A Tape RSE for Extremely Large Data Collection Backups

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Andrew Hanushevsky, SLAC

http://xrootd.org

Produced under DOE contract DE-AC02-76SF00515 with Stanford University

The Instigator: Vera C. Rubin Observatory

- Simonyi Survey Telescope and LSST Camera (8.4 m primary, 3.2 Gpix, 6 filter bands)
- Legacy Survey of Space and Time (10 years, >18K deg² sky coverage, >825 visits per point)
- Finishing Construction, Pre-Operations, and Commissioning; Operations to start in mid 2025



Render



Reality (Dec 2021)



The LSST Backup Challenge

- **#**~15 Rucio datasets per night (4K-8K/year) Up to 20K files per dataset ■ Size range from a few KB to ~1 GB Average size of dataset is approximately 100 GB All of which need to be backed up About 8 PB/year **#** Up to 12M additional dataset products/year Each approximately 150GB
 - Undetermined number need backups

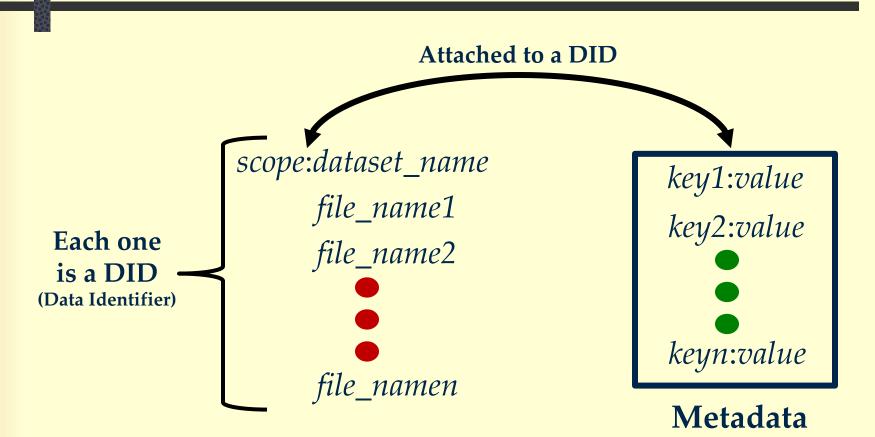


Backup/Restore Requirements

Simple way to create a backup No complicated submission interfaces **#**99+% assurance that a backup created Ability to discover datasets not backed up **#** Ability to restore Full datasets Individual files from a dataset

