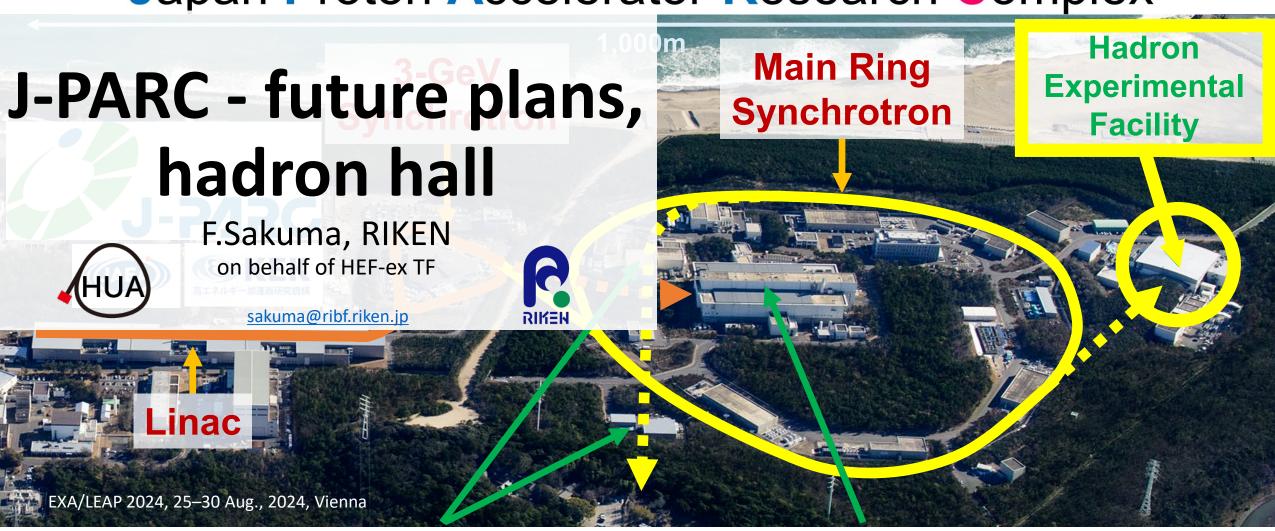
J-P/IRC

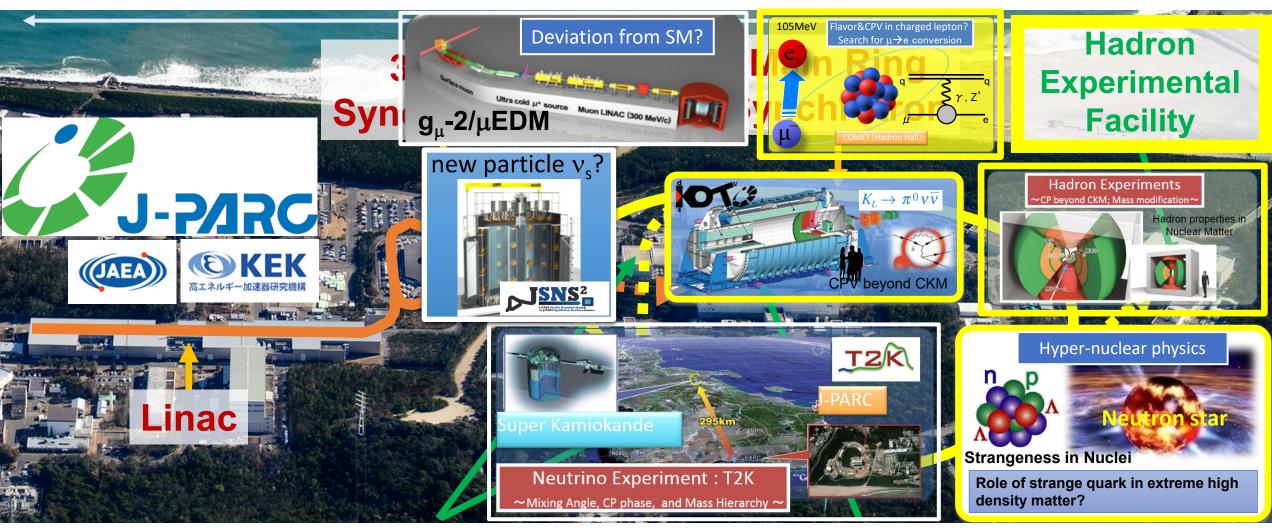
Japan Proton Accelerator Research Complex



Neutrino Experimental Facility

Material and Life Science Experimental Facility

Particle and Nuclear Physics @ J-PARC



Neutrino Experimental Facility

Material and Life Science Experimental Facility

Origin & Evolution of Matter

Matter-Antimatter
Symmetry



Flavor Physics

CP violation weak interaction

→ new physics

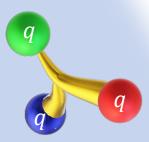
Kaon rare decays

µ→e conversion

matter dominated universe

Origin of Matter Creation

formation of hadrons from quarks

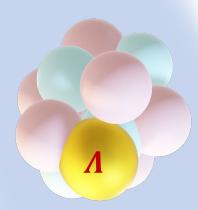


Hadron Physics

quark interactions
hadron mass-generation mechanism
Hadron spectroscopy
Meson in nuclei

