

Global fits of the SM and beyond

Constraining new physics via improved global fits of the
Standard Model Effective Field Theory

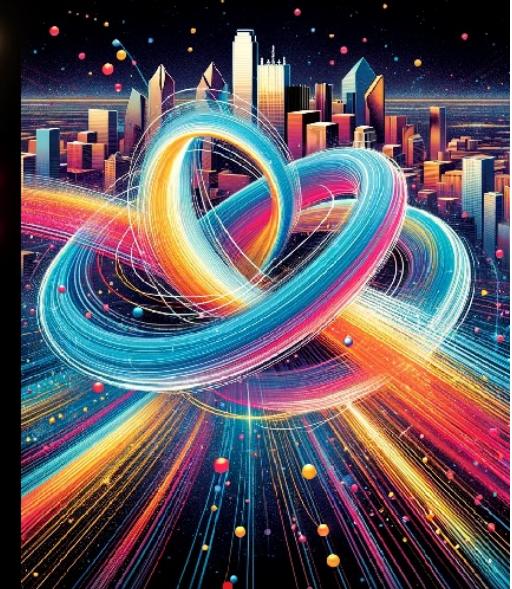
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(Florida State University)



LOOPFEST
XXII

Southern Methodist University
Dallas, TX, May 20-22, 2024
<https://indico.cern.ch/e/Loopfest2024>

A vibrant, abstract graphic for Loopfest XXII. It features a city skyline silhouette against a dark background, with a large, glowing, multi-colored loop (red, orange, yellow, green, blue) superimposed on it. The loop appears to be composed of light trails or particles, suggesting motion and energy. The overall aesthetic is futuristic and dynamic.

Based on work in collaboration with: J. de Blas, A. Goncalves, V. Miralles, M. Pierini,
L. Silvestrini, M. Valli, and members of the **HEPfit** collaboration.

Global fits of precision measurements

- The symmetry structure of the Standard Model defines specific relations among couplings and masses.
- The renormalizability of the theory assures that tree-level relations are modified by finite calculable corrections.
- **Precision measurements** of masses and couplings via multiple observables:
 - Test the consistency of the theory at the quantum level
 - Indirectly probe new physics via virtual effects

A comprehensive program of precision physics (EW, top, Higgs, flavor, ...) can be a very powerful tool to explore physics beyond the Standard Model

EW Global fit: general framework

- Set of **input parameters** (α or M_W scheme):
 - Fixed: G_F , α
 - Floating: M_W , M_Z , M_H , m_t , $\alpha_s(M_Z)$, $\Delta\alpha_{had}^{(5)}$
 - Compute **EW Precision Observables** (EWPO), including all known higher-order SM corrections:
 - Z-pole observables (LEP/SLD): Γ_Z , $\sin^2\theta_{eff}$, A_L , A_{FB} , ...
 - W observables (LEP II, Tevatron, LHC): M_W , Γ_W
 - m_t , M_H , $\sin^2\theta_{eff}$ (Tevatron/LHC)
 - Perform **best fit to EW precision data** through different fitting procedures and compare with experimental measurements.
 - Parametrize **new physics** effects on EWPO (tree-level) and **constrain deviations** in terms of chosen parameters:
 - Oblique parameters : S,T, U
 - **Effective interactions: SMEFT**
 -
- 
- See talk by Ayres Freitas
- focus of this talk

Framework we used

Open-source tool

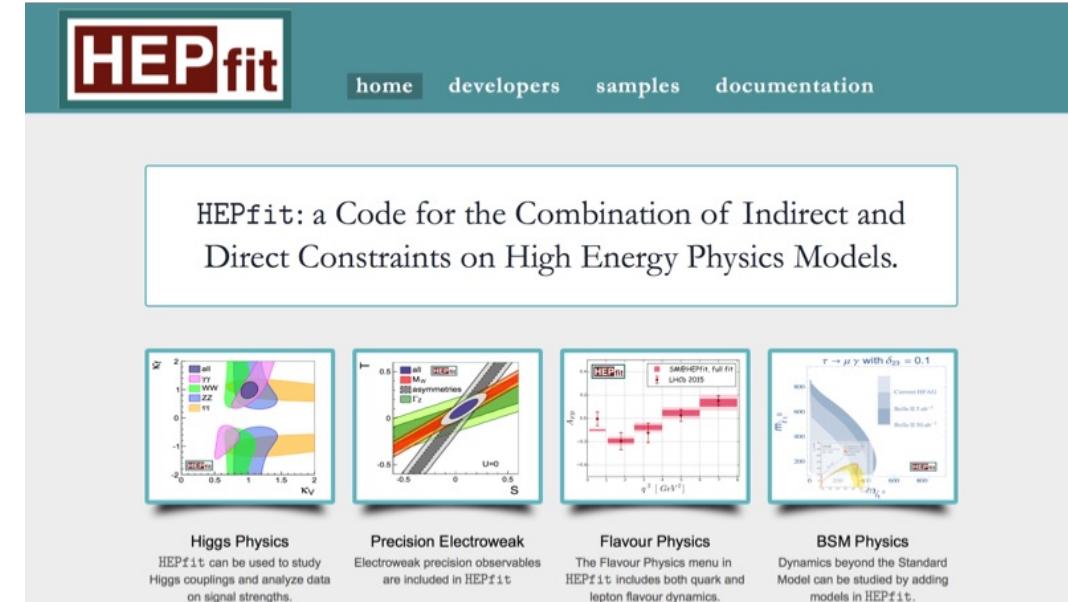
Statistical framework based on a Bayesian MCMC analysis as implemented in
BAT (Bayesian Analysis Toolkit)
Caldwell et al., arXiv:0808.2552

Supports SM (fully implemented) and BSM models, in particular the dim-6 SMEFT

Used for several global fit and future collider projections

New release will include EW, Higgs, top, and flavor observables in the SM and the SMEFT with

- SM predictions at NLO or higher
- SMEFT at tree level (dim-6 operators only)
- RGE running of the SMEFT Wilson coefficients
- Linear and quadratic effects from dim-6 operators



<http://hepfit.roma1.infn.it>

J. De Blas et al., 1910.14012

Other existing frameworks for SMEFT global fits:

SMEFiT, Celada et al. 2105.00006, 2302.06660, 2404.12809

Fitmaker, Ellis et al. 2012.02779

Allwicher et al, 2311.00020

Cirigliano et al. 2311.00021

Bartocci et al. 2311.04963

EW global fit of the SM- excerpt

For M_W we combine:

- All LEP 2 measurements;
- Previous Tevatron average
- ATLAS and LHCb measurements
- CDF measurement [$M_W = (80.4335 \pm 0.0094)$ GeV]
- ATLAS measurement [$M_W = (80.360 \pm 0.016)$ GeV]

$M_W = 80.409 \pm 0.008$ GeV (**standard**, with CDF)

$M_W = 80.360 \pm 0.012$ GeV (**standard**, without CDF)

For m_t we combine:

