

X-rays constraints on sub-GeV dark matter

Based on:

Cirelli, Fornengo, JK, Pinetti & Roach, *JCAP* '23 [arXiv:2303.08854]

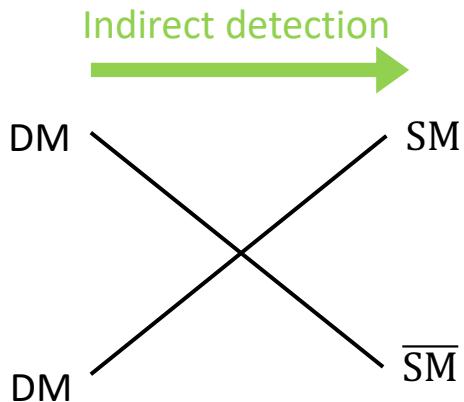
Balaji, De La Torre Luque , JK, '23 [arXiv:2311.04979] (accepted to *ApJ*)

Jordan Koechler

LPTHE, Sorbonne University, Paris

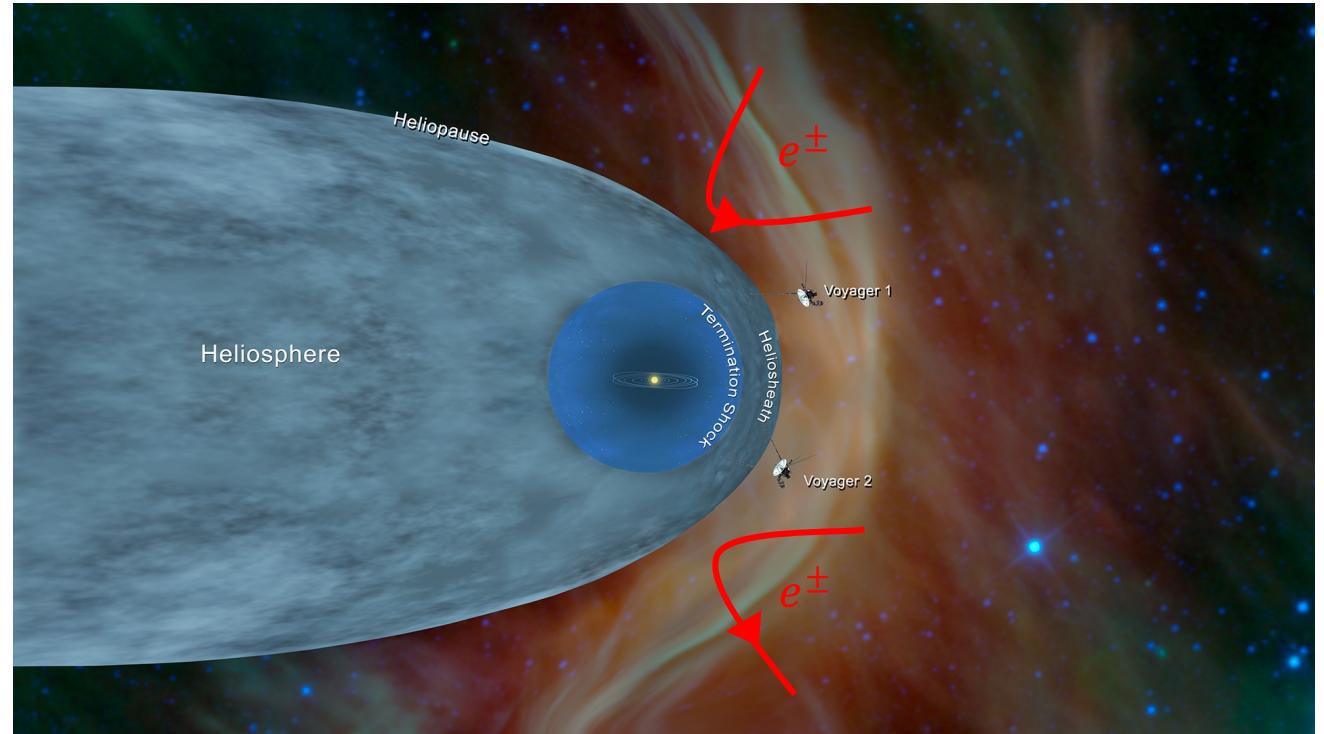
4th EuCAPT Symposium

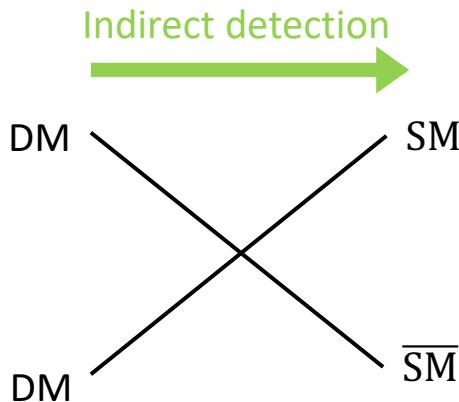




