

Lepton Flavor Violating τ Decays at B-factories

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(on behalf of
Belle and BaBar Collaborations)



Introduction

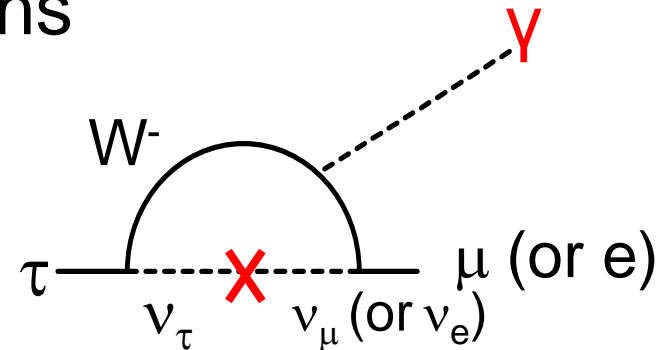
Introduction
LFV in SUSY

Introduction

Lepton flavor violation (LFV) in charged lepton

⇒ negligibly small probability in the Standard Model (SM) even including neutrino oscillations

- $\text{Br}(\tau \rightarrow l \gamma) < \mathcal{O}(10^{-54})$
- $\text{Br}(\tau \rightarrow 3 \text{leptons}) < \mathcal{O}(10^{-14})$
(PRL95 41802(2005), EPJC8 513(1999))



Many extensions of the SM predict LFV decays with enhanced branching fractions that could be accessible at current experimental sensitivities

⇒ Observation of LFV is a clear signature of New Physics (NP)

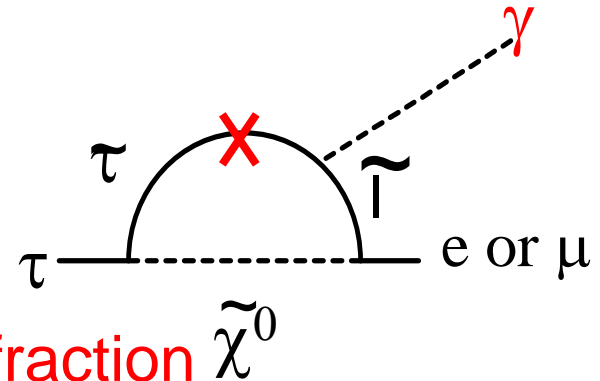
Tau lepton :

- The heaviest charged lepton
 - Many possible LFV decay modes
- ⇒ Ideal place to search for LFV

LFV in SUSY

SUSY is the most popular candidate among new physics models

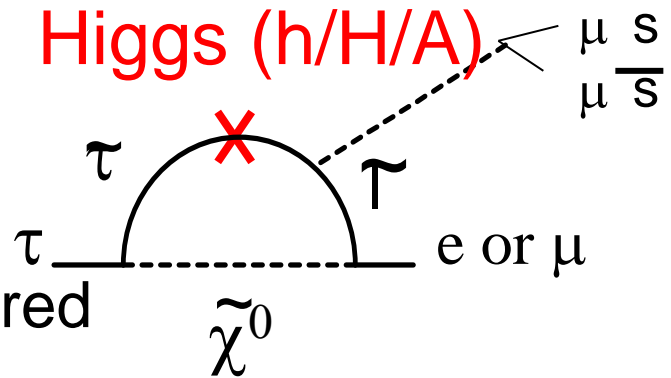
induce naturally LFV at one loop due to slepton mixing



$\tau \rightarrow l \gamma$ mode has the largest branching fraction in SUSY-Seesaw (or SUSY-GUT) models

When sleptons are much heavier than weak scale

LFV mediated by neutral Higgs boson (h/H/A)



Higgs coupling is proportional to mass

$\Rightarrow \mu\mu$ or $s\bar{s}$ ($K\bar{K}$, η , $f_0(980)$...) are favored

Model independent searches for various LFV modes are very important

Analysis

B-factories

Analysis method

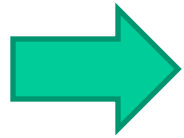
Signature of signal and background

B-factories

B-factories : E at CM = Y(4S)

$e^+(3.5 \text{ (3.1) GeV}) e^-(8 \text{ (9) GeV})$ for KEKB (PEP II)

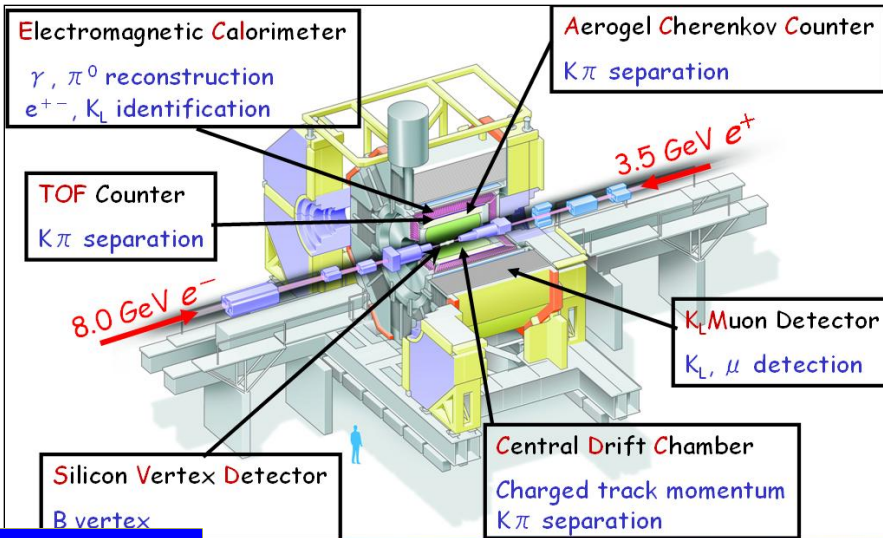
$\sigma(\tau\tau) \sim 0.9 \text{ nb}, \sigma(bb) \sim 1.1 \text{ nb}$



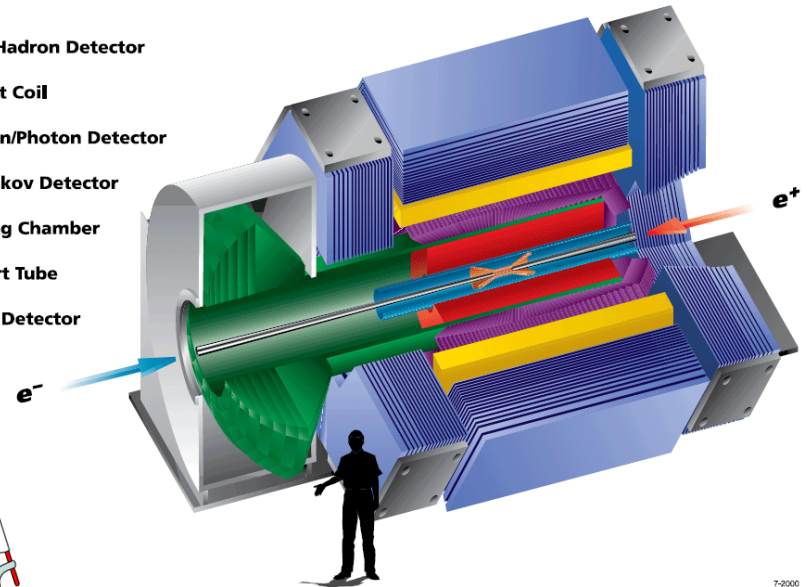
A B-factory is also a τ -factory!

