

New physics and flavor

**Andreas Weiler
CERN**

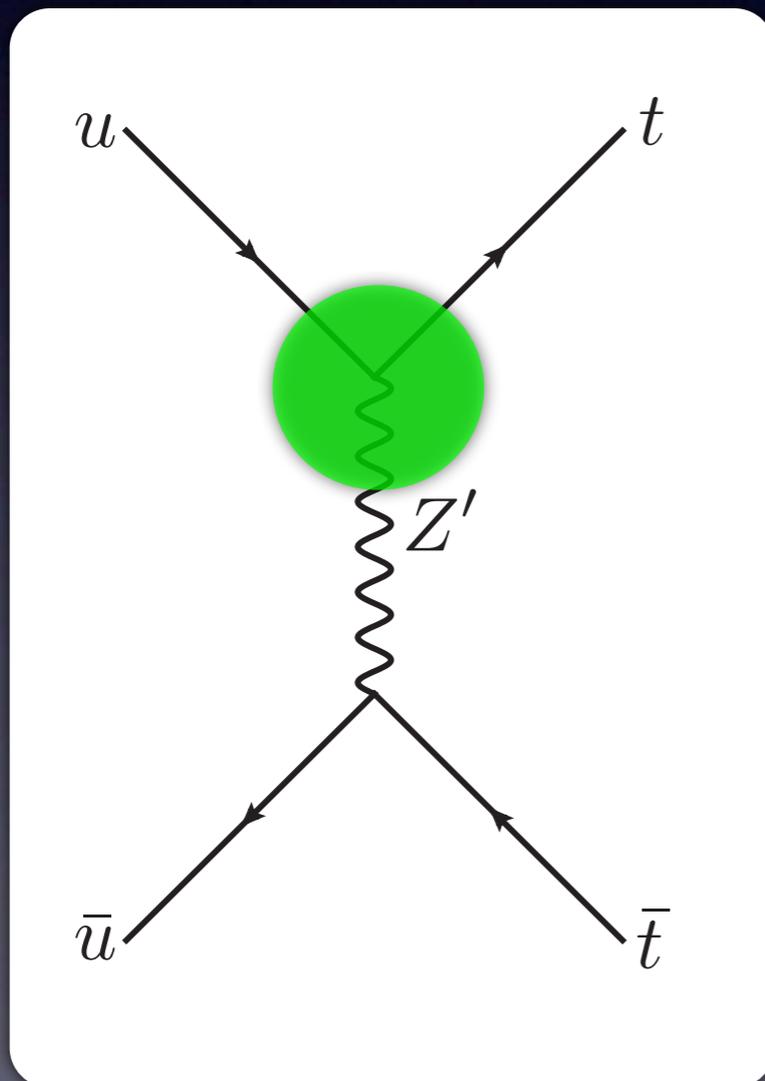
**FPCP
Maale Hachamisha, Israel**

24/5/2011

Flavor 2011: Z' & Tevatron $A_{FB}(m_{tt})$

e.g. 0907.4112, 1103.4835, 1103.6035

$$g_{ut} Z'_\mu \bar{u} \gamma^\mu P_R t + h.c.$$



t-channel

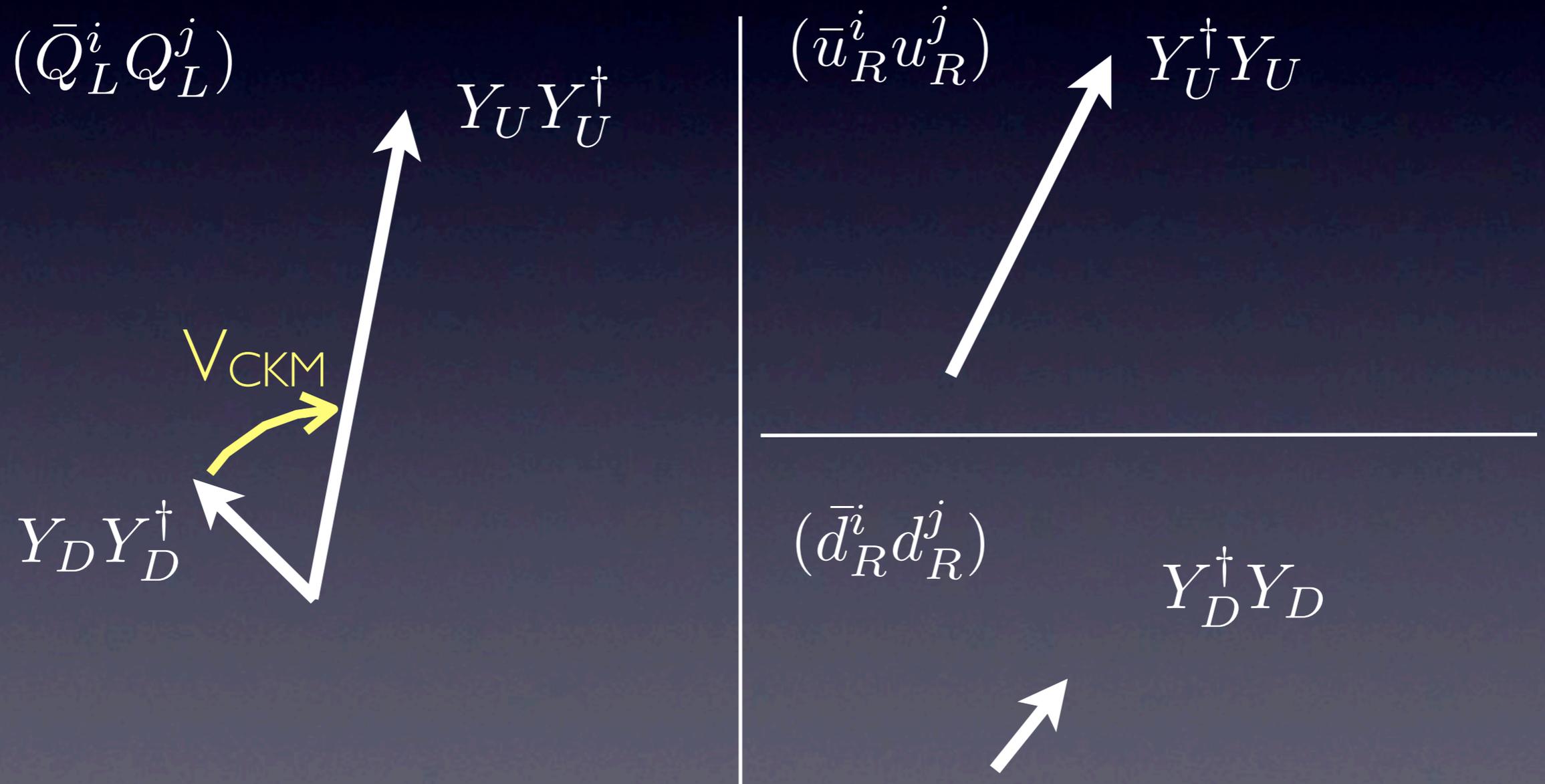
FCNC coupling!

D - D constraint?

Same sign di-leptons?

Flavor and CP in the SM

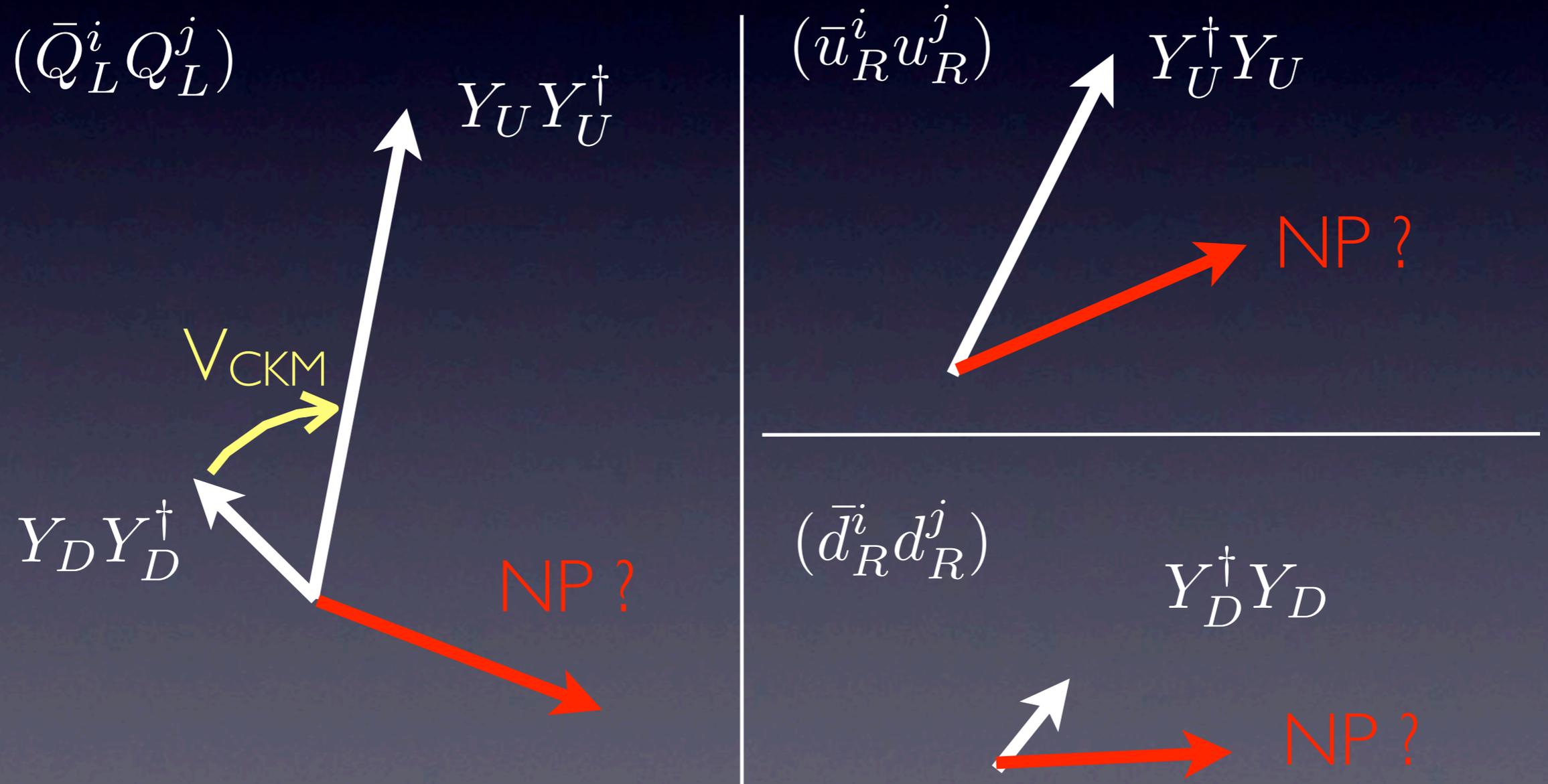
Yukawa matrices Y_U & Y_D encode flavor violation



+ LR, RL

Flavor and CP in the SM

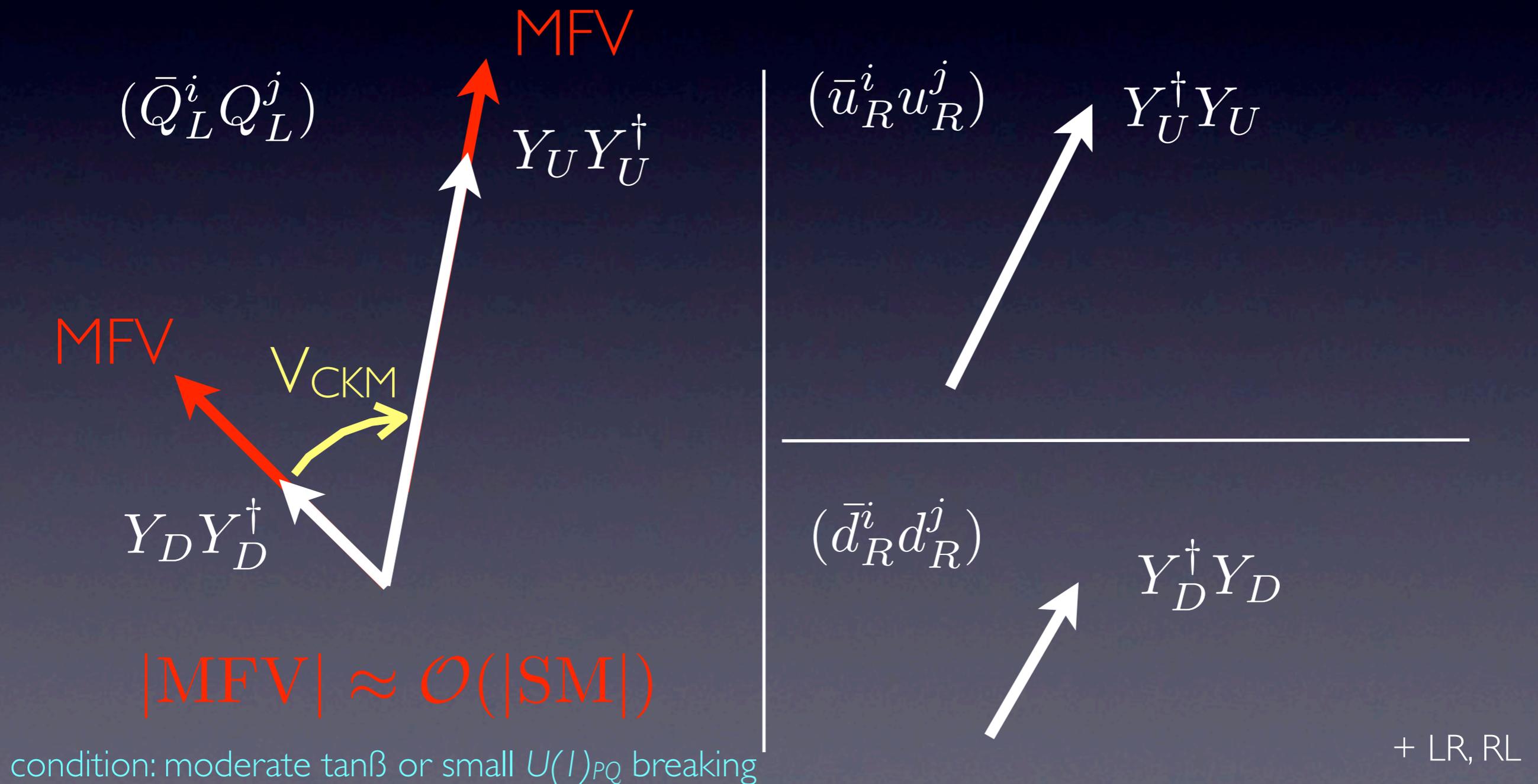
Yukawa matrices Y_U & Y_D encode flavor violation



Minimal flavor violation

Chivukula Georgi; Buras et. al; D'Ambrosio et. al

New particles/interactions, but flavor structure $\sim V_{CKM}$



NP Flavor dynamics

Dynamics that generates hierarchies in masses & mixings usually partially aligned with SM

$$(\bar{Q}_L^i Q_L^j)$$

$$Y_U Y_U^\dagger$$

V_{CKM}

$$Y_D Y_D^\dagger$$

$$(\bar{u}_R^i u_R^j)$$

$$Y_U^\dagger Y_U$$

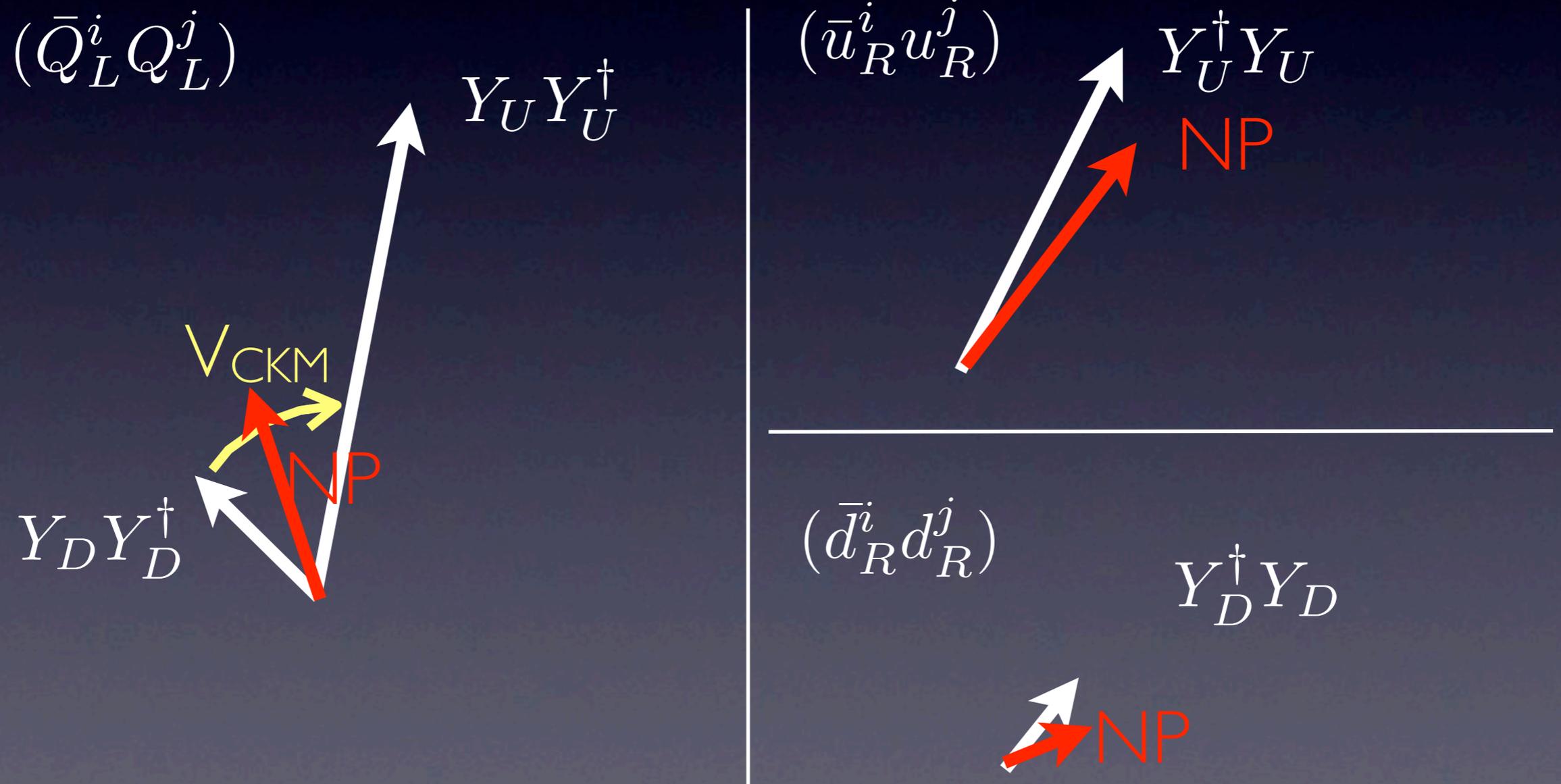
$$(\bar{d}_R^i d_R^j)$$

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+ LR, RL

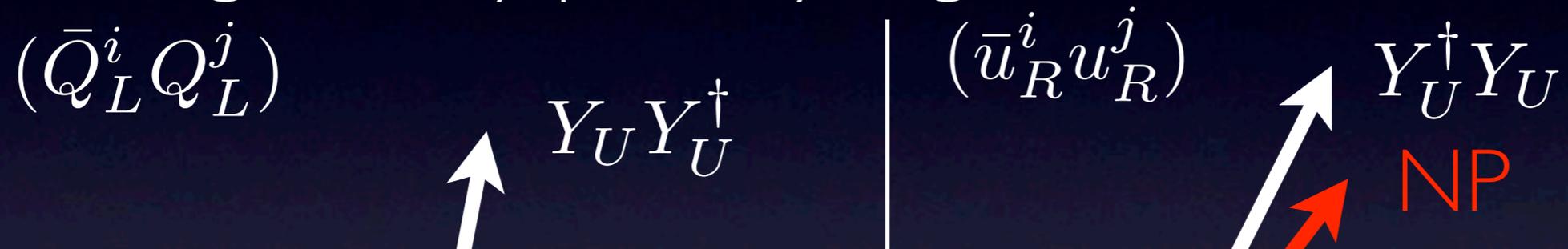
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NP Flavor dynamics