Matter in Extreme Conditions

dense matter in neutron stars

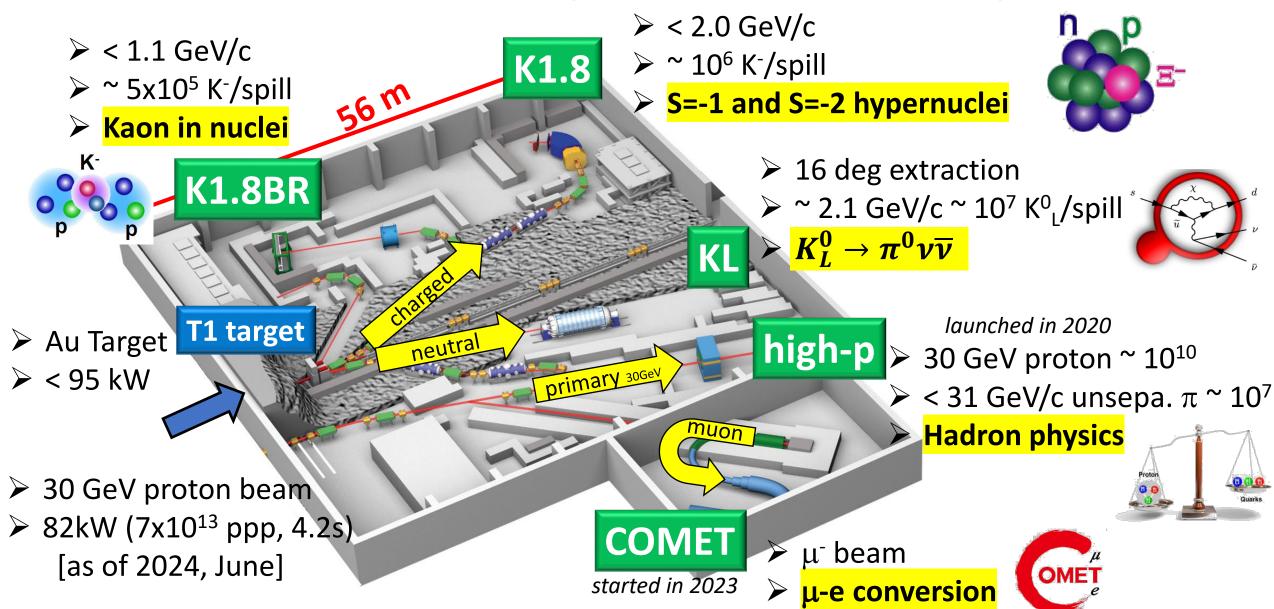


Strangeness Nuclear Physics

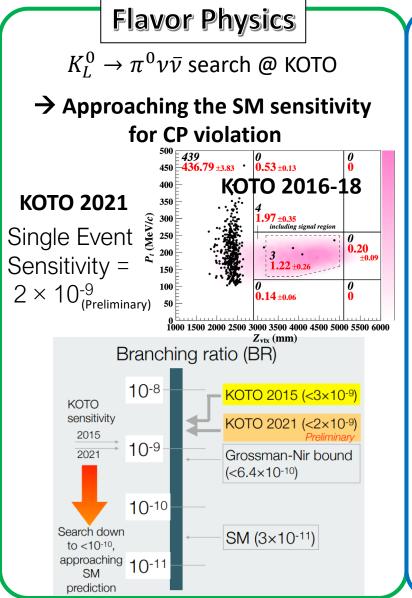
hadron interactions hadronic many-body systems

Hyperon-Nucleon scattering
Hypernuclear spectroscopy

Present Hadron Experimental Facility (HEF)



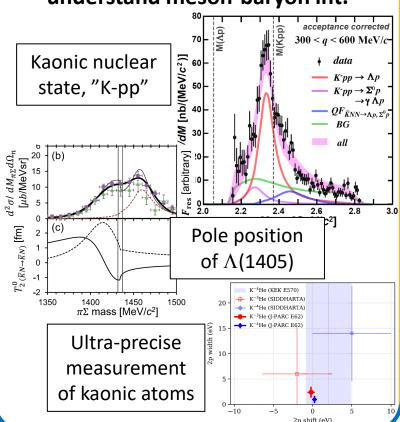
Achievements in research at the Hadron Experimental Facility



Hadron Physics

Observation of an exotic hadron bound system including K⁻ meson

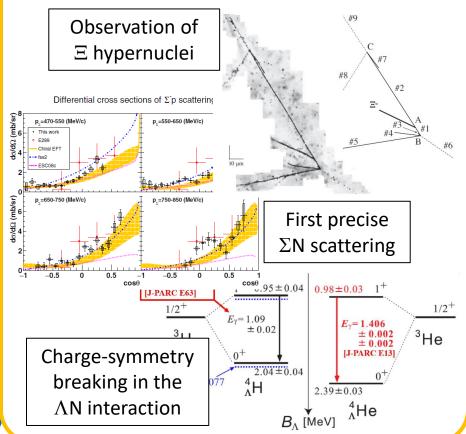
→ Established a new direction to understand meson-baryon int.



Strangeness Nuclear Physics

A lot of progress in hypernuclear research

⇒ Clarified attractive S=-2 Ξ N interaction and deepened S=-1 Λ N, Σ N interactions

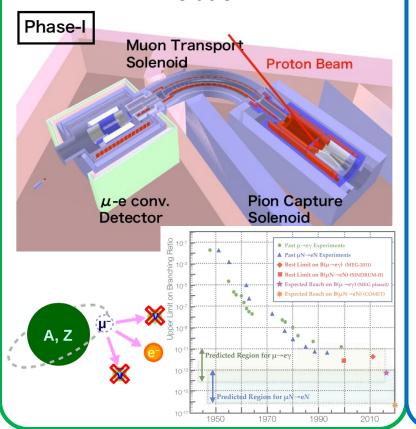


Further research directions at the Hadron Experimental Facility

Flavor Physics

Search for $\mu \rightarrow e$ conversion @ COMET (2023~)