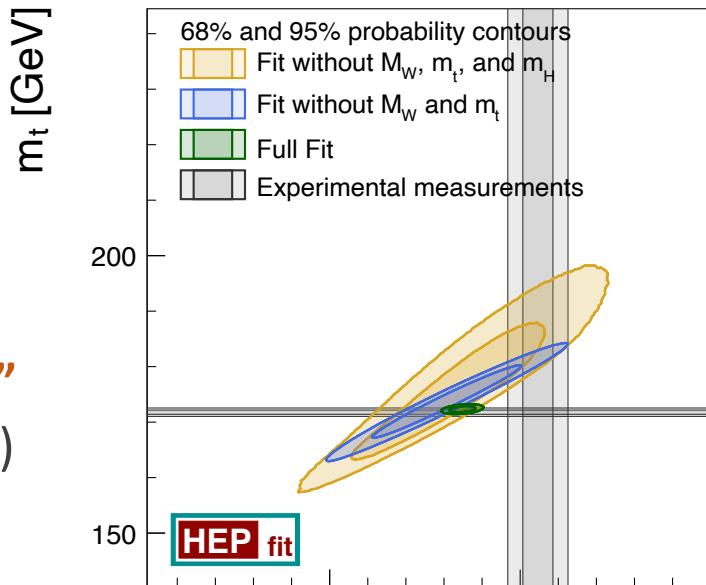
- 2016 Tevatron combination
- ATLAS Run 1 and Run2 results
- CMS Run 1 and Run 2 results
- Recent CMS I+j measurement [$m_t = (171.77 \pm 0.38)$ GeV]

$m_t = 172.61 \pm 0.58$ GeV (**standard**)

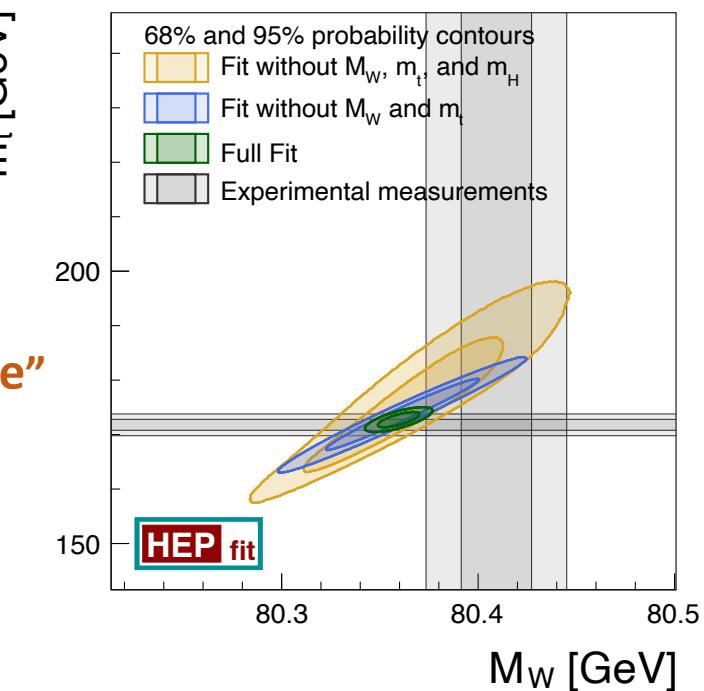
Due to tension between LEP, Tevatron, and LHC measurements consider also a **conservative** error of $\delta M_W = 18$ MeV and $\delta m_t = 1$ GeV (à la PDG)

J. de Blas et al. 2112.07274,
2204. 04204, plus updates

"standard"
(6.1σ pull)



"conservative"
(3.0σ pull)



Beyond EW fits: adding Higgs, top, DY, di-boson, flavor

Constraining new physics through the spectrum of LHC measurements and beyond

- **Higgs boson observables**

- Signal strengths.
- Simplified Template Cross Sections (STXS)

See talk by Matthew Klein

$$\mu_{ij} = \frac{\sigma_i \times Br_j}{(\sigma_i \times Br_j)_{SM}}$$



Preliminary results in this talk

- **Top quark observables**

- $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}, t\bar{t}Z, t\bar{t}W, t\bar{t}\gamma, tZq, t\gamma q, tW, \dots$

- **Drell-Yan, Di-boson measurements**

- $pp \rightarrow W, Z \rightarrow f_i \bar{f}_j$
- $pp \rightarrow WZ, WW, ZZ, Z\gamma$

- **Flavor observables**

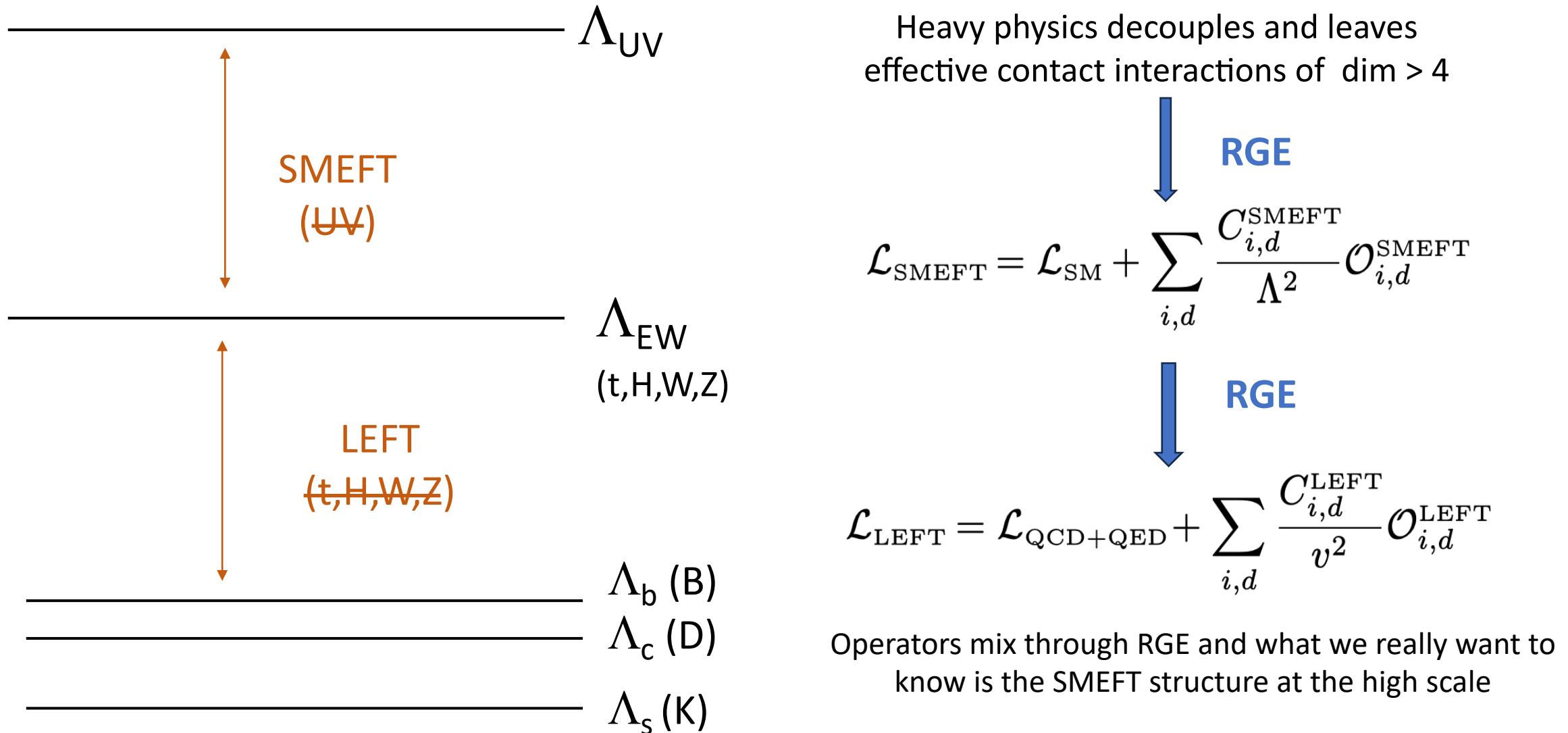
- $\Delta F=2$: $\Delta MB_{d,s}$, $D^0 - \bar{D}^0$, ε_K
- Leptonic decays: $B_{d,s} \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$, $B \rightarrow \tau\nu$, $D \rightarrow \tau\nu$, $K \rightarrow \mu\nu$, $\pi \rightarrow \mu\nu$
- Semi-leptonic decays: $B \rightarrow D^{(*)} l\nu$, $K \rightarrow \pi l\nu$, $B \rightarrow K l\nu$, $B, K \rightarrow \pi l\nu$
- Radiative B decays ($B \rightarrow X_{s,d} \gamma$)