Dynamics that generates hierarchies in masses & mixings usually partially aligned with SM



Effects are $O(\text{SM})$ but not MFV, still possible for $M \sim \text{TeV}$: expect signatures also in direct tests!



The SM flavor puzzle

$$Y_D \approx \text{diag} (2 \cdot 10^{-5} \quad 0.0005 \quad 0.02)$$

$$Y_U \approx \begin{pmatrix} 6 \cdot 10^{-6} & -0.001 & 0.008 + 0.004i \\ 1 \cdot 10^{-6} & 0.004 & -0.04 + 0.001i \\ 8 \cdot 10^{-9} + 2 \cdot 10^{-8}i & 0.0002 & 0.98 \end{pmatrix}$$

Origin of this structure?

Other dimensionless parameters of the SM:

$$g_s \approx 1, \quad g \approx 0.6, \quad g' \approx 0.3, \quad \lambda_{Higgs} \approx 1, \quad |\theta| < 10^{-9}$$

Operator	Bounds on Λ in TeV ($c_{ij} = 1$)		Bounds on c_{ij} ($\Lambda = 1$ TeV)		Observables
	Re	Im	Re	Im	
$(\bar{s}_L \gamma^\mu d_L)^2$	9.8×10^2	1.6×10^4	9.0×10^{-7}	3.4×10^{-9}	$\Delta m_K; \epsilon_K$
$(\bar{s}_R d_L)(\bar{s}_L d_R)$	1.8×10^4	3.2×10^5	6.9×10^{-9}	2.6×10^{-11}	$\Delta m_K; \epsilon_K$
$(\bar{c}_L \gamma^\mu u_L)^2$	1.2×10^3	2.9×10^3	5.6×10^{-7}	1.0×10^{-7}	$\Delta m_D; q/p , \phi_D$
$(\bar{c}_R u_L)(\bar{c}_L u_R)$	6.2×10^3	1.5×10^4	5.7×10^{-8}	1.1×10^{-8}	$\Delta m_D; q/p , \phi_D$
$(b_L \gamma^\mu d_L)^2$	5.1×10^2	9.3×10^2	3.3×10^{-6}	1.0×10^{-6}	$\Delta m_{B_d}; S_{\psi K_S}$
$(\bar{b}_R d_L)(\bar{b}_L d_R)$	1.9×10^3	3.6×10^3	5.6×10^{-7}	1.7×10^{-7}	$\Delta m_{B_d}; S_{\psi K_S}$
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Very strong suppression! New flavor violation must either approximately (exactly?) follow SM pattern...

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Very strong suppression! New flavor violation must either **approximately (exactly?) follow SM pattern...**

... or exist only at **very high scales ($10^2 - 10^5$ TeV)**

$$Y_D \approx \text{diag} (2 \cdot 10^{-5} \quad 0.0005 \quad 0.02)$$

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Log(SM flavor puzzle)

$$-\log |Y_D| \approx \text{diag} (11 \quad 8 \quad 4)$$

$$-\log |Y_U| \approx \begin{pmatrix} 12 & 7 & 5 \\ 14 & 6 & 3 \\ 18 & 9 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

If $Y = e^{-\Delta}$, then the Δ don't look crazy.

anarchic (“structure-less”)



$$\text{Mass}_{ij} \propto Y_{ij} e^{-MR(c_i + c_j)}$$

split fermions/RS

$$\propto Y_{ij} \left(\frac{\mu_{\text{low}}}{\mu_{\text{high}}} \right)^{\gamma^i + \gamma^j}$$

strong dynamics

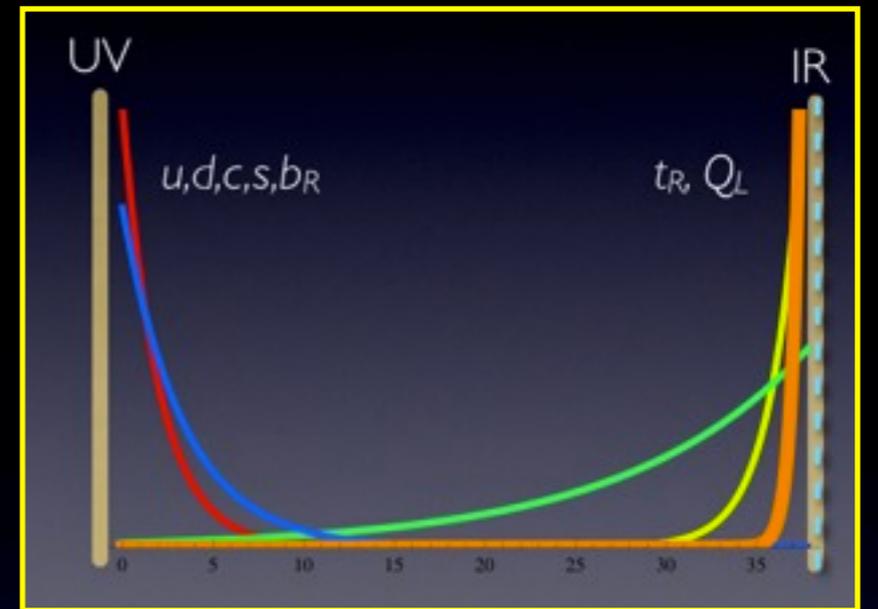
$$\propto Y_{ij} \left(\frac{\langle \Phi \rangle}{M_{\text{mess}}} \right)^{Q^i - Q^j}$$

Froggatt-Nielsen



Hierarchy $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow \text{hierarchical} \\ \text{masses \& mixing angles} \end{array} \right.$

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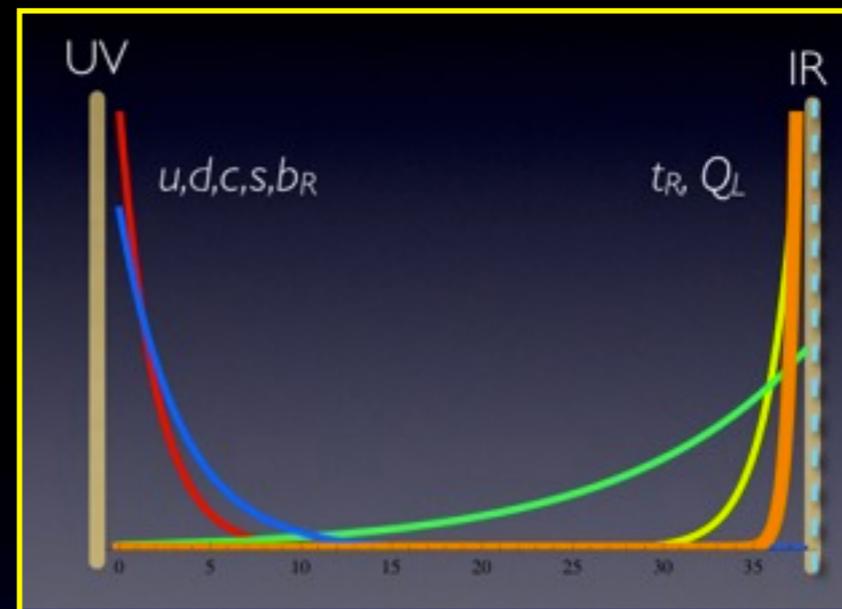
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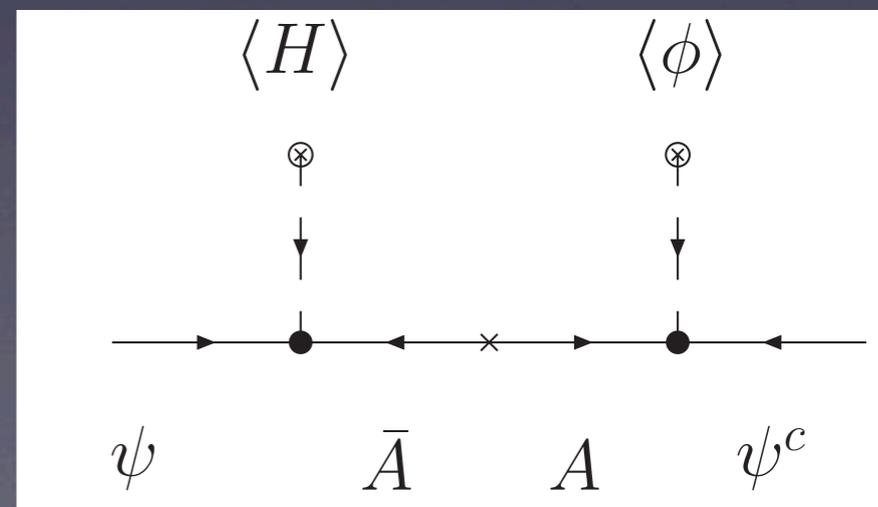
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Flavorgenesis scale?



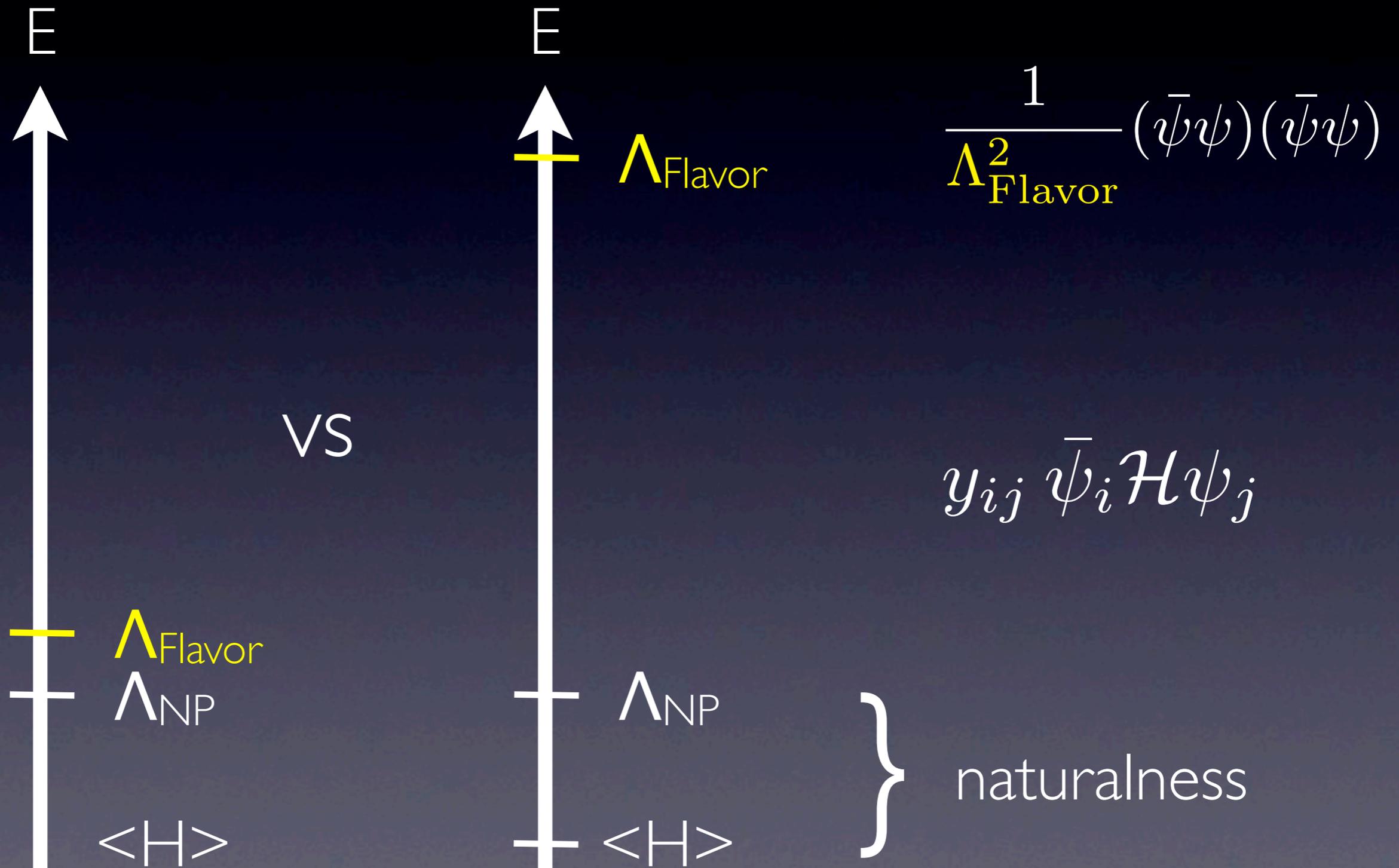
Λ_{Flavor}
 Λ_{NP}
 $\langle H \rangle$

$$\frac{1}{\Lambda_{\text{Flavor}}^2} (\bar{\psi}\psi) (\bar{\psi}\psi)$$

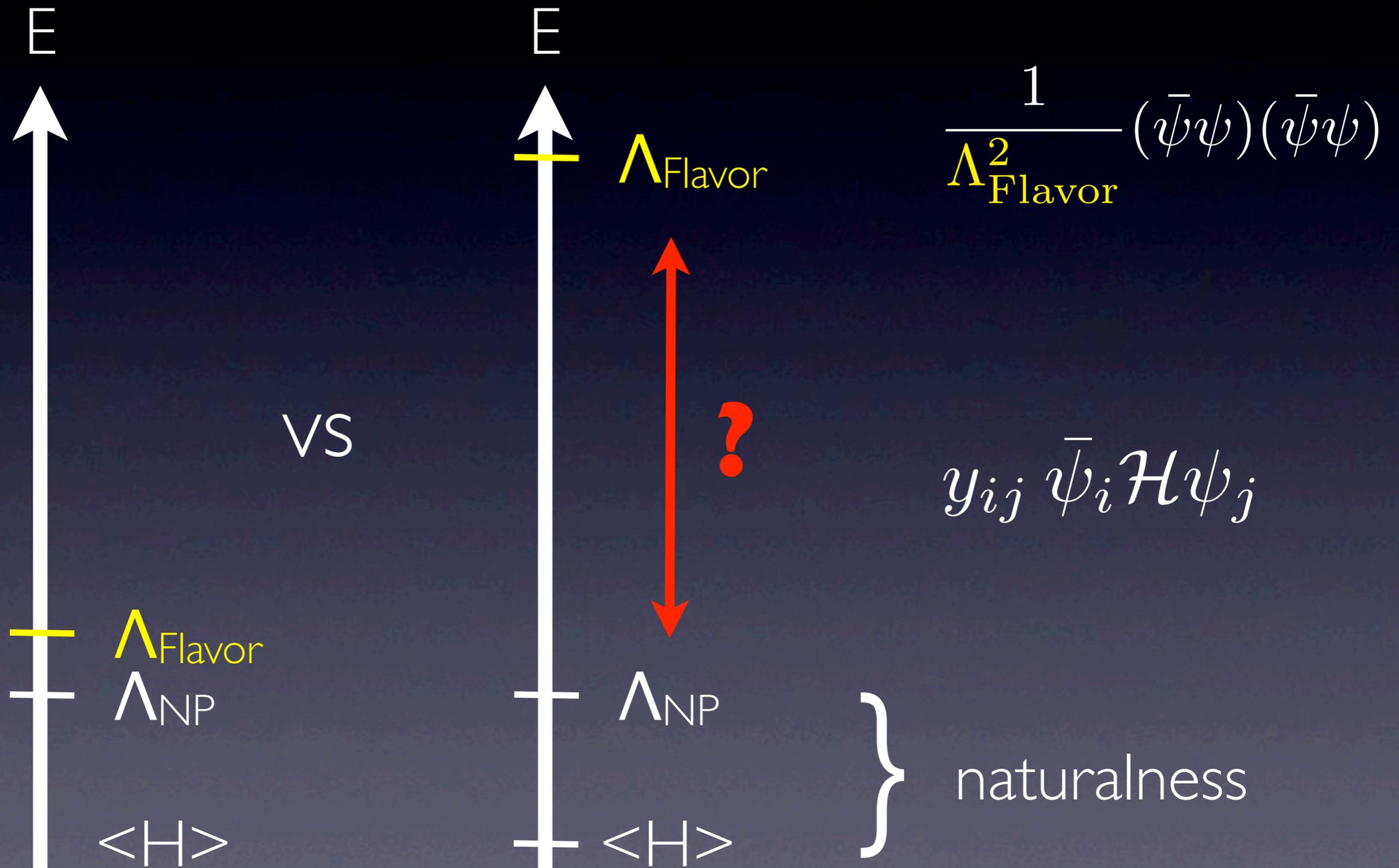
$$y_{ij} \bar{\psi}_i \mathcal{H} \psi_j$$