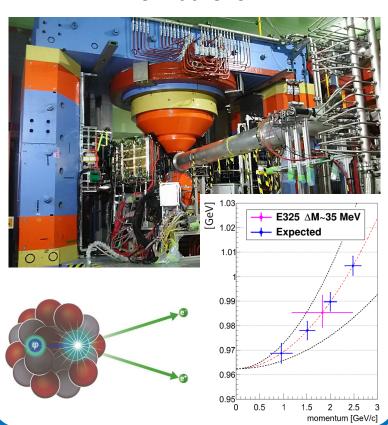
→ Search for charged lepton flavor violation



Hadron Physics

Measurement of spectral modification of ϕ meson in nuclei (2020 $^{\sim}$)

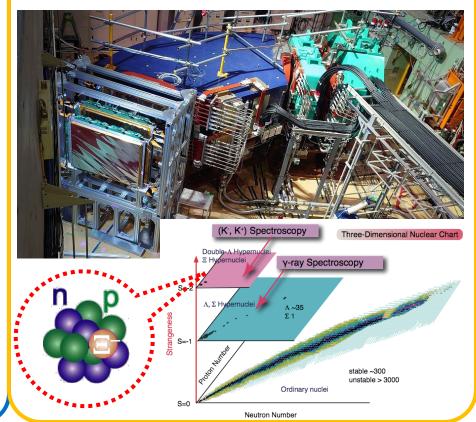
→ Attack mass-generation mechanism of hadrons



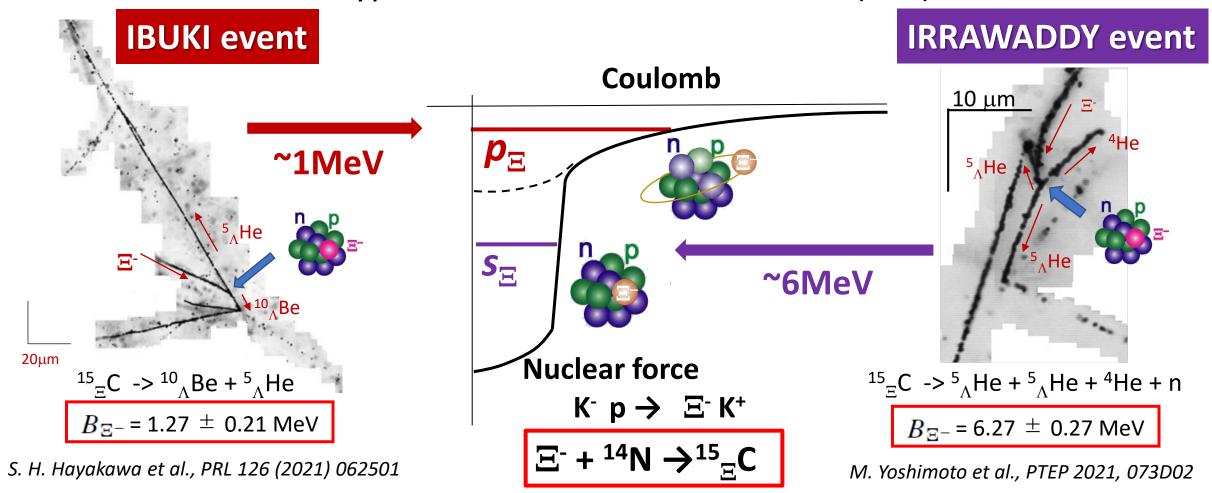
Strangeness Nuclear Physics

High-resolution spectroscopic study of S=−2 Ξ-hypernuclei (2023~)

 \rightarrow Provide accurate and systematic information on ΞN , $\Lambda\Lambda$ interactions

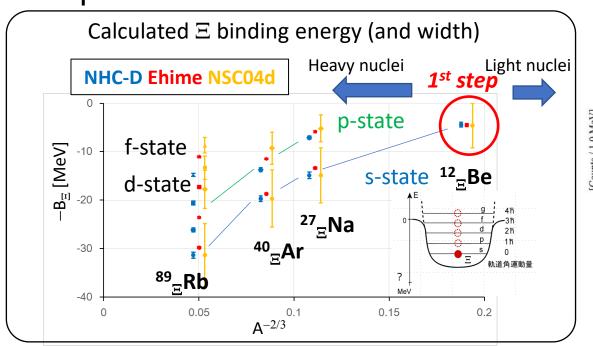


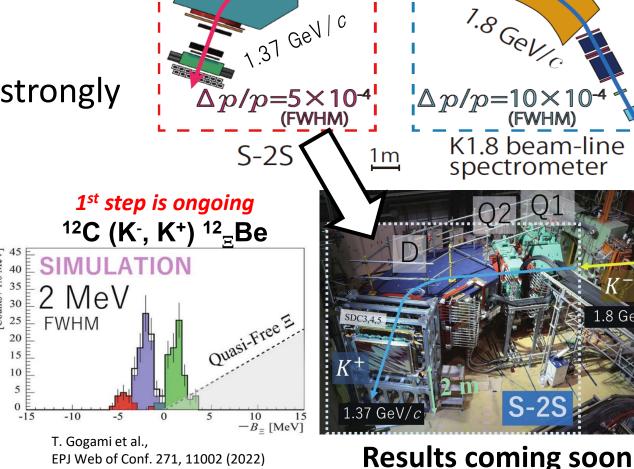
■Attractive \(\mathbb{E}\)-nuclear potential was confirmed from observation of \(\mathbb{E}\)-hypernuclei in emulsion at J-PARC (E07)



Highlights of the intense K⁻ beam experiments (1) ⁸ **E-hypernuclei**

- ●The first Ξ-hypernucleus spectroscopy
 - Ξ potential both Re(V_{Ξ}) and Im(V_{Ξ})
 - isospin dependence ($\propto 1/A$)
 - $\Xi N \Lambda \Lambda$ conversion
- Systematic measurements will be strongly promoted at J-PARC