Main challenges for sub-GeV DM ID

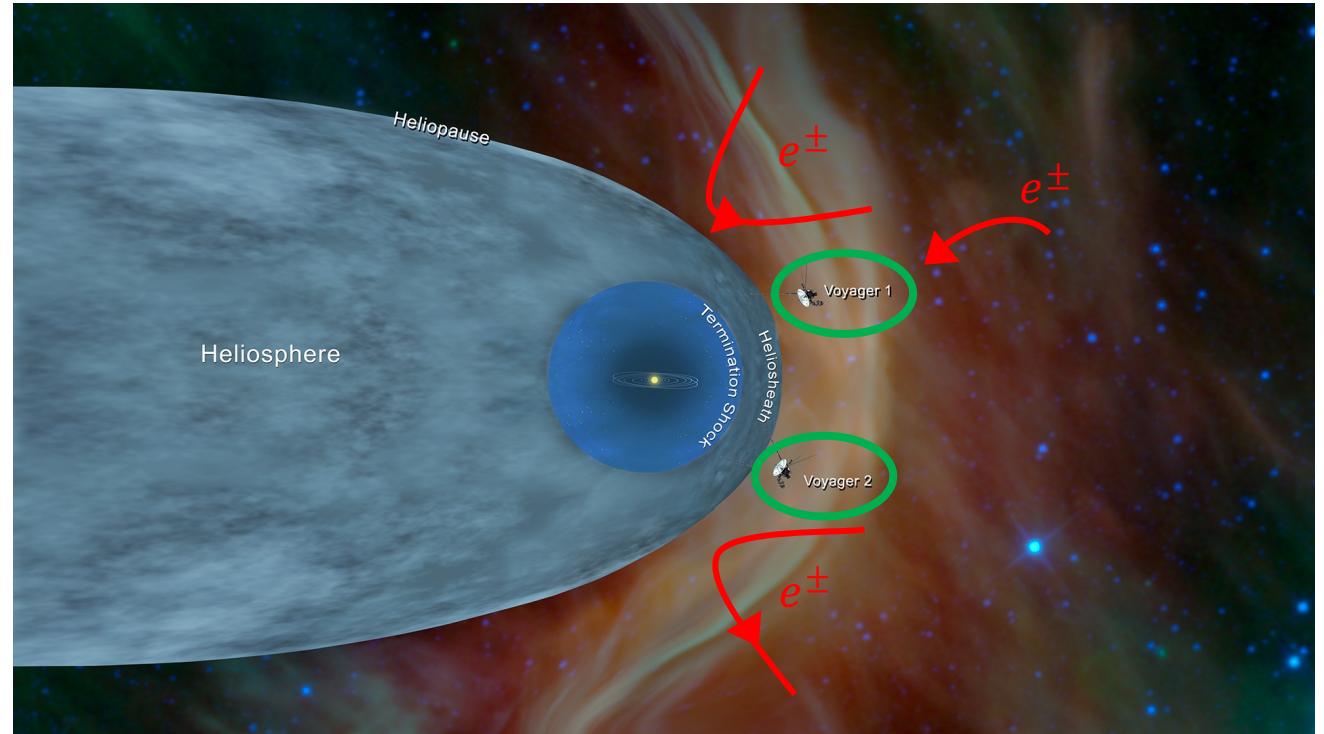
- Issue 1: when DM produces e^\pm
Solar screening suppresses the flux

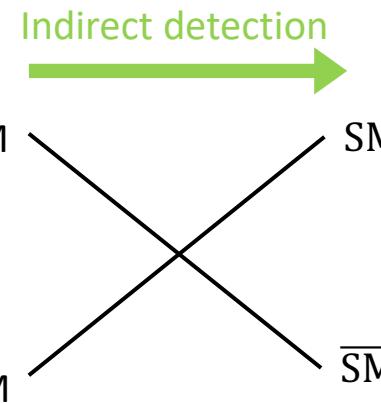




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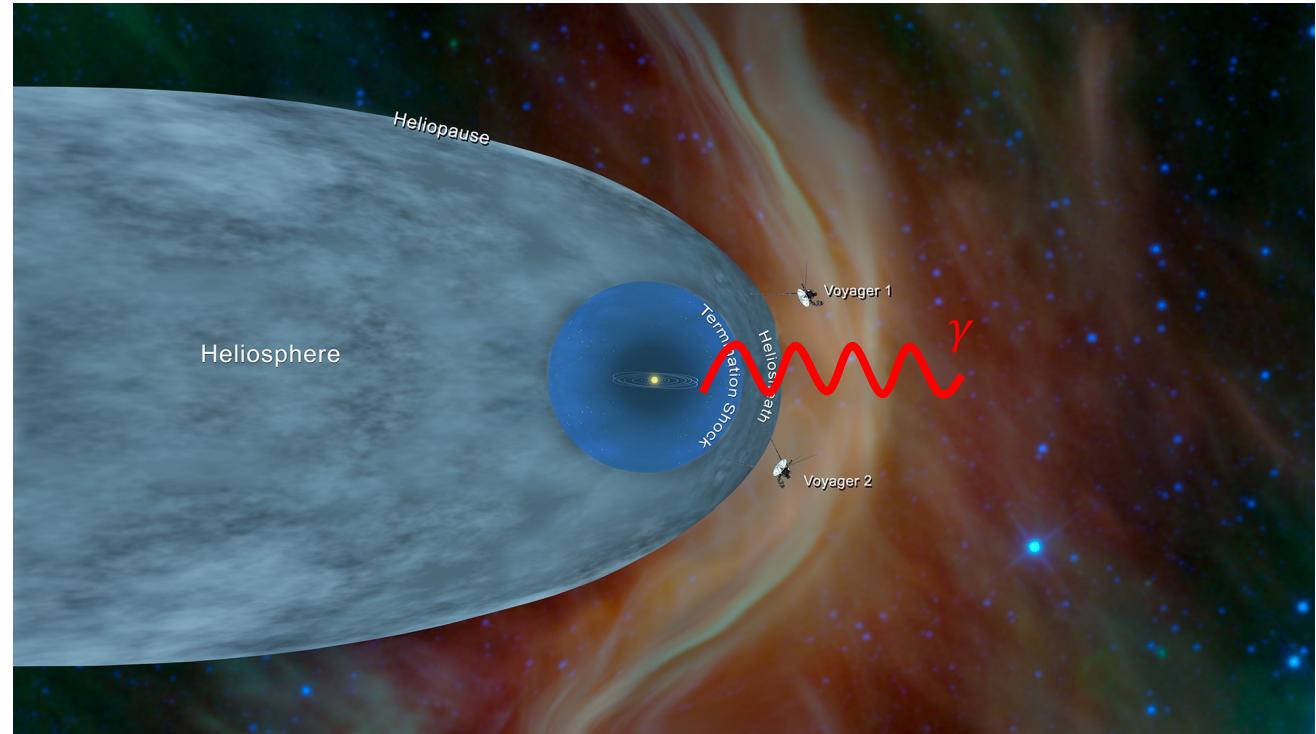
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 - Look at Voyager 1 & 2 data!





