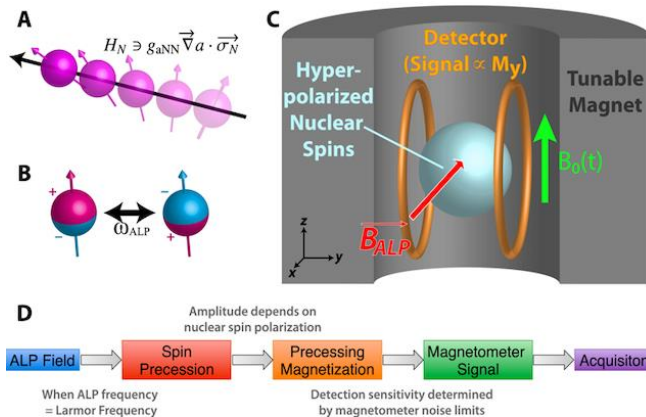
# Fermion/EDM coupling



## Cosmic Axion Spin Precession Experiment

H. Bekker, Thu

- **CASPER-wind(gradient)**
  - Axion-nuclear spin (axion wind)
- **CASPER-electric**
  - Axion-nEDM (electric field)
  - Probe for  $aG\tilde{G}$  (QCD axion?)
- Nuclear magnetic resonance
  - $\omega_L(\propto B_0) = m_a$
  - Highly sensitive to  $m_a < 10^{-8}$  eV





# CPV and EDM



## CPV in QCD

- $\theta_{eff} \equiv \theta_{QCD} - \frac{a}{f_a} = 0$
- QCD axion  $\Rightarrow$  EDM = 0

vs.

## Additional CPV in nature

- $\theta_{eff} \equiv \theta_{QCD} - \frac{a}{f_a} + \dots \neq 0$
- EDM  $\neq 0 \Rightarrow$  non-QCD axion field?

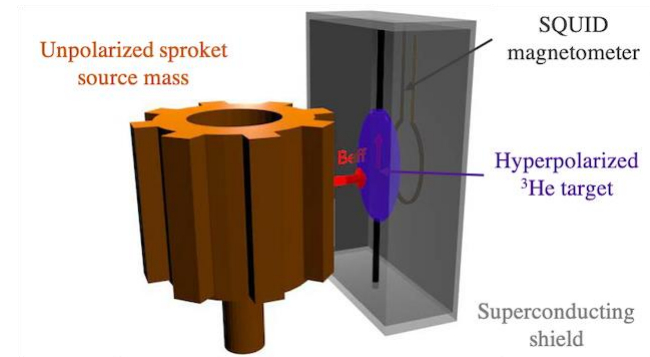
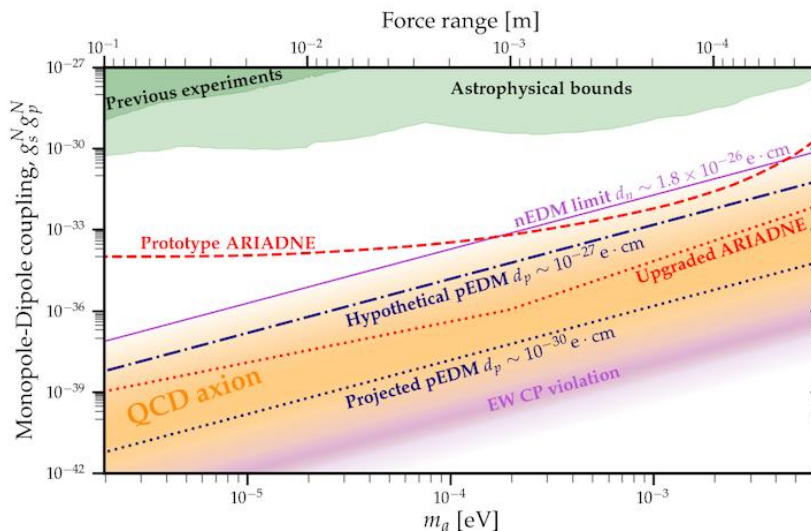
## Storage ring proton beam

- Direct probe for pEDM
- Sensitivity improvement
  - $pEDM \sim 10^{-29} e \cdot cm$

## ARIADNE

A. Geraci (Thu)

- Nucleon-nucleon interactions
  - 5<sup>th</sup> force mediator
- No cosmological assumptions



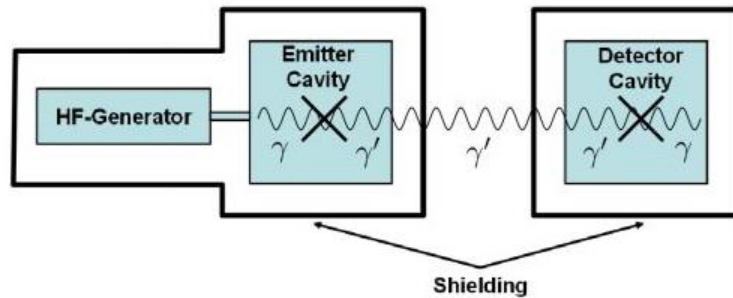
## Decisive exclusion

- Negative results from the two independent experiments
- $0.1 \text{ meV} < m_a < 10 \text{ meV}$

