



# **GPU-friendly surface model for Monte-Carlo detector simulations**

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**Occupancy** = # active warps / # of max possible warps Theo. maximum limited by **registers** / **thread!** 



 $\frac{w_{1}}{w_{2}} \cdot w_{2} \cdot w_{3} \cdot w_{4} \cdot w_{5} \cdot w_$ 

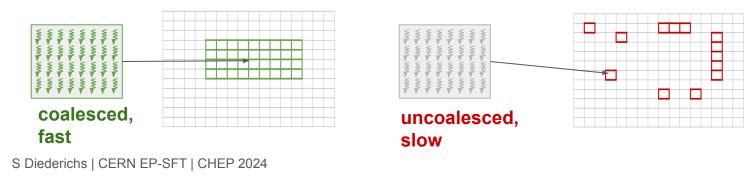
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#### Memory accesses are crucial

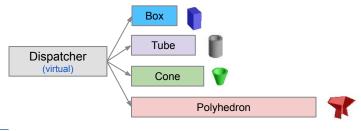


# VecGeom solid model is a huge bottleneck on GPU

- recursive calls, virtual functions, complex algorithms → high register and stack usage, low occupancy on GPU

- relies on small pushes for knowing in which volume one is --> requires double precision

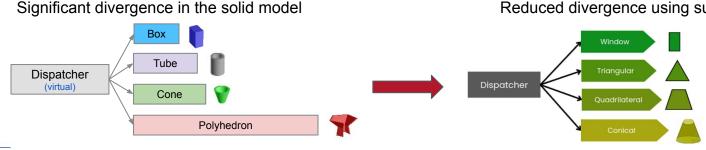
#### Significant divergence in the solid model





# VecGeom surface model optimized for GPUs

- recursive calls, virtual functions, less complex algorithms  $\rightarrow$  lower register and stack usage  $\rightarrow$  higher occupancy on GPU?
- reduced complexity per surface  $\rightarrow$  lower divergence?
- uncoalesced memory accesses  $\rightarrow$  high latency (intrinsic to geometry)
- State is known by navigation, no pushes required, enables potential use of mixed precision



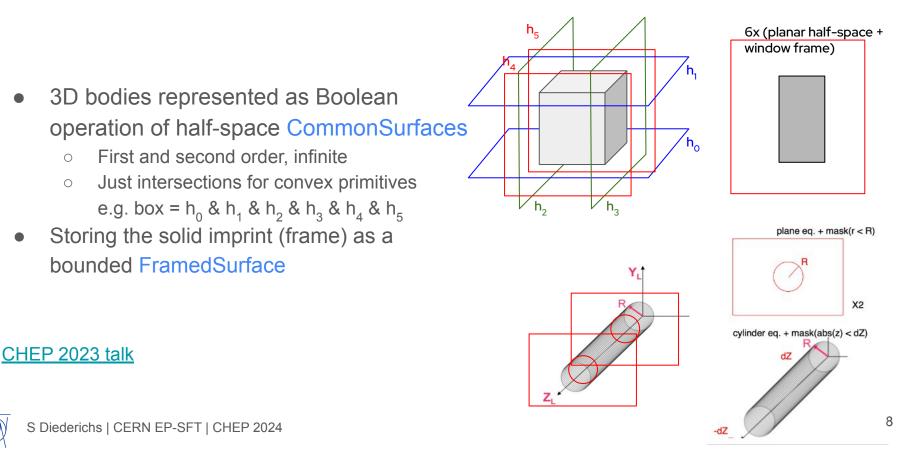
#### Reduced divergence using surfaces



### VecGeom uses a bounded surface approach

0

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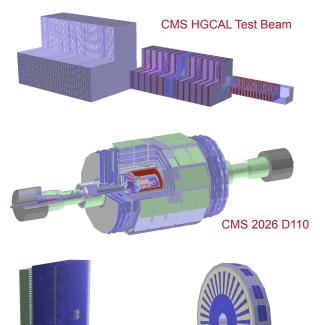
# Scaling to realistic setups