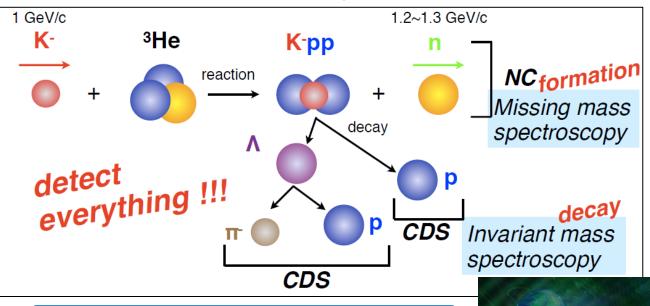


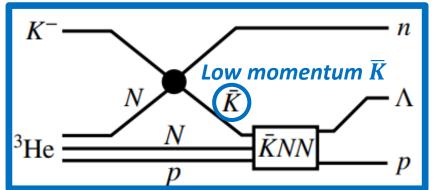
Target

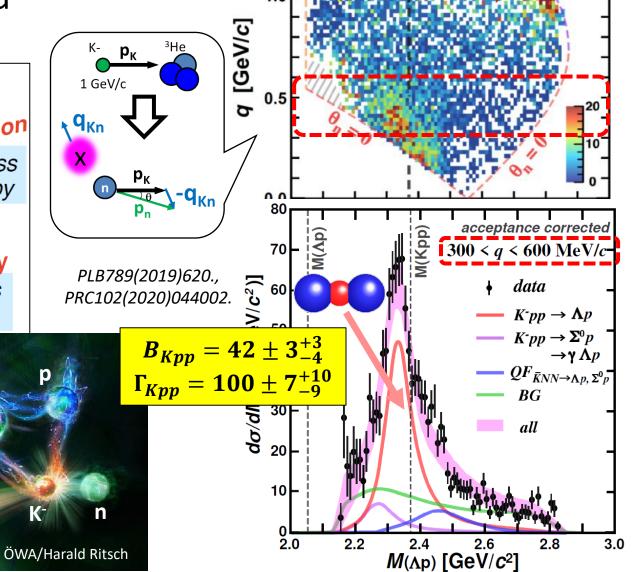
Highlights of the intense K⁻ beam experiments (2) ⁹

Kaonic nuclei

<u>"K⁻pp" bound state</u> was observed in ${}^{3}\text{He}(K^{-},n)\Lambda p$ at J-PARC (E15)







Highlights of the intense K⁻ beam experiments (2)¹⁰ Kaonic nuclei

●Systematic measurement of kaonic nuclei will be promoted at J-PARC ✓Solid angle: x1.6

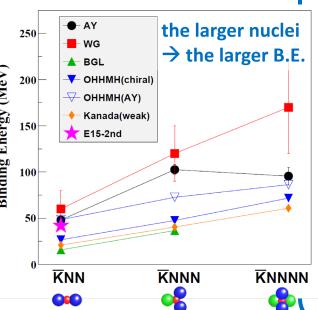
Mass number dependence

• Binding energy, Branching ratio, q dependence, ...

Spin/parity determination

Internal structure extracted with theoretical investigations

		Reaction	Decays	
	$\overline{K}N$	d(K⁻,n)	$\pi^{\pm 0}\Sigma^{\mp 0}$	
000	$\overline{K}NN$	³He(K⁻,N)	Λ p/ Λ n	/ (MeV)
	$\overline{K}NNN$	⁴He(K⁻,N)	Λ d/ Λ pn \leftarrow first step	Energy
	$\overline{K}NNNN$	⁶ Li(K⁻,d)	Λ t $/\Lambda$ dn	Binding
	K NNNNN	⁶ Li(K ⁻ ,N)	$\Lambda lpha / \Lambda dd / \Lambda dpn$	Bi
	KNNNNNN	⁷ Li(K ⁻ ,N)	$\Lambda lpha$ n/ Λ ddn	
	$\overline{K}\overline{K}NN$	\bar{p} + 3 He	$\Lambda\Lambda$	