Still being tested

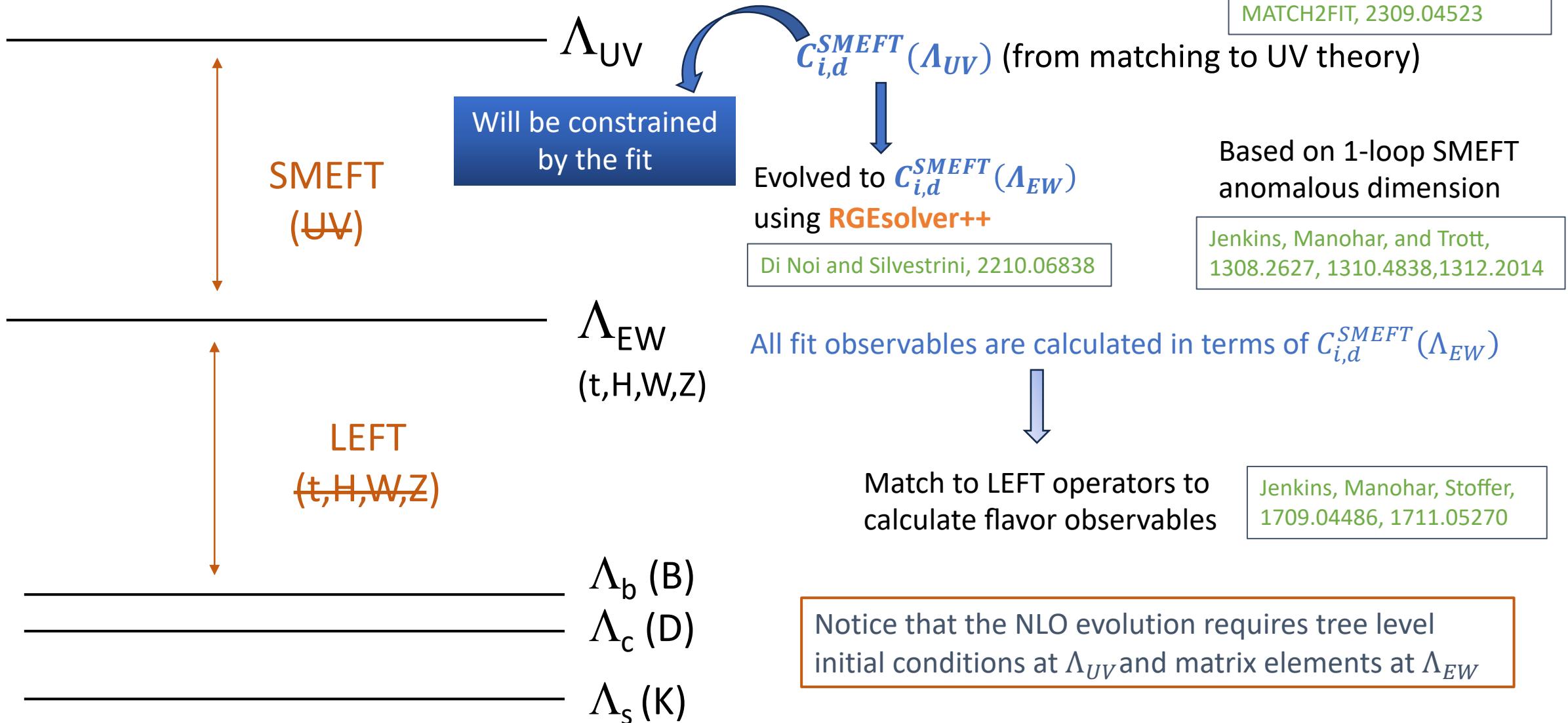
Beyond EW fits – Higgs, top, flavor observables

Connecting far apart scales naturally lends itself to the EFT framework



Beyond EW fits – Higgs, top, flavor observables

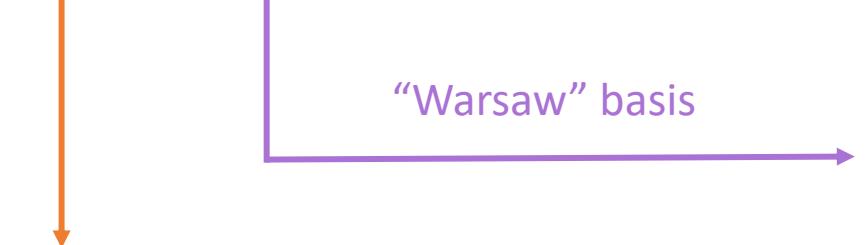
Connecting far apart scales naturally lends itself to the EFT framework



The SMEFT framework for this study

Grzadkowski, Iskrzynski,
Misiak, Rosiek, 1008.4884

$$\mathcal{L}_{SMEFT} = \mathcal{L}_{SM}^{(4)} + \sum_i \frac{C_i}{\Lambda^2} Q_i + \dots$$