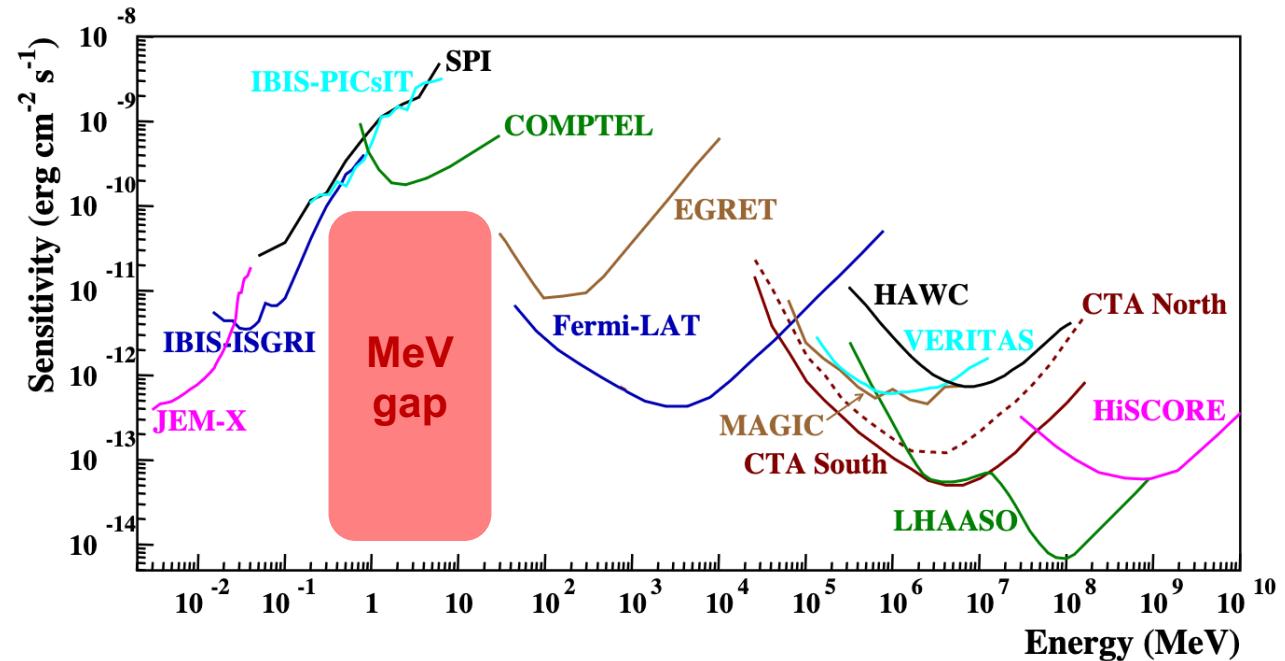
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Main challenges for sub-GeV DM ID

- Issue 2: when DM produces γ
No sensitive enough observatories at MeV energies

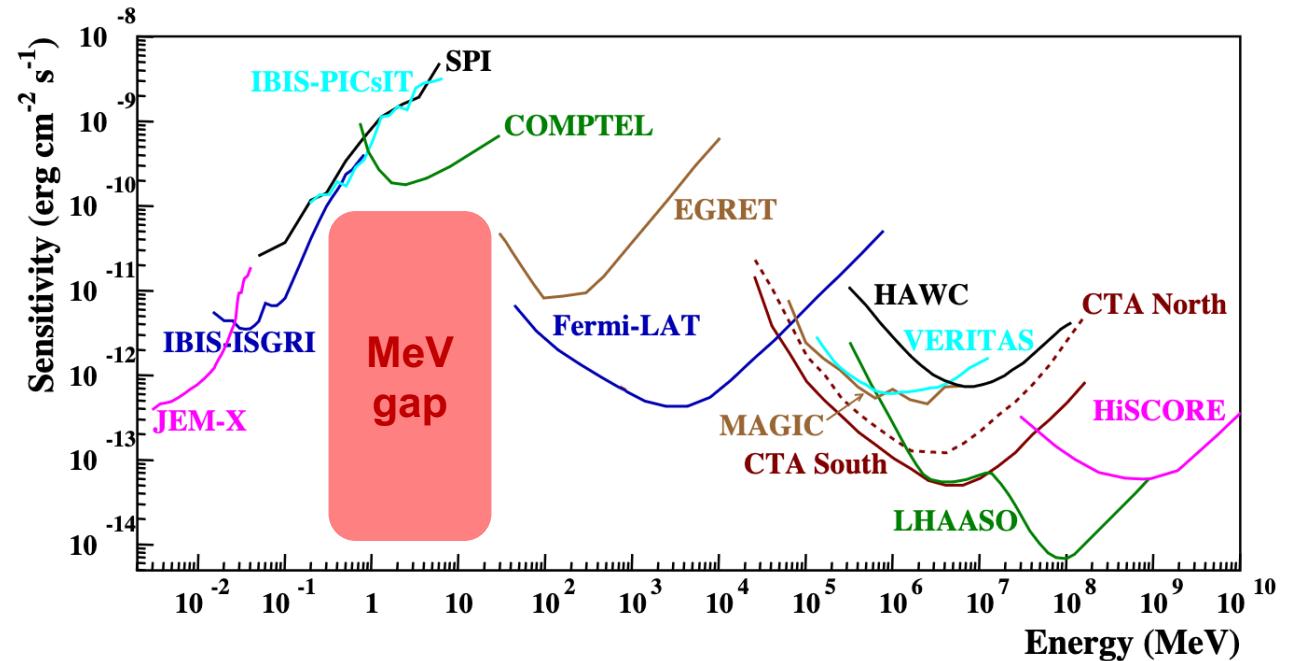


Adapted from eASTROGAM coll., *Exper.Astron. '17*
[arXiv:1611.02232]

Main challenges for sub-GeV DM ID

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- Secondary emissions allow to circumvent the issue → study X-rays signals from light DM

Cirelli et al., *Phys.Rev.D.* '21 [arXiv:2007.11493]