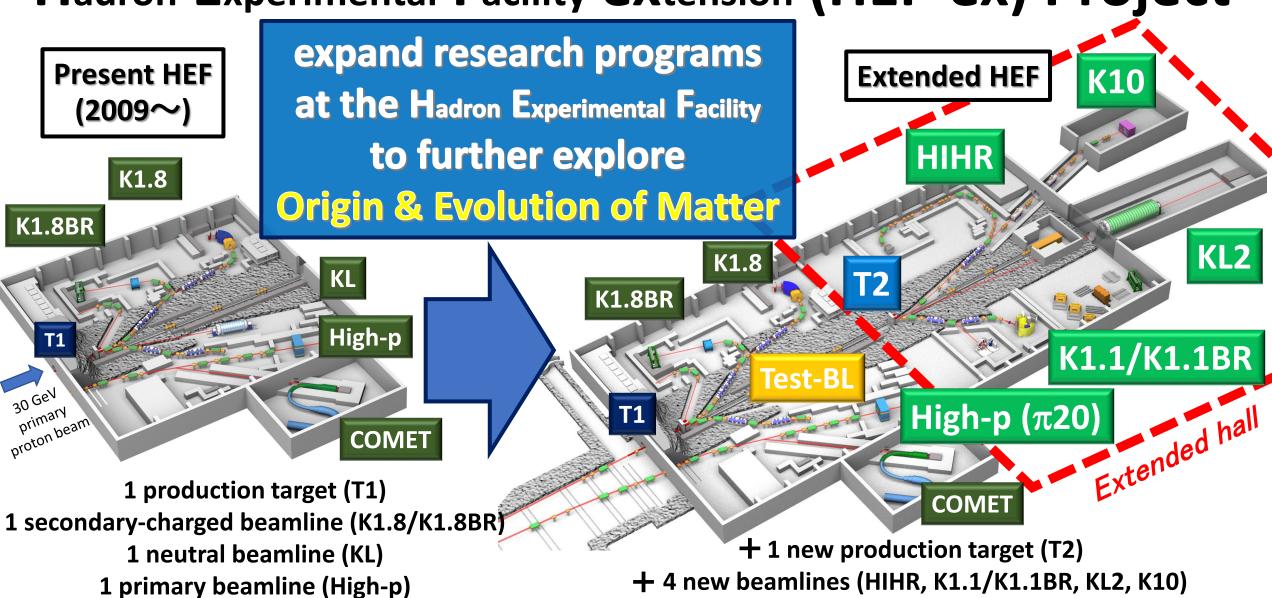


√Neutron eff.: x7



Hadron Experimental Facility eXtension (HEF-ex) Project

Hadron Experimental Facility extension (HEF-ex) Project



1 muon beamline (COMET)

2 updated beamlines (High-p (π 20), Test-BL)

Extract density dependent ΛN interaction

HIHR

Ultra-high-resolution Λ hypernuclei spectroscopy

K1.1

• intense dispersion matched π beam

Systematic ΛN scattering measurement

• intense polarized Λ beam

Investigate diquarks in baryons

high-p (π20) **High-resolution charm baryon spectroscopy**

• intense high-momentum π beam

K10

High-resolution multi-strange baryon spectroscopy

intense high-momentum separated K beam

Search for new physics beyond the SM

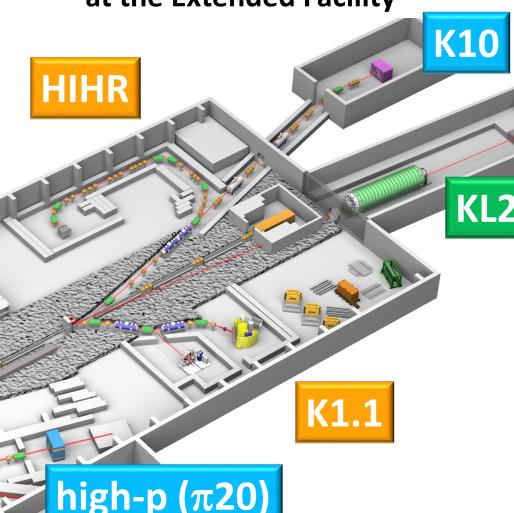


Most sensitive $K_L^0 o \pi^0
u \overline{
u}$ measurement

intense neutral K beam

Expanded Research Programs

at the Extended Facility



Extract density dependent ΛN interaction

HIHR

Ultra-high-resolution Λ hypernuclei spectroscopy



• intense dispersion matched π beam

Systematic ΛN scattering measurement

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Investigate diquarks in baryons

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High-resolution multi-strange baryon spectroscopy

• intense high-momentum separated K beam

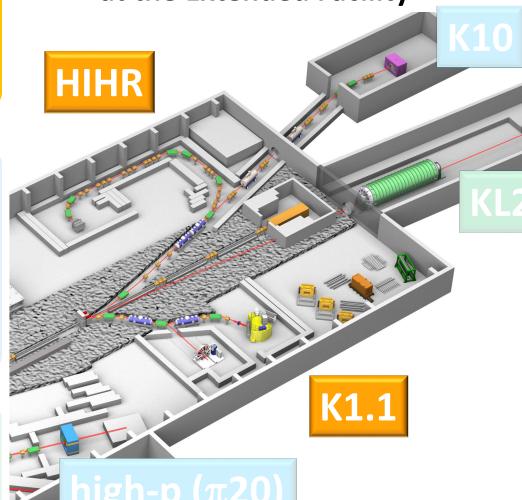
Search for new physics beyond the SM

KL2 Highest-sensitive $K_L^0 o \pi^0
u \overline{
u}$ measurement

intense neutral K beam

Expanded Research Programs

at the Extended Facility



Past measurement @ KEK-PS

 $^{208}_{\Lambda}$ Pb Δ E ~ 2.2 MeV

No sufficient resolution

Strangeness Nuclear Physics: Hyperon in Dense Environment

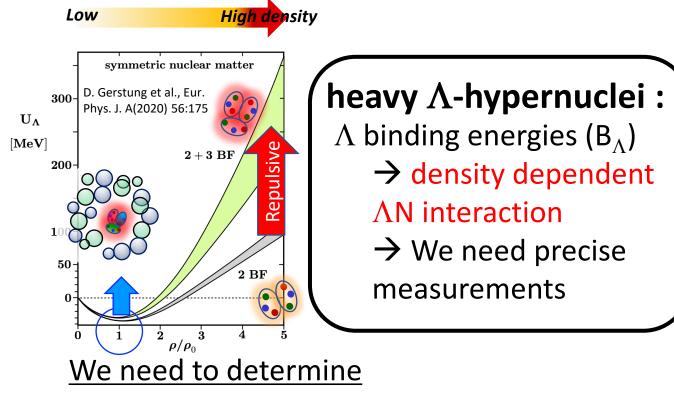
Why can heavy neutron stars exist?

 \triangleright Hyperons (Λ , Ξ , ...) emerge in dense neutron star matter?