Conversion time and memory footprint under control

	# touchables [million]	conversion time [s]	memory [MB]
CMS Phase 1	2.1	5.1	307
CMS HGCAL Test Beam	0.06	0.8	51.4
CMS Phase 2	13.1	59.8	673
LHCb	18.5	92.8	173
LHCb ECal + HCal	18.4	0.8	6.7
ATLAS EMEC	0.08	1.4	132



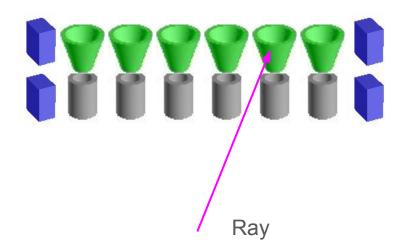




ATLAS EMEC

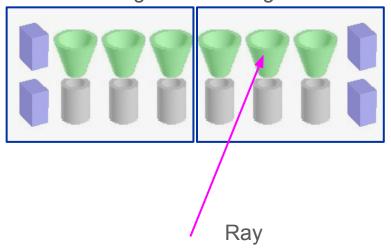
### Entering surfaces can be a huge source of divergence

Naive approach: loop over all surfaces  $\rightarrow$  huge divergence, poor scaling  $\rightarrow$  slow

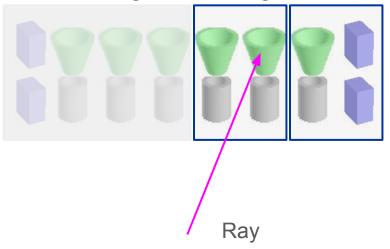




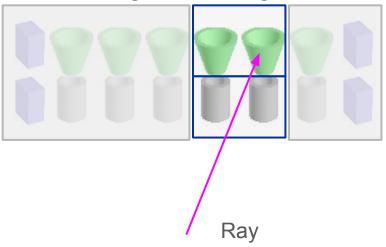
• **Bounding Volume Hierarchies** (BVH) are used to speed up collision detection within 3D objects. Number of checks scale with **Log(n)** 



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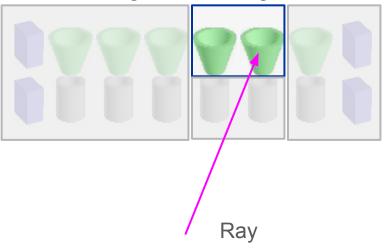


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- Solid model BVH adapted using the bounding boxes of surfaces

	HGCAL Test Beam	LHCb Calorimeters	CMS Phase 2
Looper	1.097 s	3.007 s	26.78 s
With BVH	0.226 s	1.006 s	2.60 s
Speedup	4.9x	3.0x	10.3x

Run time of ray tracing with 10M rays



#### Surface model still slightly slower than solid model

AdePT

HGCAL Test beam: 100 primary electrons with 10 GeV

Solid model:2.62 sSurface model:2.77 s

LHCb calorimeters: 8 ttbar events

 Solid model:
 21.22 s

 Surface model:
 26.25 s

#### Why slower after all the advertisement?

#### Surface model still slightly slower than solid model

#### AdePT

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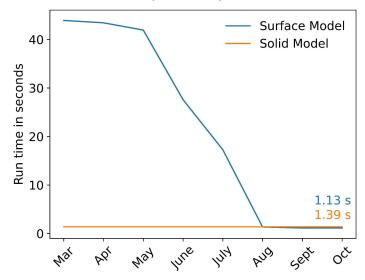
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#### We've come a long way!