} naturalness

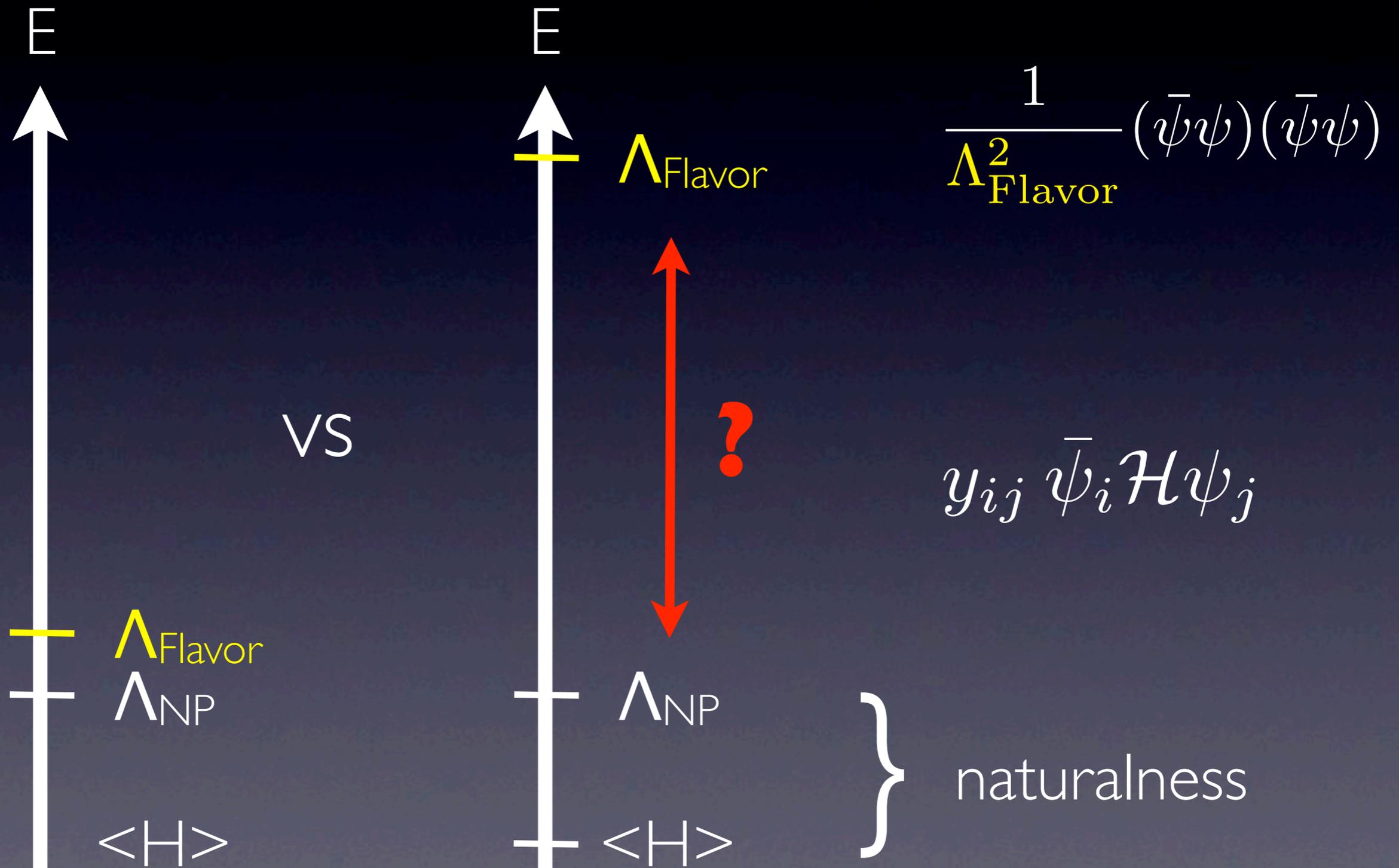
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Λ_{Flavor}

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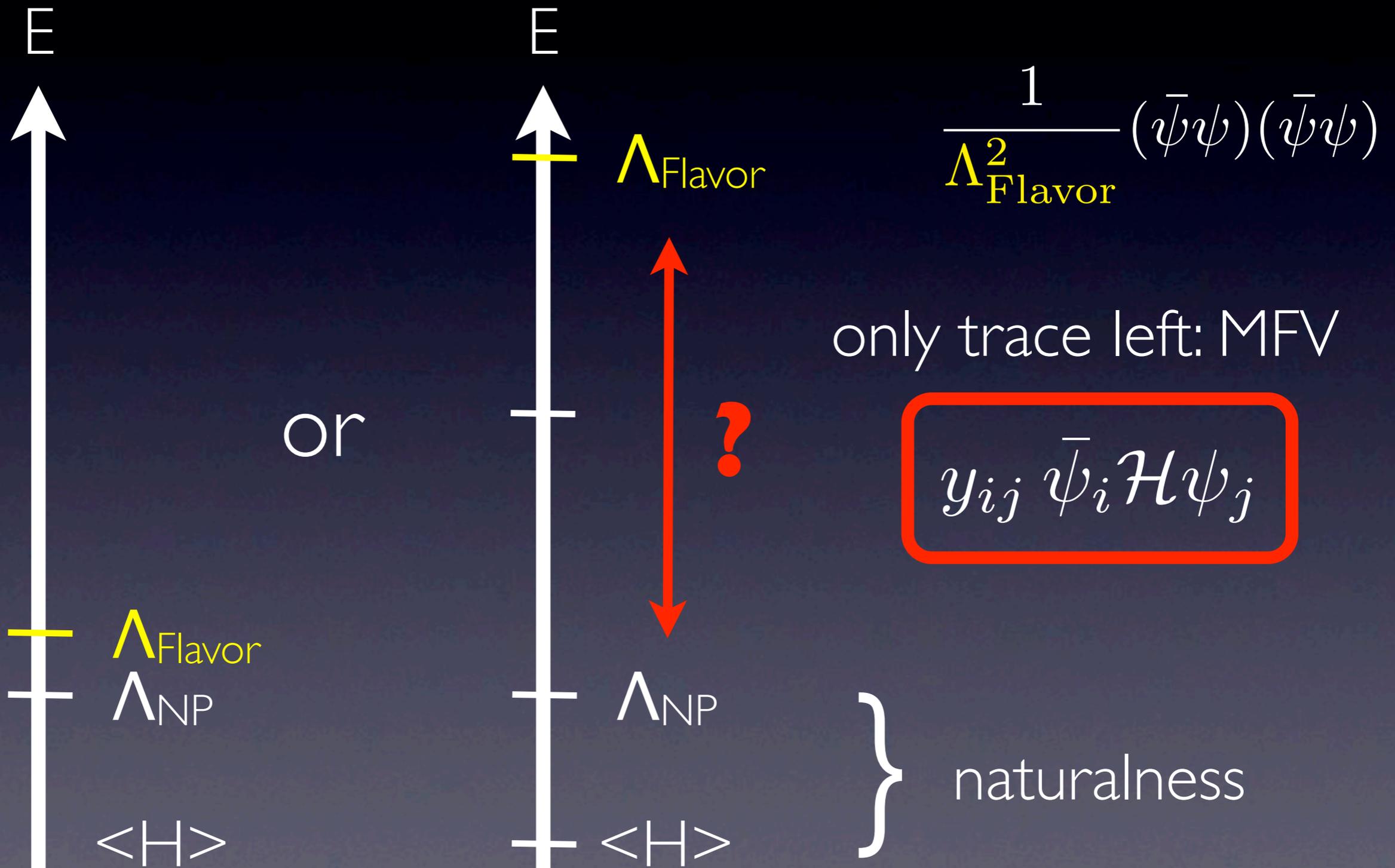
Example: MSSM is MFV before susy breaking. If flavor is generated well above messenger scale, TeV theory flavor trivial (= MFV).

$$S = \int d^4x \left(\underbrace{d^2\theta d^2\bar{\theta}}_{\langle H \rangle} \Phi_i^* \exp(2g_A T_A^a V_A^a) \Phi_i + \left\{ d^2\theta \left[\mathcal{W}(\{\Phi_i\}) + \frac{1}{4} W_A^a W_A^a \right] + \text{h.c.} \right\} \right)$$

$\langle H \rangle$

$\langle H \rangle$

Flavorgenesis scale?



Model independent
constraints

Minimal flavor violation

UTfit, Buras et. al, Hurth et al

Tree

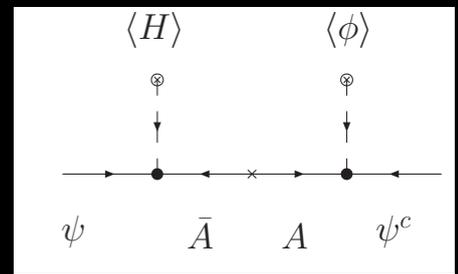
Operator	Bound on Λ	Observables
$H^\dagger (\bar{D}_R Y^{d\dagger} Y^u Y^{u\dagger} \sigma_{\mu\nu} Q_L) (e F_{\mu\nu})$	6.1 TeV	$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma, B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-$
$\frac{1}{2} (\bar{Q}_L Y^u Y^{u\dagger} \gamma_\mu Q_L)^2$	5.9 TeV	$\epsilon_K, \Delta m_{B_d}, \Delta m_{B_s}$
$H_D^\dagger (\bar{D}_R Y^{d\dagger} Y^u Y^{u\dagger} \sigma_{\mu\nu} T^a Q_L) (g_s G_{\mu\nu}^a)$	3.4 TeV	$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma, B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-$
$(\bar{Q}_L Y^u Y^{u\dagger} \gamma_\mu Q_L) (\bar{E}_R \gamma_\mu E_R)$	2.7 TeV	$B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-, B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$i (\bar{Q}_L Y^u Y^{u\dagger} \gamma_\mu Q_L) H_U^\dagger D_\mu H_U$	2.3 TeV	$B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-, B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$(\bar{Q}_L Y^u Y^{u\dagger} \gamma_\mu Q_L) (\bar{L}_L \gamma_\mu L_L)$	1.7 TeV	$B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-, B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$(\bar{Q}_L Y^u Y^{u\dagger} \gamma_\mu Q_L) (e D_\mu F_{\mu\nu})$	1.5 TeV	$B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-$

If 1-loop suppressed
like in MSSM $< TeV$!

$$\Lambda_{\text{loop}} \approx \left(\frac{\alpha}{4\pi}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \Lambda_{\text{tree}} \approx \frac{1}{10} \Lambda_{\text{tree}}$$

Alignment vs. MFV

Lalak et al



Flavour violating
dimension six operator

Λ/Λ_{MFV}

	Ex. 1	Ex. 2	Ex. 3	$U(1)^2$	N-A	F
$\mathcal{O}_0 = \frac{1}{2}(\bar{Q}_L X_{LL}^Q Q_L)^2$	ϵ^{-4}	ϵ^{-4}	1	1	ϵ^{-2}	1
$\mathcal{O}_{F1} = H^\dagger \left(\bar{D}_R X_{LR}^{D\dagger} \sigma_{\mu\nu} Q_L \right) F_{\mu\nu}$	$x\epsilon^{-2}$	$x\epsilon^{-3/2}$	$x\epsilon^{-2}$	$x\epsilon$	$x\epsilon^{-2}$	$x\epsilon^{-2}$
$\mathcal{O}_{G1} = H^\dagger \left(\bar{D}_R X_{LR}^{D\dagger} \sigma_{\mu\nu} T^a Q_L \right) G_{\mu\nu}^a$	$x\epsilon^{-2}$	$x\epsilon^{-3/2}$	$x\epsilon^{-2}$	$x\epsilon$	$x\epsilon^{-2}$	$x\epsilon^{-2}$
$\mathcal{O}_{\ell 1} = (\bar{Q}_L X_{LL}^Q \gamma_\mu Q_L)(\bar{L}_L \gamma_\mu L_L)$	ϵ^{-2}	ϵ^{-2}	1	1	ϵ^{-1}	1
$\mathcal{O}_{\ell 2} = (\bar{Q}_L X_{LL}^Q \gamma_\mu \tau^a Q_L)(\bar{L}_L \gamma_\mu \tau^a L_L)$	ϵ^{-2}	ϵ^{-2}	1	1	ϵ^{-1}	1
$\mathcal{O}_{H1} = (\bar{Q}_L X_{LL}^Q \gamma_\mu Q_L)(H^\dagger i D_\mu H)$	ϵ^{-2}	ϵ^{-2}	1	1	ϵ^{-1}	1
$\mathcal{O}_{q5} = (\bar{Q}_L X_{LL}^Q \gamma_\mu Q_L)(\bar{D}_R \gamma_\mu D_R)$	ϵ^{-2}	ϵ^{-2}	1	1	ϵ^{-1}	1

$$\epsilon = \frac{\text{flavon vev}}{\text{messenger mass}} \ll 1$$

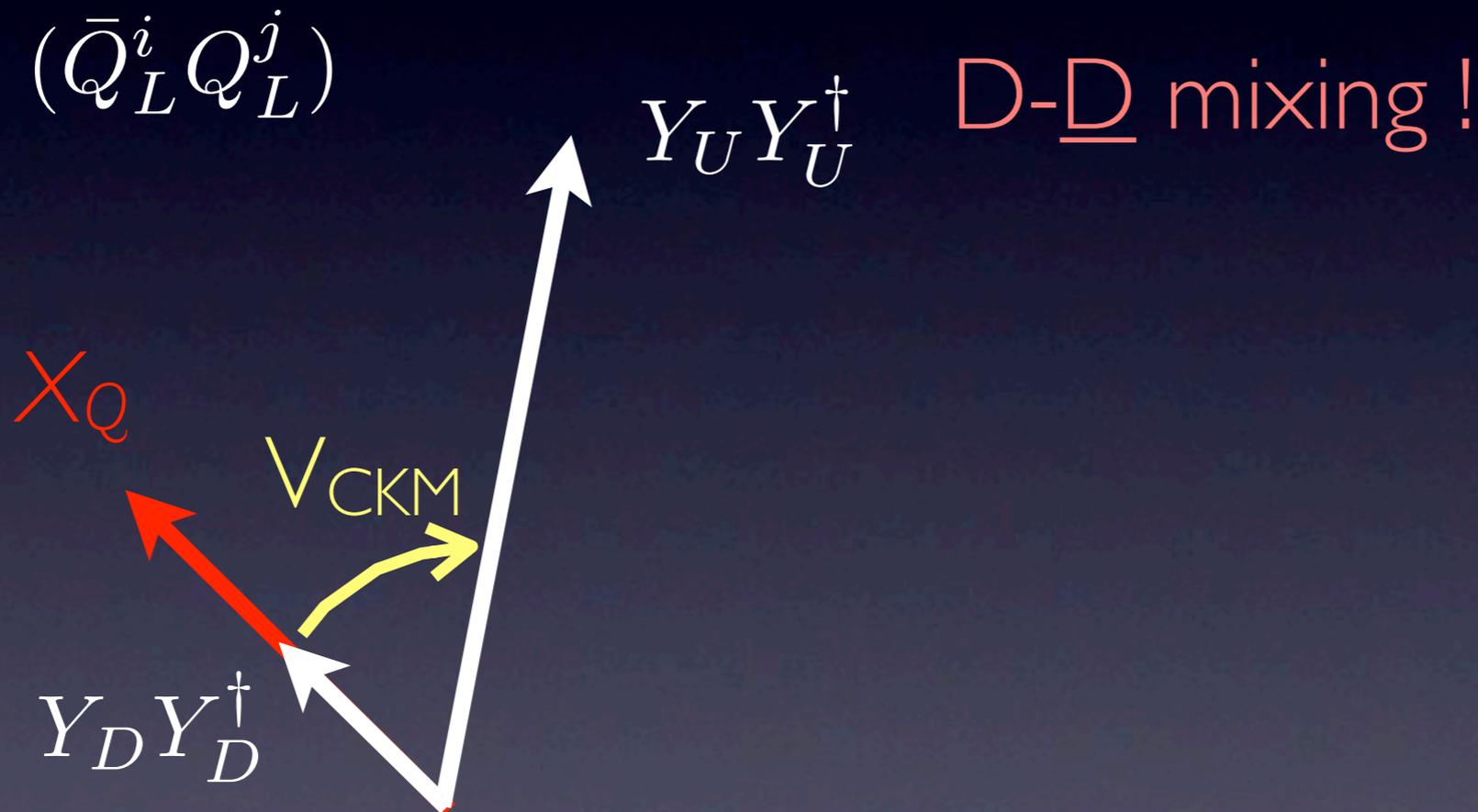
$$x = (m_t/m_b)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