Detector: Good track reconstruction and particle identification

Lepton ID $\sim (80-90)\%$
 Fake ID $\sim O(0.1-1)\%$
BABAR Detector



- Muon/Hadron Detector
- Magnet Coil
- Electron/Photon Detector
- Cherenkov Detector
- Tracking Chamber
- Support Tube
- Vertex Detector



$\sim 9 \times 10^8 \tau\tau$ at Belle

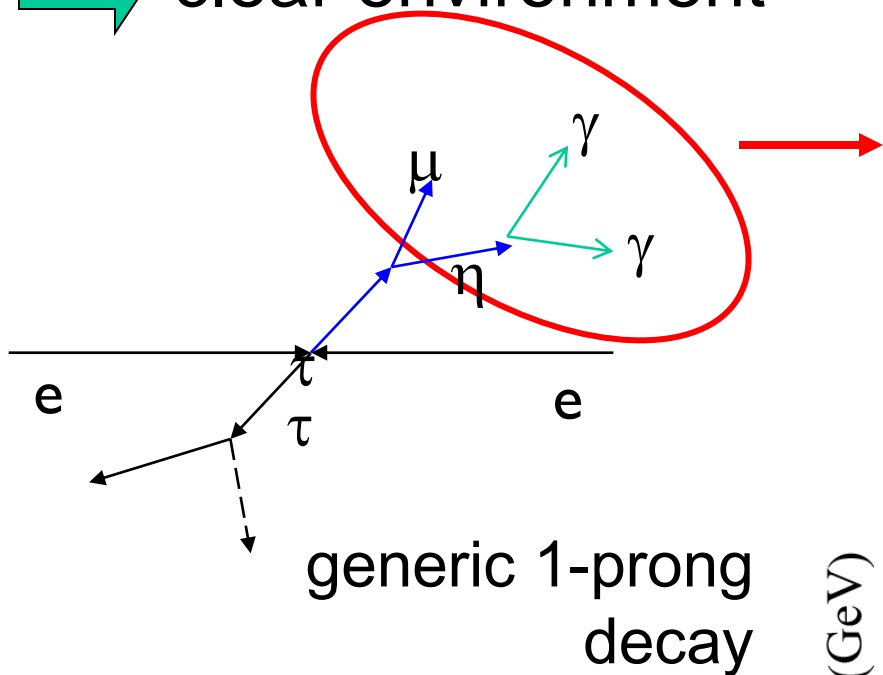


$\sim 4.8 \times 10^8 \tau\tau$ at BaBar

Analysis method

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$$

 clear environment



Signal Extraction

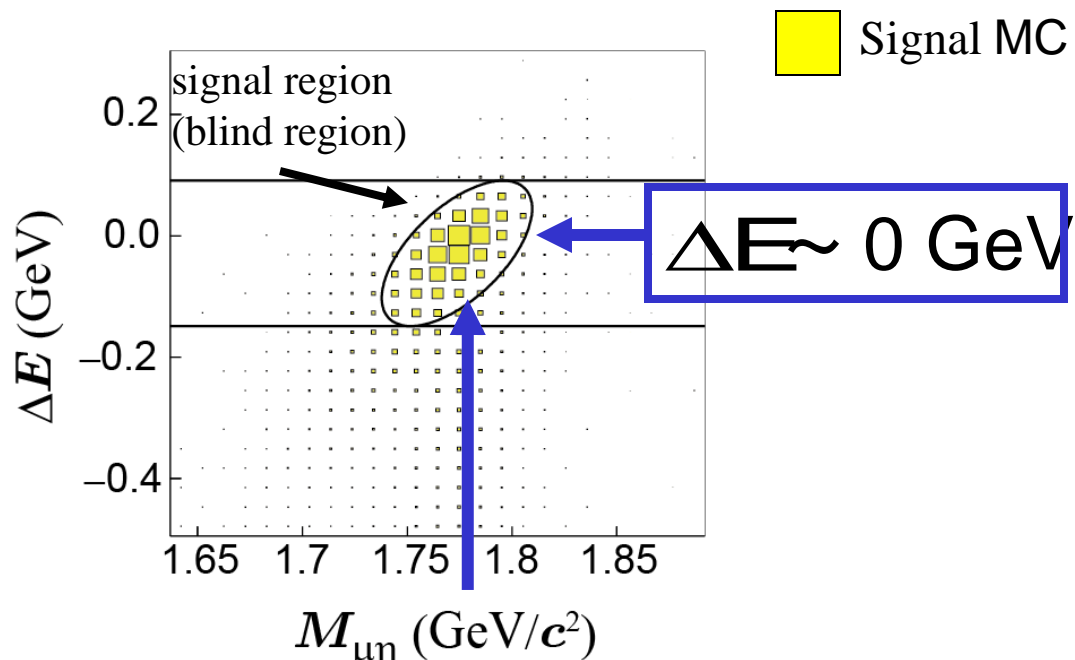
$$M_{\text{inv}} = \sqrt{E_{\text{signal}}^2 - p_{\text{signal}}^2}$$

$$\Delta E = E_{\text{signal}}^{\text{CM}} - E_{\text{beam}}^{\text{CM}}$$

Blind analysis

⇒ Blind signal region

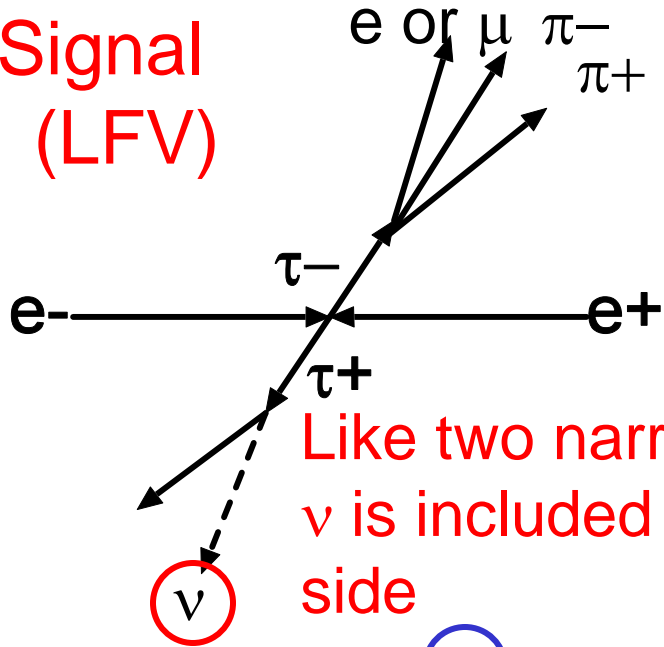
Estimate number of BG
using sideband data and MC



$$M_{\text{inv}} \sim \tau \text{ mass}$$

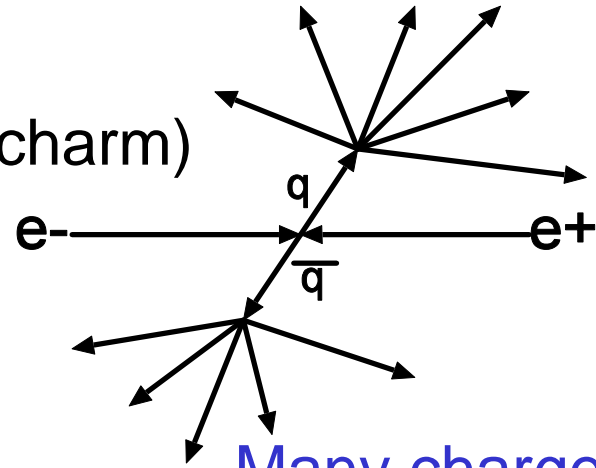
Signature of signal and background

Signal
(LFV)