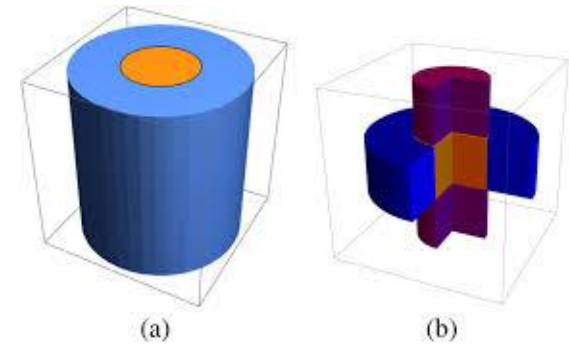


# Hidden photon

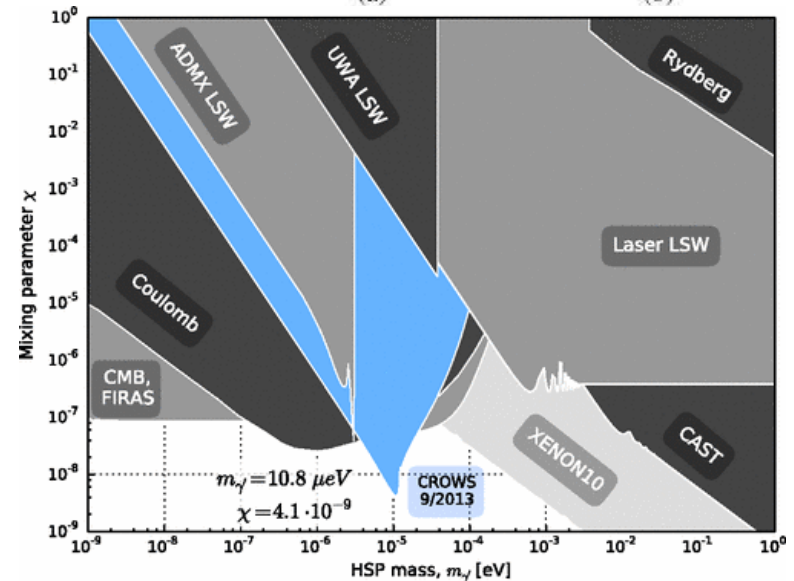
- **Vector field**
  - Gauge boson in hidden sector + dark matter
  - Kinetic mixing with SM gauge fields
- **LSW-type w/ no magnets** *PLB 659 509 (2008)*



*PRD 103 055004 (2021)*



- **Cavity searches**
  - ADMX *PRL 105 171801 (2010)*
  - UWA *PRD 82 052003 (2010)*
  - CROW *PRD 88 075014 (2013)*
  - SC cavities and ...
  - New ideas *R. Cervantes, O. Tajima (Thu)*







# Chameleon



- **Scalar field**
  - Dark energy candidate *PRD 69 044026 (2004)*
- **Effective potential dependent on ambient matter / EM field**

$$V_{eff}(\phi, \vec{r}) = \Lambda^4 e^{\frac{\Lambda^n}{\phi^n}} + e^{\frac{\beta_m}{M_{Pl}}\phi} \rho_m(\vec{r}) + e^{\frac{\beta_\gamma}{M_{Pl}}\phi} \rho_\gamma(\vec{r})$$

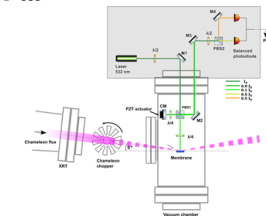
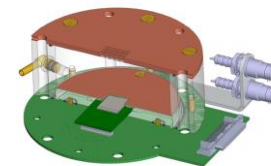
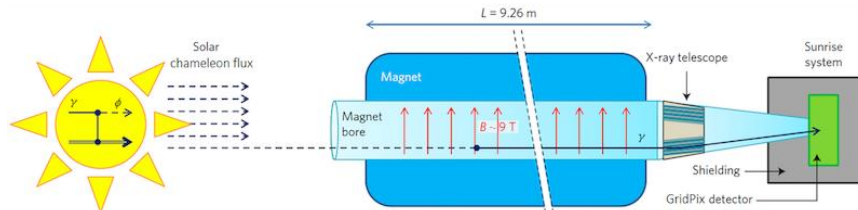
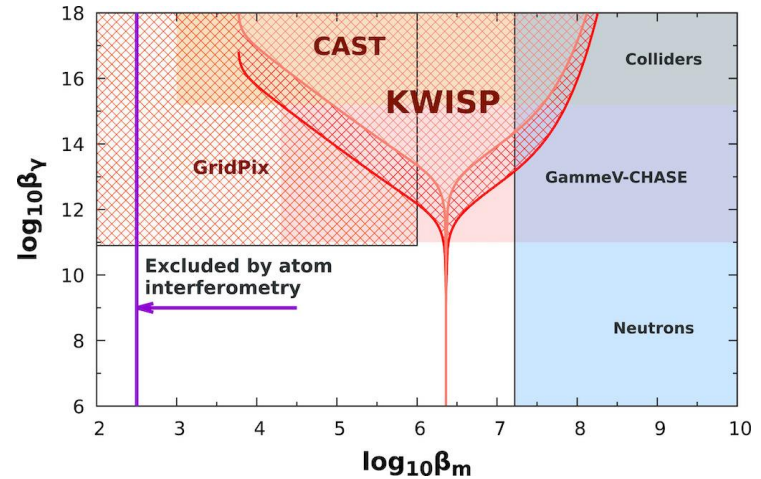
Matter coupling

Photon coupling

*Phys. Dark Univ. 26 100367 (2019)*

- **Searches**

- **Afterglow effect**
  - GammeV, CHASE, ADMX, ...
- **Solar chameleon**
  - Similar to solar axion search
  - CAST ( $\phi - \gamma$ ) and KWISP ( $\phi - m$ )
  - $P_{\phi \rightarrow \gamma, m} \propto \beta_{\gamma, m}^2 B^2 L^2$





# Axion searches – future