Here only MFV operators, flavorgenesis scale from first two generations

Combination of K - \underline{K} and D - \underline{D}

Nir 07; Blum et. al '09

Can not simultaneously evade constraints from $\underline{D}\underline{D}$ & $\underline{K}\underline{K}$



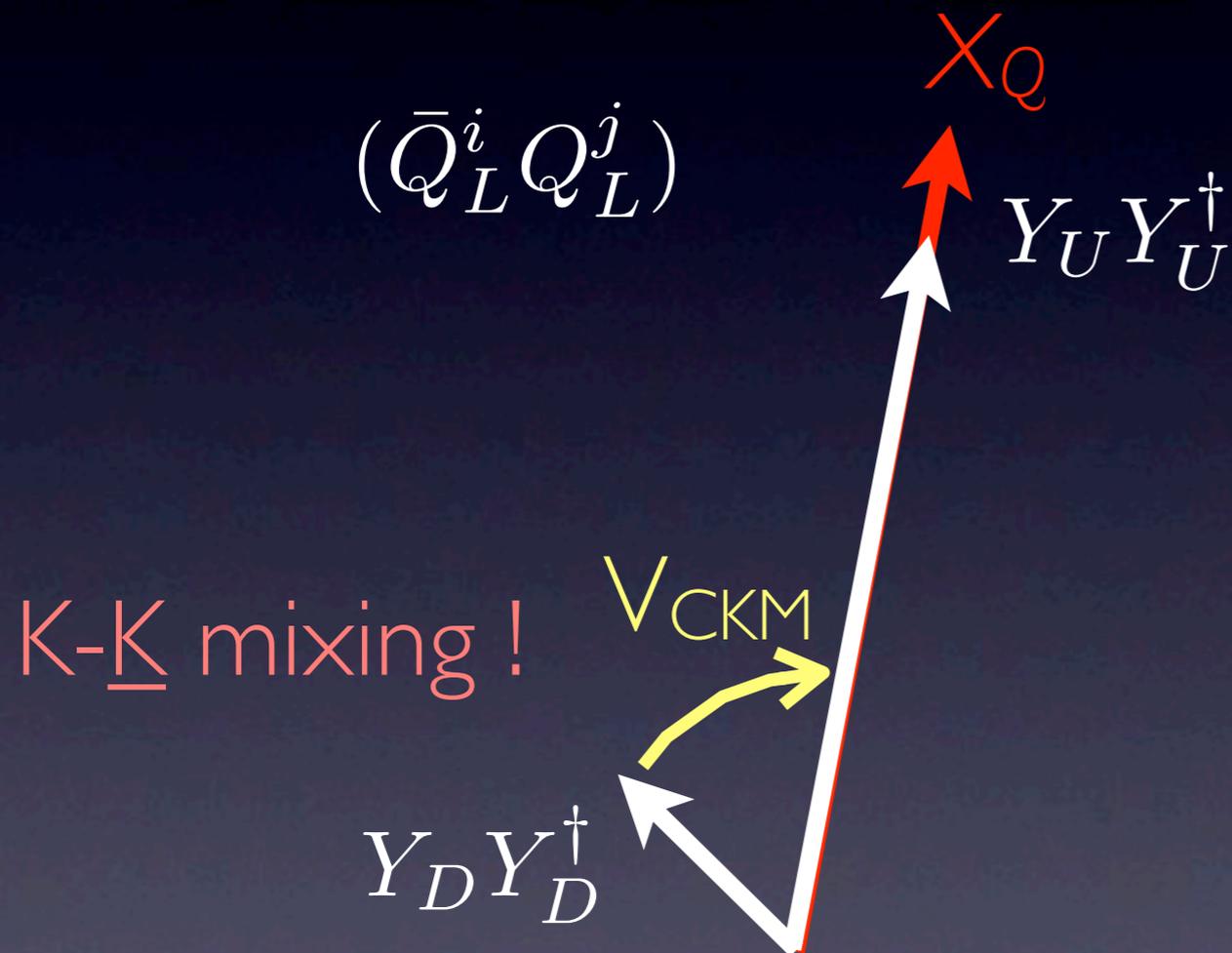
no effect in $\underline{K}\underline{K}$ mixing

$$\frac{1}{\Lambda_{NP}^2} (\bar{Q}_{Li} (X_Q)_{ij} \gamma_\mu Q_{Lj}) (\bar{Q}_{Li} (X_Q)_{ij} \gamma^\mu Q_{Lj})$$

Combination of \underline{K} - \underline{K} and \underline{D} - \underline{D}

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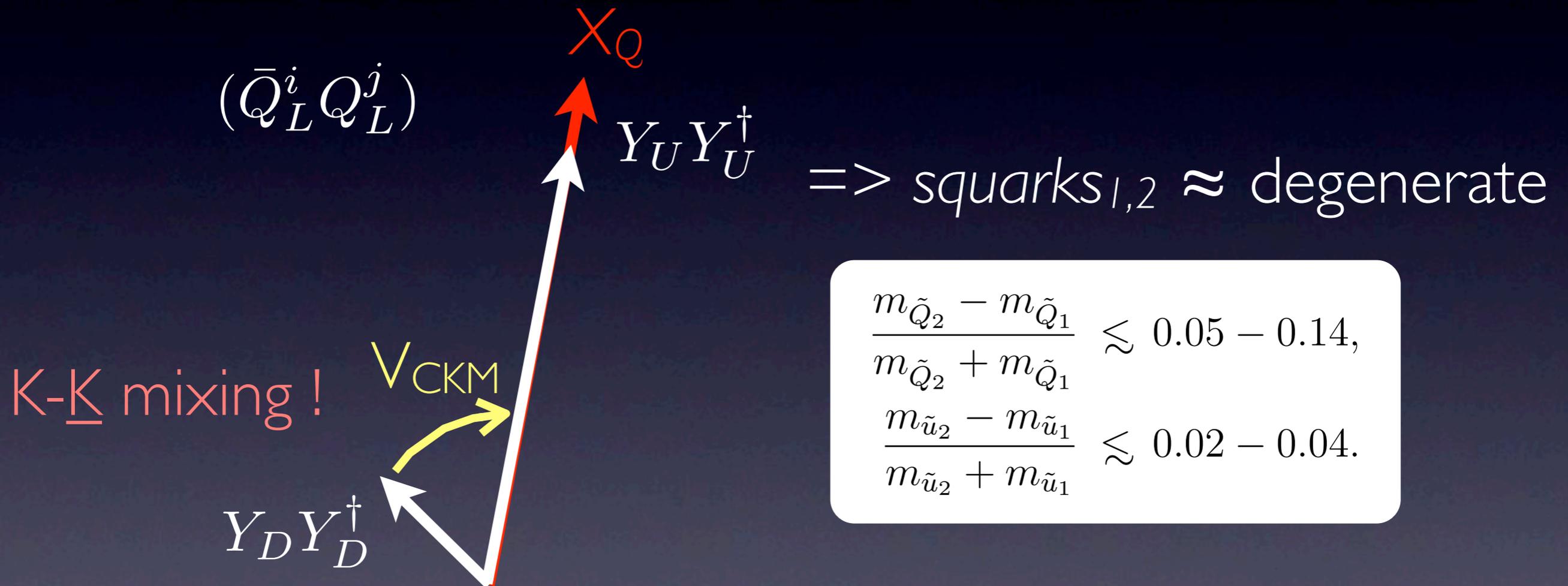
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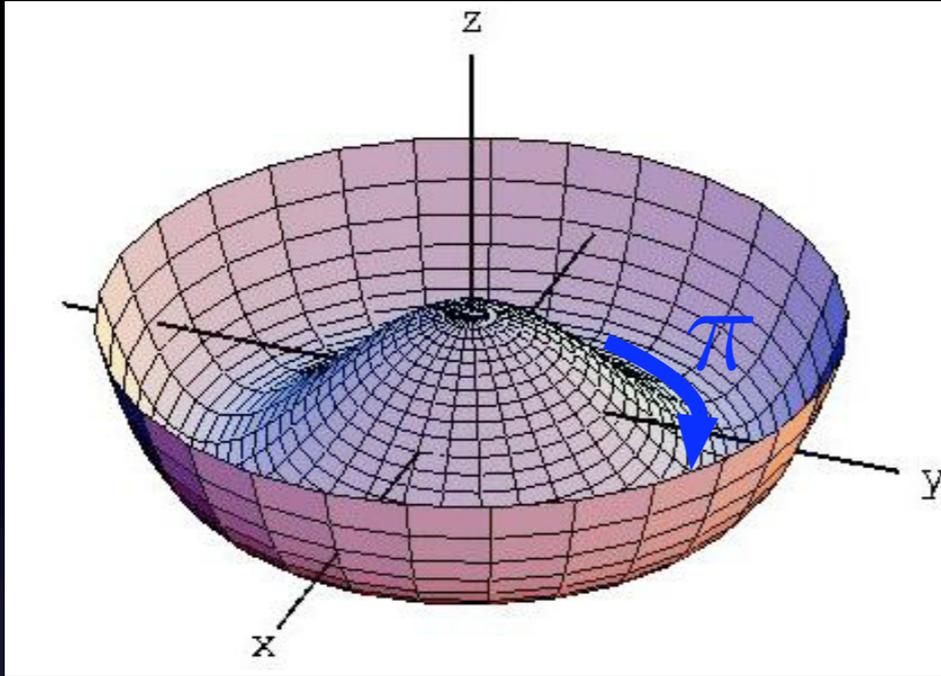
A particular class of models:
partial compositeness
(geometric alignment vs. MFV)

Weak scale is unstable

elementary scalar Higgs

$$\mathcal{L}_{Higgs} = \Lambda^2 H^2 + \dots \quad \times$$

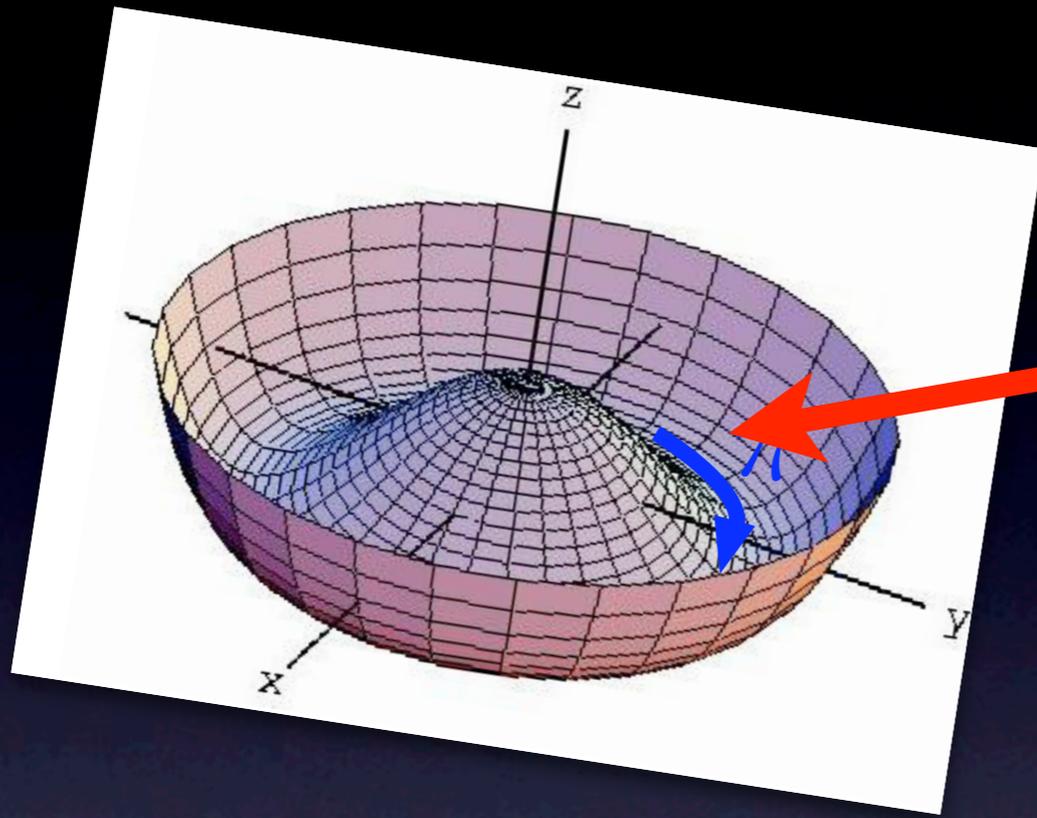
Inspiration by QCD



mass protected by global symmetry

$$\pi \rightarrow \pi + \alpha$$

Inspired by QCD



Potential tilted:
due to quark masses
and gauging of EM

$$GB \rightarrow pGB$$

$$m_{\pi^\pm}^2 \approx \frac{\alpha_{em}}{4\pi} \Lambda_{QCD}^2$$



Fermions get masses by
coupling to this new sector

MFV or not MFV?

Old Flavor problem of composite Higgs

Higgs as bound state, naively $D_{\mathcal{H}=\langle\bar{\psi}\psi\rangle} \approx 3$

$$\frac{1}{\Lambda^{D_{\mathcal{H}}-1}} y_{ij} \bar{\psi}_i \mathcal{H} \psi_j + \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} c_{ijkl} \bar{\psi}_i \psi_j \bar{\psi}_k \psi_l$$

Λ can not be too large, because want top mass

$$\Lambda = \mathcal{O}(\text{TeV})$$

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Λ must be very large because this leads to FCNCs

$K^0 - \bar{K}^0$

$$\Lambda = \mathcal{O}(\text{TeV})$$

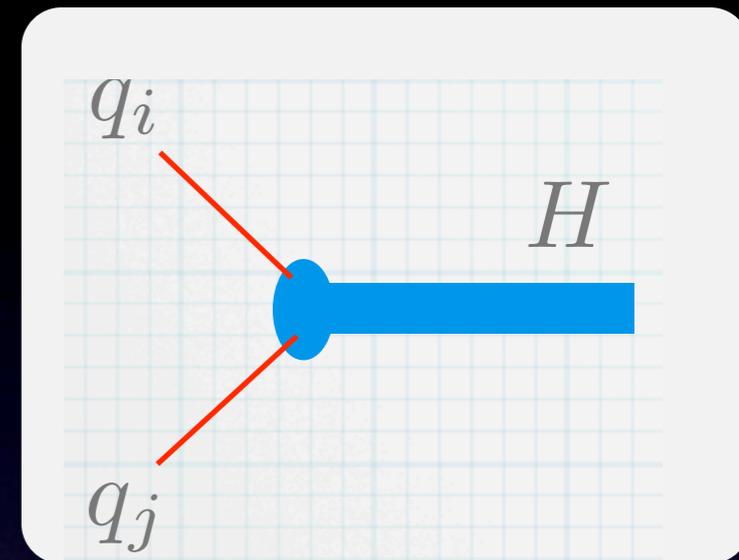
$$\Lambda > 10^5 \text{ TeV}$$



Two ways of giving mass to fermions...

Bi-linear (like SM):

$$\mathcal{L} = y f_L \mathcal{O}_H f_R, \quad \mathcal{O}_H \sim (1, 2)_{\frac{1}{2}}$$



Linear:

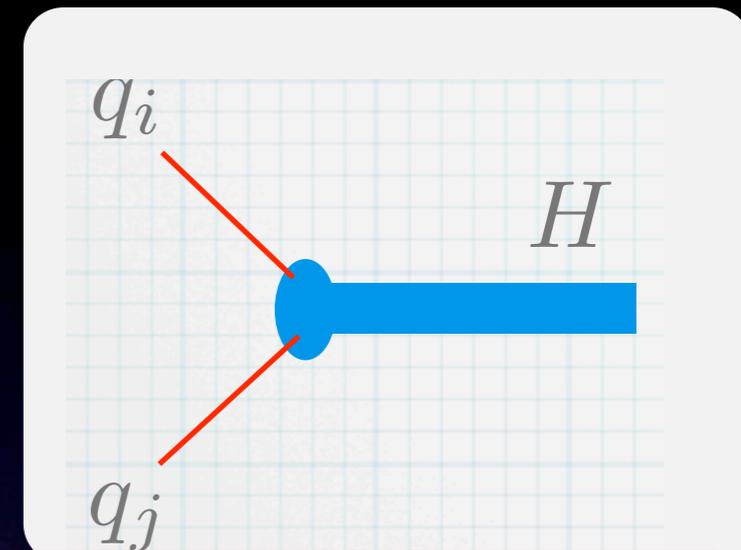
$$\mathcal{L} = y f_L \mathcal{O}_R + y_R f_R \mathcal{O}_L + m \mathcal{O}_L \mathcal{O}_R, \quad \mathcal{O}_R \sim (3, 2)_{\frac{1}{6}}$$

D.B. Kaplan '91

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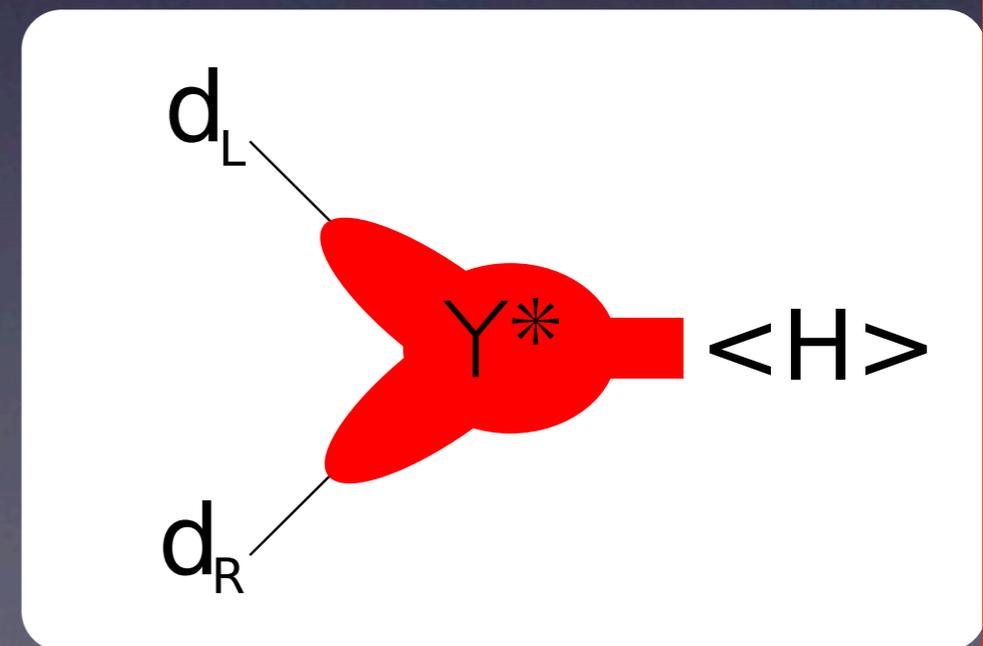
Linear:

D.B. Kaplan '91

$$\mathcal{L} = y f_L \mathcal{O}_R + y_R f_R \mathcal{O}_L + m \mathcal{O}_L \mathcal{O}_R, \quad \mathcal{O}_R \sim (3, 2)_{\frac{1}{6}}$$

Quarks & Leptons mix with strong sector

mass \propto compositeness



Partial compositeness

$$|SM\rangle = \cos \phi |elem.\rangle + \sin \phi |comp.\rangle$$

$$|heavy\rangle = -\sin \phi |elem.\rangle + \cos \phi |comp.\rangle$$

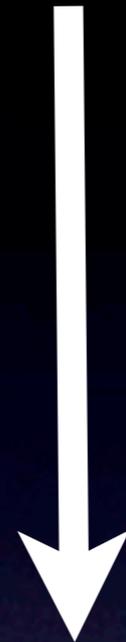
Composites are heavy ($m_\rho \approx \text{TeV}$).