Raytracing in CMS TB ~ **40x** speed-up in 6 month



#### **Surface model indeed uses less registers**

	FindNextVolume	Relocation	Theo. Max. Occupancy
Solids	256	220	16%
Surfaces (double)	146	142	25%
Surfaces (mixed)	123	122	33%



#### ... but single kernel in AdePT prevents this to have an effect

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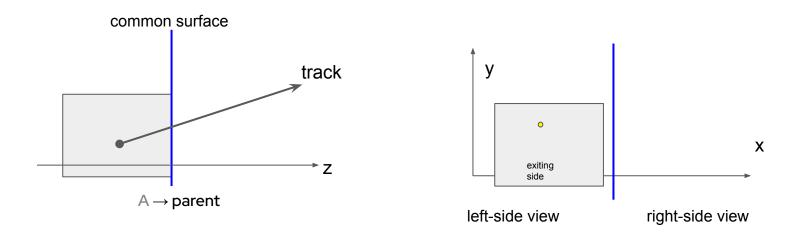
AdePT is using a single kernel which is still at the maximum registers / thread

Kernel must be split to benefit from lower registers (separate physics, geometry, magnetic field etc)

achieved occupancy must be limited by max. occupancy for this to have an effect



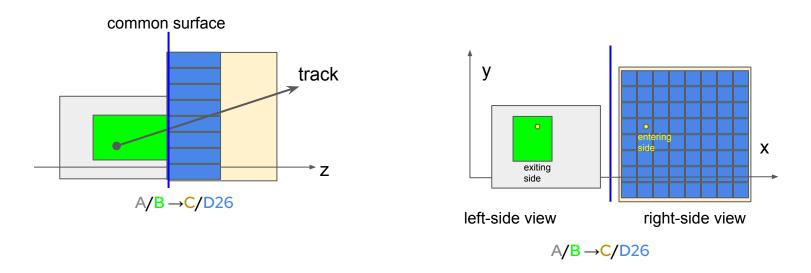
#### **Relocation also source of divergence**



Exiting frames to check: 0 Entering frames to check: 0



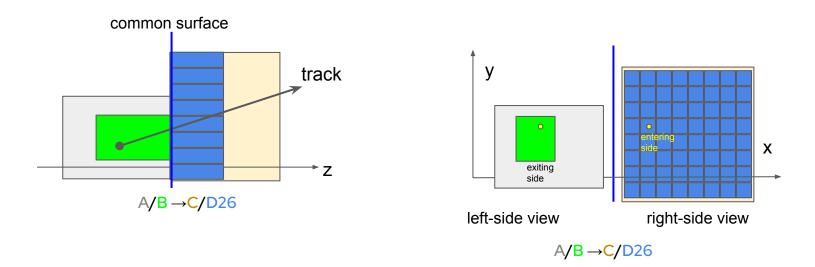
#### **Relocation also source of divergence**



Exiting frames to check: 1 Entering frames to check: 64 Real life case CMS HGCAL TestBeam: Entering frames to check: 800



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Exiting frames to check: 1 Entering frames to check: 64 Real life case CMS HGCAL TestBeam: Entering frames to check: 800

After 2D grid optimization: ~ 8 frames to check Further optimization ongoing

#### Memory access pattern needs to be improved

Surface model seems to do worse than solid model:

- Memory access random but solid model seems to do more compute per access
- More surfaces than solids

#### Low level solutions:

- improve memory read per memory transaction (optimizing data structures),
- improve compute per memory read (recomputing over storing data)



#### Mixed precision potentially enables significant speedup

GPUs are made for single precision:

- HPC GPUs: SP / DP flops 2:1, consumer grade GPUs: SP / DP flops 32:1
- lower register usage
- less memory to fetch

But: challenging due to *different length scales* 

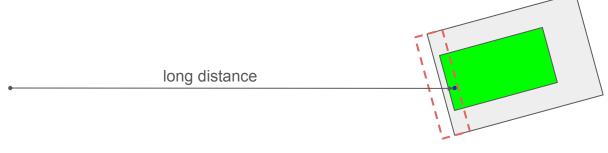




floating point precision error



Rounding error leads to **missing inner Box** Cannot use single precision all the way!

