



- AD/ELENA Overall Performance
- User wishes and how we tackle them
  - 1. Intensity and its stability
  - 2. Repetition rate and availability
  - 3. Beam characteristics
- Long term sustainability
- Conclusions



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## **AD/ELENA Overall Performance**



- Overall performance can be expressed as pbars vs protons on target
  - □ Showing 1 cycle every 50 starting from 1st of July till end-of-physics in 2021, 2022 and 2023



• Overall: another excellent year for AD/ELENA with performance improvements!



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## What our (typical) users want: stable intensity

- As part of follow up action from JAPW2022, the <u>AD/ELENA mini-workshop</u> was organised in March 2023
- A small **survey** was organized to ask for **"user wishes"** :
  - 1. Request: stable intensity of more than 2.5e7 pbar divided in 4 equal bunches
    - Typically, the more, the better....
    - Acceptable to have slow drifts over time scales of days/weeks



■ In practice, quite some intensity variation/fluctuation (>20%!) over the year

- □ Slow improvements thanks to motivated operation team
- □ Slow/fast degradations due to natural drifts and hardware faults/issues
- □ Shot-to-shot flucuations due to non-reproducibility of several sub-systems

See also presentation by <u>B. Holzer</u>

**ELENA** 

## Note: AD/ELENA Cycles



- Magnetic cycles basically un-changed in length since 2022
- To simplify, the deceleration process can be divided (arbitrary choice) in macro-steps linked to underling "production" or "cooling" mechanisms
  - **Disclaimer: transmission** along one step **might depend on beam quality** from previous one...



### More Details about Intensity, and its Stability...





#### **Proton intensity on target** (BCT9053):

- □ Stepwise increase thanks to 5-bunch setup by PS in 2022 and thanks to improved shielding of AEgIS area
- □ Sizeable short-term variation (see next slide)
- "p-on-target to pbar-in-AD-ring yield:
  - □ Step due to horn flashovers (being addressed during YETS)
  - □ Large short-term variation subject of study of the APOC WG led by Y. Dutheil (ABT) (see following slides)
- From AD injection to 300 MeV/c plateau:
  - $\Box$  Excellent performance of s-cooling and AD at high p
- From AD@300 MeV/c to ELENA@35 MeV/c:
  - □ **Large variation** of overall performance, linked to:
    - AD e-cooler performance/stability
      - □ Looking forward for a **new e-cooler** after LS3!
    - AD ejection oscillation
      - □ **Investigation ongoing** led by L. Bojtar (OP)
- From ELENA@35 MeV/c to extraction:
  - $\hfill\square$  Low performance linked to **e-cooling** and **space-charge** effects
  - □ Indication that we need to spend some more time on **ELENA**, and not only on keeping AD up and running...



- Excellent stability of proton production up to PS last turn! (see <u>T. Prebibaj</u>)
- ~90% PS-to-AD-target transmission, still below what it was (maybe) pre-LS2 :
  - □ **BCTs gating** not always accurate?
  - □ **BLMs not always consistent** with BCT readings?
  - □ Tests with pencil beam planned, if time allows, in 2024 by Y. Dutheil
- Transmission variation/drift might also be linked to steering in TT2/FTA?!:
  - □ Possibility to **stabilize TT2/FTA already presented last year**, to be automatized
  - $\square$  **No BPMs in FTA**: see request in presentation by <u>M. Van Dijk</u>
  - □ Some "alarm-like" detection drift/degradation would probably help operation?!



## Antiproton Production/Optimisation: APOC WG

position (mm)



### Put in place as a follow-up action from JAPW2022

- □ General + topical zoom meeting since July
  - usually 2-5 participants (OP, ABP, STI and ABT)
- □ Indico category can be found <u>here</u>

### 2023 progress:

- Beam stabilizer to maintain the position of the proton beam on the antiproton target
  - Target is only 3mm in diameter while beam rms beam size ~1mm
  - Hundreds of manually adjustments in 2022, completely automatized since August 2023

### Antiproton yield mapping

- Mapping of horn-strength Vs target position optimum: study started in 2022
- Allowed to quickly compensate for degradation of horn hardware in Oct/Nov 2023!
  - Good example demonstrating the importance of this kind of studies!