Light quarks have very little composite admixture.

mixing \propto mass

strong sector

elementary fields



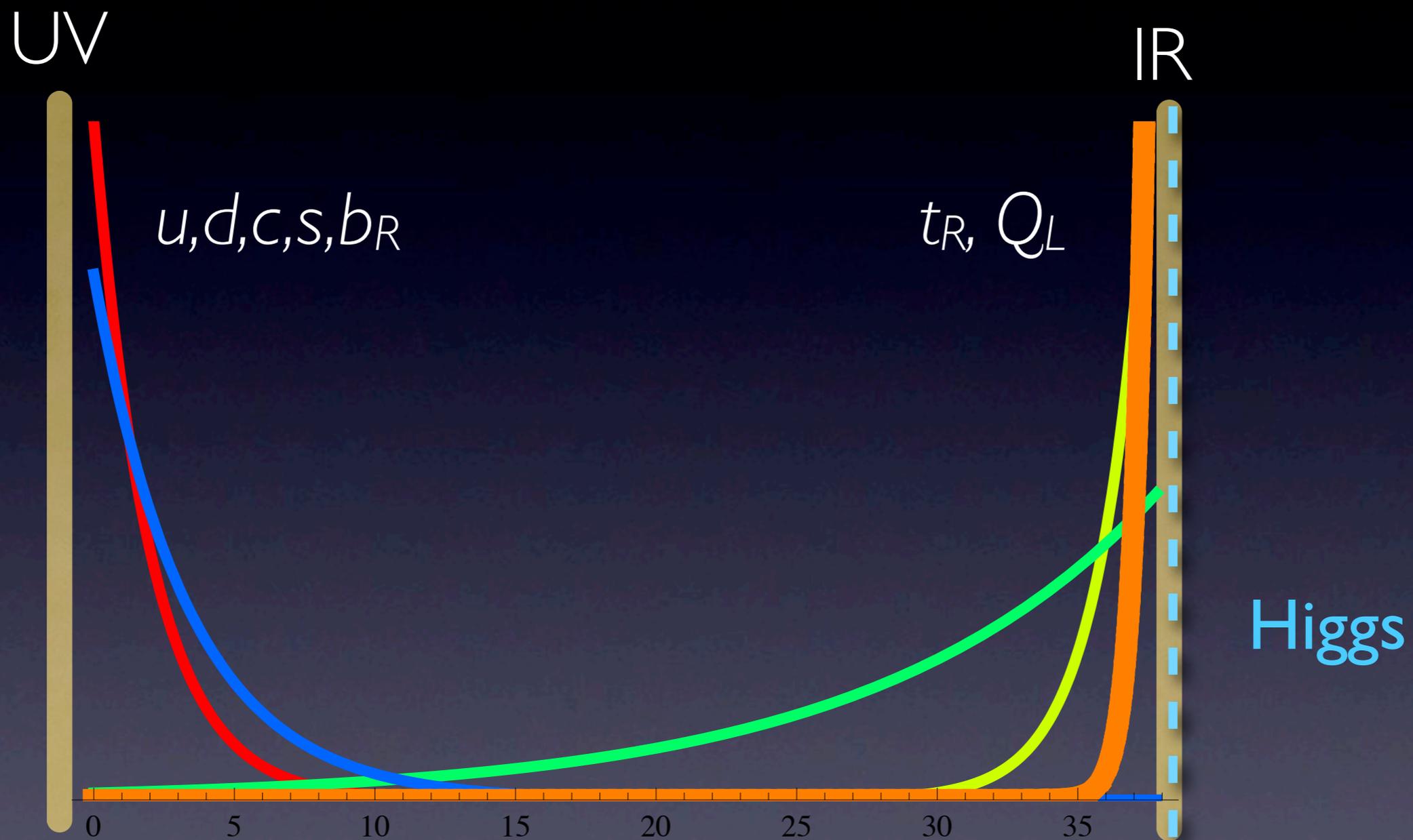
u, d, c, s, b, A_μ



g_*, m_ρ

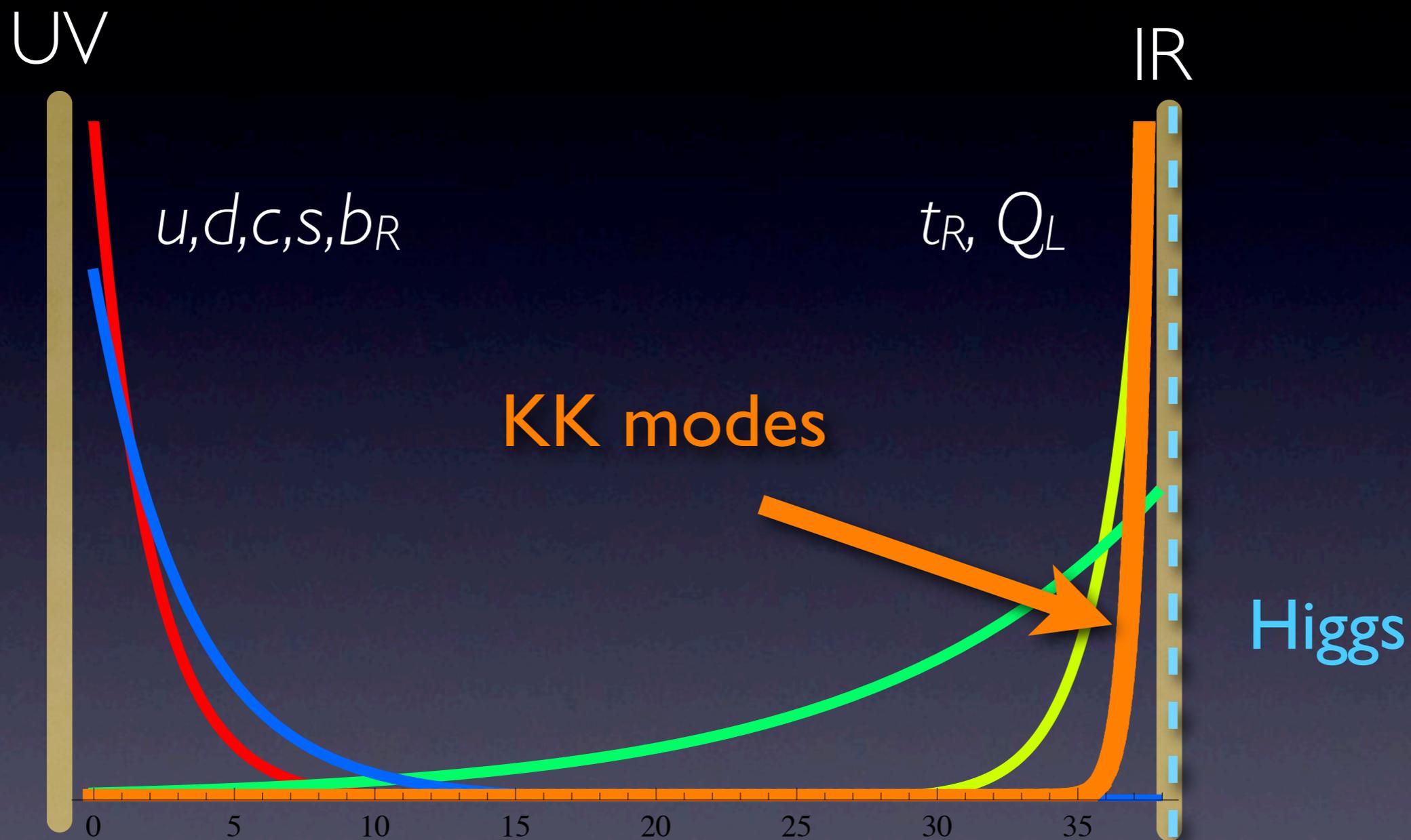
$$1 \lesssim g_* \lesssim 4\pi$$

Kaplan; Contino,
Kramer, Son, Sundrum



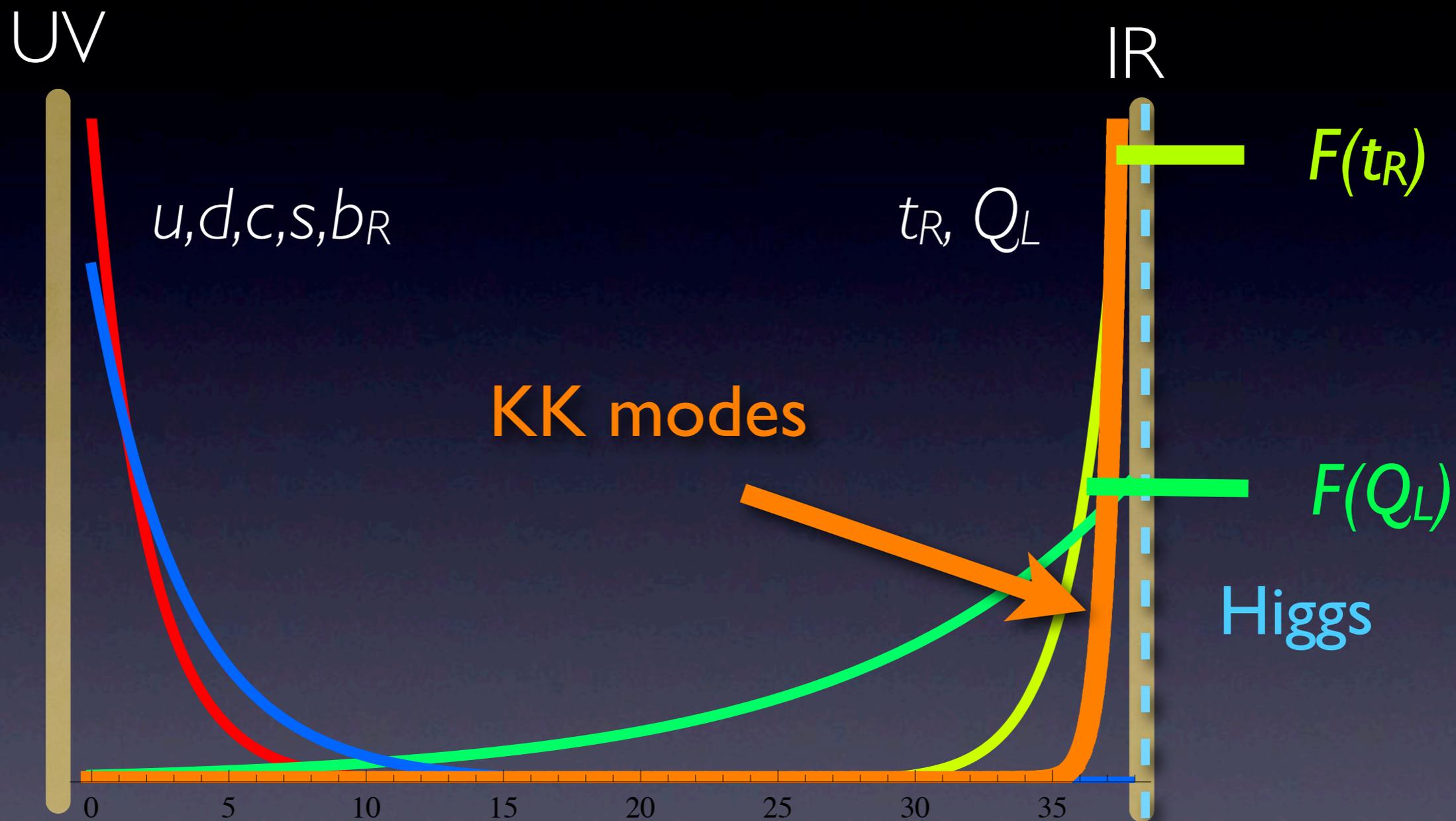
RGE of the mixing UV \longrightarrow IR

Contino, Pomarol;
Contino, et al



RGE of the mixing UV \rightarrow IR

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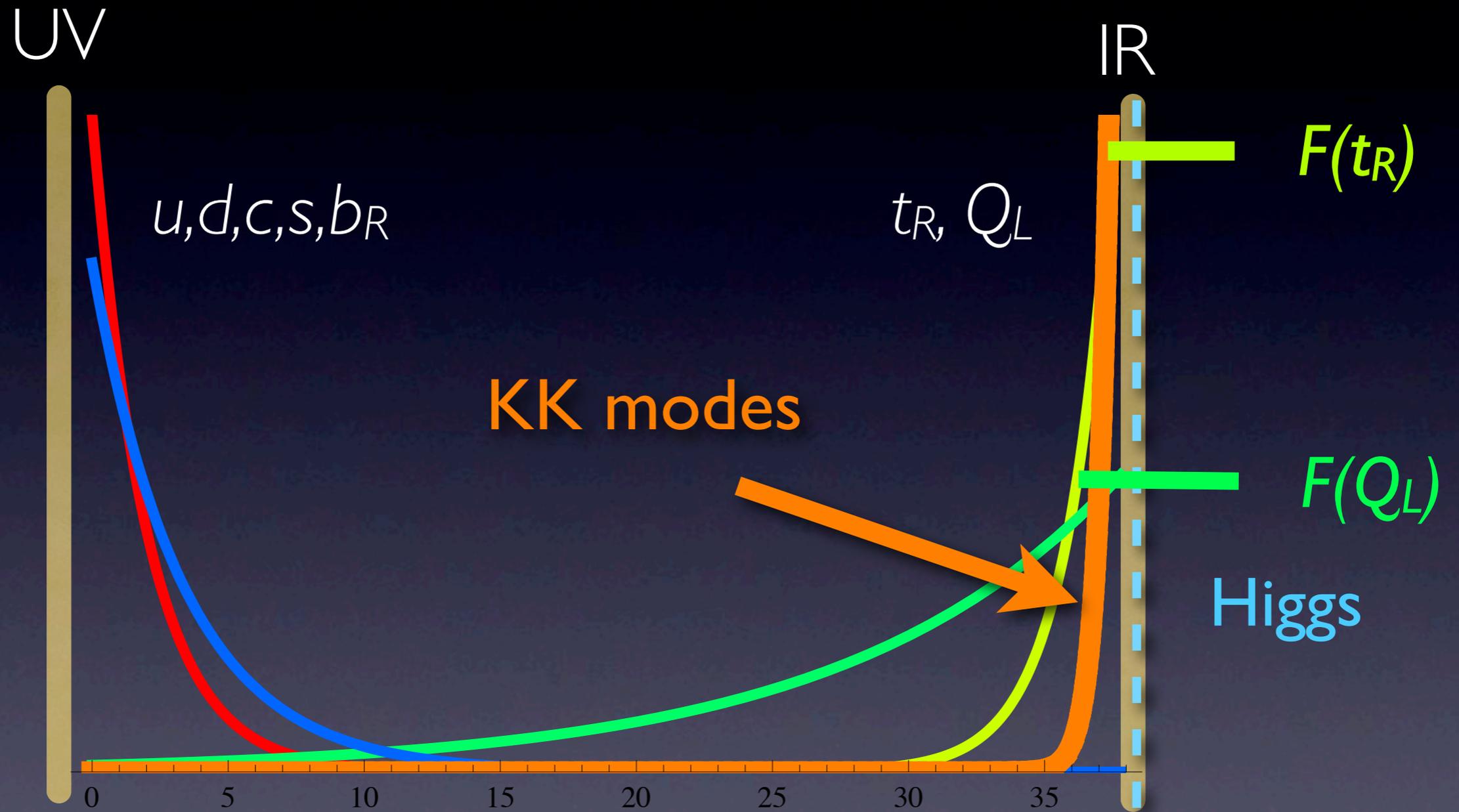