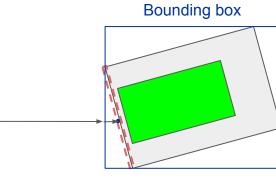


floating point precision error



long distance

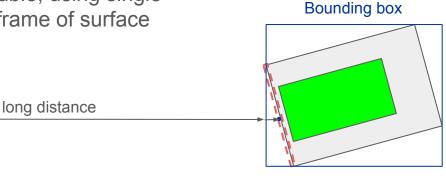
Keeping global points in double, using single precision only in reference frame of surface



floating point precision error



Keeping global points in double, using single precision only in reference frame of surface



floating point precision error

Many other challenges!

Status: 1.5x speedup for raytracing in comparison to solid model 1/10 mio rays fail in CMS TestBeam geometry



#### **Summary and Outlook**

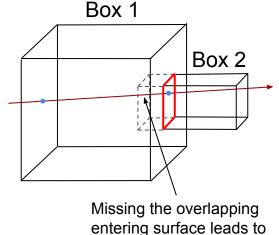
- Tremendous progress on the surface model
- Still slightly behind solid model in full AdePT simulations
- Further optimization ongoing, many things to work on
- Promising avenue with mixed precision, but challenging



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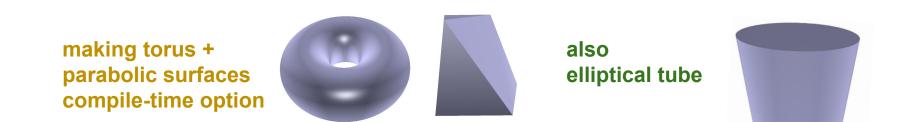
#### **Overlaps in geometries more problematic for surface model**

- **Overlaps** in the geometry lead to wrong results
- Correctness achieved with overlap detection + relocation
- Relocation expensive & source of divergence
   Needs separate kernel launch



entering surface leads to missing Box 2 entirely

#### Supporting generality makes the code complex

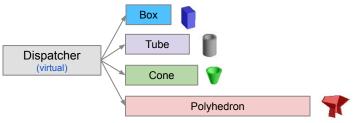


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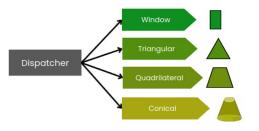


#### **Different surfaces still generate divergence**

#### Significant divergence in the solid model

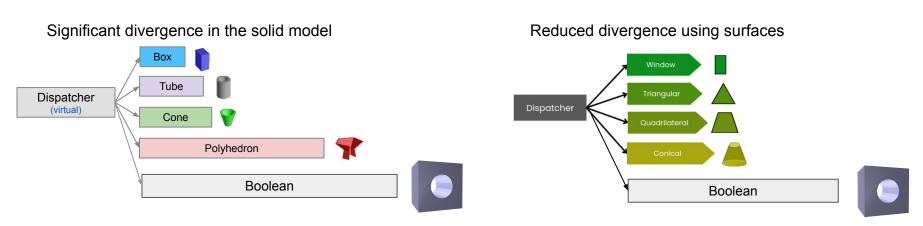


#### Reduced divergence using surfaces





#### **Different surfaces still generate divergence**



Boolean solids can have virtual surfaces  $\rightarrow$  require full logic evaluation of all surfaces  $\rightarrow$  expensive! Solution: reduce number of boolean hits by marking "safe" surfaces at construction

#### Mixed precision works well for safety calculations

#### 10 mio random points in CMS2026D110

Safety	surfaces (DP)	surfaces (MP)	solids
run time (s)	5.84	0.76	0.31
register / thread	117	74	196
Comp throughput	86 %	61 %	83 %
Mem throughput	13 %	61 %	16 %
Occupancy	22 % / 33 %	31 % / 50 %	12 % / 16 %

**Not optimized!** Stricter calculations than solid model (i.e., larger safeties), BVH does not yet improve performance on GPU