“Warsaw” basis

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{SM}^{(4)} = & -\frac{1}{4}G_{\mu\nu}^A G^{A,\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4}W_{\mu\nu}^I W^{I,\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4}B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} \\ & + (D_\mu\varphi)^\dagger(D^\mu\varphi) + m^2\varphi^\dagger\varphi - \frac{1}{2}\lambda(\varphi^\dagger\varphi)^2 \\ & + i(\bar{l}'_L \not{D} l'_L + \bar{e}'_R \not{D} e'_R + \bar{q}'_L \not{D} q'_L + \bar{d}'_R \not{D} d'_R) \\ & - (\bar{l}'_L \Gamma_e e'_R \varphi + \bar{q}'_L \Gamma_u u'_R \tilde{\varphi} + \bar{q}'_L \Gamma_d d'_R \varphi) + h.c. \end{aligned}$$

with covariant derivative:

$$D_\mu = \partial_\mu + ig_s G_\mu^A \mathcal{T}^A + ig_W W_\mu^I T^I + ig_1 B_\mu Y$$

gauge fields
and masses,
HVV, VVV

X^3		φ^6 and $\varphi^4 D^2$		$\psi^2 \varphi^3$	
\mathcal{O}_G	$f^{ABC} G_\mu^{A\nu} G_\nu^{B\rho} G_\rho^{C\mu}$	\mathcal{O}_φ	$(\varphi^\dagger\varphi)^3$	$\mathcal{O}_{e\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger\varphi)(\bar{l}_p \varphi e_r)$
\mathcal{O}_W	$\varepsilon^{IJK} W_\mu^{I\nu} W_\nu^{J\rho} W_\rho^{K\mu}$	$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi\square}$	$(\varphi^\dagger\varphi)\square(\varphi^\dagger\varphi)$	$\mathcal{O}_{u\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger\varphi)(\bar{q}_p \tilde{\varphi} u_r)$
		$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi D}$	$(\varphi^\dagger D^\mu \varphi)^* (\varphi^\dagger D_\mu \varphi)$	$\mathcal{O}_{d\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger\varphi)(\bar{q}_p \varphi d_r)$
$X^2 \varphi^2$		$\psi^2 X \varphi$		$\psi^2 \varphi^2 D$	
$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi G}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi G_{\mu\nu}^A G^{A\mu\nu}$	\mathcal{O}_{eW}	$(\bar{l}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} e_r) \tau^I \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I$	$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi l}^{(1)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \not{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{l}_p \gamma^\mu l_r)$
$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi W}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I W^{I\mu\nu}$	\mathcal{O}_{eB}	$(\bar{l}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} e_r) \varphi B_{\mu\nu}$	$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi l}^{(3)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \not{D}_\mu^I \varphi)(\bar{l}_p \tau^I \gamma^\mu l_r)$
$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi B}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$	\mathcal{O}_{uG}	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^A u_r) \tilde{\varphi} G_{\mu\nu}^A$	$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi e}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \not{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{e}_p \gamma^\mu e_r)$
$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi WB}$	$\varphi^\dagger \tau^I \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I B^{\mu\nu}$	\mathcal{O}_{uW}	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} u_r) \tau^I \tilde{\varphi} W_{\mu\nu}^I$	$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi q}^{(1)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \not{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{q}_p \gamma^\mu q_r)$
		\mathcal{O}_{uB}	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} u_r) \tilde{\varphi} B_{\mu\nu}$	$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi q}^{(3)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \not{D}_\mu^I \varphi)(\bar{q}_p \tau^I \gamma^\mu q_r)$
		\mathcal{O}_{dG}	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^A d_r) \varphi G_{\mu\nu}^A$	$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi u}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \not{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{u}_p \gamma^\mu u_r)$
		\mathcal{O}_{dW}	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} d_r) \tau^I \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I$	$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi d}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \not{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{d}_p \gamma^\mu d_r)$
		\mathcal{O}_{dB}	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} d_r) \varphi B_{\mu\nu}$	$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi ud}$	$(\bar{\varphi}^\dagger i \not{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{u}_p \gamma^\mu d_r)$
$(\bar{L}L)(\bar{L}L)$		$(\bar{R}R)(RR)$		$(\bar{L}L)(\bar{R}R)$	
\mathcal{O}_{ll}	$(\bar{l}_p \gamma_\mu l_r)(\bar{l}_s \gamma^\mu l_t)$	\mathcal{O}_{ee}	$(\bar{e}_p \gamma_\mu e_r)(\bar{e}_s \gamma^\mu e_t)$	\mathcal{O}_{le}	$(\bar{l}_p \gamma_\mu l_r)(\bar{e}_s \gamma^\mu e_t)$
$\mathcal{O}_{qq}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu q_r)(\bar{q}_s \gamma^\mu q_t)$	\mathcal{O}_{uu}	$(\bar{u}_p \gamma_\mu u_r)(\bar{u}_s \gamma^\mu u_t)$	\mathcal{O}_{lu}	$(\bar{l}_p \gamma_\mu l_r)(\bar{u}_s \gamma^\mu u_t)$
$\mathcal{O}_{qq}^{(3)}$	$(\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu \tau^I q_r)(\bar{q}_s \gamma^\mu \tau^I q_t)$	\mathcal{O}_{dd}	$(\bar{d}_p \gamma_\mu d_r)(\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu d_t)$	\mathcal{O}_{ld}	$(\bar{l}_p \gamma_\mu l_r)(\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu d_t)$
$\mathcal{O}_{lq}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{l}_p \gamma_\mu l_r)(\bar{q}_s \gamma^\mu q_t)$	\mathcal{O}_{eu}	$(\bar{e}_p \gamma_\mu e_r)(\bar{u}_s \gamma^\mu u_t)$	\mathcal{O}_{qe}	$(\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu q_r)(\bar{e}_s \gamma^\mu e_t)$
$\mathcal{O}_{lq}^{(3)}$	$(\bar{l}_p \gamma_\mu \tau^I l_r)(\bar{q}_s \gamma^\mu \tau^I q_t)$	\mathcal{O}_{ed}	$(\bar{e}_p \gamma_\mu e_r)(\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu d_t)$	$\mathcal{O}_{qu}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu q_r)(\bar{u}_s \gamma^\mu u_t)$
		$\mathcal{O}_{ud}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{u}_p \gamma_\mu u_r)(\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu d_t)$	$\mathcal{O}_{qu}^{(8)}$	$(\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu T^A q_r)(\bar{u}_s \gamma^\mu T^A u_t)$
		$\mathcal{O}_{ud}^{(8)}$	$(\bar{u}_p \gamma_\mu T^A u_r)(\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu T^A d_t)$	$\mathcal{O}_{qd}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu q_r)(\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu d_t)$
				$\mathcal{O}_{qd}^{(8)}$	$(\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu T^A q_r)(\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu T^A d_t)$

4-fermion interactions: tt, tth, DY

- Dim-6 operators only, including linear and quadratic effects
- Obeying SM symmetries, CP even
- Assuming $U(2)^5$ flavor symmetry (3rd generation singled out)
- One Higgs doublet of $SU(2)_L$, SSB linearly realized.

