CEPC Silicon Strip Outer Tracker

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Outline

- Physics requirements
- Baseline Design from CDR
- Major components
 - Silicon Strip Sensor
 - Readout electronics
 - Mechanics and integration
- Roadmap towards TDR









Physics requirements from CDR

• Tracking performance

- reconstruction efficiency > 99% for 1GeV tracks
- momentum resolution ~ per mille

Lepton ID

- ID efficiency > 99%
- mis-ID rate < 2% for >5GeV isolated leptons
- **Charged kaon ID**: efficiency and purity > 90%
- Jet and missing energy: BMR < 4%
- Flavor tagging:
 - b-jet tagging efficiency and purity > 80%
 - c-jet tagging efficiency and purity > 60%

Tracking Requirement

- The CEPC detector should have excellent track finding efficiency and momentum resolution
- Expected energy and polar angle distributions of charged particles from the leading SM processes at the Higgs factory operation
 - Wide range cover of energy spectra
- Track finding efficiency better than 99% is required
- Large solid angle coverage essential $(|\cos(\text{theta})| = 0.99)$
 - for large acceptance and
 - for separation of different processes





Baseline Design from CDR

- Silicon External Tracker (SET)
 - Helps in extrapolating from TPC/DCH to Calorimeter
 - Provides hit time-stamps for bunch crossing separation
- Endcap Tracking Detector (ETD)
 - Improves reconstruction with reduced path in TPC/DCH

| Area: [m ²] |
|-------------------------|
| SET: 53.5, ETD: 9.9 |
| Total: 63.4 |
| Silicon: > 127 |



| Detector | Layer | Radius [mm] | +/- z [mm] | Material budget [X0] |
|----------|--------|-----------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| SET | Layer3 | 1811 | 2350 | 0.65% |
| ETD | Disk | Rin: 419.3 / Rout 1822.7 | 2420 | 0.65% |

Components of SET and ETD with microstrip

- Sensor
 - Microstrip sensors with detection area of 10x10 cm², 50µm pitch, 200µm thickness
 - Two back-to-back single-sided microstrips with 7° stereo angle
- Readout electronics
 - Custom designed ASICs with deep sub-micron CMOS technology
 - ADC, zero suppression, sparsification, and possible time stamping
- Power and cooling
 - DC-DC converter to reduce material and power dissipation in delivery system
 - Forced cooling gas flow to provide sufficient head reduction for sensors and electronics
- Mechanics and integration
 - Lightweight and stiff support structure based on Carbon fiber reinforced plastic material
 - Both TPC and DCH and provide sufficient support SET and ETD

Silicon Strip Modules

- Design with mass production and low cost
 - large number of modules required for the strip detector
- Independent module operation
 - to avoid potential losses caused by one or several modules in the same line
 - each module can be disconnected from the bias line
 - E.g. HV multiplexer switch (MUX) controlled through detector control system (DCS)

Silicon Strip Sensor

ATLAS ITk Strip

- AC-coupled n-type implants in p-type (n⁺-in-p) FZ silicon bulk
 - large signal after irradiation compared with p-in-n in current SCT
- n⁺-in-n higher cost (20%-50%) relative to n+-in-p
 - require double-sided processing reduces yield
 - more complicated steps in overall processing
- Strip pitch 75.5µm
 - 1280 readout strips
- On a stave, the stereo angle is achieved by rotating the modules on both sides by 26 mrad
- Chose 6-inch production
 - No large scale production of sensors on a 8-inch production line
 - Cost, schedule and yield would be highly uncertain

CEPC

- Microstrip sensors with detection area of 10x10 cm², 50µm pitch, 200µm thickness
- Two back-to-back single-sided microstrips with 7° stereo angle
- May consider cost-effective technology with less radiation
- 8-inch line to be explored

Components of ATLAS ITk Strip Detector

R [mm]