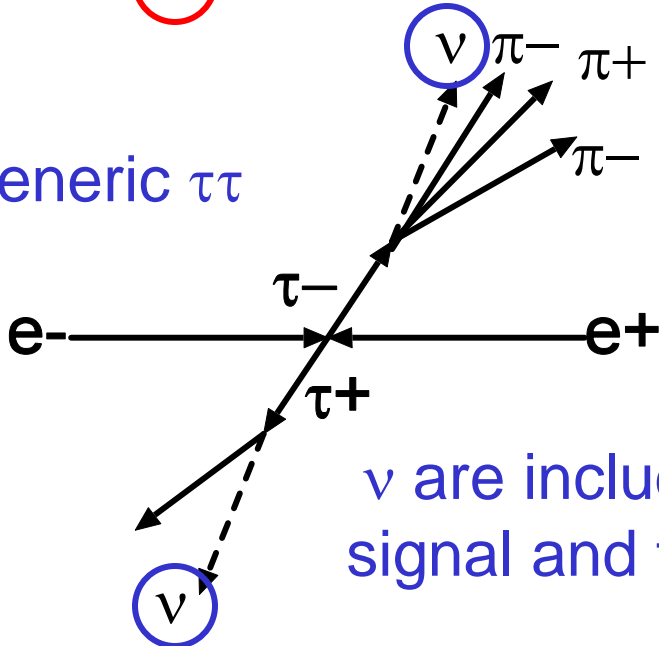
Like two narrow jets
 ν is included in only tag side

$q\bar{q}$
(uds, charm)



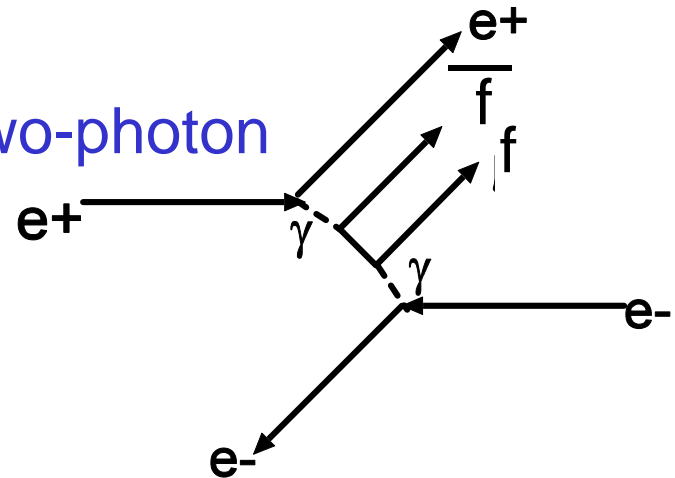
Many charged tracks
and γ

Generic $\tau\tau$



ν are included in
signal and tag side

Two-photon



Electrons are included
in signal and tag side

Recent Results

$l + \gamma$

$l + \text{pseudoscalar meson}$

$l + \text{Vector meson}$

$l + hh' (=K^\pm \text{ or } \pi^\pm)$

$$\tau \rightarrow l \gamma$$

$\tau \rightarrow \mu \gamma, e \gamma$ (PLB666,16(2008))

Data: 492M τ pairs

$\text{Br}(\tau \rightarrow \mu \gamma) < 4.5 \times 10^{-8}$ at 90% C.L.

$\text{Br}(\tau \rightarrow e \gamma) < 1.2 \times 10^{-7}$ at 90% C.L.



$\tau \rightarrow \mu \gamma, e \gamma$ (PRL104,021802(2010))

Data: 482M τ pairs (including Y(2,3S) data)

Use Neural network for event selection

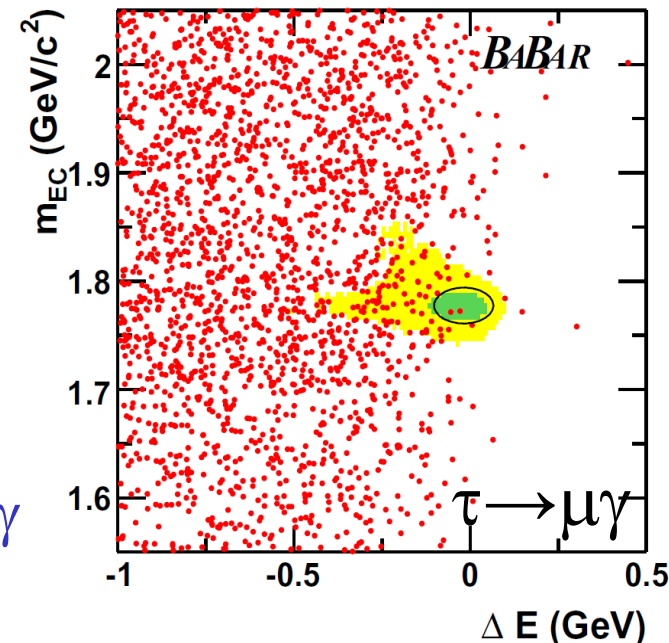
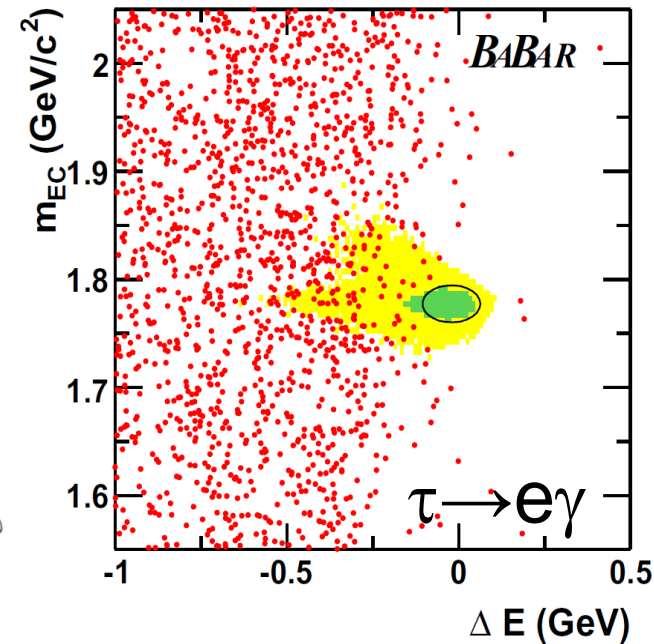


Decay modes	2σ signal ellipse		ϵ (%)	UL ($\times 10^{-8}$)	
	obs	exp		obs	exp
$\tau^\pm \rightarrow e^\pm \gamma$	0	1.6 ± 0.4	3.9 ± 0.3	3.3	9.8
$\tau^\pm \rightarrow \mu^\pm \gamma$	2	3.6 ± 0.7	6.1 ± 0.5	4.4	8.2

$\text{Br}(\tau \rightarrow \mu \gamma) < 4.4 \times 10^{-8}$ at 90% C.L.

$\text{Br}(\tau \rightarrow e \gamma) < 3.3 \times 10^{-8}$ at 90% C.L.