σ₂₋₁₄° (μb/MeV) %

0.1

Λ NN 3 Baryon Force is a key



We need to determine

a tiny fraction of 3 Baryon Force effects

AN Interaction

→ We need precise measurements

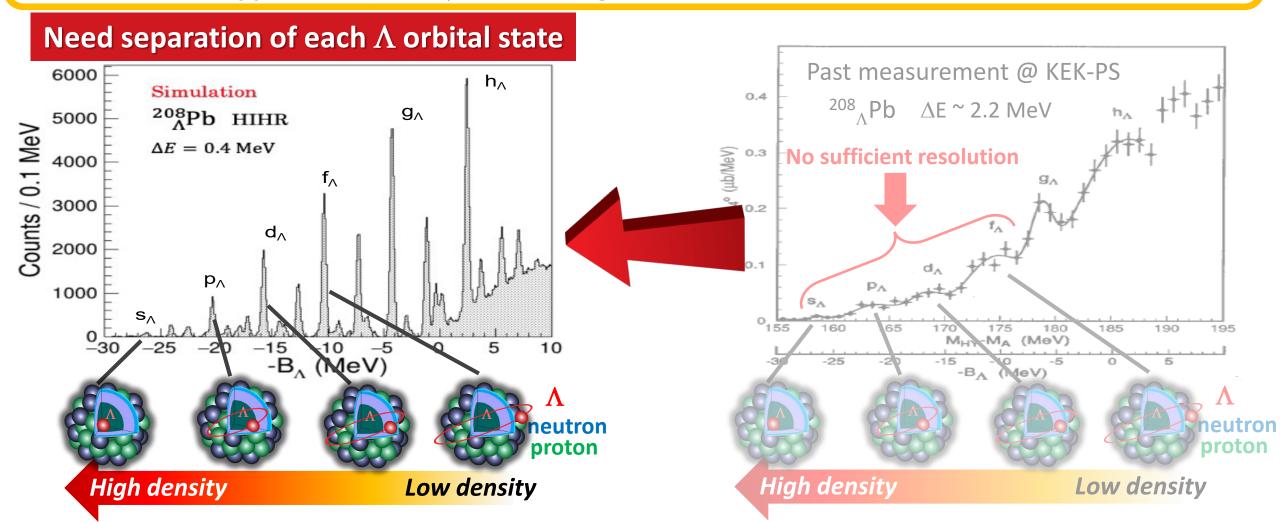
High density

Low density

Strangeness Nuclear Physics: Hyperon in Dense Environment

Why can heavy neutron stars exist?

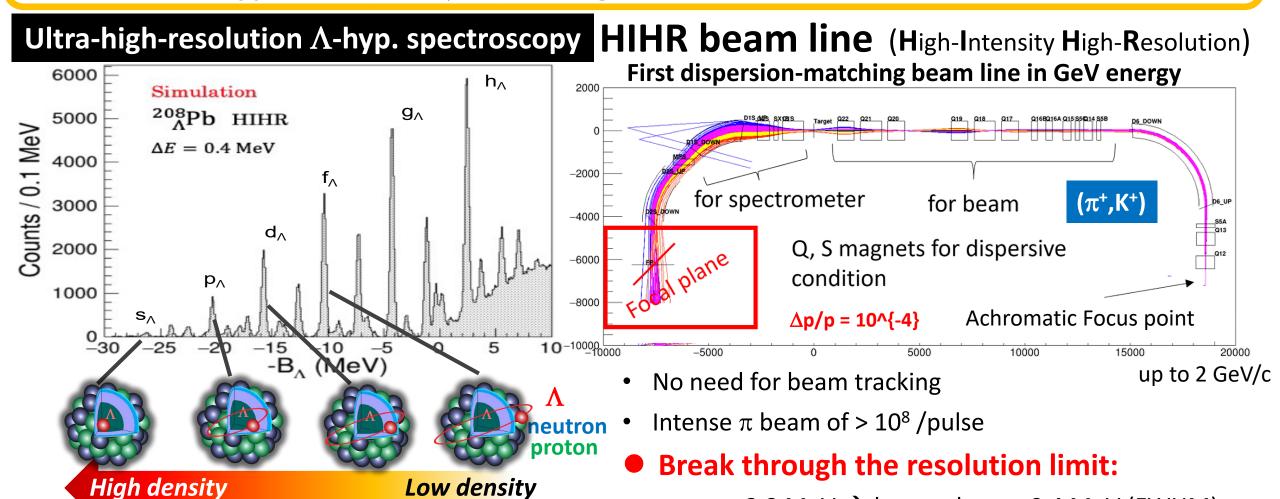
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Strangeness Nuclear Physics: Hyperon in Dense Environment

Why can heavy neutron stars exist?

Hyperons $(\Lambda, \Xi, ...)$ emerge in dense neutron star matter?



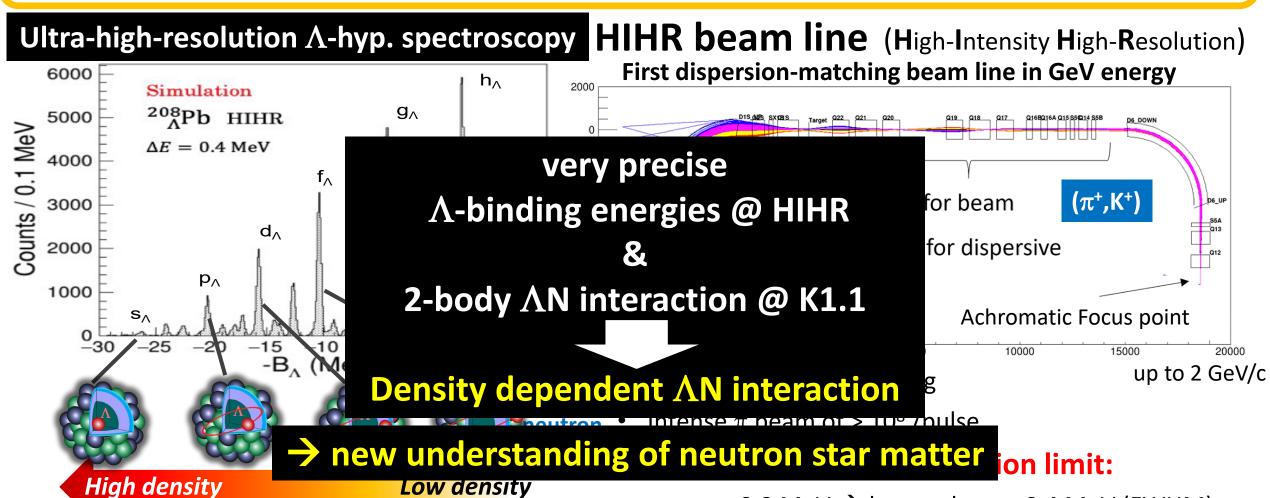
 \sim 2.2 MeV \rightarrow better than \sim 0.4 MeV (FWHM)

Low density

Strangeness Nuclear Physics: Hyperon in Dense Environment

Why can heavy neutron stars exist?