Beam stabilisation on AD target



target position (mm)

## **APOC WG:** progress and prospects



#### Progress on modelling of AD target and its horn:

- □ Horn magnetic finite element model and magnetic field map computed by ABT-PPE (J. Ruf, Y. Dutheil, see <u>#3</u>)
- □ Antiproton distribution from STI using FLUKA
- □ Toward model-guided setting up and optimization!
  - Hopefully allowing to study the expected yield with various target designs and materials



- Reducing pulsing rate of DI magnets to extend equipment lifetime
  - □ This turned out to have a negative impact on pbar yield stability
  - □ Measuring the DI.BHZ24&25 powering system and magnetic properties during the YETS
    - $\square$  Thanks to EPC and MSC colleagues! See also dedicated meetings  $\underline{\#1}$ ,  $\underline{\#2}$  &  $\underline{\#3}$
  - □ Working on joint magnets+power converters consolidation (See ECR <u>2953934</u>)
- Many other subjects being investigated, for example:
  - Improved FTA control with magnets logicals and UCAP-hosted BTV screen fitting
  - New methods for AD injection steering optimisation
    - $\Box$  Using ring BTV for injected and circulating beam position measurement (see <u>5<sup>th</sup> BIFT</u>)
    - □ First turn trajectory measurement under investigation with BI

### Sources of AD "low energy" Transmission Degradation



- Regular observation of vacuum activity that trigger instability of AD e-cooler
  - □ It might be possible to **develop software slowfeedback** to stabilise it...
  - □ ... hope in the **new AD e-cooler** 
    - See status at review in <u>June2023</u> and presentation at <u>COOL23</u>

#### Power converter/field instabilities

- E.g. QUAD-TRIM3 suddenly providing only half the current despite normal acquisition...
  - ... consolidation "wanted"!
- **Trajectory instability** at **AD ejection** 
  - □ Traced back to **AD ejection septa** 
    - Investigations ongoing to cure it...
  - □ Impact on AD-to-ELENA transport and deceleration to 35 MeV/c
    - Developed on-demand correction of ELENA injection oscillation to be converted in a (slow) feedback







#### AD S-Cooling

- □ **Toward a clear understanding** of the **present implementation** and **efficient setup** strategy with modern tools: see S. Rey at <u>COOL2023</u>
- □ Must pursue this effort to have a solid consolidation/upgrade plan of the system
- **HLRF** + **LLRF** + **C10** 
  - □ Overall, no major issues, but C10 in critical status: consolidation plans being discussed...
    - Need for better observables: see presentation by <u>S. Albright</u>
  - □ ObsBox online, and development/improvement still ongoing
    - We need to start profiting of this system...

#### B-Train

- Not ideal simulated b-train for AD
- □ Still using LLRF test feature in ELENA...
- □ Injector-wide strategy being discussed. See for example <u>IPP in Oct. 2023</u>
- Beam Instrumentation Characterization/Consolidation/Upgrade
  - See, for example, work on scraper measurement understanding by <u>G. Russo at</u> <u>HBWS2023</u>, and presentation by <u>M. Van Dijk</u>
  - Discussions ongoing at different forums about IPM, Intensity, Schottky Measurements, ...
    - Need to draft a coherent plan for better/new instrumentation

### Radiation Levels Reduction

□ Thanks to additional shielding installed during YETS22/23 and better monitoring



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## What our (typical) users wants: stable rep rate



User request: stable (order of 5% over ~1 week) repetition period (~110 s)

- Usual repetition rate variation driven by PS sypercycle composition and strategy
  - □ Some punctual improvement, but **not much we can do** (but cycle the injectors only for AD...)



#### Beam request handling not always optimal

- E.g. some users (e.g. ALPHA) would benefit of being certain to receive one bunch every N cycles
- Only less than 10% of the time with 4 users taking beam simultaneously :
  - One could think of reducing the number of bunches to 3, but complex problem...
- $\Box$  ...to be discussed with the users!