Many remaining BG events from $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-\gamma$
sensitivity is limited by the background



$\tau \rightarrow IP^0$ (1)



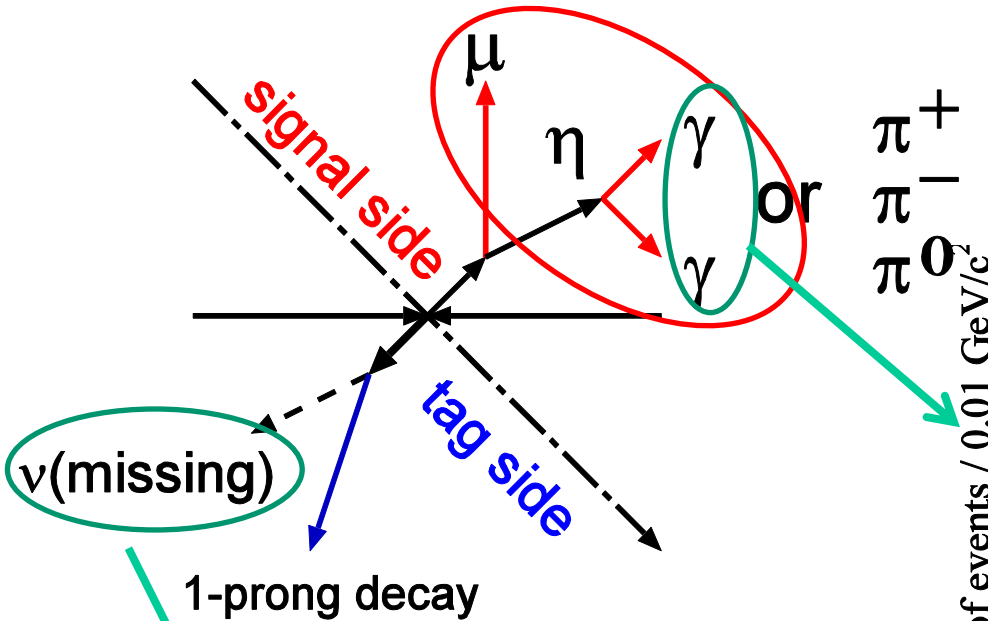
Previous results

$(6.5-16) \times 10^{-8} @ \text{Belle } 401 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

Update with $901 \text{ fb}^{-1} @ \text{Belle}$

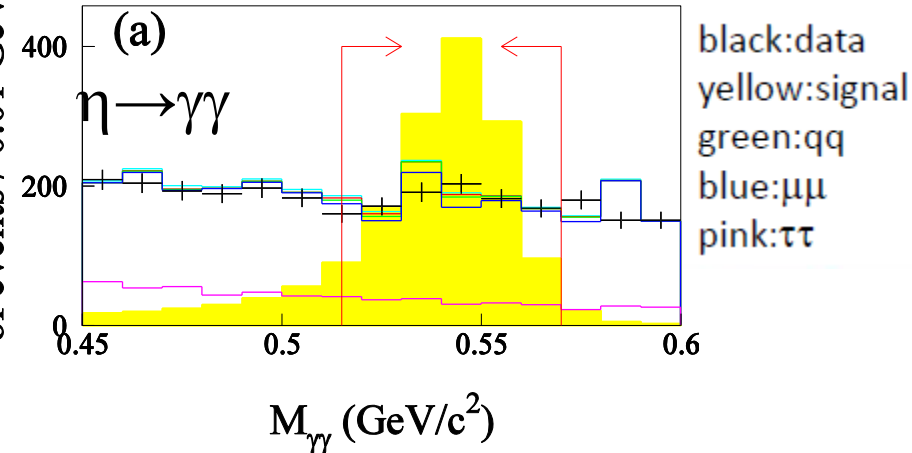
Signal side

- lepton (e or mu)
- pseudoscalar meson
- $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma, \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$
- $\eta' \rightarrow \eta(\rightarrow \gamma\gamma)\pi^+\pi^-, \rho\gamma$
- $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

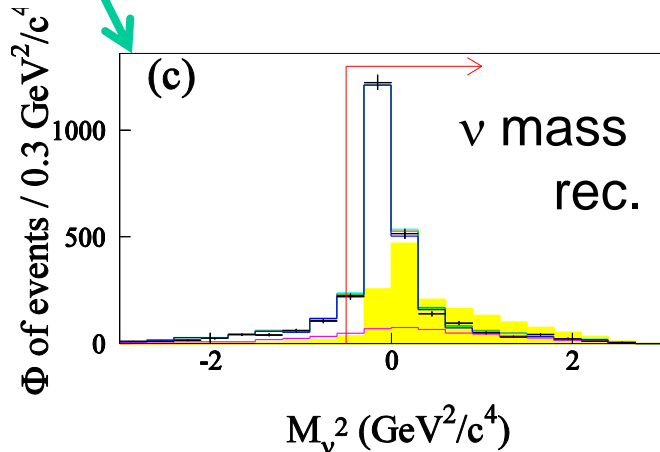


π^+
 π^-
 π^0

of events / 0.01 GeV/c^2



1-prong decay



To improve sensitivity, we changed event selection mode by mode

For example $\mu\eta(\rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$: Neural Net

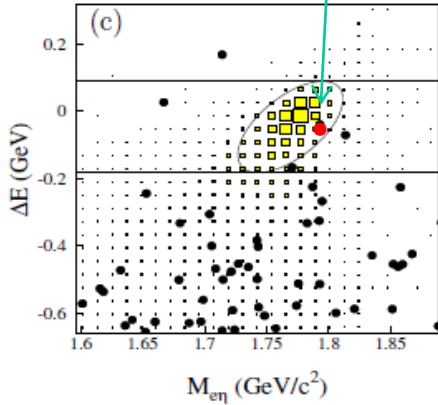
increase higher eff in x1.5

while keep low BG (< 1)

$\tau \rightarrow IP^0 (2)$

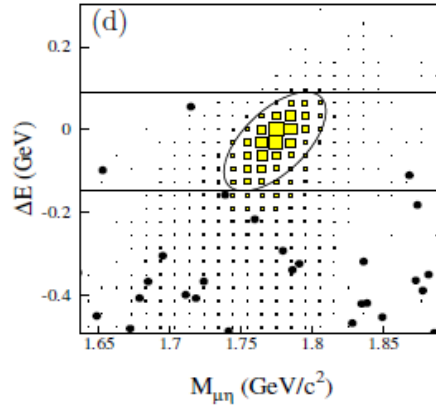
After event selection

one observed event in data
 $\tau \rightarrow e\eta(\rightarrow\gamma\gamma)$



$\tau \rightarrow \mu\eta(\rightarrow\gamma\gamma)$

No excess



Expected # of BG
(0.0-1.4)events

- 1 event $e\eta(\rightarrow\gamma\gamma)$
- 0 events others

$$\text{Br}(\tau \rightarrow IP^0) < (2.2-4.4) \times 10^{-8}$$

@90% C.L. (preliminary)