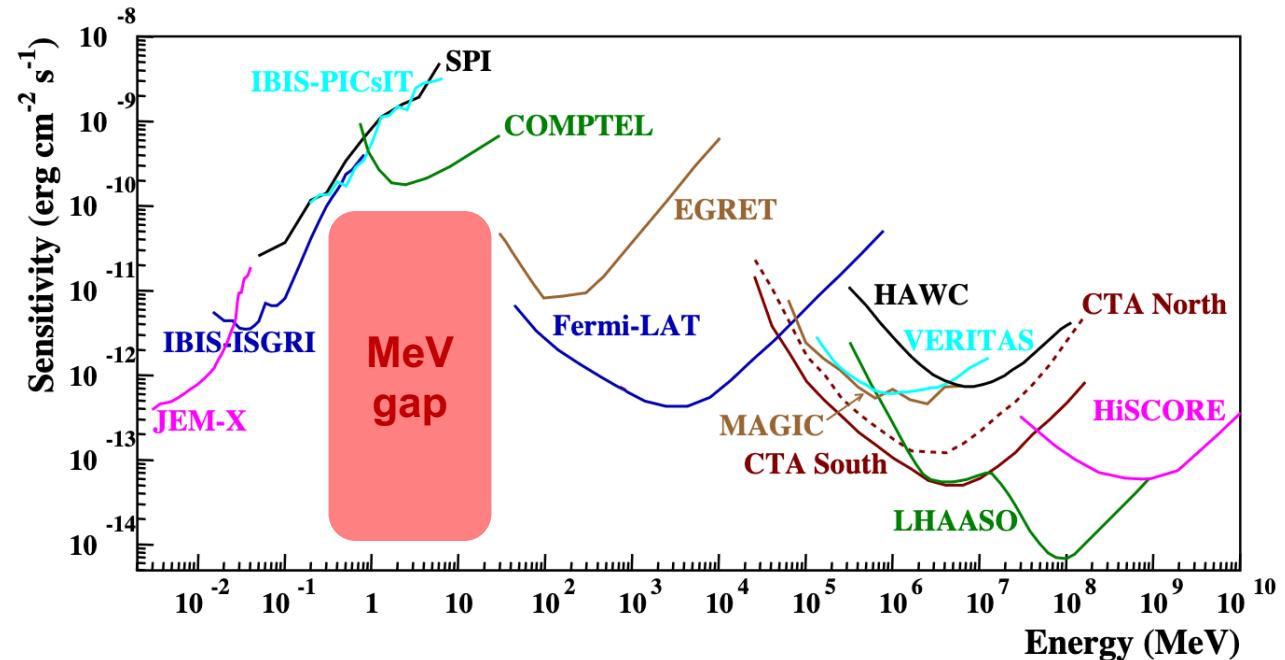
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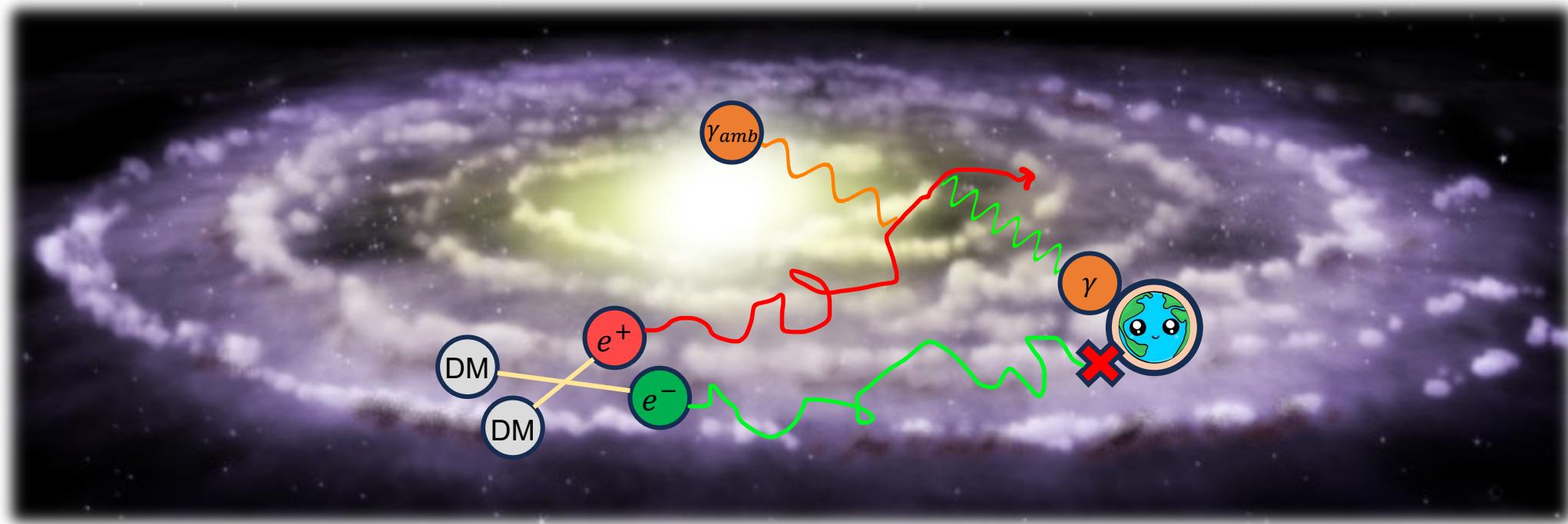
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Inverse-Compton scattering!

