

Contribution ID: 799

Type: Poster

Generalized angularities of heavy flavor and inclusive jets in Au+Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{\rm NN}} = 200$ GeV at STAR

Jets originating from hard-scattered partons from the early stages of heavy-ion collisions travel through the Quark Gluon Plasma (QGP) and are modified or quenched relative to a p+p collision baseline. Moments of the jet's transverse momentum, $p_{\rm T}$, profile in the $\eta - \varphi$ plane relative to the jet axis, called generalized jet angularities $\lambda_{\alpha}^{\kappa}$, are an important class of jet substructure observables to study in-medium modifications of the jet's radiation and fragmentation patterns. While previous measurements of these angularities were performed for inclusive jets in heavy-ion collisions at the LHC, similar measurements at RHIC will probe jet quenching in complementary regions of phase space, offering new insights. Performing these measurements for inclusive and D^0 meson-tagged jets in Au+Au collisions will provide new opportunities to investigate in-medium modifications of jet substructure and quark fragmentation for both light and heavy flavors.

In this contribution, we report on the first measurements of nuclear modification factor as a function of different generalized angularities for heavy flavor jets in heavy-ion collisions. The fully-corrected generalized jet angularities, such as Les Houches Angularity $\lambda_{0.5}^1$, girth λ_1^1 , or thrust λ_2^1 are measured for both inclusive and D^0 meson-tagged jets in Au+Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{\rm NN}} = 200$ GeV, collected by the STAR experiment at RHIC. These results can provide insight into mass-dependent effects and will help distinguish between various models of jet quenching, and light and heavy flavor quark in-medium energy loss.

Category

Experiment

Collaboration (if applicable)

STAR

Authors: COLLABORATION, STAR; PANI, Tanmay

Presenter: PANI, Tanmay

Session Classification: Poster session 2

Track Classification: Heavy flavor & quarkonia