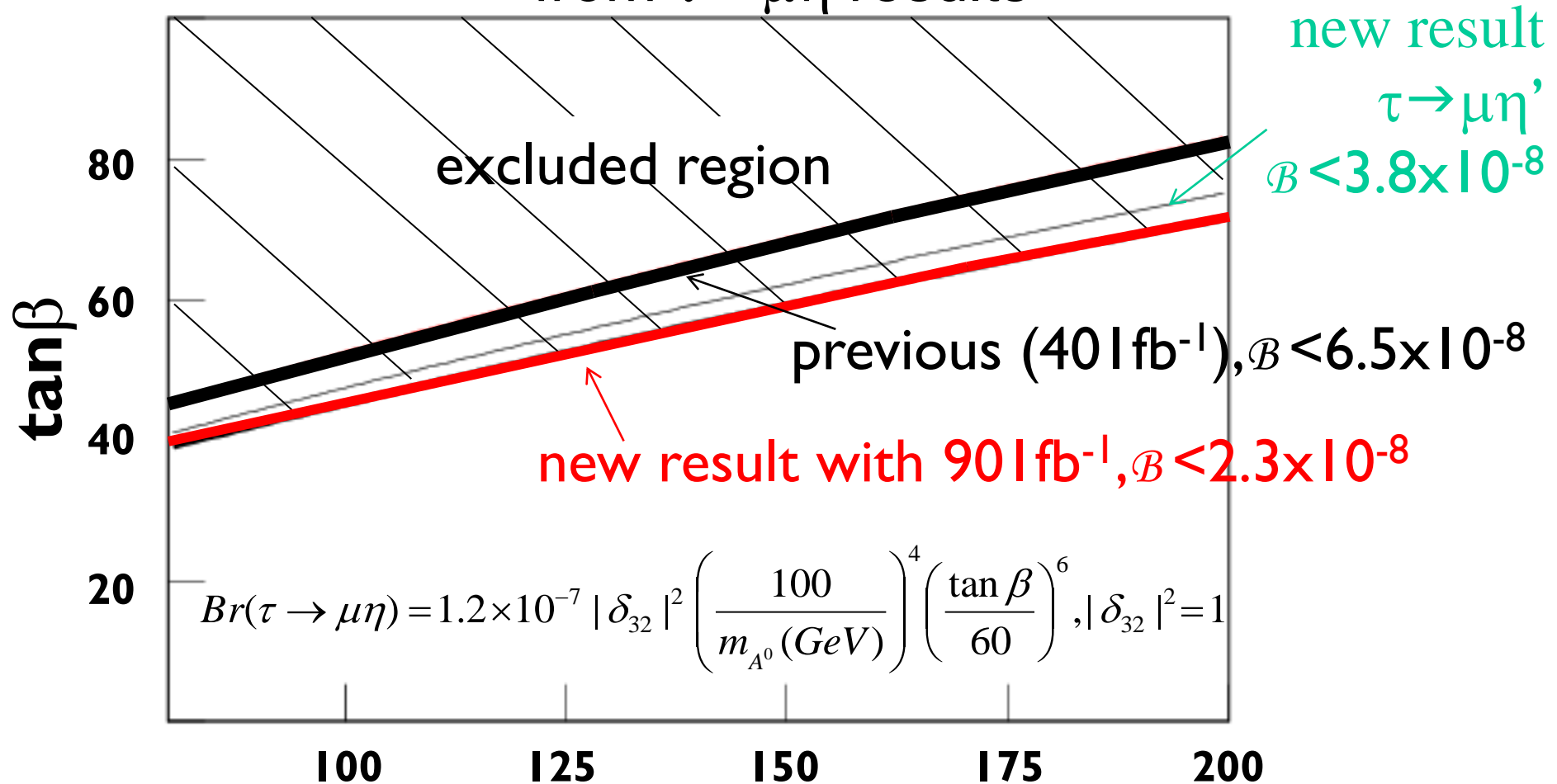
Improve x(2.1-4.4) from prev.

$\tau \rightarrow$	Eff.	N_{BG}^{exp}	UL(10^{-8})	$\tau \rightarrow$	Eff.	N_{BG}^{exp}	UL(10^{-8})
$\mu\eta(\rightarrow\gamma\gamma)$	8.2%	0.63 ± 0.37	3.6	$\mu\eta'(\rightarrow\pi\pi\eta)$	8.1%	$0.00^{+0.16}_{-0.00}$	10
$\mu\eta(\rightarrow\pi\pi\pi^0)$	6.9%	0.23 ± 0.23	8.6	$\mu\eta'(\rightarrow\rho^0\gamma)$	6.2%	0.59 ± 0.41	6.6
$\mu\eta(\text{comb.})$			2.3	$\mu\eta'(\text{comb.})$			3.8
$e\eta(\rightarrow\gamma\gamma)$	7.0%	0.66 ± 0.38	8.2	$e\eta'(\rightarrow\pi\pi\eta)$	7.3%	0.63 ± 0.45	9.4
$e\eta(\rightarrow\pi\pi\pi^0)$	6.3%	0.69 ± 0.40	8.1	$e\eta'(\rightarrow\rho^0\gamma)$	7.5%	0.29 ± 0.29	6.8
$e\eta(\text{comb.})$			4.4	$e\eta'(\text{comb.})$			3.6
$\mu\pi^0(\rightarrow\gamma\gamma)$	4.2%	0.64 ± 0.32	2.7	$e\pi^0(\rightarrow\gamma\gamma)$	4.7%	0.89 ± 0.40	2.2

$\tau \rightarrow IP^0$ (3)



Constraint on new physics parameters
from $\tau \rightarrow \mu\eta$ results



M.J.Herrero et al,
JHEP06(2008)079

m_{A^0} (GeV/c²)

$$\tau \rightarrow IV^0 \quad (1)$$



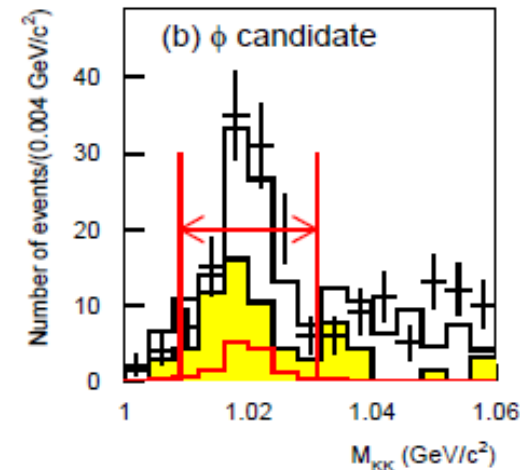
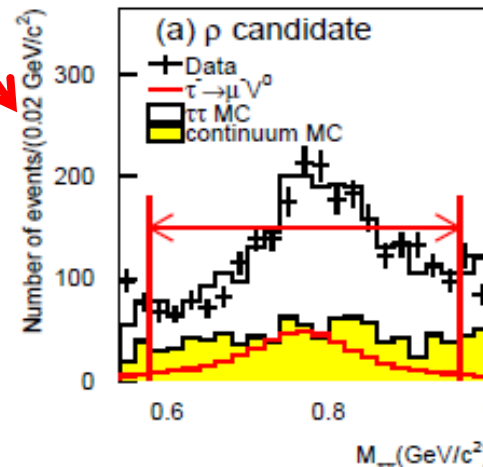
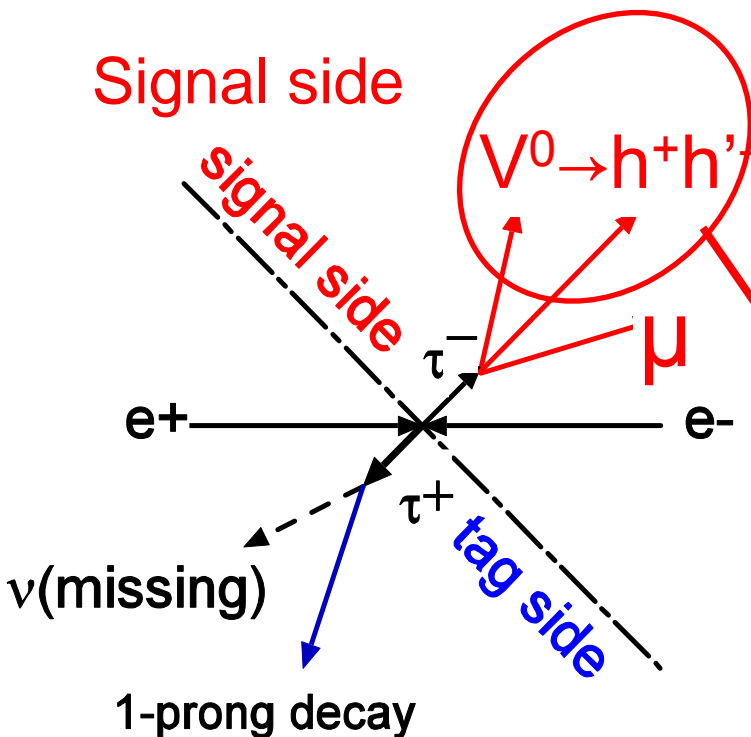
Previous results