RGE of the mixing UV \rightarrow IR

Contino, Pomarol;
Contino, et al

Degree of compositeness:

$$\sin \phi = F(c) \sim \left(\frac{\text{TeV}}{M_{\text{pl}}} \right)^{c - \frac{1}{2}}$$

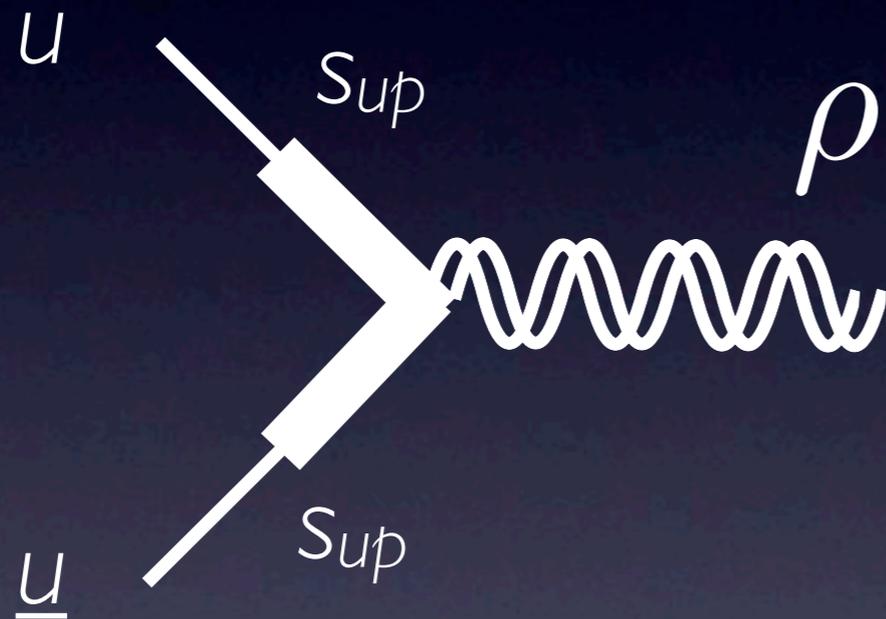


RGE of the mixing UV → IR

Contino, Pomarol;
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high p_T

Resonance production (option 1)

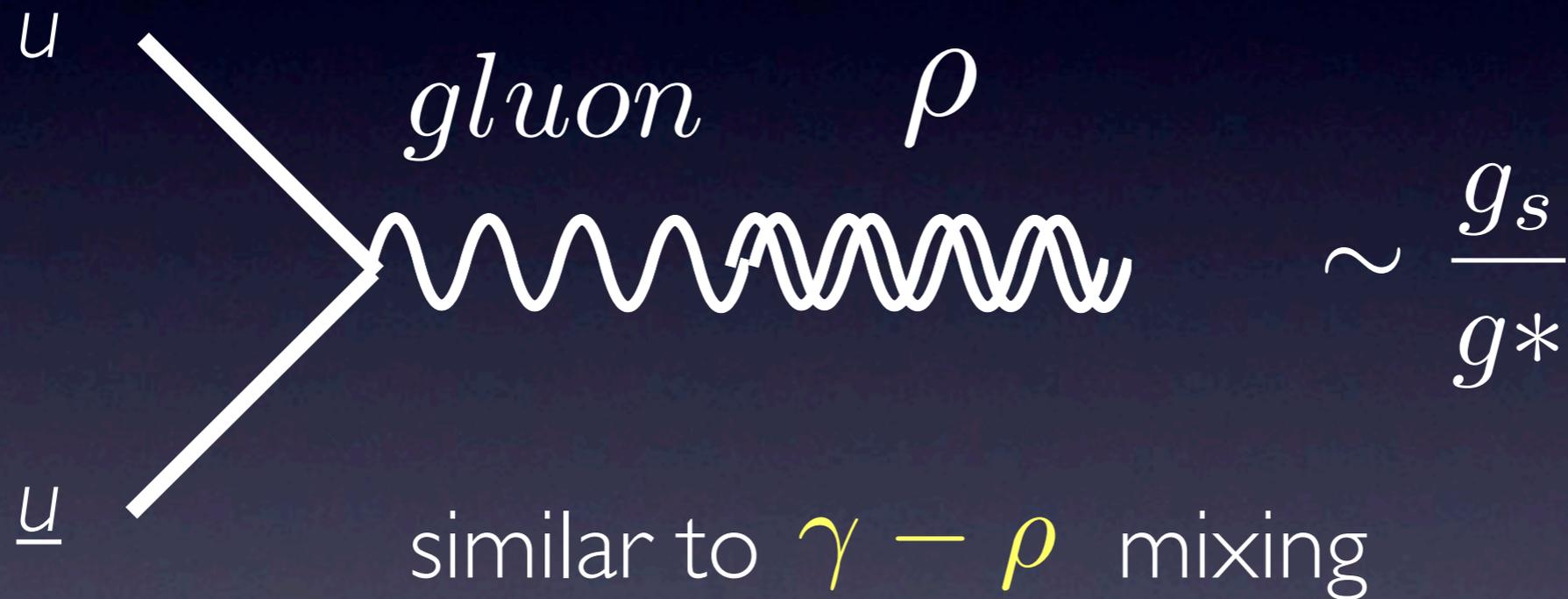


$$\sim g_*^2 \sin^2 \theta_{u_R}$$

strongly suppressed for
light quarks!

high p_T

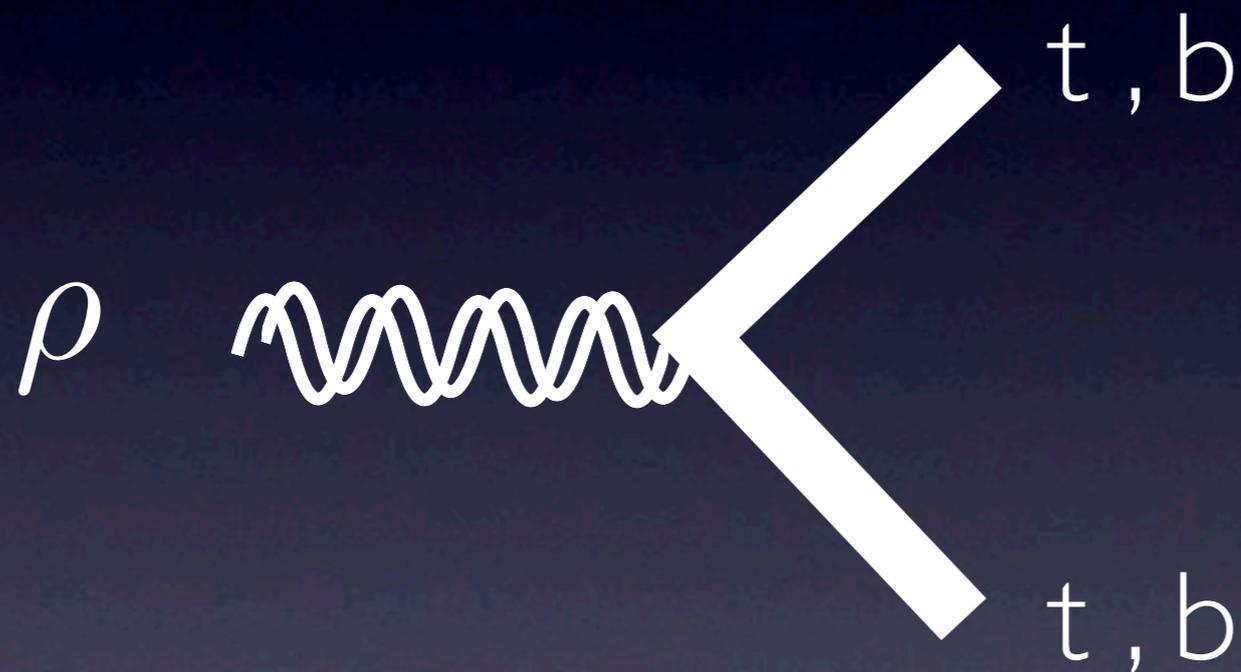
Resonance production (option 2)



NB, gluon-rho-rho = 0

high p_T

Resonance decay



decays dominantly
into 3rd generation!
(tt, bt, bb)

Top FCNCs

SM

$$Br(t \rightarrow q(Z, \gamma, G)) \sim 10^{-12}$$

**partial compositeness/
warped flavor**

$$Br(t \rightarrow c_R Z) \propto |U_R|_{23} \times \delta g_Z \sim 10^{-5}$$

LHC (100 1/fb)

$$Br(t \rightarrow (Z, \gamma)) \geq 10^{-5}$$

Top FCNCs

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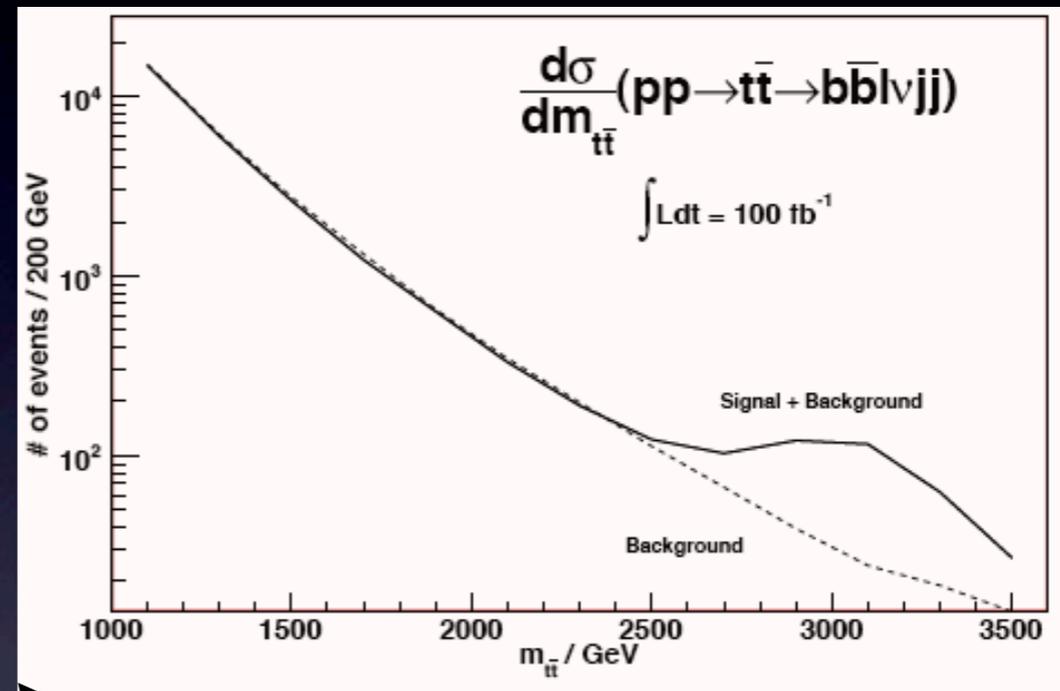
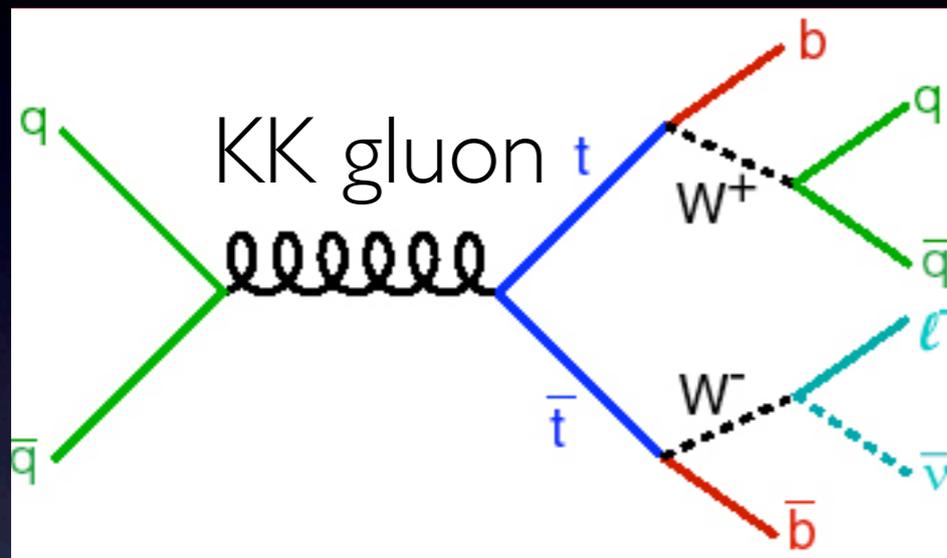
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Resonances decay to Tops

Agashe et al, Lillie et al



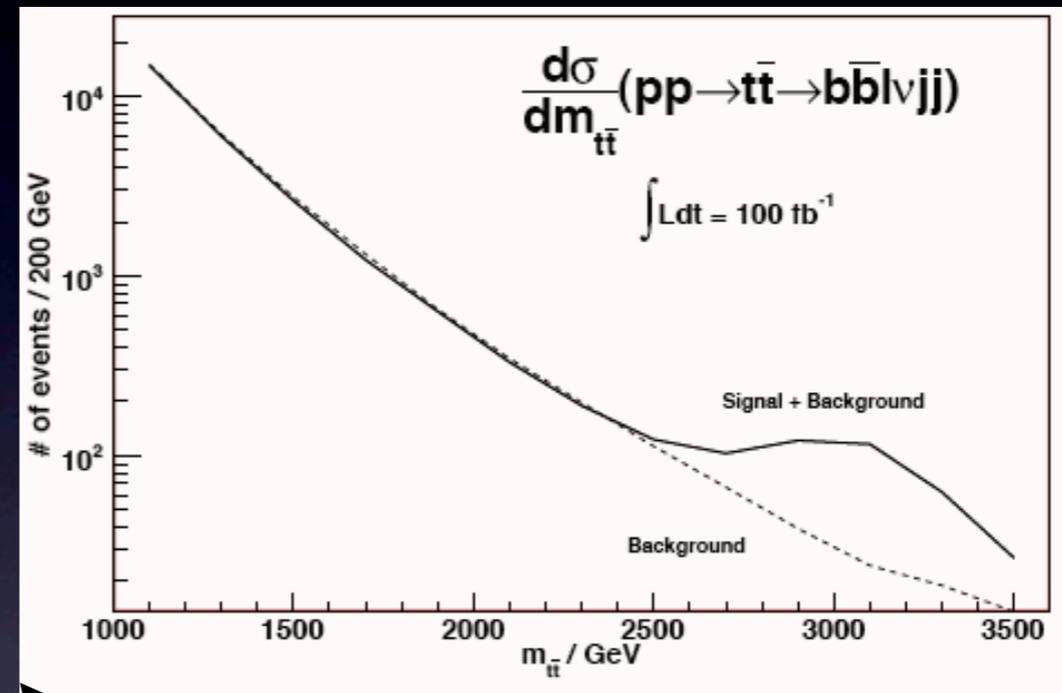
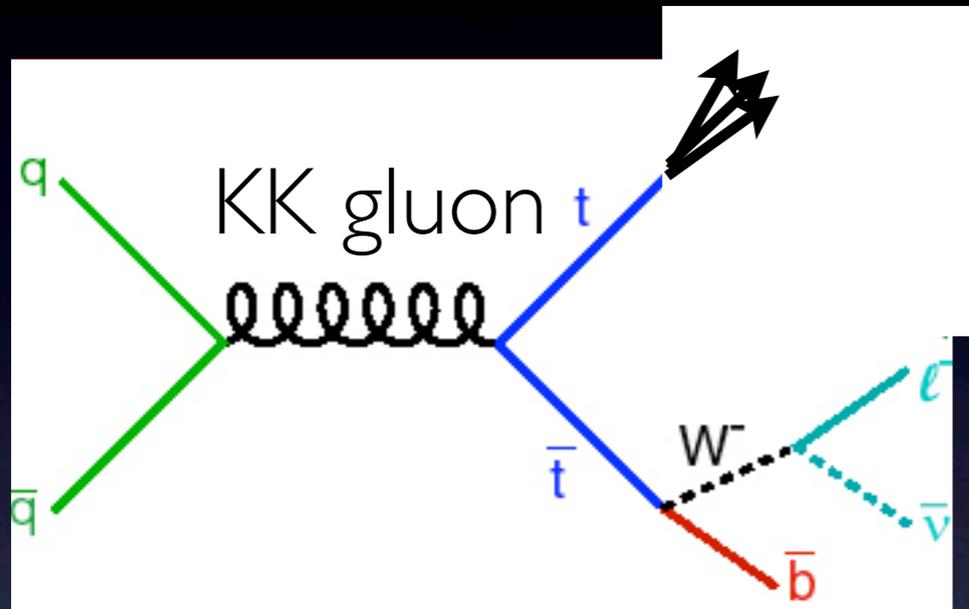
Collimation poses
challenge

($m_{KK} \sim 3 \text{ TeV}$ vs. m_{top})

high p_T - flavor interplay!

Resonances decay to Tops

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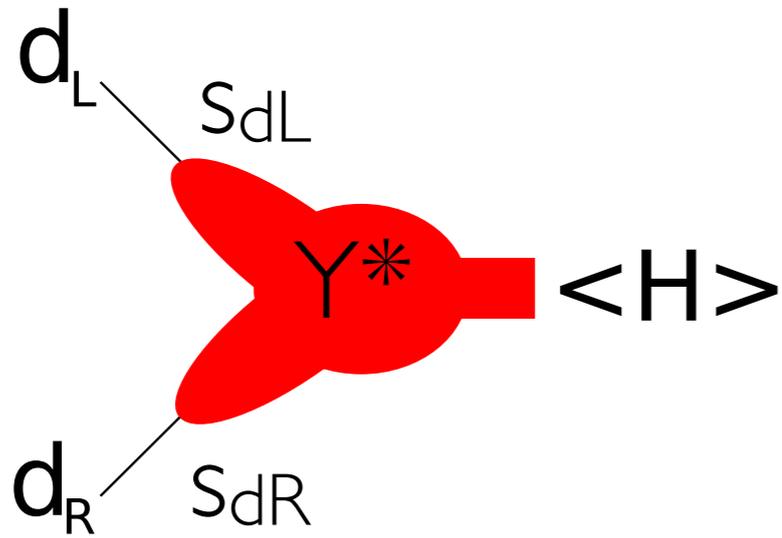
high p_T - flavor interplay!

