Last (43rd) RD50 Workshop on Radiation Hard Semiconductor Devices for Very High Luminosity Colliders (CERN)



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## Proton Hardness Factor at the Bonn Cyclotron Irradiation Site

Friday 1 December 2023 12:00 (20 minutes)

The proton irradiation site at the Bonn Isochronous Cyclotron is in operation since 2021.

The accelerator typically provides a 14 MeV ( $\tilde{1}2.5$  MeV on DUT) proton beam with a few mm width and currents of 1  $\mu$ A and to the site.

DUTs are irradiated in a cooling box at < -20  $^{\circ}$ C, mounted on a XY-motorstage, which is moved row-wise through the beam on a grid-like pattern.

Dedicated diagnostics enable online beam monitoring with relative uncertainties of a few %, allowing beam-driven irradiations,

resulting in highly-precise and uniform fluence distributions.

Cross-check measurements of the beam-based fluence determination method used in Bonn are compared to the typical (metallic) foil activation,

yielding consistent results while the beam-based method has an uncertainty of a few %.

Recent measurements of the proton hardness factor, using 150  $\mu m$  thin, passive LFoundry sensors, yield a hardness factor of  $\kappa=3.74\pm0.12,$ 

agreeing with the previous value with significantly lower uncertainty. Implications of the low-energy protons on the measured hardness factor and

limitations for DUT irradiations in Bonn are discussed.

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