### Hardware Faults During Physics - any Trend?





JAPW2023 – 7th Dec 2023



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## What our (typical) users wants: bunch quality



### User request: keep present beam characteristics

- □ Extraction energy of **100 keV**:
  - Present user hardware designed for this energy
- □ bunch-length <150 ns FWHM
  - GBAR asking for <100 ns FWHM, routeinly achieved with bunch rotation
- □ Emittance < 2um
  - □ only parameter not meeting ELENA design value (< 1.2 um)
  - This might be a limitation for some user like GBAR
  - □ Investigation with H<sup>-</sup> showed that using a different working point could be beneficial
    - Observation confirmed with a few pbar cycles!
    - Another example of the importance of keeping the ELENA H<sup>-</sup> source operational!
  - □ Plan to start 2024 run with the new working point





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- AD is aging! ... and soon ELENA will as well...
  - □ *Example:* issue with **QFC54** at startup: **important to finalize magnets consolidation**
  - □ *Example:* long term strategy for **SEM in ELENA transfer lines being discussed**
  - □ Plans to establish a test facility for low-intensity, low-energy (pbar/H<sup>-</sup>) beam instrumentation and components testing (see **TELMAX** proposal, EDMS <u>2975107</u>)
  - □ Usual concerns for liquid helium distribution, water cooling, cranes, powering during YETS, ...

### ...many hardware/infrastructure topics not discussed here...

- Working on a long-term Consolidation/Upgrade plan for the facility
  - □ Will need to include power supplies, s-cooling, instrumentation, infrastructure, ...
  - □ It requires input from physics community (maybe at SPSC in 2024 or 2025?)
  - □ Main aim: provide inputs to CERN management such to obtain a clear statement on the long-term (beyond LS4) lifetime of the complex
  - □ See also IEFC of 7th July 2023 and ADTC of 14th Sep. 2023



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# Conclusions



- Generally, yet another excellent year for AD/ELENA!
  - □ Despite several **reliability issues** and **bad surprises**
  - □ Thanks to **determined** and **motivated AD/ELENA teams** with **invaluable support** from **uncountable colleagues**...
  - □ In 2023, we probably reached the peak performance of the facility with present hardware (and manpower)
  - Investments into new tools and machine understanding have paid off on several occasions!

### Projections for 2024 and beyond:

- □ Work on **performance stabilisation** and **faster recovery** time, e.g.:
  - Stabilise proton reproducibility and pbar yield
  - Cure sources of **fluctuations** observed in **DI line** and **AD ejection**
  - Continue to **collect references** and **procedures**
- □ Invest more time on ELENA pbar performance
  - E.g., close the chapter of higher emittances than design...

□ Work on a coherent plan for a bright long-term future of the facility

as in JAPW2022

2023

# Thanks

CH MAX 500 KG

C. Ahdida, S.Albright, M.E. Angoletta, L. Bojtar, F. Butin, C. Carli, F.S. Carlier, J. Cenede, B. Dupuy, Y. Dutheil, A. Frassier, P. Freyermuth, T. Giles, W. Hofle, S. Jensen, L.V. Joergensen, G. Khatri, Be. Lefort, C. Machado, O. Marqversen, B. Ninet, S. Pasinelli, L.Ponce, S.F.Rey, S. Reignier, G. Russo, G. Tranquille...

. and the many more colleagues to whom I apologies for not mentioning their name, but without whom AD/ELENA would not give us so much satisfaction (i.e. troubles) and anti-physics!

Background by Theres Rütschi, Instagram: papermoon\_32

## User wishes

### Based on survey sent to users for 2023 AD/ELENA mini ws



### • **Repetition time** and **stability**:

- □ ~110s (mainly driven by BASE: shorter cycles can be a problem for them!)
- □ Ideally requiring **back-to-back cycles** (optimum for stability and intensity flux).
  - If not (as today) we should **aim for 5% rep-rate stabilty**
- Delivered bunch properties:
  - □ >7.5e6 pbars/bunch (driven by AEgIS design)
  - **Rms emittance <2um.** No strong desire for lower (but GBAR, short term)
  - $\square$  Rms dp/p <1e-3. No strong desire for lower
  - □ Trajectory stability <0.1 mm
  - □ 100 ns FHWM bunch length
    - Today's <u>150 ns FWHM without bunch rotation</u> sufficient for most experiments, but GBAR.
  - □ 100 keV fixed extraction energy
    - But keep open the possibility to explore 50-500 keV (up to 5.3 MeV for ASACUSA1)
- Beam **availability**:
  - □ Present yearly schedule (days of pbar physics) and injectors availability typically good enough
    - Both could be improved with equal importance
  - □ 4 bunches extracted from ELENA all the time seems to statisfy most use cases
    - More dynamic scenarios don't seem to be interesting