FCNCs

FCNC protection

Gherghetta, Pomarol; Huber; Agashe, Perez, Soni;

masses from mixing in composites



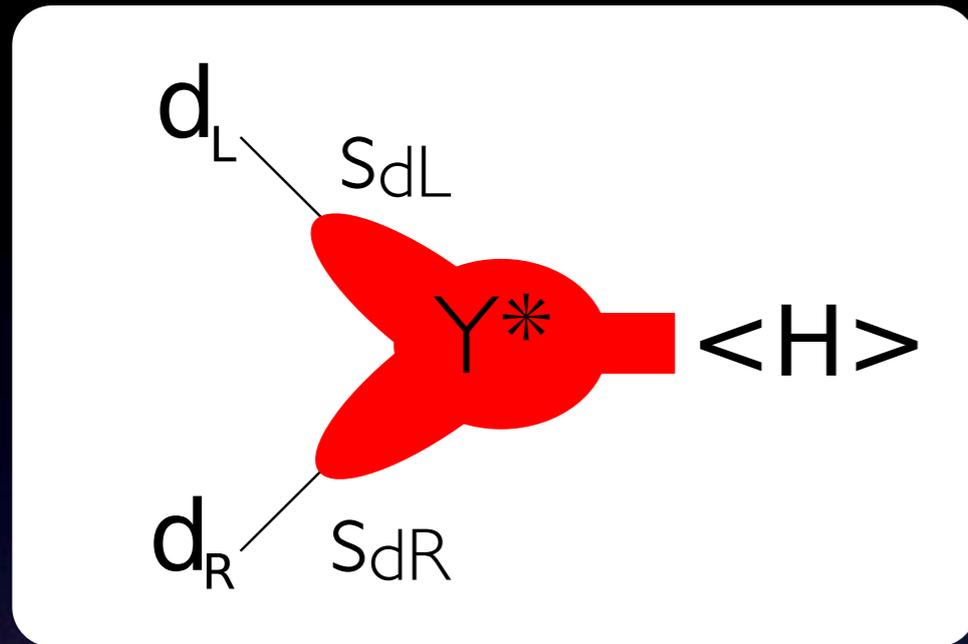
$$m_d \sim v \sin \theta_{d_L} Y^* \sin \theta_{d_R}$$

FCNC protection

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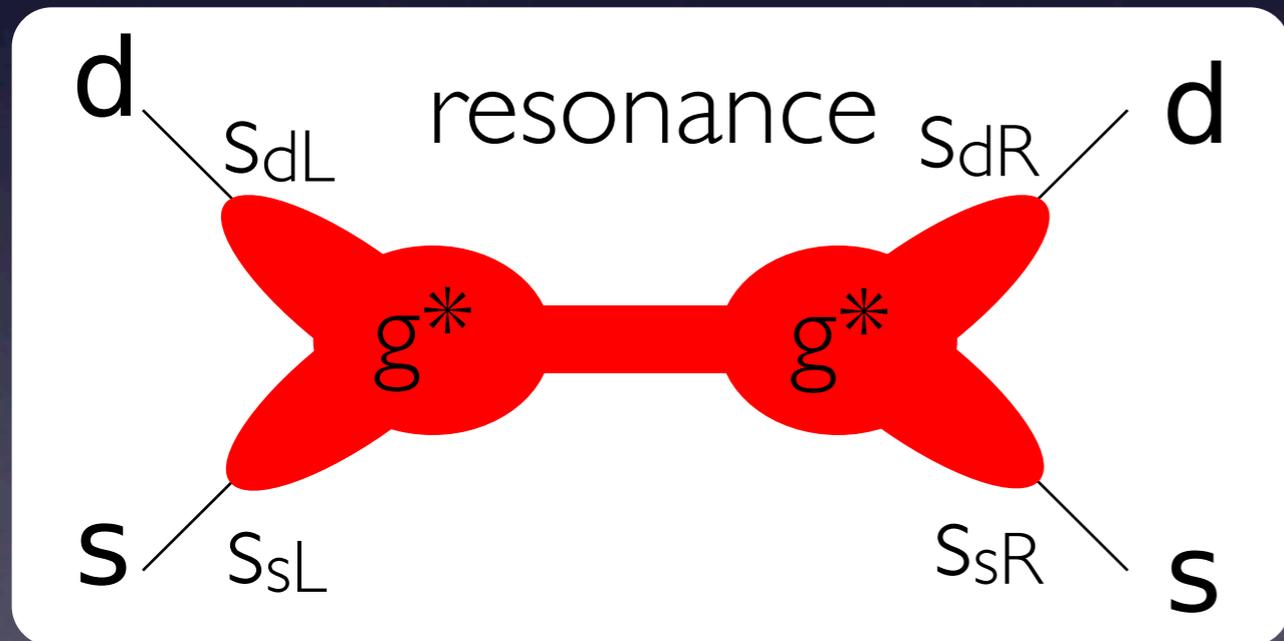
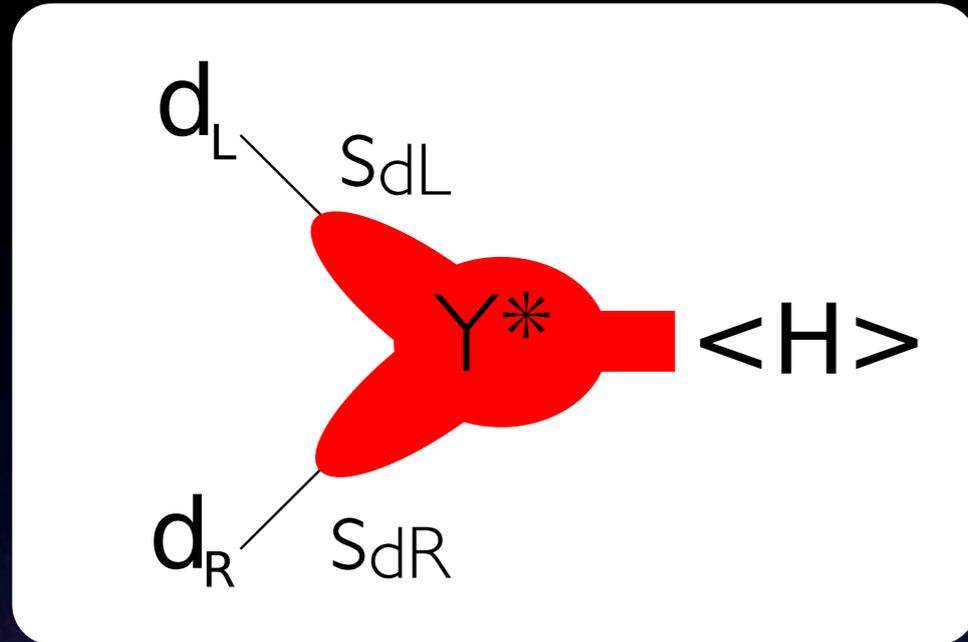
RS-GIM

FCNC protection

Gherghetta, Pomarol; Huber; Agashe, Perez, Soni;

masses from mixing in composites

$$m_d \sim v \sin \theta_{d_L} Y^* \sin \theta_{d_R}$$



$$K^0 - \bar{K}^0$$

FCNCs suppressed by the same mixings

$$\sim \frac{g_*^2}{M_\rho^2} S_{d_L} S_{d_R} S_{s_L} S_{s_R}$$

$$\sim \frac{g_*^2}{M_\rho^2} \frac{m_d m_s}{v Y_*^2}$$

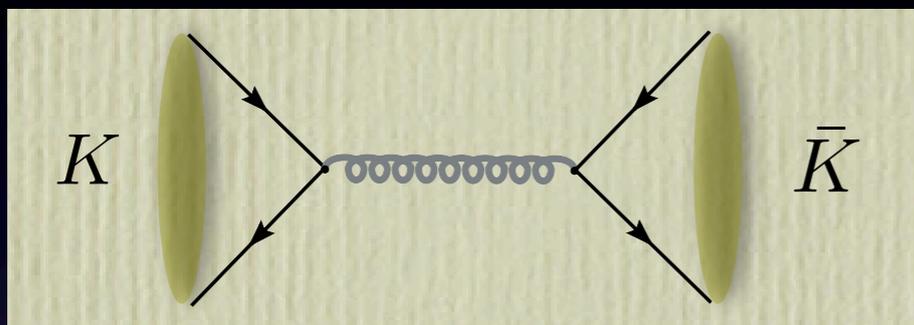
RS-GIM

Little CP problem

Csaki, Falkowski, AW; Buras et al; Casagrande et al

$\Delta F = 2$ (strongest from ϵ_K)

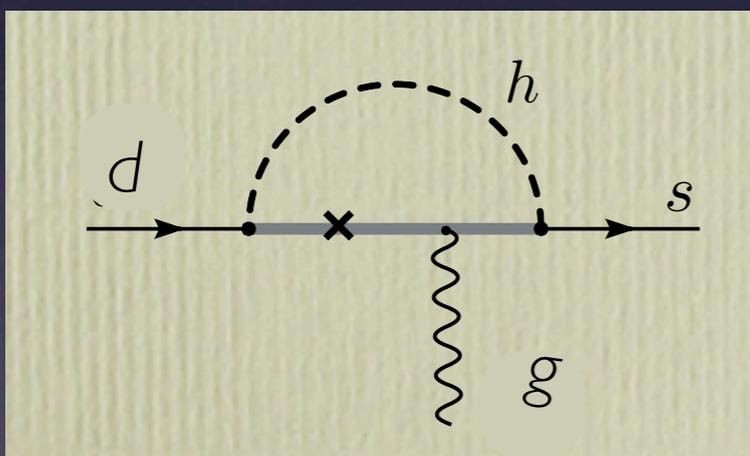
$$g_* \approx Y_* \approx 3 \dots 6$$



$$M_* \gtrsim 10 \left(\frac{g_*}{Y_*} \right) \text{TeV}$$

$\Delta F = 1$ (strongest constraint from ϵ'/ϵ)

Gedalia et. al



$$M_* \gtrsim 1.3 Y_* \text{TeV}$$

$\Delta F = 0$ neutron EDM

$$M_* \geq 2.5 Y_* \text{TeV}$$

Agashe et. al, Delaunay et. al, Redi, AW



generate $Y_{U,D}$ at high scale

new physics dynamics can depend non-trivially on $Y_{U,D}$

Flavor triviality: dynamical MFV

Cacciapaglia, Csaki, Galloway, Marandella, Terning, A.W.

strong sector $SU(3)_Q \times SU(3)_u \times SU(3)_d$



Delaunay et al

sweet spot if Y 's “shine” into the bulk, $m_\rho \approx 2 \text{ TeV}$

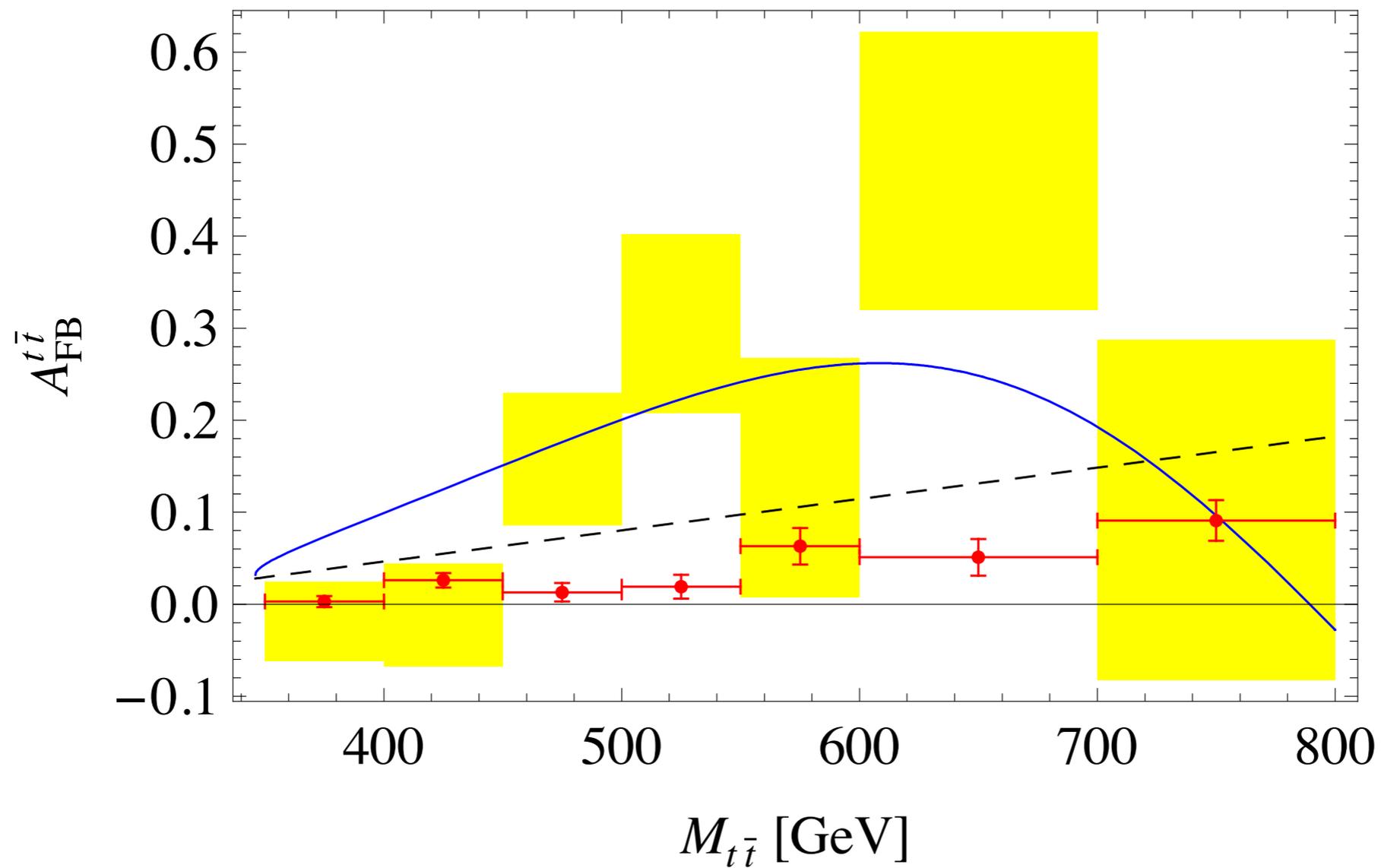
\Rightarrow flavor gauge bosons predicted (in 2 slides)

mixing can be large & universal

MFV-RS allows for sizable $A_{FB}^{t\bar{t}}$

(Small asymmetry in anarchic warped flavor [Bauer et al](#))

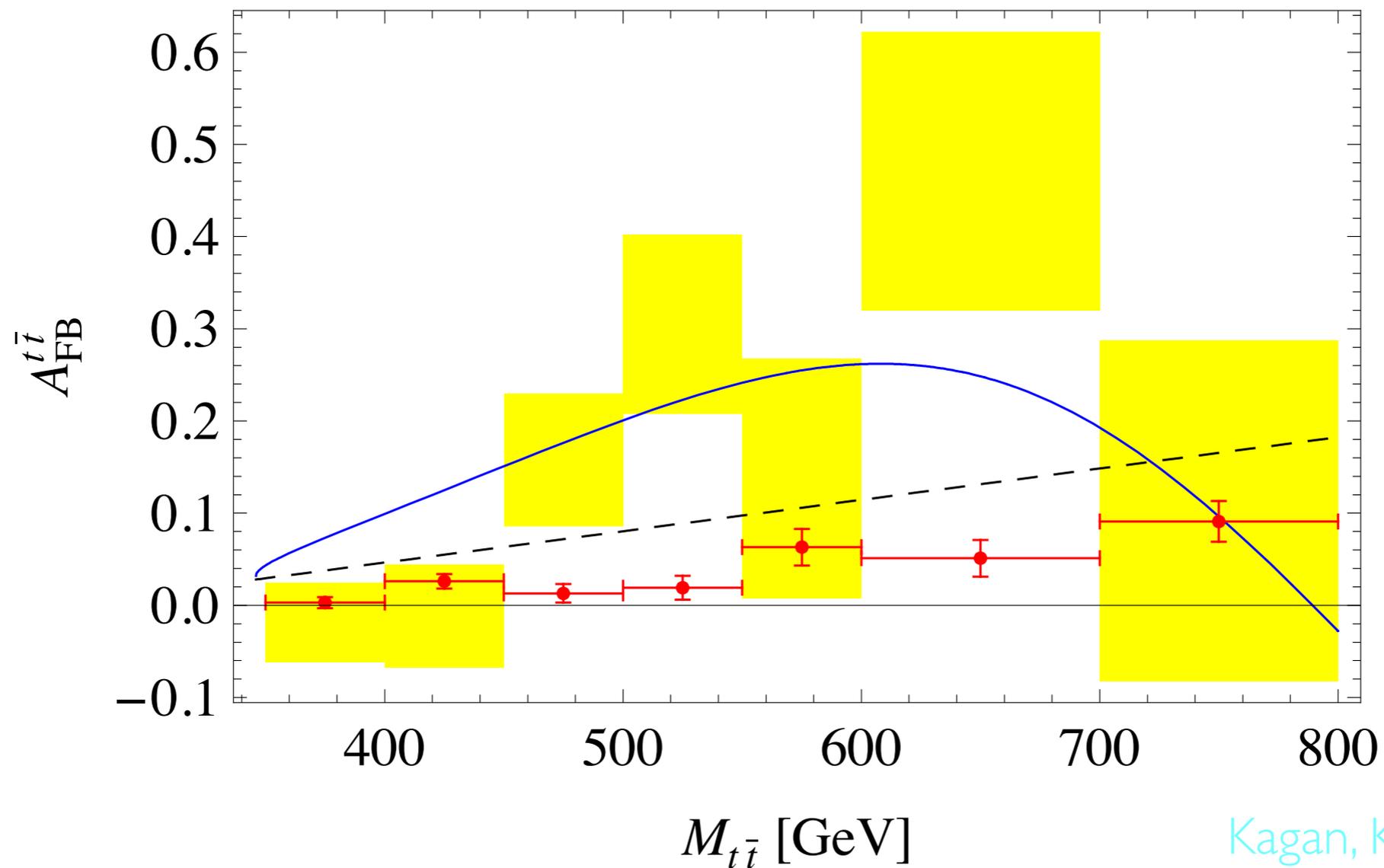
plot from Blum et al



MFV-RS allows for sizable $A_{FB}^{t\bar{t}}$

(Small asymmetry in anarchic warped flavor (Bauer et al))