- Belle: 543 fb^{-1} $\text{Br} < (6.3-18) \times 10^{-8}$
- BaBar: $(384-451) \text{ fb}^{-1}$ $\text{Br} < (2.6-19) \times 10^{-8}$



Update with 854 fb^{-1}
of data @ Belle

- lepton (e or μ)
- Vector meson ($\rho, \phi, \omega, K^{*0}, \bar{K}^{*0}$)
 \Rightarrow final state h^+h^- ($h = \pi/K$)
($+\pi^0$ for ω only)



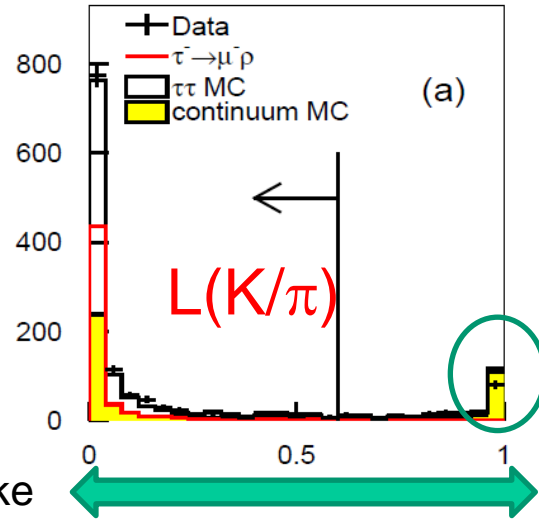
By detailed BG study,
we apply the event selection mode by mode

$\tau \rightarrow IV^0$ (2)



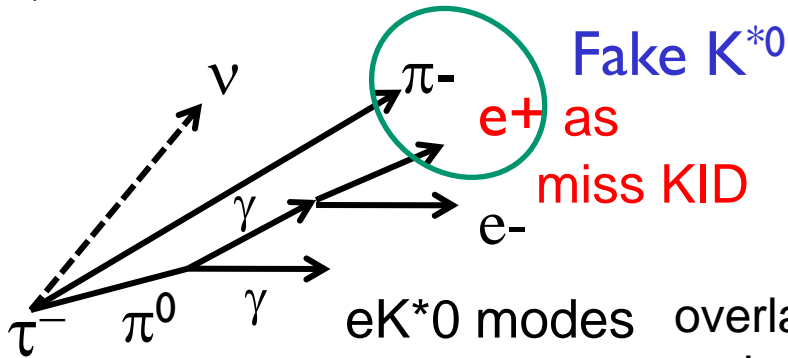
For example, we apply event selections as

- μV^0 modes
Dominant BG
 $K \rightarrow \mu \nu$ in continuum events
 \Rightarrow apply K-veto to μ -track
as $L(K/\pi) < 0.6$

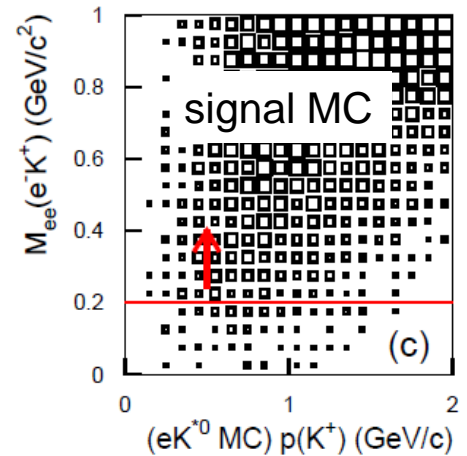
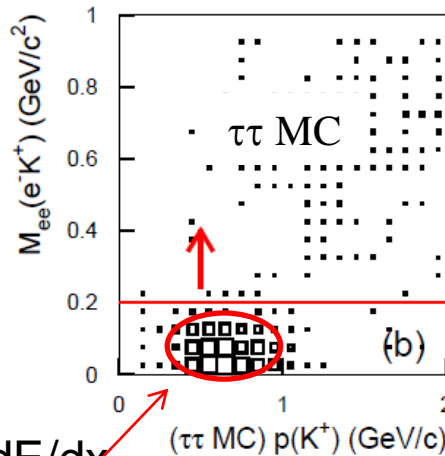


$K \rightarrow \mu \nu$
in continuum
events

- $e\rho$, eK^{*0} , $e\bar{K}^{*0}$ modes
BG from $\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \pi^0 (\rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \nu_\tau$ with
 $\gamma \rightarrow ee$ conversion

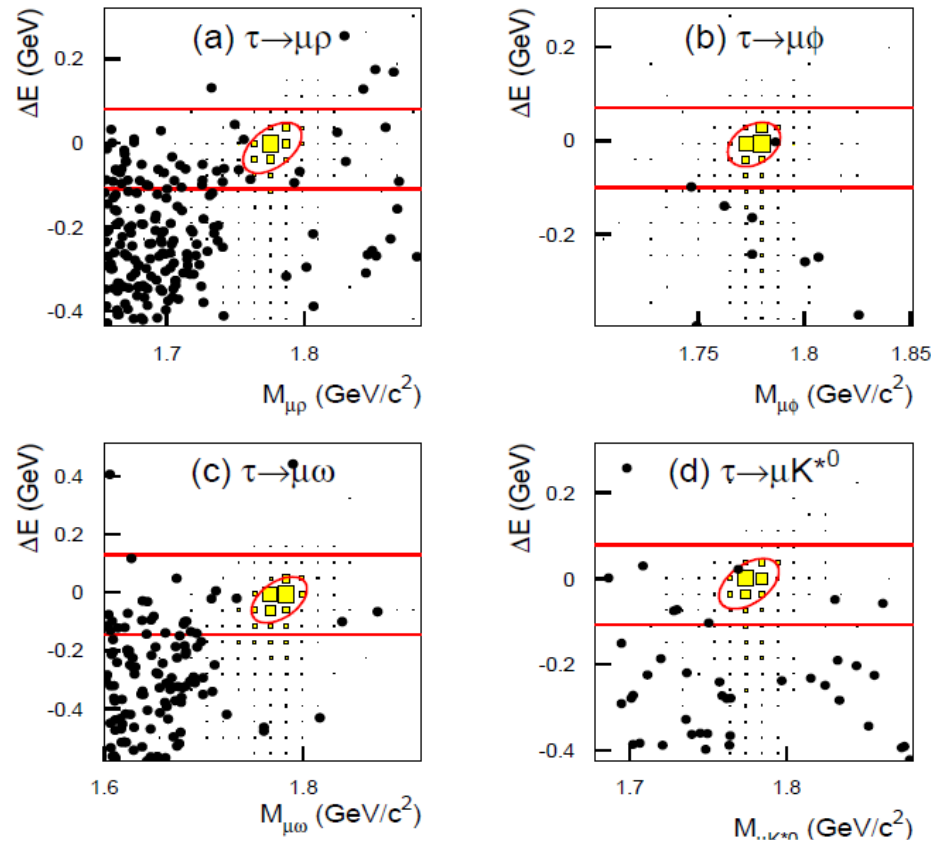


π -like \longleftrightarrow K-like



better or similar eff. than prev. while keep low BG

$\tau \rightarrow IV^0$ (3)