Direct and indirect SMEFT effects

Example: Higgs sector

$$\mathcal{L}_\varphi = \underbrace{(D_\mu \varphi)^\dagger (D^\mu \varphi)}_{\text{kinetic term}} + m^2 (\varphi^\dagger \varphi) - \frac{\lambda}{2} (\varphi^\dagger \varphi)^2 + \hat{C}_\varphi (\varphi^\dagger \varphi)^3 + \hat{C}_{\varphi \square} (\varphi^\dagger \varphi) \square (\varphi^\dagger \varphi) + \hat{C}_{\varphi D} (\varphi^\dagger D_\mu \varphi)^* (\varphi^\dagger D^\mu \varphi)$$

VEV identified from the minimization of $V(\varphi)$:

$$\bar{v} = \sqrt{\frac{2m^2}{\lambda}} \left(1 + \frac{3m^2 \hat{C}_\varphi}{2\lambda^2} + \frac{63m^4 \hat{C}_\varphi^2}{8\lambda^4} + \dots \right)$$

$$\varphi = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{\bar{v}+h}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \iff \text{Expansion of SU(2) scalar doublet around the VEV and Higgs field (unitary gauge)}$$

Shift on the Higgs field identified from the normalization of its kinetic-term:

$$\bar{h} \equiv Z_h h = \left(1 + \frac{\bar{v}^2}{4} \left(\hat{C}_{\varphi D} - 4\hat{C}_{\varphi \square} \right) - \frac{\bar{v}^4}{32} \left(\hat{C}_{\varphi D} - 4\hat{C}_{\varphi \square} \right)^2 + \dots \right) h$$

Shift on the physical mass of the Higgs field identified from the normalization of its mass-term:

$$M_h^2 = \lambda \bar{v}^2 - \bar{v}^4 \left(3\hat{C}_\varphi - 2\hat{C}_{\varphi \square} \lambda + \frac{1}{2} \hat{C}_{\varphi D} \lambda \right) - \frac{\bar{v}^6}{2} (4\hat{C}_{\varphi \square} - \hat{C}_{\varphi D}) \left(3\hat{C}_\varphi - 2\hat{C}_{\varphi \square} \lambda + \frac{1}{2} \hat{C}_{\varphi D} \lambda \right) + \dots$$

Direct effect on hVV interaction

$$\hat{C}_{\varphi D} (\varphi^\dagger D_\mu \varphi)^* (\varphi^\dagger D^\mu \varphi) \rightarrow V^\mu V_\mu h$$

SMEFT predictions

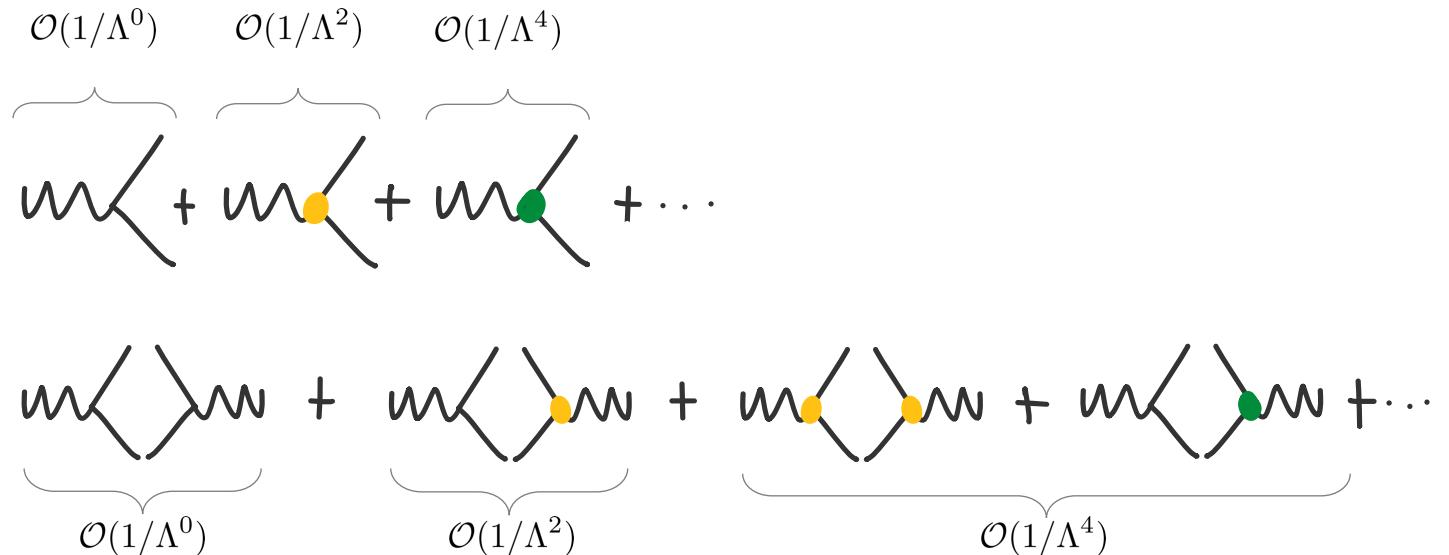
$$\mathcal{L}_{SMEFT} = \mathcal{L}_{SM}^{(4)} + \frac{C_i}{\Lambda^2} Q_i$$

Fields and parameters

Interactions

Probability amplitudes

Physical observables



$$O_{SMEFT} = O_{SM} + \underbrace{\Delta O^{(1)}}_{\mathcal{O}(1/\Lambda^2)} + \underbrace{\Delta O^{(2)}}_{\mathcal{O}(1/\Lambda^4)} + \dots$$