plot from Blum et al



Kagan, Kamenik, Perez, Stone

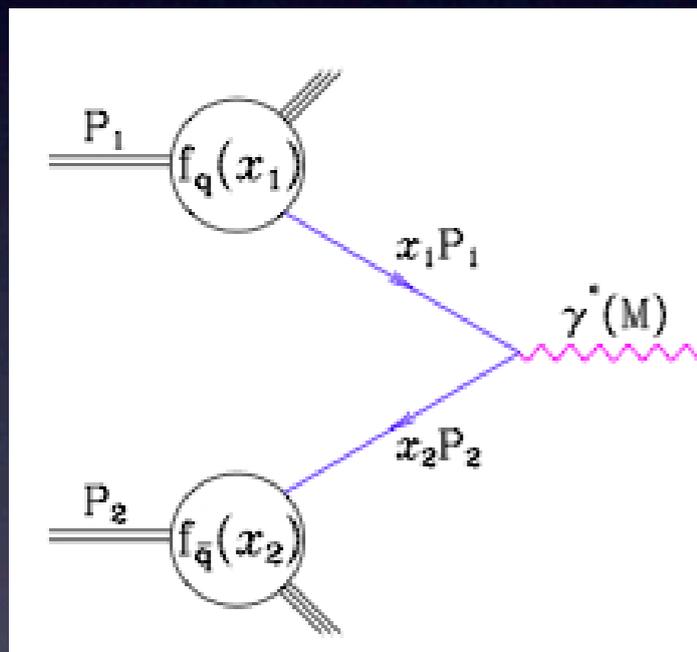
measurement at LHCb?

Flavor gauge bosons at LHC

Csaki, Kagan, Lee, Perez, AW

$$g_{\text{eff}} G_{\mu}^{(1)KK} \bar{\psi} \psi$$

Flavor gauge bosons do not have massless modes (flavor is broken)



no $\gamma - \rho$ mixing!

But quark composite mixing can be flavor universal & large

$$\sim g_*^2 \sin^2 \theta_{u_R}$$

Flavor gauge bosons at LHC

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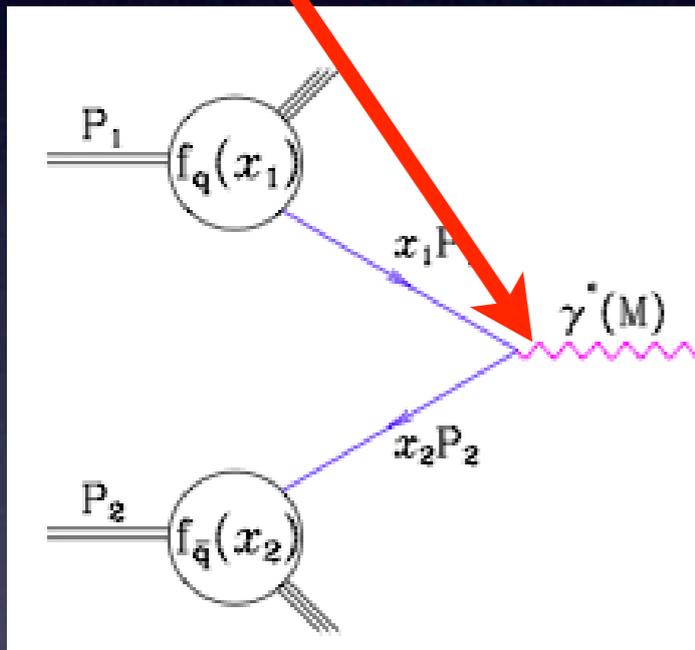
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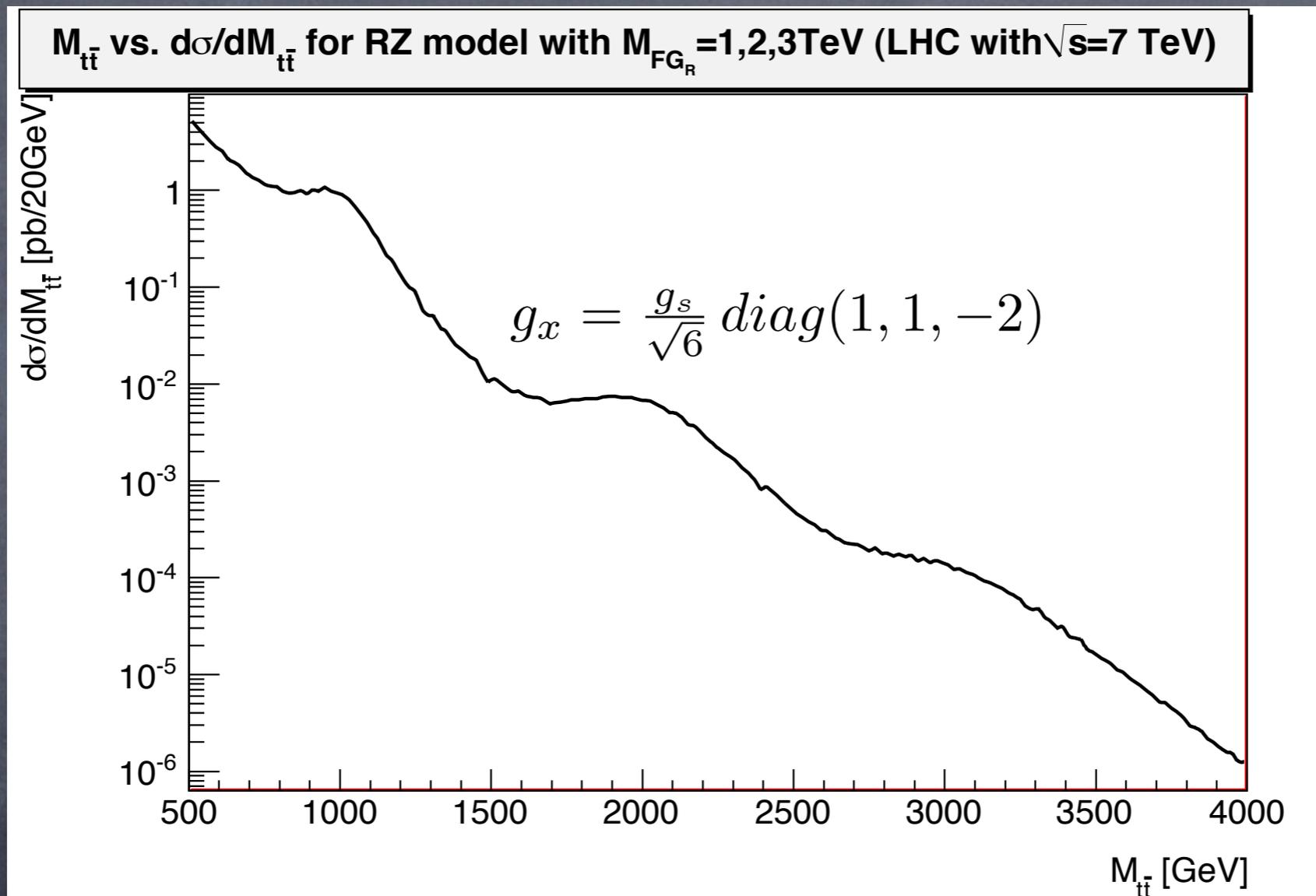
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$$\sim g_*^2 \sin^2 \theta_{u_R}$$



FGBs at the LHC (preliminary)

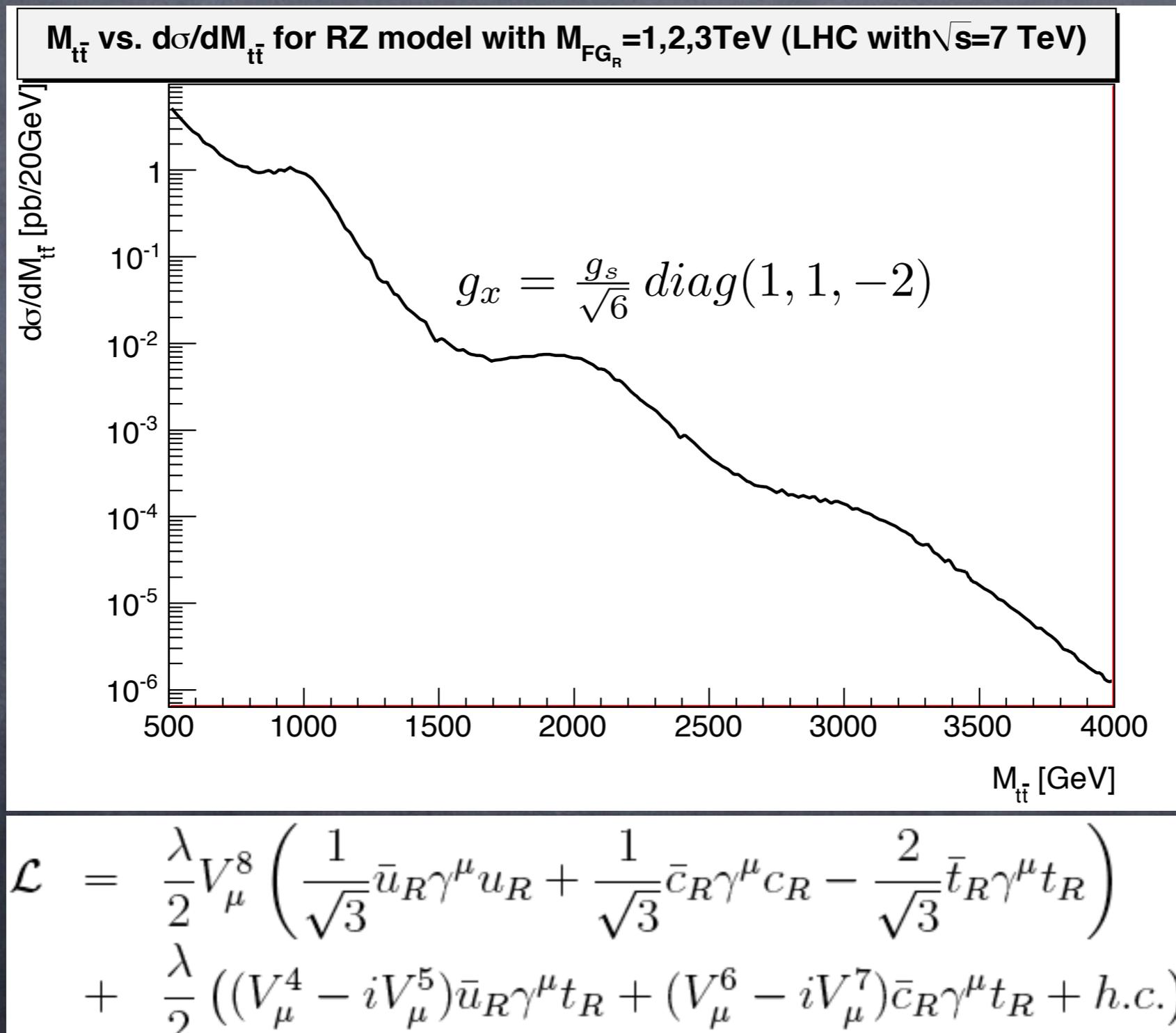
- The flavor gauge bosons & scalars might be observable.



$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{\lambda}{2} V_\mu^8 \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \bar{u}_R \gamma^\mu u_R + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \bar{c}_R \gamma^\mu c_R - \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \bar{t}_R \gamma^\mu t_R \right) + \frac{\lambda}{2} \left((V_\mu^4 - iV_\mu^5) \bar{u}_R \gamma^\mu t_R + (V_\mu^6 - iV_\mu^7) \bar{c}_R \gamma^\mu t_R + h.c. \right)$$

FGBs at the LHC (preliminary)

- The flavor gauge bosons & scalars might be observable.



Flavor Gauge Boson @ Tevatron?

$$\mathcal{L} = g_{eff} \bar{u}_R V_\mu^A \frac{T^A}{2} \gamma_\mu u_R + h.c.$$

- Can partially explain A_{FB} with the usual constraints:

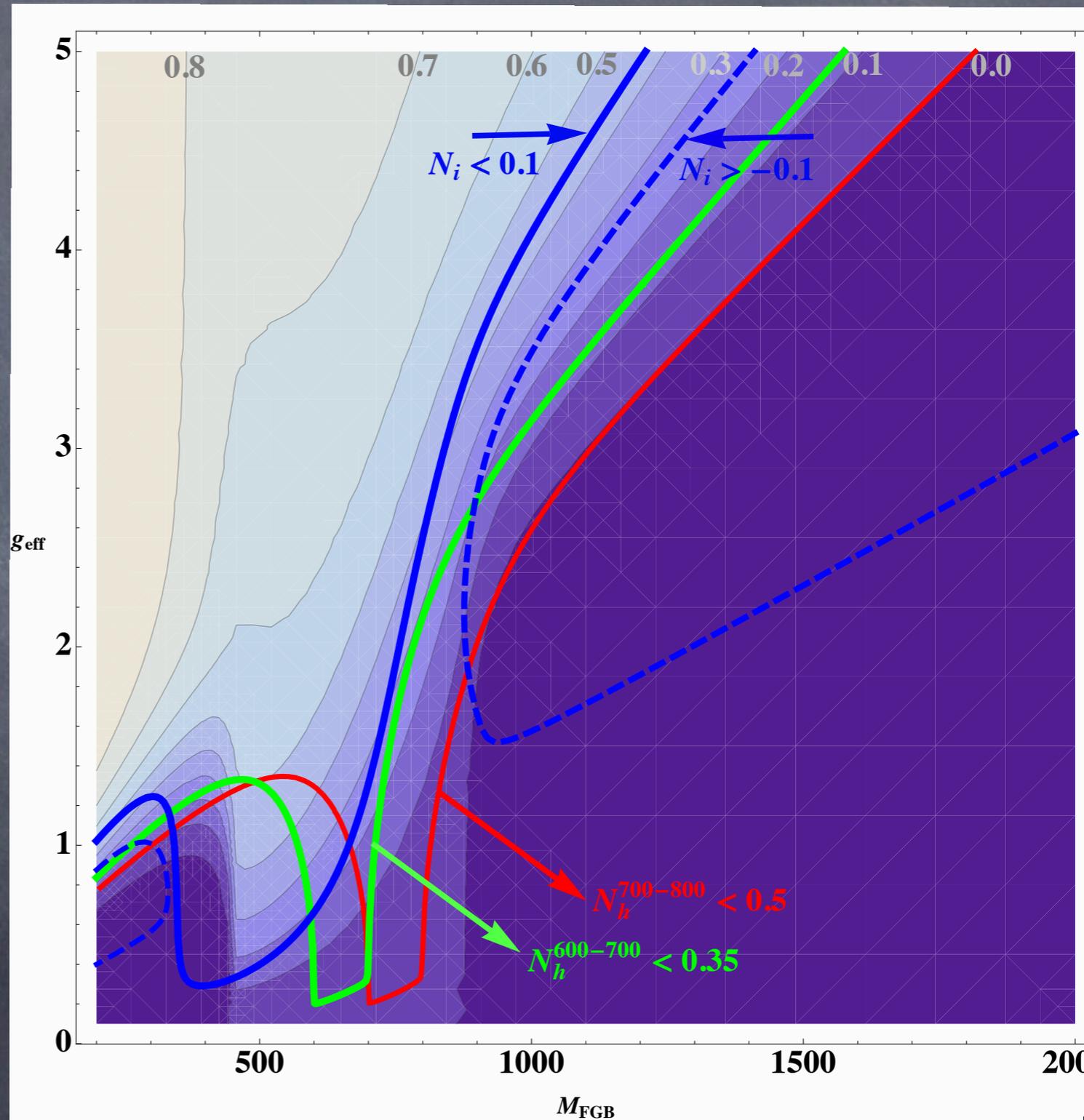
i) $\delta\sigma_{700-800\text{ GeV}}^{\text{NP}} / \sigma_{700-800\text{ GeV}}^{\text{SM}} \lesssim 47\%$

ii) $\delta\sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{\text{NP}} / \sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{\text{SM}} \lesssim 10\%$

- $M_{\text{FGB}} < 900\text{ GeV}$, $g_{\text{eff}} \sim O(1)$

$$A_{FB}^{t\bar{t}}(M_{inv} > 450\text{ GeV}) \lesssim 10\%$$

- $\sigma_{\text{NP}} / \sigma_{\text{SM}}(p_T > 400\text{ GeV})$: 2-3



Conclusions

Most well-motivated models of NP at the TeV predict experimentally resolvable deviations from the SM

Discovery of non-MFV new physics might give insight in origin of Yukawas

high p_T can also offer window into flavor
(see explanations of the top FB anomaly)