| Barrel Layer: | Radius [mm] | # of staves | # of modules | # of hybrids | # of of ABCStar | # of channels | Area [m²] |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|
| LO | 405 | 28 | 784 | 1568 | 15680 | 4.01M | 7.49 |
| L1 | 562 | 40 | 1120 | 2240 | 22400 | 5.73M | 10.7 |
| L2 | 762 | 56 | 1568 | 1568 | 15680 | 4.01M | 14.98 |
| L3 | 1000 | 72 | 2016 | 2016 | 20160 | 5.16M | 19.26 |
| Total half barrel | | 196 | 5488 | 7392 | 73920 | 18.92M | 52.43 |
| Total barrel | | 392 | 10976 | 14784 | 147840 | 37.85M | 104.86 |
| End-cap Disk: | z-pos. [mm] | # of petals | # of modules | # of hybrids | # of of ABCStar | # of channels | Area [m²] |
| D0 | 1512 | 32 | 576 | 832 | 6336 | 1.62M | 5.03 |
| D1 | 1702 | 32 | 576 | 832 | 6336 | 1.62M | 5.03 |
| D2 | 1952 | 32 | 576 | 832 | 6336 | 1.62M | 5.03 |
| D3 | 2252 | 32 | 576 | 832 | 6336 | 1.62M | 5.03 |
| D4 | 2602 | 32 | 576 | 832 | 6336 | 1.62M | 5.03 |
| D5 | 3000 | 32 | 576 | 832 | 6336 | 1.62M | 5.03 |
| Total one EC | | 192 | 3456 | 4992 | 43008 | 11.01M | 30.2 |
| Total ECs | | 384 | 6912 | 9984 | 86016 | 22.02M | 60.4 |
| Total | | 776 | 17888 | 24768 | 233856 | 59.87M | 165.25 |

CEPC: > 126

Strip Module Material Calculation

• ATLAS ITk Short Strip Module

ASIC for Readout and control electronics system

- Functionality
 - Analogue to digital conversion
 - Zero suppression
 - Sparsification
 - Time stamping
 - control
- Analog front-end circuit
 - CSA: low noise, low power
 - Discriminator for binary readout
 - TOT with energy info to improve space reso.
 - Digital process on chip
 - Buffer length for trigger latency
 - Zero suppression, cluster finder algorithm
 - Command protocol and trigger interpretation compatible with DAQ

- Time stamp
 - Default time resolution is the BX clock cycle
- Power distribution
 - LV powering scheme based on DC-DC converter
 - Less power dissipation allows lower material budget
- Radiation tolerance
 - ELT layout for analog circuit
 - TMR for digital part

ATLAS ITk Strip Electronics

- Divide functionality into several ASIC chips
- Adapt to the geometry of sensor and module building

| Acronym | Full Name | Basic functionality | Prototype | Production Chip |
|---------|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|
| ABC | ATLAS Binary Chip | Converts incoming charge signal into hit information | ABC130 | ABCStar |
| HCC | Hybrid Controller Chip | Interface between ABC130 and bus-tape | HCC130 | HCCStar |
| AMAC | Autonomous Monitor and Control Chip | Provides monitoring and interrupt functionality | AMAC-I | AMAC-II |
| FEAST | FEAST | Synchronous Step-Down Buck DC/DC converter | FEAST | upFEAST |

- Key parameters of ABC
 - Manufactured with 130nm CMOS process
 - 256 channels
 - Noise below 1000e- after irradiation
 - Gain ~85mV/fC
 - Average occupancy ~4 clusters per event
 - 12.8us FIFO
 - Data out 160Mbps

Cost Estimation for ASICs

- Time for ASIC R&D
 - > 3 MPW before the mass production
 - > 3 years of R&D, depends on manpower
- Estimated cost
 - Cost strongly depends on the technology feature size

Local Support Structure: Stave

- Low mass carbon fibre local support structure
- Embedded Ti cooling pipes with evaporative CO_2 (-40°C)
- Copper/Kapton co-cured bus tapes routing electrical services from and to modules
- End-of-Substructure (EoS) card facilitates the transfer of data, power and control signals between the modules and the off-detector system.
- lpGBT chips provide data serialisation
- Versatile optical link (VTRx+) transmit signals to the off-detector system. (VTRx+ converts electrical signal to optical signals)

Strip Barrel Integration

- Staves will be inserted in four concentric Carbon cylinders
 - 392 barrel staves in total
- Stave insertion demonstrated at RAL using cylinder mockup and stave insertion prototype tooling
- Cylinder 3 and 2 are integrated first with LS module stave

Barrel Service Module

- The services comprise cooling pipes and associated manifolds, electrical cables and optical fibre
- Each service module supplies 8 staves
- Patch-panels (PP) allow electrical connectors to exit radially
- Kept outside the end-cap radii

Roadmap towards TDR Silicon Strip Outer Tracker

- Tracking Performance and System Concept
- Numbers of Staves (SET), Petals (ETD)
- Design of Strip Modules
- Overall Electronics Architecture
- Powering Scheme for Low and High Voltage
- Critical to consolidate a baseline design for silicon strip modules
 - Silicon Strip Sensor
 - ASIC Set for Strip Detector
 - CMOS Strip Sensor as option

Lots of work ahead, but we will get there ©

Backup

CORE costs for ITk Strip Detector

ATLAS ITk Strip TDR Contents

• 26 Chapters

• 550 pages

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