SMEFT predictions

A given observable will be written as

$$O_{\text{SMEFT}} = O_{\text{SM}} + \Delta O^{(1)} + \Delta O^{(2)} + \dots$$

SM: including SM
higher-order corrections

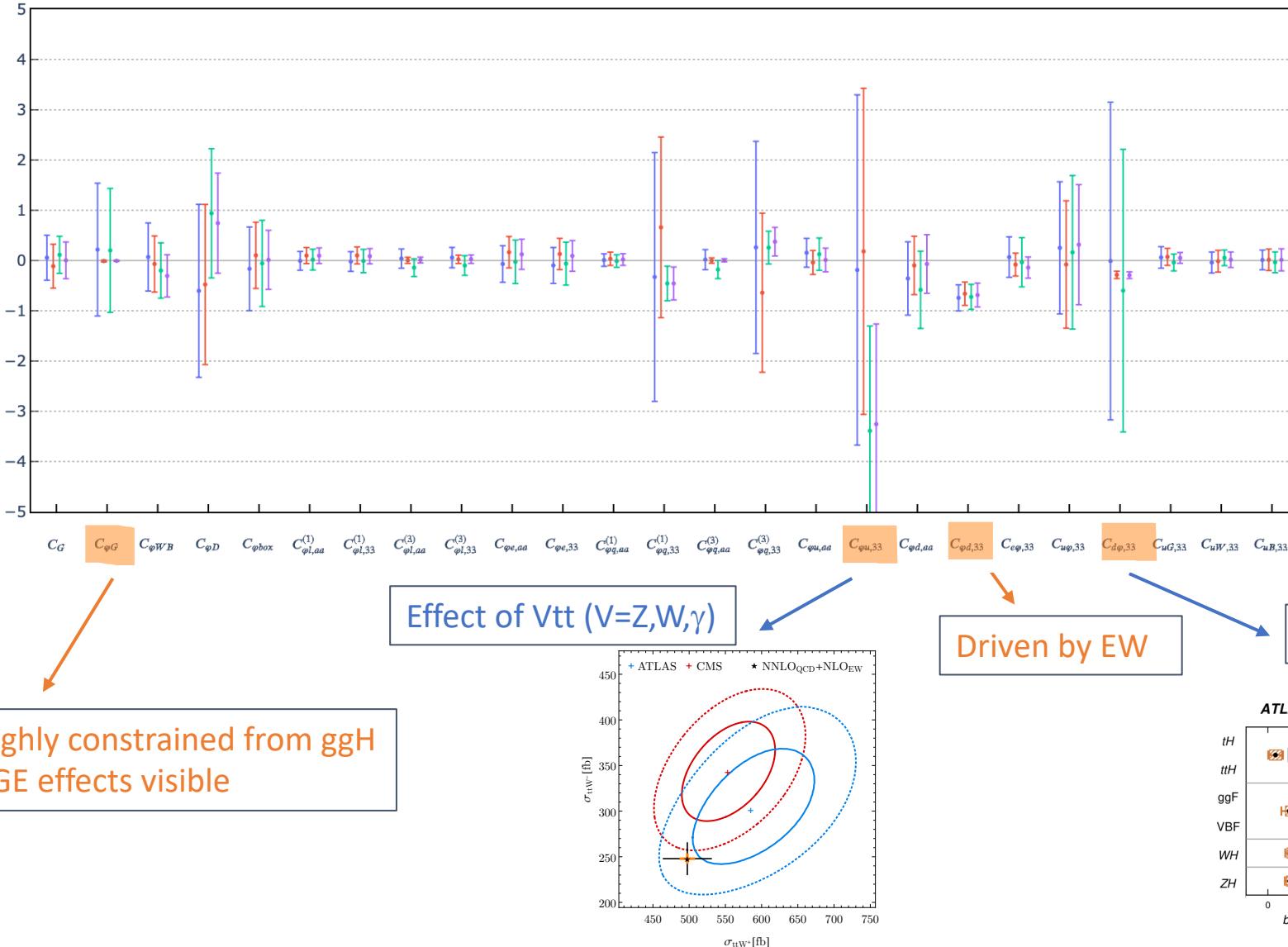
SMEFT: tree level

Observables have been calculated either analytically and via parametrizations reported in the literature (e.g. EW observables) or obtained using various tools (MG5_aMC@NLO with **SMEFTci2**, a new UFO file developed for this study, Feynart+Feyncalc for loop-induced Higgs decays, ...)

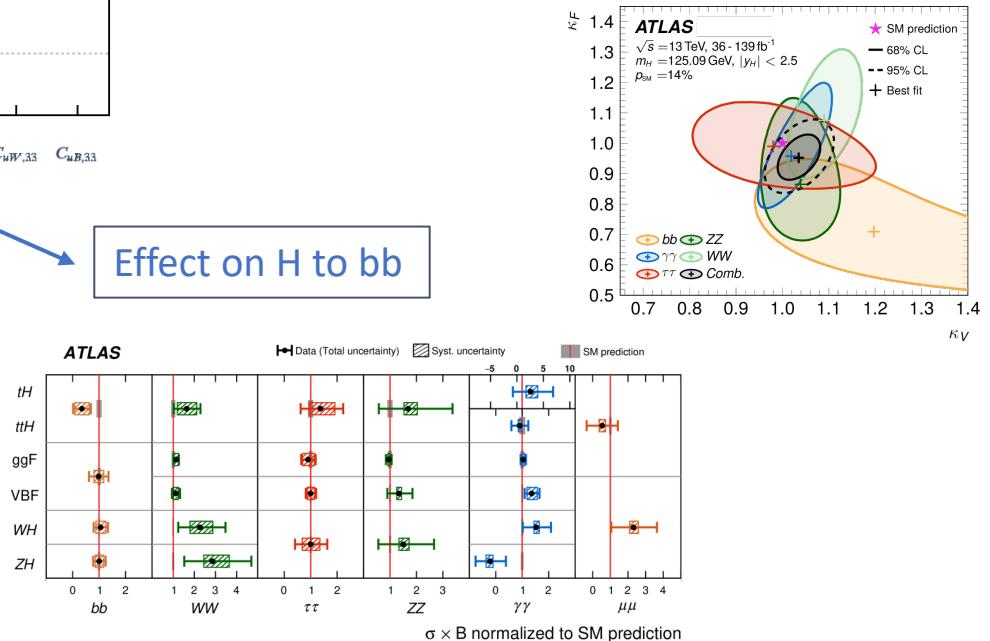
See also, SmeftFR-v3, Dedes et al. 2302.01353

Including direct and indirect SMEFT effects from dim-6 operators up to $O(1/\Lambda^4)$, by **A. Goncalves**

Preliminary results



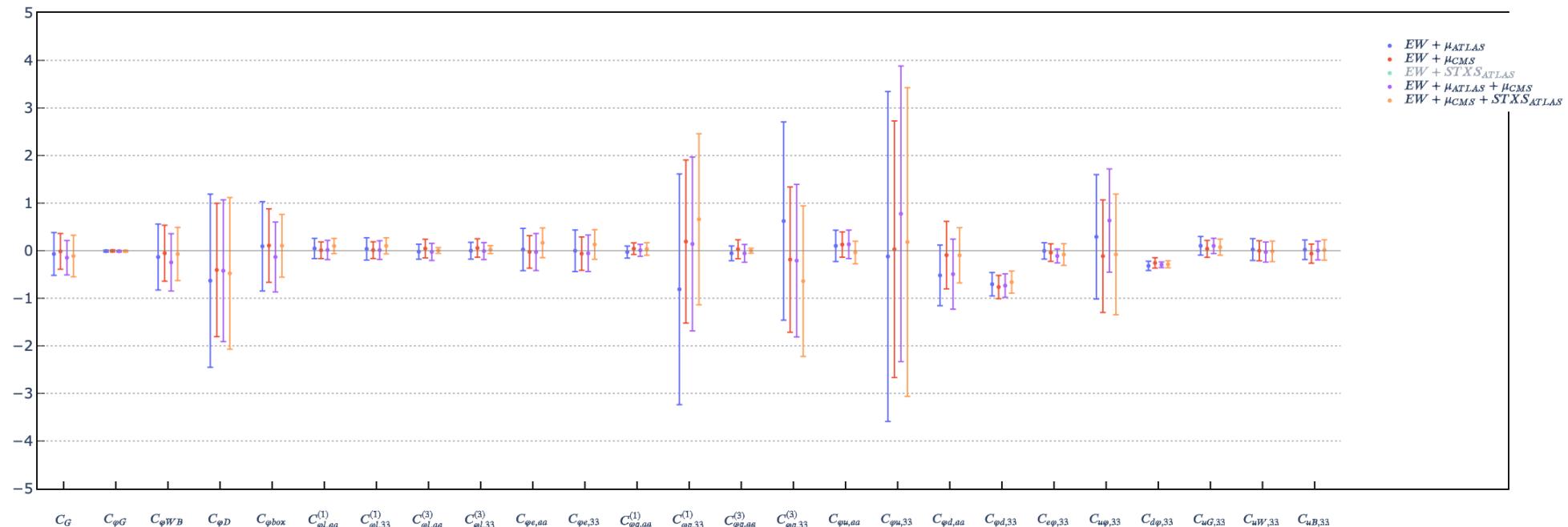
- EW Observables
- EW & Higgs Observables
- EW & Top-quark Observables
- EW, Higgs & Top-quark Observables



Preliminary results

$$\mu_{ij} = \frac{\sigma_i \times Br_j}{(\sigma_i \times Br_j)_{SM}}$$

Breakdown of Higgs-boson observables – **consistent picture from signal strength measurements**



Conclusions

- **Global fits** stress-test the SM and provide a **very strong indirect constraint on new physics**.
- Effects of new physics can then be constrained using the **broad spectrum of precision measurement available from EW, Higgs, top, flavor physics and more**.
- The **SMEFT (\rightarrow LEFT) framework** can be used to connect unknown physics at the UV scale (> 1 TeV) to the EW scale and below within a **systematic framework that allows some model independence**.
- With **increasing precision** in both theory and experiments, constraints **could start to show intriguing patterns and guide future explorations**.