 \triangleright Hyperons (Λ , Ξ , ...) emerge in dense neutron star matter?



 \sim 2.2 MeV \rightarrow better than \sim 0.4 MeV (FWHM)

Ultra-high-resolution ∧ hypernuclei spectroscopy

• intense dispersion matched π beam

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Investigate diquarks in baryons

high-p (π20)

K10

High-resolution charm baryon spectroscopy

• intense high-momentum π beam

High-resolution multi-strange baryon spectroscopy

• intense high-momentum separated K beam

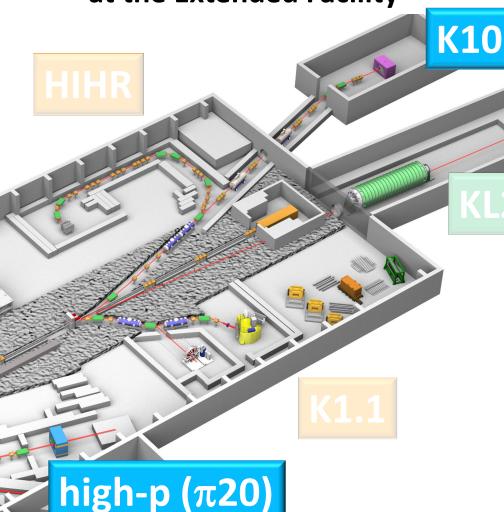
Search for new physics beyond the SM

Highest-sensitive $K_L^0 o \pi^0
u \overline{
u}$ measurement

intense neutral K beam

Expanded Research Programs

at the Extended Facility



Hadron Physics: Diquarks in Baryons

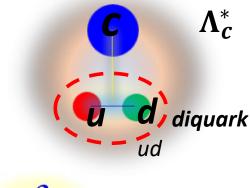
How quarks build hadrons?

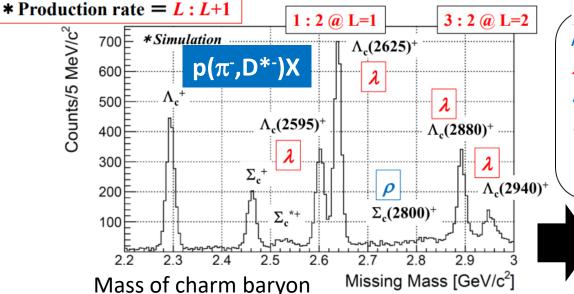
- > Investigate diquarks in baryons toward understanding of dense quark matter
 - > Charm Baryon Spectroscopy

using intense high-momentum π beam @ High-p (π 20)

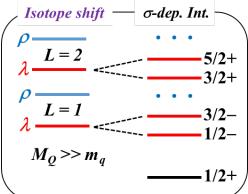
Establish a diquark (ud)

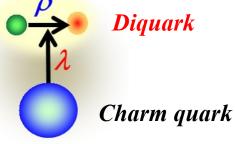
 Λ_c^* : Disentangle "collective motion of ud" and "relative motion between u and d"





Production rate of charm baryon





"production rate" and "decay rate" will give us information about diquark

Behaver of non-perturbative QCD in low energy regime

Hadron Physics: Diquarks in Baryons

How quarks build hadrons?

- > Investigate diquarks in baryons toward understanding of dense quark matter
 - > Charm Baryon Spectroscopy

using intense high-momentum π beam @ High-p (π 20)

Establish a diquark (ud)

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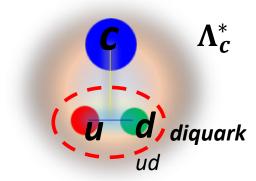


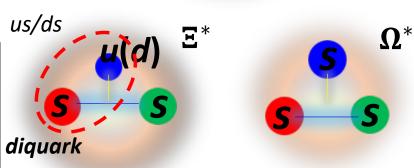
Diquarks in different systems

E*: *us/ds* diquark

 Ω^* : the simplest sss system

→ diquark is expected to be suppressed







Systematic measurements will reveal the internal structure of baryons through the diquarks