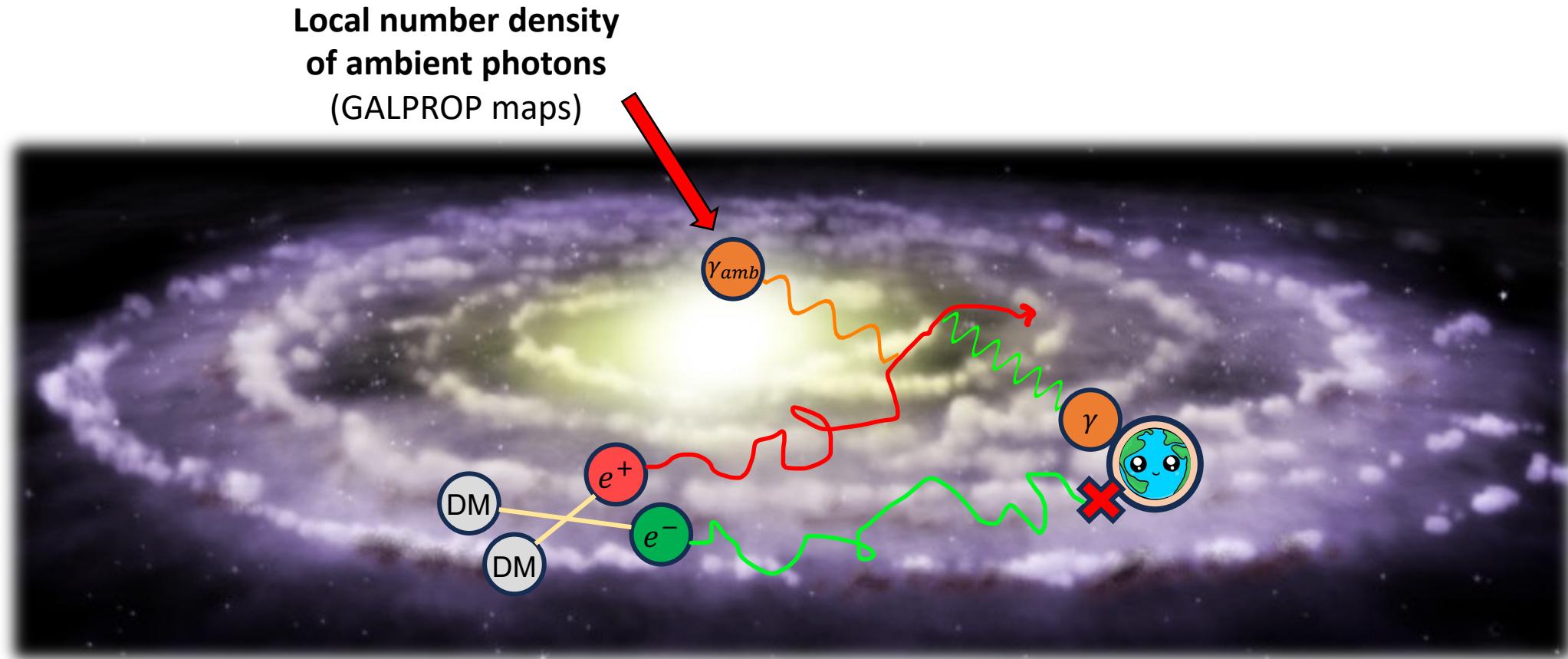


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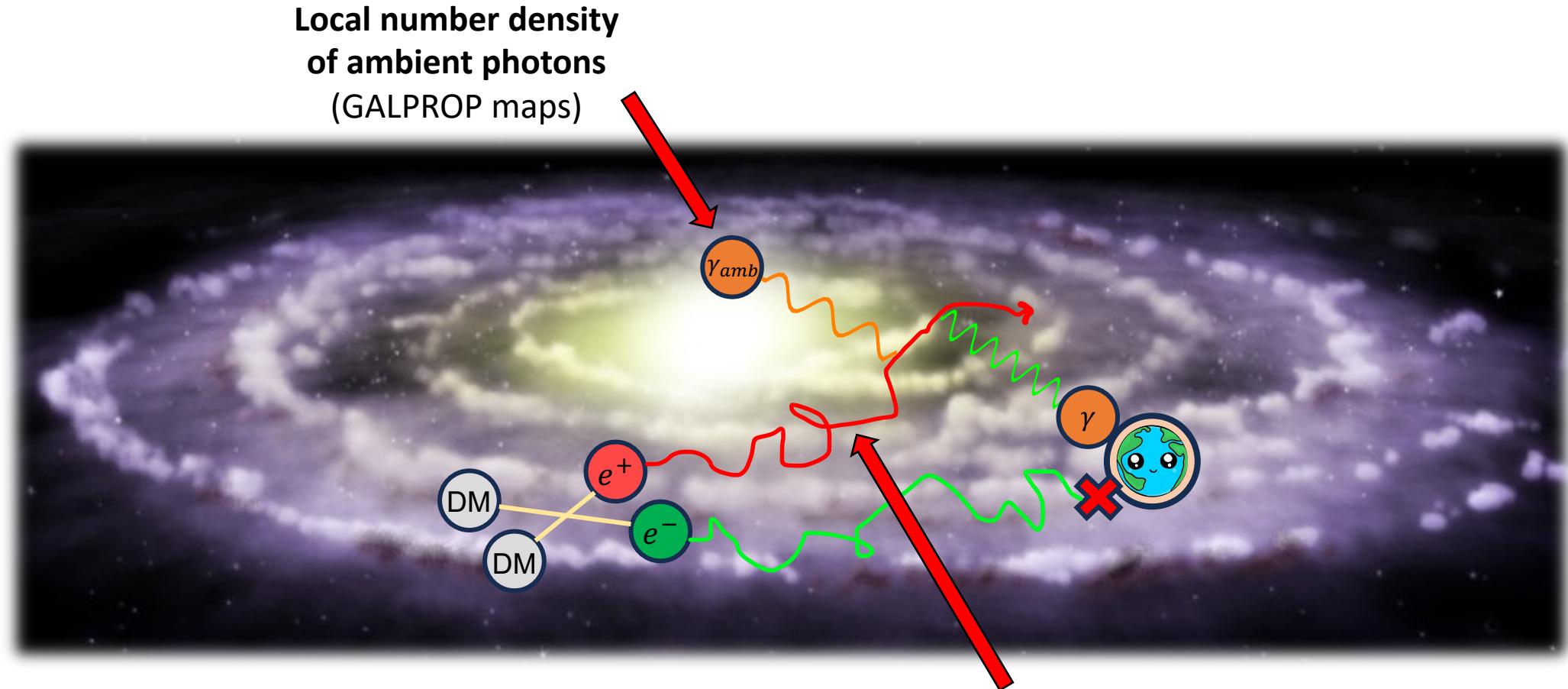
X-rays from sub-GeV DM