## Possible plan from 2023 AD mini ws



#### (from a beam perspective)

- Optimise for quality/stability of delivered pbar bunches
  - $\Box$  100 ns FHWM bunch length, 1e-3 rms dp/p,
  - $\Box$  Try to solve the "large emittance issue", aiming at ~1 um rms emittances
  - □ Work on intensity measurement accuracy and beam trajectory stabilisation
  - □ Work on **"performance recovery" procedures** (e.g. e-cooler drifts, trajectory drifts due to stray fields, ...), including **ring optics studies**

#### Aim at ~100s-long, regular cycles

- □ Insist on more careful super-cycle composition (short term) and/or "on demand" beam request from PS (long term) (worth up to 10% higher pbar flux at fixed rep-rate)
- $\Box$  Insist on higher availability from injectors (worth up to 10% higher pbar flux)
- $\square$  Reduce AD cycle length where possible, but no need to insit too much (already close to 100s)
- Aim at 4 x **1e7 bunches** extracted from ELENA
  - Exploit maximum AD target capabilities
    - highest proton intensity (toward 2e13 p/pulse)
    - Pbar yield optimisation (including styding of DI optics and AD injection)
  - □ Aim at 80% transmission from AD injection to ELENA ejection
  - □ Test of **h=3 instead of h=4** at ELENA ejection? (to be discussed)
- long term/nice to have (to be discussed):
  - Open the possibility for higher-energy and lower-energy extraction from ELENA?
  - Possibility to inject/decelerate antideuteron in AD?

## **AD/ELENA Improvement Project Timeline**





- The SPSC has recommend the Research Board for a call for proposal for new experiments (probably in 2024 or more likely in 2025)
- On our side, drafting a document to describe how the facility could be "improved"
  - □ Main aim: we need to provide inputs to CERN management such to obtain a clear statement on the long-term (beyond LS4) lifetime of the complex

### **Overview of Beam Instrumentation Needs**







## Linked to proton intensity increase?

□ Not so sticking... Surely not the whole picture...



## **LNE Trajectory Stability**



- Investigation on trajectory stability and impact of AD cycle
  - □ Some correlation with AD cycle, but not very clear (at least in LNE50 at this time)



By S. Pasinelli

# **ELENA Single Pass Intensity**



- Based on BI-TRIC system on LF LPU design of ELENA ring
- Till early 2023, several doubts about calibration
  - Long lasting investigation by BI and RF teams, including adding a notforeseen TRIC system + surface amplifiers for Ring LF LPU
  - "Solved" by using a 1 nF calibration capacitor in TRIC (as in DE.BCT7049)





# Properties of beams delivered to users



- In longitudinal, normally meeting user needs
  - □ **Thanks to flexibility** provided by **bunched beam cooling**, and **bunch rotation**
- **Transverse emittances too large** (Typically ~2.5 um)!
  - ~linear dependance with beam intensity
    - i.e. higher intensity will bring even larger emittances...



- Some hints for improvement looking at electron temperature and/or vacuum levels and/or e- energy control... or pbar optics to be investigated
- Note: users do not seem to have strong requirements on emittance and/or energy spread (but GBAR, at least on the short term)



## Exploring a New Working Point for Smaller $\epsilon$





## The ELENA cycle



■ Running with two (magnetically-equal) ~15-second-long pbar/H- cycles



- We are providing 4 equal bunches to serve 4 experiments in contemporary
- Margin of improvement:
  - □ **Transmission**: today up to ~20% losses,
  - □ Cycle length: not important if we run in the shadow of AD (baseline), but relevant if we wait for ELENA extraction before restart AD (as today!)
- Repetition rate is very slow for any study/setup with pbar
  - Good news: No H- lifetime degradation observed with e-cooling! We can use H- for most studies!
  - **Bad news: H- source reliability** questionable, known to be prone to hardware faults...
  - **Bad news: H- lifetime strongly affected by vacuum levels in the ring** (typically 10<sup>-11</sup> mbar)