After event selections

Expected # of BG
 (0.1-1.5) events



No excess between data and expected BG

- 1 event $\mu \phi, \mu K^{*0}, \mu \bar{K}^{*0}$
- 0 events others

$Br(\tau \rightarrow IV^0) < (1.2-8.4) \times 10^{-8}$
 @90% C.L.

\Rightarrow Improve up to x 5.7 from previous results

$\tau^- \rightarrow$	Eff.	N_{BG}^{exp}	UL($\times 10^{-8}$)	$\tau^- \rightarrow$	Eff.	N_{BG}^{exp}	UL($\times 10^{-8}$)
$e^- \rho^0$	7.6%	0.29 ± 0.15	1.8	$e^- K^{*0}$	4.4%	0.39 ± 0.14	3.2
$\mu^- \rho^0$	7.1%	1.48 ± 0.35	1.2	$\mu^- K^{*0}$	3.4%	0.53 ± 0.20	7.2
$e^- \phi$	4.2%	0.47 ± 0.19	3.1	$e^- K^{*0}$	4.4%	0.08 ± 0.08	3.4
$\mu^- \phi$	3.2%	0.06 ± 0.06	8.4	$\mu^- K^{*0}$	3.6%	0.45 ± 0.17	7.0
$e^- \omega$	2.9%	0.30 ± 0.14	4.8	$\mu^- \omega$	2.4%	0.72 ± 0.18	4.7

$\tau \rightarrow l h h'$ (1)

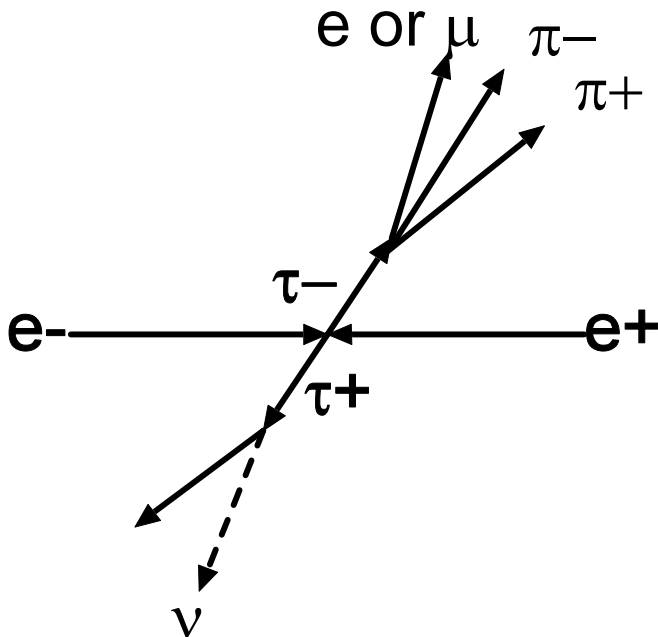


lhh' modes: 14 modes are investigated ($h, h' = \pi^\pm$ and K^\pm)

- lepton flavor violation ($\tau^- \rightarrow l^- h^+ h'^-$) 8 modes
- lepton number violation ($\tau^- \rightarrow l^+ h^- h'^-$) 6 modes

Current upper limits

- Belle $Br < (4.4-16) \times 10^{-8}$ @ 671 fb^{-1}
 - BaBar $Br < (7-48) \times 10^{-8}$ @ 221 fb^{-1}
- update with 854 fb^{-1}
@ Belle



Basically same signature as $\tau \rightarrow IV^0 (\rightarrow hh')$ modes while BGs are increased due to no meson reconstructions

Apply similar event selections to IV^0 selections and additional tighter cuts

$\tau \rightarrow l h h'$ (2)



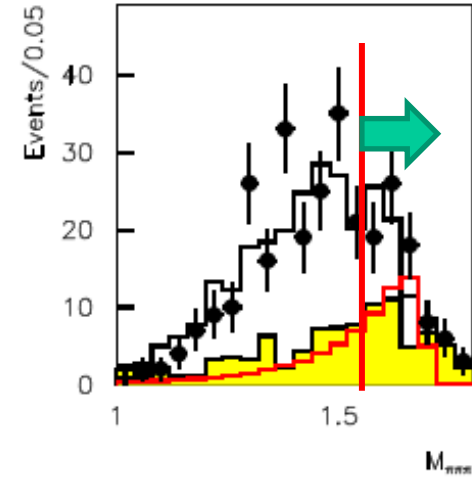
+ data (854 fb⁻¹)
 ■ continuum MC
 □ tautau MC
 □ $\mu K \pi$ MC

For $\mu\pi K$ modes

main remaining BG events from $\tau \rightarrow \pi\pi\pi\nu$
 decays with missID $\pi\pi$ as K and μ
 \Rightarrow shift to bigger mass than tau mass
 due to $\pi \rightarrow K$ mass assignment

Assign $\pi\pi\pi$ mass in BG and $\mu K \pi$

$\Rightarrow M_{\pi\pi\pi} > 1.52 \text{ GeV}$



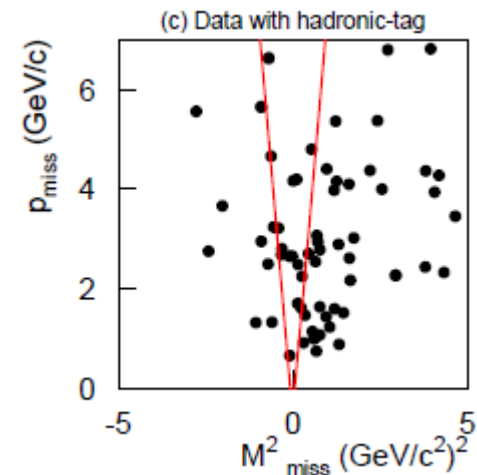
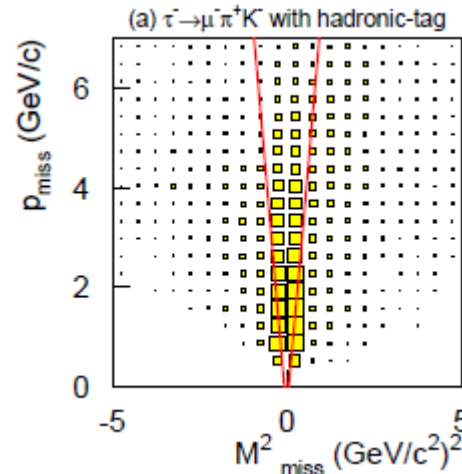
To reduce $\tau\tau$ and continuum BG