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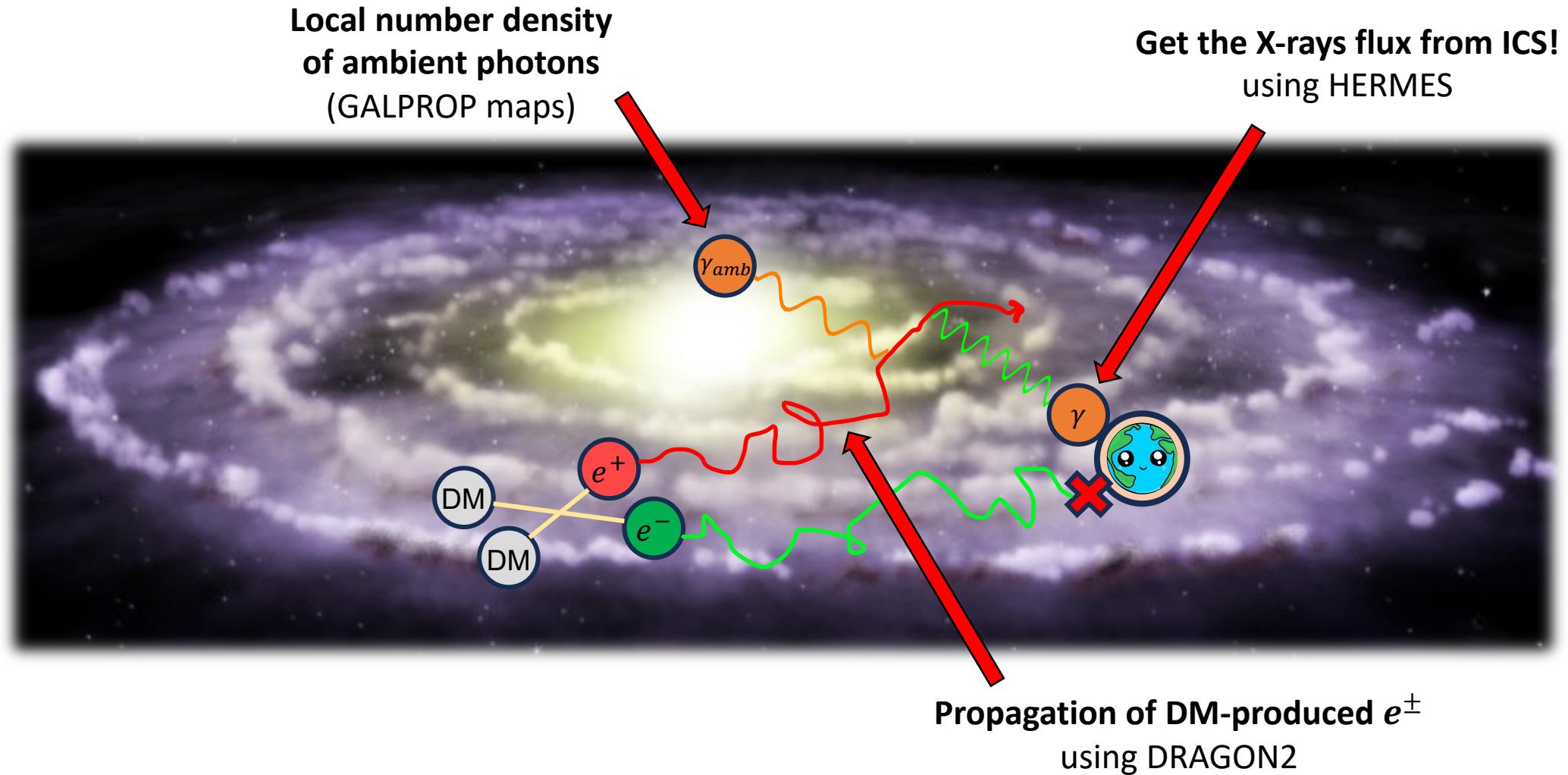


X-rays from sub-GeV DM



Propagation of DM-produced e^\pm
using DRAGON2

X-rays from sub-GeV DM



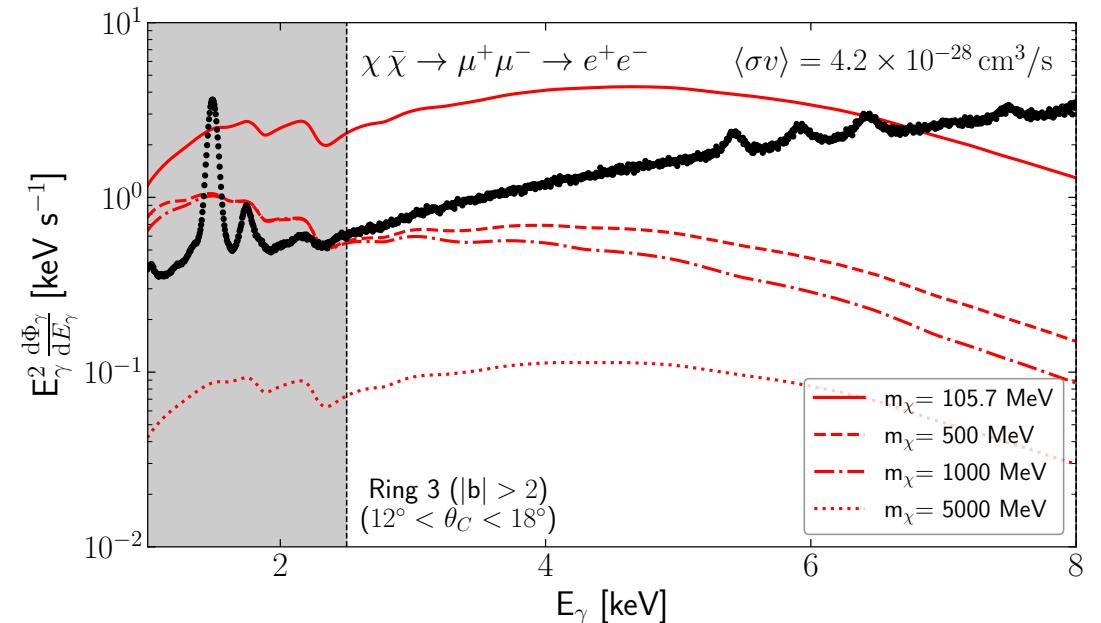
Analysis

- In this study we keep a **conservative** approach:

$$\chi^2_{>}(\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{m}_{DM}) = \sum_{i \in \text{bins}} \frac{\text{Max}(\Phi_{DM\gamma,i}(\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{m}_{DM}) - \Phi_i, 0)^2}{\sigma_i^2}$$