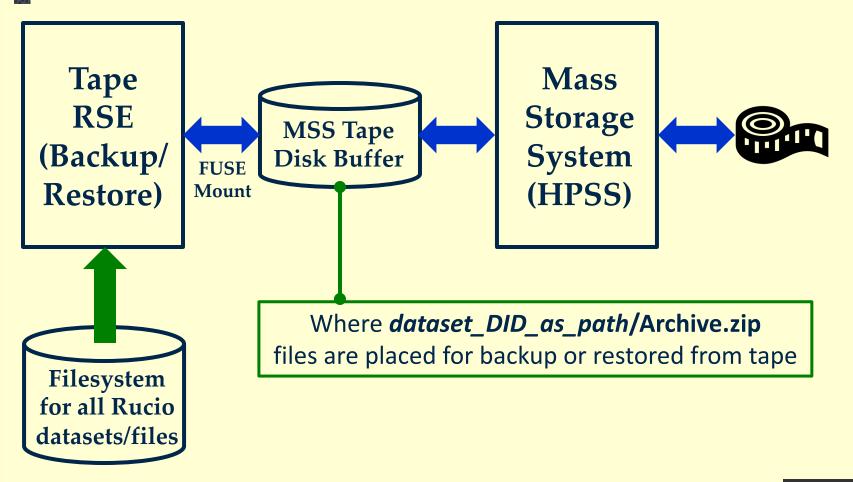


Rucio Conventions





Backup/Restore Environment





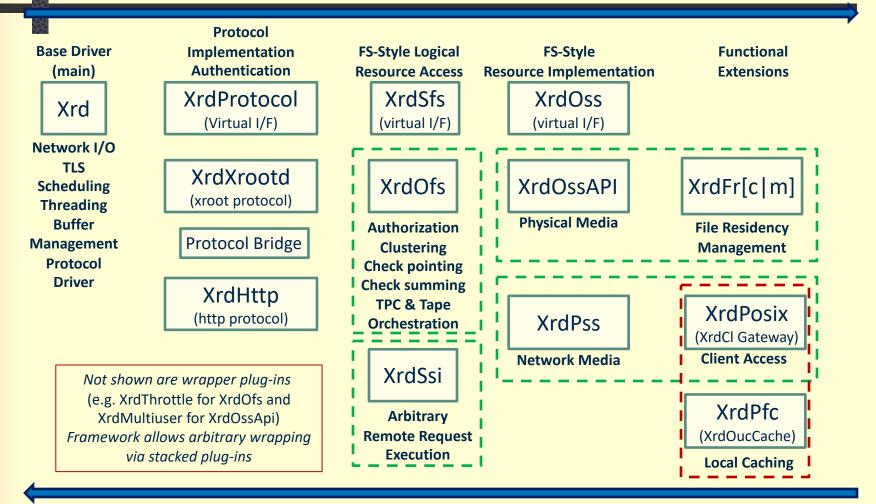
The Backup Approach

Dataset associated w/ backup metadata
 arcBackup is the metadata key

- *taperse*:**need** *taperse* needs to backup ds
- taperse:done taperse completed the backup
- **#** The tape RSE is a specialized xroot server
 - Standard server with extra plug-in
 - libXrdOssArc.so (configurable)
 - Orchestrates the backup

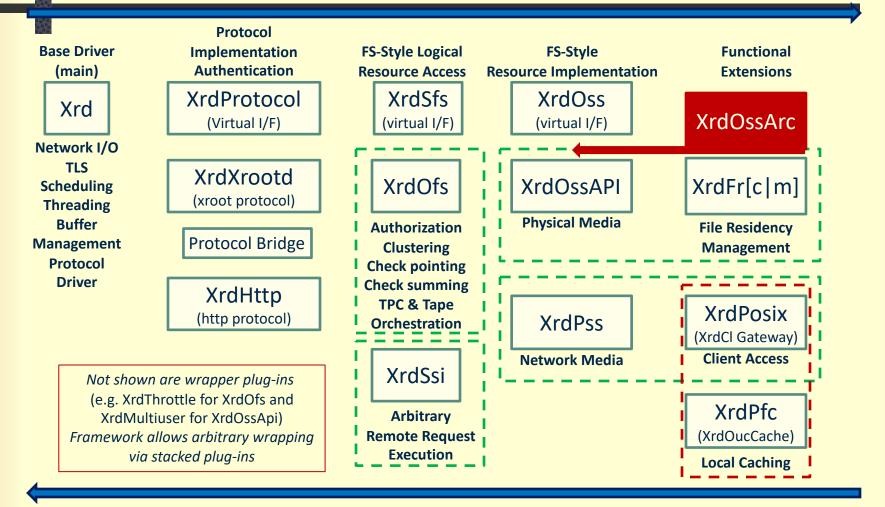


XRootD Plug-In Architecture





The Stacked OssArc Plug-In





Backup Orchestration

Coordinates 3 Python scripts

- XrdOssArc_Archiver
 - Creates zip file of dataset contents
 - Stages archive to the Mass Store System for backup
- XrdOssArc_BkpUtils
 - Various Rucio dependent functions
 - Used to setup backup and finalize the backup
- XrdOssArc_MssCom
 - Various MSS dependent functions



The Backup Steps

Do Forever

- Create list of datasets to be backed up
- For each dataset using config scheduling
 - Setup logical dataset contents via symlinks
 - Default assumption all DID's are accessible to RSE
 - Invoke archiver to create and stage-out backup
 - Create dataset_DID/Archive.zip
 - Zip member names are the file DIDs
 - Move archive to MSS stage-out file system buffer
 - Cleanup by removing logical dataset
 - Finalize the backup by updating DS metadata



The Restore Approach I

Individual files

• Copy out file from the archive RSE

srdcp xroot://rse//backup/dataset_DID

- Can also use your favorite HTTP copy program
- Currently, using a tilde (~) to separate *ds* from *fn*
 - Only unassigned special character without UTF req
 - Done by Rucio lfn to pfn plugin for the RSE
 - Considering other alternatives like CGI "arc.fn="
- Restore typically requires a stage-in from tape
 - Does not require unpacking the zip file
 - OssArc plug-in knows how to read/extract zip files



The Restore Approach II

Full dataset

Copy out the full archive zip file (fast restore)
xrdcp xroot://rse//backup/dataset_DID~Archive.zip
Can also use your favorite HTTP copy program
Unzip archive in-place implies special processing
Potentially use Rucio replicate (by file restore)
Requires registering every file as replica
Needs to reopen the previously closed dataset or
Use a separate shadow dataset which is another issue
Doesn't solve the shared file restore problem

• Note that backup includes all shared files



Conclusions

The Tape RSE provides a needed service Passive Rucio dataset backups Active restores Plan to make process more transparent **#** Can be used in many environments Active components are Python scripts Can be easily modified or replaced Accommodate different storage environments





Questions?