Back-up slides

EW Observables:

- Analytic parametrization of Z and W observables:

$$\Gamma_{Z,f} = N_f \frac{G_F M_Z^3}{24\sqrt{2}\pi} 4 [(g_{V,f})^2 + (g_{A,f})^2]$$

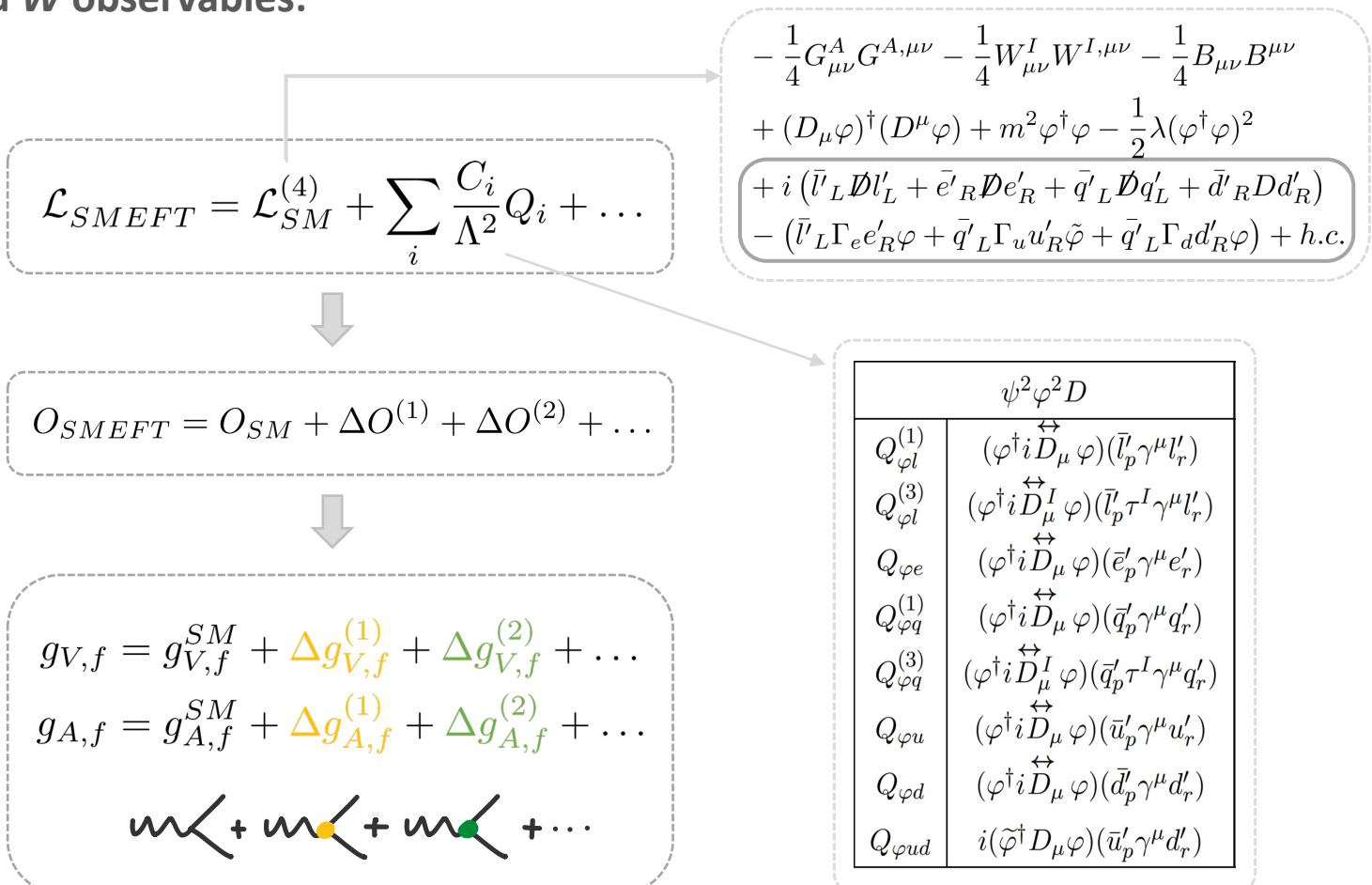
$$R_e^0 = \frac{\Gamma_{had}}{\Gamma_e} \quad R_{q,\nu}^0 = \frac{\Gamma_{q,\nu}}{\Gamma_{had}}$$

$$\sigma_{had}^0 = \frac{12\pi}{M_Z^2} \frac{\Gamma_e \Gamma_{had}}{\Gamma_Z^2}$$

$$A_f = \frac{2 \left(\frac{g_{V,f}}{g_{A,f}} \right)}{1 + \left(\frac{g_{V,f}}{g_{A,f}} \right)^2} \quad A_{FB,f} = \frac{3}{4} A_e A_f$$

$$\sin^2 \theta_{eff,l} = \frac{1}{4} \left(1 - \frac{g_{V,l}}{g_{A,l}} \right)$$

$$W^\pm \quad M_W \quad \Gamma_{(W \rightarrow f_i f_j)} \quad Br W_{fifj}$$



EW Observables:

- Preliminary Global Fit of EW observables at quadratic order in the d=6 SMEFT:

Observable	$C_{\varphi D}$	$C_{\varphi WB}$	$C_{\varphi L}^{(3)}$	C_{LL}	$C_{\varphi L}^{(1)}$	$C_{\varphi e}$	$C_{\varphi Q}^{(1)}$	$C_{\varphi Q}^{(3)}$	$C_{\varphi u}$	$C_{\varphi d}$	$C_{\varphi B}$	$C_{\varphi W}$	$C_{\varphi ud}$
A_l													
A_{FB}^l	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓	✓	
P_τ^{pol}													
$\sin \theta_{eff,l}^2$													
A_c	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	
R_c^0													
A_b													
A_s	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	
R_b^0													
A_{FB}^c	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	
A_{FB}^b	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	
R_l^0													
Γ_Z	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
σ_{had}^0													
M_W	✓	✓	✓	✓									
Γ_W	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
BrW													

$O(1/\Lambda^4)$: degeneracy is (analytically) lifted

$O(1/\Lambda^2)$: Constrain 8 independent relations

$$\hat{C}_{\varphi L}^{(3)} = \hat{C}_{\varphi L}^{(3)} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{\widetilde{c}_W^2}{\widetilde{s}_W^2} \hat{C}_{\varphi D} + \frac{\widetilde{c}_W}{\widetilde{s}_W} \hat{C}_{\varphi WB}$$

$$\hat{C}_{\varphi Q}^{(3)} = \hat{C}_{\varphi Q}^{(3)} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{\widetilde{c}_W^2}{\widetilde{s}_W^2} \hat{C}_{\varphi D} + \frac{\widetilde{c}_W}{\widetilde{s}_W} \hat{C}_{\varphi WB}$$

$$\hat{C}_{\varphi L}^{(1)} = \hat{C}_{\varphi L}^{(1)} + \frac{1}{4} \hat{C}_{\varphi D}$$

$$\hat{C}_{\varphi Q}^{(1)} = \hat{C}_{\varphi Q}^{(1)} - \frac{1}{12} \hat{C}_{\varphi D}$$