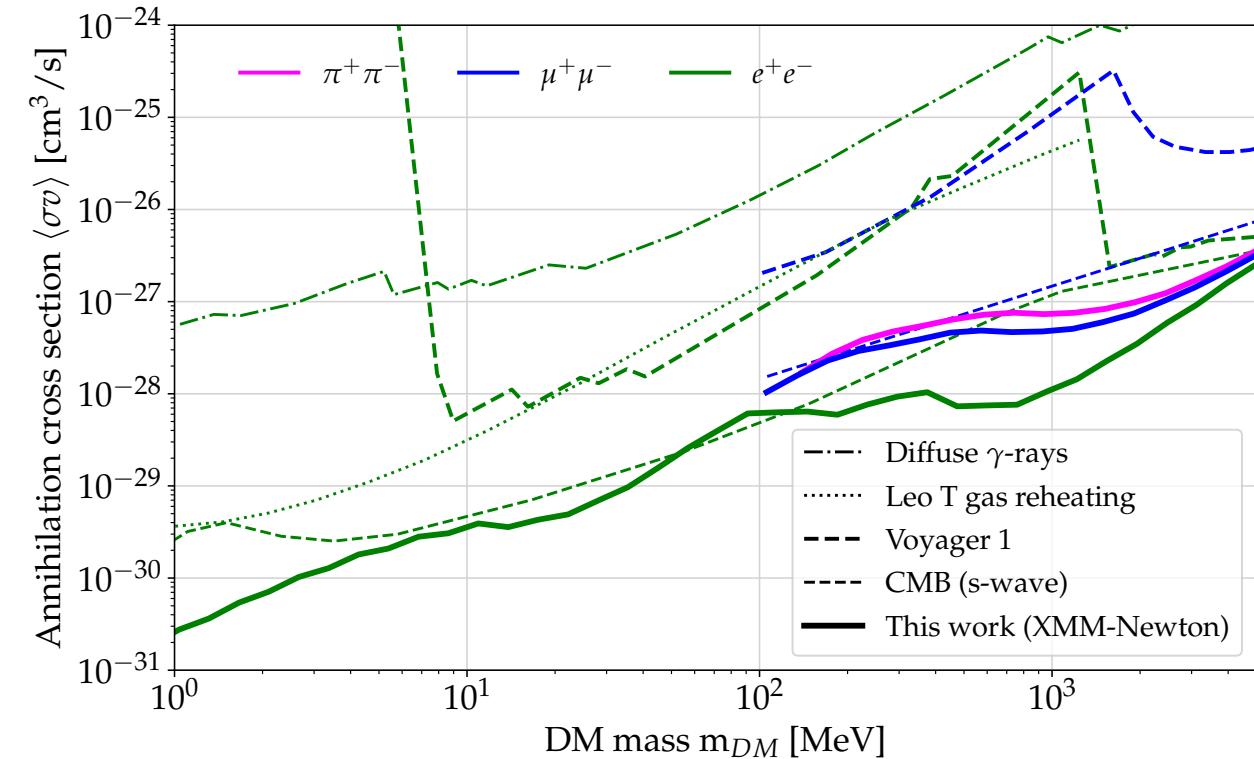
$$\mathbf{p} = \langle \sigma v \rangle, \Gamma$$

- Impose a (2σ) bound when $\chi^2_{>}(\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{m}_{DM}) \geq 4$
- Using XMM-Newton diffuse emission data