Ultra-high-resolution ∧ hypernuclei spectroscopy

• intense dispersion matched π beam

Systematic AN scattering measurement

• intense polarized Λ beam

Investigate diquarks in baryons

high-p (π20) High-resolution charm baryon spectroscopy

• intense high-momentum π beam

High-resolution multi-strange baryon spectroscopy

• intense high-momentum separated K beam

Search for new physics beyond the SM

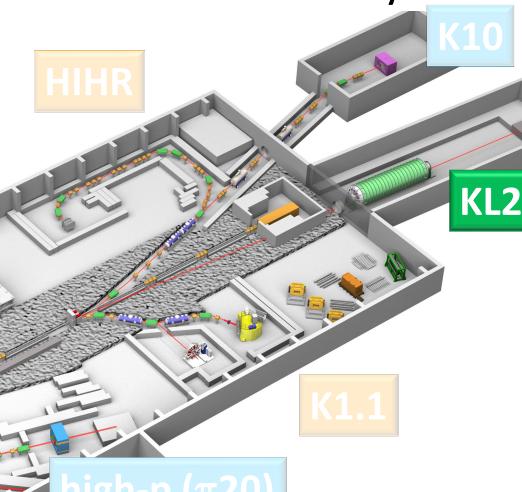


Highest-sensitive $K_L^0 o \pi^0
u \overline{
u}$ measurement

• intense neutral K beam

Expanded Research Programs

at the Extended Facility

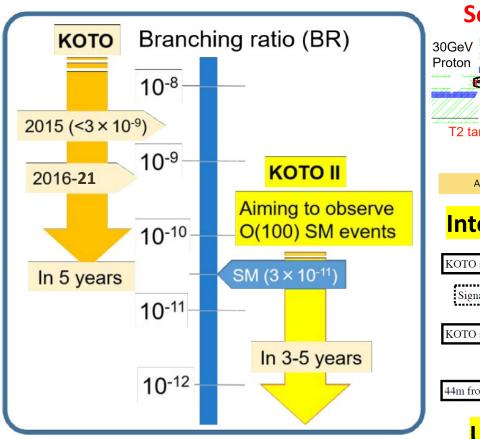


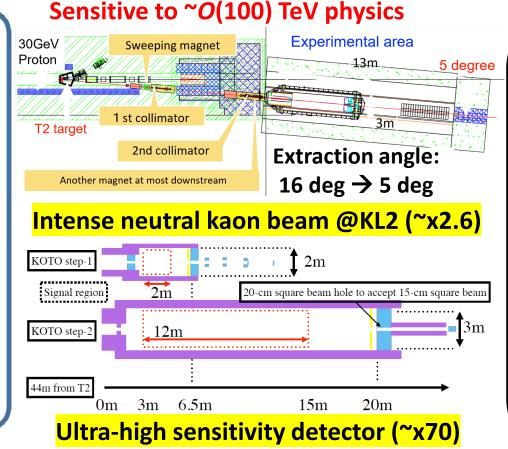
Flavor Physics: New Physics Search at KOTO Step-2²³

Is there new physics beyond the Standard Model?

Rare kaon decay: $K_L^0 \to \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$

- Directly break CP symmetry
- Suppressed in the SM \rightarrow Branching ratio $\sim 3 \times 10^{-11}$
- One of the best probes for new physics searches Small theoretical uncertainties (\sim 2%)







New physics search with world's highest sensitivity more than 100 times

- Discover the $K_L^0 \to \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$ signal with 5σ
- Measure the branching ratio with 30% accuracy

Indicate new physics, if deviation form the SM > 40%

Current Status of the Extension Project

listed as a candidate for government funding:

► MEXT Roadmap 2020

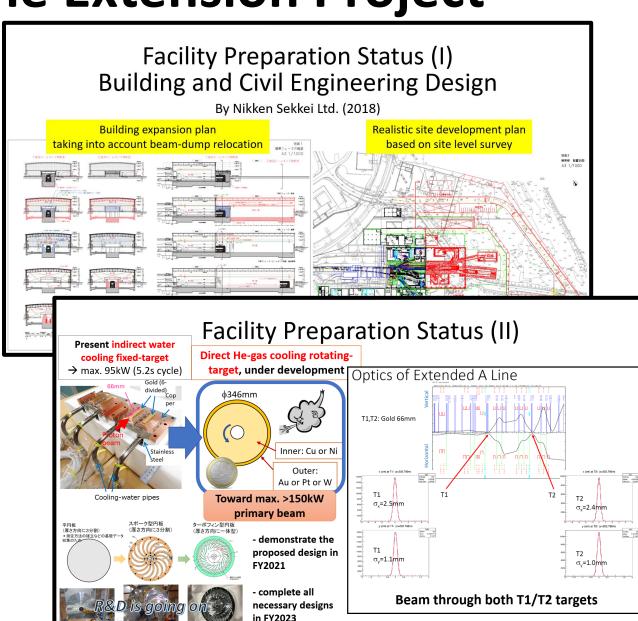
2011, 2014, 2017

Science Council of Japan Master Plan 2020



The project was selected as **the top- priority project** to be budgeted in
the KEK mid-term plan (FY2022-26)
at KEK-PIP2022 (Project Implementation Plan)





Summary of the Extension Project of the J-PARC Hadron Experimental Facility

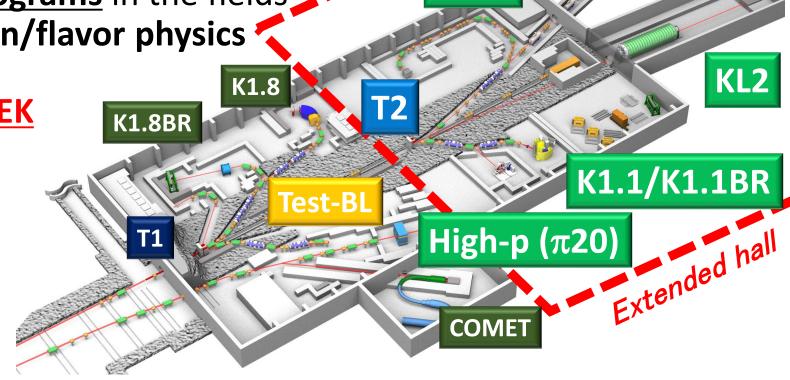
 Unique research programs in both particle and nuclear physics at high-intensity frontier

 World's leading research programs in the fields of strangeness-nuclear/hadron/flavor physics

<u>Top-priority project in the KEK</u> mid-term plan (FY2022-26) /

→ Project is now ready to start

Stay tuned!





(HUA) Thank you for your attention!

https://www.rcnp.osaka-u.ac.jp/~jparchua/en/hefextension.html



1st J-PARC HEF-ex WS, 7-9 July 2021, online

2nd J-PARC HEF-ex WS, Feb.16-18 2022, online