- $\mu\pi K$ modes

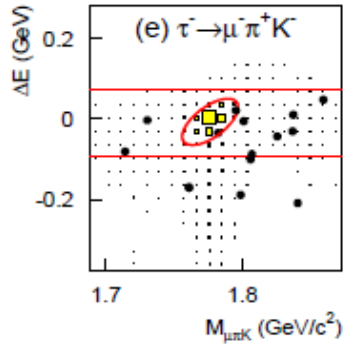
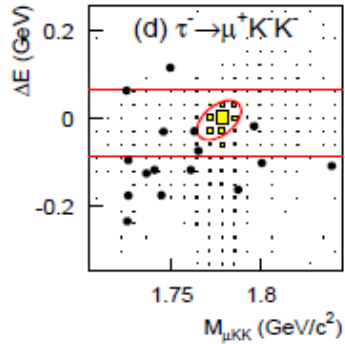
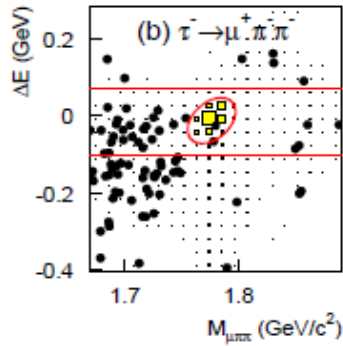
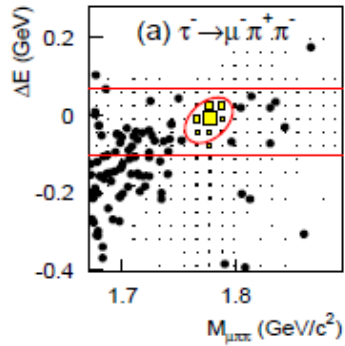
$\Rightarrow m_{\text{miss}}^2$ vs. p_{miss} correction cut

- ehh' , $\mu\pi\pi$ and μKK modes

$\Rightarrow m_{\text{miss}}^2$ cut



$\tau \rightarrow l h h'$ (3)



1 event : $\mu^+\pi^-\pi^-$ and $\mu^-\pi^+K^-$
 no events: others
 \Rightarrow no significance excess
 between data and BG

Mode	ϵ (%)	N_{BG}	σ_{syst} (%)	N_{obs}	s_{90}	\mathcal{B} (10^{-8})
$\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	5.83	0.63 ± 0.23	5.3	0	1.87	2.1
$\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^+ \pi^- \pi^-$	6.55	0.33 ± 0.16	5.3	1	4.02	3.9
$\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	5.45	0.55 ± 0.23	5.4	0	1.94	2.3
$\tau^- \rightarrow e^+ \pi^- \pi^-$	6.56	0.37 ± 0.18	5.4	0	2.10	2.0
$\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- K^+ K^-$	2.85	0.51 ± 0.18	5.9	0	1.97	4.4
$\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^+ K^- K^-$	2.98	0.25 ± 0.13	5.9	0	2.21	4.7
$\tau^- \rightarrow e^- K^+ K^-$	4.29	0.17 ± 0.10	6.0	0	2.28	3.4
$\tau^- \rightarrow e^+ K^- K^-$	4.64	0.06 ± 0.06	6.0	0	2.38	3.3
$\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- \pi^+ K^-$	2.72	0.72 ± 0.27	5.6	1	3.65	8.6
$\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \pi^+ K^-$	3.97	0.18 ± 0.13	5.7	0	2.27	3.7
$\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- K^+ \pi^-$	2.62	0.64 ± 0.23	5.6	0	1.86	4.5
$\tau^- \rightarrow e^- K^+ \pi^-$	4.07	0.55 ± 0.31	5.7	0	1.97	3.1
$\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^+ K^- \pi^-$	2.55	0.56 ± 0.21	5.6	0	1.93	4.8
$\tau^- \rightarrow e^+ K^- \pi^-$	4.00	0.46 ± 0.21	5.7	0	2.02	3.2

Set upper limits as
 $Br(\tau \rightarrow l h h') < (2.0-8.4) \times 10^{-8}$
 (preliminary)

Improve UL from our prev.
 results by factors of 1.8
 on the average

Future Prospects

LFV Sensitivity for future prospects

Belle II · Super B-factory: (10~50) ab^{-1}

LFV sensitivity

depends on background level

- $\tau \rightarrow l\gamma$,



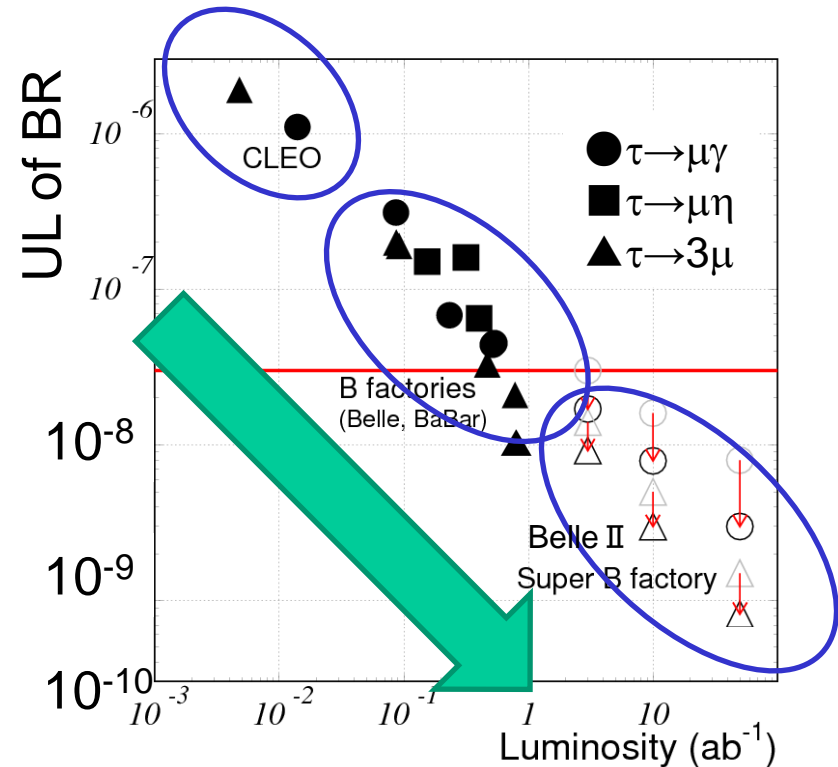
Sensitivity currently limited due to background from $\tau^+\tau^-\gamma$ events

scale as $\sim 1/\sqrt{L} \Rightarrow Br \sim O(10^{-(8-9)})$

- $\tau \rightarrow 3\text{leptons, } l + \text{meson}$

Negligible background at $1ab^{-1}$ due to good particle identification and mass restriction to select meson

scale as $\sim 1/L \Rightarrow Br \sim O(10^{-(9-10)})$



Summary

Summary

Lepton flavor violation is a good signature of NP.



We have searched for LFV τ decays using a large data sample obtained by B-factories



No LFV signals are observed yet

⇒ Set limits of branching fraction around $O(10^{-8})$

- Improve sensitivity by factor ~ 100 from CLEO

⇒ rejected BG effectively while keeping high efficiencies due to detailed BG studies and new approach of event selections

➔ We are updating final results including LFV and hadronic tau decays using full data samples

Sensitivities of LFV search will reach $O(10^{-9\sim 10})$ at Belle II / Super B with 50 ab^{-1}