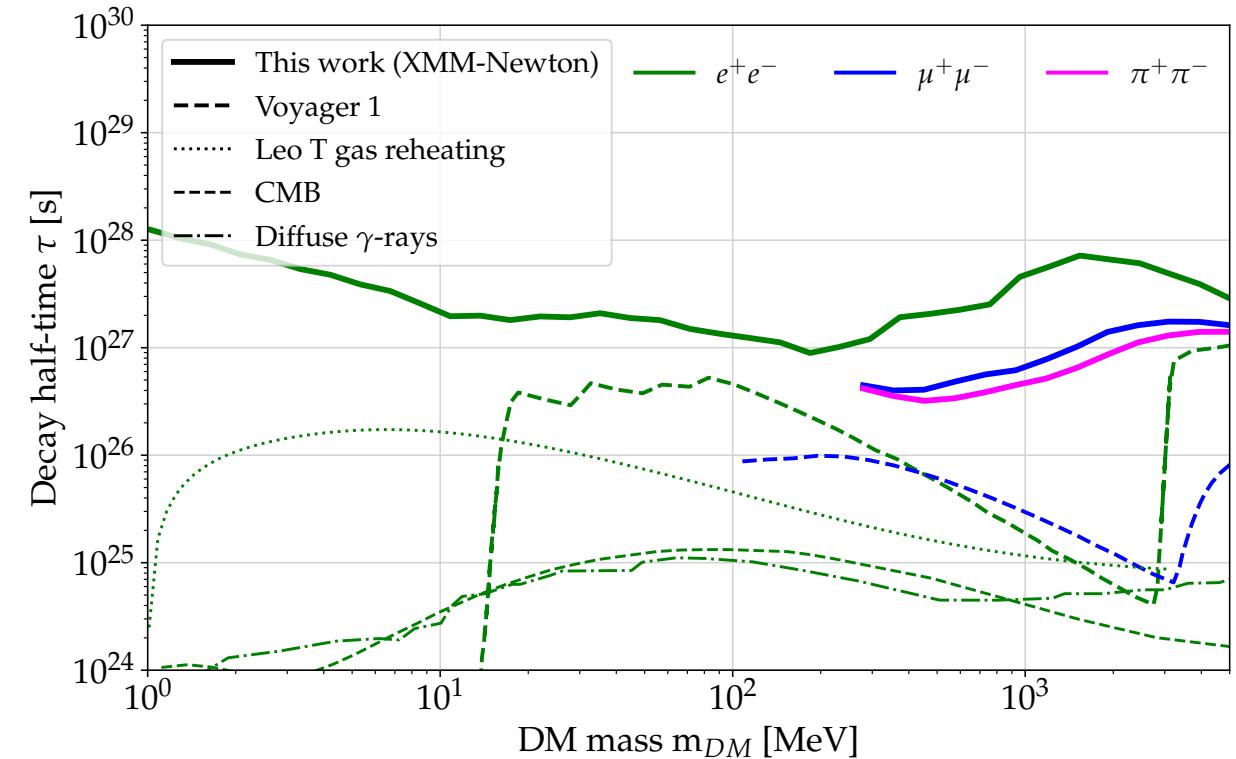


Results

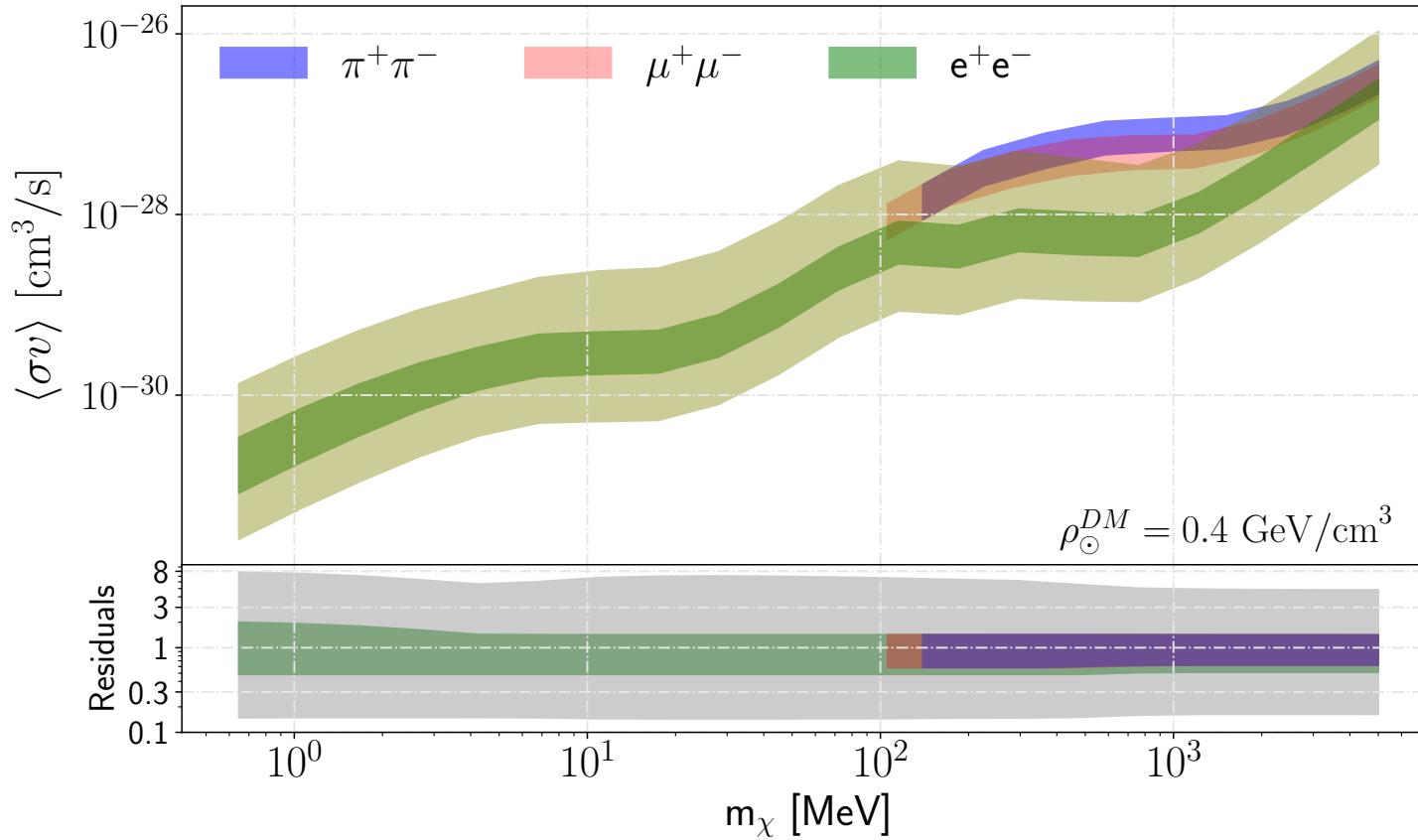
Diffuse γ -rays: Essig et al., *JHEP* '13 [arXiv:1309.4091]
Voyager 1: Boudaud et al., *Phys.Rev.Lett.* '17 [arXiv:1612.07698]
Leo T gas heating: Wakedar and Wang, *Phys.Rev.D* '22 [arXiv:2111.08025]
CMB: Slatyer, *Phys.Rev.D* '16 [arXiv:1506.03811]
Lopez-Honorez et al., *JCAP* '13 [arXiv:1303.5094]
Liu et al., *Phys.Rev.D* '16 [arXiv:1604.02457]



For $v_A = 13.4$ km/s



Results



Halo height	H	$8.00_{-1.96}^{+2.35} \text{ kpc}$
Norm. of Diffusion coeff.	D_0	$1.02_{-0.10}^{+0.12} \times 10^{29} \text{ cm}^2\text{s}^{-1}$
Norm. rigidity	R_0	4 GV
Diffusion spectral index	δ	0.49 ± 0.01
β exponent	η	$-0.75_{-0.07}^{+0.06}$
Alfvén velocity	v_A	$13.40_{-1.02}^{+0.96} \text{ km/s}$
Break rigidity	R_b	$312 \pm 31 \text{ GV}$
Index break	$\Delta\delta$	0.20 ± 0.03
Smooth. param.	s	0.04 ± 0.0015

DM profiles:

- NFW
- Burkert
- cNFW with $\gamma = 1.26$

Prospects

- Things to explore:

- Look at p-wave annihilation

$$\langle\sigma v\rangle = \langle\sigma v\rangle_s + \langle\sigma v\rangle_p v^2 + \mathcal{O}(v^4)$$

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 - Test BSM models that provide a light DM candidate:
 - 1) Injection spectra of e^\pm from DM annihilation/decay channels
 - 2) Branching ratios
 - 3) Expression of $\langle\sigma v\rangle$ or Γ as a function of the couplings

Thank you for your attention!