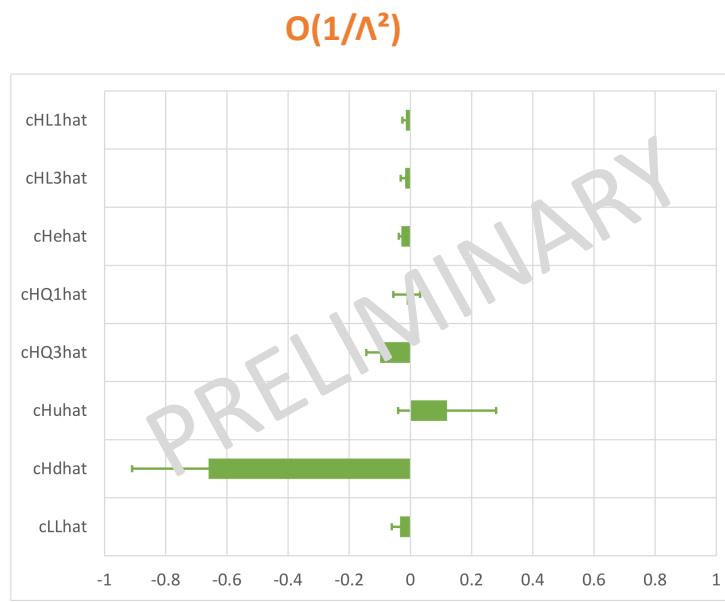
$$\hat{C}_{\varphi e} = \hat{C}_{\varphi e} + \frac{1}{2} \hat{C}_{\varphi D}$$

$$\hat{C}_{\varphi u} = \hat{C}_{\varphi e} - \frac{1}{3} \hat{C}_{\varphi D}$$

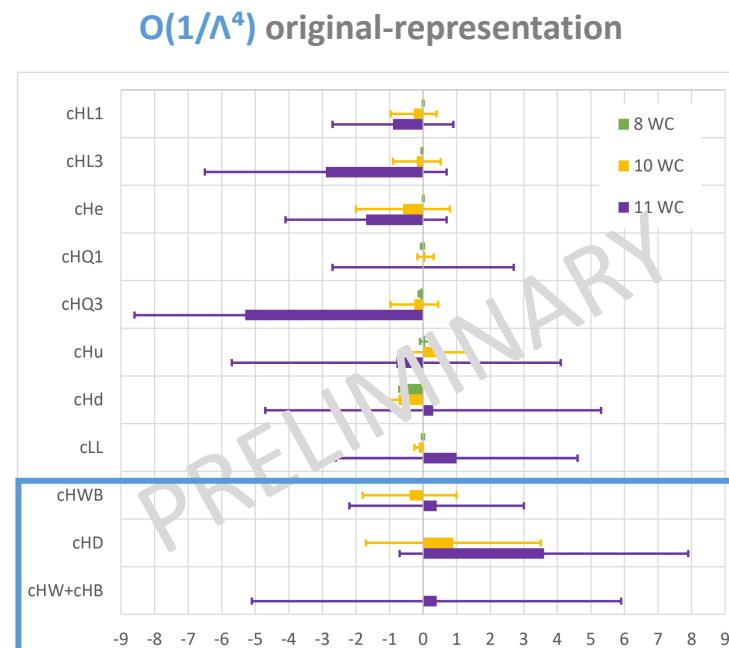
$$\hat{C}_{LL} = \hat{C}_{LL}$$

EW Observables:

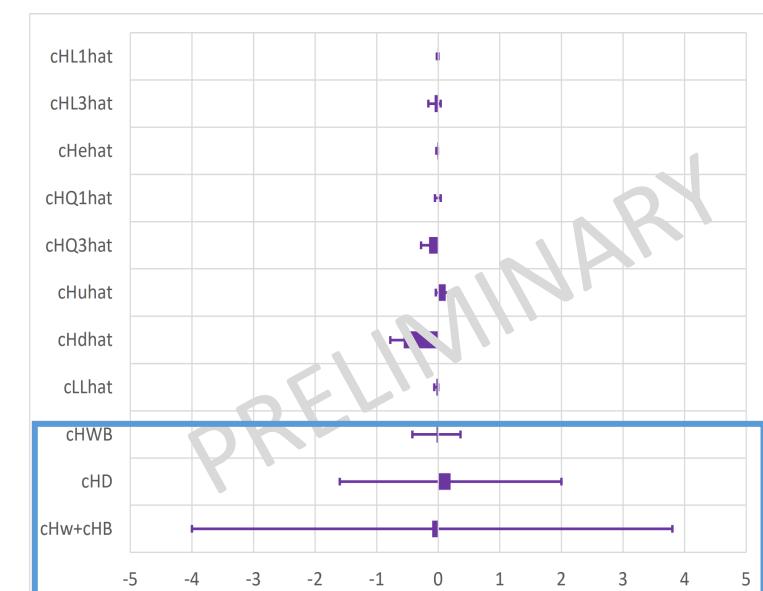
- Preliminary Global Fit of EW observables at quadratic order in the d=6 SMEFT:



flat distributions
full correlations



Fit parameters	Analytically	Numerically
≤ 8	✓	✓
> 8	✓	✗



improve sensitivity
for $\{c_{HWB}, c_{HD}, c_{HW+HB}\}$

Change of input-scheme:

$$\{\bar{g}, \bar{g}', \bar{v}, \lambda\} \rightarrow \{\tilde{\alpha}, \widetilde{M}_Z, \widetilde{G}_F, \widetilde{M}_h\}$$

1

Write “barred” initial parameters in terms of “barred” final parameters:

$$\bar{g} = \sqrt{8\pi\bar{\alpha}} \left[1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\pi\bar{\alpha}}{\bar{G}_F \bar{M}_Z^2}} \right]^{-1/2}$$

$$\bar{g}' = \sqrt{8\pi\bar{\alpha}} \left[1 + \sqrt{1 - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\pi\bar{\alpha}}{\bar{G}_F \bar{M}_Z^2}} \right]^{-1/2}$$

$$\bar{v} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}\bar{G}_F}}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{\bar{M}_h^2}{\bar{v}^2}$$

2

Write final input parameters (“tilded”) in terms of their “barred” and shifts:

$$\tilde{\alpha} \equiv \bar{\alpha} (1 + \delta_\alpha)$$

$$\widetilde{M}_Z^2 \equiv \bar{M}_Z^2 (1 + \delta_{M_Z^2})$$

$$\widetilde{G}_F \equiv \bar{G}_F (1 + \delta_{G_F})$$

$$\widetilde{M}_h^2 \equiv \bar{M}_h^2 (1 + \delta_{M_h^2})$$

3

Obtain δ 's from the derived physical parameters and express in terms of input-scheme

4

Compute appropriately up to quadratic order